By: Pena H.B. No. 1618

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1	AN ACT
2	relating to the civil and criminal prosecution of racketeering;
3	providing penalties.
4	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
5	SECTION 1. Title 6, Civil Practice and Remedies Code, is
6	amended by adding Chapter 140 to read as follows:
7	CHAPTER 140. CIVIL RACKETEERING
8	Sec. 140.001. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter:
9	(1) "Acquire" means an act:
10	(A) to possess property;
11	(B) to prevent another person from using that
12	person's property or to dictate the terms of use of the property;
13	(C) to bring about or receive the transfer of any
14	interest in property, whether to oneself or to another person; or
15	(D) to secure performance of a service.
16	(2) "Enterprise" means a corporation, partnership,
17	association, labor union, or other legal entity, or any group of
18	persons associated in fact although not a legal entity.
19	(3) "Gain" means a benefit, an interest, or property
20	of any kind, without reduction for expenses incurred in acquiring
21	or maintaining the benefit, interest, or property or incurred for
22	any other reason.
23	(4) "Proceeds" means an interest in property of any
24	kind acquired or derived from, produced or realized through, or

- 1 caused by, directly or indirectly, an act or omission, and any
- 2 fruits of the interest, in whatever form.
- 3 (5) "Racketeering" or "racketeering offense" means an
- 4 <u>act described by Section 140.002.</u>
- 5 Sec. 140.002. CIVIL RACKETEERING. A person or enterprise
- 6 commits racketeering if, for financial gain, the person or
- 7 enterprise commits an offense described in the following list,
- 8 <u>including any preparatory or completed offense</u>, that is chargeable
- 9 or indictable under the laws of this state or another state, federal
- 10 law, the laws of a foreign country, or the Uniform Code of Military
- 11 Justice and that is punishable by imprisonment for more than one
- 12 year under the jurisdiction in which the violation occurred:
- 13 (1) criminal homicide as described by Chapter 19,
- 14 Penal Code;
- 15 (2) kidnapping or unlawful restraint as described by
- 16 Chapter 20, Penal Code;
- 17 (3) trafficking of persons as described by Chapter
- 18 <u>20A</u>, <u>Penal Code</u>;
- 19 (4) a sexual offense as described by Chapter 21, Penal
- 20 Code;
- 21 (5) an assaultive offense as described by Chapter 22,
- 22 Penal Code;
- 23 (6) arson, criminal mischief, or other property damage
- 24 or destruction as described by Chapter 28, Penal Code;
- 25 (7) robbery as described by Chapter 29, Penal Code;
- 26 (8) theft as described by Chapter 31, Penal Code;
- 27 (9) fraud as described by Chapter 32, Penal Code;

- 1 (10) a computer crime as described by Chapter 33,
- 2 Penal Code;
- 3 (11) money laundering as described by Chapter 34,
- 4 Penal Code;
- 5 (12) bribery and corrupt influence as described by
- 6 Chapter 36, Penal Code;
- 7 (13) prostitution or obscenity as described by Chapter
- 8 43, Penal Code;
- 9 <u>(14) trafficking of explosive weapons, firearms, or</u>
- 10 components of explosives as described by Chapter 46, Penal Code;
- 11 (15) gambling as described by Chapter 47, Penal Code;
- 12 (16) engaging in organized criminal activity as
- 13 described by Section 71.02, Penal Code;
- 14 (17) manufacture or delivery of a controlled substance
- 15 or dangerous drug as described by Chapter 481 or 483, Health and
- 16 <u>Safety Code; and</u>
- 17 (18) intentional or reckless fraud in the purchase or
- 18 sale of securities as described by The Securities Act (Article
- 19 581-1 et seq., Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes).
- Sec. 140.003. SUIT TO ABATE RACKETEERING. (a) The
- 21 attorney general may bring suit in the name of the state against any
- 22 person or enterprise for racketeering under this chapter and may
- 23 seek to recover civil penalties, costs of suit, including
- 24 reasonable attorney's fees, and any appropriate injunctive relief.
- 25 (b) This chapter does not authorize suit by a person or
- 26 enterprise that sustains injury as a result of racketeering.
- 27 (c) A suit under this chapter must be brought in a district

