

By: Jackson, Van de Putte

S.B. No. 194

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

1  
2 relating to the eligibility of certain individuals with terminally  
3 ill spouses or parents for unemployment compensation.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

5 SECTION 1. Subsection (a), Section 204.022, Labor Code, as  
6 amended by Chapters 39, 493, and 728, Acts of the 79th Legislature,  
7 Regular Session, 2005, is reenacted and amended to read as follows:

8 (a) Benefits computed on benefit wage credits of an employee  
9 or former employee may not be charged to the account of an employer  
10 if the employee's last separation from the employer's employment  
11 before the employee's benefit year:

12 (1) was required by a federal statute;

13 (2) was required by a statute of this state or an  
14 ordinance of a municipality of this state;

15 (3) would have disqualified the employee under Section  
16 207.044, 207.045, 207.051, or 207.053 if the employment had been  
17 the employee's last work;

18 (4) imposes a disqualification under Section 207.044,  
19 207.045, 207.051, or 207.053;

20 (5) was caused by a medically verifiable illness of  
21 the employee or the employee's minor child;

22 (6) was based on a natural disaster that results in a  
23 disaster declaration by the president of the United States under  
24 the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act

1 (42 U.S.C. Section 5121 et seq.), if the employee would have been  
2 entitled to unemployment assistance benefits under Section 410 of  
3 that act (42 U.S.C. Section 5177) had the employee not received  
4 state unemployment compensation benefits;

5 (7) was caused by a natural disaster, fire, flood, or  
6 explosion that causes employees to be separated from one employer's  
7 employment;

8 (8) was based on a disaster that results in a disaster  
9 declaration by the governor under Section 418.014, Government Code;

10 (9) resulted from the employee's resigning from  
11 partial employment to accept other employment that the employee  
12 reasonably believed would increase the employee's weekly wage;

13 (10) was caused by the employer being called to active  
14 military service in any branch of the United States armed forces on  
15 or after January 1, 2003;

16 (11) resulted from the employee leaving the employee's  
17 workplace to protect the employee from family violence or stalking  
18 as evidenced by:

19 (A) an active or recently issued protective order  
20 documenting family violence against, or the stalking of, the  
21 employee or the potential for family violence against, or the  
22 stalking of, the employee;

23 (B) a police record documenting family violence  
24 against, or the stalking of, the employee; and

25 (C) a physician's statement or other medical  
26 documentation of family violence against the employee; [~~or~~]

27 (12) resulted from a move from the area of the

1 employee's employment that:

2 (A) was made with the employee's spouse who is a  
3 member of the armed forces of the United States; and

4 (B) resulted from the spouse's permanent change  
5 of station of longer than 120 days or a tour of duty of longer than  
6 one year; ~~or~~

7 (13) ~~(12)~~ was caused by the employee being unable to  
8 perform the work as a result of a disability for which the employee  
9 is receiving disability insurance benefits under 42 U.S.C. Section  
10 423; or

11 (14) resulted from the employee leaving the employee's  
12 workplace to care for the employee's terminally ill spouse or  
13 parent as evidenced by a physician's statement or other medical  
14 documentation, but only if no reasonable alternative care was  
15 available.

16 SECTION 2. Subsection (a), Section 207.046, Labor Code, is  
17 amended to read as follows:

18 (a) An individual is not disqualified for benefits under  
19 this subchapter if:

20 (1) the work-related reason for the individual's  
21 separation from employment was urgent, compelling, and necessary so  
22 as to make the separation involuntary; ~~or~~

23 (2) the individual leaves the workplace to protect the  
24 individual from family violence or stalking as evidenced by:

25 (A) an active or recently issued protective order  
26 documenting family violence against, or the stalking of, the  
27 employee or the potential for family violence against, or the

1 stalking of, the employee;

2 (B) a police record documenting family violence  
3 against, or the stalking of, the employee; and

4 (C) a physician's statement or other medical  
5 documentation of family violence against the employee; or

6 (3) the individual leaves the workplace to care for  
7 the individual's terminally ill spouse or parent as evidenced by a  
8 physician's statement or other medical documentation, but only if  
9 no reasonable, alternative care was available.

10 SECTION 3. The changes in law made by this Act apply only to  
11 eligibility for unemployment compensation benefits based on an  
12 unemployment compensation claim that is filed with the Texas  
13 Workforce Commission on or after the effective date of this Act. A  
14 claim filed before the effective date of this Act is governed by the  
15 law in effect on the date the claim was filed, and the former law is  
16 continued in effect for that purpose.

17 SECTION 4. To the extent of any conflict, this Act prevails  
18 over another Act of the 80th Legislature, Regular Session, 2007,  
19 relating to nonsubstantive additions to and corrections in enacted  
20 codes.

21 SECTION 5. This Act takes effect immediately if it receives  
22 a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as  
23 provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If this  
24 Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate effect, this  
25 Act takes effect September 1, 2007.