By: Pitts H.B. No. 1483

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1	AN ACT
2	relating to the use of eminent domain authority.
3	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
4	SECTION 1. Chapter 2206, Government Code, is amended to
5	read as follows:
6	CHAPTER 2206. [LIMITATIONS ON USE OF] EMINENT DOMAIN
7	SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS
8	Sec. 2206.001. <u>DEFINITION OF PUBLIC USE</u> . Except as
9	otherwise provided by this chapter, "public use," with respect to
10	the use of eminent domain authority, means a use of property,
11	including a use described by Section 2206.051(c), that allows the
12	state, a political subdivision of the state, or the general public
13	of the state to possess, occupy, and enjoy the property.
14	SUBCHAPTER B. LIMITATIONS ON PURPOSE AND USE OF PROPERTY
15	ACQUIRED THROUGH EMINENT DOMAIN
16	Sec. 2206.051. LIMITATION ON EMINENT DOMAIN FOR PRIVATE
17	PARTIES OR ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PURPOSES. (a) This section
18	applies to the use of eminent domain under the laws of this state,
19	including a local or special law, by any governmental or private
20	entity, including:
21	(1) a state agency, including an institution of higher
22	education as defined by Section 61.003, Education Code;
23	(2) a political subdivision of this state; or
24	(3) a corporation created by a governmental entity to

- 1 act on behalf of the entity.
- 2 (b) A governmental or private entity may not take private
- 3 property through the use of eminent domain if the taking:
- 4 (1) confers a private benefit on a particular private
- 5 party through the use of the property;
- 6 (2) is for a public use that is merely a pretext to
- 7 confer a private benefit on a particular private party; [or]
- 8 (3) is for economic development purposes, unless the
- 9 economic development is a secondary purpose resulting from
- 10 municipal community development or municipal urban renewal
- 11 activities to eliminate an existing affirmative harm on society
- 12 from slum or blighted areas under:
- 13 (A) Chapter 373 or 374, Local Government Code,
- 14 other than an activity described by Section 373.002(b)(5), Local
- 15 Government Code; or
- 16 (B) Section 311.005(a)(1)(I), Tax Code; or
- 17 <u>(4) is not for a public use</u>.
- 18 (c) This section does not affect the authority of an entity
- 19 authorized by law to take private property through the use of
- 20 eminent domain for:
- 21 (1) transportation projects, including, but not
- 22 limited to, railroads, airports, or public roads or highways;
- 23 (2) entities authorized under Section 59, Article XVI,
- 24 Texas Constitution, including:
- 25 (A) port authorities;
- 26 (B) navigation districts; and
- (C) any other conservation or reclamation

- 1 districts that act as ports;
- 2 (3) water supply, wastewater, flood control, and
- 3 drainage projects;
- 4 (4) public buildings, hospitals, and parks;
- 5 (5) the provision of utility services;
- 6 (6) a sports and community venue project approved by
- 7 voters at an election held on or before December 1, 2005, under
- 8 Chapter 334 or 335, Local Government Code;
- 9 (7) the operations of:
- 10 (A) a common carrier <u>pipeline</u> [subject to Chapter
- 11 111, Natural Resources Code, and Section B(3)(b), Article 2.01,
- 12 Texas Business Corporation Act]; or
- 13 (B) an energy transporter, as that term is
- 14 defined by Section 186.051, Utilities Code;
- 15 (8) a purpose authorized by Chapter 181, Utilities
- 16 Code;
- 17 (9) underground storage operations subject to Chapter
- 18 91, Natural Resources Code;
- 19 (10) a waste disposal project; or
- 20 (11) a library, museum, or related facility and any
- 21 infrastructure related to the facility.
- 22 (d) This section does not affect the authority of a
- 23 governmental entity to condemn a leasehold estate on property owned
- 24 by the governmental entity.
- 25 (e) The determination by the governmental or private entity
- 26 proposing to take the property that the taking does not involve an
- 27 act or circumstance prohibited by Subsection (b) does not create a

