By: Keffer, Ritter, Otto, Paxton, Pitts H.B. No. 3928 Substitute the following for H.B. No. 3928: By: Ritter C.S.H.B. No. 3928

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1 AN ACT 2 relating to technical changes to the revised franchise tax. 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: SECTION 1. Section 171.0001, Tax Code, as effective January 4 5 1, 2008, is amended by amending Subdivisions (8), (9), (10), and 6 (17) and adding Subdivisions (11-a) and (13-a) to read as follows: "Controlling interest" means: 7 (8) (A) for a corporation, either 80 percent or more, 8 owned directly or indirectly, of the total combined voting power of 9 all classes of stock of the corporation, or 80 percent or more, 10 owned directly or indirectly, of the beneficial ownership interest 11 12 in the voting stock of the corporation; [and] (B) for a partnership, association, trust, or 13 14 other entity other than a limited liability company, 80 percent or more, owned directly or indirectly, of the capital, profits, or 15 16 beneficial interest in the partnership, association, trust, or 17 other entity; and 18 (C) for a limited liability company, either 80 percent or more, owned directly or indirectly, of the total 19 membership interest of the limited liability company or 80 percent 20 21 or more, owned directly or indirectly, of the beneficial ownership interest in the membership interest of the limited liability 22 23 company. (9) "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue 24

Code of 1986 in effect for the federal tax year beginning on January 1, 2007 [2006], not including any changes made by federal law after that date, and any regulations adopted under that code applicable to that period.

5 (10) "Lending institution" means an entity that makes
6 loans and:

7 (A) is regulated by the Federal Reserve Board, 8 the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, the Federal Deposit 9 Insurance Corporation, <u>the Commodity Futures Trading Commission</u>, 10 <u>the Office of Thrift Supervision</u>, the Texas Department of Banking, 11 the Office of Consumer Credit Commissioner, [the Department of 12 <u>Savings and Mortgage Lending</u>,] the Credit Union Department, or any 13 comparable regulatory body;

14 (B) is licensed by, registered with, or otherwise 15 regulated by the Department of Savings and Mortgage Lending; or 16 (C) is a "broker" or "dealer" as defined by the 17 Securities Exchange Act of 1934 at 15 U.S.C. Section 78c.

18 <u>(11-a) "Natural person" means a human being or the</u> 19 <u>estate of a human being. The term does not include a purely legal</u> 20 <u>entity given recognition as the possessor of rights, privileges, or</u> 21 <u>responsibilities, such as a corporation, limited liability</u> 22 <u>company, partnership, or trust.</u>

(13-a) "Security" has the meaning assigned by Section
 475(c)(2), Internal Revenue Code, and includes instruments
 described by Sections 475(e)(2)(B), (C), and (D) of that code.

(17) "Unitary business" means a single economicenterprise that is made up of separate parts of a single entity or

of a commonly controlled group of entities that are sufficiently 1 2 interdependent, integrated, and interrelated through their 3 activities so as to provide a synergy and mutual benefit that produces a sharing or exchange of value among them and a significant 4 5 flow of value to the separate parts. In determining whether a unitary business exists, the comptroller shall consider any 6 7 relevant factor, including whether:

8

(A) the activities of the group members [+

9 [(i)] are in the same general line, such as 10 manufacturing, wholesaling, retailing of tangible personal 11 property, insurance, transportation, or finance; [or]

12 <u>(B) the activities of the group members</u> [(ii)] 13 are steps in a vertically structured enterprise or process, such as 14 the steps involved in the production of natural resources, 15 including exploration, mining, refining, and marketing; <u>or</u> [and]

16 <u>(C)</u> [(B)] the members are functionally 17 integrated through the exercise of strong centralized management, 18 such as authority over purchasing, financing, product line, 19 personnel, and marketing.

20 SECTION 2. Section 171.0002, Tax Code, as effective January 21 1,2008, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 171.0002. DEFINITION OF TAXABLE ENTITY. (a) Except as otherwise provided by this section, "taxable entity" means a partnership, <u>limited liability partnership</u>, corporation, banking corporation, savings and loan association, limited liability company, business trust, professional association, business association, joint venture, joint stock company, holding company,

C.S.H.B. No. 3928 1 or other legal entity. The term includes a combined group. A joint not include 2 venture does joint operating or co-ownership arrangements meeting the requirements of Treasury Regulation 3 Section 1.761-2(a)(3) that elect out of federal partnership 4 5 treatment as provided by Section 761(a), Internal Revenue Code. (b) "Taxable entity" does not include: 6 7 a sole proprietorship; (1) 8 (2) a general partnership: (A) the direct ownership of which is entirely 9 10 composed of natural persons; and (B) the liability of which is not limited under a 11 statute of this state or <u>another state</u>, including by registration 12 as a limited liability partnership; 13 14 (3) a passive entity as defined by Section 171.0003; 15 or (4) an entity that is exempt from taxation under 16 17 Subchapter B. "Taxable entity" does not include an entity that is: (c) 18 a grantor trust as defined by Sections 671 and 19 (1) 7701(a)(30)(E), Internal Revenue Code, all of the grantors and 20 beneficiaries of which are natural persons or charitable entities 21 as described in Section 501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code, excluding 22 a trust taxable as a business entity pursuant to Treasury 23 24 Regulation Section 301.7701-4(b); 25 (2) an estate of a natural person as defined by Section 26 7701(a)(30)(D), Internal Revenue Code, excluding an estate taxable

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as a business entity pursuant to Treasury Regulation Section

| 1 | 301.7701-4(b); |
|----|---|
| 2 | <pre>(3) an escrow;</pre> |
| 3 | (4) [a family limited partnership that is a passive |
| 4 | entity in which at least 80 percent of the interests are held, |
| 5 | directly or indirectly, by members of the same family, including an |
| 6 | individual's ancestors, lineal descendants, spouse, and brothers |
| 7 | and sisters by the whole or half blood, and the estate of any of |
| 8 | these persons, and that is a limited partnership: |
| 9 | [(A) formed pursuant to the Texas Revised Limited |
| 10 | Partnership Act (Article 6132a=1, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes); |
| 11 | [(B) formed pursuant to the limited partnership |
| 12 | law of any other state; or |
| 13 | [(C) treated as a partnership for federal income |
| 14 | tax purposes; |
| 15 | [(5) a passive investment partnership that is a |
| 16 | passive entity and that is: |
| 17 | [(A) formed pursuant to the Texas Revised Limited |
| 18 | Partnership Act (Article 6132a-1, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes); |
| 19 | [(B) formed pursuant to the limited partnership |
| 20 | law of any other state; or |
| 21 | [(C) formed pursuant to the limited partnership |
| 22 | laws of any foreign country; |
| 23 | [(6) a passive investment partnership that is a |
| 24 | passive entity and is a general partnership; |
| 25 | [(7) a trust that is a passive entity: |
| 26 | [(A) that is taxable as a trust under Section |
| 27 | 641, Internal Revenue Code; |

