By: Truitt

H.B. No. 2426

#### A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 1 AN ACT 2 relating to the continuation and functions of the Board of Nurse 3 Examiners. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: 4 5 SECTION 1. Section 301.003, Occupations Code, is amended to 6 read as follows: Sec. 301.003. APPLICATION OF SUNSET ACT. The Board of 7 Nurse Examiners is subject to Chapter 325, Government Code (Texas 8 Sunset Act). Unless continued in existence as provided by that 9 chapter, the board is abolished September 1, 2017 [2007]. 10 11 SECTION 2. Section 301.004(a), Occupations Code, is amended 12 to read as follows: (a) This chapter does not apply to: 13 14 (1) gratuitous nursing care of the sick that is provided by a friend; 15 nursing care provided during a disaster under the 16 (2) state emergency management plan adopted under Section 418.042, 17 18 Government Code, if the person providing the care does not hold the person out as a nurse unless the person is licensed in another 19 20 state; 21 (3) nursing care in which treatment is solely by prayer or spiritual means; 22 (4) an act performed by a person under the delegated 23 authority of a person licensed by the Texas Medical [State] Board 24

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1 [of Medical Examiners];

(5) an act performed by a person licensed by another
state agency if the act is authorized by the statute under which the
person is licensed;

5 (6) the practice of nursing that is incidental to a 6 program of study by a student enrolled in a [board-approved] 7 nursing education program <u>approved under Section 301.157(d)</u> 8 leading to an initial license as a nurse; or

9 (7) the practice of nursing by a person licensed in 10 another state who is in this state on a nonroutine basis for a 11 period not to exceed 72 hours to:

12 (A) provide care to a patient being transported
13 into, out of, or through this state;

14

(B) provide nursing consulting services; or

15 (C) attend or present a continuing nursing16 education program.

17 SECTION 3. Section 301.052(b), Occupations Code, is amended 18 to read as follows:

(b) A person is not eligible for appointment as a publicmember of the board if the person or the person's spouse:

(1) is <u>registered</u>, <u>certified</u>, <u>or</u> licensed by an
 occupational regulatory agency in the field of health care;

(2) is employed by or participates in the management
of a business entity or other organization that:

(A) provides health care services; [<del>or</del>]
 (B) sells, manufactures, or distributes health
 care supplies or equipment; or

#### (C) is regulated by or receives money from the 1 2 board; (3) owns or controls, directly or indirectly, more 3 10 percent interest in a business entity or other 4 than a 5 organization that: 6 provides health care services; [or] (A) 7 (B) sells, manufactures, or distributes health 8 care supplies or equipment; or (C) is regulated by or receives money from the 9 10 board; or (4) uses or receives a substantial amount of tangible 11 12 goods, services, or funds from the board, other than compensation reimbursement authorized by law for board 13 membership, or 14 attendance, or expenses.

15 SECTION 4. Section 301.053, Occupations Code, is amended to 16 read as follows:

Sec. 301.053. MEMBERSHIP AND EMPLOYEE RESTRICTIONS. (a) In this section, "Texas trade association" means a [nonprofit,] cooperative[,] and voluntarily joined <u>statewide</u> association of business or professional competitors in this state designed to assist its members and its industry or profession in dealing with mutual business or professional problems and in promoting their common interest.

(b) <u>A person may not be a member of the board and may not be a</u>
 <u>board employee employed in a "bona fide executive, administrative,</u>
 <u>or professional capacity," as that phrase is used for the purposes</u>
 <u>of establishing an exemption to the overtime provisions of the</u>

# 1 federal Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. Section 201 et 2 seq.), if:

3 <u>(1) the person is an</u> [An] officer, employee, or paid 4 consultant of a Texas trade association in the field of health care<u>;</u> 5 or

6 (2) the person's [may not be a member of the board and
7 may not be an employee of the board who is exempt from the state's
8 position classification plan or is compensated at or above the
9 amount prescribed by the General Appropriations Act for step 1,
10 salary group A17, of the position classification salary schedule.

11 [(c) A person who is the] spouse <u>is</u> [of] an officer, 12 manager, or paid consultant of a Texas trade association in the 13 field of health care [may not be a member of the board and may not be 14 an employee of the board who is exempt from the state's position 15 classification plan or is compensated at or above the amount 16 prescribed by the General Appropriations Act for step 1, salary 17 group A17, of the position classification salary schedule].

18 (c) [(d)] A person may not <u>be</u> [serve as] a [board] member <u>of</u> 19 <u>the board</u> or act as the general counsel to the board if the person is 20 required to register as a lobbyist under Chapter 305, Government 21 Code, because of the person's activities for compensation on behalf 22 of a profession related to the board's operation.

23 SECTION 5. Sections 301.055(a) and (c), Occupations Code, 24 are amended to read as follows:

(a) It is a ground for removal from the board that a member:
(1) does not have at the time of <u>taking office</u>
[appointment] the qualifications required by Section 301.051(a);

(2) does not maintain during service on the board the
 qualifications required by Section 301.051(a);

3 (3) is ineligible for membership under [violates a
4 prohibition established by] Section 301.053;

5 (4) cannot, because of illness or disability, 6 discharge the member's duties for a substantial part of the member's 7 term; or

8 (5) is absent from more than half of the regularly 9 scheduled board meetings that the member is eligible to attend 10 during a calendar year unless the absence is excused by majority 11 vote of the board.

If the executive director has knowledge that a potential 12 (c) ground for removal exists, the executive director shall notify the 13 presiding officer of the board of the potential ground. 14 The 15 presiding officer shall then notify the governor and the attorney general that a potential ground for removal exists. If the 16 17 potential ground for removal involves the presiding officer, the executive director shall notify the next highest ranking officer of 18 19 the board, who shall then notify the governor and the attorney general that a potential ground for removal exists. 20

21 SECTION 6. Section 301.056(b), Occupations Code, is amended 22 to read as follows:

(b) A board member is [not] entitled to reimbursement for
travel expenses <u>incurred while conducting board business</u>,
including expenses for <u>transportation</u>, meals, and lodging, [other
than transportation expenses. A member is entitled to
reimbursement for transportation expenses] as provided by the

1 General Appropriations Act. SECTION 7. Sections 301.059(a), (b), and (c), Occupations 2 3 Code, are amended to read as follows: 4 A person who is appointed to and qualifies for office as (a) a member of the board may not vote, deliberate, or be counted in 5 6 attendance at a meeting of the board until the person completes 7 [Before a board member may assume the member's duties and before the 8 member may be confirmed by the senate, the member must complete at least one course of] a training program that complies with 9 [established by the board under] this section. 10 The training program <u>must</u> [shall] provide the person 11 (b) with information [to a participant] regarding: 12 the legislation that created the board and the 13 (1)board's programs, functions, rules, and budget [this chapter]; 14 15 (2) the results of the most recent formal audit of [programs operated by] the board; 16 17 (3) the requirements of laws relating to open meetings, public information, administrative procedure, and 18 conflicts of interest [role and functions of the board]; and 19 (4) [the rules of the board, with an emphasis on the 20 21 rules that relate to disciplinary and investigatory authority; [(5) the current budget for the board; 22 [(6) the results of the most recent formal audit of the 23 24 board; 25 [(7) the requirements of Chapters 551, 552, 2001, and 2002, Government Code; 26 [(8) the requirements of the conflict of interest laws 27

1 and other laws relating to public officials; and

2 [(9)] any applicable ethics policies adopted by the 3 board or the Texas Ethics Commission.

