By: Hill

## H.B. No. 3194

Substitute the following for H.B. No. 3194: By: Hill C.S.H.B. No. 3194

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

## 1 AN ACT 2 relating to binding arbitration of certain appraisal review board 3 orders. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: 4 SECTION 1. Section 41A.01, Tax Code, is amended to read as 5 follows: 6 Sec. 41A.01. RIGHT OF APPEAL BY PROPERTY OWNER. (a) Except 7 as provided by Subsection (b), as [As] an alternative to filing an 8 appeal under Section 42.01, a property owner is entitled to appeal 9 through binding arbitration under this chapter an appraisal review 10 11 board order determining a protest filed under Section 41.41(a)(1) 12 or (2) concerning [the appraised or market value of] real property 13 if: 14 (1) the property qualifies as the owner's residence homestead under Section 11.13; 15 (2) the appraised or market value, as applicable, of 16 the property as determined by the order is \$1 million or less; or 17 18 (3) the chief appraiser for the appraisal district in which the protest was filed consents to the appeal under this 19 chapter [appraised or market value, as applicable, of the property 20 21 as determined by the order is \$1 million or less; and [(2) the appeal does not involve any matter in dispute 22 23 other than the determination of the appraised or market value of the 24 property].

C.S.H.B. No. 3194 (b) A property owner may not appeal through binding 1 2 arbitration under this chapter an appraisal review board order determining a protest filed under Section 41.41(a)(2) if: 3 4 (1) the property owner was represented before the 5 appraisal review board by a person who is a property tax consultant, 6 as defined by Section 1152.001, Occupations Code, regardless of whether the consultant is registered or exempt from registration 7 under Chapter 1152, Occupations Code; and 8 9 (2) the owner or the consultant did not provide to the chief appraiser, at least 14 days before the date of the appraisal 10 review board hearing, copies of all the evidence the owner or the 11 12 consultant used in the appraisal review board hearing. SECTION 2. Section 41A.04, Tax Code, is amended to read as 13 follows: 14 15 Sec. 41A.04. CONTENTS OF REQUEST FORM. The comptroller by rule shall prescribe the form of a request for binding arbitration 16 17 under this chapter. The form must require the property owner to provide only: 18 a brief statement that explains the basis for the 19 (1)property owner's appeal of the appraisal review board order; 20 21 (2) a statement of the property owner's opinion of: (A) the correct appraised [or market] value [ $_{\tau}$  as 22 applicable,] of the property that is the subject of the appeal if 23 24 the property is not land appraised under Subchapter C, D, E, or H,

25 <u>Chapter 23; or</u>

26 (B) the correct appraised or market value, as 27 applicable according to the order being appealed, of the property

that is the subject of the appeal if the property is land appraised 1 2 under Subchapter C, D, E, or H, Chapter 23; [and] if the chief appraiser must consent to the appeal 3 (3) 4 through binding arbitration under Section 41A.01(a)(3), a request 5 that the chief appraiser consent to the appeal; and 6 (4) any other information reasonably necessary for the 7 appraisal district to request appointment of an arbitrator. SECTION 3. Section 41A.05, Tax Code, is amended by amending 8 Subsection (a) and adding Subsections (a-1), (c), and (d) to read as 9 follows: 10 Except as provided by Subsection (a-1), not [Not] later 11 (a) 12 than the 10th day after the date an appraisal district receives from a property owner a completed request for binding arbitration under 13 14 this chapter and an arbitration deposit as required by Section 15 41A.03, the appraisal district shall: certify the request; 16 17 (2) submit the request and deposit to the comptroller; and 18 19 (3) request the comptroller to appoint a qualified arbitrator to conduct the arbitration. 20 21 (a-1) Not later than the 30th day after the date the appraisal district receives a request for appeal through binding 22 arbitration that requires the consent of the chief appraiser under 23 24 Section 41A.01(a)(3) and the filing of an arbitration deposit under Section 41A.03, the appraisal district shall: 25 26 (1) indicate on the request whether the chief 27 appraiser consents to the appeal; and

