By: Paxton, Orr H.B. No. 2137

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1	AN ACT
2	relating to ad valorem tax lien transfers.
3	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
4	SECTION 1. Section 32.06, Tax Code, is amended by amending
5	Subsections (a-1), (a-2), (a-3), (b), (c), (d), (f), (g), (i), (j),
6	and (k) and adding Subsections (a-4), (b-1), (c-1), (d-1), and
7	(k-1) to read as follows:
8	(a-1) A person may authorize another person to pay the
9	[delinquent] taxes imposed by a taxing unit on the person's real
10	property by filing with the collector for the unit a sworn document
11	stating:
12	(1) the authorization;
13	(2) the name and street address of the transferee
14	authorized to pay the taxes of the property owner; and
15	(3) a description of the property by street address,
16	if applicable, and legal description.
17	(a-2) $\underline{A}$ [After a] tax lien may be [is] transferred to the
18	person who pays the taxes on behalf of the property owner under the
19	authorization for:
20	(1) taxes that are delinquent at the time of payment;
21	<u>or</u>
22	(2) taxes that are not delinquent at the time of
23	<pre>payment if:</pre>
24	(A) the property is not subject to a recorded

- 1 mortgage lien;
- 2 (B) a tax lien transfer authorized by the
- 3 property owner has been executed and recorded for one or more prior
- 4 years on the same property; or
- 5 (C) the property owner has executed an
- 6 authorization consenting to a transfer of the tax liens for both the
- 7 taxes on the property that are not delinquent and taxes on the
- 8 property that are delinquent[, taxes on the property that become
- 9 due in subsequent tax years may be transferred before the
- 10 delinquency date in the manner provided by Subsection (a-1)].
- 11 (a-3) If the property owner has executed an authorization
- 12 under Section (a-2)(2)(C) consenting to a transfer of the tax liens
- for both the taxes on the property that are not delinquent and taxes
- on the property that are delinquent, the collector shall certify in
- one document the transfer of the liens for all the taxes.
- 16 (a-4) The Finance Commission of Texas shall:
- 17 (1) prescribe the form and content of an appropriate
- disclosure statement to be provided to a property owner before the
- 19 execution of a tax lien transfer;
- 20 (2) adopt rules relating to the reasonableness of
- 21 closing costs, fees, and other charges permitted under this
- 22 section; and
- 23 (3) adopt rules relating to the prohibition of
- 24 deceptive practices that, to a homeowner's detriment, take
- 25 advantage of the lack of knowledge, ability, experience, or
- 26 capacity of the homeowner [A tax lien may be transferred before the
- 27 delinquency date in the manner provided by Subsection (a-1) only if

the real property is not subject to a lien other than the tax lien].

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If a transferee authorized to pay a property owner's taxes pursuant to Subsection (a-1) pays the taxes and any penalties and interest imposed, the collector shall issue a tax receipt to that transferee. In addition, the collector or a person designated by the collector shall certify [on the sworn document] that [payment of] the taxes and any penalties and interest on the subject [described] property and collection costs have [has] been paid [made] by the transferee on behalf of the property owner [liable for the taxes when imposed] and that the taxing unit's tax lien is transferred to that transferee. The collector shall attach to the certified statement [sworn document] the collector's seal of office or sign the statement [document] before a notary public and deliver  $[\frac{\text{the sworn document}}{\text{document}}]$  a tax receipt $[\tau]$  and the statement [affidavit] attesting to the transfer of the tax lien to the transferee within 30 days. The [ $\frac{\text{sworn document}_{7}}{\text{ocument}_{7}}$ ] tax receipt[ $\frac{1}{7}$ ] and <u>statement</u> [affidavit attesting to the transfer of the tax lien] The collector shall may be combined into one document. [conspicuously] identify in a discrete field in the applicable property owner's [taxpayer's] account the date of the transfer of a tax lien transferred under this section. When a tax lien is released, the transferee shall file a release with the county clerk of each county in which the property encumbered by the lien is located for recordation by the clerk and send a copy to the collector. The transferee may charge the property owner a reasonable fee for filing the release.

