By: Dutton

H.B. No. 1168

	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
1	AN ACT
2	relating to discovery in a criminal case.
3	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
4	SECTION 1. Article 39.14, Code of Criminal Procedure, is
5	amended to read as follows:
6	Art. 39.14. DISCOVERY[-]
7	Sec. 1. DISCLOSURE BY STATE. (a) As soon as practicable
8	after receiving a timely request from the defendant, the attorney
9	representing the state shall disclose to the defendant's counsel
10	and permit inspection, photocopying, and photographing of the
11	following materials and information in the possession, custody, or
12	control of the state or any of its agencies:
13	(1) any exculpatory or impeachment evidence material
14	to the defendant's guilt or punishment;
15	(2) any written or recorded statements that are made
16	by the defendant or by any witness the attorney representing the
17	state intends to call at the trial and that are related to the case
18	charged, including offense reports by law enforcement personnel and
19	grand jury testimony, if any;
20	(3) any written record containing the substance of any
21	oral statement that is made by the defendant and that is related to
22	the case charged, whether made before or after the defendant's
23	arrest, in response to interrogation by any person whom the
24	defendant believed to be a peace officer;

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1 (4) the defendant's prior criminal record; 2 any record of a criminal conviction admissible for (5) impeachment under Rule 609, Texas Rules of Evidence, of a witness 3 the attorney representing the state intends to call at the trial; 4 5 (6) any affidavit, warrant, or return pertaining to a search or seizure in connection with the case; 6 7 (7) any physical or documentary evidence that was 8 obtained from or that belongs to the defendant or that the attorney representing the state intends to use at the trial and, on a showing 9 10 of materiality by the defendant, the opportunity to test that evidence; 11 12 (8) the names and addresses of the witnesses called to present evidence under Rules 702, 703, and 705, Texas Rules of 13 14 Evidence, and the names of all other witnesses the attorney 15 representing the state intends to call at the trial; 16 (9) any report produced by or for an expert witness the 17 attorney representing the state intends to call at the trial; and (10) any plea agreement, grant of immunity, or other 18 19 agreement for testimony issued by the attorney representing the state in connection with the case. [Upon motion of the defendant 20 showing good cause therefor and upon notice to the other parties, 21 the court in which an action is pending shall order the State before 2.2 or during trial of a criminal action therein pending or on trial to 23 24 produce and permit the inspection and copying or photographing by or on behalf of the defendant of any designated documents, papers, 25 26 written statement of the defendant, (except written statements nesses and except the work product of counsel in the 27

their investigators and their notes or report), books, accounts, 1 letters, photographs, objects or tangible things not privileged, 2 which constitute or contain evidence material to any matter 3 involved in the action and which are in the possession, custody or 4 5 control of the State or any of its agencies. The order shall specify the time, place and manner of making the inspection and 6 taking the copies and photographs of any of the aforementioned 7 8 documents or tangible evidence; provided, however, that the rights herein granted shall not extend to written communications between 9 10 the State or any of its agents or representatives or employees. 11 Nothing in this Act shall authorize the removal of such evidence from the possession of the State, and any inspection shall be in the 12 presence of a representative of the State.] 13

14 If the defendant gives notice of a defense under Section (b) 15 2(b), the attorney representing the state shall disclose to the defendant's counsel as soon as practicable the names of the 16 17 witnesses of whom the state has knowledge and whom the state intends to use to rebut the defense or the testimony of any of the 18 19 defendant's witnesses called to establish that defense [On motion of a party and on notice to the other parties, the court in which an 20 action is pending may order one or more of the other parties to 21 disclose to the party making the motion the name and address of each 22 person the other party may use at trial to present evidence under 23 24 Rules 702, 703, and 705, Texas Rules of Evidence. The court shall specify in the order the time and manner in which the other party 25 26 must make the disclosure to the moving party, but in specifying the me in which the other party shall make disclosure the court shall 27

