- 1 AN ACT
- 2 relating to contingent payment clauses in certain construction
- 3 contracts.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
- 5 SECTION 1. Subchapter D, Chapter 35, Business & Commerce
- 6 Code, is amended by adding Section 35.521 to read as follows:
- 7 Sec. 35.521. AGREEMENT FOR PAYMENT OF CONSTRUCTION
- 8 SUBCONTRACTOR. (a) In this section:
- 9 <u>(1) "Contingent payee" means a party to a contract</u>
- 10 with a contingent payment clause, other than an architect or
- 11 engineer, whose receipt of payment is conditioned on the contingent
- 12 payor's receipt of payment from another person.
- 13 (2) "Contingent payment clause" means a provision in a
- 14 contract for construction management, or for the construction of
- improvements to real property or the furnishing of materials for
- the construction, that provides that the contingent payor's receipt
- of payment from another is a condition precedent to the obligation
- of the contingent payor to make payment to the contingent payee for
- work performed or materials furnished.
- 20 (3) "Contingent payor" means a party to a contract
- 21 with a contingent payment clause that conditions payment by the
- 22 party on the receipt of payment from another person.
- 23 (4) "Improvement" includes new construction,
- 24 remodeling, or repair.

- 1 (5) "Obligor" means the person obligated to make
- 2 payment to the contingent payor for an improvement.
- 3 (6) "Primary obligor" means the owner of the real
- 4 property to be improved or repaired under the contract, or the
- 5 contracting authority if the contract is for a public project. A
- 6 primary obligor may be an obligor.
- 7 (b) A contingent payor or its surety may not enforce a
- 8 contingent payment clause to the extent that the obligor's
- 9 nonpayment to the contingent payor is the result of the contractual
- 10 obligations of the contingent payor not being met, unless the
- 11 nonpayment is the result of the contingent payee's failure to meet
- 12 the contingent payee's contractual requirements.
- 13 (c) Except as provided by Subsection (f), a contingent payor
- or its surety may not enforce a contingent payment clause as to work
- 15 performed or materials delivered after the contingent payor
- 16 receives written notice from the contingent payee objecting to the
- 17 <u>further enforceability of the contingent payment clause as provided</u>
- 18 by this section and the notice becomes effective as provided by
- 19 Subsection (d). The contingent payee may send written notice only
- 20 after the 45th day after the date the contingent payee submits a
- 21 written request for payment to the contingent payor that is in a
- 22 form substantially in accordance with the contingent payee's
- 23 contract requirements for the contents of a regular progress
- 24 payment request or an invoice.
- 25 (d) For purposes of Subsection (c), the written notice
- 26 becomes effective on the latest of:
- 27 (1) the 10th day after the date the contingent payor

| 1 | receives the notice; | | |
|----|--|--|--|
| 2 | (2) the eighth day after the date interest begins to | | |
| 3 | accrue against the obligor under: | | |
| 4 | (A) Section 28.004, Property Code, under a | | |
| 5 | contract for a private project governed by Chapter 28, Property | | |
| 6 | Code; or | | |
| 7 | (B) 31 U.S.C. Section 3903(a)(6), under a | | |
| 8 | contract for a public project governed by 40 U.S.C. Section 3131; or | | |
| 9 | (3) the 11th day after the date interest begins to | | |
| 10 | accrue against the obligor under Section 2251.025, Government Code, | | |
| 11 | under a contract for a public project governed by Chapter 2251, | | |
| 12 | Government Code. | | |
| 13 | (e) A notice given by a contingent payee under Subsection | | |
| 14 | (c) does not prevent enforcement of a contingent payment clause if: | | |
| 15 | (1) the obligor has a dispute under Chapter 28, | | |
| 16 | Property Code, Chapter 2251, Government Code, or 31 U.S.C. Chapter | | |
| 17 | 39 as a result of the contingent payee's failure to meet the | | |
| 18 | contingent payee's contractual requirements; and | | |
| 19 | (2) the contingent payor gives notice in writing to | | |
| 20 | the contingent payee that the written notice given under Subsection | | |
| 21 | (c) does not prevent enforcement of the contingent payment clause | | |
| 22 | under this subsection and the contingent payee receives the notice | | |
| 23 | under this subdivision not later than the later of: | | |
| 24 | (A) the fifth day before the date the written | | |
| 25 | notice from the contingent payee under Subsection (c) becomes | | |
| 26 | effective under Subsection (d); or | | |
| 27 | (B) the fifth day after the date the contingent | | |