- 1 court in a county in which all or part of the alleged racketeering
- 2 offense giving rise to the suit occurred, or in a district court in
- 3 Travis County.
- 4 Sec. 140.004. ACTION IN REM. (a) In addition to bringing
- 5 suit against a person or enterprise under Section 140.003, the
- 6 attorney general may pursue an in rem action under Chapter 59, Code
- 7 of Criminal Procedure, for forfeiture of:
- 8 (1) any property or interest in property acquired or
- 9 maintained by the person or enterprise in violation of Chapter 34A,
- 10 Penal Code, or Section 71.02(a)(14), Penal Code;
- 11 (2) any interest, security, claim, or any other form
- 12 of property, office, title, license, or contractual right that
- 13 affords a source of influence over any enterprise that conducted or
- 14 participated in conduct in violation of Chapter 34A, Penal Code, or
- 15 Section 71.02(a)(14), Penal Code; and
- 16 (3) all proceeds traceable to a racketeering offense
- 17 and all money, negotiable instruments, securities, and other
- 18 property used or intended to be used in any manner, or in any part,
- 19 to facilitate the commission of the offense.
- 20 (b) An in rem forfeiture action under this chapter must be
- 21 brought in a district court in a county in which all or part of the
- 22 alleged racketeering offense giving rise to the action occurred, or
- 23 <u>in a district court in Travis County</u>. This provision supersedes any
- 24 conflicting venue provision, including venue provisions under
- 25 Chapter 59, Code of Criminal Procedure.
- Sec. 140.005. INJUNCTIVE RELIEF; OTHER REMEDIES. (a) A
- 27 court in which a proceeding is brought under this chapter may

- 1 prevent, restrain, and remedy racketeering by issuing appropriate
- 2 orders. The orders may include, but are not limited to, a temporary
- 3 restraining order, a temporary or permanent injunction, the
- 4 requirement of a satisfactory performance bond, the creation of a
- 5 receivership, and the enforcement of a constructive trust in
- 6 connection with any property or other interest, including property
- 7 or interest subject to seizure and forfeiture under Chapter 59,
- 8 Code of Criminal Procedure, or other remedies or restraints the
- 9 court considers proper.
- 10 (b) Following a final determination of liability under this
- 11 chapter, the court may issue an order that includes, but is not
- 12 limited to:
- 13 (1) requiring any person to divest any interest,
- 14 <u>direct or indirect, in any enterprise;</u>
- 15 (2) imposing reasonable restrictions on the future
- 16 activities or investments of any person that affect the laws of this
- 17 state, including prohibiting any person from engaging in the type
- 18 of endeavor or enterprise that gave rise to the racketeering
- 19 offense, to the extent the constitutions of the United States and
- 20 this state permit;
- 21 (3) requiring the dissolution or reorganization of any
- 22 enterprise involved in the suit;
- 23 <u>(4) ordering the recovery</u> of reasonable fees,
- 24 expenses, and costs incurred in obtaining injunctive relief or
- 25 civil remedies or in conducting investigations under this chapter,
- 26 <u>including court costs</u>, attorney's fees, witness fees, and
- 27 deposition fees;

1	(5) ordering payment to the general revenue fund of
2	the state treasury of an amount equal to:
3	(A) the gain acquired or maintained through
4	racketeering; or
5	(B) the amount for which any person is liable
6	under this chapter;
7	(6) ordering payment to the state of a civil penalty by
8	a person or enterprise found liable for racketeering, in an amount
9	not to exceed \$250,000 for each separately alleged and proven
10	racketeering act; and
11	(7) ordering payment of damages to the state for
12	racketeering shown to have materially damaged the state.
13	(c) In determining the amount of a civil penalty ordered
14	under Subsection (b)(6), the court shall consider:
15	(1) the seriousness of the racketeering offense and
16	the consequent harm, financial or personal, to the state and to any
17	identified victim or victims; and
18	(2) the duration of the racketeering activity.
19	(d) In determining the amount of damages ordered under
20	Subsection (b)(7), the court shall consider:
21	(1) loss of tax revenue to the state;
22	(2) unpaid state unemployment taxes;
23	(3) unpaid state licensing and regulatory fees;
24	(4) medical and counseling costs incurred by the state
25	on behalf of any victim of the racketeering; and
26	(5) any other material damage caused to the state by
27	the racketeering.