[(B) all of the beneficiaries of which are 1 natural persons or charitable entities as defined in Section 2 501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code; 3 [(C) that is not a trust taxable as a business 4 5 entity pursuant to Treasury Regulation Section 301.7701-4(b); and 6 [(D) that is organized as a trust and is described in Section 7701(a)(30)(E), Internal Revenue Code; 7 8 [(8)] a real estate investment trust (REIT) as defined by Section 856, Internal Revenue Code, and its "qualified REIT 9 subsidiary" entities as defined by Section 856(i)(2), Internal 10 Revenue Code, provided that: 11 (A) a REIT with any amount of its assets in direct 12 holdings of real estate, other than real estate it occupies for 13 14 business purposes, as opposed to holding interests in limited 15 partnerships or other entities that directly hold the real estate, is a taxable entity; and 16 17 (B) a limited partnership or other entity that directly holds the real estate as described in Paragraph (A) is not 18 exempt under this subdivision, without regard to whether a REIT 19 holds an interest in it; [or] 20 21 (5) [(9)] a real estate mortgage investment conduit (REMIC), as defined by Section 860D, Internal Revenue Code; 22 (6) a nonprofit self-insurance trust created under 23 24 Chapter 2212, Insurance Code, or a predecessor statute; (7) a trust qualified under Section 401(a), Internal 25 26 Revenue Code; or 27 (8) a trust or other entity that is exempt under

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1 Section 501(c)(9), Internal Revenue Code.

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(d) An entity that can file as a sole proprietorship for
federal tax purposes is not a sole proprietorship for purposes of
Subsection (b)(1) and is not exempt under that subsection if the
entity is formed in a manner under the statutes of this state, [or]
another state, or a foreign country that limit the liability of the
entity.

8 SECTION 3. Section 171.0003(a), Tax Code, as effective 9 January 1, 2008, is amended to read as follows:

(a) An entity is a passive entity only if:

11 (1) the entity is a general or limited partnership or a 12 trust, other than a business trust;

13 (2) during the period on which margin is based, the 14 entity's federal gross income consists of at least 90 percent of the 15 following income:

16 (A) dividends, interest, foreign currency 17 exchange gain, periodic and nonperiodic payments with respect to 18 notional principal contracts, option premiums, cash settlement or 19 termination payments with respect to a financial instrument, and 20 income from a limited liability company;

(B) distributive shares of partnership income to the extent that those distributive shares of income are greater than zero;

(C) <u>capital</u> gains from the sale of real property
 that does not produce income and is not used in the production of
 <u>income</u>, other than income described by Paragraph (D), gains from
 <u>the sale of</u> commodities traded on a commodities exchange, and <u>gains</u>

1 from the sale of securities; and royalties, bonuses, or delay rental income 2 (D) 3 from mineral properties and income from other nonoperating mineral 4 interests; and 5 (3) the entity does not receive more than 10 percent of 6 its federal gross income from conducting an active trade or business. 7 Section 171.0004(e), Tax Code, 8 SECTION 4. as effective 9 January 1, 2008, is amended to read as follows: (e) For purposes of this section: 10 (1) the ownership of a royalty interest or 11 а nonoperating working interest in mineral rights does not constitute 12 conduct of an active trade or business; [and] 13 14 (2) payment of compensation to employees or independent contractors for financial or legal services reasonably 15 necessary for the operation of the entity does not constitute 16 17 conduct of an active trade or business; and (3) holding a seat on the board of directors of an 18 19 entity does not by itself constitute conduct of an active trade or 20 business. SECTION 5. Section 171.001, Tax Code, as effective January 21 1, 2008, is amended by adding Subsection (c) to read as follows: 22 (c) The tax imposed under this section or Section 171.0011 23 24 is not imposed on an entity if, during the period on which the report is based, the entity qualifies as a passive entity as defined 25 26 by Section 171.0003. SECTION 6. Sections 171.0011(a) and (b), 27 Tax Code, as

1 effective January 1, 2008, are amended to read as follows:

(a) Except as provided by <u>Section 171.001(c)</u> [Subsection
(e)], an additional tax is imposed on a taxable entity that for any
reason becomes no longer subject to the tax imposed under this
chapter.

6 (b) The additional tax is equal to the appropriate rate 7 under Section 171.002 of the taxable entity's taxable margin 8 computed on the period beginning on the day after the last day for 9 which the tax imposed on taxable margin <u>or net taxable earned</u> 10 <u>surplus</u> was computed and ending on the date the taxable entity is no 11 longer subject to the tax imposed under this chapter.

SECTION 7. Sections 171.002(a), (b), (c), and (d), Tax Code, as effective January 1, 2008, are amended to read as follows:

(a) Subject to Section 171.003 and except as provided by
 Subsection (b), the rate of the franchise tax is one percent [per
 year of privilege period] of taxable margin.

17 (b) The rate of the franchise tax is 0.5 percent [per year of 18 privilege period] of taxable margin for those taxable entities 19 primarily engaged in retail or wholesale trade.

20 (c) A taxable entity is primarily engaged in retail or 21 wholesale trade only if:

(1) the total revenue from its activities in retail or
wholesale trade is greater than the total revenue from its
activities in trades other than the retail and wholesale trades;

(2) except as provided by Subsection (c-1), less than
50 percent of the total revenue from activities in retail or
wholesale trade comes from the sale of products it produces or

1 products produced by an entity that is part of an affiliated group 2 to which the taxable entity also belongs; and

3 (3) the taxable entity does not provide retail or 4 wholesale utilities, including telecommunications services, [and] 5 electricity, or gas.

6 (d) A taxable entity is not required to pay any tax and is
7 not considered to owe any tax for a period if:

8 (1) the amount of tax computed for the taxable entity 9 is less than \$1,000; or

10 (2) the amount of the taxable entity's total revenue 11 from its entire business is less than or equal to <u>\$600,000</u> 12 [\$300,000] or the amount determined under Section 171.006 per 13 <u>12-month period on which margin is based</u>.

SECTION 8. The heading to Section 171.006, Tax Code, as effective January 1, 2008, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 171.006. ADJUSTMENT OF ELIGIBILITY FOR <u>NO TAX DUE</u>
[EXEMPTION] AND COMPENSATION DEDUCTION.

18 SECTION 9. Section 171.006(b), Tax Code, as effective 19 January 1, 2008, is amended to read as follows:

(b) Beginning in <u>2010</u> [2009], on January 1 of each <u>even-numbered</u> [odd-numbered] year, the amounts prescribed by Sections 171.002(d)(2) and 171.1013(c) are increased or decreased by an amount equal to the amount prescribed by those sections on December 31 of the preceding year multiplied by the percentage increase or decrease during the preceding state fiscal biennium in the consumer price index and rounded to the nearest \$10,000.

