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RESOLUTION

WHEREAS, Robert E. Lee, who achieved fame as the commander of the Confederate Army of Northern Virginia during the Civil War, was born 200 years ago, on January 19, 1807, at Stratford Hall,

4 Westmoreland County, Virginia; and

WHEREAS, After graduating second in his class at West Point in 1829, General Lee made his career in the military and served in Texas on several occasions; his first introduction to the Lone Star State came during the Mexican War, when he accompanied the forces under General John E. Wool as they advanced from San Antonio to Buena Vista in 1846-1847; as a captain of engineers, he oversaw the construction at Eagle Pass of a pontoon bridge, over which General Wool's troops crossed into Coahuila; and

WHEREAS, In 1855, the congress authorized the creation of four new regiments, two of infantry and two of cavalry, to help protect the western frontier; Robert E. Lee, then superintendent of the U.S. Military Academy, was appointed second in command of one of those units, the 2nd Cavalry; he arrived in Texas in March 1856, and the following month he assumed command of two squadrons at Camp Cooper, on the Comanche Indian reservation in present-day Shackelford County; and

WHEREAS, Soon afterward, in June 1856, Lieutenant Colonel Lee set out with four squadrons of the 2nd Cavalry in pursuit of a group of Indians, believed to be led by the Comanche chief Sanaco, who had been raiding along the edge of the Staked Plains; the expedition

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- 1 covered 1,600 miles over a 40-day period and scouted the headwaters
- of the Colorado, Brazos, and Wichita Rivers; and
- 3 WHEREAS, After Colonel Albert Sidney Johnston, commander of
- 4 the 2nd Cavalry, was called to Washington, Lieutenant Colonel Lee
- 5 was assigned to take his place in July 1857, and from then until the
- 6 following October he directed the regiment from his base in San
- 7 Antonio; and
- 8 WHEREAS, Lieutenant Colonel Lee left Texas in October 1857,
- 9 but he returned to assume temporary command of the Department of
- 10 Texas on February 20, 1860; with fewer than 3,000 soldiers to guard
- a frontier more than 1,200 miles long, he used the 2nd Cavalry as an
- 12 instrument of an aggressive security policy, successfully
- 13 defending the state from Kiowa and Comanche Indian raids in the
- 14 north and from Mexican bandits in the south; and
- WHEREAS, In the spring of 1860, Lieutenant Colonel Lee
- 16 personally led troops of the 2nd Cavalry against Juan Cortina,
- 17 scion of a long-established Tejano ranching family, who had taken
- 18 up arms in protest against Anglo authorities and who was plundering
- 19 the lower Rio Grande Valley; eventually, the American officer
- 20 secured assurances from the Mexican government that it would arrest
- 21 the bandit, who was subsequently kept in check until the outbreak of
- the Civil War; and
- WHEREAS, While stationed in San Antonio, Robert E. Lee became
- 24 a lay leader at St. Mark's Episcopal Church and helped to sponsor
- 25 the construction of its building; and
- 26 WHEREAS, Command of the Department of Texas passed to David
- 27 Twiggs on December 13, 1860, and Lieutenant Colonel Lee then

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- 1 departed for his regimental headquarters at Fort Mason; a short
- 2 time later, he was ordered to report to Washington, and he
- 3 relinquished command of the 2nd Cavalry on February 13, 1861; and
- WHEREAS, In the ensuing war between the North and South,
- 5 General Lee expressed his high regard for soldiers from the Lone
- 6 Star State, saying: "I rely upon Texas regiments in all tight
- 7 places, and fear that I call upon them too often[;] they have fought
- 8 grandly, nobly"; indeed, Hood's Texas Brigade was considered the
- 9 "shock troops" of the Army of Northern Virginia; and
- 10 WHEREAS, A number of Texas locations and schools bear Robert
- 11 E. Lee's name, in recognition of his service to Texas and the
- 12 Confederacy; they include Lee County, the city of Robert Lee, Lee
- 13 College in Baytown, and high schools in Baytown, Midland, Tyler,
- 14 and San Antonio; the State of Texas chose his birthday as the date
- 15 for its Confederate Heroes Day; and
- WHEREAS, Two centuries after his birth, Robert E. Lee remains
- 17 a legendary figure in the history of this nation; now, therefore, be
- 18 it
- 19 RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives of the 80th Texas
- 20 Legislature hereby recognize 2007 as the bicentennial of the birth
- 21 of Robert E. Lee and pay tribute to the life of this esteemed
- 22 American.

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Speaker of the House

I certify that H.R. No. 966 was adopted by the House on April 5, 2007, by a non-record vote.

Chief Clerk of the House