By: Gattis

H.B. No. 2906

### A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 1 AN ACT 2 relating to the reorganization and administration of, and 3 procedures relating to, courts in this state, including procedures for appeals. 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: 5 ARTICLE 1. APPELLATE COURT PROVISIONS 6 SECTION 1.01. Sections 22.001(a), (b), and (e), Government 7 Code, are amended to read as follows: 8 The supreme court has appellate jurisdiction, except in 9 (a) criminal law matters, coextensive with the limits of the state and 10 extending to all questions of law arising in a case: 11 12 (1) that is [the following cases when they have been] 13 brought to <u>a court</u> [the courts] of appeals from <u>an</u> appealable 14 judgment or appealable interlocutory order of a [the] trial court 15 [<del>courts:</del> [(1) a case in which the justices of a court of appeals 16 disagree on a question of law material to the decision; 17 18 [(2) a case in which one of the courts of appeals holds differently from a prior decision of another court of appeals or of 19 the supreme court on a question of law material to a decision of the 20 21 case; 22 [(3) a case involving the construction or validity of 23 a statute necessary to a determination of the case; 24 [(4) a case involving state revenue;

H.B. No. 2906 [(5) a case in which the railroad commission is a 2 party]; and

3 (2) [(6) any other case] in which it appears that an 4 error of law has been committed by the court of appeals, and that 5 error is of such importance to the jurisprudence of the state that, 6 in the opinion of the supreme court, it requires correction[, but 7 excluding those cases in which the jurisdiction of the court of 8 appeals is made final by statute].

9 (b) A case over which the court has jurisdiction under 10 Subsection (a) may be carried to the supreme court [<del>either</del>] by 11 <u>petition for review</u> [<del>writ of error or by certificate from the court</del> 12 <del>of appeals, but the court of appeals may certify a question of law</del> 13 <del>arising in any of those cases at any time it chooses, either before</del> 14 <del>or after the decision of the case in that court</del>].

15 The supreme court may act on a petition for review when (e) the court deems it expedient. The supreme court shall grant a 16 petition for review in a case in which a court of appeals has 17 declared void a statute of the state. [For purposes of Subsection 18 (a) (2), one court holds differently from another when there is 19 inconsistency in their respective decisions that should be 20 21 clarified to remove unnecessary uncertainty in the law and unfairness to litigants.] 22

23 SECTION 1.02. Section 22.002(b), Government Code, is 24 amended to read as follows:

25 (b) The supreme court or [, in vacation,] a justice of the 26 supreme court may issue a writ of mandamus to compel a statutory 27 county court judge, a statutory probate court judge, or a district

1 judge to proceed to trial and judgment in a case [agreeable to the principles and usages of law, returnable to the supreme court on or 2 before the first day of the term, or during the session of the term, 3 or before any justice of the supreme court as the nature of the case 4 5 requires]. 6 SECTION 1.03. Section 22.225, Government Code, is amended 7 to read as follows: Sec. 22.225. EFFECT OF JUDGMENT IN CIVIL CASES. 8 [<del>(a)</del>] А judgment of a court of appeals is conclusive on the facts of the 9 10 case in all civil cases. [(b) Except as provided by Subsection (c) or (d), a judgment 11 of a court of appeals is conclusive on the law and facts, and a 12 petition for review is not allowed to the supreme court, in the 13 14 following civil cases: [(1) a case appealed from a county court or from a 15 16 district court when, under the constitution, a county court would have had original or appellate jurisdiction of the case, with the 17 exception of a probate matter or a case involving state revenue laws 18 or the validity or construction of a statute; 19 [(2) a case of a contested election other than a 20 contested election for a state officer, with the exception of a case 21 where the validity of a statute is questioned by the decision; 22 [(3) an appeal from an interlocutory order appointing 23 24 a receiver or trustee or from other interlocutory appeals that are 25 allowed by law; 26 [(4) an appeal from an order or judgment in a suit in 27 which a temporary injunction has been granted or refused or when a

1	motion to dissolve has been granted or overruled; and
2	[ <del>(5) all other cases except the cases where appellate</del>
3	jurisdiction is given to the supreme court and is not made final in
4	the courts of appeals.
5	[ <del>(c) This section does not deprive the supreme court of</del>
6	jurisdiction of a civil case brought to the court of appeals from an
7	appealable judgment of a trial court in which the justices of the
8	courts of appeals disagree on a question of law material to the
9	decision or in which one of the courts of appeals holds differently
10	from a prior decision of another court of appeals or of the supreme
11	court, as provided by Subdivisions (1) and (2) of Section
12	<del>22.001(a).</del>
13	[ <del>(d) A petition for review is allowed to the supreme court</del>
14	for an appeal from an interlocutory order described by Section
15	51.014(a)(3), (6), or (11), Civil Practice and Remedies Code.
16	[ <del>(e) For purposes of Subsection (c), one court holds</del>
17	differently from another when there is inconsistency in their
18	respective decisions that should be clarified to remove unnecessary
19	uncertainty in the law and unfairness to litigants.
20	SECTION 1.04. (a) Section 24.007, Property Code, is
21	amended to read as follows:
22	Sec. 24.007. APPEAL. <u>(a)</u> [ <del>A final judgment of a county</del>
23	court in an eviction suit may not be appealed on the issue of
24	possession unless the premises in question are being used for
25	residential purposes only.] A judgment of a county court in an
26	eviction suit may not under any circumstances be stayed pending
27	appeal unless, within 10 days of the signing of the judgment, the

1 appellant files a supersedeas bond in an amount set by the county 2 court. In setting the supersedeas bond the county court shall 3 provide protection for the appellee to the same extent as in any other appeal, taking into consideration the value of rents likely 4 5 to accrue during appeal, damages which may occur as a result of the 6 stay during appeal, and other damages or amounts as the court may 7 deem appropriate.

#### 8 (b) Notwithstanding any other law, a final judgment of a 9 county court in an eviction suit may be taken to the court of appeals district in which the county court is located. 10

(b) The change in law made by this section applies to an 11 appeal of a final judgment rendered on or after the effective date 12 of this section. An appeal of a final judgment rendered before the 13 14 effective date of this section is governed by the law in effect on 15 the date the judgment was rendered, and the former law is continued in effect for that purpose. 16

17 SECTION 1.05. Section 22.007, Government Code, is repealed. ARTICLE 2. GENERAL PROVISIONS FOR TRIAL COURTS 18 SECTION 2.01. 19 The heading to Subchapter A, Chapter 23, Government Code, is amended to read as follows: 20

# 21

### SUBCHAPTER A. <u>GENERAL PROVISIONS</u> [JURISDICTION] SECTION 2.02. Subchapter A, Chapter 23, Government Code, is 22 23 amended by adding Section 23.002 to read as follows:

24 Sec. 23.002. TRANSFER OF CASES. Notwithstanding any other 25 law, on the agreement of all parties in a pending case, a district 26 court, statutory county court, county court, or justice court may transfer the case to any other of those courts in the county, 27

### provided that the court to which the case is transferred has 1 2 jurisdiction over the matter. ARTICLE 3. GENERAL PROVISIONS FOR DISTRICT COURTS 3 4 SECTION 3.01. Section 24.002, Government Code, is amended 5 to read as follows: 6 Sec. 24.002. ASSIGNMENT OF JUDGE OR TRANSFER OF CASE ON RECUSAL [SUBSTITUTE JUDGES]. (a) If the district judge in a county 7 8 with only one district court determines on the judge's own motion 9 that the judge should not sit in a case pending in the judge's court because the judge is disqualified or otherwise should recuse 10 himself or herself, the judge shall enter a recusal order, request 11 the presiding judge of that administrative region to assign another 12 judge to sit, and take no further action in the case except for good 13

14 cause stated in the order in which the action is taken.