27 SECTION 10. Section 171.101(d), Tax Code, as effective

1 January 1, 2008, is amended to read as follows:

(d) An election under Subsection (a)(1)(B)(ii) shall be
made by the taxable entity on its annual report and is effective
only for that annual report. <u>A taxable entity shall notify the</u>
<u>comptroller of its election not later than the due date of the</u>
annual [The election may be changed by filing an amended] report.

SECTION 11. Section 171.1011, Tax Code, as effective January 1, 2008, is amended by amending Subsections (b), (c), (d), (e), (g-3), (n), and (o) and adding Subsection (t) to read as follows:

(b) In this section, a reference to an amount <u>reportable as</u> <u>income</u> [entered] on a line number on an Internal Revenue Service form includes the corresponding amount <u>reportable as income</u> [entered] on a variant of the form, or a subsequent form, with a different line number. [The comptroller shall adopt rules as <u>necessary to accomplish the legislative intent prescribed by this</u> subsection and Subsection (a).]

18 (c) Except as provided by this section, and subject to 19 Section 171.1014, for the purpose of computing its taxable margin 20 under Section 171.101, the total revenue of a taxable entity is:

(1) for a taxable entity treated for federal incometax purposes as a corporation, an amount computed by:

(A) adding:

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(i) the amount <u>reportable as income</u>
 [entered] on line 1c, Internal Revenue Service Form 1120; and
 (ii) the amounts <u>reportable as income</u>
 [entered] on lines 4 through 10, Internal Revenue Service Form

1 1120; and 2 (B) subtracting: bad debt expensed for federal income 3 (i) tax purposes that corresponds to items of gross receipts included 4 5 in Subsection (c)(1)(A) for the current reporting period or a past 6 reporting period; (ii) to the extent included in Subsection 7 8 (c)(1)(A), foreign royalties and foreign dividends, including 9 amounts determined under Section 78 or Sections 951-964, Internal 10 Revenue Code; (iii) to the extent included in Subsection 11 (c)(1)(A), net distributive income from a taxable entity and a 12 passive entity, as described by Section 171.0003, [partnerships and 13 from trusts and limited liability companies] 14 treated as 15 partnerships or [for federal income tax purposes and net distributive income from limited liability companies and 16 17 corporations treated] as S corporations for federal income tax 18 purposes; (iv) allowable deductions from Internal 19 Revenue Service Form 1120, Schedule C, to the extent the relating 20 dividend income is included in total revenue; 21 (v) to the extent included in Subsection 22 (c)(1)(A), items of income attributable to an entity that is a 23 24 disregarded entity for federal income tax purposes; and 25 (vi) to the extent included in Subsection 26 (c)(1)(A), other amounts authorized by this section; 27 (2) for a taxable entity treated for federal income

C.S.H.B. No. 3928 1 tax purposes as a partnership, an amount computed by: 2 (A) adding: 3 (i) the amount reportable as income [entered] on line 1c, Internal Revenue Service Form 1065; 4 5 (ii) the amounts <u>reportable as income</u> 6 [entered] on lines 4, 6, and [through] 7, Internal Revenue Service 7 Form 1065; [and] 8 (iii) the amounts <u>reportable as income</u> [entered] on lines 3a and 5 [2] through 11, Internal Revenue Service 9 Form 1065, Schedule K; [and] 10 (iv) the amounts reportable as income on 11 12 line 17, Internal Revenue Service Form 8825; and (v) the amounts reportable as income on 13 14 line 11, plus line 2 or line 45, Internal Revenue Service Form 1040, 15 Schedule F; and (B) subtracting: 16 17 (i) bad debt expensed for federal income tax purposes that corresponds to items of gross receipts included 18 19 in Subsection (c)(2)(A) for the current reporting period or a past 20 reporting period; (ii) to the extent included in Subsection 21 (c)(2)(A), foreign royalties and foreign dividends, including 22 amounts determined under Section 78 or Sections 951-964, Internal 23 24 Revenue Code; (iii) to the extent included in Subsection 25 (c)(2)(A), net distributive income from a taxable entity and a 26 passive entity, as described by Section 171.0003, [partnerships and 27

from trusts and limited liability companies] treated 1 as partnerships or [for federal income tax purposes and net 2 distributive income from limited liability companies 3 and 4 corporations treated] as S corporations for federal income tax 5 purposes; 6 (iv) to the extent included in Subsection (c)(2)(A), items of income attributable to an entity that is a 7 8 disregarded entity for federal income tax purposes; and 9 (v) to the extent included in Subsection (c)(2)(A), other amounts authorized by this section; or 10 (3) for a taxable entity other than a taxable entity 11 treated for federal income tax purposes as a corporation or 12 partnership, an amount determined in a manner substantially 13 equivalent to the amount for Subdivision (1) or (2) determined by 14 15 rules that the comptroller shall adopt. (d) Subject to Section 171.1014, taxable entity 16 а [corporation] that is part of a federal consolidated group shall 17 compute its total revenue under Subsection (c) as if it had filed a 18 separate return for federal income tax purposes. 19

(e) A taxable entity that owns an interest in a passive entity [that is not included in a group report under Section 171.1014] shall include in the taxable entity's total revenue the taxable entity's share of the net income of the passive entity, but only to the extent the net income of the passive entity was not generated by the margin of any other taxable entity.

26 (g-3) A taxable entity that provides legal services shall 27 exclude from its total revenue[, to the extent included under

Subsection (c) (1)(A), (c) (2)(A), or (c) (3)]: 1 2 to the extent included under Subsection (c)(1)(A), (1)(c)(2)(A), or (c)(3), the following flow-through funds that are 3 mandated by law, contract, or fiduciary duty to be distributed to 4 5 the claimant by the claimant's attorney or to other entities on 6 behalf of a claimant by the claimant's attorney: 7 (A) damages due the claimant; 8 (B) funds subject to a lien or other contractual obligation arising out of the representation, other than fees owed 9 10 to the attorney; funds subject to a subrogation interest or 11 (C) 12 other third-party contractual claim; and fees paid an attorney in the matter who is not 13 (D) 14 a member, partner, shareholder, or employee of the taxable entity; 15 (2) to the extent included under Subsection (c)(1)(A), (c)(2)(A), or (c)(3), reimbursement of the taxable entity's 16 expenses incurred in prosecuting a claimant's matter that are 17 specific to the matter and that are not general operating expenses; 18 19 and (3) the actual out-of-pocket expenses of the attorney, 20 21 not to exceed \$500 per case, of providing pro bono legal services to a person, but only if the attorney maintains records of the pro bono 22 services for auditing purposes in accordance with the manner in 23 24 which those services are reported to the State Bar of Texas. (n) Except as provided by Subsection (o), a taxable entity 25 that is a health care provider shall exclude from its total 26 revenue [, to the extent included under Subsection (c)(1)(A), 27

