By: Carona S.B. No. 1119

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

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2	relating to the authority of a local authority to implement a
3	photographic traffic signal enforcement system; providing for the
4	imposition of civil penalties.
5	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
6	SECTION 1. Subtitle I, Title 7, Transportation Code, is
7	amended by adding Chapter 707 to read as follows:
8	CHAPTER 707. PHOTOGRAPHIC TRAFFIC SIGNAL
9	ENFORCEMENT SYSTEM
10	Sec. 707.001. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter:
11	(1) "Local authority" has the meaning assigned by
12	Section 541.002.
13	(2) "Owner of a motor vehicle" means the owner of a
14	motor vehicle as shown on the motor vehicle registration records of
15	the Texas Department of Transportation or the analogous department
16	or agency of another state or country.
17	(3) "Photographic traffic signal enforcement system"
18	means a system that:
19	(A) consists of a camera system and vehicle
20	sensor installed to exclusively work in conjunction with an
21	electrically operated traffic-control signal; and
22	(B) is capable of producing at least two recorded
23	images that depict the license plate attached to the front or the
24	rear of a motor vehicle that is not operated in compliance with the

- 1 <u>instructions of the traffic-control signal.</u>
- 2 (4) "Recorded image" means a photographic or digital
- 3 image that depicts the front or the rear of a motor vehicle.
- 4 (5) "Traffic-control signal" has the meaning assigned
- 5 by Section 541.304.
- 6 Sec. 707.002. AUTHORITY TO PROVIDE FOR CIVIL PENALTY. The
- 7 governing body of a local authority by ordinance may implement a
- 8 photographic traffic signal enforcement system and provide that the
- 9 owner of a motor vehicle is liable to the local authority for a
- 10 civil penalty if, while facing only a steady red signal displayed by
- 11 <u>an electrically operated traffic-control signal located in the</u>
- 12 <u>local</u> authority, the vehicle is operated in violation of the
- 13 instructions of that traffic-control signal, as specified by
- 14 Section 544.007(d).
- 15 Sec. 707.003. INSTALLATION AND OPERATION OF PHOTOGRAPHIC
- 16 TRAFFIC SIGNAL ENFORCEMENT SYSTEM. (a) A local authority that
- 17 <u>implements a photographic traffic signal enforcement system under</u>
- 18 this chapter may:
- 19 <u>(1) contract for the administration and enf</u>orcement of
- 20 the system; and
- 21 (2) install and operate the system or contract for the
- 22 <u>installation or operation of the system.</u>
- (b) A local authority that contracts for the administration
- 24 and enforcement of a photographic traffic signal enforcement system
- 25 may not agree to pay the contractor a specified percentage of, or
- 26 <u>dollar amount from, each civil penalty collected.</u>
- 27 (c) Before installing a photographic traffic signal

- 1 enforcement system at an intersection approach, the local authority
- 2 shall conduct a traffic engineering study of the approach to
- 3 determine whether, in addition to or as an alternative to the
- 4 system, a design change to the approach or a change in the
- 5 signalization of the intersection is likely to reduce the number of
- 6 red light violations at the intersection.
- 7 (d) An intersection approach must be selected for the
- 8 <u>installation of a photographic traffic signal enforcement system</u>
- 9 based on traffic volume, the history of accidents at the approach,
- 10 the number or frequency of red light violations at the
- 11 <u>intersection</u>, and similar traffic engineering and safety criteria,
- 12 without regard to the ethnic or socioeconomic characteristics of
- 13 the area in which the approach is located.
- (e) A local authority may not impose a civil penalty under
- this chapter on the owner of a motor vehicle if the local authority
- violates Subsection (b) or (c).
- 17 Sec. 707.004. REQUIRED ORDINANCE PROVISIONS. An ordinance
- 18 adopted under Section 707.002 must provide that a person against
- whom the local authority seeks to impose a civil penalty is entitled
- 20 to a hearing and shall:
- 21 (1) provide for the period in which the hearing must be
- 22 <u>held;</u>
- 23 (2) provide for the appointment of a hearing officer
- 24 with authority to administer oaths and issue orders compelling the
- 25 attendance of witnesses and the production of documents; and
- 26 (3) designate the department, agency, or office of the
- 27 local authority responsible for the enforcement and administration