15 (b) If a district judge in a county with more than one district court determines on the judge's own motion that the judge 16 17 should not sit in a case pending in the judge's court because the judge is disqualified or otherwise should recuse himself or 18 herself, the judge shall enter a recusal order, request the local 19 administrative district judge to transfer the case to another 20 21 court, and take no further action in the case except for good cause stated in the order in which the action is taken [A change of venue 22 is not necessary because of the disqualification of a district 23 24 judge in a case or proceeding pending in his court, but the judge shall immediately certify his disqualification to the governor. 25 26 The governor shall designate a district judge of another district exchange benches with the disqualified judge to try the case 27

1	The governor shall notify both judges of his designation, and the
2	judges shall exchange benches. If the judges are prevented from
3	exchanging benches, the parties or their counsels may agree on an
4	attorney of the court for the trial of the case. The district judge
5	or special judge shall certify to the governor the fact of a failure
6	of the parties or their counsels to agree on an attorney, and the
7	governor shall appoint a person legally qualified to act as judge in
8	the trial of the case].
9	SECTION 3.02. Section 24.003, Government Code, is amended
10	to read as follows:
11	Sec. 24.003. TRANSFER OF CASES; EXCHANGE OF BENCHES
12	[ <del>SUBSTITUTE JUDGES IN CERTAIN COUNTIES</del> ]. (a) This section applies
13	only to $[civil cases in]$ counties with <u>two</u> $[five]$ or more district
14	courts.
15	(b) <u>A district judge in the county may:</u>
16	(1) transfer any civil or criminal case or proceeding
17	on the court's docket to the docket of another district court in the
18	<pre>county;</pre>
19	(2) hear and determine any case or proceeding pending
20	in another district court in the county without having the case
21	<pre>transferred;</pre>
22	(3) sit for another district court in the county and
23	hear and determine any case or proceeding pending in that court;
24	(4) temporarily exchange benches with the judge of
25	another district court in the county;
26	(5) try different cases in the same court at the same

1	(6) occupy the judge's own courtroom or the courtroom
2	of another district court in the county.
3	(c) If a district judge in the county is sick or otherwise
4	absent, another district judge in the county may hold court for the
5	judge. A district judge in the county may hear and determine any
6	part or question of any case or proceeding pending in any of the
7	district courts, and any other district judge may complete the
8	hearing and render judgment in the case or proceeding. A district
9	judge may hear and determine motions, including motions for new
10	trial, petitions for injunction, applications for the appointment
11	of a receiver, interventions, pleas in abatement, dilatory pleas,
12	and all preliminary matters, questions, and proceedings, and may
13	enter judgment or order on them in the court in which the case or
14	proceeding is pending without transferring the case or proceeding.
15	The district judge in whose court the matter is pending may proceed
16	to hear, complete, and determine the matter, or all or any part of
17	another matter, and render a final judgment. A district judge may
18	issue a restraining order or injunction that is returnable to any
19	other district court.
20	(d) A judgment or order shall be entered in the minutes of
21	the court in which the case is pending.
22	(e) This section does not limit the powers of a district
23	judge when acting for another judge by exchange of benches or
24	otherwise [If a district judge is disqualified in a case pending in
25	his court and his disqualification is certified to the governor,
26	the governor may require any other district judge in the county to
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27 exchange benches with the disqualified judge.

1	[ <del>(c) If a district judge is absent, sick, or disqualified,</del>
2	any of the district judges in the county may hold court for him or
3	may transfer a pending case to the court of any other district judge
4	in the county].
5	SECTION 3.03. Section 24.012(a), Government Code, is
6	amended to read as follows:
7	(a) <u>Notwithstanding any other law, each</u> [ <del>Each</del> ] district and
8	criminal district court holds <u>in each county in the judicial</u>
9	district [at least two] terms that commence on the first Mondays in
10	January and July of [ <del>court</del> ] each year [ <del>in each county in the</del>
11	district]. To the extent of a conflict between this subsection and
12	a specific provision relating to a particular judicial district,
13	this section controls.
14	SECTION 3.04. Subchapter A, Chapter 24, Government Code, is
15	amended by adding Sections 24.023 through 24.031 to read as
16	follows:
17	Sec. 24.023. OBLIGATIONS; BONDS. (a) When a case is
18	transferred from one court to another, all processes, writs, bonds,
19	recognizances, and other obligations issued by the transferring
20	court are returnable to the court to which the case is transferred
21	as if originally issued by that court.
22	(b) The obligees in all bonds and recognizances taken in and
23	for a court from which a case is transferred, and all witnesses
24	summoned to appear in a district court from which a case is
25	transferred, are required to appear before the court to which the
26	case is transferred as if taken in or for required to appear before
27	that court.

<u>Sec. 24.024. FILING AND DOCKETING CASES. In a county with</u> <u>two or more district courts, the district judges may adopt rules</u> <u>governing the filing and numbering of cases, the assignment of</u> <u>cases for trial, and the distribution of the work of the courts as</u> <u>in their discretion they consider necessary or desirable for the</u> <u>orderly dispatch of the business of the courts.</u>

Sec. 24.025. SUPPLEMENTAL COMPENSATION. (a) Unless
 otherwise provided by this subchapter, all district judges in a
 county are entitled to equal amounts of supplemental compensation
 from the county.

11 (b) A district judge is entitled to an amount of 12 supplemental compensation for serving on the juvenile board of a 13 county that is equal to the amount other judges serving on the 14 juvenile board receive.

15 <u>Sec. 24.026. ASSIGNING PREFERENCES TO DISTRICT COURTS. (a)</u>
16 <u>In a county with two or more district courts, the local board of</u>
17 <u>district judges may designate a court as giving preference to</u>
18 <u>certain kinds of cases.</u>

19 (b) Courts designated as giving preference to family law 20 matters have primary responsibility for matters arising under 21 <u>Titles 1, 2, 4, and 5, Family Code.</u>

22 (c) The designation of a court as giving preference to 23 certain kinds of cases does not limit the jurisdiction of that court 24 or of any other district court in the county.

25 <u>Sec. 24.027. APPOINTMENT OF INITIAL JUDGE. On the creation</u> 26 <u>of a new judicial district, the initial vacancy in the office of</u> 27 <u>district judge is filled in accordance with Section 28, Article V,</u>

1 Texas Constitution. 2 Sec. 24.028. GRAND AND PETIT JURORS. (a) All grand and petit jurors selected in a county before a new district court is 3 4 created or the composition of an existing district court is 5 modified by an amendment to this chapter are considered to be 6 selected for the new or modified district court, as applicable. 7 (b) A petit jury is composed of the number of members as 8 provided by Section 62.201. 9 Sec. 24.029. CASES TRANSFERRED. If by an amendment to this chapter a county is removed from the composition of an existing 10 judicial district and added to another existing or new judicial 11 12 district, all cases and proceedings from that county that are pending in the district court of the judicial district from which 13 14 the county was removed are transferred to the district court of the 15 judicial district to which the county is added. The judge of each affected district court shall sign the proper orders in connection 16 17 with the transfer. Sec. 24.030. PROCESSES, WRITS, AND OTHER OBLIGATIONS REMAIN 18 19 VALID. (a) If by an amendment to this chapter a county is removed from the composition of an existing judicial district and added to 20 21 another existing or new judicial district, or if an amendment to this chapter changes the time or place at which the terms of court 22 are held, all processes, writs, bonds, recognizances, and other 23 24 obligations issued from and made returnable to that court before 25 the effective date of the transfer or other change are returnable as 26 provided by this subsection. An obligation issued from the affected court is returnable to another district court in the 27

county on the date that court directs, but may not be made 1 2 returnable on a date that is earlier than the date on which the obligation was originally returnable. The obligations are legal 3 4 and valid as if the obligations had been made returnable to the 5 issuing court. 6 (b) The obligees in all appearance bonds and recognizances 7 taken in and for a district court of a county before the effective date of an amendment to this chapter, and all witnesses summoned to 8 9 appear before that district court under laws existing before the effective date of an amendment to this chapter, are required to 10 appear at another district court in the county on the date that 11 12 court directs, but may not be required to appear on a date that is earlier than the date on which the obligees or witnesses were 13 14 originally required to appear. 15 Sec. 24.031. LOCATION OF COURT. (a) A district court shall sit in the county seat for a jury trial in a civil case. The 16 17 commissioners court of the county may authorize a district court to sit in any municipality within the county to hear and determine 18 19 nonjury trials in civil cases and to hear and determine motions, arguments, and other matters not heard before a jury in a civil case 20 21 that is within the court's jurisdiction. (b) The district clerk or the clerk's deputy serves as clerk 22 of the court when a court sits in a municipality other than the 23 24 municipality that is the county seat and may transfer: 25 (1) all necessary books, minutes, records, and papers 26 to that municipality while the court is in session there; and 27 (2) the books, minutes, records, and papers back to

