1-1 By: Nichols S.B. No. 1658 (In the Senate - Filed March 8, 2007; March 21, 2007, read first time and referred to Committee on Health and Human Services; April 19, 2007, reported adversely, with favorable Committee 1-2 1-3 1-4 1-5 Substitute by the following vote: Yeas 9, Nays 0; April 19, 2007, 1-6 sent to printer.) COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR S.B. No. 1658 1-7 By: Nichols 1-8 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 1-9 AN ACT relating to the authority of a pharmacist to fill certain prescriptions in the event of a disaster. 1-10 1-11 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: 1-12 1-13 SECTION 1. Section 562.054, Occupations Code, is amended to 1**-**14 1**-**15 read as follows: Sec. 562.054. EMERGENCY REFILLS. (a) A pharmacist may exercise the pharmacist's professional judgment in refilling a prescription for a prescription drug, other than a controlled 1-16 1-17 substance listed in Schedule II as established by the commissioner 1-18 of <u>state</u> [public] health <u>services</u> under Chapter 481, Health and Safety Code, without the authorization of the prescribing 1-19 1-20 1-21 practitioner if: 1-22 (1) failure to refill the prescription might result in 1-23 an interruption of a therapeutic regimen or create patient 1-24 suffering; 1-25 either: (2)1-26 (A) a natural or manmade disaster has occurred 1-27 that prohibits the pharmacist from being able to contact the 1-28 practitioner; or 1-29 1-30 (B) the pharmacist is unable to contact the practitioner after reasonable effort; 1-31 the quantity of prescription drug dispensed does (3) 1-32 not exceed a 72-hour supply; 1-33 (4) the pharmacist informs the patient the or patient's agent at the time of dispensing that the refill is being 1-34 1-35 provided without the practitioner's authorization and that 1-36 authorization of the practitioner is required for a future refill; 1-37 and 1-38 (5) the pharmacist informs the practitioner of the emergency refill at the earliest reasonable time. 1-39 1-40 Notwithstanding Subsection (a), in the (b) event of natural or manmade disaster, a pharmacist may dispense not more 1-41 than a 30-day supply of a prescription drug, other than a controlled substance listed in Schedule II as established by the commissioner of state health services under Chapter 481, Health and Safety Code, without the authorization of the prescribing practitioner if: 1-42 1-43 1-44 1-45 (1) failure to refill the prescription might result in 1-46 1-47 interruption of a therapeutic regimen or create patient an suffering; 1-48 (2) the natural or manmade disaster prohibits the pharmacist from being able to contact the practitioner; 1-49 1-50 1-51 (3) the governor has declared a state of disaster under Chapter 418, Government Code; and 1-52 (4) the board, through the executive director, has 1-53 notified pharmacies in this state that pharmacists may dispense up to a 30-day supply of a prescription drug. (c) The prescribing practitioner is not liable for an act or 1-54 1-55 1-56 1-57 omission by a pharmacist in dispensing a prescription drug under Subsection (b). SECTION 2. 1-58 SECTION 2. Section 481.074, Health and Safety Code, is amended by adding Subsections (1-1) and (1-2) to read as follows: 1-59 1-60 (1-1) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), in the event of 1-61 а natural or manmade disaster, a pharmacist may dispense not more than a 30-day supply of a prescription drug, other than a controlled 1-62 1-63

|      | C.S.S.B. No. 1658   |
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| 2-1  | substance listed in Schedule II, without the authorization of the   |
| 2-2  | prescribing practitioner if:  |
| 2-3  | (1) failure to refill the prescription might result in              |
| 2-4  | an interruption of a therapeutic regimen or create patient          |
| 2-5  | suffering;  |
| 2-6  | (2) the natural or manmade disaster prohibits the                   |
| 2-7  | pharmacist from being able to contact the practitioner;             |
| 2-8  | (3) the governor has declared a state of disaster                   |
| 2-9  | under Chapter 418, Government Code; and                             |
| 2-10 | (4) the Texas State Board of Pharmacy, through its                  |
| 2-11 | executive director, has notified pharmacies in this state that      |
| 2-12 | pharmacists may dispense up to a 30-day supply of a prescription    |
| 2-13 | drug.   |
| 2-14 | (1-2) The prescribing practitioner is not liable for an act         |
| 2-15 | or omission by a pharmacist in dispensing a prescription drug under |
| 2-16 | Subsection (1-1).   |
| 2-17 | SECTION 3. This Act takes effect September 1, 2007.                 |
| 2-18 | * * * *   |