1	require the other party to make the disclosure not later than the
2	20th day before the date the trial begins].
3	(c) This article does not authorize the removal of physical
4	evidence from the possession of the state, and any inspection of
5	physical evidence shall be conducted in the presence of a
6	representative of the state.
7	Sec. 2. DISCLOSURE BY DEFENDANT. (a) As soon as
8	practicable after receiving the initial disclosure under Section 1
9	from the attorney representing the state, the defendant shall
10	disclose to the attorney representing the state and permit
11	inspection, photocopying, and photographing of the following
12	materials and information:
13	(1) any written or recorded statement by a witness,
14	other than the defendant, that is related to the offense charged, if
15	the defendant intends to call the witness at the trial;
16	(2) any record of a criminal conviction admissible for
17	impeachment under Rule 609, Texas Rules of Evidence, of a witness,
18	other than the defendant, the defendant intends to call at the
19	trial, if that information is known to the defendant;
20	(3) any physical or documentary evidence that the
21	defendant intends to use at the trial and, on a showing of
22	materiality by the attorney representing the state, the opportunity
23	to test that evidence;
24	(4) the names and addresses of the witnesses called to
25	present evidence under Rules 702, 703, and 705, Texas Rules of
26	Evidence, and the names of all other witnesses, other than the
27	defendant, the defendant intends to call at the trial; and

1 (5) any report produced by or for an expert witness the 2 defendant intends to call at the trial. 3 (b) On a request by the state, a defendant planning to offer evidence of one or more defenses listed in Chapter 8 or 9, Penal 4 5 Code, or evidence of an alibi defense, shall file a good faith notice of intent to raise the defense with the court and the 6 7 attorney representing the state not later than the 30th day before 8 the date the trial begins or as soon as practicable after the date the defendant receives a disclosure under Section 1 to which the 9 defense is responsive, whichever is later. If the defendant 10 intends to raise an alibi defense, the notice must include the place 11 12 at which the defendant claims to have been at the time of the alleged offense and the names of the witnesses the defendant 13 intends to use to establish the alibi. Any notice provided under 14 15 this subsection is for purposes of discovery only and is not admissible at trial unless the court finds that the contents of the 16 17 notice were not made in good faith. (c) After the filing of the indictment or information, the 18 19 court may require the defendant to submit nontestimonial evidence to the state. This subsection does not limit any law enforcement 20 agency or prosecutor's office from seeking or obtaining 21 22 nontestimonial evidence to the extent permitted by law. Sec. 3. EXCEPTIONS TO DISCLOSURE. (a) Neither the 23 24 attorney representing the state nor the defendant is required to disclose materials or information that is: 25

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26 (1) recorded proceedings of a grand jury, except as 27 provided in Section 1(a)(2) and Rule 615, Texas Rules of Evidence;

1 (2) a work product other than an offense report by law 2 enforcement personnel, including a report, memorandum, or other 3 internal document of the attorney representing the state, the 4 attorney representing the defendant, or an investigator or other 5 agent of the attorney representing the state or the attorney 6 representing the defendant that is made in connection with the 7 investigation, prosecution, or defense of the case; or

8 (3) privileged under a rule of evidence, an express 9 statutory provision, the Texas Constitution, or the United States 10 <u>Constitution.</u>

11 (b) This article does not authorize disclosure of the name, 12 address, or telephone number of a victim in violation of Chapter 57. 13 (c) A victim impact statement is subject to disclosure 14 before the testimony of the victim is taken only if the court 15 determines that the statement contains exculpatory material.

16 <u>Sec. 4. CONTINUING DUTY TO DISCLOSE. If, before a trial</u> 17 <u>begins, but subsequent to compliance with this article or a</u> 18 <u>relevant court order, a party discovers additional material or</u> 19 <u>information subject to disclosure, the party shall immediately</u> 20 <u>notify the other party's counsel of the existence of the additional</u> 21 <u>material or information.</u>

22 Sec. 5. EXCISION. (a) Except as provided by Subsection 23 (b), if a portion of material or information is subject to discovery 24 under this article and a portion is not subject to discovery, only 25 the portion that is subject to discovery must be disclosed. The 26 disclosing party shall inform the other party's counsel that the 27 portion of material or information that is not subject to discovery

