By: Fraser, et al.S.B. No. 483Substitute the following for S.B. No. 483:By: King of ParkerC.S.S.B. No. 483

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1 AN ACT 2 relating to regulation of electric generation capacity ownership in 3 the electric power market. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: 4 SECTION 1. Section 39.152, Utilities Code, is amended by 5 6 amending Subsections (a) and (d) and adding Subsection (a-1) to read as follows: 7 (a) The commission shall certify a power region if: 8 (1) a sufficient number of interconnected utilities in 9 the power region fall under the operational control of 10 an 11 independent organization as described by Section 39.151; 12 (2) the power region has a generally applicable tariff 13 that guarantees open and nondiscriminatory access for all users to 14 transmission and distribution facilities in the power region as provided by Section 39.203; and 15 16 (3) no person owns, controls, or owns and controls in any combination more than 20 percent of the installed generation 17 18 capacity located in or capable of delivering electricity to a power region, as determined according to Section 39.154. 19 (a-1) Notwithstanding Subsection (a)(3), the commission may 20 21 certify a power region in which a person owns, controls, or owns and 22 controls in any combination more than 20 percent of the installed 23 generation capacity located in or capable of delivering electricity to the power region, as determined according to Section 39.154, if: 24

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1	(1) the person has entered into an agreement with the
2	wholesale electric market monitor to mitigate the potential for
3	market power abuse under Section 39.156; and
4	(2) the commission has approved the agreement.
5	(d) For a power region outside of ERCOT, a power generation
6	company that is affiliated with an electric utility may elect to
7	demonstrate that it meets the requirements of Subsection (a)(3) by
8	showing that it does not <u>own, control, or</u> own and control <u>in any</u>
9	combination more than 20 percent of the installed generation
10	capacity in a geographic market that includes the power region,
11	using the guidelines, standards, and methods adopted by the Federal
12	Energy Regulatory Commission.
13	SECTION 2. Section 39.153, Utilities Code, is amended by
14	adding Subsections (a-1) and (a-2) and amending Subsections (e) and
15	(f) to read as follows:
16	(a-1) Not later than September 30, 2008, each electric
17	utility or power generation company subject to this section shall
18	sell at auction or otherwise divest additional entitlements to the
19	utility's or company's Texas jurisdictional installed generation
20	capacity to ensure that a utility or power generation company does
21	not own, control, or own and control in any combination more than 20
22	percent of the installed generation capacity in ERCOT.
23	(a-2) Subsection (a-1) does not apply to an electric utility
24	or power generation company if:
25	(1) the utility or company has entered into an
26	agreement with the wholesale electric market monitor to mitigate
27	the potential for market power abuse under Section 39.156; and

(2) the commission has approved the agreement. 1 2 (e) The commission shall adopt rules by December 31, 2000, that define the scope of the *initial* capacity entitlements to be 3 auctioned. Not later than December 31, 2007, the commission shall 4 adopt additional rules that define the scope of the auctions 5 6 necessary to comply with Subsection (a-1). Entitlements may be 7 auctioned in blocks of less than 15 percent. The rules shall state 8 the minimum amount of capacity that can be sold at auction as an entitlement. At a minimum, the rules shall provide that the 9 10 entitlements: (1) may be sold and purchased in periods of not less 11 12 than one month nor more than four years; may be resold to any lawful purchaser, except for a 13 (2) 14 retail electric provider affiliated with the electric utility or 15 power generation company that originally auctioned the entitlement; 16 17 (3) include no possessory interest in the unit from which the power is produced; 18 include no obligations of a possessory owner of an 19 (4)interest in the unit from which the power is produced; and 20 21 (5) give the purchaser the right to designate the dispatch of the entitlement, subject to planned outages, outages 22 beyond the control of the utility or company operating the unit, and 23 24 other considerations subject to the oversight of the applicable independent organization. 25

(f) The commission shall adopt rules by December 31, 2000,
that prescribe the procedure for the auction of the entitlements <u>as</u>

1	required by Subsec	tion (a).	The	commission	by rule	may adopt
2	procedures for the	auction of	the	entitlement	s under	Subsection
3	(a-1) as necessary.	The rules s	hall	include:		

