By: Castro H.B. No. 3964

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

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2	relating to the authority of certain home-rule municipalities to
3	acquire certain property by condemnation.
4	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
5	SECTION 1. Chapter 251, Local Government Code, is amended
6	by designating Sections 251.001 and 251.002 as Subchapter A and
7	adding a subchapter heading to read as follows:
8	SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS
9	SECTION 2. Chapter 251, Local Government Code, is amended
10	by adding Subchapter B to read as follows:
11	SUBCHAPTER B. AUTHORITY TO CONDEMN CERTAIN PROPERTY
12	Sec. 251.051. APPLICABILITY. This subchapter applies only
13	to the exercise of eminent domain by a home-rule municipality:
14	(1) for a public use by a gas, water, sewer, or reuse
15	water utility that is wholly owned by the municipality and operated
16	by:
17	(A) the governing body of the municipality; or
18	(B) a board of trustees appointed under Section
19	1502.070, Government Code, to manage and control a municipal
20	utility system; and
21	(2) that requires in the municipality's charter that
22	the municipality may not acquire real property until the location
23	and extent of the property is approved by the municipality's
24	planning commission.

- Sec. 251.052. DUTY OF PLANNING COMMISSION. (a) A municipal planning commission considering a condemnation action subject to this chapter must approve or disapprove the action not later than the 60th day after the date the planning commission receives written notice of the action from the utility or other entity requesting the acquisition of the property.
- 7 (b) A planning commission disapproving the proposed extent
 8 and location of property to be acquired by condemnation must submit
 9 the commission's reasons for the disapproval in writing to the
 10 governing body of the municipality.
- 11 (c) If the planning commission does not give its approval or
 12 disapproval during the 60-day period, the condemnation is
 13 considered approved by the commission.
- Sec. 251.053. DUTY OF MUNICIPALITY. (a) An ordinance initiating or authorizing a condemnation proceeding subject to this chapter must:
- 17 <u>(1) provide the date on which a municipality's</u>
 18 <u>planning commission considered the location and extent of the</u>
 19 property;
- 20 (2) state whether the planning commission approved or 21 disapproved the acquisition of the property; and
- 22 (3) if the ordinance is adopted after overruling the 23 disapproval of the planning commission, state:
- 24 (A) the reasons for the planning commission's disapproval;
- 26 <u>(B) the fact that the municipal governing body</u>
 27 overruled the planning commission's recommendation; and

H.B. No. 3964

- 1 (C) the reasons that the municipality's governing body overruled the planning commission's recommendation.
- (b) The municipal governing body may overrule the disapproval of the municipality's planning commission only if the meeting notice of the governing body contains a statement in substantially the following form: "A public hearing to consider overruling the action taken by the planning commission of the city of (insert municipality's name) on (insert date of planning commission action) disapproving the proposed acquisition of property for (insert description of project)."
- 11 Sec. 251.054. ENFORCEMENT; REMEDIES. (a) An action to
 12 enforce this subchapter or enjoin a violation of this subchapter
 13 may be brought by an owner of an interest in real property acquired
 14 in violation of this subchapter.

- (b) The sovereign immunity of the municipality against suit and liability is specifically and expressly waived with respect to a suit brought by a person identified by Subsection (a) against the municipality for the purpose of enforcing this subchapter.
 - (c) A suit to enforce this subchapter may be brought for injunctive relief, mandamus, declaratory judgment, and damages, including damages to property acquired in violation of this subchapter if the action is brought by the owner of that property.
 - (d) A plaintiff shall file a NOTICE OF INTENTION TO FILE SUIT under this subchapter with the clerk of the municipality no later than seven (7) days after a violation occurs under this subchapter. The municipality shall have fourteen (14) days following the receipt of such notice to cure any violation

- 1 <u>described herein.</u>
- 2 (e) A plaintiff who prevails in an action brought to enforce
- 3 <u>this subchapter is entitled to:</u>
- 4 (1) reasonable attorney's fees;
- 5 (2) court costs; and
- 6 (3) expenses directly related to the litigation
- 7 required to enforce this subchapter.
- 8 <u>(f) A municipality's failure to comply with this subchapter</u>
- 9 before authorizing or initiating a condemnation proceeding causes
- 10 the proceeding to be void.
- Sec. 251.055. CONFLICTS. This subchapter controls to the
- 12 extent of a conflict between this subchapter and another law of this
- 13 state or an ordinance, charter provision, or other act of a
- 14 municipality.
- SECTION 3. Subchapter B, Chapter 251, Local Government
- 16 Code, as added by this Act, applies to an action by a municipality
- 17 that is taken on or after the effective date of this Act.
- SECTION 4. This Act takes effect immediately if it receives
- 19 a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as
- 20 provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If this
- 21 Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate effect, this
- 22 Act takes effect September 1, 2007.