- 1 (e) Remedies and awards ordered by a court under this
- 2 chapter, including costs and reasonable attorney's fees, may be
- 3 assessed against and paid from money or property awarded under a
- 4 forfeiture action under Chapter 59, Code of Criminal Procedure, or
- 5 against property alleged to have been contraband, as defined by
- 6 Article 59.01, Code of Criminal Procedure, from the underlying
- 7 activity.
- 8 (f) This chapter is not intended to provide the exclusive
- 9 remedy for unlawful activity addressed by this chapter. A
- 10 proceeding under this chapter may be in addition to or in the
- 11 <u>alternative of any other action, civil or criminal, available under</u>
- 12 the laws of this state.
- 13 Sec. 140.006. CONSTRUCTIVE TRUST. (a) A person or
- 14 enterprise that, through racketeering, acquires any property or
- 15 prevents another person from receiving property that by law is
- 16 required to be transferred or paid to that person is an involuntary
- 17 trustee. An involuntary trustee or any other person or enterprise,
- 18 except a bona fide purchaser for value as described under
- 19 Subsection (b), holds the property and its proceeds in constructive
- 20 trust for the benefit of persons entitled to remedies under this
- 21 chapter.
- 22 <u>(b) A bona fide purchaser for value who was reasonably</u>
- 23 without notice of unlawful conduct and who did not knowingly take
- 24 part in an illegal transaction is not an involuntary trustee under
- 25 Subsection (a) and is not subject to a constructive trust imposed
- 26 under this chapter.
- Sec. 140.007. EVIDENCE. (a) In a proceeding under this

- 1 chapter, the state bears the burden of proof by a preponderance of
- 2 the evidence.
- 3 (b) A person convicted in a criminal proceeding is
- 4 precluded, in a proceeding under this chapter, from subsequently
- 5 denying the essential allegations of the criminal offense of which
- 6 the person was convicted. For purposes of this subsection, a
- 7 verdict or a plea, including a no contest plea, is considered a
- 8 conviction.
- 9 (c) An individual may not be held liable in damages or for
- 10 other relief under this chapter based on the conduct of another
- 11 unless the finder of fact, by a preponderance of the evidence, finds
- 12 that the individual authorized, requested, commanded, participated
- 13 in, ratified, or recklessly tolerated the unlawful conduct of the
- 14 other.
- 15 (d) An enterprise may not be held liable in damages or for
- 16 other relief under this chapter based on the conduct of an agent
- 17 unless the finder of fact, by a preponderance of the evidence, finds
- 18 that a director or high managerial agent performed, authorized,
- 19 requested, commanded, participated in, ratified, or recklessly
- 20 tolerated the unlawful conduct of the agent.
- (e) A bank or savings and loan association insured by the
- 22 Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or a credit union insured by
- 23 the National Credit Union Administration may not be held liable in
- 24 damages or for other relief under this chapter for conduct
- 25 proscribed by Chapter 34, Penal Code, based on acquiring or
- 26 maintaining an interest in or transporting, transacting,
- 27 transferring, or receiving funds belonging to a person other than

- 1 the person presenting the funds, unless the finder of fact, by a
- 2 preponderance of the evidence, finds that the person or agent
- 3 acquiring or maintaining an interest in or transporting,
- 4 transacting, transferring, or receiving the funds on behalf of
- 5 another did so knowing that the funds were the proceeds of an
- 6 offense and that a director or high managerial agent performed,
- 7 authorized, requested, commanded, participated in, ratified, or
- 8 recklessly tolerated the unlawful conduct of the person.
- 9 Sec. 140.008. LIMITATIONS PERIOD. No proceeding may be
- 10 commenced under this chapter unless the proceeding is filed not
- 11 later than seven years after actual discovery of the racketeering
- 12 offense. This provision supersedes any conflicting limitations
- 13 provision creating a shorter period.
- 14 Sec. 140.009. SPECIAL DOCKETING PROCEDURES. The attorney
- 15 general may file with the clerk of the district court in which a
- 16 proceeding is brought under this chapter a certificate stating that
- 17 the case is of special public importance. The clerk must
- 18 immediately furnish a copy of the certificate to the administrative
- 19 judge of the district court of the county in which the proceeding is
- 20 pending. On receiving the copy of the certificate, the
- 21 administrative judge shall immediately designate a judge to hear
- 22 and determine the proceeding. The designated judge shall promptly
- 23 assign the proceeding for hearing, participate in hearings, make
- 24 determinations, and cause the action to be expedited.
- 25 SECTION 2. Title 7, Penal Code, is amended by adding Chapter
- 26 34A to read as follows:

- 1 CHAPTER 34A. RACKETEERING
- 2 Sec. 34A.001. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter, "enterprise"
- 3 and "racketeering" have the meanings assigned by Section 140.001,
- 4 Civil Practice and Remedies Code.
- 5 Sec. 34A.002. ILLEGAL CONTROL OR CONDUCT OF ENTERPRISE.
- 6 (a) A person commits an offense if the person knowingly:
- 7 (1) through racketeering or its proceeds, acquires or
- 8 maintains, by investment or otherwise, control of an enterprise;
- 9 (2) is employed by or associated with an enterprise
- 10 and conducts any of the enterprise's affairs through racketeering;
- 11 (3) participates directly or indirectly in the conduct
- of an enterprise that the person knows is being conducted, wholly or
- 13 partially, through racketeering; or
- 14 (4) hires, engages, or uses a minor for any conduct
- 15 preparatory to or in completion of an offense under Subdivision
- 16 <u>(1)</u>, (2), or (3).
- (b) An offense under Subsection (a)(1), (2), or (3) is a
- 18 felony of the third degree. An offense under Subsection (a)(4) is a
- 19 felony of the second degree.
- SECTION 3. Subsection (a), Section 71.02, Penal Code, is
- 21 amended to read as follows:
- 22 (a) A person commits an offense if, with the intent to
- 23 establish, maintain, or participate in a combination or in the
- 24 profits of a combination or as a member of a criminal street gang,
- 25 the person [he] commits or conspires to commit one or more of the
- 26 following:
- 27 (1) murder, capital murder, arson, aggravated

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- 1 robbery, robbery, burglary, theft, aggravated kidnapping,
- 2 kidnapping, aggravated assault, aggravated sexual assault, sexual
- 3 assault, forgery, deadly conduct, assault punishable as a Class A
- 4 misdemeanor, burglary of a motor vehicle, or unauthorized use of a
- 5 motor vehicle;
- 6 (2) any gambling offense punishable as a Class A
- 7 misdemeanor;
- 8 (3) promotion of prostitution, aggravated promotion
- 9 of prostitution, or compelling prostitution;
- 10 (4) unlawful manufacture, transportation, repair, or
- 11 sale of firearms or prohibited weapons;
- 12 (5) unlawful manufacture, delivery, dispensation, or
- 13 distribution of a controlled substance or dangerous drug, or
- 14 unlawful possession of a controlled substance or dangerous drug
- 15 through forgery, fraud, misrepresentation, or deception;
- 16 (6) any unlawful wholesale promotion or possession of
- 17 any obscene material or obscene device with the intent to wholesale
- 18 promote the same;
- 19 (7) any offense under Subchapter B, Chapter 43,
- 20 depicting or involving conduct by or directed toward a child
- 21 younger than 18 years of age;
- 22 (8) any felony offense under Chapter 32;
- 23 (9) any offense under Chapter 36;
- 24 (10) any offense under Chapter 34 or 35;
- 25 (11) any offense under Section 37.11(a);
- 26 (12) any offense under Chapter 20A; [or]
- 27 (13) any offense under Section 37.10; or

