By: Watson

S.B. No. 1623

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 1 AN ACT 2 relating to the administration of community property. 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: 4 SECTION 1. Section 155, Texas Probate Code, is amended to 5 read as follows: Sec. 155. NO NECESSITY FOR ADMINISTRATION OF COMMUNITY 6 PROPERTY. When a husband or wife dies intestate and the community 7 property passes to the survivor, no administration thereon[au8 community or otherwise,] shall be necessary. Nothing in this part 9 of this chapter prohibits the administration of community property 10 under other provisions of this code relating to the administration 11 12 of an estate. SECTION 2. Section 156, Texas Probate Code, is amended to 13 14 read as follows: Sec. 156. LIABILITY OF COMMUNITY PROPERTY FOR DEBTS. The 15 community property subject to the sole or joint management, 16 control, and disposition of a spouse during marriage continues to 17 be subject to the liabilities of that spouse upon death. 18 In addition, the interest that the deceased spouse owned in any other 19 nonexempt community property passes to his or her heirs or devisees 20 21 charged with the debts which were enforceable against such deceased 22 spouse prior to his or her death. The surviving spouse [In the 23 administration of community estates, the survivor] or personal 24 representative shall keep a separate, distinct account of all

1 community debts allowed or paid in the administration and 2 settlement of such estate.

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3 SECTION 3. Section 160(a), Texas Probate Code, is amended 4 to read as follows:

5 When no one has qualified as executor or administrator (a) 6 of the estate of a deceased spouse, the surviving spouse, whether 7 the husband or wife, as the surviving partner of the marital 8 partnership[, without qualifying as community administrator as 9 hereinafter provided,] has power to sue and be sued for the recovery 10 of community property; to sell, mortgage, lease, and otherwise dispose of community property for the purpose of paying community 11 debts; to collect claims due to the community estate; and has such 12 other powers as shall be necessary to preserve the community 13 14 property, discharge community obligations, and wind up community 15 affairs.

SECTION 4. Section 168, Texas Probate Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 168. ACCOUNTING BY SURVIVOR. The survivor [, whether 18 qualified as community administrator or not,] shall keep a fair and 19 full account and statement of all community debts and expenses paid 20 21 by him, and of the disposition made of the community property; and, upon final partition of such estate, shall deliver to the heirs, 22 23 devisees or legatees of the deceased spouse their interest in such 24 estate, and the increase and profits of the same, after deducting 25 therefrom the proportion of the community debts chargeable thereto, 26 unavoidable losses, necessary and reasonable expenses, and a 27 reasonable commission for the management of the same. The [Neither

1 the] survivor <u>may not</u> [nor his bondsmen shall] be liable for losses 2 sustained by the estate, except when the survivor has been guilty of 3 gross negligence or bad faith.

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4 SECTION 5. Section 176, Texas Probate Code, is amended to 5 read as follows:

6 Sec. 176. REMARRIAGE OF SURVIVING SPOUSE. The remarriage 7 of a surviving spouse shall not terminate the surviving spouse's 8 [powers or liabilities as a qualified community administrator or 9 administratrix; nor shall it terminate his or her] powers as a 10 surviving partner.

11 SECTION 6. Section 177, Texas Probate Code, is amended to 12 read as follows:

Sec. 177. DISTRIBUTION POWERS AMONG PERSONAL 13 OF 14 REPRESENTATIVES AND SURVIVING SPOUSE. [(a) When Community 15 Administrator Has Qualified. The qualified community administrator is entitled to administer the entire community estate, including 16 17 the part which was by law under the management of the deceased spouse during the continuance of the marriage. 18

[(b) When No Community Administrator Has Qualified.] When a 19 personal representative of the estate of a deceased spouse has duly 20 21 qualified, the personal representative is authorized to administer, not only the separate property of the deceased spouse, 22 but also the community property which was by law under the 23 24 management of the deceased spouse during the continuance of the marriage and all of the community property that was by law under the 25 26 joint control of the spouses during the continuance of the 27 marriage. The surviving spouse, as surviving partner of the

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marital partnership, is entitled to retain possession and control 1 2 of all community property which was legally under the sole 3 management of the surviving spouse during the continuance of the 4 marriage and to exercise over that property all the powers elsewhere in this part of this code authorized to be exercised by 5 the surviving spouse when there is no administration pending on the 6 7 estate of the deceased spouse. The surviving spouse may by written 8 instrument filed with the clerk waive any right to exercise powers the personal 9 community survivor, and in such event as representative of the deceased spouse shall be authorized to 10 administer upon the entire community estate. 11

SECTION 7. The following laws are repealed:

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(1) Section 151(e), Texas Probate Code; and

14(2)Sections 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 169,15170, 171, 172, 173, 174, and 175, Texas Probate Code.

SECTION 8. The changes in law made by this Act to Part 5, Chapter VI, Texas Probate Code, apply only to the estate of a decedent who dies on or after the effective date of this Act. The estate of a decedent who dies before the effective date of this Act is governed by the law in effect on the date of the decedent's death, and the former law is continued in effect for that purpose. SECTION 9. This Act takes effect September 1, 2007.