By: Ellis, et al.

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A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

2 relating to prohibiting the investment of state funds in certain 3 private business entities doing business in Sudan.

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

5 SECTION 1. LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS. (a) On July 23, 2004, 6 the United States Congress declared that "the atrocities unfolding 7 in Darfur, Sudan, are genocide."

8 (b) On September 9, 2004, Secretary of State Colin L. Powell 9 told the United States Senate Committee on Foreign Relations that 10 "genocide has occurred and may still be occurring in Darfur" and 11 "the Government of Sudan and the Janjaweed bear responsibility."

(c) On September 21, 2004, addressing the United Nations General Assembly, President George W. Bush affirmed the secretary of state's finding and stated, "At this hour, the world is witnessing terrible suffering and horrible crimes in the Darfur region of Sudan, crimes my government has concluded are genocide."

17 (d) On December 7, 2004, the United States Congress noted 18 that the genocidal policy in Darfur has led to reports of 19 "systematic rape of thousands of women and girls, the abduction of 20 women and children, and the destruction of hundreds of ethnically 21 African villages, including the poisoning of their wells and the 22 plunder of their crops and cattle upon which the people of such 23 villages sustain themselves."

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(e) Also on December 7, 2004, the United States Congress

1 found that "the Government of Sudan has restricted access by 2 humanitarian and human rights workers to the Darfur area through 3 intimidation by military and security forces, and through bureaucratic and administrative obstruction, in an attempt to 4 inflict the most devastating harm on those individuals displaced 5 6 from their villages and homes without any means of sustenance or 7 shelter."

8 (f) On September 25, 2006, the United States Congress 9 reaffirmed that "the genocide unfolding in the Darfur region of 10 Sudan is characterized by acts of terrorism and atrocities directed 11 against civilians, including mass murder, rape, and sexual violence 12 committed by the Janjaweed and associated militias with the 13 complicity and support of the National Congress Party-led faction 14 of the Government of Sudan."

(g) On September 26, 2006, the United States House of Representatives stated that "an estimated 300,000 to 400,000 people have been killed by the Government of Sudan and its Janjaweed allies since the Darfur crisis began in 2003, more than 2,000,000 people have been displaced from their homes, and more than 250,000 people from Darfur remain in refugee camps in Chad."

(h) The Darfur crisis represents the first time the UnitedStates government has labeled ongoing atrocities a genocide.

(i) The United States government has imposed sanctions
against the Government of Sudan since 1997. These sanctions are
monitored through the United States Treasury Department's Office of
Foreign Assets Control (OFAC).

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(j) According to a former chair of the United States

Securities and Exchange Commission, "the fact that a foreign company is doing material business with a country, government, or entity on OFAC's sanctions list is, in the SEC staff's view, substantially likely to be significant to a reasonable investor's decision about whether to invest in that company."

6 (k) Since 1993, the United States secretary of state has 7 determined that Sudan is a country the government of which has 8 repeatedly provided support for acts of international terrorism, 9 thereby incurring restrictions of United States assistance, 10 defense exports and sales, and financial and other transactions 11 with the Government of Sudan.

(1) A 2006 United States House of Representatives report states that "a company's association with sponsors of terrorism and human rights abuses, no matter how large or small, can have a materially adverse result on a public company's operations, financial condition, earnings, and stock prices, all of which can negatively affect the value of an investment."

(m) In response to the financial risk posed by investments in companies doing business with a terrorist-sponsoring state, the Securities and Exchange Commission established its Office of Global Security Risk to provide for enhanced disclosure of material information regarding such companies.

(n) The current Sudan divestment movement encompasses
 nearly 100 universities, cities, states, and private pension plans.

(o) Companies facing such widespread divestment present
 further material risk to remaining investors.

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(p) It is a fundamental responsibility of the state to

1 decide where, how, and by whom financial resources in its control 2 should be invested, taking into account numerous pertinent factors.