- 1 (14) any offense under Chapter 34A.
- 2 SECTION 4. Subdivision (1), Article 59.01, Code of Criminal
- 3 Procedure, is amended to read as follows:
- 4 (1) "Attorney representing the state" means the
- 5 prosecutor with felony jurisdiction in the county in which a
- 6 forfeiture proceeding is held under this chapter or, in a
- 7 proceeding for forfeiture of contraband as defined under
- 8 Subdivision (2)(B)(v) of this article, the city attorney of a
- 9 municipality if the property is seized in that municipality by a
- 10 peace officer employed by that municipality and the governing body
- 11 of the municipality has approved procedures for the city attorney
- 12 acting in a forfeiture proceeding. In a proceeding for forfeiture
- 13 of contraband as defined under Subdivision (2)(B)(vii) of this
- 14 article, the term includes the attorney general. In a proceeding
- 15 <u>for forfeiture of contraband as defined under Subdivision (2)(A)(v)</u>
- or (vi) of this article, the term includes the attorney general if a
- 17 suit to abate racketeering has been instituted and maintained under
- 18 Chapter 140, Civil Practice and Remedies Code.
- 19 SECTION 5. Subdivision (2), Article 59.01, Code of Criminal
- 20 Procedure, as effective April 1, 2009, is amended to read as
- 21 follows:
- 22 (2) "Contraband" means property of any nature,
- 23 including real, personal, tangible, or intangible, that is:
- 24 (A) used in the commission of:
- 25 (i) any first or second degree felony under
- 26 the Penal Code;
- (ii) any felony under Section 15.031(b),

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- 1 20.05, 21.11, 38.04, Subchapter B of Chapter 43, or Chapter 29, 30,
- 2 31, 32, 33, 33A, or 35, Penal Code;
- 3 (iii) any felony under The Securities Act
- 4 (Article 581-1 et seq., Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes); [or]
- 5 (iv) any offense under Chapter 49, Penal
- 6 Code, that is punishable as a felony of the third degree or state
- 7 jail felony, if the defendant has been previously convicted three
- 8 times of an offense under that chapter;
- 9 <u>(v) any unlawful activity that constitutes</u>
- 10 racketeering under Chapter 140, Civil Practice and Remedies Code;
- 11 <u>or</u>
- (vi) any felony under Chapter 34A, Penal
- 13 Code;
- 14 (B) used or intended to be used in the commission
- 15 of:
- 16 (i) any felony under Chapter 481, Health
- 17 and Safety Code (Texas Controlled Substances Act);
- 18 (ii) any felony under Chapter 483, Health
- 19 and Safety Code;
- 20 (iii) a felony under Chapter 153, Finance
- 21 Code;
- 22 (iv) any felony under Chapter 34, Penal
- 23 Code;
- 24 (v) a Class A misdemeanor under Subchapter
- 25 B, Chapter 365, Health and Safety Code, if the defendant has been
- 26 previously convicted twice of an offense under that subchapter;
- 27 (vi) any felony under Chapter 152, Finance

- 1 Code;
- 2 (vii) any felony under Chapter 32, Human
- 3 Resources Code, or Chapter 31, 32, 35A, or 37, Penal Code, that
- 4 involves the state Medicaid program;
- 5 (viii) a Class B misdemeanor under Chapter
- 6 522, Business & Commerce Code; or
- 7 (ix) a Class A misdemeanor under Section
- 8 35.153, Business & Commerce Code;
- 9 (C) the proceeds gained from the commission of a
- 10 felony listed in Paragraph (A) or (B) of this subdivision, a
- 11 misdemeanor listed in Paragraph (B)(viii) of this subdivision, or a
- 12 crime of violence;
- 13 (D) acquired with proceeds gained from the
- 14 commission of a felony listed in Paragraph (A) or (B) of this
- 15 subdivision, a misdemeanor listed in Paragraph (B)(viii) of this
- 16 subdivision, or a crime of violence; or
- 17 (E) used to facilitate or intended to be used to
- 18 facilitate the commission of a felony under Section 15.031 or
- 19 43.25, Penal Code.
- 20 SECTION 6. (a) The changes in law made by Chapter 140,
- 21 Civil Practice and Remedies Code, and Chapter 34A, Penal Code, as
- 22 added by this Act, and by Subsection (a), Section 71.02, Penal Code,
- 23 and Subdivisions (1) and (2), Article 59.01, Code of Criminal
- 24 Procedure, as amended by this Act, apply only to an offense
- 25 committed on or after the effective date of this Act. For purposes
- 26 of this section, an offense was committed before the effective date
- 27 of this Act if any element of the offense occurred before that date.

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- 1 (b) An offense committed before the effective date of this
- 2 Act is covered by the law in effect when the offense was committed,
- 3 and the former law is continued in effect for that purpose.
- 4 SECTION 7. This Act takes effect immediately if it receives
- 5 a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as
- 6 provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If this
- 7 Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate effect, this
- 8 Act takes effect September 1, 2009.