(c)(2)(A), or (c)(3)]: 1 2 to the extent included under Subsection (c)(1)(A), (1)3 (c)(2)(A), or (c)(3), the total amount of payments the health care provider received: 4 5 (A) under the Medicaid program, Medicare 6 program, Indigent Health Care and Treatment Act (Chapter 61, Health 7 and Safety Code), and Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP); 8 (B) for professional services provided in relation to a workers' compensation claim under Title 5, Labor 9 10 Code; and for professional services provided to a 11 (C) beneficiary rendered under the TRICARE military health system; and 12 (2) the actual cost to the health care provider for any 13 14 uncompensated care provided, but only if the provider maintains 15 records of the uncompensated care for auditing purposes and, if the provider later receives payment for all or part of that care, the 16 17 provider adjusts the amount excluded for the tax year in which the payment is received. 18 A health care provider that is a health care institution 19 (0) shall exclude from its total revenue [, to the extent included under 20 Subsection (c)(1)(A), (c)(2)(A), or (c)(3), [50 percent of the]21 amounts described by Subsection (n). 22 (t) The comptroller shall adopt rules as necessary to 23 24 accomplish the legislative intent prescribed by this section. SECTION 12. Section 171.1011(1)(1), Tax Code, as effective 25 January 1, 2008, is amended to read as follows: 26 (1) "Sales commission" means: 27

C.S.H.B. No. 3928 1 (A) any form of compensation paid to a person for 2 engaging in an act for which a license is required by Chapter 1101, 3 Occupations Code; or [and] 4 compensation paid to a sales representative (B) 5 by a principal in an amount that is based on the amount or level of certain orders for or sales of the principal's product and that the 6 7 principal is required to report on Internal Revenue Service Form 1099-MISC. 8 Tax Code, 9 SECTION 13. Section 171.1012(a)(3)(A), as effective January 1, 2008, is amended to read as follows: 10 "Tangible personal property" means: 11 (A) 12 (i) personal property that can be seen, weighed, measured, felt, or touched or that is perceptible to the 13 14 senses in any other manner; 15 (ii) films, sound recordings, videotapes, live and prerecorded television and radio programs, books, and 16 17 other similar property embodying words, ideas, concepts, images, or sound, without regard to the means or methods of distribution or the 18 medium in which the property is embodied, [by the creator of the 19 property] for which, as costs are incurred in producing the 20 property, it is intended or is reasonably likely that any 21 [tangible] medium in which the property is embodied will be 22 mass-distributed by the creator or any one or more third parties in 23 24 a form that is not substantially altered; and 25 (iii) a computer program, as defined by Section 151.0031. 26 Sections 171.1012(c), (g), (h), and (k), Tax 27 SECTION 14.

1 Code, as effective January 1, 2008, are amended to read as follows:

2 (c) The cost of goods sold includes all direct costs of3 acquiring or producing the goods, including:

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labor costs;

5 (2) cost of materials that are an integral part of6 specific property produced;

7 (3) cost of materials that are consumed in the
8 ordinary course of performing production activities;

9 (4) handling costs, including costs attributable to 10 processing, assembling, repackaging, and inbound transportation 11 costs;

12 (5) storage costs, including the costs of carrying,
13 storing, or warehousing property, subject to Subsection (e);

14 (6) depreciation, depletion, and amortization, 15 <u>reported on the federal income tax return on which the report under</u> 16 <u>this chapter is based</u>, to the extent associated with and necessary 17 for the production of goods, including recovery described by 18 Section 197, Internal Revenue Code;

(7) the cost of renting or leasing equipment, facilities, or real property directly used for the production of the goods, including pollution control equipment and intangible drilling and dry hole costs;

(8) the cost of repairing and maintaining equipment,
facilities, or real property directly used for the production of
the goods, including pollution control devices;

26 (9) costs attributable to research, experimental,27 engineering, and design activities directly related to the

production of the goods, including all research or experimental
 expenditures described by Section 174, Internal Revenue Code;

3 (10) geological and geophysical costs incurred to 4 identify and locate property that has the potential to produce 5 minerals;

6 (11) taxes paid in relation to acquiring or producing 7 any material, or taxes paid in relation to services that are a 8 direct cost of production;

9 (12) the cost of producing or acquiring electricity 10 sold; and

(13) a contribution to a partnership in which the taxable entity owns an interest that is used to fund activities, the costs of which would otherwise be treated as cost of goods sold of the partnership, but only to the extent that those costs are related to goods distributed to the taxable entity as goods-in-kind in the ordinary course of production activities rather than being sold.

17 (q) A taxable entity that is allowed a subtraction by this section for a cost of goods sold and that is subject to Section 18 19 263A, 460, or 471, Internal Revenue Code, may [shall] capitalize that cost in the same manner and to the same extent that the taxable 20 21 entity capitalized that cost on its federal income tax return or may expense those costs [is required or allowed to capitalize the cost 22 under federal law and regulations], except for costs excluded under 23 24 Subsection (e), or in accordance with Subsections (c), (d), and (f). If the taxable entity elects to capitalize costs, it must 25 capitalize each cost allowed under this section that it capitalized 26 on its federal income tax return. If the taxable entity later 27

elects to begin expensing a cost that may be allowed under this 1 section as a cost of goods sold, the entity may not deduct any cost 2 in ending inventory from a previous report. If the taxable entity 3 4 elects to expense a cost of goods sold that may be allowed under 5 this section, a cost incurred before the first day of the period on 6 which the report is based may not be subtracted as a cost of goods 7 sold. If the taxable entity elects to expense a cost of goods sold and later elects to capitalize that cost of goods sold, a cost 8 9 expensed on a previous report may not be capitalized.

A taxable entity shall determine its cost of goods sold, 10 (h) except as otherwise provided by this section, in accordance with 11 the methods used on the federal income tax return on which the 12 report under this chapter is based [permitted by federal statutes 13 This subsection does not affect the type or 14 and regulations]. category of cost of goods sold that may be subtracted under this 15 section. 16

Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, if 17 (k) the taxable entity is a lending institution that offers loans to the 18 public and elects to subtract cost of goods sold, the entity, other 19 than an entity primarily engaged in an activity described by 20 category 5932 of the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Manual 21 published by the federal Office of Management and Budget, may 22 subtract as a cost of goods sold an amount equal to interest 23 24 expense.

