By: Otto, Hill, Kolkhorst, Ritter, Thompson, H.B. No. 3494 et al.

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

2 relating to the appeal through binding arbitration of a protest of 3 an appraisal review board order, and to related complaints filed by 4 a property owner and disciplinary action by the Board of Tax 5 Professional Examiners; providing penalties.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
SECTION 1. Section 41A.08(b), Tax Code, as added by Chapter
372, Acts of the 79th Legislature, Regular Session, 2005, is

9 amended to read as follows:

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(b) The parties to an arbitration proceeding under this 10 11 chapter may represent themselves or be represented in the 12 proceeding by an attorney, certified public accountant, [or by a] property tax consultant, real estate appraiser, or real estate 13 14 broker [acting under power of attorney]. An employee of the appraisal district may represent the appraisal district in the 15 16 arbitration proceeding. The property owner who is a party to the arbitration proceeding may present evidence or make arguments in 17 18 the proceeding. A person other than the property owner may not serve as a party representative, present evidence, or make 19 arguments in an arbitration proceeding under this chapter unless 20 21 the person:

22	(1)	is an employee of the appraisal district;
23	(2)	is a licensed attorney in this state;
24	(3)	is licensed as a real estate broker or salesperson

under Chapter 1101, Occupations Code, or [is] licensed or certified 1 2 as a real estate appraiser under Chapter 1103, Occupations Code; 3 [or] 4 (4) is a property tax consultant registered under 5 Chapter 1152, Occupations Code; or 6 (5) is certified as a certified public accountant 7 under Chapter 901, Occupations Code. SECTION 2. Section 41A.08, Tax Code, is amended by adding 8 Subsections (c) and (d) to read as follows: 9 (c) In an arbitration hearing under this chapter: 10 (1) any party is entitled to present evidence relating 11 12 to the data or appraisal method used by the appraisal district in determining the market or appraised value of the property that is 13 the subject of the appeal, regardless of whether that evidence was 14 15 presented to the appraisal review board that determined the protest; and 16 17 (2) the property owner is entitled to allege and present evidence to show that the appraisal review board that 18 determined the protest failed to comply with: 19 (A) a provision of Subchapter C, Chapter 6, or 20 21 another law of this state applicable to the board; 22 (B) a rule adopted by the comptroller applicable to the board or the hearing conducted by the board; or 23 24 (C) any other substantive or procedural requirement applicable to the hearing conducted by the board. 25 26 (d) If the property owner presents evidence under Subsection (c)(2), the arbitrator shall: 27

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1	(1) make a determination whether the appraisal review
2	board failed to comply with the statute, rule, or procedural
3	requirement as alleged by the property owner; and
4	(2) include that determination in the record of the
5	hearing.
6	SECTION 3. Section 41A.11, Tax Code, is amended to read as
7	follows:
8	Sec. 41A.11. POST APPEAL ADMINISTRATIVE AND COMPLAINT
9	PROCEDURES; DISCIPLINARY ACTION. (a) An arbitration award under
10	this chapter is considered to be a final determination of an appeal
11	for purposes of Subchapter C, Chapter 42.
12	(b) A property owner may not appeal an arbitration award
13	under this chapter to the Board of Tax Professional Examiners.
14	(c) A property owner who alleges that a chief appraiser
15	violated a procedural or ethical provision or rule enacted or
16	adopted under this title may file a complaint with the Board of Tax
17	Professional Examiners under Chapter 1151, Occupations Code.
18	(d) The board shall investigate a complaint filed against a
19	chief appraiser under Subsection (c) and may impose any
20	disciplinary action authorized under Section 1151.202, Occupations
21	Code, for a violation of this title.
22	SECTION 4. Section 1151.202, Occupations Code, is amended
23	by adding Subsections (a-1) and (a-2) to read as follows:
24	(a-1) For a violation of Title 1, Tax Code, the board may:
25	(1) deny, suspend, or revoke a registration of a
26	person;
27	(2) place on probation a person whose registration has