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1	the clerk's office in the county seat at the end of each session.
2	(c) If the commissioners court authorizes a district court
3	to sit in a municipality other than the municipality that is the
4	county seat, the commissioners court shall provide suitable
5	facilities for the court in that municipality.
6	SECTION 3.05. Section 62.201, Government Code, is amended
7	to read as follows:
8	Sec. 62.201. NUMBER OF JURORS. The jury in a district court
9	is composed of 12 persons, except that the parties may agree to try
10	a particular case with <u>six</u> [ <del>fewer than 12</del> ] jurors <u>unless a jury of</u>
11	12 is required by Section 13, Article V, Texas Constitution.
12	SECTION 3.06. Section 24.013, Government Code, is repealed.
13	ARTICLE 4. JURISDICTION OF STATUTORY COUNTY COURTS
14	SECTION 4.01. Section 25.0002, Government Code, is amended
15	to read as follows:
16	Sec. 25.0002. <u>DEFINITIONS</u> [ <del>DEFINITION</del> ]. In this chapter <u>:</u>
17	(1) "Criminal law cases and proceedings" includes
18	cases and proceedings for allegations of conduct punishable in part
19	by confinement in the county jail not to exceed one year.
20	(2) "Family[ <del>, "family</del> ] law cases and proceedings"
21	includes cases and proceedings under Titles 1, 2, 4, and 5, Family
22	<u>Code</u> [involving adoptions, birth records, or removal of disability
23	of minority or coverture; change of names of persons; child
24	welfare, custody, support and reciprocal support, dependency,
25	neglect, or delinquency; paternity; termination of parental
26	rights; divorce and marriage annulment, including the adjustment of
27	property rights, custody and support of minor children involved

H.B. No. 2906 therein, temporary support pending final hearing, and every other 1 matter incident to divorce or annulment proceedings; independent 2 actions involving child support, custody of minors, and wife or 3 4 child desertion; and independent actions involving controversies 5 between parent and child, between parents, and between spouses]. 6 (3) "Juvenile law cases and proceedings" includes all cases and proceedings brought under Title 3, Family Code. 7 (4) "Mental health causes and proceedings" includes 8 9 all cases and proceedings brought under Subtitle C, Title 7, Health 10 and Safety Code. SECTION 4.02. This article takes effect September 1, 2007. 11 ARTICLE 5. ABOLITION OF CERTAIN STATUTORY COUNTY COURTS AND 12 CREATION OF ADDITIONAL JUDICIAL DISTRICTS 13 Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government 14 SECTION 5.01. (a) Code, is amended by adding Section 24.594 to read as follows: 15 Sec. 24.594. 450TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT (CALHOUN COUNTY). The 16 17 450th Judicial District is composed of Calhoun County. Sections 25.0311 and 25.0312, Government Code, are 18 (b) 19 repealed. On January 1, 2011: 20 (C) 21 (1) the County Court at Law No. 1 of Calhoun County is abolished; and 22 the 450th Judicial District is created. 23 (2)24 (d) This section takes effect January 1, 2011. SECTION 5.02. (a) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government 25 Code, is amended by adding Section 24.595 to read as follows: 26 Sec. 24.595. 451ST JUDICIAL DISTRICT (CAMERON COUNTY). The 27

H.B. No. 2906 451st Judicial District is composed of Cameron County. 1 2 Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by (b) 3 adding Section 24.596 to read as follows: 4 Sec. 24.596. 452ND JUDICIAL DISTRICT (CAMERON COUNTY). The 5 452nd Judicial District is composed of Cameron County. 6 (c) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by 7 adding Section 24.597 to read as follows: 8 Sec. 24.597. 453RD JUDICIAL DISTRICT (CAMERON COUNTY). The 9 453rd Judicial District is composed of Cameron County. 10 (d) Sections 25.0331 and 25.0332, Government Code, are 11 repealed. 12 (e) On January 1, 2011: (1) the County Court at Law No. 1 of Cameron County is 13 14 abolished; and 15 (2) the 451st Judicial District is created. On January 1, 2011: 16 (f) 17 (1)the County Court at Law No. 2 of Cameron County is abolished; and 18 the 452nd Judicial District is created. 19 (2) (g) On January 1, 2011: 20 21 (1) the County Court at Law No. 3 of Cameron County is abolished; and 22 the 453rd Judicial District is created. 23 (2) 24 (h) This section takes effect January 1, 2011. 25 SECTION 5.03. (a) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by adding Section 24.598 to read as follows: 26 Sec. 24.598. 454TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT (CASS COUNTY). 27 The

H.B. No. 2906 1 454th Judicial District is composed of Cass County. 2 Sections 25.0361 and 25.0362, Government Code, are (b) 3 repealed. 4 On January 1, 2011: (C) 5 (1) the County Court at Law of Cass County is 6 abolished; and the 454th Judicial District is created. 7 (2) 8 (d) This section takes effect January 1, 2011. SECTION 5.04. (a) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government 9 10 Code, is amended by adding Section 24.599 to read as follows: Sec. 24.599. 455TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT (DALLAS COUNTY). The 11 12 455th Judicial District is composed of Dallas County. Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by 13 (b) 14 adding Section 24.600 to read as follows: 15 Sec. 24.600. 456TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT (DALLAS COUNTY). The 456th Judicial District is composed of Dallas County. 16 17 (c) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by adding Section 24.6001 to read as follows: 18 Sec. 24.6001. 457TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT (DALLAS COUNTY). The 19 457th Judicial District is composed of Dallas County. 20 21 Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by (d) adding Section 24.6002 to read as follows: 22 Sec. 24.6002. 458TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT (DALLAS COUNTY). The 23 24 458th Judicial District is composed of Dallas County. (e) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by 25 26 adding Section 24.6003 to read as follows: 27 Sec. 24.6003. 459TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT (DALLAS COUNTY). The

1	459th Judicial District is composed of Dallas County.
2	(f) Sections 25.0591(a) and 25.0592, Government Code, are
3	repealed.
4	(g) Section 25.0593(a), Government Code, is amended to read
5	as follows:
6	(a) A county criminal court in Dallas County has the
7	criminal jurisdiction, original and appellate, provided by the
8	constitution and law for county courts and [ <del>concurrent</del> ]
9	jurisdiction [ <del>with county courts at law for Dallas County</del> ] to hear
10	appeals of the suspension of driver's licenses and original
11	proceedings regarding occupational driver's licenses.
12	(h) On January 1, 2011:
13	(1) the County Court of Dallas County at Law No. 1 is
14	abolished; and
15	(2) the 455th Judicial District is created.
16	(i) On January 1, 2011:
17	(1) the County Court of Dallas County at Law No. 2 is
18	abolished; and
19	(2) the 456th Judicial District is created.
20	(j) On January 1, 2011:
21	(1) the County Court of Dallas County at Law Number 3
22	is abolished; and
23	(2) the 457th Judicial District is created.
24	(k) On January 1, 2011:
25	(1) the County Court of Dallas County at Law Number 4
26	is abolished; and
27	(2) the 458th Judicial District is created.