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1	(2) follow the procedures required by Subsection (a),
2	if the chief appraiser consents to the appeal, or return the request
3	and the arbitration deposit to the property owner by certified
4	mail, if the chief appraiser does not consent to the appeal.
5	(c) If a chief appraiser does not consent to an appeal
6	through binding arbitration for which the chief appraiser's consent
7	is required under Section 41A.01(a)(3), the property owner may not:
8	(1) protest the chief appraiser's decision not to
9	consent under Section 41.41; or
10	(2) appeal the chief appraiser's decision not to
11	consent under Chapter 42.
12	(d) If a chief appraiser does not consent to an appeal
13	through binding arbitration for which the chief appraiser's consent
14	is required under Section 41A.01(a)(3), the property owner may
15	elect to appeal the appraisal review board order under Chapter 42,
16	even if the time for filing a notice of appeal under Section 42.06
17	has expired, if the property owner files a notice of appeal in the
18	manner provided by Section 42.06 not later than the 45th day after
19	the date the property owner receives the request indicating that
20	the chief appraiser does not consent to the appeal through binding
21	arbitration and the return of the arbitration deposit under
22	Subsection (a-1)(2) of this section.
23	SECTION 4. The heading to Section 41A.06, Tax Code, is
24	amended to read as follows:
25	Sec. 41A.06. REGISTRY AND <u>INITIAL QUALIFICATION</u>
26	[ <del>QUALIFICATIONS</del> ] OF ARBITRATORS.
27	SECTION 5. Section 41A.06, Tax Code, is amended by amending

C.S.H.B. No. 3194 Subsection (b) and adding Subsections (c) and (d) to read as 1 2 follows: 3 (b) To *initially* qualify to serve as an arbitrator under 4 this chapter, a person must: 5 (1) have completed at least 30 hours of training in 6 arbitration and alternative dispute resolution procedures from a 7 university, college, or legal or real estate trade association; 8 (2) have been licensed or certified continuously 9 during the five years preceding the date the person agrees to serve 10 as an arbitrator, as: [<del>be licensed as</del>] a real estate broker or 11 (A) salesperson under Chapter 1101, Occupations Code; [,] or 12 [be licensed or certified as] a real estate 13 (B) 14 appraiser under Chapter 1103, Occupations Code; and 15 (3) agree to conduct an arbitration for a fee that is 16 not more than 90 percent of the amount of the arbitration deposit 17 required by Section 41A.03. (c) A person who is registered as a property tax consultant 18 19 under Chapter 1152, Occupations Code, is not eligible to serve as an arbitrator under this chapter. 20 21 (d) A person who performs property tax consulting services, as defined by Section 1152.001, Occupations Code, for compensation 22 in connection with this title that relate to a particular appraisal 23 24 district is not eligible to serve as an arbitrator of an appeal of an order of the appraisal review board established for that 25 26 appraisal district. SECTION 6. Chapter 41A, Tax Code, is amended by adding 27

1	Section 41A.061 to read as follows:
2	Sec. 41A.061. CONTINUED QUALIFICATION OF ARBITRATOR;
3	RENEWAL OF AGREEMENT. (a) The comptroller shall include a
4	qualified arbitrator in the registry until the second anniversary
5	of the date the person was added to the registry. To continue to be
6	included in the registry after the second anniversary of the date
7	the person was added to the registry, the person must renew the
8	person's agreement with the comptroller to serve as an arbitrator
9	on or as near as possible to the date on which the person's license
10	or certification issued under Chapter 1101 or 1103, Occupations
11	Code, is renewed.
12	(b) To renew the person's agreement to serve as an
13	arbitrator, the person must:
14	(1) file a renewal application with the comptroller at
15	the time and in the manner prescribed by the comptroller;
16	(2) continue to meet the requirements provided by
17	Section 41A.06(b); and
18	(3) during the preceding two years have completed at
19	least eight hours of continuing education in arbitration and
20	alternative dispute resolution procedures offered by a university,
21	college, real estate trade association, or legal association.
22	(c) The comptroller shall remove a person from the registry
23	if the person fails or declines to renew the person's agreement to
24	serve as an arbitrator in the manner required by this section.
25	SECTION 7. Section 41A.08(b), Tax Code, as added by
26	Chapters 372 and 912, Acts of the 79th Legislature, Regular
27	Session, 2005, is reenacted and amended to read as follows:

1 (b) The parties to an arbitration proceeding under this 2 chapter may represent themselves or<u>, at their own cost</u>, may be 3 represented by:

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an employee of the appraisal district;

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(2) an attorney who is licensed in this state;

6 (3) a person who is licensed as a real estate broker or
7 salesperson under Chapter 1101, Occupations Code, or is licensed or
8 certified as a real estate appraiser under Chapter 1103,
9 Occupations Code; [<del>or</del>]

10 (4) a property tax consultant registered under Chapter
11 1152, Occupations Code<u>; or</u>

12 (5) an individual who is licensed as a certified
 13 accountant under Chapter 901, Occupations Code.

SECTION 8. Sections 41A.09(b), (c), and (d), Tax Code, are amended to read as follows:

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(b) An award under this section:

(1) must include a determination of:

18 (A) the appraised or market value, as applicable, 19 of the property that is the subject of the appeal, if the appeal is 20 an appeal of an appraisal review board order determining a protest 21 under Section 41.41(a)(1); and

(B) the equalized appraised value as calculated under Section 41A.091 of the property that is the subject of the appeal, if the appeal is an appeal of an appraisal review board order determining a protest under Section 41.41(a)(2) and the arbitrator determines the appeal in favor of the property owner;

27 (2) <u>may not include any relief or determine any issue</u>

not specified by this chapter [may include any remedy or relief a 1 court may order under Chapter 42 in an appeal relating to the 2 appraised or market value of property]; 3 4 (3) shall specify the arbitrator's fee, which may not 5 exceed the amount provided by Section 41A.06(b)(3); 6 (4) is final and may not be appealed except as permitted under Section 171.088, Civil Practice and Remedies Code, 7 8 for an award subject to that section; and (5) may be enforced in the manner 9 provided by Subchapter D, Chapter 171, Civil Practice and Remedies Code. 10 If the value determined under Subsection (b)(1)(A) or 11 (c) (B), as applicable, or the lower of the values determined under 12 Subsections (b)(1)(A) and (B), if both paragraphs are applicable, 13 [arbitrator determines that the appraised or market value, as 14 applicable, of the property that is the subject of the appeal] is 15 nearer to the property owner's opinion of the appraised or market 16 17 value, as applicable, of the property as stated in the request for binding arbitration submitted under Section 41A.03 than the value 18 determined by the appraisal review board: 19 (1) the comptroller, on receipt of a copy of the award, 20 shall refund the property owner's arbitration deposit, less the

21 amount retained by the comptroller under Section 41A.05(b); 22

(2) the appraisal district, on receipt of a copy of the 23 24 award, shall pay the arbitrator's fee; and

25 (3) the chief appraiser shall correct the appraised or market value, as applicable, of the property as shown in the 26 appraisal roll to reflect the arbitrator's determination. 27

If the value determined under Subsection (b)(1)(A) or 1 (d) 2 (B), as applicable, or the lower of the values determined under Subsections (b)(1)(A) and (B), if both paragraphs are applicable, 3 [arbitrator determines that the appraised or market value, as 4 5 applicable, of the property that is the subject of the appeal] is 6 not nearer to the property owner's opinion of the appraised or 7 market value, as applicable, of the property as stated in the 8 request for binding arbitration submitted under Section 41A.03 than the value determined by the appraisal review board: 9

10 (1) the comptroller, on receipt of a copy of the award, 11 shall:

12 (A) pay the arbitrator's fee out of the owner's13 arbitration deposit; and

(B) refund to the owner the owner's arbitration deposit, less the arbitrator's fee and the amount retained by the comptroller under Section 41A.05(b); and

17 (2) the chief appraiser shall correct the appraised or 18 market value, as applicable, of the property as shown in the 19 appraisal roll to reflect the arbitrator's determination if the 20 value as determined by the arbitrator is less than the value as 21 determined by the appraisal review board.