(b-1) Not later than the 10th business day after the date

- 1 the certified statement is received by the transferee, the
- 2 transferee shall send by certified mail a copy of the sworn document
- 3 <u>described</u> by Subsection (a-1) to each holder of a recorded first
- 4 lien encumbering the property. The copy must be sent, as
- 5 applicable, to the address shown on the most recent payment
- 6 invoice, statement, or payment coupon provided by the mortgage
- 7 servicer to the property owner, or the address of the holder of a
- 8 recorded first lien as shown in the real property records.
- 9 (c) Except as otherwise provided by this section, the
- 10 transferee of a tax lien and any successor in interest is entitled
- 11 to foreclose the lien:
- 12 (1) in the manner provided by law for foreclosure of
- 13 tax liens; or
- 14 (2) in the manner specified in Section 51.002,
- 15 Property Code, and Section 32.065, after the transferee or a
- 16 <u>successor in interest obtains a court order for foreclosure under</u>
- 17 Rule 736, Texas Rules of Civil Procedure, except as provided by
- 18 Subsection (c-1) of this section [of this code], if the property
- 19 owner and the transferee enter into a contract that is secured by a
- 20 lien on the property.
- 21 (c-1) If a transferee seeks to foreclose a tax lien on the
- 22 property under Subsection (c)(2):
- 23 (1) the application for the foreclosure must:
- 24 (A) allege that the lien is an ad valorem tax lien
- 25 instead of a lien created under Section 50, Article XVI, Texas
- 26 Constitution;
- 27 (B) state that the applicant does not seek a

- 1 court order required by Section 50, Article XVI, Texas
- 2 Constitution;
- 3 (C) state that the transferee has provided notice
- 4 to cure the default and notice of intent to accelerate to the
- 5 property owner, and notice of acceleration of the maturity of the
- 6 debt to the property owner, any recorded mortgage servicer, and
- 7 <u>each holder of a recorded lien on the property in the manner</u>
- 8 required for notice to a debtor under Section 51.002, Property
- 9 Code;
- 10 (D) state the applicant has confirmed with the
- chief appraiser for the appraisal district in which the property is
- 12 located that the homeowner has not filed an affidavit of deferral
- 13 under Section 33.06, Tax Code; and
- 14 (E) verify the application; and
- 15 <u>(2)</u> the holder of a recorded preexisting lien must be
- provided at least 60 days' notice before the date of the proposed
- 17 foreclosure, and notwithstanding any contractual agreement with
- 18 the property owner is entitled to payoff information to the
- 19 greatest extent permitted by 15 U.S.C. Section 6802 and 12 C.F.R.
- 20 Part 216.
- 21 (d) <u>A transferee shall record [To be enforceable, ]</u> a tax
- 22 lien transferred as provided by this section [must be recorded]
- 23 with the [sworn] statement [and affidavit] attesting to the
- 24 transfer of the tax lien as described by [in] Subsection (b) in the
- deed records of each county in which the property encumbered by the
- 26 lien is located.
- 27 (d-1) A right of rescission described by 12 C.F.R. Section

1 226.23 applies to a tax lien transfer under this section.