25 SECTION 15. Sections 171.1013(a), (b), and (c), Tax Code, 26 as effective January 1, 2008, are amended to read as follows:

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(a)

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Except as otherwise provided by this section, "wages and

1 cash compensation" means the amount entered in the Medicare wages 2 and tips box of Internal Revenue Service Form W-2 or any subsequent 3 form with a different number or designation that substantially 4 provides the same information. The term also includes, to the 5 extent not included above:

6 (1) net distributive income from partnerships and from 7 trusts and limited liability companies treated as partnerships for 8 federal income tax purposes, but only if the person receiving the 9 distribution is a natural person;

10 (2) net distributive income from limited liability 11 companies and corporations treated as S corporations for federal 12 income tax purposes, but only if the person receiving the 13 distribution is a natural person; [and]

14 (3) stock awards and stock options deducted for15 federal income tax purposes; and

16 <u>(4) net distributive income from a limited liability</u> 17 <u>company treated as a sole proprietorship for federal income tax</u> 18 <u>purposes, but only if the person receiving the distribution is a</u> 19 <u>natural person</u>.

20 (b) Subject to Section 171.1014, a taxable entity that 21 elects to subtract compensation for the purpose of computing its 22 taxable margin under Section 171.101 may subtract an amount equal 23 to:

(1) subject to the limitation in Subsection (c), all
wages and cash compensation paid by the taxable entity to its
officers, directors, owners, partners, and employees; and
(2) the cost of all benefits, to the extent deductible

1 for federal income tax purposes, the taxable entity provides to its 2 officers, directors, owners, partners, and employees, including 3 workers' compensation benefits, health care, employer contributions made to employees' health savings accounts, and 4 retirement [to the extent deductible for federal income tax 5 purposes]. 6

7 (c) Notwithstanding the actual amount of wages and cash 8 compensation paid by a taxable entity to its officers, directors, owners, partners, and employees, a taxable entity may not include 9 more than \$300,000, or the amount determined under Section 171.006, 10 per 12-month period on which margin is based, for any person in the 11 12 amount of wages and cash compensation it determines under this section [Section 171.101]. If a person is paid by more than one 13 14 entity of a combined group, the combined group may not subtract in 15 relation to that person a total of more than \$300,000, or the amount determined under Section 171.006, per 12-month period on which 16 17 margin is based.

18 SECTION 16. Section 171.1014, Tax Code, as effective 19 January 1, 2008, is amended by amending Subsections (b), (d), and 20 (f) and adding Subsections (d-1), (h), and (i) to read as follows:

(b) The combined group is a single taxable entity for purposes of the application of the tax imposed under this chapter<u>,</u> including Section 171.002(d).

(d) For purposes of Section 171.101, a combined group shall
make an election to subtract either cost of goods sold or
compensation that applies to all of its members. <u>Regardless of the</u>
election, the taxable margin of the combined group may not exceed 70

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| 1 | percent of the combined group's total revenue from its entire |
| 2 | business, as provided by Section 171.101(a)(1)(A). |
| 3 | (d-1) A member of a combined group may claim as cost of goods |
| 4 | sold those costs that qualify under Section 171.1012 if the goods |
| 5 | for which the costs are incurred are owned by another member of the |
| 6 | combined group. |
| 7 | (f) For purposes of Section 171.101, a combined group that |
| 8 | elects to subtract compensation shall determine that amount by: |
| 9 | (1) determining the compensation for each of its |
| 10 | members as provided by Section 171.1013 as if each member were an |
| 11 | individual taxable entity, subject to the limitation prescribed by |
| 12 | <u>Section 171.1013(c);</u> |
| 13 | (2) adding the amounts of compensation determined |
| 14 | under Subdivision (1) together; and |
| 15 | (3) subtracting from the amount determined under |
| 16 | Subdivision (2) any compensation amounts paid from one member of |
| 17 | the combined group to another member of the combined group, but only |
| 18 | to the extent the corresponding item of total revenue was |
| 19 | subtracted under Subsection (c)(3). |
| 20 | (h) Each taxable entity that is part of a combined group |
| 21 | report shall, for purposes of determining margin and apportionment, |
| 22 | include its activities for the same period used by the combined |
| 23 | group. |
| 24 | (i) Each member of the combined group shall be jointly and |
| 25 | severally liable for the tax of the combined group. |
| 26 | SECTION 17. Section 171.1015, Tax Code, as effective |
| 27 | January 1, 2008, is amended to read as follows: |
| | |

Sec. 171.1015. REPORTING FOR CERTAIN PARTNERSHIPS IN TIERED 1 2 PARTNERSHIP ARRANGEMENT. (a) In this section, "tiered partnership arrangement" means an ownership structure in which all of the 3 4 interests in one partnership, trust, or limited liability company that is treated for federal income taxes as a partnership or a 5 6 limited liability company treated as an S corporation for federal income tax purposes (a "lower tier entity" [an "upper tier 7 8 partnership"]) are owned by one or more other taxable entities (an 9 "upper [a "lower] tier entity"). A tiered partnership arrangement may have two or more tiers. 10

(b) In addition to the tax it is required to pay under this 11 chapter on its own taxable margin, a taxable entity that is an upper 12 [a lower] tier entity may pay the tax on the taxable margin of a 13 lower tier entity [higher tier partnership] if the lower tier 14 15 entity [higher tier partnership] submits a report to the comptroller showing the amount of taxable margin that each higher 16 [lower] tier entity that owns it should include within the higher 17 [lower] tier entity's own taxable margin, according to the profits 18 interest of the higher [lower] tier entity. 19 [An upper tier partnership is not required to pay tax under this chapter on any 20 21 taxable margin reported under this section.

(c) This section does not apply to that percentage of the taxable margin attributable to a <u>higher</u> [lower] tier entity by <u>a</u> <u>lower tier entity</u> [an upper tier partnership] if the <u>higher</u> [lower] tier entity is not subject to the tax under this chapter. In this case, the <u>lower tier entity</u> [higher tier partnership] is liable for the tax on its taxable margin.

C.S.H.B. No. 3928 (d) The comptroller shall adopt rules to administer this 2 section.

3 SECTION 18. Section 171.1055(b), Tax Code, as effective
4 January 1, 2008, is amended to read as follows:

5 apportioning margin, receipts derived (b) In from 6 transactions between individual members of a combined group that are excluded under Section 171.1014(c)(3) may not be included in 7 8 the receipts of the taxable entity from its business done in this 9 state as determined under Section 171.103, except that receipts ultimately derived from the sale of tangible personal property 10 between individual members of a combined group where one member 11 party to the transaction does not have nexus in this state shall be 12 included in the receipts of the taxable entity from its business 13 done in this state as determined under Section 171.103 to the extent 14 15 that the member of the combined group that does not have nexus in this state resells the tangible personal property without 16 17 substantial modification to a purchaser in this state. "Receipts ultimately derived from the sale" means the amount paid for the 18 tangible personal property by the third party purchaser. 19

20SECTION 19. Section 171.106, Tax Code, as effective January211, 2008, is amended by adding Subsection (f) to read as follows:

(f) Notwithstanding Section 171.1055, if a loan or security
 is treated as inventory of the seller for federal income tax
 purposes, the gross proceeds of the sale of that loan or security
 are considered gross receipts.