4 A person appointed to the board is entitled to (c) 5 reimbursement, as provided by the General Appropriations Act, for 6 the travel expenses incurred in attending the training program 7 regardless of whether the attendance at the program occurs before or after the person qualifies for office. [In developing the 8 training program, the board shall consult with the governor's 9 10 office, the attorney general's office, and the Texas Ethics Commission.] 11

SECTION 8. Subchapter D, Chapter 301, Occupations Code, is amended by adding Section 301.1545 to read as follows:

14 <u>Sec. 301.1545. RULES ON CONSEQUENCES OF CRIMINAL CONVICTION</u> 15 <u>OR DEFERRED ADJUDICATION. (a) The board shall adopt rules and</u> 16 <u>guidelines necessary to comply with Chapter 53, except to the</u> 17 <u>extent the requirements of this subtitle are stricter than the</u> 18 <u>requirements of that chapter.</u>

19 (b) In its rules under this section, the board shall list 20 the specific offenses for which a conviction would constitute 21 grounds for the board to take action under Section 53.021 or for 22 which placement on deferred adjudication community supervision 23 would constitute grounds for the board to take action under this 24 chapter.

25 SECTION 9. Section 301.157, Occupations Code, is amended by 26 amending Subsections (a), (b), and (d) and adding Subsections 27 (a-1), (d-1) through (d-6), and (h) to read as follows:

H.B. No. 2426 The board shall prescribe three programs of study to 1 (a) 2 prepare a person to receive an initial license as a registered nurse under this chapter [nurses] as follows: 3 4 (1) a baccalaureate degree program that is conducted 5 by an educational unit in nursing that is a part of a senior college 6 or university and that leads to a baccalaureate degree in nursing; an associate degree program that is conducted by 7 (2) 8 an educational unit in nursing within the structure of a college or 9 a university and that leads to an associate degree in nursing; and 10 (3)а diploma program that is conducted by a single-purpose school, usually under the control of a hospital, and 11 12 that leads to a diploma in nursing. (a-1) A diploma program of study in this state that leads to 13 an initial license as a registered nurse under this chapter and that 14 15 is completed on or after December 31, 2014, must be associated with a degree program of an institution of higher education in this 16 state. For purposes of this subsection, "institution of higher 17 education" and "degree program" have the meanings assigned by 18 Section 61.003, Education Code. 19 (b) The board shall: 20 21 prescribe two programs of study to prepare <u>a</u> (1)person to receive an initial vocational nurse license under this 22 chapter [nurses] as follows: 23 24 (A) a program conducted by an educational unit in 25 nursing within the structure of a school, including a college, 26 university, or proprietary school; and a program conducted by a hospital; (B) 27

1 (2) prescribe and publish the minimum requirements and 2 standards for a course of study in each program that prepares 3 registered nurses or vocational nurses;

4 (3) prescribe other rules as necessary to conduct 5 approved schools of nursing and educational programs for the 6 preparation of registered nurses or vocational nurses;

7 (4) approve schools of nursing and educational
8 programs that meet the board's requirements;

9 (5) select one or more national nursing accrediting 10 agencies, recognized by the United States Department of Education 11 and determined by the board to have acceptable standards, to 12 approve schools of nursing and educational programs; and

13 (6) [(5)] deny or withdraw approval from a school of 14 nursing or educational program that fails to meet the prescribed 15 course of study or other standard <u>or fails to maintain</u> 16 <u>accreditation with the national nursing accrediting agency</u> 17 <u>selected by the board under Subdivision (5).</u>

18 (d) A person may not be certified as a graduate of any school 19 of nursing or educational program unless the person has completed 20 the requirements of the prescribed course of study, including 21 clinical practice, of <u>a</u> [an approved] school of nursing or 22 educational program <u>that:</u>

23

#### (1) is approved by the board;

24 (2) is accredited by a national nursing accreditation 25 agency determined by the board to have acceptable standards; or

26 (3) is approved by a state board of nursing of another
27 state and the board.

(d-1) A school of nursing or educational program is 1 2 considered approved by the board and exempt from board rules that 3 require ongoing approval if the school or program: 4 (1) is accredited and maintains accreditation through 5 a national nursing accrediting agency selected by the board under 6 Subsection (b)(5); and 7 (2) maintains an acceptable pass rate as determined by the board on the applicable licensing examination under this 8 chapter. 9 (d-2) A school of nursing or educational program that fails 10 to meet or maintain an acceptable pass rate on applicable licensing 11 examinations under this chapter is subject to review by the board. 12 The board may assist the school or program in its effort to achieve 13 14 compliance with the board's standards. 15 (d-3) A school or program from which approval has been withdrawn under this section may reapply for approval. 16 17 (d-4) The board may recognize and accept as approved under this section a school of nursing or educational program operated in 18 another state and approved by a state board of nursing of another 19 state. The board shall develop policies to ensure that the other 20 21 state board's standards are substantially equivalent to the board's 22 standards. (d-5) The board shall streamline the process for initially 23 24 approving a school of nursing or educational program under this 25 section by identifying and eliminating tasks performed by the board that duplicate or overlap tasks performed by the Texas Higher 26 Education Coordinating Board or the Texas Workforce Commission. 27

1	(d-6) The board, in cooperation with the Texas Higher
2	Education Coordinating Board and the Texas Workforce Commission,
3	shall establish guidelines for the initial approval of schools of
4	nursing or educational programs. The guidelines must:
5	(1) identify the approval processes to be conducted by
6	the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board or the Texas
7	Workforce Commission;
8	(2) require the approval process identified under
9	Subdivision (1) to precede the approval process conducted by the
10	board; and
11	(3) be made available on the board's Internet website
12	and in a written form.
13	(h) The board, in collaboration with the nursing educators
14	and the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board, shall implement
15	a plan for the creation of innovative nursing education models that
16	promote increased enrollment in this state's nursing programs.
17	SECTION 10. Subchapter D, Chapter 301, Occupations Code, is
18	amended by adding Section 301.1595 to read as follows:
19	Sec. 301.1595. ADVISORY COMMITTEES. (a) The board may
20	appoint advisory committees to perform the advisory functions
21	assigned by the board.
22	(b) An advisory committee shall provide independent
23	expertise on board functions and policies, but may not be involved
24	in setting board policy.
25	(c) The board shall adopt rules regarding the purpose,
26	structure, and use of advisory committees, including rules on:
27	(1) the purpose, role, responsibility, and goal of an