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- The holder of a loan secured by a transferred tax lien that is delinquent for 90 consecutive days must send a notice of the delinquency by certified mail on or before the 120th day of delinquency or, if the 120th day is not a business day, on the next business day after the 120th day of delinquency, to any holder of a recorded preexisting lien on the property. The mortgage servicer of a recorded preexisting lien on property encumbered by a tax lien transferred as provided by Subsection (b) may [is entitled, within six months after the date on which the tax lien is recorded in all counties in which the property is located, to] obtain a release of the transferred tax lien by paying the transferee of the tax lien the amount owed under the contract between the property owner and the transferee, if the tax lien has not been reinstated or foreclosed. This right does not affect a right of redemption in a foreclosure proceeding described by Subsection (k) or (k-1). A transferee may charge a reasonable fee for a payoff statement that is requested after an initial payoff statement is provided. To be valid, the payoff statement must meet the requirements of a payoff statement defined by Section 12.017, Property Code, and must be provided, upon request, to any holder of a recorded preexisting lien on the property, notwithstanding any contractual agreement with the property owner, to the greatest extent permitted by 15 U.S.C. Section 6802 and 12 C.F.R. Part 216.
- 25 (g) Failure to comply with Subsection (b-1), (c-1)(2), or
  26 (f) does not invalidate a tax lien under this chapter, a contract
  27 lien, or a deed of trust [At any time after the end of the six-month

period specified by Subsection (f) and before a notice of foreclosure of the transferred tax lien is sent, the transferree of the tax lien or the holder of the tax lien may require the property owner to provide written authorization and pay a reasonable fee before providing information regarding the current balance owed by the property owner to the transferree or the holder of the tax lien].

- (i) A foreclosure of a tax lien transferred as provided by this section may not be instituted within one year from the date on which the lien is recorded in all counties in which the property is located, unless the contract between the owner of the property and the transferee provides otherwise. [The transferee of a tax lien or any successor in interest must notify the holders of all recorded liens on the property before foreclosure in the same manner and within the same time frame as the transferee must notify the owner of the property under Section 51.002, Property Code.]
- transferred as provided by this section is recorded in all counties in which the property is located, the transferee of the lien may foreclose the lien in the manner provided by Subsection (c) unless a contract between the holder of the lien and the owner of the property encumbered by the lien provides otherwise. If a foreclosure suit <u>under Subsection (c)(1)</u> results in foreclosure of the lien, the transferee is entitled to recover attorney's fees in an amount not to exceed 10 percent of the judgment. The proceeds of a sale following a <u>foreclosure suit under Subsection (c)(1)</u> [judicial foreclosure as provided by this subsection] shall be applied first to the payment of court costs, then to payment of the

- judgment, including accrued interest, and then to the payment of any attorney's fees fixed in the judgment. Any remaining proceeds shall be paid to other holders of liens on the property in the order of their priority and then to the person whose property was sold at
- of their priority and then to the person whose property was sold at the tax sale.

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- (k) Beginning on the date the foreclosure deed is recorded, the person whose property is sold as provided by Subsection (c) or the mortgage servicer of a prior recorded lien against the property is entitled to redeem the foreclosed property from the purchaser or the purchaser's successor by paying the purchaser or successor:
- 11 (1) 125 percent of the purchase price during the first
  12 year of the redemption period or 150 percent of the purchase price
  13 during the second year of the redemption period with cash or cash
  14 equivalent funds; and
- (2) the amount reasonably spent by the purchaser in connection with the property as costs within the meaning of Section 34.21(g) and the legal judgment rate of return on that amount.
  - (k-1) The right of redemption provided by Subsection (k) may be exercised on or before the second anniversary of the date on which the purchaser's deed is filed of record if the property sold was the residence homestead of the owner, was land designated for agricultural use, or was a mineral interest. For any other property, the right of redemption must be exercised not later than the 180th day after the date on which the purchaser's deed is filed of record. If a person redeems the property as provided by Subsection (k) and this subsection, the purchaser at the tax sale or the purchaser's successor shall deliver a deed without warranty to