- 1 presumption with respect to whether the taking involves that act or
- 2 circumstance.
- 3 Sec. 2206.052. LIMITATIONS ON EASEMENTS. (a) A property
- 4 owner whose property is acquired through the use of eminent domain
- 5 under Chapter 21, Property Code, for the purpose of creating an
- 6 easement through that owner's property may construct streets or
- 7 roads, including a gravel, asphalt, or concrete road, at any
- 8 locations above the easement that the property owner chooses.
- 9 (b) The portion of a road constructed under this section
- 10 that is over the easement may not exceed 40 feet in width.
- SUBCHAPTER C. PROCEDURES REQUIRED TO INITIATE
- 12 EMINENT DOMAIN PROCEEDINGS
- Sec. 2206.101. SHORT TITLE. This subchapter may be cited as
- 14 the Truth in Condemnation Procedures Act.
- Sec. 2206.102. APPLICABILITY. The procedures in this
- 16 subchapter apply only to the use of eminent domain under the laws of
- 17 this state by a governmental entity.
- 18 Sec. 2206.103. VOTE ON USE OF EMINENT DOMAIN. (a) Before a
- 19 governmental entity initiates a condemnation proceeding by filing a
- 20 petition under Section 21.012, Property Code, the governmental
- 21 entity must authorize the initiation of the condemnation
- 22 proceedings at a public meeting by a record vote.
- 23 (b) A single ordinance, resolution, or order may be adopted
- 24 for all units of property to be condemned if:
- 25 (1) the motion required by Subsection (e) indicates
- 26 that the first record vote applies to all units of property to be
- 27 condemned; and

- 1 (2) the minutes of the entity reflect that the first
- 2 vote applies to all of those units.
- 3 (c) If more than one member of the governing body objects to
- 4 adopting a single ordinance, resolution, or order by a record vote
- 5 for all units of property for which condemnation proceedings are to
- 6 be initiated, a separate record vote must be taken for each unit of
- 7 property.
- 8 (d) For the purposes of Subsections (a) and (c), if two or
- 9 more units of real property are owned by the same person, the
- 10 governmental entity may treat those units of property as one unit of
- 11 property.
- 12 (e) The motion to adopt an ordinance, resolution, or order
- 13 authorizing the initiation of condemnation proceedings under
- 14 Chapter 21, Property Code, must be made in a form substantially
- 15 <u>similar to the following: "I move that the (name of governmental</u>
- 16 entity) authorize the use of the power of eminent domain to acquire
- 17 (describe the property) for (describe the public use)." The
- 18 description of the property required by this subsection is
- 19 sufficient if the description of the location of and interest in the
- 20 property that the governmental entity seeks to acquire is
- 21 substantially similar to the description that is or could properly
- 22 be used in a petition to condemn the property under Section 21.012,
- 23 Property Code.
- 24 (f) If a project for a public use described by Section
- 25 2206.051(c)(3) will require a governmental entity to acquire
- 26 multiple tracts or units of property to construct facilities
- 27 connecting one location to another location, the governing body of

- H.B. No. 1483
- 1 the entity may adopt a single ordinance, resolution, or order by a
- 2 record vote that delegates the authority to initiate condemnation
- 3 proceedings to the chief administrative official of the
- 4 governmental entity.
- 5 (g) An ordinance, resolution, or order adopted under
- 6 Subsection (f) is not required to identify specific properties that
- 7 the governmental entity will acquire. The ordinance, resolution,
- 8 or order must identify the general area to be covered by the project
- 9 or the general route that will be used by the governmental entity
- 10 for the project in a way that provides property owners in and around
- 11 the area or along the route reasonable notice that the owners'
- 12 properties may be subject to condemnation proceedings during the
- 13 planning or construction of the project.
- 14 SECTION 2. Subchapter B, Chapter 21, Property Code, is
- 15 amended by adding Section 21.0113 to read as follows:
- Sec. 21.0113. BONA FIDE OFFER REQUIRED. An entity with
- 17 eminent domain authority that wants to acquire real property for a
- 18 public use must make a bona fide offer to acquire the property from
- 19 the property owner voluntarily. A bona fide offer is an offer that
- 20 is not arbitrary or capricious and is based on a reasonably thorough
- 21 <u>investigation</u> and honest assessment of the amount of the just
- 22 compensation due to the landowner as a result of the taking.
- SECTION 3. Section 21.012(b), Property Code, is amended to
- 24 read as follows:
- 25 (b) The petition must:
- 26 (1) describe the property to be condemned;
- 27 (2) state the purpose for which the entity intends to

