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SECTION 1. Article 2.09, Code of Criminal Procedure, is amended to read as follows:

Art. 2.09. WHO ARE MAGISTRATES. Each of the following officers is a magistrate within the meaning of this Code: The justices of the Supreme Court, the judges of the Court of Criminal Appeals, the justices of the Courts of Appeals, the judges of the District Court, the magistrates appointed by the judges of the district courts of Bexar County, Dallas County, or Tarrant County that give preference to criminal cases, the criminal law hearing officers for Harris County appointed under Subchapter L, Chapter 54, Government Code, the criminal law hearing officers for Cameron County appointed under Subchapter BB, Chapter 54, Government Code, the magistrates appointed by the judges of the district courts of Lubbock County, Nolan County, or Webb County, the magistrates appointed by the judges of the criminal district courts of Dallas County or Tarrant County, the masters appointed by the judges of the district courts and the county courts at law that give preference to criminal cases in Jefferson County, the magistrates appointed by the judges of the district courts and the statutory county courts of Brazos County, Nueces County, or Williamson County, the magistrates appointed by the judges of the district courts and statutory county courts that give preference to criminal cases in Travis County, the county judges, the judges of the county courts at law, judges of the county criminal courts, the judges of statutory probate courts, the associate judges appointed by the judges of the statutory

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probate courts under Subchapter G, Chapter 54, Government Code, the justices of the peace, and the mayors and recorders and the judges of the municipal courts of incorporated cities or towns.

SECTION 2. Chapter 54, Government Code, is amended by adding Subchapter FF to read as follows: SUBCHAPTER FF. CRIMINAL LAW MAGISTRATES IN NUECES COUNTY Sec. 54.1781. APPLICATION. This subchapter applies to the district courts and the county courts at law in Nueces County. Sec. 54.1782. APPOINTMENT; COMPENSATION. (a) The Commissioners Court of Nueces County shall set the number of magistrates needed to perform the duties authorized by this subchapter. (b) A magistrate shall be paid a salary determined by the Commissioners Court of Nueces County. (c) The judges of the district courts who wish to use the services of a magistrate may jointly appoint the magistrates that will assist their courts. The judges of the county courts at law who wish to use the services of a magistrate may jointly appoint the magistrates that will assist their courts. A judge who uses the services of a magistrate may determine the extent to which those services are used in the judge's court. (d) On agreement between the judges of the district courts and the judges of the county courts at law who wish to use the services of a magistrate, a magistrate may

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serve in both those district courts and those county courts at law. A magistrate serving in both the district courts and the county courts at law shall spend half the magistrate's time in the district courts and half in the county courts at law. (e) If the number of magistrates is less than the number of the judges who wish to use the services of a magistrate, each magistrate shall serve equally in the courts of those judges. (f) A magistrate serves a one-year term, unless the magistrate is terminated under Section 54.1789. (g) A magistrate may be employed on a full-time or part-time basis. A court served by the magistrate shall determine the magistrate's work schedule. Sec. 54.1783. ELIGIBILITY FOR APPOINTMENT. In determining whom to appoint as a magistrate under this subchapter, the judges of the district courts or the judges of the county courts at law, as applicable, shall give priority to a retired or former judge, as those terms are defined by Section 74.041. If no retired or former judge desires to be appointed, the appointing judges shall consider for appointment persons who: (1) are licensed to practice law in this state; (2) reside in Nueces County; (3) have at least 10 years of active experience in criminal law practice; and (4) exhibit judicial temperaments. Sec. 54.1784. JUDICIAL IMMUNITY. A magistrate has the same judicial immunity as a district judge or judge of a county court at law, as applicable.