26 SECTION 20. Section 171.111, Tax Code, as effective January 27 1, 2008, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 171.111. TEMPORARY CREDIT ON TAXABLE MARGIN. (a) On 1 2 the first report originally due under this chapter on or after January 1, 2008, [Not later than March 1, 2007,] a taxable entity 3 4 must [may] notify the comptroller in writing of its intent to [preserve its right to] take a credit in an amount allowed by this 5 6 section on the tax due on taxable margin. The taxable entity may thereafter elect to claim the credit for the current year and future 7 8 year at or before the original due date of any report due after 9 January 1, 2008 [2007], until the taxable entity revokes the election or this section expires, whichever is earlier. A taxable 10 entity may claim the credit for not more than 20 consecutive 11 privilege periods beginning with the first report originally due 12 under this chapter on or after January 1, 2008 [2007]. A taxable 13 entity may make only one election under this section and the 14 15 election may not be conveyed, assigned, or transferred to another entity. 16

17 (b) The credit allowed under this section for any privilege18 period is computed by:

(1) determining the amount of the business loss 19 carryforwards of the taxable entity under Section 171.110(e), as 20 21 that section applied to annual reports originally due before January 1, 2008, that were not exhausted on a report originally due 22 under this chapter before January 1, 2008[, as of the end of the 23 24 taxable entity's accounting year ending in 2006, of the difference 25 between (i) the taxable entity's deductible temporary differences 26 and net operating loss carryforwards, net of related valuation allowance amounts, shown on the taxable entity's books and records 27

on the last day of its taxable year ending in 2006, and (ii) the 1 taxable entity's taxable temporary differences as shown on those 2 books and records on that date. The amount of other net deferred 3 4 tax items may be less than zero. For the purpose of computing the amount of the taxable entity's other net deferred tax items, any 5 credit carryforward allowed under this chapter shall be excluded 6 from the amount of deductible temporary differences to the extent 7 such credit carryforward amount, net of any related valuation 8 allowance amount, is otherwise included in the taxable entity's 9 deductible temporary differences, net of related valuation 10 allowance amounts, shown on the taxable entity's books and records 11 on the last day of the taxable entity's taxable year ending in 12 2006]; 13 [apportioning the amount determined 14 (2) under 15 Subdivision (1) to this state in the same manner taxable margin is apportioned under Section 171.106 on the first report due on 16 17 after January 1, 2007; [(3)] multiplying the determined 18 amount under 19 Subdivision (1) $\left[\frac{(2)}{(2)}\right]$ by: 20 (A) 2.25 [10] percent for reports originally due 21 on or after January 1, 2008, and before January 1, 2018; and 22 (B) 7.75 percent for reports originally due on or after January 1, 2018, and before September 1, 2027; and 23 24 (3) [(4)] multiplying the amount determined under 25 Subdivision (2) [(3)] by 4.5 percent [the tax rate prescribed by Section 171.002(a)(2)]. 26

27

(c) [A taxable entity that notifies the comptroller of its

intent to preserve its right to take a credit allowed by this 1 section shall submit with its notice of intent a statement of the 2 amount determined under Subsection (b)(1). The comptroller may 3 request that the taxable entity submit, with each [in the] annual 4 5 report [for each succeeding privilege period] in which the taxable 6 entity is eligible to take a credit, information relating to the amount determined under Subsection (b)(1). The taxable entity 7 8 shall submit in the form and content the comptroller requires any 9 information relating to [the assets and liabilities that determine the amount of the credit,] the amount determined under Subsection 10 (b)(1)[τ] or any other matter relevant to the computation of the 11 credit for which the taxable entity is eligible. 12

(d) A credit that a taxable entity is entitled to under this section <u>may</u> [does] not <u>be conveyed</u> [convey], [and may not be] assigned, or transferred[, in relation to a transaction in which the taxable entity is purchased by another entity]. <u>A taxable</u> entity loses the right to claim the credit if the entity changes combined groups after June 30, 2007.

(d-1) A taxable entity, other than a combined group, may not 19 claim the credit under this section unless the taxable entity was, 20 21 on May 1, 2006, subject to the tax imposed by this chapter as this chapter existed on that date. A taxable entity that is a combined 22 group may claim the credit for each member entity that was, on May 23 24 1, 2006, subject to the tax imposed by this chapter as this chapter existed on that date and shall compute the amount of the credit for 25 26 that member as provided by this section. (d-2) The amount of credit claimed, including any unused 27

C.S.H.B. No. 3928 credit carried forward, may not exceed the amount of franchise tax 1 2 due for the report. Unused credits may not be carried forward to reports originally <u>due on or after September 1, 2027.</u> 3 4 This section expires September 1, 2027 [2026]. (e) SECTION 21. Section 171.1121(b), Tax Code, as effective 5 6 January 1, 2008, is amended to read as follows: 7 Except as otherwise provided by this section, a taxable (b) 8 entity shall use the same accounting methods to apportion margin as 9 used in computing margin [reportable federal taxable income]. SECTION 22. Section 171.1532(b), Tax Code, as effective 10 January 1, 2008, is amended to read as follows: 11 12 (b) The tax covering the regular annual period, other than a regular annual period included on the initial report, is based on 13 14 the business done by the taxable entity during the period beginning 15 with the day after the last date upon which taxable margin or net taxable earned surplus on a previous report was based and ending 16 17 with its last accounting period ending date for federal income tax purposes in the year before the year in which the report is 18 originally due. 19 SECTION 23. Section 171.201(a), Tax Code, as effective 20 21 January 1, 2008, is amended to read as follows: Except as provided by Section 171.2022, a taxable entity 22 (a) 23 on which the franchise tax is imposed shall file an initial report 24 with the comptroller containing: 25 (1)financial information of the taxable entity 26 necessary to compute the tax under this chapter [showing the financial condition of the taxable entity on the day that is the 27

last day of a calendar month and that is nearest to the end of the 1 taxable entity's first year of business]; 2 3 (2) the name and address of: 4 (A) each officer, director, and manager of the 5 taxable entity; 6 (B) for a limited partnership, each general 7 partner; 8 (C) for а general partnership or limited 9 liability partnership, each managing partner or, if there is not a managing partner, each partner; or 10 (D) for a trust, each trustee; 11 the name and address of the agent of the taxable 12 (3) entity designated under Section 171.354; and 13 14 (4) other information required by the comptroller. 15 SECTION 24. Sections 171.203(a), (b), (d), and (e), Tax Code, as effective January 1, 2008, are amended to read as follows: 16 17 (a) A corporation or limited liability company on which the franchise tax is imposed, regardless of whether the corporation or 18 limited liability company is required to pay any tax, shall file a 19 report with the comptroller containing: 20 (1) the name of each corporation or limited liability 21 company in which the corporation or limited liability company 22 filing the report owns a 10 percent or greater interest and the 23 24 percentage owned by the corporation or limited liability company; 25 (2) the name of each corporation or limited liability company that owns a 10 percent or greater interest in the 26 corporation or limited liability company filing the report; 27