4 (1) a process for conducting the auction or auctions,
5 including who shall conduct it, how often it shall be conducted, and
6 how winning bidders shall be determined;

7 (2) a process for the electric utility <u>or power</u>
8 <u>generation company</u> to designate which generation units or
9 combination of units are offered for auction;

(3) a provision for the utility <u>or company</u> to establish an opening bid price based on the electric utility's <u>or</u> <u>power generation company's</u> expected cost, with the commission prescribing the means for determining the opening bid price, which may not include return on equity; and

15 (4) a provision that allows a bidder to specify the 16 magnitude and term of the entitlement, subject to the conditions 17 established in Subsection (e).

SECTION 3. Section 39.154, Utilities Code, is amended by amending Subsections (a) and (c) and adding Subsection (a-1) to read as follows:

(a) Beginning on the date of introduction of customer choice, a power generation company may not <u>own, control, or</u> own and control <u>in any combination</u> more than 20 percent of the installed generation capacity located in, or capable of delivering electricity to, a power region.

26 <u>(a-1)</u> Subsection (a) does not apply to a power generation
27 <u>company if:</u>

(1) the power generation company has entered into an
 agreement with the wholesale electric market monitor to mitigate
 the potential for market power abuse under Section 39.156; and
 (2) the commission has approved the agreement.

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5 (c) In determining the percentage shares of installed 6 generation capacity under this section, the commission shall combine capacity owned or [and] controlled by a power generation 7 8 company and any entity that is affiliated with that power generation company within the power region, reduced by the 9 installed generation capacity of those facilities that are made 10 subject to capacity auctions under Sections 39.153(a), (a-1), and 11 (d). 12

SECTION 4. Section 39.155(a), Utilities Code, is amended to read as follows:

15 (a) Each person, municipally owned utility, electric cooperative, and river authority that owns or controls generation 16 facilities and offers electricity for sale in this state shall 17 report to the commission its installed generation capacity, the 18 total amount of capacity available for sale to others, the total 19 amount of capacity under contract to others, the total amount of 20 capacity dedicated to its own use, its annual wholesale power sales 21 in the state, its annual retail power sales in the state, and any 22 other information necessary for the commission to assess market 23 24 power or the development of a competitive retail market in the 25 state. The commission shall by rule prescribe the nature and detail of the reporting requirements and shall administer those reporting 26 requirements in a manner that ensures the confidentiality of 27

1 competitively sensitive information. SECTION 5. Sections 39.156(a), (b), (f), and (g), Utilities 2 3 Code, are amended to read as follows: 4 (a) In this section, "market power mitigation plan" or 5 "plan" means: 6 (1) a written proposal by an electric utility or a 7 power generation company for reducing its ownership or [and] 8 control of installed generation capacity as required by Section 39.154; or 9 (2) a proposal to the wholesale electric market 10 monitor to mitigate the potential for market power abuse. 11 An electric utility or power generation company that 12 (b) owns, controls, or owns and controls in any combination [owning and 13 controlling] more than 20 percent of the generation capacity 14 15 located in, or capable of delivering electricity to, a power region, not later than the 90th day after the date the utility's or 16 17 company's generation capacity exceeds the 20 percent limitation prescribed by this subsection, shall: 18 (1) file a market power mitigation plan with the 19 commission if the utility or company intends to divest generation 20 c<u>apacity; or</u> 21 (2) enter into an agreement to mitigate the potential 22 for market power abuse with the wholesale electric market monitor 23 24 if the utility or company wants to continue owning or controlling the generation capacity [not later than December 1, 2000]. 25 The commission shall approve, modify, or reject a plan 26 (f) within 180 days after the date of a filing under Subsection (b)(1) 27