has been excised and withheld. On request, the court shall conduct 1 a hearing to determine whether the reasons for excision are 2 justifiable. Material or information excised pursuant to judicial 3 order shall be sealed and preserved in the records of the court and 4 5 shall be made available to an appellate court in the event of an 6 appeal. 7 (b) Excision of a witness statement produced in accordance 8 with Rule 615, Texas Rules of Evidence, is governed by that rule. (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, 9 10 the attorney representing the state, without a protective court order or a hearing before the court, may excise from an offense 11 12 report or other report any information related to the victim of an offense that is listed under: 13 14 (1) Section 3g, Article 42.12; or 15 (2) Article 62.001(5). Sec. 6. PROTECTIVE ORDERS. On a showing of good cause, the 16 17 court may at any time enter an appropriate protective order that a specified disclosure be denied, restricted, or deferred. 18 "Good cause," for purposes of this section, includes threats, harm, 19 intimidation, or possible danger to the safety of a victim or 20 witness, possible loss, destruction, or fabrication of evidence, or 21 possible compromise of other investigations by law enforcement or a 22 23 defense offered by a defendant. 24 Sec. 7. IN CAMERA PROCEEDINGS. On request, the court may permit to be made in camera an excision hearing under Section 5(a), 25 26 a showing of good cause for denial or regulation of a disclosure

under Section 6, or any portion of a proceeding. A verbatim record

1 shall be made of a proceeding in camera. If the court excises a 2 portion of the material or information or enters an order granting 3 relief following a showing of good cause, the entire record shall be sealed and preserved in the records of the court and shall be made 4 5 available to an appellate court in the event of an appeal. 6 Sec. 8. CONFERENCE. On request of the attorney 7 representing the state or the defendant, the court shall hold a 8 discovery hearing under Section 1(8), Article 28.01, not later than the 10th day before the date the trial begins, to verify compliance 9 10 by each party with this article. Sec. 9. COMPLIANCE; SANCTIONS. (a) The disclosures 11 12 required under this article may be performed in any manner that is mutually agreeable to the attorney representing the state and the 13

14 attorney representing the defendant or that is ordered by the court 15 in accordance with this article. The order issued by the court may 16 specify the time, place, and manner of making the required 17 disclosures.

(b) On a showing that a party has not complied with this 18 19 article or a relevant court order, the court may make any order the court finds necessary under the circumstances, including an order 20 related to immediate disclosure, contempt proceedings, delay or 21 22 prohibition of the use of a defense or the introduction of evidence, or continuance of the matter. The court may also inform the jury of 23 24 any failure or refusal to disclose or any untimely disclosure under 25 this article.

26 (c) The court may prohibit the use of a defense or the 27 introduction of evidence under Subsection (b) only if all other

1 sanctions have been exhausted or the discovery violation amounts to 2 wilful misconduct designed to obtain a tactical advantage that would minimize the effectiveness of cross-examination or the 3 ability to adduce rebuttal evidence. The court may not dismiss a 4 5 charge under Subsection (b) unless authorized or required to do so 6 by other law. 7 (d) The failure of the attorney representing the state or 8 the defendant to comply with this article is not a ground for a court to set aside the conviction or sentence of the defendant, 9 10 unless the court's action is authorized or required by other law. Sec. 10. COSTS. (a) All reasonable and necessary costs 11 12 related to a disclosure required under this article, including the photocopying of materials, shall be paid by the requesting party. 13 14 (b) The commissioners court of the county in which the 15 indictment, information, or complaint is pending may not, as a result of any payment by the defendant of the costs required by this 16 17 article, reduce the amount of money provided by the county to the office of the attorney representing the state. 18 19 Sec. 11. DISCLOSURE TO THIRD PARTIES. Neither the attorney representing the state nor the attorney representing the defendant 20 may disclose without obtaining approval of the trial court 21 22 information or witness statements received from the opposing party to any third party, including the defendant, other than to an 23 24 investigator, expert, or other agent for the attorney representing the state or the attorney representing the defendant, as 25 26 applicable. Information or witness statements received under this 27 article may not be made available to the public.

Sec. 12. PRO SE DEFENDANTS. This article, including the 1 provisions regarding the nondisclosure of a witness statement or an 2 offense report by law enforcement personnel, applies to a defendant 3 who has elected to proceed pro se only to the extent approved by the 4 5 court. 6 Sec. 13. CONFLICT OF LAW. To the extent of any conflict, 7 this article prevails over Chapter 552, Government Code. 8 SECTION 2. The change in law made by this Act applies to the prosecution of an offense committed on or after the effective date 9 of this Act. The prosecution of an offense committed before the 10 effective date of this Act is covered by the law in effect when the 11 offense was committed, and the former law is continued in effect for 12 this purpose. For purposes of this section, an offense is committed 13 before the effective date of this Act if any element of the offense 14 15 occurs before the effective date. 16 SECTION 3. This Act takes effect September 1, 2009.