3 (q) It is the prerogative and desire of the state, in respect to investment resources in its control and to the extent 4 reasonable, with due consideration for, among other things, 5 6 fiduciary standards imposed by law, on behalf of itself and its 7 investment beneficiaries, not to participate in an ownership or capital-providing capacity with entities that provide significant 8 practical support for genocide, including certain non-United 9 10 States companies presently doing business in Sudan.

(r) It is the judgment of the legislature that this Act should remain in effect only insofar as it continues to be consistent with, and does not unduly interfere with, the foreign policy of the United States as determined by the United States government.

16 (s) This Act is not intended to interfere with the 17 performance of the fiduciary duties of a manager of funds subject to 18 this Act.

(t) It is the judgment of the legislature that mandatory divestment of public funds from certain companies is a measure that should be employed sparingly and judiciously. A congressional and presidential declaration of genocide satisfies this high threshold.

24 SECTION 2. Subtitle A, Title 8, Government Code, is amended 25 by adding Chapter 806 to read as follows:

1	CHAPTER 806. PROHIBITION ON INVESTMENT IN SUDAN
2	SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS
3	Sec. 806.001. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter:
4	(1) "Active business operations" means all business
5	operations that are not inactive business operations.
6	(2) "Business operations" means engaging in commerce
7	in any form in Sudan, including by acquiring, developing,
8	maintaining, owning, selling, possessing, leasing, or operating
9	equipment, facilities, personnel, products, services, personal
10	property, real property, or any other apparatus of business or
11	commerce.
12	(3) "Company" means a sole proprietorship,
13	organization, association, corporation, partnership, joint
14	venture, limited partnership, limited liability partnership,
15	limited liability company, or other entity or business association
16	whose securities are publicly traded, including a wholly owned
17	subsidiary, majority-owned subsidiary, parent company, or
18	affiliate of those entities or business associations, that exists
19	to make a profit.
20	(4) "Complicit" means taking actions that have
21	directly supported or promoted the genocidal campaign in Darfur,
22	including:
23	(A) preventing members of Darfur's victimized
24	population from communicating with each other;
25	(B) encouraging Sudanese citizens to speak out
26	against an internationally approved security force for Darfur; or
27	(C) actively working to deny, cover up, or alter

the record on human rights abuses in Darfur. 1 "Direct holdings in a company" means all 2 (5) 3 securities of that company held directly by a state governmental entity in an account or fund in which a state governmental entity 4 5 owns all shares or interests. (6) "Government of Sudan" means the government in 6 7 Khartoum, Sudan, which is led by the National Congress Party, formerly known as the National Islamic Front, or any successor 8 government formed on or after October 13, 2006, including the 9 coalition National Unity Government agreed upon in 10 the Comprehensive Peace Agreement for Sudan. The term does not include 11 12 the regional government of southern Sudan. (7) "Inactive business operations" means the mere 13 continued holding or renewal of rights to property previously 14 15 operated to generate revenue but not presently deployed to generate 16 revenue. 17 (8) "Indirect holdings in a company" means all 18 securities of that company held in an account or fund, such as a mutual fund, managed by one or more persons not employed by a state 19 governmental entity, in which the state governmental entity owns 20 shares or interests together with other investors not subject to 21 22 this chapter. The term does not include money invested under a plan described by Section 401(k) or 457 of the Internal Revenue Code of 23 1986. 24 25 (9) "Listed company" means a company listed by the comptroller under Section 806.051. 26 (10) "Marginalized populations of Sudan" includes: 27