H.B. No. 2906 1 (1) On January 1, 2011: 2 (1)the County Court of Dallas County at Law No. 5 is 3 abolished; and 4 (2) the 459th Judicial District is created. 5 This section takes effect January 1, 2011. (m) 6 SECTION 5.05. (a) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government 7 Code, is amended by adding Section 24.6004 to read as follows: 8 Sec. 24.6004. 460TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT (ELLIS COUNTY). The 460th Judicial District is composed of Ellis County. 9 10 (b) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by adding Section 24.6005 to read as follows: 11 Sec. 24.6005. 461ST JUDICIAL DISTRICT (ELLIS COUNTY). The 12 461st Judicial District is composed of Ellis County. 13 14 (c) Sections 25.0721 and 25.0722, Government Code, are 15 repealed. (d) On January 1, 2011: 16 17 (1) the County Court at Law of Ellis County is abolished; and 18 the 460th Judicial District is created. 19 (2) (e) On January 1, 2011: 20 21 (1) the County Court at Law No. 2 of Ellis County is abolished; and 22 the 461st Judicial District is created. 23 (2) 24 (f) This section takes effect January 1, 2011. 25 SECTION 5.06. (a) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by adding Section 24.6006 to read as follows: 26 Sec. 24.6006. 462ND JUDICIAL DISTRICT (EL PASO COUNTY). 27

1	The 462nd Judicial District is composed of El Paso County.
2	(b) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by
3	adding Section 24.6007 to read as follows:
4	Sec. 24.6007. 463RD JUDICIAL DISTRICT (EL PASO COUNTY).
5	The 463rd Judicial District is composed of El Paso County.
6	(c) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by
7	adding Section 24.6008 to read as follows:
8	Sec. 24.6008. 464TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT (EL PASO COUNTY).
9	The 464th Judicial District is composed of El Paso County.
10	(d) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by
11	adding Section 24.6009 to read as follows:
12	Sec. 24.6009. 465TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT (EL PASO COUNTY).
13	The 465th Judicial District is composed of El Paso County.
14	(e) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by
15	adding Section 24.60010 to read as follows:
16	Sec. 24.60010. 466TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT (EL PASO COUNTY).
17	The 466th Judicial District is composed of El Paso County.
18	(f) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by
19	adding Section 24.60011 to read as follows:
20	Sec. 24.60011. 467TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT (EL PASO COUNTY).
21	The 467th Judicial District is composed of El Paso County.
22	(g) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by
23	adding Section 24.60012 to read as follows:
24	Sec. 24.60012. 468TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT (EL PASO COUNTY).
25	The 468th Judicial District is composed of El Paso County.
26	(h) Section 25.0731(a), Government Code, is amended to read
27	as follows:

El Paso County has the following statutory county 1 (a) 2 courts: 3 (1)[County Court at Law No. 1 of El Paso County, 4 Texas; 5 [(2)]County Court at Law No. 2 of El Paso County, 6 Texas; 7 [(3) County Court at Law No. 3 of El Paso County, 8 Texas; [(4) County Court at Law No. 9 4 <u>of El Paso</u> County, 10 Texas; 11 [(5) County Court at Law No. 5 of El Paso County, 12 Texas; 13 [(6) County Court at Law No. 6 of El Paso County, 14 Texas; 15 [<del>(7)</del> County Court at Law No. El Paso of<u>County</u> 16 Texas; 17 [(8)] County Criminal Court at Law No. 1 of El Paso County, Texas; and 18 (2) [(9)] County Criminal Court at Law No. 2 of El Paso 19 20 County, Texas. (i) Sections 25.0732(i) and (r), Government Code, are 21 repealed. 22 On January 1, 2011: 23 (j) 24 (1) the County Court at Law No. 1 of El Paso County, 25 Texas, is abolished; and (2) the 462nd Judicial District is created. 26 On January 1, 2011: 27 (k)

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H.B. No. 2906 1 (1) the County Court at Law No. 2 of El Paso County, 2 Texas, is abolished; and (2) the 463rd Judicial District is created. 3 4 (1)On January 1, 2011: 5 (1) the County Court at Law No. 3 of El Paso County, 6 Texas, is abolished; and the 464th Judicial District is created. 7 (2) 8 (m) On January 1, 2011: 9 (1)the County Court at Law No. 4 of El Paso County, Texas, is abolished; and 10 (2) the 465th Judicial District is created. 11 On January 1, 2011: 12 (n) the County Court at Law No. 5 of El Paso County, 13 (1)Texas, is abolished; and 14 15 (2) the 466th Judicial District is created. 16 (o) On January 1, 2011: 17 (1) the County Court at Law No. 6 of El Paso County, Texas, is abolished; and 18 (2) the 467th Judicial District is created. 19 On January 1, 2011: 20 (p) 21 (1) the County Court at Law No. 7 of El Paso County, Texas, is abolished; and 22 (2) the 468th Judicial District is created. 23 24 (q) This section takes effect January 1, 2011. 25 SECTION 5.07. (a) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by adding Section 24.60013 to read as follows: 26 Sec. 24.60013. 469TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT (GALVESTON COUNTY). 27

1	The 469th Judicial District is composed of Galveston County.
2	(b) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by
3	adding Section 24.60014 to read as follows:
4	Sec. 24.60014. 470th JUDICIAL DISTRICT (GALVESTON COUNTY).
5	The 470th Judicial District is composed of Galveston County.
6	(c) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by
7	adding Section 24.60015 to read as follows:
8	Sec. 24.60015. 471ST JUDICIAL DISTRICT (GALVESTON COUNTY).
9	The 471st Judicial District is composed of Galveston County.
10	(d) Sections 25.0862(i), (j), (k), and (l), Government
11	Code, are amended to read as follows:
12	(i) The clerk of the [ <del>statutory county courts and</del> ] statutory
13	probate court shall [keep a separate docket for each court. The
14	clerk shall] tax the official court reporter's fees as costs in
15	civil actions in the same manner as the fee is taxed in civil cases
16	in the district courts. The [district clerk serves as clerk of the
17	county courts in a cause of action arising under the Family Code and
18	an appeal of a final ruling or decision of the division of workers'
19	compensation of the Texas Department of Insurance regarding
20	workers' compensation claims, and the] county clerk serves as clerk
21	of the court in all [ <del>other</del> ] cases.

(j) The sheriff shall appoint a deputy to attend [County Court No. 1, 2, or 3 of Galveston County or] the Probate Court of Galveston County when required by the judge.

(k) The official court reporter of <u>the</u> [each statutory
 county court and each] statutory probate court is entitled to the
 same compensation, paid in the same manner, as the official court

1 reporters of the district courts in Galveston County. <u>The</u> [Each]
2 reporter is primarily responsible for cases in the reporter's
3 court.

4 (1) The official court [Each] reporter may be made available when not engaged in proceedings in the reporter's [their] court to 5 6 report proceedings in all other courts. [Practice, appeals, and 7 writs of error in a statutory county court are as prescribed by law 8 for county courts and county courts at law. Appeals and writs of 9 error may be taken from judgments and orders of the County Courts Nos. 1, 2, and 3 of Galveston County and the judges, in civil and 10 criminal cases, in the manner prescribed by law for appeals and 11 writs of error. Appeals from interlocutory orders of the County 12 Courts Nos. 1, 2, and 3 appointing a receiver or overruling a motion 13 14 to vacate or appoint a receiver may be taken and are governed by the 15 laws relating to appeals from similar orders of district courts.]

16 (e) Sections 25.0861(a) and 25.0862(a), (b), (g), (h), (m),
 17 and (n), Government Code, are repealed.

18

(f) On January 1, 2011:

19 (1) the County Court No. 1 of Galveston County is20 abolished; and

21

(2) the 469th Judicial District is created.