- 1 payor receives the written notice from the contingent payee under
- 2 Subsection (c).
- 3 (f) A written notice given by a contingent payee under
- 4 Subsection (c) does not prevent the enforcement of a contingent
- 5 payment clause to the extent that the funds are not collectible as a
- 6 result of a primary obligor's successful assertion of a defense of
- 7 sovereign immunity, if the contingent payor has exhausted all of
- 8 its rights and remedies under its contract with the primary obligor
- 9 and under Chapter 2251, Government Code. This subsection does not:
- 10 (1) create or validate a defense of sovereign
- 11 <u>immunity; or</u>
- 12 (2) extend to a primary obligor a defense or right that
- 13 did not exist before the effective date of this section.
- 14 (g) On receipt of payment by the contingent payee of the
- 15 unpaid indebtedness giving rise to the written notice provided by
- 16 the contingent payee under Subsection (c), the contingent payment
- 17 clause is reinstated as to work performed or materials furnished
- 18 after the receipt of the payment, subject to the provisions of this
- 19 section.
- 20 (h) A contingent payor or its surety may not enforce a
- 21 contingent payment clause if the contingent payor is in a sham
- 22 relationship with the obligor, as described by the sham
- relationships in Section 53.026, Property Code.
- 24 (i) A contingent payment clause may not be used as a basis
- 25 for invalidation of the enforceability or perfection of a
- 26 mechanic's lien under Chapter 53, Property Code.
- 27 (j) A contingent payor or its surety may not enforce a

- 1 contingent payment clause if the enforcement would be
- 2 unconscionable. The party asserting that a contingent payment
- 3 clause is unconscionable has the burden of proving that the clause
- 4 is unconscionable.
- 5 (k) The enforcement of a contingent payment clause is not
- 6 unconscionable if the contingent payor:
- 7 (1) proves that the contingent payor has exercised
- 8 <u>diligence</u> in ascertaining and communicating in writing to the
- 9 contingent payee, before the contract in which the contingent
- 10 payment clause has been asserted becomes enforceable against the
- 11 contingent payee, the financial viability of the primary obligor
- and the existence of adequate financial arrangements to pay for the
- improvements; and
- 14 (2) has done the following:
- 15 (A) made reasonable efforts to collect the amount
- owed to the contingent payor; or
- 17 <u>(B) made or offered to make, at a reasonable</u>
- 18 time, an assignment by the contingent payor to the contingent payee
- of a cause of action against the obligor for the amounts owed to the
- 20 contingent payee by the contingent payor and offered reasonable
- 21 cooperation to the contingent payee's collection efforts, if the
- 22 assigned cause of action is not subject to defenses caused by the
- 23 contingent payor's action or failure to act.
- 24 (1) A cause of action brought on an assignment made under
- 25 Subsection (k)(2)(B) is enforceable by a contingent payee against
- 26 an obligor or a primary obligor.
- 27 (m) A contingent payor is considered to have exercised

- 1 diligence for purposes of Subsection (k)(1) under a contract for a
- 2 private project governed by Chapter 53, Property Code, if the
- 3 contingent payee receives in writing from the contingent payor:
- 4 (1) the name, address, and business telephone number
- 5 of the primary obligor;
- 6 (2) a description, legally sufficient for
- 7 identification, of the property on which the improvements are being
- 8 <u>constructed;</u>
- 9 (3) the name and address of the surety on any payment
- 10 bond provided under Subchapter I, Chapter 53, Property Code, to
- which any notice of claim should be sent;
- 12 (4) if a loan has been obtained for the construction of
- improvements:
- 14 (A) a statement, furnished by the primary obligor
- 15 and supported by reasonable and credible evidence from all
- applicable lenders, of the amount of the loan;
- 17 (B) a summary of the terms of the loan;
- 18 (C) a statement of whether there is foreseeable
- 19 default of the primary obligor; and
- 20 <u>(D)</u> the name, address, and business telephone
- 21 number of the borrowers and lenders; and
- 22 <u>(5) a statement, furnished by the primary obligor and</u>
- 23 supported by reasonable and credible evidence from all applicable
- 24 banks or other depository institutions, of the amount, source, and
- 25 location of funds available to pay the balance of the contract
- 26 amount if there is no loan or the loan is not sufficient to pay for
- 27 all of the construction of the improvements.