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1	(A) the portion of the population in the Darfur
2	region that has been genocidally victimized;
3	(B) the portion of the population of southern
4	Sudan victimized by Sudan's North-South civil war;
5	(C) the Beja, Rashidiya, and other similarly
6	underserved groups of eastern Sudan;
7	(D) the Nubian and other similarly underserved
8	groups in Sudan's Abyei, Southern Blue Nile, and Nuba Mountain
9	regions; and
10	(E) the Amri, Hamadab, Manasir, and other
11	similarly underserved groups of northern Sudan.
12	(11) "Military equipment" means weapons, arms,
13	military supplies, and equipment that readily may be used for
14	military purposes, including radar systems or military-grade
15	transport vehicles or supplies or services sold or provided
16	directly or indirectly to any force actively participating in armed
17	conflict in Sudan.
18	(12) "Mineral extraction activities" includes
19	exploring, extracting, processing, transporting, or wholesale
20	selling or trading of elemental minerals or associated metal alloys
21	or oxides (ore), including gold, copper, chromium, chromite,
22	diamonds, iron, iron ore, silver, tungsten, uranium, and zinc, as
23	well as facilitating those activities, including by providing
24	supplies or services in support of those activities.
25	(13) "Oil-related activities" includes:
26	(A) owning rights to oil blocks;
27	(B) exporting, extracting, producing, refining,

1	processing, exploring for, transporting, selling, or trading of
2	<u>oil;</u>
3	(C) constructing, maintaining, or operating a
4	pipeline, refinery, or other oil-field infrastructure; or
5	(D) facilitating oil-related activities,
6	including by providing supplies or services in support of the
7	activities, except that the mere retail sale of gasoline and
8	related consumer products is not an oil-related activity.
9	(14) "Power production activities" means any business
10	operation that involves a project commissioned by the National
11	Electricity Corporation of Sudan or another similar Government of
12	Sudan entity whose purpose is to facilitate power generation and
13	delivery, including establishing power-generating plants or
14	hydroelectric dams, selling or installing components for the
15	project, and providing service contracts related to the
16	installation or maintenance of the project, as well as facilitating
17	those activities, including by providing supplies or services in
18	support of those activities.
19	(15) "Scrutinized company" means a company that:
20	(A) engages in scrutinized business operations
21	described by Section 806.002; or
22	(B) has been complicit in the Darfur genocide
23	during any preceding 20-month period.
24	(16) "Social development company" means a company
25	whose primary purpose in Sudan is to provide humanitarian goods or
26	services, including medicine or medical equipment, agricultural
27	supplies or infrastructure, educational opportunities,

1	journalism-related activities, information or information
2	materials, spiritual-related activities, services of a purely
3	clerical or reporting nature, food, clothing, or general consumer
4	goods that are unrelated to oil-related activities, mineral
5	extraction activities, or power production activities.
6	(17) "State governmental entity" means the Employees
7	Retirement System of Texas or the Teacher Retirement System of
8	Texas.
9	(18) "Substantial action" means adopting,
10	publicizing, and implementing a formal plan to cease scrutinized
11	business operations within one year and to refrain from any such new
12	business operations, undertaking significant humanitarian efforts
13	on behalf of one or more marginalized populations of Sudan, or,
14	through engagement with the Government of Sudan, materially
15	improving conditions for the genocidally victimized population in
16	Darfur.
17	Sec. 806.002. SCRUTINIZED BUSINESS OPERATIONS. A company
18	engages in scrutinized business operations if:
19	(1) the company has business operations that involve
20	contracts with or providing supplies or services to the Government
21	of Sudan, a company in which the Government of Sudan has any direct
22	or indirect equity share, a Government of Sudan-commissioned
23	consortium or project, or a company involved in a Government of
24	Sudan-commissioned consortium or project, and:
25	(A) more than 10 percent of the company's
26	revenues or assets linked to Sudan involve oil-related activities
27	or mineral extraction activities, less than 75 percent of the

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Sec. 806.003. SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT COMPANY. Notwithstanding
 any other law, a social development company that is not complicit in
 the Darfur genocide is not a scrutinized company.
 Sec. 806.004. EXCEPTION. Notwithstanding any other law, a
 company that the United States government affirmatively declares to
 be excluded from its federal sanctions regime relating to Sudan is

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7 not subject to divestment or investment prohibition under this
8 chapter.