or after the date the wholesale electric market monitor files with 1 2 the commission a market power mitigation plan entered into under <u>Subsection (b)(2)</u> [(b)]. The commission may not modify a plan to 3 4 5 company. 6 (g) In reaching its determination under Subsection (f), the commission shall consider: 7 8 (1)the degree to which the electric utility's or power 9 generation company's stranded costs, if any, are minimized; whether on disposition of the generation assets 10 (2) the reasonable value is likely to be received; 11 the effect of the plan on the electric utility's or (3) power generation company's federal income taxes; (4) the effect of the plan on current and potential competitors in the generation market; [and] (5) whether the plan is consistent with the public interest; (6) the control of generation through the use of contracts between affiliated retail electric providers and independent power producers; and (7) the emissions credits owned or controlled in a nonattainment area for national ambient air quality standards. SECTION 6. Section 39.157, Utilities Code, is amended by 23 24 amending Subsections (a), (b), and (d) and adding Subsection (j) to 25 read as follows: (a) The commission shall monitor market power associated

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require divestiture by the electric utility or the power generation

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26 27 with the generation, transmission, distribution, and sale of

electricity in this state. On a finding that market power abuses or 1 other violations of this section are occurring, the commission 2 3 shall require reasonable mitigation of the market power by ordering 4 the construction of additional transmission or distribution 5 facilities, by seeking an injunction or civil penalties as necessary to eliminate or to remedy the market power abuse or 6 7 violation as authorized by Chapter 15, by requiring refunds or disgorgement of revenues received as a result of market power 8 abuses, by ordering the auction of entitlements to generating 9 10 capacity, by imposing an administrative penalty as authorized by Chapter 15, or by suspending, revoking, or amending a certificate 11 or registration as authorized by Section 39.356. Section 15.024(c) 12 does not apply to an administrative penalty imposed under this 13 14 section. For purposes of this subchapter, market power abuses are 15 practices by persons possessing market power that are unreasonably discriminatory or tend to unreasonably restrict, impair, or reduce 16 17 the level of competition, including practices that tie unregulated products or services to regulated products or services or 18 unreasonably discriminate in the provision of regulated services. 19 For purposes of this section, "market power abuses" include 20 21 predatory pricing, withholding of production, precluding entry, and collusion. A violation of the code of conduct provided by 22 Subsection (d) that materially impairs the ability of a person to 23 compete in a competitive market shall be deemed to be an abuse of 24 25 market power. The possession of a high market share in a market 26 open to competition may not, of itself, be deemed to be an abuse of 27 market power; however, this sentence shall not affect the

1 application of state and federal antitrust laws.

2 Beginning on the date of introduction of customer (b) choice, a person that owns or controls generation facilities may 3 4 not own transmission or distribution facilities in this state 5 except for those facilities necessary to interconnect a generation 6 facility with the transmission or distribution network, a facility 7 not dedicated to public use, or a facility otherwise excluded from 8 the definition of "electric utility" under Section 31.002. However, nothing in this chapter shall prohibit a power generation 9 company affiliated with a transmission and distribution utility 10 from owning or controlling generation facilities. 11

Not later than January 10, 2000, the commission shall 12 (d) adopt rules and enforcement procedures to govern transactions or 13 14 activities between a transmission and distribution utility and its 15 competitive affiliates to avoid potential market power abuses and cross-subsidizations between regulated and competitive activities 16 17 both during the transition to and after the introduction of competition. Nothing in this subsection is intended to affect or 18 modify the obligations or duties relating to any rules or standards 19 of conduct that may apply to a utility or the utility's affiliates 20 21 under orders or regulations of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission or the Securities and Exchange Commission. A utility 22 that is subject to statutes or regulations in other states that 23 24 conflict with a provision of this section may petition the 25 commission for a waiver of the conflicting provision on a showing of good cause. The rules adopted under this section shall ensure that: 26 27 (1) a utility makes any products and services, other

than corporate support services, that it provides to a competitive affiliate available, contemporaneously and in the same manner, to the competitive affiliate's competitors and applies its tariffs, prices, terms, conditions, and discounts for those products and services in the same manner to all similarly situated entities;

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(2) a utility does not:

7 (A) give a competitive affiliate or a competitive 8 affiliate's customers any preferential advantage, access, or 9 treatment regarding services other than corporate support 10 services; or

(B) act in a manner that is discriminatory or anticompetitive with respect to a nonaffiliated competitor of a competitive affiliate;