(3) the name, title, and mailing address of each
 person who is an officer or director of the corporation <u>or limited</u>
 <u>liability company</u> on the date the report is filed and the expiration
 date of each person's term as an officer or director, if any;

5 (4) the name and address of the agent of the 6 corporation <u>or limited liability company</u> designated under Section 7 171.354; and

8 (5) the address of the corporation's <u>or limited</u> 9 <u>liability company's</u> principal office and principal place of 10 business.

11 (b) The corporation <u>or limited liability company</u> shall file 12 the report once a year on a form prescribed by the comptroller.

(d) The corporation <u>or limited liability company</u> shall send a copy of the report to each person named in the report under Subsection (a)(3) who is not currently employed by the corporation <u>or limited liability company</u> or a related corporation <u>or limited</u> <u>liability company</u> listed in Subsection (a)(1) or (2). An officer or director of the corporation <u>or limited liability company</u> or another authorized person must sign the report under a certification that:

20 (1) all information contained in the report is true21 and correct to the best of the person's knowledge; and

(2) a copy of the report has been mailed to each personidentified in this subsection on the date the return is filed.

(e) If a person's name is included in a report under
Subsection (a)(3) and the person is not an officer or director of
the corporation <u>or limited liability company</u> on the date the report
is filed, the person may file with the comptroller a sworn statement

disclaiming the person's status as shown on the report. 1 The 2 comptroller shall maintain a record of statements filed under this subsection and shall make that information available on request 3 using the same procedures the comptroller uses for other requests 4 5 for public information. 6 SECTION 25. Section 171.204, Tax Code, is amended by adding 7 Subsection (c) to read as follows: 8 (c) The comptroller may require any entity to file 9 information as necessary to verify that the entity is not subject to the tax imposed under this chapter. 10 SECTION 26. Subchapter G, Chapter 171, Tax Code, is amended 11 by adding Section 171.3015 to read as follows: 12 Sec. 171.3015. FORFEITURE OF CERTIFICATE OR REGISTRATION OF 13 TAXABLE ENTITY. The comptroller may, for the same reasons and using 14 15 the same procedures the comptroller uses in relation to the forfeiture of a corporation's charter or certificate of authority, 16 forfeit the certificate or registration of a taxable entity. 17 SECTION 27. Section 171.309, Tax Code, is amended to read as 18 follows: 19 Sec. 171.309. FORFEITURE BY SECRETARY OF STATE. 20 The 21 secretary of state may forfeit the charter, [or] certificate, or registration of a taxable entity [of authority of a corporation] 22 if: 23 24 (1)the secretary receives the comptroller's 25 certification under Section 171.302 [of this code]; and 26 (2) the taxable entity [corporation] does not revive its forfeited [corporate] privileges within 120 days after the date 27

1 that the [corporate] privileges were forfeited[; and

2 [(3) the corporation does not have assets from which a 3 judgment for any tax, penalty, or court costs imposed by this 4 chapter may be satisfied].

5 SECTION 28. Section 17, Chapter 1, Acts of the 79th 6 Legislature, 3rd Called Session, 2006, is amended to read as 7 follows:

8 Sec. 17. [(a) The repeal of Section 171.111, Tax Code, by 9 this Act does not affect a credit that accrued under that section 10 before the effective date of this Act.

[(b)] A corporation that has any unused credits established 11 [accrued] before the effective date of this Act under Section 12 171.111, Tax Code, may claim those unused credits on or with the tax 13 report for the period in which the credits were established 14 15 [accrued], and the former law under which the corporation established [accrued] the credits is continued in effect for 16 17 purposes of determining the amount of the credits the corporation may claim and the manner in which the corporation may claim the 18 credits. 19

20 SECTION 29. Sections 18(b) through (f), Chapter 1, Acts of 21 the 79th Legislature, 3rd Called Session, 2006, are amended to read 22 as follows:

(b) This section does not affect a credit authorized by a provision listed in Subsection (a) of this section that <u>was</u> <u>established</u> [accrued] under Chapter 171, Tax Code, before the effective date of this Act or a credit that continues to accrue under Section 19 of this Act.

(c) A corporation that has any unused credits established 1 [accrued] before the effective date of this Act under a provision 2 other than Subchapter O, P, or Q, Chapter 171, Tax Code, may claim 3 4 those unused credits on or with the tax report for the period in which the credits were <u>established</u> [accrued], and the former law 5 under which the corporation <u>established</u> [accrued] the credits is 6 continued in effect for purposes of determining the amount of the 7 8 credits the corporation may claim and the manner in which the 9 corporation may claim the credits.

A corporation that has any unused credits established 10 (d) [accrued] before the effective date of this Act under Subchapter O, 11 Chapter 171, Tax Code, may claim those unused credits on or with the 12 tax report for the period in which the credit was established 13 However, if the corporation was allowed to carry 14 [accrued]. 15 forward unused credits under that subchapter, the corporation may continue to apply those credits on or with each consecutive report 16 17 until the earlier of the date the credit would have expired under the terms of Subchapter O, Chapter 171, Tax Code, had it continued 18 in existence, or December 31, 2027, and the former law under which 19 the corporation established [accrued] the credits is continued in 20 effect for purposes of determining the amount of the credits the 21 corporation may claim and the manner in which the corporation may 22 claim the credits. 23

(e) A corporation that has any unused credits <u>established</u>
[accrued] before the effective date of this Act under Subchapter P,
Chapter 171, Tax Code, may claim those unused credits on or with the
tax report for the period in which the credit was established

[accrued]. However, if the corporation was allowed to carry 1 2 forward unused credits under that subchapter, the corporation may continue to apply those credits on or with each consecutive report 3 until the earlier of the date the credit would have expired under 4 5 the terms of Subchapter P, Chapter 171, Tax Code, had it continued in existence, or December 31, 2012, and the former law under which 6 7 the corporation established [accrued] the credits is continued in 8 effect for purposes of determining the amount of the credits the corporation may claim and the manner in which the corporation may 9 claim the credits. 10

(f) A corporation that has any unused credits established 11 [accrued] before the effective date of this Act under Subchapter Q, 12 Chapter 171, Tax Code, may claim those unused credits on or with the 13 14 tax report for the period in which the credit was established 15 [accrued]. However, if the corporation was allowed to carry forward unused credits under that subchapter, the corporation may 16 17 continue to apply those credits on or with each consecutive report until the earlier of the date the credit would have expired under 18 the terms of Subchapter Q, Chapter 171, Tax Code, had it continued 19 in existence, or December 31, 2012, and the former law under which 20 21 the corporation <u>established</u> [accrued] the credits is continued in effect for purposes of determining the amount of the credits the 22 corporation may claim and the manner in which the corporation may 23 24 claim the credits.