9 Sec. 806.005. OTHER LEGAL OBLIGATIONS. With respect to 10 actions taken in compliance with this chapter, including all good faith determinations regarding companies as required by this 11 12 chapter, a state governmental entity is exempt from any conflicting 13 statutory or common law obligations, including any obligations with respect to making investments, divesting from any investment, 14 15 preparing or maintaining any list of companies, or choosing asset 16 managers, investment funds, or investments for the state governmental entity's securities portfolios. 17

18 Sec. 806.006. INDEMNIFICATION OF STATE GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES, EMPLOYEES, AND OTHERS. In a cause of action based on an 19 action, inaction, decision, divestment, investment, company 20 communication, report, or other determination made or taken in 21 22 connection with this chapter, the state shall, without regard to whether the person performed services for compensation, indemnify 23 and hold harmless for actual damages, court costs, and attorney's 24 25 fees adjudged against, and defend: (1) an employee, a member of the governing body, or any 26

27 other officer of a state governmental entity;

1	(2) a contractor of a state governmental entity;
2	(3) a former employee, former member of the governing
3	body, or any other former officer of a state governmental entity who
4	was an employee or officer when the act or omission on which the
5	damages are based occurred; and
6	(4) a former contractor of a state governmental entity
7	who was a contractor when the act or omission on which the damages
8	are based occurred.
9	Sec. 806.007. NO PRIVATE CAUSE OF ACTION. (a) A person,
10	including a member, retiree, and beneficiary of a retirement system
11	to which this chapter applies, an association, a research firm, a
12	company, or any other person may not sue or pursue a private cause
13	of action against the state, a state governmental entity, an
14	employee, a member of the governing body, or any other officer of a
15	state governmental entity, or a contractor of a state governmental
16	entity, for any claim or cause of action, including breach of
17	fiduciary duty, or for violation of any constitutional, statutory,
18	or regulatory requirement in connection with any action, inaction,
19	decision, divestment, investment, company communication, report,
20	or other determination made or taken in connection with this
21	chapter.
22	(b) A person who files suit against the state, a state
23	governmental entity, an employee, a member of the governing body,
24	or any other officer of a state governmental entity, or a contractor
25	of a state governmental entity, is liable for paying the costs and
26	attorney's fees of a person sued in violation of this section.
27	[Sections 806.008-806.050 reserved for expansion]

1	SUBCHAPTER B. DUTIES REGARDING INVESTMENTS
2	Sec. 806.051. LISTED COMPANIES. (a) The comptroller shall
3	prepare and maintain, and provide to each state governmental
4	entity, a list of all scrutinized companies. In maintaining the
5	list of scrutinized companies, the comptroller may review and rely,
6	as appropriate in the comptroller's judgment, on publicly available
7	information regarding companies with business operations in Sudan,
8	including information provided by the state, nonprofit
9	organizations, research firms, international organizations, and
10	governmental entities.
11	(b) The comptroller shall update the list of scrutinized
12	companies annually or more often as the comptroller considers
13	necessary, but not more often than quarterly, based on information
14	from, among other sources, those listed in Subsection (a).
15	(c) Not later than the 30th day after the date the list of
16	scrutinized companies is first provided or updated, the comptroller
17	shall file the list of scrutinized companies with the presiding
18	officer of each house of the legislature and the attorney general.
19	Sec. 806.052. IDENTIFICATION OF INVESTMENT IN LISTED
20	COMPANIES. Not later than the 14th day after the date a state
21	governmental entity receives the list provided under Section
22	806.051(c), the state governmental entity shall notify the
23	comptroller of the listed companies in which the state governmental
24	entity owns direct or indirect holdings.
25	Sec. 806.053. NOTICE TO LISTED COMPANY ENGAGED IN INACTIVE
26	BUSINESS OPERATIONS. For each listed company identified under
27	Section 806.052 that is engaged in only inactive scrutinized