- 1 of the ordinance or provide that the entity with which the local
- 2 authority contracts under Section 707.003(a)(1) is responsible for
- 3 the enforcement and administration of the ordinance.
- 4 Sec. 707.005. EFFECT ON OTHER ENFORCEMENT. (a) The
- 5 implementation of a photographic traffic signal enforcement system
- 6 by a local authority under this chapter does not:
- 7 (1) preclude the application or enforcement in the
- 8 <u>local authority of Section 544.007(d) in the manner prescribed by</u>
- 9 Chapter 543; or
- 10 (2) prohibit a peace officer from arresting a violator
- of Section 544.007(d) as provided by Chapter 543 or from issuing the
- 12 violator a citation and notice to appear as provided by that
- 13 chapter.
- 14 (b) A local authority may not impose a civil penalty under
- 15 this chapter on the owner of a motor vehicle if the operator of the
- 16 vehicle was arrested or issued a citation and notice to appear by a
- peace officer for the same violation of Section 544.007(d) recorded
- 18 by the photographic traffic signal enforcement system.
- 19 Sec. 707.006. NOTICE OF VIOLATION; CONTENTS. (a) The
- 20 imposition of a civil penalty under this chapter is initiated by the
- 21 mailing of a notice of violation to the owner of the motor vehicle
- 22 against whom the local authority seeks to impose the civil penalty.
- 23 (b) Not later than the 30th day after the date the violation
- is alleged to have occurred, the designated department, agency, or
- 25 office of the local authority or the entity with which the local
- 26 <u>authority contracts under Section 707.003(a)(1) shall mail the</u>
- 27 notice of violation to the owner at:

Т	(1) the owner's address as shown on the registration
2	records of the Texas Department of Transportation; or
3	(2) if the vehicle is registered in another state or
4	country, the owner's address as shown on the motor vehicle
5	registration records of the department or agency of the other state
6	or country analogous to the Texas Department of Transportation.
7	(c) The notice of violation must contain:
8	(1) a description of the violation alleged;
9	(2) the location of the intersection where the
LO	violation occurred;
L1	(3) the date and time of the violation;
L2	(4) the name and address of the owner of the vehicle
L3	involved in the violation;
L4	(5) the registration number displayed on the license
L5	plate of the vehicle involved in the violation;
L6	(6) a copy of a recorded image of the violation limited
L7	solely to a depiction of the area of the registration number
L8	displayed on the license plate of the vehicle involved in the
L9	violation;
20	(7) the amount of the civil penalty for which the owner
21	<u>is liable;</u>
22	(8) the number of days the person has in which to pay
23	or contest the imposition of the civil penalty and a statement that
24	the person incurs a late payment penalty if the civil penalty is not
25	paid or imposition of the penalty is not contested within that
26	<pre>period;</pre>

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(9) a statement that the owner of the vehicle in the

- 1 notice of violation may elect to pay the civil penalty by mail sent
- 2 to a specified address instead of appearing at the time and place of
- 3 the administrative adjudication hearing; and
- 4 (10) information that informs the owner of the vehicle
- 5 named in the notice of violation:
- 6 (A) of the owner's right to contest the
- 7 imposition of the civil penalty against the person in an
- 8 <u>administrative adjudication hearing;</u>
- 9 (B) that imposition of the civil penalty may be
- 10 contested by submitting a written request for an administrative
- 11 adjudication hearing before the expiration of the period specified
- 12 under Subdivision (8); and
- 13 (C) that failure to pay the civil penalty or to
- 14 contest liability for the penalty in a timely manner is an admission
- of liability and a waiver of the owner's right to appeal the
- 16 imposition of the civil penalty.
- 17 (d) A notice of violation is presumed to have been received
- on the fifth day after the date the notice is mailed.
- 19 Sec. 707.007. ADMISSION OF LIABILITY. A person who fails to
- 20 pay the civil penalty or to contest liability for the penalty in a
- 21 timely manner or who requests an administrative adjudication
- 22 hearing to contest the imposition of the civil penalty against the
- 23 person and fails to appear at that hearing is considered to:
- 24 (1) admit liability for the full amount of the civil
- 25 penalty stated in the notice of violation mailed to the person; and
- 26 (2) waive the person's right to appeal the imposition
- of the civil penalty.

- Sec. 707.008. PRESUMPTION. (a) It is presumed that the owner of the motor vehicle committed the violation alleged in the notice of violation mailed to the person if the motor vehicle depicted in a photograph or digital image taken by a photographic traffic signal enforcement system belongs to the owner of the motor vehicle.
- 7 (b) If, at the time of the violation alleged in the notice of violation, the motor vehicle depicted in a photograph or digital 8 9 image taken by a photographic traffic signal enforcement system was owned by a person in the business of selling, renting, or leasing 10 motor vehicles or by a person who was not the person named in the 11 notice of violation, the presumption under Subsection (a) is 12 13 rebutted on the presentation of evidence establishing that the vehicle was at that time: 14
 - (1) being test driven by another person;

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- 16 (2) being rented or leased by the vehicle's owner to
 17 another person; or
- 18 (3) owned by a person who was not the person named in the notice of violation.
 - (c) Notwithstanding Section 707.009, the presentation of evidence under Subsection (b) by a person who is in the business of selling, renting, or leasing motor vehicles or did not own the vehicle at the time of the violation must be made by affidavit, through testimony at the administrative adjudication hearing under Section 707.009, or by a written declaration under penalty of perjury. The affidavit or written declaration may be submitted by mail to the local authority or the entity with which the local

1 authority contracts under Section 707.003(a)(1).