25 SECTION 30. (a) Section 22, Chapter 1, Acts of the 79th 26 Legislature, 3rd Called Session, 2006, is amended by amending 27 Subsection (b) and adding Subsections (b-1), (b-2), and (g) to read

C.S.H.B. No. 3928 1 as follows: 2 (b) For an entity becoming subject to the franchise tax 3 under this Act: margin or gross receipts occurring before June 1, 4 (1)5 2006, may not be considered for purposes of determining taxable margin or for apportionment purposes; and 6 an entity subject to the franchise tax on January 7 (2) 8 1, 2008, that was not previously subject to the tax and for which January 1, 2008, is not the beginning date, shall file an annual 9 report due May 15, 2008, based on the period: 10 if the entity has an accounting period that 11 (A) ends on or after January 1, 2007, and before June 1, 2007: 12 (i) beginning on the later of: 13 June 1, 2006; or 14 (a) the date the entity was organized 15 (b) in this state or, if a foreign entity, the date it began doing 16 business in this state; and 17 (ii) ending on the date that accounting 18 period ends in 2007; 19 if the entity has an accounting period that 20 (B) ends on or after June 1, 2007, and before December 31, 2007: 21 (i) beginning on the date that accounting 22 period begins; and 23 24 (ii) ending on the date that accounting 25 period ends in 2007; and (C) if the entity has an accounting period that 26 ends on December 31, 2007, or if the entity does not have an 27

C.S.H.B. No. 3928 1 accounting period that ends in 2007: 2 (i) beginning on the later of: 3 January 1, 2007; or (a) 4 (b) the date the entity was organized 5 in the state or, if a foreign entity, the date it began doing 6 business in this state; and ending on December 31, 2007[; and 7 (ii) 8 [(3) an entity subject to the franchise tax as it 9 existed before the effective date of this Act at any time after 10 December 31, 2006, and before January 1, 2008, but not subject to the franchise tax on January 1, 2008, shall file a final report for 11 the privilege of doing business at any time after June 30, 2007, and 12 before January 1, 2008, based on the period: 13 [(A) beginning on the later of: 14 15 [(i) January 1, 2007; or [(ii) the date the entity was organized in 16 17 this state or, if a foreign entity, the date it began doing business in this state; and 18 [(B) ending on the date the entity became no 19 longer subject to the franchise tax]. 20 21 (b-1) This subsection applies to an entity that: (1) is not doing business in this state on January 1, 22 23 2008; 24 (2) would be subject to the franchise tax as amended by 25 this Act if it were doing business in this state on or after January 26 1, 2008, but would not have been subject to the franchise tax as it existed before being amended by this Act; and 27

| 1 | (3) was doing business in this state at any time after |
|----|--|
| 2 | June 30, 2007, and before January 1, 2008. |
| 3 | (b-2) An entity to which Subsection (b-1) applies shall, for |
| 4 | the privilege of doing business in this state at any time after June |
| 5 | 30, 2007, and before January 1, 2008, file a final report and pay an |
| 6 | additional tax equal to the appropriate rate under Section 171.002, |
| 7 | Tax Code, as amended by this Act, of the entity's taxable margin |
| 8 | based on the period: |
| 9 | (1) beginning on the later of: |
| 10 | (A) January 1, 2007; or |
| 11 | (B) the date the entity was organized in this |
| 12 | state or, if a foreign entity, the date it began doing business in |
| 13 | this state; and |
| 14 | (2) ending on the date the entity became no longer |
| 15 | subject to the tax. |
| 16 | (g) Except as provided by Subsections (b-1) and (b-2) of |
| 17 | this section, an entity becoming subject to the franchise tax under |
| 18 | this Act that is part of a combined group report shall, for purposes |
| 19 | of determining margin and apportionment, include its activity for |
| 20 | the same period used by the combined group. |
| 21 | (b) This section takes effect immediately if this Act |
| 22 | receives a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each |
| 23 | house, as provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. |
| 24 | If this Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate |
| 25 | effect, this section takes effect September 1, 2007. |
| 20 | |

26 SECTION 31. Sections 23(b) and (f), Chapter 1, Acts of the 27 79th Legislature, 3rd Called Session, 2006, are amended to read as

1 follows:

The information report required under this section must 2 (b) 3 contain the same information that an entity required to file the report would have submitted in its report due to the comptroller in 4 5 2006 under Chapter 171, Tax Code, if the changes made by this Act to Chapter 171, Tax Code, had been in effect January 1, 2006. The 6 7 information report shall also contain the total of maintenance and 8 operations school property taxes paid by the entity to school districts in Texas in the 2005 [, 2006, and 2007] tax year [years]. 9 10 The comptroller shall provide the forms and instructions to the entities required to file a report under this section. 11

12

(f) The comptroller:

13 (1) shall identify the entities described by14 Subsection (d) of this section;

15 (2) shall prepare all forms and instructions required 16 for those entities to file their information reports as required by 17 this section;

18 (3) shall provide those forms and instructions to
19 those entities on or after November 15, 2006, but before December 2,
2006;

(4) shall require the entities to submit their information reports on or before February 15, 2007[, and February 15, 2008];

24 (5) may not grant any extensions for filing the 25 information reports; and

(6) shall report to the governor, the lieutenantgovernor, and the members of the legislature, on or before April 1,

2007, [and April 1, 2008,] the results of the information reports, 1 stating the amount of revenue generated by the tax under Chapter 2 3 171, Tax Code, [in each year,] the amount that would have been 4 generated from the entities submitting information reports under this section if the changes made by this Act to Chapter 171, Tax 5 6 Code, had been in effect January 1, 2006, and the school maintenance 7 and operations property taxes paid by the entities in the 2005 [au8 2006, and 2007] tax year [years].

9 SECTION 32. The following provisions of the Tax Code are 10 repealed:

11 (1) Section 171.0011(e), as effective January 1, 2008; 12 (2) Section 171.1014(g), as effective January 1, 2008; 13 and 14 (3) Section 171.2035, as effective January 1, 2008.

15 SECTION 33. This Act applies only to a report originally due 16 on or after the effective date of this Act.

SECTION 34. Except as otherwise provided by this Act, thisAct takes effect January 1, 2008.