- 1 (n) A contingent payor is considered to have exercised
- 2 diligence for purposes of Subsection (k)(1) under a contract for a
- 3 public project governed by Chapter 2253, Government Code, if the
- 4 contingent payee receives in writing from the contingent payor:
- 5 (1) the name, address, and primary business telephone
- 6 number of the primary obligor;
- 7 (2) the name and address of the surety on the payment
- 8 bond provided to the primary obligor to which any notice of claim
- 9 should be sent; and
- 10 (3) a statement from the primary obligor that funds
- 11 are available and have been authorized for the full contract amount
- 12 for the construction of the improvements.
- 13 (o) A contingent payor is considered to have exercised
- 14 diligence for purposes of Subsection (k)(1) under a contract for a
- public project governed by 40 U.S.C. Section 3131 if the contingent
- 16 payee receives in writing from the contingent payor:
- 17 (1) the name, address, and primary business telephone
- 18 <u>number of the primary obligor;</u>
- 19 (2) the name and address of the surety on the payment
- 20 bond provided to the primary obligor; and
- 21 (3) the name of the contracting officer, if known at
- 22 the time of the execution of the contract.
- 23 (p) A primary obligor shall furnish the information
- 24 described by Subsection (m) or (n), as applicable, to the
- 25 contingent payor not later than the 30th day after the date the
- 26 primary obligor receives a written request for the information. If
- 27 the primary obligor fails to provide the information under the

- written request, the contingent payor, the contingent payee, and 1
- their sureties are relieved of the obligation to initiate or 2
- 3 continue performance of the construction contracts of the
- 4 contingent payor and contingent payee.
- 5 (q) The assertion of a contingent payment clause is an
- affirmative defense to a civil action for payment under a contract. 6
- (r) This section does not affect a provision that affects
- the timing of a payment in a contract for construction management or 8
- for the construction of improvements to real property if the 9
- 10 payment is to be made within a reasonable period.
- 11 (s) A person may not waive this section by contract or other
- means. A purported waiver of this section is void. 12
- 13 (t) An obligor or a primary obligor may not prohibit a
- contingent payor from allocating risk by means of a contingent 14
- 15 payment clause.
- 16 (u) This section does not apply to a contract that is solely
- 17 for:

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- 18 (1) design services;
- (2) the construction or maintenance of a road, 19
- highway, street, bridge, utility, water supply project, water 20
- plant, wastewater plant, water and wastewater distribution or 21
- 22 conveyance facility, wharf, dock, airport runway or taxiway,
- drainage project, or related type of project associated with civil 23
- engineering construction; or 24
- 25 (3) improvements to or the construction of a structure
- 26 that is a:
- 27 (A) detached single-family residence;

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| 1 | (B) duplex; |
|---|--|
| 2 | (C) triplex; or |
| 3 | (D) quadruplex. |
| 4 | SECTION 2. Section 35.521, Business & Commerce Code, as |
| 5 | added by this Act, applies only to a contingent payment clause under |
| 6 | which payment is contingent on the receipt of payment under a |
| 7 | contract or other agreement entered into on or after September 1, |
| 8 | 2007. |
| 9 | SECTION 3. This Act takes effect September 1, 2007. |

S.B. No. 324

| President of the Senate | Speaker of the House |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| I hereby certify that S | S.B. No. 324 passed the Senate on |
| March 14, 2007, by the following | ng vote: Yeas 30, Nays 0; and that |
| the Senate concurred in House | amendment on May 21, 2007, by the |
| following vote: Yeas 30, Nays 0 |). |
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| | Secretary of the Senate |
| I hereby certify that S. | .B. No. 324 passed the House, with |
| amendment, on May 17, 2007, b | y the following vote: Yeas 140, |
| Nays 0, two present not voting. | |
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| | Chief Clerk of the House |
| Approximate | |
| Approved: | |
| | |
| Date | |
| | |
| | |
| Governor | |