1	been suspended;
2	(3) administer a public reprimand of a person for a
3	violation by the person;
4	(4) stipulate periodic board review of the person;
5	(5) require the person to successfully complete
6	additional continuing education; or
7	(6) assess an administrative penalty under Subchapter
8	<u>G.</u>
9	(a-2) In addition to any disciplinary action authorized by
10	Subsection (a-1) for a violation of Title 1, Tax Code, the board may
11	issue a written reprimand to the registration holder or require the
12	holder to participate in continuing education programs in which the
13	board specifies the courses to be completed and the number of hours
14	<u>required.</u>
15	SECTION 5. Subchapter E, Chapter 1151, Occupations Code, is
16	amended by adding Section 1151.2021 to read as follows:
17	Sec. 1151.2021. SCHEDULE OF SANCTIONS. (a) The board by
18	rule shall adopt a schedule of the disciplinary sanctions that the
19	board may impose under this chapter. In adopting the schedule of
20	sanctions, the board shall ensure that the severity of the sanction
21	imposed is appropriate to the type of violation or conduct that is
22	the basis for disciplinary action.
23	(b) In determining the appropriate disciplinary action,
24	including the amount of any administrative penalty to assess, the
25	board shall consider:
26	(1) whether the person is being disciplined for
27	multiple violations of either this chapter or Title 1, Tax Code, or

1	a rule or order adopted under this chapter;
2	(2) whether the person has previously been the subject
3	of disciplinary action by the board and has previously complied
4	with board rules and this chapter;
5	(3) the seriousness of the violation;
6	(4) the threat to public safety; and
7	(5) any mitigating factors.
8	SECTION 6. Chapter 1151, Occupations Code, is amended by
9	adding Subchapter G to read as follows:
10	SUBCHAPTER G. ADMINISTRATIVE PENALTY
11	Sec. 1151.301. IMPOSITION OF PENALTY. The board may impose
12	an administrative penalty against a person who violates this
13	chapter, a rule adopted under this chapter, or Title 1, Tax Code.
14	Sec. 1151.302. AMOUNT OF PENALTY. (a) The amount of the
15	administrative penalty may not exceed \$1,000 for each violation.
16	Each day of a continuing violation is a separate violation.
17	(b) The amount of the penalty shall be based on:
18	(1) the seriousness of the violation;
19	(2) the history of previous violations;
20	(3) the amount necessary to deter a future violation;
21	(4) efforts made to correct the violation; and
22	(5) any other matter that justice may require.
23	Sec. 1151.303. NOTICE OF VIOLATION AND PENALTY. (a) If,
24	after investigating a possible violation and the facts surrounding
25	that possible violation, the board determines that a violation
26	occurred, the board shall give written notice of the violation to
27	the person alleged to have committed the violation.

1	(b) The notice must:
2	(1) include a brief summary of the alleged violation;
3	(2) state the amount of the proposed administrative
4	penalty; and
5	(3) inform the person of the person's right to a
6	hearing on the occurrence of the violation, the amount of the
7	penalty, or both.
8	Sec. 1151.304. PENALTY TO BE PAID OR HEARING REQUESTED. (a)
9	Not later than the 20th day after the date the person receives the
10	notice, the person may:
11	(1) accept the board's determination, including the
12	proposed administrative penalty; or
13	(2) make a written request for a hearing on that
14	determination.
15	(b) If the person accepts the board's determination, the
16	executive director or that executive director's designee by order
17	shall approve the determination and impose the proposed penalty.
18	Sec. 1151.305. HEARING. (a) If the person timely requests
19	a hearing, the board shall:
20	(1) set a hearing;
21	(2) give written notice of the hearing to the person;
22	and
23	(3) designate a hearings examiner to conduct the
24	hearing.
25	(b) The hearings examiner shall make findings of fact and
26	conclusions of law and promptly issue to the executive director or
27	that executive director's designee a proposal for decision as to

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1	the occurrence of the violation and the amount of any proposed
2	administrative penalty.
3	Sec. 1151.306. DECISION BY EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR. (a) Based
4	on the findings of fact and conclusions of law and the
5	recommendations of the hearings examiner, the executive director or
6	the executive director's designee by order may determine that:
7	(1) a violation has occurred and may impose an
8	administrative penalty; or
9	(2) a violation did not occur.
10	(b) The board shall give notice of the order to the person.
11	The notice must include:
12	(1) separate statements of the findings of fact and
13	conclusions of law;
14	(2) the amount of any penalty imposed; and
15	(3) a statement of the right of the person to judicial
16	review of the order.
17	Sec. 1151.307. OPTIONS FOLLOWING DECISION: PAY OR APPEAL.
18	(a) Not later than the 30th day after the date on which the order
19	becomes final, the person shall:
20	(1) pay the administrative penalty;
21	(2) pay the penalty and file a petition for judicial
22	review contesting the occurrence of the violation, the amount of
23	the penalty, or both; or
24	(3) without paying the penalty, file a petition for
25	judicial review contesting the occurrence of the violation, the
26	amount of the penalty, or both.
27	(b) Within the 30-day period, a person who acts under