- 1 use the property;
- 2 (3) state the name of the owner of the property if the
- 3 owner is known;
- 4 (4) state that the entity and the property owner are
- 5 unable to agree on the damages; [and]
- 6 (5) if applicable, state that the entity provided the
- 7 property owner with the landowner's bill of rights statement in
- 8 accordance with Section 21.0112; and
- 9 (6) state that the entity made a bona fide offer to
- 10 acquire the property from the property owner voluntarily.
- 11 SECTION 4. Section 21.023, Property Code, is amended to
- 12 read as follows:
- 13 Sec. 21.023. DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION REQUIRED AT TIME OF
- 14 ACQUISITION. A governmental entity shall disclose in writing to
- 15 the property owner, at the time of acquisition of the property
- 16 through eminent domain, that:
- 17 (1) the owner or the owner's heirs, successors, or
- 18 assigns are entitled to repurchase the property if the public use
- 19 for which the property was acquired through eminent domain is
- 20 canceled before the 10th anniversary of the date of acquisition;
- 21 and
- 22 (2) the repurchase price is the price paid to the owner
- 23 by the governmental entity at the time the governmental entity
- 24 acquired the property through eminent domain [fair market value of
- 25 the property at the time the public use was canceled].
- SECTION 5. The heading to Section 21.024, Property Code, is
- 27 amended to read as follows:

- 1 Sec. 21.024. PRODUCTION OF INFORMATION BY CERTAIN ENTITIES
- 2 [CONSIDERED TO BE CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE].
- 3 SECTION 6. Sections 21.024(a) and (e), Property Code, are
- 4 amended to read as follows:
- 5 (a) [A utility, a common carrier, or a transporter of oil,
- 6 gas, or the products of oil or gas is considered to be within the
- 7 definition of critical infrastructure under Section 421.001,
- 8 Government Code. Notwithstanding any other law, an entity that is
- 9 not subject to Chapter 552, Government Code, and that [which is
- 10 considered critical infrastructure and which] is authorized by law
- 11 to <a href="acquire">acquire</a> [take] private property through the use of eminent
- 12 domain is required to produce information as provided by this
- 13 section if the information is:
- 14 (1) requested by a person who owns property that is the
- 15 subject of a proposed or existing eminent domain proceeding; and
- 16 (2) [, but only if the information is] related to the
- 17 taking of the person's private property by the entity through the
- 18 use of eminent domain.
- 19 (e) Jurisdiction to enforce the provisions of this section
- 20 resides in:
- 21 (1) the court in which the condemnation was initiated;
- 22 or
- 23 (2) if the condemnation proceeding has not been
- 24 initiated:
- 25 (A) a court that would have jurisdiction over a
- 26 proceeding to condemn the requestor's property; or
- 27 (B) a court with eminent domain jurisdiction in

- H.B. No. 1483
- 1 the county in which the entity has its principal place of business
- 2 [that has jurisdiction over condemnation proceedings under this
- 3 chapter].
- 4 SECTION 7. Section 21.041, Property Code, is amended to
- 5 read as follows:
- 6 Sec. 21.041. EVIDENCE. (a) For the purposes of this
- 7 section, market value is the price a property will bring when
- 8 offered for sale by a person who desires to sell the property, but
- 9 is not obliged to sell the property, and is bought by a person who
- 10 desires to buy the property, but is not under a necessity to buy the
- 11 property.
- 12 (b) As the basis for assessing actual damages to a property
- 13 owner from a condemnation, the special commissioners shall, subject
- 14 to the Texas Rules of Evidence, admit evidence on:
- 15 (1) the <u>market</u> value, before the condemnation, of the
- 16 property being condemned;
- 17 (2) subject to Section 21.042, the net change to the
- 18 market value of [the injury to the property owner;
- 19 [<del>(3) the benefit to</del>] the property owner's remaining
- 20 property, considering both injury and benefit to the property
- 21 <u>owner</u>; and
- (3)  $[\frac{(4)}{(4)}]$  the use of the property for the purpose of
- 23 the condemnation.
- SECTION 8. Section 21.042(e), Property Code, is amended to
- 25 read as follows:
- 26 (e) If a portion of a tract or parcel of real property is
- 27 condemned for the use, construction, operation, or maintenance of