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1	advisory committee;
2	(2) the size and quorum requirements for an advisory
3	<pre>committee;</pre>
4	(3) the composition and representation of an advisory
5	<pre>committee;</pre>
6	(4) the qualifications of advisory committee members,
7	such as experience or area of residence;
8	(5) the appointment procedures for advisory
9	committees;
10	(6) the terms of service for advisory committee
11	members;
12	(7) the training requirements for advisory committee
13	<pre>members, if necessary;</pre>
14	(8) the method the board will use to receive public
15	input on issues addressed by an advisory committee; and
16	(9) the development of board policies and procedures
17	to ensure advisory committees meet the requirements for open
18	meetings under Chapter 551, Government Code, including
19	notification requirements.
20	(d) A board member may not serve as a member of an advisory
21	committee, but may serve as a liaison between an advisory committee
22	and the board. A board member liaison that attends advisory
23	committee meetings may attend only as an observer and not as a
24	participant. The role of a board member liaison is limited to
25	clarifying the board's charge and intent to the advisory committee.
26	(e) A board member liaison is not required to attend
27	advisory committee meetings. A board member liaison is not

entitled to travel expenses for advisory committee meetings the 1 2 member attends. (f) To the extent of any conflict with Chapter 2110, 3 4 Government Code, this section and board rules adopted under this 5 section control. 6 SECTION 11. Subchapter D, Chapter 301, Occupations Code, is 7 amended by adding Sections 301.166 and 301.167 to read as follows: Sec. 301.166. USE OF TECHNOLOGY. The board shall implement 8 9 a policy requiring the board to use appropriate technological solutions to improve the board's ability to perform its functions. 10 The policy must ensure that the public is able to interact with the 11 12 board on the Internet. Sec. 301.167. NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING; ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE 13 RESOLUTION. (a) The board shall develop and implement a policy to 14 15 encourage the use of: 16 (1) negotiated rulemaking procedures under Chapter 17 2008, Government Code, for the adoption of board rules; and (2) appropriate alternative dispute resolution 18 procedures under Chapter 2009, Government Code, to assist in the 19 resolution of internal and external disputes under the board's 20 21 jurisdiction. (b) The board's procedures relating to alternative dispute 22 resolution must conform, to the extent possible, to any model 23 24 guidelines issued by the State Office of Administrative Hearings 25 for the use of alternative dispute resolution by state agencies. 26 (c) The board shall designate a trained person to: (1) coordinate the implementation of the policy 27

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1	adopted under Subsection (a);
2	(2) serve as a resource for any training needed to
3	implement the procedures for negotiated rulemaking or alternative
4	dispute resolution; and
5	(3) collect data concerning the effectiveness of those
6	procedures, as implemented by the board.
7	SECTION 12. Section 301.203, Occupations Code, is amended
8	to read as follows:
9	Sec. 301.203. RECORDS AND ANALYSIS OF COMPLAINTS. (a) The
10	board shall maintain a system to promptly and efficiently act on
11	<pre>complaints [keep an information file about each complaint] filed</pre>
12	with the board. The board shall maintain information about
13	[information file must be kept current and must contain a record for
14	<pre>each complaint of]:</pre>
15	(1) parties to the complaint [each person contacted in
16	relation to the complaint];
17	(2) the subject matter of the complaint [a summary of
18	findings made at each step of the complaint process];
19	(3) <u>a</u> summary of the results of the review or
20	investigation of the complaint [an explanation of the legal basis
21	and reason for a complaint that is dismissed]; and
22	(4) the complaint's disposition [the schedule
23	required under Section 301.204 and a notation of any change in the
24	schedule; and
25	[ <del>(5) other relevant information</del> ].
26	(b) The board shall make information available describing
27	its procedures for complaint investigation and resolution.

(c) The board shall periodically [If a written complaint 1 is filed with the board that the board has authority to resolve, the 2 board, at least quarterly and until final disposition of the 3 complaint, shall] notify the parties to the complaint of the status 4 5 of the complaint until final disposition [unless notice would 6 jeopardize an undercover investigation]. (d) The board shall develop a method for analyzing the 7 sources and types of complaints and violations and establish 8 categories for the complaints and violations. The board shall use 9 the analysis to focus its information and education efforts on 10 specific problem areas identified through the analysis. 11 12 (e) The board shall analyze complaints filed with the board to identify any trends or issues related to certain violations, 13 14 including: 15 (1) the reason for each complaint; 16 (2) how each complaint was resolved; and 17 (3) the subject matter of each complaint that was not within the jurisdiction of the board and how the board responded to 18 19 the complaint. SECTION 13. The heading to Section 301.204, Occupations 20 Code, is amended to read as follows: 21 Sec. 301.204. GENERAL RULES, POLICIES, AND PROCEDURES 22 REGARDING COMPLAINT INVESTIGATION AND DISPOSITION. 23 24 SECTION 14. Section 301.204, Occupations Code, is amended 25 by amending Subsection (a) and adding Subsection (f) to read as follows: 26 (a) The board shall adopt rules, policies, and procedures 27

1 concerning the investigation of a complaint filed with the board. 2 The rules, policies, or procedures adopted under this subsection 3 must:

4

distinguish between categories of complaints;

5 (2) ensure that complaints are not dismissed without6 appropriate consideration;

7 (3) require that the board be advised of a complaint 8 that is dismissed and that a letter be sent to the person who filed 9 the complaint explaining the action taken on the dismissed 10 complaint;

(4) ensure that the person who filed the complaint has an opportunity to explain the allegations made in the complaint; [and]

14 (5) prescribe guidelines concerning the categories of 15 complaints that require the use of a private investigator and the 16 procedures for the board to obtain the services of a private 17 investigator; and

18 (6) by rule allow appropriate employees of the board 19 to dismiss a complaint if an investigation demonstrates that: 20 (A) a violation did not occur; or

21 <u>(B) the subject of the complaint is outside the</u> 22 <u>board's jurisdiction</u>.
23 <u>(f) At each public meeting of the board, the executive</u>

24 <u>director shall report to the board each complaint dismissed under</u> 25 <u>Subsection (a)(6) since the board's last public meeting.</u>

