By: Parker H.B. No. 2245

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1	AN ACT
2	relating to the authority of the voters of a county to allow the
3	owners of certain real property to require that county and any
4	municipal ad valorem taxes be imposed on that real property on the
5	basis of a five-year average of the property's value.
6	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
7	SECTION 1. Section 25.19, Tax Code, is amended by adding
8	Subsection (b-2) to read as follows:
9	(b-2) For real property located in a county in which the
10	voters have approved the alternative method for calculating county
11	and municipal taxes under Section 26.095, other than land appraised
12	as provided by Subchapter C, D, E, or H, Chapter 23, in addition to
13	the information required by Subsections (b), (b-1), and (f), the
14	chief appraiser shall state in a notice required to be delivered
15	under Subsection (a) or (g):
16	(1) the taxable value of the property in each of the
17	four years preceding the current tax year;
18	(2) the average taxable value of the property over the
19	five-year period ending with the current tax year; and
20	(3) a statement that the property owner may elect to
21	require county taxes and any municipal taxes for the current tax
22	year and the next four tax years to be imposed on the property on the

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basis of the five-year average taxable value in each year instead of

on the basis of the taxable value for that year by filing a request

- 1 with the chief appraiser, including an explanation of the deadline
- 2 for filing the request.
- 3 SECTION 2. Section 26.09(c), Tax Code, is amended to read as
- 4 follows:
- 5 (c) Except as provided by Section 26.095, the $[\frac{\text{The}}{\text{The}}]$ tax is
- 6 calculated by:
- 7 (1) subtracting from the appraised value of a property
- 8 as shown on the appraisal roll for the unit the amount of any
- 9 partial exemption allowed the property owner that applies to
- 10 appraised value to determine net appraised value;
- 11 (2) multiplying the net appraised value by the
- 12 assessment ratio to determine assessed value;
- 13 (3) subtracting from the assessed value the amount of
- 14 any partial exemption allowed the property owner to determine
- 15 taxable value; and
- 16 (4) multiplying the taxable value by the tax rate.
- 17 SECTION 3. Chapter 26, Tax Code, is amended by adding
- 18 Section 26.095 to read as follows:
- 19 Sec. 26.095. ALTERNATIVE METHOD FOR CALCULATION OF COUNTY
- 20 AND MUNICIPAL TAX ON CERTAIN REAL PROPERTY. (a) At an election
- 21 held in the county, the voters may allow an owner of real property
- other than land appraised as provided by Subchapter C, D, E, or H,
- 23 Chapter 23, to require that county taxes and any municipal taxes on
- 24 the owner's real property be calculated under the method provided
- 25 by this section.
- 26 (b) An election authorized by this section is called by the
- 27 adoption of an order by the commissioners court of the county.

1 (c) The commissioners court shall call an election if a
2 number of qualified voters of the county equal to at least 10
3 percent of the number of voters in the county who voted in the most
4 recent gubernatorial election petition the commissioners court to

call the election.

- 6 (d) An election under this section must be held on the next
 7 uniform election date that occurs after the date of the election
 8 order and that allows sufficient time to comply with the
 9 requirements of other law.
- 10 (e) At an election under this section, the ballot shall be
 11 prepared to permit voting for or against the proposition:
 12 "Authorizing an optional method of assessing county and any
 13 municipal ad valorem taxes on certain real property in (name of
 14 county) on the basis of a five-year average value."
 - (f) If a majority of the qualified voters voting at the election favor the proposition, for any tax year that begins after the date of the canvass of the election, an owner of real property other than land appraised as provided by Subchapter C, D, E, or H, Chapter 23, may elect to require that the county tax and any municipal tax imposed on that property for the current tax year and each of the subsequent four tax years be calculated on the basis of the average taxable value of the property over the five-year period ending with the tax year for which the taxes are imposed.
 - (g) To require that the county tax and any municipal tax be calculated under this section, the owner of the property must file a request with the chief appraiser of the appraisal district established for the county or that appraises property for the

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county. The request must include a statement by the property owner requesting that for the current tax year and each of the subsequent four tax years, the county and any municipal taxes on the property described in the request be calculated under the method described by Subsection (f), subject to Subsections (i)-(k). If the real property is appraised for municipal taxation by another appraisal district, the chief appraiser shall forward a copy of the property owner's request to the chief appraiser of the other appraisal district. The comptroller by rule shall prescribe the form of the request.

(h) A completed request must be filed not later than the later of June 15 or, if the notice is required to be delivered to the property owner, the 21st day after the date the property owner receives notice of the appraised value of the real property for the current tax year. If a property owner timely files a completed request with the chief appraiser, the county tax and any municipal tax for the current tax year on the real property described in the request shall be calculated under the method described by Subsection (f). If a property owner fails to timely file a completed request, the county tax and any municipal tax may not be calculated under the method described by Subsection (f) unless in a prior tax year the property owner requested the taxes on the property to be calculated under that method in the current tax year as one of the subsequent four years covered by the request made in the prior tax year.

(i) Notwithstanding Subsection (g), the owner of real property who has previously requested that county and any municipal

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- taxes on the property be calculated under the method described by 1 2 Subsection (f) may waive the owner's entitlement to taxation of that property under that method in the current tax year. A waiver 3 4 under this subsection must be made in writing and filed with the chief appraiser of the appraisal district established for the 5 6 county or that appraises property for the county not later than the 7 later of June 15 or, if the notice is required to be delivered to the property owner, the 21st day after the date the property owner 8 9 receives notice of the appraised value of the real property for the 10 current tax year.
- 11 <u>(j) If a property owner timely files a waiver under</u> 12 Subsection (i):

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- (1) the county tax and any municipal tax for the current tax year on the real property described in the waiver may not be calculated under the method described by Subsection (f); and
 - (2) an additional tax is imposed on the real property equal to the positive difference, if any, between the taxes imposed on the property for each of the five preceding tax years, if any, in which county and any municipal taxes on the property were calculated under the method described by Subsection (f) and the taxes that would have been imposed had those taxes on the property in each of those tax years not been calculated under that method.
- 23 <u>(k) A tax lien attaches to the real property to secure</u>
 24 <u>payment of the additional tax imposed by Subsection (j). The lien</u>
 25 <u>exists in favor of the county and the municipality, if any, for</u>
 26 <u>which the additional tax is imposed.</u>
- SECTION 4. Section 31.01, Tax Code, is amended by adding

1 Subsection (c-2) to read as follows:

voters have approved the alternative method for calculating county and municipal taxes under Section 26.095, other than land appraised as provided by Subchapter C, D, E, or H, Chapter 23, in addition to the information required by Subsections (c) and (c-1), the assessor for the county shall include in the tax bill or separate statement the taxable value of the property in each of the four years before the current tax year and the average taxable value of the property over the five-year period ending with the current tax year.

11 SECTION 5. This Act applies only to ad valorem taxes imposed 12 for a tax year beginning on or after the effective date of this Act.

SECTION 6. This Act takes effect January 1, 2008, but only if the constitutional amendment authorizing the legislature to permit the voters of a county to allow an owner of real property other than land appraised for agricultural use or timber production to require that county and any municipal ad valorem taxes be imposed on the real property on the basis of a five-year average of the property's value is approved by the voters. If that amendment is not approved by the voters, this Act has no effect.