business operations, the state governmental entity shall send a 1 written notice informing the company of this chapter and 2 3 encouraging the company to continue to refrain from initiating active business operations in Sudan until it is able to avoid being 4 considered a listed company. The state governmental entity shall 5 6 continue the correspondence as the entity considers necessary, but 7 is not required to initiate correspondence more often than 8 semiannually. 9 Sec. 806.054. ACTIONS RELATING TO LISTED COMPANY ENGAGED IN ACTIVE BUSINESS OPERATIONS. (a) For each listed company 10 identified under Section 806.052 that is engaged in scrutinized 11 active business operations, the state governmental entity shall 12 13 send a written notice informing the company of its listed company status and warning the company that it may become subject to 14 15 divestment by state governmental entities. 16 (b) The notice shall offer the company the opportunity to 17 clarify its Sudan-related activities and shall encourage the

17 <u>clarify its Sudan-related activities and shall encourage the</u> 18 <u>company, not later than the 90th day after the date the company</u> 19 <u>receives notice under this section, to either cease its scrutinized</u> 20 <u>business operations or convert such operations to inactive business</u> 21 <u>operations in order to avoid qualifying for divestment by state</u> 22 <u>governmental entities.</u>

(c) If, during the time provided by Subsection (b), the company ceases scrutinized business operations, the comptroller shall remove the company from the list of scrutinized companies and this chapter will no longer apply to the company unless it resumes scrutinized business operations.

1	(d) If, during the time provided by Subsection (b), the
2	company converts its scrutinized active business operations to
3	inactive business operations, the company is subject to all
4	provisions of this chapter relating to inactive business
5	operations.
6	(e) If, after the time provided by Subsection (b) expires,
7	the listed company continues to have scrutinized active business
8	operations, the state governmental entity shall sell, redeem,
9	divest, or withdraw all publicly traded securities of the company,
10	except securities described by Section 806.057, according to the
11	schedule provided by Section 806.056.
12	Sec. 806.055. ACTIONS RELATING TO LISTED COMPANY COMPLICIT
13	IN GENOCIDE. (a) For each company identified under Section
14	806.052 that has been complicit, the state governmental entity
15	shall send a written notice informing the company of its listed
16	company status and warning the company that it may become subject to
17	divestment by the state governmental entity.
18	(b) The notice must require the listed company to refrain
19	from taking any further action that would make it complicit.
20	(c) If, after receiving the notice under Subsection (a), the
21	listed company takes additional action that makes the company
22	complicit, the state governmental entity shall sell, redeem,
23	divest, or withdraw all publicly traded securities of the company,
24	except securities described by Section 806.057, according to the
25	schedule provided by Section 806.056.

26 <u>Sec. 806.056.</u> DIVESTMENT OF ASSETS. (a) A state 27 governmental entity required to sell, redeem, divest, or withdraw

1	all publicly traded securities of a listed company shall comply
2	with the following schedule:
3	(1) at least 50 percent of those assets shall be
4	removed from the state governmental entity's assets under
5	management not later than the 270th day after the date the company
6	receives notice under Section 806.054 or 806.055 or Subsection (b);
7	and
8	(2) 100 percent of those assets shall be removed from
9	the state governmental entity's assets under management not later
10	than the 450th day after the date the company receives notice under
11	Section 806.054 or 806.055 or Subsection (b).
12	(b) If a company that ceased scrutinized active business
13	operations after receiving notice under Section 806.054 resumes
14	scrutinized active business operations, the state governmental
15	entity shall send a written notice to the company informing it that
16	the state governmental entity will sell, redeem, divest, or
17	withdraw all publicly traded securities of the scrutinized company
18	according to the schedule in Subsection (a).
19	(c) A state governmental entity may delay the schedule for
20	divestment under Subsection (a) only to the extent that the state
21	governmental entity determines, in the state governmental entity's
22	good faith judgment, that divestment from listed companies will
23	likely result in a loss in value described by Section 806.058(a).
24	If a state governmental entity delays the schedule for divestment,
25	the state governmental entity shall submit a report to the
26	presiding officer of each house of the legislature and the attorney
27	general stating the reasons and justification for the state