- 1 the state highway system or of a county toll project described by Chapter 284, Transportation Code, that is eligible for designation 2 3 as part of the state highway system, the special commissioners shall consider any diminished access to the highway and to or from 4 the remaining property to the extent that it affects the present 5 market value of the real property, including any factors considered 6 when determining actual fair market value of property for ad 7 8 valorem tax purposes [or for the use, construction, development, operation, or maintenance of an improvement or project by a 9 10 metropolitan rapid transit authority created before January 1, 1980, with a principal municipality having a population of less 11 12 than 1.9 million and established under Chapter 451, Transportation Code, the special commissioners shall determine the damage to the 13 property owner regardless of whether the property owner makes a 14 15 claim for damages to the remaining property. In awarding compensation or assessing the damages, the special commissioners 16 17 shall consider any special and direct benefits that arise from the highway improvement or the transit authority improvement or project 18 19 that are peculiar to the property owner and that relate to the 20 property owner's ownership, use, or enjoyment of the particular parcel of remaining real property]. 21
- 22 SECTION 9. Sections 21.046(a) and (b), Property Code, are 23 amended to read as follows:
- (a) A department, agency, instrumentality, or political subdivision of this state <u>shall</u> [may] provide a relocation advisory service for an individual, a family, a business concern, a farming or ranching operation, or a nonprofit organization that [if the

- 1 service] is compatible with the Federal Uniform Relocation
- 2 Assistance Advisory Program, 42 U.S.C.A. 4601 [23 U.S.C.A. 501], et
- 3 seq.
- 4 (b) This state or a political subdivision of this state
- 5 shall [may], as a cost of acquiring real property, pay moving
- 6 expenses and rental supplements, make relocation payments, provide
- 7 financial assistance to acquire replacement housing, and
- 8 compensate for expenses incidental to the transfer of the property
- 9 if an individual, a family, the personal property of a business, a
- 10 farming or ranching operation, or a nonprofit organization is
- 11 displaced in connection with the acquisition.
- 12 SECTION 10. The heading to Section 21.047, Property Code,
- 13 is amended to read as follows:
- 14 Sec. 21.047. ASSESSMENT OF COSTS AND FEES.
- SECTION 11. Section 21.047, Property Code, is amended by
- 16 adding Subsection (d) to read as follows:
- 17 (d) If a court hearing a suit under this chapter determines
- 18 that a condemning entity did not make a bona fide offer to acquire
- 19 the property from the property owner voluntarily as required by
- 20 Section 21.0113, the court shall abate the suit and order the
- 21 <u>condemnor to make a bona fide offer. If the court finds that by</u>
- 22 <u>filing a petition under Section 21.012 or by filing any other motion</u>
- 23 or pleading in the proceeding initiated by the filing of that
- 24 petition the condemnor violated Chapter 10, Civil Practice and
- 25 Remedies Code, the court shall order the condemnor to pay:
- 26 (1) all costs as provided by Subsection (a); and
- 27 (2) any reasonable attorney's fees incurred by the

- 1 owner that are directly related to the violation.
- 2 SECTION 12. Section 21.101(a), Property Code, is amended to
- 3 read as follows:
- 4 (a) Except as provided in Subsection (b), this subchapter
- 5 applies only to a real property interest acquired by a governmental
- 6 entity through eminent domain for a public use, other than a real
- 7 property interest acquired by a port for deep water navigation. A
- 8 person from whom the property interest is acquired or that person's
- 9 heirs, successors, or assigns are entitled to repurchase the
- 10 property as provided by this subchapter if that public use was
- 11 canceled before the 10th anniversary of the date of acquisition or
- 12 the governmental entity fails to begin the operation or
- 13 construction of the project for which the property was acquired
- 14 before the 10th anniversary of that date.
- 15 SECTION 13. Section 21.102, Property Code, is amended to
- 16 read as follows:
- 17 Sec. 21.102. NOTICE TO PREVIOUS PROPERTY OWNER AT TIME OF
- 18 CANCELLATION OF PUBLIC USE OR ON FAILURE TO BEGIN OPERATION OR
- 19 CONSTRUCTION OF PROJECT. Not later than the 180th day after the
- 20 date of the cancellation of the public use for which real property
- 21 was acquired through eminent domain from a property owner under
- 22 Subchapter B or the 180th day after the 10th anniversary of the date
- 23 on which the property was acquired if the governmental entity fails
- 24 to begin the operation or construction of the project for which the
- 25 property was acquired before the 10th anniversary of that date, the
- 26 governmental entity shall send by certified mail, return receipt
- 27 requested, to the property owner or the owner's heirs, successors,