22 (g) On January 1, 2011:

(1) the County Court No. 2 of Galveston County isabolished; and

(2) the 470th Judicial District is created.
(h) On January 1, 2011:
(1) the County Court No. 3 of Galveston County is

1 abolished; and 2 the 471st Judicial District is created. (2) 3 (i) This section takes effect January 1, 2011. SECTION 5.08. (a) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government 4 5 Code, is amended by adding Section 24.60016 to read as follows: 6 Sec. 24.60016. 472ND JUDICIAL DISTRICT (GREGG COUNTY). The 472nd Judicial District is composed of Gregg County. 7 8 (b) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by 9 adding Section 24.60017 to read as follows: Sec. 24.60017. 473RD JUDICIAL DISTRICT (GREGG COUNTY). The 10 473rd Judicial District is composed of Gregg County. 11 12 (c) Sections 25.0941 and 25.0942, Government Code, are repealed. 13 14 (d) On January 1, 2011: 15 (1) the County Court at Law No. 1 of Gregg County is abolished; and 16 the 472nd Judicial District is created. 17 (2) On January 1, 2011: 18 (e) the County Court at Law No. 2 of Gregg County is 19 (1)abolished; and 20 the 473rd Judicial District is created. 21 (2)(f) This section takes effect January 1, 2011. 22 SECTION 5.09. (a) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government 23 24 Code, is amended by adding Section 24.60018 to read as follows: 25 Sec. 24.60018. 474TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT (HIDALGO COUNTY). 26 The 474th Judicial District is composed of Hidalgo County. Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by 27 (b)

1 adding Section 24.60019 to read as follows: 2 Sec. 24.60019. 475TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT (HIDALGO COUNTY). The 475th Judicial District is composed of Hidalgo County. 3 Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by 4 (c) 5 adding Section 24.60020 to read as follows: 6 Sec. 24.60020. 476TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT (HIDALGO COUNTY). 7 The 476th Judicial District is composed of Hidalgo County. 8 (d) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by 9 adding Section 24.60021 to read as follows: Sec. 24.60021. 477TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT (HIDALGO COUNTY). 10 The 477th Judicial District is composed of Hidalgo County. 11 12 (e) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by adding Section 24.60022 to read as follows: 13 14 Sec. 24.60022. 478TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT (HIDALGO COUNTY). 15 The 478th Judicial District is composed of Hidalgo County. Sections 25.1101(a) and (c) and 25.1102, Government 16 (f) 17 Code, are repealed. (g) On January 1, 2011: 18 19 (1)the County Court at Law No. 1 of Hidalgo County is abolished; and 20 the 474th Judicial District is created. 21 (2) On January 1, 2011: 22 (h) the County Court at Law No. 2 of Hidalgo County is 23 (1)24 abolished; and (2) the 475th Judicial District is created. 25 26 (i) On January 1, 2011: 27 (1) the County Court at Law No. 4 of Hidalgo County is

1 abolished; and 2 the 476th Judicial District is created. (2) 3 (j) On January 1, 2011: 4 (1) the County Court at Law No. 5 of Hidalgo County is 5 abolished; and 6 (2) the 477th Judicial District is created. 7 On January 1, 2011: (k) 8 (1)the County Court at Law No. 6 of Hidalgo County is 9 abolished; and the 478th Judicial District is created. 10 (2)(1) This section takes effect January 1, 2011. 11 SECTION 5.10. (a) 12 Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by adding Section 24.60023 to read as follows: 13 14 Sec. 24.60023. 479TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT (HOOD COUNTY). The 15 479th Judicial District is composed of Hood County. Sections 25.1131 and 25.1132, Government Code, are 16 (b) 17 repealed. On January 1, 2011: (C) 18 the County Court at Law No. 1 of Hood County is 19 (1)abolished; and 20 the 479th Judicial District is created. 21 (2) (d) This section takes effect January 1, 2011. 22 SECTION 5.11. (a) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government 23 24 Code, is amended by adding Section 24.60024 to read as follows: 25 Sec. 24.60024. 480TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT (KAUFMAN COUNTY). 26 The 480th Judicial District is composed of Kaufman County. 27 Section 25.1311, Government Code, is amended to read as (b)

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1 follows: Sec. 25.1311. KAUFMAN COUNTY. Kaufman County has one [the 2 3 following] statutory county court, [courts: 4 [(1) the County Court at Law of Kaufman County; and 5 [(2)] the County Court at Law No. 2 of Kaufman County. 6 (c) Section 25.1312(b-1), Government Code, is amended to read as follows: 7 8 (b-1) A statutory county court in [The County Court at Law 9 No. 2 of] Kaufman County does not have jurisdiction of civil cases in which the amount in controversy exceeds the limit prescribed by 10 Section 25.0003(c)(1). 11 (d) On January 1, 2011: 12 (1) the County Court at Law of Kaufman County is 13 14 abolished; and 15 (2) the 480th Judicial District is created. 16 (e) This section takes effect January 1, 2011. 17 SECTION 5.12. (a) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by adding Section 24.60025 to read as follows: 18 Sec. 24.60025. 481ST JUDICIAL DISTRICT (KENDALL COUNTY). 19 The 481st Judicial District is composed of Kendall County. 20 21 (b) Sections 25.1321 and 25.1322, Government Code, are repealed. 22 On January 1, 2011: 23 (C) 24 (1) the County Court at Law of Kendall County is 25 abolished; and (2) the 481st Judicial District is created. 26 This section takes effect January 1, 2011. 27 (d)

SECTION 5.13. (a) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government 1 2 Code, is amended by adding Section 24.60026 to read as follows: Sec. 24.60026. 482ND JUDICIAL DISTRICT (MIDLAND COUNTY). 3 4 The 482nd Judicial District is composed of Midland County. 5 Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by (b) 6 adding Section 24.60027 to read as follows: Sec. 24.60027. 483RD JUDICIAL DISTRICT (MIDLAND COUNTY). 7 The 483rd Judicial District is composed of Midland County. 8 Sections 25.1671 and 25.1672, Government Code, are 9 (c) 10 repealed. On January 1, 2011: 11 (d) 12 (1)the County Court at Law of Midland County is abolished; and 13 the 482nd Judicial District is created. 14 (2) 15 (e) On January 1, 2011: the County Court at Law No. 2 of Midland County is 16 (1)17 abolished; and the 483rd Judicial District is created. (2) 18 19 (f) This section takes effect January 1, 2011. SECTION 5.14. (a) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government 20 21 Code, is amended by adding Section 24.60028 to read as follows: Sec. 24.60028. 484TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT (NUECES COUNTY). 22 The 484th Judicial District is composed of Nueces County. 23 24 (b) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by 25 adding Section 24.60029 to read as follows: 26 Sec. 24.60029. 485TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT (NUECES COUNTY). 27 The 485th Judicial District is composed of Nueces County.

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H.B. No. 2906 1 (c) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by 2 adding Section 24.60030 to read as follows: Sec. 24.60030. 486TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT (NUECES COUNTY). 3 4 The 486th Judicial District is composed of Nueces County. 5 Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by (d) 6 adding Section 24.60031 to read as follows: Sec. 24.60031. 487TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT (NUECES COUNTY). 7 8 The 487th Judicial District is composed of Nueces County. 9 Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by (e) adding Section 24.60032 to read as follows: 10 Sec. 24.60032. 488TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT (NUECES COUNTY). 11 The 488th Judicial District is composed of Nueces County. 12 Sections 24.130(d), 24.196(d), 24.207(d), 24.219(d), 13 (f) 24.353(c), 24.393(c), 24.493(b), 24.627(c), 25.1801, and 25.1802, 14 15 Government Code, are repealed. (g) On January 1, 2011: 16 17 (1) the County Court at Law No. 1 of Nueces County is abolished; and 18 the 484th Judicial District is created. 19 (2) 20 (h) On January 1, 2011: 21 (1) the County Court at Law No. 2 of Nueces County is abolished; and 22 the 485th Judicial District is created. 23 (2) 24 (i) On January 1, 2011: 25 the County Court at Law No. 3 of Nueces County is (1)26 abolished; and the 486th Judicial District is created. 27 (2)