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(1) are licensed to practice law in this state;

(2) reside in Nueces County;

(3) have at least 10 years of active experience in criminal law practice; and
(4) exhibit judicial temperaments.
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Sec. 54.1785. STAFF FOR MAGISTRATE. (a) The

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Sec. 54.1785. STAFF FOR MAGISTRATE. (a) The clerk of a court a magistrate serves shall provide a clerk for the magistrate. (b) A sheriff's deputy shall attend a proceeding conducted by a magistrate and act as a bailiff. Sec. 54.1786. PROCEEDINGS THAT MAY BE REFERRED. A judge who appoints a magistrate under Section 54.1782 may refer to the magistrate any criminal case for proceedings involving: (1) arraignment of defendants; (2) a negotiated plea of guilty or no contest; (3) sentencing for a negotiated plea of guilty or no contest: (4) ordering of community service; (5) a pretrial motion; (6) an examining trial: (7) a bond forfeiture suit; (8) issuance of capias; (9) issuance of arrest and search warrants; (10) setting of bonds; (11) a motion to increase or decrease a bond; (12) a hearing on a protective order; (13) a motion to grant, modify, revoke, or extend community supervision or to proceed to an adjudication; (14) a pretrial diversion; (15) civil commitment matters under Subtitle C, Title 7, Health and Safety Code: (16) an agreed recommendation for a presentence investigation report for determination of a sentence; and (17) any other matter the judge considers necessary and

clerk of a court a magistrate serves shall provide a clerk for the magistrate. (b) A sheriff's deputy shall attend a proceeding conducted by a magistrate and act as a bailiff. Sec. 54.1786. PROCEEDINGS THAT MAY BE REFERRED. A judge who appoints a magistrate under Section 54.1782 may refer to the magistrate any criminal case for proceedings involving: (1) arraignment of defendants; (2) a negotiated plea of guilty or no contest; (3) sentencing for a negotiated plea of guilty or no contest: (4) ordering of community service; (5) a pretrial motion; (6) an examining trial: (7) a bond forfeiture suit; (8) issuance of capias; (9) issuance of arrest and search warrants; (10) setting of bonds; (11) a motion to increase or decrease a bond; (12) a hearing on a protective order; (13) a motion to grant, modify, revoke, or extend community supervision or to proceed to an adjudication; (14) a pretrial diversion; (15) civil commitment matters under Subtitle C, Title 7, Health and Safety Code: (16) an agreed recommendation for a presentence investigation report for determination of a sentence; and (17) any other matter the judge considers necessary and

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Sec. 54.1787. POWERS. Except as limited by an order of referral, a magistrate to whom a case is referred may: (1) conduct hearings; (2) hear evidence; (3) compel production of relevant evidence; (4) rule on admissibility of evidence; (5) issue summons for the appearance of witnesses; (6) examine witnesses; (7) swear witnesses for hearings: (8) make findings of fact on evidence; (9) formulate conclusions of law; (10) rule on pretrial motions; (11) recommend the rulings, orders, or judgment to be made in a case; (12) regulate proceedings in a hearing; (13) in any case referred under Section 54.1786: (A) accept a negotiated plea of guilty; (B) enter a finding of guilt and impose or suspend sentence; or (C) defer adjudication of guilt; and (14) do any act and take any measure necessary and proper for the efficient performance of the duties required by the order of referral. Sec. 54.1788. DISMISSAL. A magistrate appointed under this chapter may not dismiss a case. TERMINATION OF SERVICES. Sec. 54.1789. Regardless of whether a magistrate serves in both the district courts and the county courts at law or whether the magistrate serves in only one of those types of courts, the Sec. 54.1787. POWERS. Except as limited by an order of referral, a magistrate to whom a case is referred may: (1) conduct hearings; (2) hear evidence; (3) compel production of relevant evidence; (4) rule on admissibility of evidence; (5) issue summons for the appearance of witnesses; (6) examine witnesses; (7) swear witnesses for hearings; (8) make findings of fact on evidence: (9) formulate conclusions of law; (10) rule on pretrial motions; (11) recommend the rulings, orders, or judgment to be made in a case: (12) regulate proceedings in a hearing; (13) in any case referred under Section 54.1786: (A) accept a negotiated plea of guilty; (B) enter a finding of guilt and impose or suspend sentence; or (C) defer adjudication of guilt; and (14) do any act and take any measure necessary and proper for the efficient performance of the duties required by the order of referral. Sec. 54.1788. DISMISSAL. A magistrate appointed under this chapter may not dismiss a case. TERMINATION OF SERVICES. Sec. 54.1789. Regardless of whether a magistrate serves in both the district courts and the county courts at law or whether the magistrate serves in only one of those types of courts, the