- 1 or assigns a notice containing:
- 2 (1) an identification, which is not required to be a
- 3 legal description, of the property that was acquired;
- 4 (2) an identification of the public use for which the
- 5 property had been acquired and a statement that the public use has
- 6 been canceled or the governmental entity has failed to begin the
- 7 operation or construction of the project for which the property was
- 8 acquired; and
- 9 (3) a description of the person's right under this
- 10 subchapter to repurchase the property.
- 11 SECTION 14. Section 21.103(b), Property Code, is amended to
- 12 read as follows:
- 13 (b) As soon as practicable after receipt of a [the]
- 14 notification under Subsection (a), the governmental entity shall
- 15 offer to sell the property interest to the person for the price paid
- 16 to the owner by the governmental entity at the time the governmental
- 17 entity acquired the property through eminent domain [fair market
- 18 value of the property at the time the public use was canceled]. The
- 19 person's right to repurchase the property expires on the 90th day
- 20 after the date on which the governmental entity makes the offer.
- 21 SECTION 15. Subchapter B, Chapter 111, Natural Resources
- 22 Code, is amended by adding Section 111.0195 to read as follows:
- Sec. 111.0195. RIGHT OF EMINENT DOMAIN: ADDITIONAL
- 24 PROCEDURES. (a) This section applies only to a condemnation
- 25 proceeding initiated by a common carrier, as that term is defined by
- 26 Section 111.002.
- 27 (b) On or before the date a common carrier that intends to

- 1 exercise the power of eminent domain files a condemnation petition,
- 2 the common carrier must serve the owner of the property to be
- 3 acquired with <a href="notice">notice</a> that the common carrier intends to initiate
- 4 condemnation proceedings.
- 5 (c) The special commissioners in an eminent domain
- 6 proceeding to which this section applies:
- 7 (1) may not schedule a hearing to assess damages
- 8 before the 30th day after the date of the special commissioners'
- 9 appointment; and
- 10 (2) must serve a property owner with notice informing
- 11 the property owner of the time and place of the hearing not later
- 12 than the 21st day before the date set for the hearing.
- 13 (d) A court that has jurisdiction over a condemnation
- 14 proceeding may appoint a replacement special commissioner if:
- 15 (1) the property owner or the common carrier objects
- 16 to the appointment of a special commissioner by filing a written
- 17 statement of the person's objections on the grounds of:
- 18 (A) a conflict of interest; or
- 19 (B) other good cause; and
- 20 (2) the court determines in a hearing that good cause
- 21 <u>is shown.</u>
- (e) The special commissioners may delay scheduling a
- 23 hearing for a reasonable period if, by motion to the court that has
- 24 jurisdiction over the condemnation proceeding, the property owner
- 25 requests and is granted a delay by the court for good cause shown.
- 26 (f) A notice to a property owner under this section must be
- 27 served by:

- 1 <u>(1) regular mail; and</u>
- 2 (2) certified mail, return receipt requested.
- 3 (g) A common carrier has the burden of proof to establish
- 4 that notice was provided as required by Subsection (b).
- 5 SECTION 16. Subchapter G, Chapter 13, Water Code, is
- 6 amended by adding Section 13.258 to read as follows:
- 7 Sec. 13.258. EMINENT DOMAIN. (a) A water and sewer utility
- 8 that is operating in accordance with its certificate of convenience
- 9 and necessity may acquire by condemnation only easements or lesser
- 10 property interests reasonably necessary to comply with federal and
- 11 state regulations relating to sanitation.
- 12 (b) The water and sewer utility shall exercise the power of
- 13 eminent domain in the manner provided by Chapter 21, Property Code.
- 14 (c) The water and sewer utility may not exercise the power
- of eminent domain to condemn land to acquire rights to underground
- 16 water or for water or water rights.
- 17 (d) A water and sewer utility may not exercise the power of
- 18 eminent domain in a municipality with a population of more than 1.7
- 19 million or in the municipality's extraterritorial jurisdiction to
- 20 condemn land in which the municipality owns a fee, easement, or
- 21 lesser property interest.
- SECTION 17. Subchapter D, Chapter 101, Government Code, is
- 23 amended by adding Section 101.06161 to read as follows:
- Sec. 101.06161. DISTRICT COURT FEES AND COSTS: PROPERTY
- 25 CODE. The clerk of a district court shall collect the following
- 26 fees and costs under the Property Code:
- 27 (1) court costs for each special commissioner in an

- H.B. No. 1483
- 1 eminent domain proceeding (Sec. 21.047, Property Code) . . . as
- 2 taxed by the court, \$10 or more; and
- 3 (2) court costs and attorney's fees in an eminent
- 4 domain proceeding (Sec. 21.047, Property Code) . . . as taxed by
- 5 the court and as reasonable, respectively.
- 6 SECTION 18. Section 101.0816, Government Code, is amended
- 7 to read as follows:
- 8 Sec. 101.0816. STATUTORY COUNTY COURT FEES AND COSTS:
- 9 PROPERTY CODE. The clerk of a statutory county court shall collect
- 10 fees and costs under the Property Code as follows:
- 11 (1) court costs [a court cost in the amount of \$10 or
- 12 more, as taxed by the court under Section 21.047, Property Code,
- 13 for each special commissioner in an eminent domain proceeding (Sec.
- 14 21.047, Property Code) . . . as taxed by the court, \$10 or more; and
- 15 (2) court costs and attorney's fees in an eminent
- 16 domain proceeding (Sec. 21.047, Property Code) . . . as taxed by
- 17 the court and as reasonable, respectively.
- 18 SECTION 19. Subchapter G, Chapter 101, Government Code, is
- 19 amended by adding Section 101.12151 to read as follows:
- Sec. 101.12151. COUNTY COURT FEES AND COSTS: PROPERTY CODE.
- 21 The clerk of a county court shall collect the following fees and
- 22 <u>costs under the Property Code:</u>
- 23 (1) court costs for each special commissioner in an
- 24 eminent domain proceeding (Sec. 21.047, Property Code) . . . as
- 25 taxed by the court, \$10 or more; and
- 26 (2) court costs and attorney's fees in an eminent
- 27 domain proceeding (Sec. 21.047, Property Code) . . . as taxed by

- 1 the court and as reasonable, respectively.
- 2 SECTION 20. (a) Section 21.024(i), Property Code, is
- 3 repealed.
- 4 (b) Section 552.0037, Government Code, is repealed.
- 5 SECTION 21. Not later than January 1, 2011, the comptroller
- 6 shall:
- 7 (1) identify all public and private entities with
- 8 eminent domain authority; and
- 9 (2) make recommendations to the legislature and the
- 10 governor regarding:
- 11 (A) which entities have, need, or should have
- 12 eminent domain authority;
- 13 (B) whether that eminent domain authority of
- 14 those entities should be continued, expanded, or limited; and
- 15 (C) the cause and effect of continuing,
- 16 eliminating, expanding, or limiting the eminent domain authority of
- 17 those entities.
- 18 SECTION 22. The changes in law made by Chapter 2206,
- 19 Government Code, and Chapter 21, Property Code, as amended by this
- 20 Act, and Section 111.0195, Natural Resources Code, and Section
- 21 13.258, Water Code, as added by this Act, apply only to a
- 22 condemnation proceeding in which the petition is filed on or after
- 23 the effective date of this Act and to any property condemned through
- 24 the proceeding. A condemnation proceeding in which the petition is
- 25 filed before the effective date of this Act and any property
- 26 condemned through the proceeding is governed by the law in effect
- 27 immediately before that date, and that law is continued in effect

- 1 for that purpose.
- 2 SECTION 23. This Act takes effect September 1, 2009.