14 (3) a utility providing electric transmission or 15 distribution services:

16 (A) provides those services on nondiscriminatory
 17 terms and conditions;

(B) does not establish as a condition for the
provision of those services the purchase of other goods or services
from the utility or the competitive affiliate; [and]

(C) does not provide competitive affiliates preferential access to the utility's transmission and distribution systems or to information about those systems; <u>and</u>

24 <u>(D) does not act in a manner that in any way</u> 25 <u>suggests or implies that reliability of electric service, or</u> 26 <u>restoration of service to a customer following an outage, is</u> 27 <u>dependent on a customer receiving service from a competitive</u>

1 affiliate of a utility;

2 (4) a utility does not release any proprietary 3 customer information to a competitive affiliate or any other 4 entity, other than an independent organization as defined by 5 Section 39.151 or a provider of corporate support services for the 6 purposes of providing the services, without obtaining prior 7 verifiable authorization, as determined from the commission, from 8 the customer;

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(5) a utility does not:

10 (A) communicate with a current or potential 11 customer about products or services offered by a competitive 12 affiliate in a manner that favors a competitive affiliate; or

(B) allow a competitive affiliate, before 13 14 September 1, 2005, to use the utility's corporate name, trademark, 15 brand, or logo unless the competitive affiliate includes on employee business cards and in its advertisements of specific 16 17 services to existing or potential residential or small commercial customers locating within the utility's certificated service area a 18 disclaimer that states, "(Name of competitive affiliate) is not the 19 same company as (name of utility) and is not regulated by the Public 20 Utility Commission of Texas, and you do not have to buy (name of 21 competitive affiliate)'s products to continue to receive quality 22 regulated services from (name of utility)."; 23

(6) a utility does not conduct joint advertising or promotional activities with a competitive affiliate [in a manner that favors the competitive affiliate];

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(7) a utility is a separate, independent entity from

any competitive affiliates and, except as provided by Subdivisions (8) and (9), does not share employees, facilities, information, or other resources, other than permissible corporate support services, with those competitive affiliates unless the utility can prove to the commission that the sharing will not compromise the public interest;

7 (8) a utility's office space is physically separated 8 from the office space of the utility's competitive affiliates by 9 being located in separate buildings or, if within the same 10 building, by a method such as having the offices on separate floors 11 or with separate access, unless otherwise approved by the 12 commission;

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(9) a utility and a competitive affiliate:

14 (A) may, to the extent the utility implements 15 adequate safeguards precluding employees of a competitive affiliate from gaining access to information in a manner 16 inconsistent with Subsection (g) or (i), share common officers and 17 directors, property, equipment, offices to the extent consistent 18 19 with Subdivision (8), credit, investment, or financing arrangements to the extent consistent with Subdivision (17), 20 21 computer systems, information systems, and corporate support services; and 22

(B) are not required to enter into prior written
contracts or competitive solicitations for non-tariffed
transactions between the utility and the competitive affiliate,
except that the commission by rule may require the utility and the
competitive affiliate to enter into prior written contracts or

1 competitive solicitations for certain classes of transactions, 2 other than corporate support services, that have a per unit value of 3 more than \$75,000 or that total more than \$1 million;

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4 (10) a utility does not temporarily assign, for less
5 than <u>three years</u> [one year], employees engaged in transmission or
6 distribution system operations to a competitive affiliate [unless
7 the employee does not have knowledge of information that is
8 intended to be protected under this section];

9 (11) a utility does not subsidize the business 10 activities of an affiliate with revenues from a regulated service;

(12) a utility and its affiliates fully allocate costs for any shared services, corporate support services, and other items described by Subdivisions (8) and (9);

14 (13) a utility and its affiliates keep separate books 15 of accounts and records and the commission may review records 16 relating to a transaction between a utility and an affiliate;

(14) assets transferred or services provided between a utility and an affiliate, other than transfers that facilitate unbundling under Section 39.051 or asset valuation under Section 39.262, are priced at a level that is fair and reasonable to the customers of the utility and reflects the market value of the assets or services or the utility's fully allocated cost to provide those assets or services;

(15) regulated services that a utility provides on a routine or recurring basis are included in a tariff that is subject to commission approval;

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(16) each transaction between a utility and a

1 competitive affiliate is conducted at arm's length; and

2 (17) a utility does not allow an affiliate to obtain 3 credit under an arrangement that would include a specific pledge of 4 assets in the rate base of the utility or a pledge of cash 5 reasonably necessary for utility operations.