H.B. No. 2906 1 (j) On January 1, 2011: 2 (1)the County Court at Law No. 4 of Nueces County is abolished; and 3 4 (2) the 487th Judicial District is created. 5 On January 1, 2011: (k) 6 (1)the County Court at Law No. 5 of Nueces County is 7 abolished; and the 488th Judicial District is created. 8 (2) 9 (1)This section takes effect January 1, 2011. SECTION 5.15. (a) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government 10 Code, is amended by adding Section 24.60033 to read as follows: 11 Sec. 24.60033. 489TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT (PANOLA COUNTY). 12 The 489th Judicial District is composed of Panola County. 13 Sections 25.1851 and 25.1852, Government Code, are 14 (b) 15 repealed. (c) On January 1, 2011: 16 17 (1) the County Court at Law of Panola County is abolished; and 18 the 489th Judicial District is created. 19 (2) This section takes effect January 1, 2011. 20 (d) SECTION 5.16. (a) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government 21 Code, is amended by adding Section 24.60034 to read as follows: 22 Sec. 24.60034. 490TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT (PARKER COUNTY). 23 24 The 490th Judicial District is composed of Parker County. 25 Effective January 1, 2011, Subchapter C, Chapter 24, (b) Government Code, is amended by adding Section 24.60035 to read as 26 follows: 27

1	Sec. 24.60035. 491ST JUDICIAL DISTRICT (PARKER COUNTY).
2	The 491st Judicial District is composed of Parker County.
3	(c) Section 25.1861(a), Government Code, is amended to read
4	as follows:
5	(a) Parker County has <u>one</u> [ <del>the following</del> ] statutory county
6	<u>court,</u> [ <del>courts:</del>
7	[ <del>(1)</del> ] the County Court at Law of Parker County[ <del>; and</del>
8	[(2) the County Court at Law No. 2 of Parker County].
9	(d) Effective January 1, 2011, Sections 25.1861, 25.1862,
10	and 25.1863, Government Code, are repealed.
11	(e) On January 1, 2009:
12	(1) the County Court at Law No. 2 of Parker County is
13	abolished; and
14	(2) the 490th Judicial District is created.
15	(f) On January 1, 2011:
16	(1) the County Court at Law of Parker County is
17	abolished; and
18	(2) the 491st Judicial District is created.
19	(g) Notwithstanding Subsection (h) of this section, for
20	purposes of Section 201.027, Election Code, the effective date of
21	Subsection (b) of this section is January 1, 2011.
22	(h) This section takes effect January 1, 2009.
23	SECTION 5.17. (a) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government
24	Code, is amended by adding Section 24.60036 to read as follows:
25	Sec. 24.60036. 492ND JUDICIAL DISTRICT (RANDALL COUNTY).
26	The 492nd Judicial District is composed of Randall County.
27	(b) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by

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1	Sec. 24.60039. 495TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT (RUSK COUNTY). The
2	495th Judicial District is composed of Rusk County.
3	(b) Sections 25.2031 and 25.2032, Government Code, are
4	repealed.
5	(c) On January 1, 2011:
6	(1) the County Court at Law of Rusk County is
7	abolished; and
8	(2) the 495th Judicial District is created.
9	(d) This section takes effect January 1, 2011.
10	SECTION 5.20. (a) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government
11	Code, is amended by adding Section 24.60040 to read as follows:
12	Sec. 24.60040. 496TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT (SMITH COUNTY). The
13	496th Judicial District is composed of Smith County.
14	(b) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by
15	adding Section 24.60041 to read as follows:
16	Sec. 24.60041. 497TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT (SMITH COUNTY). The
17	497th Judicial District is composed of Smith County.
18	(c) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by
19	adding Section 24.60042 to read as follows:
20	Sec. 24.60042. 498TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT (SMITH COUNTY). The
21	498th Judicial District is composed of Smith County.
22	(d) Sections 25.2141 and 25.2142, Government Code, are
23	repealed.
24	(e) On January 1, 2011:
25	(1) the County Court at Law of Smith County is
26	abolished; and
27	(2) the 496th Judicial District is created.

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1	(f) On January 1, 2011:
2	(1) the County Court at Law No. 2 of Smith County is
3	abolished; and
4	(2) the 497th Judicial District is created.
5	(g) On January 1, 2011:
6	(1) the County Court at Law No. 3 of Smith County is
7	abolished; and
8	(2) the 498th Judicial District is created.
9	(h) This section takes effect January 1, 2011.
10	SECTION 5.21. (a) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government
11	Code, is amended by adding Section 24.60043 to read as follows:
12	Sec. 24.60043. 499TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT (TRAVIS COUNTY).
13	The 499th Judicial District is composed of Travis County.
14	(b) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by
15	adding Section 24.60044 to read as follows:
16	Sec. 24.60044. 500TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT (TRAVIS COUNTY).
17	The 500th Judicial District is composed of Travis County.
18	(c) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by
19	adding Section 24.60045 to read as follows:
20	Sec. 24.60045. 501ST JUDICIAL DISTRICT (TRAVIS COUNTY).
21	The 501st Judicial District is composed of Travis County.
22	(d) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by
23	adding Section 24.60046 to read as follows:
24	Sec. 24.60046. 502ND JUDICIAL DISTRICT (TRAVIS COUNTY).
25	The 502nd Judicial District is composed of Travis County.
26	(e) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by
27	adding Section 24.60047 to read as follows:

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1	Sec. 24.60047. 503RD JUDICIAL DISTRICT (TRAVIS COUNTY).
2	The 503rd Judicial District is composed of Travis County.
3	(f) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by
4	adding Section 24.60048 to read as follows:
5	Sec. 24.60048. 504TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT (TRAVIS COUNTY).
6	The 504th Judicial District is composed of Travis County.
7	(g) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by
8	adding Section 24.60049 to read as follows:
9	Sec. 24.60049. 505TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT (TRAVIS COUNTY).
10	The 505th Judicial District is composed of Travis County.
11	(h) Sections 25.2293(c) and (k), Government Code, are
12	amended to read as follows:
13	(c) A statutory probate court has eminent domain
14	jurisdiction. All actions, cases, matters, or proceedings of
15	eminent domain arising under Chapter 21, Property Code, or under
16	Section 251.101, Transportation Code, shall be filed and docketed
17	in Probate Court No. 1 of Travis County. A statutory probate court
18	may transfer an eminent domain proceeding to a <u>district</u> [ <del>county</del> ]
19	court [ <del>at law</del> ] in the county.
20	(k) [ <del>The jurisdiction and authority vested by law in the</del>
21	county court for the drawing, selection, and service of jurors
22	shall be exercised by the statutory county courts.] Juries
23	summoned for any statutory probate court [ <del>or county court at law</del> ]
24	may, by order of the judge [ <del>of the court in which they are</del>
25	<pre>summoned], be transferred to any of the other courts in the county</pre>
26	to serve and may be used as if summoned for the court to which they
27	are transferred.

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H.B. No. 2906 (1) The County Court at Law Number 7 of Travis County 2 is abolished; and

3

(2) the 505th Judicial District is created.

4

(q) This section takes effect January 1, 2011.

5 SECTION 5.22. Subchapter A, Chapter 24, Government Code, is 6 amended by adding Section 24.0081 to read as follows:

7 Sec. 24.0081. OTHER JURISDICTION OF CERTAIN COURTS. (a) In addition to other jurisdiction provided by law, the 450th, 451st, 8 452nd, 453rd, 454th, 460th, 461st, 469th, 470th, 471st, 472nd, 9 10 473rd, 474th, 475th, 476th, 477th, 478th, 480th, 481st, 482nd, 483rd, 484th, 485th, 486th, 487th, 488th, 489th, 490th, 491st, 11 12 492nd, 493rd, 494th, 495th, 496th, 497th, 498th, 499th, 500th, 501st, 502nd, 503rd, 504th, and 505th District Courts have the 13 14 criminal jurisdiction of a county court. Notwithstanding Section 15 26.045(a), the jurisdiction of a county court described by that section is concurrent with the jurisdiction of the district court 16 provided by this subsection. 17

(b) In addition to other jurisdiction provided by law, the 18 450th, 451st, 452nd, 453rd, 454th, 455th, 456th, 457th, 458th, 19 459th, 460th, 461st, 462nd, 463rd, 464th, 465th, 466th, 467th, 20 21 468th, 469th, 470th, 471st, 472nd, 473rd, 474th, 475th, 476th, 22 477th, 478th, 480th, 481st, 482nd, 483rd, 484th, 485th, 486th, 487th, 488th, 489th, 490th, 491st, 492nd, 493rd, 494th, 495th, 23 24 496th, 497th, 498th, 499th, 500th, 501st, 502nd, 503rd, 504th, and 505th District Courts have the appellate jurisdiction of a county 25 26 court. The jurisdiction of a county court described by Section 26.046 is concurrent with the jurisdiction of the district court 27

## 1 provided by this subsection.

2 (c) In addition to other jurisdiction provided by law, the 450th, 451st, 452nd, 453rd, 454th, 460th, 461st, 472nd, 473rd, 3 4 480th, 481st, 482nd, 483rd, 484th, 485th, 486th, 487th, 488th, 489th, 490th, 491st, 492nd, 493rd, 494th, 495th, 496th, 497th, and 5 6 498th District Courts have the jurisdiction of a county court in probate matters and proceedings under Subtitle C, Title 7, Health 7 and Safety Code. The jurisdiction of a county court described by 8 9 Section 26.052 is concurrent with the jurisdiction of the district 10 court provided by this section.