26 SECTION 15. Section 301.252, Occupations Code, is amended 27 by amending Subsections (a) and (b) and adding Subsection (a-1) to

read as follows: 1 Each applicant for a registered nurse license or a 2 (a) vocational nurse license must submit to the board a sworn 3 application that demonstrates the applicant's qualifications under 4 5 this chapter, accompanied by evidence that the applicant: 6 (1)has good professional character; [and] 7 (2) has successfully completed a [an approved] program 8 of professional or vocational nursing education approved under 9 Section 301.157(d); and (3) has passed the jurisprudence examination approved 10 by the board as provided by Subsection (a-1). 11 (a-1) The jurisprudence examination shall be conducted on 12 the licensing requirements under this chapter and board rules and 13 other laws, rules, or regulations applicable to the nursing 14 15 profession in this state. The board shall adopt rules for the jurisprudence examination under Subsection (a)(3) regarding: 16 17 (1) the development of the examination; (2) applicable fees; 18 (3) administration of the examination; 19 (4) reexamination procedures; 20 21 (5) grading procedures; and (6) notice of results. 22 The board may waive the requirement of Subsection (a)(2) (b) 23 24 for a vocational nurse applicant if the applicant provides 25 satisfactory sworn evidence that the applicant has completed an acceptable level of education in: 26

27 (1) a professional nursing school approved <u>under</u>

1	<pre>Section 301.157(d) [by the board]; or</pre>
2	(2) a school of professional nurse education located
3	in another state or a foreign country.
4	SECTION 16. Section 301.253, Occupations Code, is amended
5	by amending Subsection (b) and adding Subsections (c-1), (f), and
6	(g) to read as follows:
7	(b) Each examination administered under this section must
8	be prepared by a national testing service or the board. The board
9	shall <u>ensure that the</u> [ <del>give the</del> ] examination <u>is administered</u> in
10	various cities throughout the state.
11	(c-1) The board shall:
12	(1) adopt policies and guidelines detailing the
13	procedures for the testing process, including test admission, test
14	administration, and national examination requirements; and
15	(2) post on the board's Internet website the policies
16	that reference the testing procedures by the national organization
17	selected by the board to administer an examination.
18	(f) The board shall develop a written refund policy
19	regarding examination fees that:
20	(1) defines the reasonable notification period and the
21	emergencies that would qualify for a refund; and
22	(2) does not conflict with any examination fee or
23	refund policy of the testing service involved in administering the
24	examination.
25	(g) The board may recommend to a national testing service
26	selected by the board to offer examinations under this section the
27	board's written policy for refunding an examination fee for an

### 1 <u>applicant who:</u>

2 (1) provides advance notice of the applicant's 3 inability to take the examination; or

4 (2) is unable to take the examination because of an
5 emergency.

6 SECTION 17. Section 301.301, Occupations Code, is amended 7 by amending Subsections (b), (c), and (d) and adding Subsection 8 (c-1) to read as follows:

9 (b) A person may renew an unexpired license issued under 10 this chapter on payment <u>to the board</u> of the required renewal fee 11 <u>before the expiration date of the license</u>, payment <u>to the board</u> of 12 any costs assessed under Section 301.461, and compliance with any 13 other renewal requirements adopted by the board. <u>A person whose</u> 14 <u>license has expired may not engage in activities that require a</u> 15 <u>license until the license has been renewed.</u>

16 (c) A person whose license has been expired for 90 days or 17 less may renew the license by paying to the board <u>a</u> [the required] 18 renewal fee [and a fee] that is equal to <u>1-1/2 times the normally</u> 19 <u>required renewal fee</u> [one-half the amount charged for examination 20 for the license].

21 (c-1) A person whose [If a] license has been expired for 22 more than 90 days but less than one year [, the person] may renew the 23 license by paying to the board <u>a</u> [all unpaid] renewal [fees and a] 24 fee that is equal to twice the normally required renewal fee [the 25 amount charged for examination for the license].

26 (d) <u>A person whose license has been expired for one year or</u>
27 <u>more may not renew the license</u> [<del>The board by rule shall set a</del>

length of time beyond which an expired license may not be renewed. 1 The board by rule may establish additional requirements that apply 2 to the renewal of a license that has been expired for more than one 3 year but less than the time limit set by the board beyond which a 4 5 license may not be renewed]. The person may obtain a new license by 6 [submitting to reexamination and] complying with the requirements and procedures, including the examination requirements, 7 for 8 obtaining an original license.

9 SECTION 18. Section 301.302(a), Occupations Code, is 10 amended to read as follows:

(a) <u>A</u> [The board may renew without examination the expired <u>license of a</u>] person who was licensed to practice professional nursing or vocational nursing in this state, moved to another state, and is currently licensed and has been in practice in the other state for the two years preceding application <u>may obtain a new</u> <u>license without examination</u>.

SECTION 19. Section 301.303, Occupations Code, is amended by adding Subsection (g) to read as follows:

19 (g) The board by rule may establish guidelines for targeted 20 continuing education required under this chapter. The rules 21 adopted under this subsection must address:

22 (1) the nurses who are required to complete the 23 targeted continuing education program;

24 (2) the type of courses that satisfy the targeted 25 continuing education requirement;

26 (3) the time in which a nurse is required to complete
27 the targeted continuing education;

H.B. No. 2426 (4) the frequency in which a nurse is required to meet 1 2 the targeted continuing education requirement; and (5) any other requirement considered necessary by the 3 4 board. 5 SECTION 20. Section 301.410, Occupations Code, is amended 6 to read as follows: Sec. 301.410. REPORT REGARDING IMPAIRMENT BY 7 CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY, [OR] MENTAL ILLNESS, OR DIMINISHED MENTAL CAPACITY. 8 9 A person who is required to report a nurse under this (a) subchapter because the nurse is impaired or suspected of being 10 impaired by chemical dependency or mental illness may report to a 11 peer assistance program approved by the board under Chapter 467, 12 Health and Safety Code, instead of reporting to the board or 13 14 requesting review by a nursing peer review committee. 15 (b) A person who is required to report a nurse under this subchapter because the nurse is impaired or suspected of being 16 17 impaired by chemical dependency or diminished mental capacity must report to the board if the person believes that an impaired nurse 18 committed a practice violation. 19 SECTION 21. Subchapter I, Chapter 301, Occupations Code, is 20 amended by adding Sections 301.4105 and 301.4106 to read as 21 22 follows: Sec. 301.4105. BOARD RESPONSIBILITY FOLLOWING REPORT. The 23 24 board shall determine whether a nurse violated this chapter or a rule adopted under this chapter for any case reported to the board 25 26 in which the nurse's ability to perform the practice of nursing was impaired or suspected of being impaired by chemical dependency or 27