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magistrate's service with respect to a particular type of court may be terminated only on a majority vote of the judges of that type of court who appointed the magistrate under Section 54.1782, or their successors. Sec. 54.1790. ABSENCE OF MAGISTRATE. (a) If a magistrate appointed under this subchapter is absent or unable to serve, the local administrative judge of the type of court with respect to which the magistrate served may appoint a temporary magistrate to serve for the absent magistrate.

(b) A temporary magistrate serving for another magistrate under this section has the powers and shall perform the duties of the magistrate for whom the temporary magistrate is serving.

Sec. 54.1791. RECORD OF PROCEEDINGS. A criminal proceeding in a magistrate court shall be recorded by a good quality electronic audio or videotape recording device, unless the defendant requests that a court reporter be present. The record shall be retained by the clerk of the court as required by law.

Sec. 54.1792. PAPERS TRANSMITTED TO JUDGE. At the conclusion of the proceedings, a magistrate shall transmit to the referring court as soon as possible any papers relating to the case, including the magistrate's findings, conclusions, orders, recommendations, or other action taken.

Sec. 54.1793. JUDICIAL ACTION. (a) The judge of the court in which the case is pending may modify, correct, reject, reverse, or recommit for further information any action taken by the magistrate.

magistrate's service with respect to a particular type of court may be terminated only on a majority vote of the judges of that type of court who appointed the magistrate under Section 54.1782, or their successors. Sec. 54.1790. ABSENCE OF MAGISTRATE. (a) If a magistrate appointed under this subchapter is absent or unable to serve, the local administrative judge of the type of court with respect to which the magistrate served may appoint a temporary magistrate to serve for the absent magistrate. A temporary magistrate serving for another (b) magistrate under this section has the powers and shall perform the duties of the magistrate for whom the temporary magistrate is serving. Sec. 54.1791. RECORD OF PROCEEDINGS. A criminal proceeding in a magistrate court shall be recorded by a good quality electronic audio or videotape recording device, unless the defendant requests that a court reporter be present. The record shall be retained by the clerk of the court as required by law. Sec. 54.1792. PAPERS TRANSMITTED TO JUDGE. At the conclusion of the proceedings, a magistrate shall transmit to the referring court as soon as possible any papers relating to the case, including the magistrate's findings, conclusions, orders, recommendations, or other action taken. Sec. 54.1793. JUDICIAL ACTION. (a) The judge of the court in which the case is pending may modify,

correct, reject, reverse, or recommit for further information any action taken by the magistrate.

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(b) If the supervising judge or judges do not modify, correct, reject, reverse, or recommit an action of the magistrate within the time required by law, the action becomes the order, judgment, or decree of the court. Sec. 54.1794. PRETRIAL DIVERSION. As a condition for a defendant to enter any pretrial diversion program or the functional equivalent that may be operated in Nueces County, a defendant must file in the court in which the charges are pending a sworn waiver of the defendant's right to a speedy trial under the United States Constitution and other law and a motion requesting the court to approve the waiver, the defendant is eligible for consideration for acceptance into a pretrial diversion or equivalent program.

SECTION 3. This Act takes effect September 1, 2007.

(b) If the supervising judge or judges do not modify, correct, reject, reverse, or recommit an action of the magistrate within the time required by law, the action becomes the order, judgment, or decree of the court. Sec. 54.1794. PRETRIAL DIVERSION. As a condition for a defendant to enter any pretrial diversion program or the functional equivalent that may be operated in Nueces County, a defendant must file in the court in which the charges are pending a sworn waiver of the defendant's right to a speedy trial under the United States Constitution and other law and a motion requesting the court to approve the waiver without a hearing. If the court approves the waiver, the defendant is eligible for consideration for acceptance into a pretrial diversion or equivalent program.

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