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- 2 (d) If the presumption established by Subsection (a) is 3 rebutted under Subsection (b), a civil penalty may not be imposed on 4 the owner of the vehicle or the person named in the notice of 5 violation, as applicable.
 - (e) If, at the time of the violation alleged in the notice of violation, the motor vehicle depicted in the photograph or digital image taken by the photographic traffic signal enforcement system was owned by a person in the business of renting or leasing motor vehicles and the vehicle was being rented or leased to an individual, the owner of the motor vehicle shall provide to the local authority or the entity with which the local authority contracts under Section 707.003(a)(1) the name and address of the individual who was renting or leasing the motor vehicle depicted in the photograph or digital image and a statement of the period during which that individual was renting or leasing the vehicle. The owner shall provide the information required by this subsection not later than the 30th day after the date the notice of violation is received. If the owner provides the required information, it is presumed that the individual renting or leasing the motor vehicle committed the violation alleged in the notice of violation and the local authority or contractor may send a notice of violation to that individual at the address provided by the owner of the motor vehicle.
 - Sec. 707.009. ADMINISTRATIVE ADJUDICATION HEARING. (a) A person who receives a notice of violation under this chapter may contest the imposition of the civil penalty specified in the notice

- 1 of violation by filing a written request for an administrative
- 2 <u>adjudication hearing</u>. The request for a hearing must be filed on or
- 3 before the date specified in the notice of violation, which may not
- 4 be earlier than the 30th day after the date the notice of violation
- 5 was mailed.
- 6 (b) On receipt of a timely request for an administrative
- 7 adjudication hearing, the local authority shall notify the person
- 8 of the date and time of the hearing.
- 9 <u>(c) A hearing officer designated by the governing body of</u>
- 10 the local authority shall conduct the administrative adjudication
- 11 hearing.
- 12 (d) In an administrative adjudication hearing, the issues
- must be proven by a preponderance of the evidence.
- 14 (e) The reliability of the photographic traffic signal
- enforcement system used to produce the recorded image of the motor
- 16 vehicle involved in the violation may be attested to by affidavit of
- an officer or employee of the local authority or of the entity with
- which the local authority contracts under Section 707.003(a)(1) who
- is responsible for inspecting and maintaining the system.
- 20 (f) An affidavit of an officer or employee of the local
- 21 authority or entity that alleges a violation based on an inspection
- of the applicable recorded image is:
- 23 (1) admissible in the administrative adjudication
- hearing and in an appeal under Section 707.011; and
- 25 (2) evidence of the facts contained in the affidavit.
- 26 (g) At the conclusion of the administrative adjudication
- 27 hearing, the hearing officer shall enter a finding of liability for

- 1 the civil penalty or a finding of no liability for the civil
- 2 penalty. A finding under this subsection must be in writing and be
- 3 signed and dated by the hearing officer.
- 4 (h) A finding of liability for a civil penalty must specify
- 5 the amount of the civil penalty for which the person is liable. If
- 6 the hearing officer enters a finding of no liability, a civil
- 7 penalty for the violation may not be imposed against the person.
- 8 <u>(i) A finding of liability or a finding of no liability</u>
- 9 entered under this section may:
- 10 <u>(1) be filed with the clerk or secretary of the local</u>
- authority or with a person designated by the governing body of the
- 12 <u>local authority; and</u>
- 13 (2) be recorded on microfilm or microfiche or using
- 14 data processing techniques.
- 15 Sec. 707.010. UNTIMELY REQUEST FOR ADMINISTRATIVE
- 16 ADJUDICATION HEARING. Notwithstanding any other provision of this
- 17 chapter, a person who receives a notice of violation under this
- 18 chapter and who fails to timely pay the amount of the civil penalty
- or fails to timely request an administrative adjudication hearing
- 20 is entitled to an administrative adjudication hearing if:
- 21 (1) the person submits a written request for the
- 22 <u>hearing to the designated hearing officer, accompanied by an</u>
- 23 affidavit that attests to the date on which the person received the
- 24 <u>notice of violation; and</u>
- 25 (2) the written request and affidavit are submitted to
- 26 the hearing officer within the same number of days after the date
- 27 the person received the notice of violation as specified under