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1	diminished mental capacity and in which the nurse is suspected of
2	committing a practice violation. The board, in deciding whether to
3	take disciplinary action against the nurse for a violation of this
4	chapter or board rules, shall balance the need to protect the public
5	and the need to ensure the impaired nurse seeks treatment.
6	Sec. 301.4106. PEER ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS. The board by rule
7	shall develop guidelines to:
8	(1) outline the roles and responsibilities of the
9	board and a peer assistance program established or approved by the
10	board under Chapter 467, Health and Safety Code;
11	(2) outline the process for a peer assistance program
12	to refer to the board complaints alleging a violation of the
13	practice of nursing;
14	(3) establish requirements for successfully
15	completing a peer assistance program and for notification of the
16	board of the successful completion by a nurse the board has ordered
17	to attend or referred to the program; and
18	(4) establish a procedure for evaluating the success
19	of a peer assistance program established or approved by the board
20	under Chapter 467, Health and Safety Code.
21	SECTION 22. Section 301.452, Occupations Code, is amended
22	by adding Subsection (d) to read as follows:
23	(d) The board by rule shall establish guidelines to ensure
24	that any arrest information, in particular information on arrests
25	in which criminal action was not proven or charges were not filed or
26	adjudicated, that is received by the board under this section is
27	used consistently, fairly, and only to the extent the underlying

1	conduct relates to the practice of nursing.
2	SECTION 23. Subchapter J, Chapter 301, Occupations Code, is
3	amended by adding Section 301.4531 to read as follows:
4	Sec. 301.4531. SCHEDULE OF SANCTIONS. (a) The board by
5	rule shall adopt a schedule of the disciplinary sanctions that the
6	board may impose under this chapter. In adopting the schedule of
7	sanctions, the board shall ensure that the severity of the sanction
8	imposed is appropriate to the type of violation or conduct that is
9	the basis for disciplinary action.
10	(b) In determining the appropriate disciplinary action,
11	including the amount of any administrative penalty to assess, the
12	board shall consider:
13	(1) whether the person is being disciplined for
14	multiple violations of either this chapter or a rule or order
15	adopted under this chapter; or
16	(2) whether the person has previously been the subject
17	of disciplinary action by the board and has previously complied
18	with board rules and this chapter;
19	(3) the seriousness of the violation;
20	(4) the threat to public safety; and
21	(5) any mitigating factors.
22	(c) In the case of a person described by:
23	(1) Subsection (b)(1), the board shall consider taking
24	a more severe disciplinary action, including revocation of the
25	person's license, than the disciplinary action that would be taken
26	for a single violation; and
27	(2) Subsection (b)(2), the board shall consider taking

1	a more severe disciplinary action, including revocation of the
2	person's license, than the disciplinary action that would be taken
3	for a person who has not previously been the subject of disciplinary
4	action by the board.
5	SECTION 24. Subchapter J, Chapter 301, Occupations Code, is
6	amended by adding Sections 301.470 and 301.471 to read as follows:
7	Sec. 301.470. REFUND. (a) Subject to Subsection (b), the
8	board may order a license holder to pay a refund to a consumer as
9	provided in an agreement resulting from an informal settlement
10	conference instead of or in addition to imposing an administrative
11	penalty under this chapter.
12	(b) The amount of a refund ordered as provided in an
13	agreement resulting from an informal settlement conference may not
14	exceed the amount the consumer paid to a nurse for a service
15	regulated by this chapter or the actual amount stolen or defrauded
16	from a patient by the nurse. The board may not require payment of
17	other damages or estimate harm in a refund order.
18	Sec. 301.471. CEASE AND DESIST ORDER. (a) If it appears to
19	the board that a person who is not licensed under this chapter is
20	violating this chapter, a rule adopted under this chapter, or
21	another state statute or rule relating to the practice of
22	professional nursing or vocational nursing and the board determines
23	that immediate action is needed to protect the public health and
24	safety, the board:
25	(1) after notice and opportunity for a hearing may
26	issue a cease and desist order prohibiting the person from engaging
27	in the activity; and

H.B. No. 2426 (2) report the activity to a local law enforcement 1 2 agency or the attorney general for prosecution. (b) A violation of an order under this section constitutes 3 grounds for imposing an administrative penalty under this chapter. 4 SECTION 25. Section 301.502(a), Occupations Code, 5 is 6 amended to read as follows: The amount of the administrative penalty may not exceed 7 (a) \$5,000 [<del>\$2,500</del>] for each violation. Each day a violation continues 8 9 or occurs is a separate violation for purposes of imposing a 10 penalty. SECTION 26. Subtitle E, Title 3, Occupations Code, is 11 amended by adding Chapter 305 to read as follows: 12 CHAPTER 305. NCSBN ADVANCED PRACTICE REGISTERED NURSE 13 14 COMPACT 15 Sec. 305.001. NCSBN ADVANCED PRACTICE REGISTERED NURSE COMPACT. The NCSBN Advanced Practice Registered Nurse Compact is 16 17 enacted and entered into with all other jurisdictions that legally join in the compact, which is as follows: 18 19 NCSBN ADVANCED PRACTICE REGISTERED NURSE COMPACT ARTICLE 1. FINDINGS AND DECLARATION OF PURPOSE 20 21 (a) The party states find that: (1) the health and safety of the public are affected by 22 the degree of compliance with APRN licensure/authority to practice 23 24 requirements and the effectiveness of enforcement activities 25 related to state APRN licensure/authority to practice laws; 26 (2) violations of APRN licensure/authority to practice and other laws regulating the practice of nursing may 27

1 result in injury or harm to the public; 2 (3) the expanded mobility of APRNs and the use of 3 advanced communication technologies as part of our nation's health 4 care delivery system require greater coordination and cooperation 5 among states in the areas of APRN licensure/authority to practice 6 and regulation; 7 (4) new practice modalities and technology make compliance with individual state APRN licensure/authority to 8 practice laws difficult and complex; 9 10 (5) the current system of duplicative APRN licensure/authority to practice for APRNs practicing in multiple 11 12 states is cumbersome and redundant to both APRNs and states; (6) uniformity of APRN requirements throughout the 13 14 states promotes public safety and public health benefits; and 15 (7) access to APRN services increases the public's access to health care, particularly in rural and underserved areas. 16 17 (b) The general purposes of this compact are to: (1) facilitate the states' responsibilities to protect 18 19 the public's health and safety; (2) ensure and encourage the cooperation of party 20 21 states in the areas of APRN licensure/authority to practice and regulation, including promotion of uniform licensure requirements; 22 (3) facilitate the exchange of information between 23 24 party states in the areas of APRN regulation, investigation, and 25 adverse actions; 26 (4) promote compliance with the laws governing APRN 27 practice in each jurisdiction; and

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1	(5) invest all party states with the authority to hold
2	an APRN accountable for meeting all state practice laws in the state
3	in which the patient is located at the time care is rendered through
4	the mutual recognition of party state licenses.
5	ARTICLE 2. DEFINITIONS
6	(a) "Advanced practice registered nurse" or "APRN" means a
7	nurse anesthetist, nurse practitioner, nurse midwife, or clinical
8	nurse specialist to the extent a party state licenses or grants
9	authority to practice in that APRN role and title.
10	(b) "Adverse action" means a home or remote state
11	disciplinary action.
12	(c) "Alternative program" means a voluntary,
13	non-disciplinary monitoring program approved by a licensing board.
14	(d) "APRN licensure/authority to practice" means the
15	regulatory mechanism used by a party state to grant legal authority
16	to practice as an APRN.
17	(e) "APRN uniform licensure/authority to practice
18	requirements" means those minimum uniform licensure, education,
19	and examination requirements as agreed to by the compact
20	administrators and adopted by licensing boards for the recognized
21	APRN role and title.
22	(f) "Coordinated licensure information system" means an
23	integrated process for collecting, storing, and sharing
24	information on APRN licensure/authority to practice and
25	enforcement activities related to APRN licensure/authority to
26	practice laws, which is administered by a nonprofit organization
27	composed of and controlled by state licensing boards.