22 SECTION 9. Chapter 41A, Tax Code, is amended by adding 23 Section 41A.091 to read as follows:

24 <u>Sec. 41A.091. DETERMINATION AND REMEDY FOR UNEQUAL</u> 25 <u>APPRAISAL. (a) An arbitrator may determine an appeal of an</u> 26 <u>appraisal review board order determining a protest under Section</u> 27 <u>41.41(a)(2) in favor of the property owner only if the evidence</u>

1	establishes that:
2	(1) the appraisal ratio of the property exceeds by at
3	least 10 percent the median level of appraisal of a reasonable and
4	representative sample of other properties in the appraisal
5	district;
6	(2) the appraisal ratio of the property exceeds by at
7	least 10 percent the median level of appraisal of a sample of
8	properties in the appraisal district consisting of a reasonable
9	number of other properties similarly situated to, or of the same
10	general kind or character as, the property subject to the appeal; or
11	(3) the appraised value of the property exceeds by at
12	least 10 percent the median appraised value of a reasonable and
13	representative sample of comparable properties appropriately
14	adjusted.
15	(b) If a determination would result in an award for the
16	property owner under Subsection (a)(1) or (2), the award must state
17	an equalized appraised value of the property calculated by
18	multiplying the appraised value of the property as determined by
19	the appraisal review board by the median level of appraisal
20	according to Subsection (a)(1) or (2), as applicable. If a
21	determination would result in an award for the property owner under
22	Subsection (a)(3), the award must state an equalized appraised
23	value that is equal to the median appraised value determined under
24	that subsection. If a property owner is entitled to an award under
25	more than one method of determination, the lowest of the equalized
26	appraised values is the equalized appraised value.
27	(c) In making a determination under Subsection (a), an

1	arbitrator:
2	(1) shall determine each applicable median level of
3	appraisal or median appraised value according to law;
4	(2) is not required to adopt the median level of
5	appraisal or median appraised value proposed by a party to the
6	appeal; and
7	(3) may not limit or deny an award to a property owner
8	who is entitled to an award based on any method of determination
9	under Subsection (a) on the ground that the equalized appraised
10	value according to another method of determination under Subsection
11	(a) is higher.
12	(d) For purposes of establishing the median level of
13	appraisal under Subsection (a)(1), the median level of appraisal by
14	the appraisal district within the applicable category of property
15	as determined by the comptroller under Section 5.10 is admissible
16	as evidence of the median level of appraisal of a reasonable and
17	representative sample of properties in the appraisal district for
18	the year of the comptroller's determination.
19	(e) For purposes of this section, the value of the property
20	subject to the appeal and the value of a comparable property or
21	sample property that is used for comparison must be the market value
22	as determined by the appraisal district if the property is a
23	residence homestead subject to the limitation on appraised value
24	imposed by Section 23.23.
25	SECTION 10. (a) Sections 41A.01, 41A.04, 41A.05, 41A.08,
26	and 41A.09, Tax Code, as amended by this Act, and Section 41A.091,
27	Tax Code, as added by this Act, apply only to an appeal through

C.S.H.B. No. 3194 1 binding arbitration under Chapter 41A of that code that is 2 requested on or after the effective date of this Act.

3 (b) Section 41A.06, Tax Code, as amended by this Act, 4 applies only to a person who initially qualifies to serve as an 5 arbitrator under Chapter 41A, Tax Code, on or after the effective 6 date of this Act.

7 (c) Section 41A.061, Tax Code, as added by this Act, does 8 not affect the eligibility of a person who is included on the 9 registry list of qualified arbitrators on the effective date of 10 this Act to continue to remain on that registry list before the date 11 on which the person's license or certificate under Chapter 1101 or 12 1103, Occupations Code, expires unless renewed.

13 SECTION 11. This Act takes effect immediately if it 14 receives a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each 15 house, as provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. 16 If this Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate 17 effect, this Act takes effect September 1, 2007.