- 1 Section 707.006(c)(8).
- Sec. 707.011. APPEAL. (a) The owner of a motor vehicle
- 3 determined by a hearing officer to be liable for a civil penalty may
- 4 appeal that determination to a judge by filing an appeal petition
- 5 with the clerk of the court. The petition must be filed with:
- 6 (1) a justice court of the county in which the local
- 7 authority is located; or
- 8 (2) if the local authority is a municipality, the
- 9 municipal court of the municipality.
- 10 (b) The petition must be:
- 11 (1) filed before the 31st day after the date on which
- 12 the administrative adjudication hearing officer entered the
- finding of liability for the civil penalty; and
- 14 (2) accompanied by payment of the costs required by
- 15 law for the court.
- 16 (c) The court clerk shall schedule a hearing and notify the
- owner of the motor vehicle and the appropriate department, agency,
- or office of the local authority of the date, time, and place of the
- 19 hearing.
- 20 (d) Unless the owner of the vehicle, before filing the
- 21 appeal petition, posts a bond in the amount of the civil penalty
- with the clerk of the court, an appeal does not stay enforcement or
- 23 collection of the civil penalty imposed against that owner.
- (e) An appeal under this section shall be determined by the
- 25 court by trial de novo.
- Sec. 707.012. ENFORCEMENT. If the owner of a motor vehicle
- 27 is delinquent in the payment of a civil penalty imposed under this

- 1 chapter, the county assessor-collector or the Texas Department of
- 2 Transportation may refuse to register a motor vehicle alleged to
- 3 have been involved in the violation.
- 4 Sec. 707.013. IMPOSITION OF CIVIL PENALTY CONVICTION FOR
- 5 PURPOSES OF DRIVER RESPONSIBILITY PROGRAM. (a) Except as provided
- 6 by Subsection (b), the imposition of a civil penalty under this
- 7 chapter is not a conviction and may not be considered a conviction
- 8 for any purpose.
- 9 (b) The imposition of a civil penalty under this chapter is
- 10 a conviction for the purposes of Chapter 708.
- 11 Sec. 707.014. MINIMUM CHANGE INTERVAL. At an intersection
- 12 at which a photographic traffic monitoring system is in use, the
- 13 minimum change interval for a steady yellow signal must be
- 14 <u>established in accordance with the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic</u>
- 15 Control Devices.
- Sec. 707.015. FAILURE TO PAY CIVIL PENALTY. (a) If the
- owner of the motor vehicle fails to timely pay the amount of the
- 18 <u>civil penalty imposed against the owner:</u>
- 19 (1) an arrest warrant may not be issued for the owner;
- 20 <u>and</u>
- 21 (2) the imposition of the civil penalty may not be
- 22 recorded on the owner's driving record.
- 23 (b) Notice of Subsection (a) must be included in the notice
- of violation required by Section 707.006(c).
- 25 SECTION 2. Subsection (a), Section 27.031, Government Code,
- 26 is amended to read as follows:
- 27 (a) In addition to the jurisdiction and powers provided by

- 1 the constitution and other law, the justice court has original
- 2 jurisdiction of:
- 3 (1) civil matters in which exclusive jurisdiction is
- 4 not in the district or county court and in which the amount in
- 5 controversy is not more than \$5,000, exclusive of interest;
- 6 (2) cases of forcible entry and detainer; [and]
- 7 (3) foreclosure of mortgages and enforcement of liens
- 8 on personal property in cases in which the amount in controversy is
- 9 otherwise within the justice court's jurisdiction; and
- 10 <u>(4) cases arising under Chapter 707, Transportation</u>
- 11 Code, outside a municipality's territorial limits.
- 12 SECTION 3. Section 29.003, Government Code, is amended by
- 13 adding Subsection (g) to read as follows:
- 14 (g) A municipal court, including a municipal court of
- 15 record, shall have exclusive appellate jurisdiction within the
- 16 municipality's territorial limits in a case arising under Chapter
- 17 707, Transportation Code.
- SECTION 4. Section 707.003, Transportation Code, as added
- 19 by this Act, applies only to a contract entered into on or after the
- 20 effective date of this Act.
- 21 SECTION 5. (a) Except as provided by Subsection (b) of
- this section, this Act takes effect September 1, 2007.
- 23 (b) This Act takes effect only if Senate Bill No. 125, Acts
- 24 of the 80th Legislature, Regular Session, 2007, is enacted and
- 25 becomes law.