1	(g) "Current significant investigative information" means:
2	(1) investigative information that a licensing board,
3	after a preliminary inquiry that includes notification and an
4	opportunity for the APRN to respond if required by state law, has
5	reason to believe is not groundless and, if proved true, would
6	indicate more than a minor infraction; or
7	(2) investigative information that indicates that the
8	APRN represents an immediate threat to public health and safety
9	regardless of whether the APRN has been notified and had an
10	opportunity to respond.
11	(h) "Home state" means the party state that is the APRN's
12	primary state of residence.
13	(i) "Home state action" means any administrative, civil,
14	equitable, or criminal action permitted by the home state's laws
15	which are imposed on an APRN by the home state's licensing board or
16	other authority, including actions against an individual's
17	license/authority to practice such as: revocation, suspension,
18	probation, or any other action which affects an APRN's
19	authorization to practice.
20	(j) "Licensing board" means a party state's regulatory body
21	responsible for issuing APRN licensure/authority to practice.
22	(k) "Multistate advanced practice privilege" means current
23	authority from a remote state permitting an APRN to practice in that
24	state in the same role and title as the APRN is licensed/authorized
25	to practice in the home state to the extent that the remote state
26	laws recognize such APRN role and title. A remote state has the
27	authority, in accordance with existing state due process laws, to

1	take actions against the APRN's privilege, including revocation,
2	suspension, probation, or any other action that affects an APRN's
3	multistate privilege to practice.
4	(1) "Party state" means any state that has adopted this
5	compact.
6	(m) "Prescriptive authority" means the legal authority to
7	prescribe medications and devices as defined by party state laws.
8	(n) "Remote state" means a party state, other than the home
9	state:
10	(1) where the patient is located at the time APRN care
11	is provided; or
12	(2) in the case of APRN practice not involving a
13	patient, in such party state where the recipient of APRN practice is
14	located.
15	(o) "Remote state action" means:
16	(1) any administrative, civil, equitable, or criminal
17	action permitted by a remote state's laws which are imposed on an
18	APRN by the remote state's licensing board or other authority,
19	including actions against an individual's multistate advanced
20	practice privilege in the remote state; and
21	(2) cease and desist and other injunctive or equitable
22	orders issued by remote states or the licensing boards thereof.
23	(p) "State" means a state, territory, or possession of the
24	United States.
25	(q) "State practice laws" means a party state's laws and
26	regulations that govern APRN practice, define the scope of advanced
27	nursing practice, including prescriptive authority, and create the

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1	methods and grounds for imposing discipline. State practice laws do
2	not include the requirements necessary to obtain and retain APRN
3	licensure/authority to practice as an APRN, except for
4	qualifications or requirements of the home state.
5	(r) "Unencumbered" means that a state has no current
6	disciplinary action against an APRN's license/authority to
7	practice.
8	ARTICLE 3. GENERAL PROVISIONS AND JURISDICTION
9	(a) All party states shall participate in the nurse
10	licensure compact for registered nurses and licensed
11	practical/vocational nurses in order to enter into the APRN
12	compact.
13	(b) No state shall enter the APRN compact until the state
14	adopts, at a minimum, the APRN uniform licensure/authority to
15	practice requirements for each APRN role and title recognized by
16	the state seeking to enter the APRN compact.
17	(c) APRN licensure/authority to practice issued by a home
18	state to a resident in that state will be recognized by each party
19	state as authorizing a multistate advanced practice privilege to
20	the extent that the role and title are recognized by each party
21	state. To obtain or retain APRN licensure/authority to practice as
22	an APRN, an applicant must meet the home state's qualifications for
23	authority or renewal of authority as well as all other applicable
24	state laws.
25	(d) The APRN multistate advanced practice privilege does
26	not include prescriptive authority, and does not affect any
27	requirements imposed by states to grant to an APRN initial and

continuing prescriptive authority according to state practice 1 2 laws. However, a party state may grant prescriptive authority to an 3 individual on the basis of a multistate advanced practice privilege 4 to the extent permitted by state practice laws. (e) A party state may, in accordance with state due process 5 6 laws, limit or revoke the multistate advanced practice privilege in 7 the party state and may take any other necessary actions under the party state's applicable laws to protect the health and safety of 8 the party state's citizens. If a party state takes action, the party 9 state shall promptly notify the administrator of the coordinated 10 licensure information system. The administrator of the coordinated 11 licensure information system shall promptly notify the home state 12 of any such actions by remote states. 13 14 (f) An APRN practicing in a party state must comply with the 15 state practice laws and licensing board rules of the state in which the patient is located at the time care is provided. The APRN 16 17 practice includes patient care and all advanced nursing practice defined by the party state's practice laws. The APRN practice will 18 subject an APRN to the jurisdiction of the licensing board, the 19

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20 <u>courts, and the laws of the party state.</u>

(g) Individuals not residing in a party state may apply for APRN licensure/authority to practice as an APRN under the laws of a party state. However, the authority to practice granted to these individuals will not be recognized as granting the privilege to practice as an APRN in any other party state unless explicitly agreed to by that party state.

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1	ARTICLE 4. APPLICATIONS FOR APRN LICENSURE/AUTHORITY TO PRACTICE
2	IN A PARTY STATE
3	(a) Once an application for APRN licensure/authority to
4	practice is submitted, a party state shall ascertain, through the
5	coordinated licensure information system, whether:
6	(1) the applicant has held or is the holder of a
7	nursing license/authority to practice issued by another state;
8	(2) the applicant has had a history of previous
9	disciplinary action by any state;
10	(3) an encumbrance exists on any license/authority to
11	practice; and
12	(4) any other adverse action by any other state has
13	been taken against a license/authority to practice.
14	This information may be used in approving or denying an application
15	for APRN licensure/authority to practice.
16	(b) An APRN in a party state shall hold APRN
17	licensure/authority to practice in only one party state at a time,
18	issued by the home state.
19	(c) An APRN who intends to change the APRN's primary state
20	of residence may apply for APRN licensure/authority to practice in
21	the new home state in advance of such change. However, new
22	licensure/authority to practice will not be issued by a party state
23	until after an APRN provides evidence of change in primary state of
24	residence satisfactory to the new home state's licensing board.
25	(d) When an APRN changes primary state of residence by:
26	(1) moving between two party states, and obtains APRN
27	licensure/authority to practice from the new home state, the APRN