SECTION 5.23. Notwithstanding Section 24.311, Government 11 Code, and except as provided by Section 5.24 of this article, the 12 initial vacancy in the office of judge of a judicial district 13 created by this article shall be filled by election. 14 Except as 15 provided by Section 5.24 of this article, the office of judge of a judicial district created by this article exists for purposes of 16 17 the primary and general elections in 2010. A vacancy after the initial vacancy is filled as provided by Section 28, Article V, 18 Texas Constitution. 19

20 SECTION 5.24. Notwithstanding Section 24.311, Government 21 Code, the initial vacancy in the offices of judge of the 490th and 22 494th judicial districts shall be filled by election. The offices 23 of judge of those judicial districts exist for purposes of the 24 primary and general elections in 2008. A vacancy after the initial 25 vacancy is filled as provided by Section 28, Article V, Texas 26 Constitution.

27

SECTION 5.25. On and after the date on which a statutory

1 county court is abolished in accordance with this article:

2 (1) a reference in law to that court with respect to a 3 case or proceeding means another court in the same county with 4 jurisdiction over the case or proceeding; and

5 (2) a reference in law to the judge of that court, 6 including a reference in Chapter 152, Human Resources Code, means 7 the judge of the district court created by the same subsection of 8 the section of this article that provides for the date of abolition 9 of the statutory court.

10 SECTION 5.26. (a) The local administrative statutory 11 county court judge shall, on the date a statutory county court in 12 the county the local administrative judge serves is abolished in 13 accordance with this article, transfer all cases pending in that 14 court immediately before the abolition to the district court 15 created by the same subsection of the section of this article that 16 provides for the date of abolition of the statutory county court.

17 (b) When a case is transferred as provided by Subsection (a) of this section, all processes, writs, bonds, recognizances, or 18 other obligations issued from the transferring court are returnable 19 to the court to which the case is transferred as if originally 20 issued by that court. The obligees on all bonds and recognizances 21 taken in and for the transferring court and all witnesses summoned 22 to appear in the transferring court are required to appear before 23 24 the court to which the case is transferred as if taken in or for required to appear before that court. 25

26 SECTION 5.27. It is an exception to the application of 27 Section 255.006, Election Code, that a person making a

1 representation described by that section represents that a judge 2 who, immediately before the date a statutory county court was abolished in accordance with this article, was serving as the judge 3 of that court and who is a candidate to fill the initial vacancy in 4 5 the office of judge of the district court created by the same 6 subsection of the section of this article that provides for the date 7 of abolition of the statutory county court for which the person 8 formerly served as judge, holds the office of judge of that district 9 court.

10 SECTION 5.28. (a) This section applies only to a person 11 who:

(1) immediately before the date a statutory county court was abolished in accordance with this article, was serving as the judge of that court; and

15 (2) is elected to serve and takes office as the initial 16 judge of the district court created by the same subsection of the 17 section of this article that provides for the date of abolition of 18 the statutory county court for which the person formerly served as 19 judge.

Not later than the 30th day after the date a person to 20 (b) 21 whom this section applies takes office as the initial judge of a district court described by Subsection (a)(2) of this section, the 22 person may make an irrevocable election to remain a member of the 23 24 retirement system provided by the county formerly served by the statutory county court described by Subsection (a)(1) of this 25 26 section. A person who elects to remain a member of the retirement 27 system provided by that county is not eligible for membership in the

1 Judicial Retirement System of Texas Plan Two.

(c) An election under this section is governed by procedures
adopted by the Judicial Retirement System of Texas Plan Two. As
soon as practicable after an election is made, the Judicial
Retirement System of Texas Plan Two shall notify the applicable
county and the retirement system of the person's election.

7 (d) A person who elects to remain a member of the retirement 8 system provided by the county under this section is required to 9 contribute to that retirement system at the rate required of other 10 members of that system for current service. The person's 11 contribution under this section shall be made as follows:

12 (1) each payroll period the payroll officer 13 responsible for paying the state compensation of a judicial officer 14 shall:

15 (A) make the required deductions from the16 district court judge's state compensation; and

17 (B) pay the deducted amounts to the county that 18 participates in the retirement system of which the person is a 19 member; and

(2) the county shall pay or cause to be paid to the
retirement system at the system's office the amounts the county
receives under Subdivision (1)(B) of this subsection.

(e) On behalf of a person who elects to remain a member of the retirement system provided by the county, the state shall contribute to that retirement system an amount equal to the amount of the person's member contribution under Subsection (d) of this section. The state contribution required under this subsection

1 shall be made as follows:

2 (1) the state shall pay the amount of the state
3 contribution to a county that participates in the retirement system
4 of which the person is a member; and

5 (2) the county shall pay or cause to be paid to the 6 retirement system at the system's office the contribution received 7 from the state under Subdivision (1) of this subsection.

8 (f) A person who does not elect to remain a member of a 9 county-provided retirement system under Subsection (b) of this 10 section is considered to have chosen membership in the Judicial 11 Retirement System of Texas Plan Two.

12 ARTICLE 6. PROVISIONS RELATING TO JUSTICE AND SMALL CLAIMS COURTS

13 SECTION 6.01. Section 27.004(b), Government Code, is 14 amended to read as follows:

15 (b) A person who has possession of dockets, books, or papers belonging to the office of any justice of the peace shall deliver 16 17 them to the justice on demand. If the person refuses to deliver them, on a motion supported by an affidavit, the person may be 18 attached and imprisoned by the order of the district court [county 19 judge] until the person makes delivery. [The county judge may issue 20 the order in termtime or vacation.] The person against whom the 21 motion is made must be given three days' notice of the motion before 22 the person may be attached. 23

24 SECTION 6.02. Section 27.031(a), Government Code, is 25 amended to read as follows:

(a) In addition to the jurisdiction and powers provided bythe constitution and other law, the justice court has original

1 jurisdiction of:

2 (1) civil matters in which exclusive jurisdiction is 3 not in the district or county court and in which the amount in 4 controversy is not more than <u>\$10,000</u> [<del>\$5,000</del>], exclusive of 5 interest;

6

(2) cases of forcible entry and detainer; and

7 (3) foreclosure of mortgages and enforcement of liens
8 on personal property in cases in which the amount in controversy is
9 otherwise within the justice court's jurisdiction.

SECTION 6.03. Subchapter B, Chapter 27, Government Code, is amended by adding Section 27.035 to read as follows:

Sec. 27.035. LIMITATION ON AWARDS. A justice court may not award a judgment that exceeds \$10,000, exclusive of interest and costs of court.

SECTION 6.04. Subchapter C, Chapter 27, Government Code, is amended by adding Section 27.060 to read as follows:

Sec. 27.060. SMALL CLAIMS. A justice court shall conduct proceedings in a small claims case, as that term is defined by the supreme court, in accordance with rules of civil procedure promulgated by the supreme court to ensure the fair, expeditious, and inexpensive resolution of small claims cases.