1	Subsection (a)(3) may:
2	(1) stay enforcement of the penalty by:
3	(A) paying the penalty to the court for placement
4	in an escrow account; or
5	(B) giving to the court a supersedeas bond that
6	is approved by the court for the amount of the penalty and that is
7	effective until all judicial review of the order is final; or
8	(2) request the court to stay enforcement of the
9	penalty by:
10	(A) filing with the court a sworn affidavit of
11	the person stating that the person is financially unable to pay the
12	penalty and is financially unable to give the supersedeas bond; and
13	(B) giving a copy of the affidavit to the board by
14	certified mail.
15	(c) If the board receives a copy of an affidavit as provided
16	by Subsection (b)(2), the board may file with the court a contest to
17	the affidavit not later than the fifth day after the date the copy
18	is received.
19	(d) The court shall hold a hearing on the facts alleged in
20	the affidavit as soon as practicable and shall stay the enforcement
21	of the penalty on finding that the alleged facts are true. The
22	person who files an affidavit has the burden of proving that the
23	person is financially unable to pay the penalty and to give a
24	supersedeas bond.
25	Sec. 1151.308. COLLECTION OF PENALTY. If the person does
26	not pay the administrative penalty and the enforcement of the
27	penalty is not stayed, the board may refer the matter to the

1	attorney general for collection.
2	Sec. 1151.309. DETERMINATION BY COURT. (a) If the court
3	sustains the determination that a violation occurred, the court may
4	uphold or reduce the amount of the administrative penalty and order
5	the person to pay the full or reduced amount.
6	(b) If the court does not sustain the determination that a
7	violation occurred, the court shall order that a penalty is not
8	owed.
9	Sec. 1151.310. REMITTANCE OF PENALTY AND INTEREST. (a) If,
10	after judicial review, the administrative penalty is reduced or not
11	imposed by the court, the court shall, after the judgment becomes
12	final:
13	(1) order the appropriate amount, plus accrued
14	interest, be remitted to the person by the board if the person paid
15	the penalty under Section 1151.307(a)(2); or
16	(2) if the person paid the penalty under Section
17	1151.307(b)(1)(A) or posted a supersedeas bond, order the board to:
18	(A) execute a complete release of the escrow
19	account or bond, as appropriate, if the penalty is not imposed; or
20	(B) release the escrow account or bond, as
21	appropriate, after the reduced penalty has been paid from the
22	account or by the person.
23	(b) The interest paid under Subsection (a)(1) is accrued at
24	the rate charged on loans to depository institutions by the New York
25	Federal Reserve Bank. The interest shall be paid for the period
26	beginning on the date the penalty is paid and ending on the date the
27	penalty is remitted.

Sec. 1151.311. EXPENSES AND COSTS. (a) In this section, 1 "reasonable expenses and costs" includes expenses incurred by the 2 board and the attorney general in the investigation, initiation, or 3 4 prosecution of an action, including reasonable investigative 5 costs, court costs, attorney's fees, witness fees, and deposition 6 expenses. 7 (b) The board may assess reasonable expenses and costs 8 against a person in an administrative hearing if, as a result of the 9 hearing, an administrative penalty is assessed against the person. The person shall pay expenses and costs assessed under this 10 subsection not later than the 30th day after the date the order of 11 12 the executive director or that executive director's designee requiring the payment of expenses and costs is final. The board may 13 refer the matter to the attorney general for collection of the 14 15 expenses and costs. (c) If the attorney general brings an action against a 16 17 person to enforce an administrative penalty assessed under this subchapter and the person is found liable for an administrative 18 penalty, the attorney general may recover, on behalf of the 19 attorney general and the board, reasonable expenses and costs. 20 21 Sec. 1151.312. ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE. A proceeding under this subchapter is subject to Chapter 2001, Government Code. 22 SECTION 7. Section 41A.08(b), Tax Code, as added by Chapter 23 24 912, Acts of the 79th Legislature, Regular Session, 2005, is repealed. 25

26 SECTION 8. The change in law made by this Act applies only 27 to a penalty assessed on or after the effective date of this Act. A

1 penalty assessed before that date is governed by the law in effect 2 immediately before that date, and that law is continued in effect 3 for that purpose.

4 SECTION 9. This Act takes effect immediately if it receives 5 a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as 6 provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If this 7 Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate effect, this 8 Act takes effect September 1, 2007.