1	licensure/authority to practice from the former home state is no
2	longer valid;
3	(2) moving from a nonparty state to a party state, and
4	obtains APRN licensure/authority to practice from the new home
5	state, the individual state license issued by the nonparty state is
6	not affected and will remain in full force if so provided by the
7	laws of the nonparty state;
8	(3) moving from a party state to a nonparty state, the
9	APRN licensure/authority to practice issued by the prior home state
10	converts to an individual state license, valid only in the former
11	home state, without the multistate licensure privilege to practice
12	in other party states.
13	ARTICLE 5. ADVERSE ACTIONS
14	(a) The licensing board of a remote state shall promptly
15	report to the administrator of the coordinated licensure
16	information system any remote state actions, including the factual
17	and legal basis for such action, if known. The licensing board of a
18	remote state shall also promptly report any significant current
19	investigative information yet to result in a remote state action.
20	The administrator of the coordinated licensure information system
21	shall promptly notify the home state of any such reports.
22	(b) The licensing board of a party state shall have the
23	authority to complete any pending investigations for an APRN who
24	changes primary state of residence during the course of such
25	investigations. It shall also have the authority to take
26	appropriate action, and shall promptly report the conclusions of
27	such investigations to the administrator of the coordinated

1	licensure information system. The administrator of the coordinated
2	licensure information system shall promptly notify the new home
3	state of any such actions.
4	(c) A remote state may take adverse action affecting the
5	multistate advanced practice privilege to practice within that
6	party state. However, only the home state shall have the power to
7	impose adverse action against the APRN licensure/authority to
8	practice issued by the home state.
9	(d) For purposes of imposing adverse action, the licensing
10	board of the home state shall give the same priority and effect to
11	reported conduct received from a remote state as it would if such
12	conduct had occurred within the home state. In so doing, it shall
13	apply its own state laws to determine appropriate action.
14	(e) The home state may take adverse action based on the
15	factual findings of the remote state, so long as each state follows
16	its own procedures for imposing such adverse action.
17	(f) Nothing in this compact shall override a party state's
18	decision that participation in an alternative program may be used
19	in lieu of adverse action and that such participation shall remain
20	nonpublic if required by the party state's laws. Party states must
21	require APRNs who enter any alternative programs to agree not to
22	practice in any other party state during the term of the alternative
23	program without prior authorization from such other party state.
24	(g) All home state licensing board disciplinary orders,
25	agreed or otherwise, which limit the scope of the APRN's practice or

26 require monitoring of the APRN as a condition of the order shall
27 include the requirements that the APRN will limit her or his

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1	practice to the home state during the pendency of the order. This
2	requirement may allow the APRN to practice in other party states
3	with prior written authorization from both the home state and party
4	state licensing boards.
5	ARTICLE 6. ADDITIONAL AUTHORITIES INVESTED IN PARTY STATE
6	LICENSING BOARDS
7	(a) Notwithstanding any other powers, party state licensing
8	boards shall have the authority to:
9	(1) if otherwise permitted by state law, recover from
10	the affected APRN the costs of investigations and disposition of
11	cases resulting from any adverse action taken against that APRN;
12	(2) issue subpoenas for both hearings and
13	investigations, which require the attendance and testimony of
14	witnesses, and the production of evidence;
15	(3) issue cease and desist orders to limit or revoke an
16	APRN's privilege or licensure/authority to practice in their state;
17	and
18	(4) promulgate uniform rules and regulations as
19	provided for in Article 8(c).
20	(b) Subpoenas issued by a licensing board in a party state
21	for the attendance and testimony of witnesses, and/or the
22	production of evidence from another party state, shall be enforced
23	in the latter state by any court of competent jurisdiction,
24	according to the practice and procedure of that court applicable to
25	subpoenas issued in proceedings pending before it. The issuing
26	authority shall pay any witness fees, travel expenses, mileage, and
27	other fees required by the service statutes of the state where the

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# ARTICLE 7. COORDINATED LICENSURE INFORMATION SYSTEM

witnesses and/or evidence are located.

(a) All party states shall participate in a cooperative
effort to create a coordinated database of all APRNs. This system
will include information on the APRN licensure/authority to
practice and disciplinary history of each APRN, as contributed by
party states, to assist in the coordination of APRN
licensure/authority to practice and enforcement efforts.

9 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all party 10 states' licensing boards shall promptly report adverse actions, 11 actions against multistate advanced practice privileges, any 12 current significant investigative information yet to result in 13 adverse action, denials of applications, and the reasons for such 14 denials to the coordinated licensure information system.

15 (c) Current significant investigative information shall be 16 transmitted through the coordinated licensure information system 17 only to party state licensing boards.

18 (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all party 19 states' licensing boards contributing information to the 20 coordinated licensure information system may designate information 21 that may not be shared with nonparty states or disclosed to other 22 entities or individuals without the express permission of the 23 contributing state.

24 (e) Any personally identifiable information obtained by a
25 party states' licensing board from the coordinated licensure
26 information system may not be shared with nonparty states or
27 disclosed to other entities or individuals except to the extent

1	permitted by the laws of the party state contributing the
2	information.
3	(f) Any information contributed to the coordinated
4	licensure information system that is subsequently required to be
5	expunged by the laws of the party state contributing that
6	information shall also be expunged from the coordinated licensure
7	information system.
8	(g) The compact administrators, acting jointly with each
9	other and in consultation with the administrator of the coordinated
10	licensure information system, shall formulate necessary and proper
11	procedures for the identification, collection, and exchange of
12	information under this compact.
13	ARTICLE 8. COMPACT ADMINISTRATION AND INTERCHANGE OF INFORMATION
14	(a) The head of the licensing board, or his/her designee, of
15	each party state shall be the administrator of this compact for
16	his/her state.
17	(b) The compact administrator of each party state shall
18	furnish to the compact administrator of each other party state any
19	information and documents including, but not limited to, a uniform
20	data set of investigations, identifying information, licensure
21	data, and disclosable alternative program participation
22	information to facilitate the administration of this compact.
23	(c) Compact administrators shall have the authority to
24	develop uniform rules to facilitate and coordinate implementation
25	of this compact. These uniform rules shall be adopted by party
26	states, under the authority invested under Article 6(a)(4).