22 SECTION 6.05. (a) Chapter 28, Government Code, is 23 repealed.

(b) On the effective date of this section, each small claims
court under Chapter 28, Government Code, is abolished.

26 SECTION 6.06. Not later than July 1, 2008, the Texas Supreme 27 Court shall promulgate rules to define cases that constitute small

claims cases and rules of civil procedure applicable to those cases as required by Section 27.060, Government Code, as added by this article. The justices of the supreme court shall appoint an advisory committee to assist the court in developing the rules.

5 SECTION 6.07. (a) Immediately before the date the small 6 claims court in a county is abolished in accordance with this 7 article, the justice of the peace sitting as judge of that court 8 shall transfer all cases pending in the court to a justice court in 9 the county.

10 (b) When a case is transferred as provided by Subsection (a) of this section, all processes, writs, bonds, recognizances, or 11 other obligations issued from the transferring court are returnable 12 to the court to which the case is transferred as if originally 13 14 issued by that court. The obligees on all bonds and recognizances 15 taken in and for the transferring court and all witnesses summoned to appear in the transferring court are required to appear before 16 17 the court to which the case is transferred as if originally required to appear before that court. 18

SECTION 6.08. Sections 6.04 and 6.05 of this article take effect July 1, 2008.

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## ARTICLE 7. COURT ADMINISTRATION

22 SECTION 7.01. Section 74.005, Government Code, is amended 23 to read as follows:

Sec. 74.005. APPOINTMENT OF REGIONAL PRESIDING JUDGES. (a) The <u>chief justice of the supreme court</u> [<del>governor, with the advice</del> and consent of the senate,] shall appoint one judge in each administrative region as presiding judge of the region.

H.B. No. 2906 (b) On the death, resignation, <u>removal</u>, or expiration of the 1 2 term of office of a presiding judge, the chief justice of the 3 supreme court [governor] immediately shall appoint or reappoint a 4 presiding judge. 5 SECTION 7.02. Section 74.044, Government Code, is amended 6 to read as follows: Sec. 74.044. TERM OF PRESIDING JUDGE. 7 A presiding judge 8 serves for a term of office of four years from the date of qualification as the presiding judge, subject to removal by the 9 10 supreme court for good cause. ARTICLE 8. JUDICIAL PANELS ON MULTIDISTRICT LITIGATION AND COMPLEX 11 12 CASES SECTION 8.01. Subchapter H, Chapter 74, Government Code, is 13 14 amended by adding Section 74.165 to read as follows: 15 Sec. 74.165. LIMITATION. If a civil case is being or has been considered for transfer under this subchapter by the judicial 16 17 panel on multidistrict litigation, the case may not be referred to the judicial panel on complex cases under Subchapter I for a 18 19 determination of whether the case is complex, regardless of whether the judicial panel on multidistrict litigation transfers the case. 20 21 SECTION 8.02. Chapter 74, Government Code, is amended by adding Subchapter I to read as follows: 22 23 SUBCHAPTER I. JUDICIAL PANEL ON COMPLEX CASES 24 Sec. 74.181. DEFINITION. In this subchapter, "panel" means 25 the judicial panel on complex cases established under Section 74.182. 26 27 Sec. 74.182. JUDICIAL PANEL ON COMPLEX CASES. The judicial

panel on complex cases consists of five members designated by the 1 2 chief justice of the supreme court. The members of the panel must be active court of appeals justices or regional presiding judges. 3 4 Sec. 74.183. OPERATION AND RULES IN GENERAL. (a) The panel 5 must operate according to rules of practice and procedure adopted 6 by the supreme court under Section 74.024. 7 (b) The panel may prescribe additional rules for the conduct 8 of its business not inconsistent with the law or rules adopted by the supreme court, including rules adopted under Section 74.184. 9 Sec. 74.184. RULES TO GUIDE DETERMINATION OF WHETHER CASE 10 IS COMPLEX. (a) The supreme court shall adopt rules regarding the 11 12 types of civil cases that constitute complex cases. (b) In developing the rules, the supreme court shall 13 14 consider the following factors with respect to a type of civil case: 15 (1) whether there are likely to be a large number of 16 separately represented parties; 17 (2) whether coordination may be necessary with related actions pending in one or more courts in other counties, states, or 18 19 countries, or in a United States federal court; (3) whether it would be beneficial for the case to be 20 21 heard by a judge who is knowledgeable in the specific area of the 22 law involved; (4) whether it is likely that there will be numerous 23 24 pretrial motions, or that pretrial motions will present difficult 25 or novel legal issues that will be time-consuming to resolve; 26 (5) whether it is likely that there will be a large number of witnesses or a substantial amount of documentary 27

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1	evidence;
2	(6) whether it is likely that substantial
3	post-judgment supervision will be required;
4	(7) whether it is likely that the amount in
5	controversy will exceed an amount specified by the supreme court;
6	and
7	(8) whether there is likely to be scientific,
8	technical, medical, or other evidence that requires specialized
9	knowledge.
10	Sec. 74.185. DETERMINATION BY PANEL. (a) On the motion of
11	a party to a civil case, the judge of the court in which the case is
12	pending shall refer the case to the panel for a determination of
13	whether the case constitutes a complex case.
14	(b) Using the rules adopted by the supreme court under
15	Section 74.184, the panel shall determine whether the case is a
16	complex case. The concurrence of three panel members is necessary
17	to make the determination that the case is complex.
18	Sec. 74.186. ASSIGNMENT OF JUDGE. (a) On determining that
19	a case is a complex case, the panel shall assign a judge to hear the
20	case. The panel may assign:
21	(1) an active judge from the administrative region in
22	which the court from which the case was referred is located; or
23	(2) a retired or former judge from any administrative
24	region, provided that the retired or former judge agrees to travel
25	to the administrative region described by Subdivision (1) to
26	preside over the case.
27	(b) A retired or former judge assigned to preside over a

1	complex case is not subject to an objection under Section 74.053,
2	other than an objection made as authorized by Section 74.053(d).
3	Sec. 74.187. LIMITATION. If a civil case is or has been
4	referred to the panel for a determination of whether the case is
5	complex, the case may not be transferred by the judicial panel on
6	multidistrict litigation as provided by Subchapter H, regardless of
7	the determination made by the panel under this subchapter.
8	Sec. 74.188. MANDAMUS. On the determination by the panel
9	that a case is not complex, a party to the case may apply to the
10	supreme court for a writ of mandamus to the panel for a
11	determination to the contrary. The supreme court shall review the
12	application under an abuse of discretion standard.
13	SECTION 8.03. Subchapter B, Chapter 51, Civil Practice and
14	Remedies Code, is amended by adding Section 51.016 to read as
15	follows:
16	Sec. 51.016. PERMISSIVE APPEALS IN MULTIDISTRICT
17	LITIGATION AND COMPLEX CASES. The judge of a district court to
18	which multidistrict litigation has been transferred under Section
19	74.162, Government Code, or the judge of a district court assigned
20	to hear a complex case under Section 74.186, Government Code, may by
21	written order permit an appeal from an interlocutory order made in
22	the case if:
23	(1) the interlocutory order is not otherwise
24	<pre>appealable;</pre>
25	(2) the interlocutory order involves a controlling
26	question of law with respect to which there is a substantial ground
27	for differences of opinion; and

H.B. No. 2906 1 (3) an immediate appeal from the interlocutory order 2 may materially advance the ultimate termination of the litigation. SECTION 8.04. Not later than January 1, 2008, the Texas 3 4 Supreme Court shall adopt rules regarding complex cases and designate the initial members of the judicial panel on complex 5 cases required by Subchapter I, Chapter 74, Government Code, as 6 added by this Act. 7 SECTION 8.05. The changes in law made by this article apply 8 to cases pending on or after January 1, 2008. 9 ARTICLE 9. GENERAL EFFECTIVE DATE 10 11 SECTION 9.01. Except as otherwise provided by this Act, this Act takes effect September 1, 2007. 12