governmental entity's delay in divestment from listed companies. 1 2 The report must include documentation supporting its determination 3 that the divestment would result in a loss in value described by Section 806.058(a), including objective numerical estimates. The 4 state governmental entity shall update the report every six months. 5 6 Sec. 806.057. INVESTMENTS EXEMPTED FROM DIVESTMENT. Α 7 state governmental entity is not required to divest from any 8 indirect holdings in actively managed investment funds or private 9 equity funds. The state governmental entity shall submit letters 10 to the managers of investment funds containing listed companies requesting that they consider removing those companies from the 11 fund or create a similar actively managed fund with indirect 12 13 holdings devoid of listed companies. If the manager creates a similar fund with substantially the same management fees and same 14 level of investment risk, the state governmental entity shall 15 16 replace all applicable investments with investments in the similar fund in an expedited time frame consistent with prudent fiduciary 17 18 standards. Sec. 806.058. AUTHORIZED INVESTMENT IN LISTED COMPANIES. 19

(a) A state governmental entity may cease divesting from or may reinvest in one or more listed companies if clear and convincing evidence shows that the value for all assets under management by the state governmental entity becomes equal to or less than 99.7 percent of the hypothetical value of all assets under management by the state governmental entity had the state governmental entity not divested from listed companies under this chapter.

27 (b) A state governmental entity may invest in a listed

1	company as provided by this section only to the extent necessary to
2	ensure that the value of the assets managed by the state
3	governmental entity does not fall below the value described by
4	Subsection (a).
5	(c) Before a state governmental entity may invest in a
6	listed company under this section, the state governmental entity
7	must provide a written report to the presiding officer of each house
8	of the legislature and the attorney general setting forth the
9	reason and justification, supported by clear and convincing
10	evidence, for its decisions to cease divestment, to reinvest, or to
11	remain invested in a listed company.
12	(d) The state governmental entity shall update the report
13	required by Subsection (c) semiannually, as applicable.
14	(e) This section does not apply to reinvestment in a company
15	that has ceased to be a listed company.
16	Sec. 806.059. PROHIBITED INVESTMENTS. Except as provided
17	by Sections 806.004 and 806.058, a state governmental entity may
18	not acquire securities of a listed company.
19	[Sections 806.060-806.100 reserved for expansion]
20	SUBCHAPTER C. EXPIRATION; REPORT; ENFORCEMENT
21	Sec. 806.101. EXPIRATION OF CHAPTER. This chapter expires
22	on the earliest of:
23	(1) the date on which the United States Congress or the
24	president of the United States declares that the Darfur genocide
25	has been halted for at least 12 months;
26	(2) the date on which the United States revokes its
27	sanctions against the Government of Sudan; or

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1	(3) the date on which the United States Congress or the
2	president of the United States, through legislation or executive
3	order, declares that mandatory divestment of the type provided for
4	in this chapter interferes with the conduct of United States
5	foreign policy.
6	Sec. 806.102. REPORT. Not later than December 31 of each
7	year, each state governmental entity shall file a publicly
8	available report with the presiding officer of each house of the
9	legislature, the attorney general, and the United States
10	presidential special envoy to Sudan that:
11	(1) identifies all investments sold, redeemed,
12	divested, or withdrawn in compliance with Section 806.056;
13	(2) identifies all prohibited investments under
14	Section 806.059; and
15	(3) summarizes any changes made under Section 806.057.
16	Sec. 806.103. ENFORCEMENT. The attorney general may bring
17	any action necessary to enforce this chapter.
18	SECTION 3. Not later than January 1, 2008, the comptroller
19	of public accounts shall prepare and provide to each state
20	governmental entity, as defined by Section 806.001, Government
21	Code, as added by this Act, the list of scrutinized companies
22	required by Section 806.051, Government Code, as added by this Act.
23	SECTION 4. This Act takes effect January 1, 2008.