6 <u>(j) After January 1, 2008, a competitive affiliate may not</u> 7 <u>use the utility's corporate name, trademark, brand, or logo or any</u> 8 <u>portion of the utility's corporate name, trademark, brand, or logo</u> 9 <u>if the commission determines that the use may be misleading to a</u> 10 <u>customer.</u>

SECTION 7. Section 39.407(a), Utilities Code, is amended to read as follows:

If an electric utility chooses on or after January 1, 13 (a) 14 2007, to participate in customer choice, the commission may not 15 authorize customer choice until the applicable power region has been certified as a qualifying power region under 16 Section 17 39.152(a). Except as otherwise provided by this subsection, the commission shall certify that the requirements of 18 Section 39.152(a)(3) are met for electric utilities subject to this 19 subchapter only upon a finding that the total capacity owned, 20 controlled, or owned and controlled in any combination by each such 21 electric utility and its affiliates does not exceed 20 percent of 22 the total installed generation capacity within the constrained 23 24 geographic region served by each such electric utility plus the 25 total available transmission capacity capable of delivering firm 26 power and energy to that constrained geographic region. Not later than May 1, 2002, each electric utility subject to this subchapter 27

shall submit to the electric utility restructuring legislative 1 2 oversight committee an analysis of the needed transmission facilities necessary to make the electric utility's service area 3 4 transmission capability comparable to areas within the ERCOT power On or after September 1, 2003, each electric utility 5 region. 6 subject to this subchapter shall file the utility's plans to develop the utility's transmission interconnections with 7 the 8 utility's power region or other adjacent power regions. The 9 commission shall review the plan and not later than the 180th day after the date the plan is filed, determine the additional 10 transmission facilities necessary to provide access to power and 11 energy that is comparable to the access provided in areas within the 12 ERCOT power region; provided, however, that if a hearing is 13 14 requested by any party to the proceeding, the 180-day deadline will 15 be extended one day for each day of hearings. The commission shall, as a part of the commission's approval of the plan, approve a rate 16 17 rider mechanism for the recovery of the incremental costs of those facilities after the facilities are completed and in-service. 18 Α finding of need under this subsection shall meet the requirements 19 of Sections 37.056(c)(1), (2), and (4)(E). The commission may 20 certify that the requirements of Section 39.152(a)(3) are met for 21 electric utilities subject to this subchapter if the commission 22 finds that: 23

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(1) each such utility has sufficient transmission
facilities to provide customers access to power and energy from
capacity controlled by suppliers not affiliated with the incumbent
utility that is comparable to the access to power and energy from

1 capacity controlled by suppliers not affiliated with the incumbent 2 utilities in areas of the ERCOT power region; and

3 (2) the total capacity <u>owned, controlled, or</u> owned and 4 controlled <u>in any combination</u> by each such electric utility and its 5 affiliates does not exceed 20 percent of the total installed 6 generation capacity within the power region.

7 SECTION 8. Section 39.453(b), Utilities Code, is amended 8 to read as follows:

9 (b) The commission shall certify that the requirement of 10 Section 39.152(a)(3) is met for an electric utility subject to this 11 subchapter only if the commission finds that the total capacity 12 <u>owned, controlled, or</u> owned and controlled <u>in any combination</u> by 13 the electric utility and the utility's affiliates does not exceed 14 20 percent of the total installed generation capacity within the 15 power region of that utility.

SECTION 9. Sections 39.153(b) and 39.154(e), Utilities
Code, are repealed.

18 SECTION 10. This Act takes effect immediately if it 19 receives a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each 20 house, as provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. 21 If this Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate 22 effect, this Act takes effect September 1, 2007.