1-1 By: Nelson S.C.R. No. 1
1-2 (In the Senate-Filed November 13, 2006; February 14, 2007,
1-3 read first time and referred to Committee on Health and Human
1-4 Services; February 26, 2007, reported favorably by the following
1-5 vote: Yeas 7, Nays 0; February 26, 2007, sent to printer.)

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

WHEREAS, As the largest of the 48 contiguous states and ranking second only to California in terms of population, the State of Texas faces unique challenges to providing adequate access to primary health care for its residents; and

WHEREAS, As of September of 2006, 113 Texas counties, home to more than 3 million Texans, were designated as primary care health professional shortage areas by the United States Department of Health and Human Services; under related federal standards, an even larger portion of the state qualifies as medically underserved, with 177 entire Texas counties and parts of 47 other counties receiving that designation; and

WHEREAS, Working through a cooperative agreement with the federal Health Resources and Services Administration, the Texas Primary Care Office has as its mission the improvement of access to medical, dental, and mental health care services for the state's underserved populations by recruiting and retaining primary care providers to practice in federally designated shortage areas; and

WHEREAS, Similarly, the federal National Health Service Corps works with educational institutions, students, professional organizations, clinicians, and underserved communities around the nation to deliver primary health care, including dental, mental, and behavioral health care, by developing innovative solutions to improve recruitment, preparation, and retention of health professionals; and

WHEREAS, The National Health Service Corps Ambassador Program seeks to accomplish these goals by engaging university—and community—based volunteers to link students and clinicians with employment opportunities in underserved communities that match their career interests, to prepare and train students and clinicians to work in health professional shortage areas by connecting them to clinical rotations, and to mentor students and clinicians with one—on—one counseling to maintain interest and commitment to serving the underserved; and

WHEREAS, Although the Texas Primary Care Office is the Texas liaison with the National Health Service Corps, currently there is no formal connection between the office and the National Health Service Corps Ambassador Program; clearly, the state would benefit from a coordination of effort between the program and the primary care office, bringing much-needed additional resources to the areas of Texas that remain underserved by health care professionals; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED, That the 80th Legislature of the State of Texas hereby encourage the National Health Service Corps Ambassador Program to coordinate with the Primary Care Office at the Texas Department of State Health Services; and, be it further

RESOLVED, That the Texas secretary of state forward an official copy of this resolution to the secretary of the United States Department of Health and Human Services, the chair of the National Advisory Council on the National Health Service Corps, and the commissioner of the Texas Department of State Health Services.

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