ARTICLE 9. IMMUNITY 1 2 No party state or the officers or employees or agents of a party state's licensing board who acts in accordance with the provisions 3 4 of this compact shall be liable on account of any act or omission in 5 good faith while engaged in the performance of their duties under 6 this compact. Good faith in this article shall not include willful 7 misconduct, gross negligence, or recklessness. ARTICLE 10. ENTRY INTO FORCE, WITHDRAWAL, AND AMENDMENT 8 9 (a) This compact shall enter into force and become effective as to any state when it has been enacted into the laws of that state. 10 Any party state may withdraw from this compact by enacting a statute 11 12 repealing the same, but no such withdrawal shall take effect until six months after the withdrawing state has given notice of the 13 14 withdrawal to the executive heads of all other party states. 15 (b) No withdrawal shall affect the validity or applicability by the licensing boards of states remaining party to 16 17 the compact of any report of adverse action occurring prior to the withdrawal. 18 19 (c) Nothing contained in this compact shall be construed to invalidate or prevent any APRN licensure/authority to practice 20 21 agreement or other cooperative arrangement between a party state 22 and a nonparty state that is made in accordance with the other provisions of this compact. 23 24 (d) This compact may be amended by the party states. No 25 amendment to this compact shall become effective and binding upon 26 the party states unless and until it is enacted into the laws of all 27 party states.

1	ARTICLE 11. CONSTRUCTION AND SEVERABILITY
2	(a) This compact shall be liberally construed so as to
3	effectuate the purposes thereof. The provisions of this compact
4	shall be severable and if any phrase, clause, sentence, or
5	provision of this compact is declared to be contrary to the
6	constitution of any party state or of the United States or the
7	applicability thereof to any government, agency, person, or
8	circumstance is held invalid, the validity of the remainder of this
9	compact and the applicability thereof to any government, agency,
10	person, or circumstance shall not be affected thereby. If this
11	compact shall be held contrary to the constitution of any state
12	party thereto, the compact shall remain in full force and effect as
13	to the remaining party states and in full force and effect as to the
14	party state affected as to all severable matters.
15	(b) In the event party states find a need for settling
16	disputes arising under this compact:
17	(1) the party states may submit the issues in dispute
18	to an arbitration panel which will be composed of an individual
19	appointed by the compact administrator in the home state, an
20	individual appointed by the compact administrator in the remote
21	state involved, and an individual mutually agreed upon by the
22	compact administrators of all the party states involved in the
23	dispute; and
24	(2) the decision of a majority of the arbitrators
25	shall be final and binding.
26	Sec. 305.002. BOARD AUTHORITY. Notwithstanding any
27	provision of this chapter, the Board of Nurse Examiners may

1	establish criteria for recognizing advanced practice registered
2	nurses under the NCSBN APRN Compact.
3	Sec. 305.003. RULES; EXPIRATION OF CHAPTER. (a) The Board
4	of Nurse Examiners may adopt rules necessary to implement this
5	chapter.
6	(b) If the board does not adopt rules to implement the
7	compact under this chapter before December 31, 2011, the board may
8	not implement the NCSBN APRN Compact and this chapter expires
9	<u>December 31, 2011.</u>
10	Sec. 305.004. APPLICABILITY OF CHAPTER. If a provision of
11	this chapter or another state's law under the NCSBN APRN Compact
12	conflicts with the laws of this state, the laws of this state
13	prevail.
14	Sec. 305.005. RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS. (a) Unless the
15	context indicates otherwise, or doing so would be inconsistent with
16	the NCSBN APRN Compact, nurses practicing in this state under a
17	license issued by a state that is a party to the NCSBN APRN Compact
18	have the same rights and obligations as imposed by the laws of this
19	state on license holders of the Board of Nurse Examiners.
20	(b) The Board of Nurse Examiners has the authority to
21	determine whether a right or obligation imposed on license holders
22	applies to nurses practicing in this state under a license issued by
23	a state that is a party to the NCSBN APRN Compact unless that
24	determination is inconsistent with the NCSBN APRN Compact.
25	Sec. 305.006. ENFORCEMENT. The Board of Nurse Examiners is
26	the state agency responsible for taking action against nurses
27	practicing in this state under a license issued by a state that is a

party to the NCSBN APRN Compact as authorized by the NCSBN APRN 1 Compact. The action shall be taken in accordance with the same 2 3 procedures for taking action against nurses licensed by this state. 4 SECTION 27. The following laws are repealed: 5 Section 301.059(d), Occupations Code; (1) 6 (2) Sections 301.160(f), (g), and (h), Occupations 7 Code; and Section 301.1606, Occupations Code. 8 (3) 9 SECTION 28. (a) Not later than January 1, 2008, the Board 10 of Nurse Examiners shall: adopt the policies required by Sections 11 (1)301.166 and 301.167, Occupations Code, as added by this Act; and 12 (2) adopt the rules required by Chapter 13 301, 14 Occupations Code, as amended by this Act. 15 (b) Not later than September 1, 2008, the Board of Nurse Examiners shall: 16 17 (1) develop the jurisprudence examination required by Section 301.252, Occupations Code, as amended by this Act; and 18 19 (2) implement the plan for creating innovative nursing education models as required under Section 301.157(h), Occupations 20 21 Code, as added by this Act, and report to the Sunset Advisory Commission regarding the plan and the board's effort to increase 22 enrollment in nursing education programs. 23 24 SECTION 29. The requirement to pass a jurisprudence 25 examination under Section 301.252, Occupations Code, as amended by 26 this Act, applies only to an individual who applies for a license as 27 a nurse under Chapter 301, Occupations Code, on or after September

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1 1, 2008.

SECTION 30. (a) The changes in law made by Sections 301.052 2 and 301.053, Occupations Code, as amended by this Act, regarding 3 4 the prohibitions on or qualifications of members of the Board of Nurse Examiners do not affect the entitlement of a member serving on 5 6 the board immediately before September 1, 2007, to continue to serve and function as a member of the board for the remainder of the 7 member's term. The changes in law made by those sections apply only 8 9 to a member appointed on or after September 1, 2007.

The changes in law made by this Act related to the 10 (b) filing, investigation, or resolution of a complaint under Chapter 11 301, Occupations Code, as amended by this Act, apply only to a 12 complaint filed with the Board of Nurse Examiners on or after the 13 effective date of this Act. A complaint filed before the effective 14 15 date of this Act is governed by the law as it existed immediately before that date, and the former law is continued in effect for that 16 17 purpose.

The changes in law made by this Act governing the (C) 18 authority of the Board of Nurse Examiners to issue, renew, or revoke 19 a license under Chapter 301, Occupations Code, apply only to an 20 application for an original or renewal license filed with the Board 21 of Nurse Examiners under Chapter 301, Occupations Code, as amended 22 by this Act, on or after the effective date of this Act. A license 23 24 application filed before the effective date of this Act is governed 25 by the law in effect at the time the application was filed, and the former law is continued in effect for that purpose. 26

27

(d) The change in law made by this Act with respect to

1 conduct that is grounds for imposition of a disciplinary sanction, 2 including a refund, temporary license suspension, or cease and 3 desist order, applies only to conduct that occurs on or after the 4 effective date of this Act. Conduct that occurs before the 5 effective date of this Act is governed by the law in effect on the 6 date the conduct occurred, and the former law is continued in effect 7 for that purpose.

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SECTION 31. This Act takes effect September 1, 2007.