- 1 the property to the person redeeming the property. If the person
- 2 who owned the property at the time of foreclosure redeems the
- 3 property, all liens existing on the property at the time of the tax
- 4 sale remain in effect to the extent not paid from the sale proceeds.
- 5 SECTION 2. Subsections (b), (c), and (d), Section 32.065,
- 6 Tax Code, are amended to read as follows:
- 7 (b) Notwithstanding any agreement to the contrary, a
- 8 contract entered into under Subsection (a) between a transferee and
- 9 the property owner under Section 32.06 that is secured by a priority
- 10 lien on the property shall provide for a power of sale and
- 11 foreclosure in the manner provided by Section 32.06(c)(2) [under
- 12 Chapter 51, Property Code, and:
- 13 (1) an event of default;
- 14 (2) notice of acceleration;
- 15 (3) recording of the <u>deed of trust or other instrument</u>
- 16 <u>securing the</u> contract <u>entered into under Subsection (a)</u> in each
- 17 county in which the property is located;
- 18 (4) recording of the sworn document and affidavit
- 19 attesting to the transfer of the tax lien;
- 20 (5) requiring the transferee to serve foreclosure
- 21 notices on the property owner at the property owner's last known
- 22 address in the manner provided [required] by Section 32.06(c)(2)
- 23 [Sections 51.002(b), (d), and (e), Property Code, or by a
- 24 commercially reasonable delivery service that maintains verifiable
- 25 records of deliveries for at least five years from the date of
- 26 delivery; and
- 27 (6) requiring that notice under Section 32.06(c-1)(2)

- include, [at the time the foreclosure notices required by 1 Subdivision (5) are served on the property owner, the transferee to 2 serve a copy of the notice of sale in the same manner on the mortgage 3 4 servicer or the holder of all recorded real property liens 5 encumbering the property that includes on the first page, in 14-point boldfaced type or 14-point uppercase typewritten letters, 6 a statement that reads substantially as follows: 7 "PURSUANT TO TEXAS TAX CODE SECTION 32.06, THE FORECLOSURE SALE REFERRED TO IN 8 THIS DOCUMENT IS A FORECLOSURE OF A SUPERIOR TRANSFER TAX LIEN 9 SUBJECT TO RIGHT OF REDEMPTION UNDER CERTAIN CONDITIONS. 10 THE FORECLOSURE IS SCHEDULED TO OCCUR ON THE (DATE). 11
  - (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code, a transferee of a tax lien or the transferee's assignee is subrogated to and is entitled to exercise any right or remedy possessed by the transferring taxing unit, including or related to foreclosure or judicial sale, but is prohibited from exercising a remedy of foreclosure or judicial sale where the transferring taxing unit would be prohibited from foreclosure or judicial sale.

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- 19 (d) Chapters 342 and 346, Finance Code, and the provisions
  20 of Chapter 343, Finance Code, other than Sections 343.203 and
  21 343.205, do not apply to a transaction covered by this section. The
  22 transferee of a tax lien under this section is not required to
  23 obtain a license under Title 4, Finance Code.
- SECTION 3. Section 32.065(b-1), Tax Code, is repealed.
- SECTION 4. Subsection (g), Section 32.065, Tax Code, as added by Chapter 406, Acts of the 79th Legislature, Regular Session, 2005, is repealed.

SECTION 5. (a) The change in law made by this Act applies only to the transfer of an ad valorem tax lien that occurs on or after the effective date of this Act. A transfer of an ad valorem tax lien that occurs before the effective date of this Act is covered by the law in effect at the time the transfer occurred, and the former law is continued in effect for that purpose.

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- 7 The change in law made by this Act to Sections 32.06 and 8 32.065, Tax Code, applies to all foreclosures under those sections that occur on or after the effective date of this Act, other than a 9 foreclosure under a transferred ad valorem tax lien that was 10 transferred before the effective date of this Act pursuant to a 11 contract that provided for specific foreclosure procedures under 12 the law in effect at the time the contract was executed. 13 foreclosure under a transferred ad valorem tax lien that was 14 15 transferred before the effective date of this Act pursuant to a contract that provided for specific foreclosure procedures under 16 17 the law in effect at the time the contract was executed is governed by the law in effect at the time the contract was executed, and the 18 former law is continued in effect for that purpose. 19
- 20 SECTION 6. This Act takes effect September 1, 2007.