Τ	AN ACT
2	relating to the adoption of a nonsubstantive revision of provisions
3	of the Texas Probate Code relating to decedents' estates and the
4	redesignation of certain other provisions of the Texas Probate
5	Code, including conforming amendments and repeals.
6	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
7	SECTION 1. ESTATES CODE. The Estates Code is adopted to
8	read as follows:
9	ESTATES CODE
10	TITLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS
11	CHAPTER 21. PURPOSE AND CONSTRUCTION
12	CHAPTER 22. DEFINITIONS
13	[Chapters 23-30 reserved for expansion]
14	TITLE 2. ESTATES OF DECEDENTS
15	SUBTITLE A. SCOPE, JURISDICTION, AND COURTS
16	[Chapters 31-50 reserved for expansion]
17	SUBTITLE B. PROCEDURAL MATTERS
18	CHAPTER 51. NOTICES AND PROCESS IN PROBATE PROCEEDINGS
19	IN GENERAL
20	CHAPTER 52. FILING AND RECORDKEEPING
21	CHAPTER 53. OTHER COURT DUTIES AND PROCEDURES
22	CHAPTER 54. PLEADINGS AND EVIDENCE IN GENERAL
23	CHAPTER 55. COMPLAINTS AND CONTESTS

- CHAPTER 56. CHANGE AND RESIGNATION OF RESIDENT AGENT OF PERSONAL 1 REPRESENTATIVE FOR SERVICE OF PROCESS 2 3 [Chapters 57-100 reserved for expansion] SUBTITLE C. PASSAGE OF TITLE AND DISTRIBUTION OF DECEDENTS' PROPERTY IN GENERAL 5 6 CHAPTER 101. ESTATE ASSETS IN GENERAL CHAPTER 102. PROBATE ASSETS: DECEDENT'S HOMESTEAD 7 8 [Chapters 103-110 reserved for expansion] CHAPTER 111. NONPROBATE ASSETS IN GENERAL CHAPTER 112. COMMUNITY PROPERTY WITH RIGHT OF SURVIVORSHIP 10 11 CHAPTER 113. MULTIPLE-PARTY ACCOUNTS 12 [Chapters 114-120 reserved for expansion] CHAPTER 121. SURVIVAL REQUIREMENTS 13 CHAPTER 122. DISCLAIMERS AND ASSIGNMENTS 14 15 CHAPTER 123. DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE 16 CHAPTER 124. VALUATION AND TAXATION OF ESTATE PROPERTY 17 [Chapters 125-150 reserved for expansion] SUBTITLE D. PROCEEDINGS BEFORE ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATE 18 CHAPTER 151. EXAMINATION OF DOCUMENTS AND SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES 19 CHAPTER 152. EMERGENCY INTERVENTION 20 21 [Chapters 153-200 reserved for expansion] 22 SUBTITLE E. INTESTATE SUCCESSION CHAPTER 201. DESCENT AND DISTRIBUTION 23 24 CHAPTER 202. DETERMINATION OF HEIRSHIP 25 CHAPTER 203. NONJUDICIAL EVIDENCE OF HEIRSHIP CHAPTER 204. GENETIC TESTING IN PROCEEDINGS TO DECLARE HEIRSHIP 26
 - 2

CHAPTER 205. SMALL ESTATE AFFIDAVIT

27

1	[Chapters 206-250 reserved for expansion]
2	SUBTITLE F. WILLS
3	CHAPTER 251. FUNDAMENTAL REQUIREMENTS AND PROVISIONS
4	RELATING TO WILLS
5	CHAPTER 252. SAFEKEEPING AND CUSTODY OF WILLS
6	CHAPTER 253. CHANGE AND REVOCATION OF WILLS
7	CHAPTER 254. VALIDITY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS IN, AND CONTRACTS
8	RELATING TO, WILLS
9	CHAPTER 255. CONSTRUCTION AND INTERPRETATION OF WILLS
10	CHAPTER 256. PROBATE OF WILLS GENERALLY
11	CHAPTER 257. PROBATE OF WILL AS MUNIMENT OF TITLE
12	CHAPTER 258. CITATIONS AND NOTICES RELATING TO PROBATE OF WILL
13	[Chapters 259-300 reserved for expansion]
14	SUBTITLE G. INITIAL APPOINTMENT OF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE
15	AND OPENING OF ADMINISTRATION
16	CHAPTER 301. APPLICATION FOR LETTERS TESTAMENTARY
17	OR OF ADMINISTRATION
18	[Chapter 302 reserved for expansion]
19	CHAPTER 303. CITATIONS AND NOTICES IN GENERAL ON OPENING
20	OF ADMINISTRATION
21	CHAPTER 304. PERSONS WHO MAY SERVE AS PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVES
22	CHAPTER 305. QUALIFICATION OF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVES
23	CHAPTER 306. GRANTING AND ISSUANCE OF LETTERS
24	CHAPTER 307. VALIDITY OF CERTAIN ACTS OF EXECUTORS AND
25	ADMINISTRATORS
26	CHAPTER 308. NOTICE TO BENEFICIARIES AND CLAIMANTS
27	CHAPTER 309. INVENTORY, APPRAISEMENT, AND LIST OF CLAIMS

1	CHAPTER 310. ALLOCATION OF ESTATE INCOME AND EXPENSES
2	[Chapters 311-350 reserved for expansion]
3	SUBTITLE H. CONTINUATION OF ADMINISTRATION
4	CHAPTER 351. POWERS AND DUTIES OF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVES
5	IN GENERAL
6	CHAPTER 352. COMPENSATION AND EXPENSES OF PERSONAL
7	REPRESENTATIVES AND OTHERS
8	CHAPTER 353. EXEMPT PROPERTY AND FAMILY ALLOWANCE
9	CHAPTER 354. SUMMARY PROCEEDINGS FOR, OR WITHDRAWAL FROM
10	ADMINISTRATION OF, CERTAIN ESTATES
11	CHAPTER 355. PRESENTMENT AND PAYMENT OF CLAIMS
12	CHAPTER 356. SALE OF ESTATE PROPERTY
13	CHAPTER 357. RENTING ESTATE PROPERTY
14	CHAPTER 358. MATTERS RELATING TO MINERAL PROPERTIES
15	CHAPTER 359. ANNUAL ACCOUNT AND OTHER EXHIBITS AND REPORTS
16	CHAPTER 360. PARTITION AND DISTRIBUTION OF ESTATE
17	CHAPTER 361. DEATH, RESIGNATION, OR REMOVAL OF PERSONAL
18	REPRESENTATIVES; APPOINTMENT OF SUCCESSORS
19	CHAPTER 362. CLOSING ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATE
20	[Chapters 363-400 reserved for expansion]
21	SUBTITLE I. INDEPENDENT ADMINISTRATION
22	[Chapters 401-450 reserved for expansion]
23	SUBTITLE J. ADDITIONAL MATTERS RELATING TO THE ADMINISTRATION
24	OF CERTAIN ESTATES
25	CHAPTER 451. ORDER OF NO ADMINISTRATION
26	CHAPTER 452. TEMPORARY ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATES
27	CHAPTER 453. ADMINISTRATION OF COMMUNITY PROPERTY

1	CHAPTER 454. ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATE OF PERSON PRESUMED DEAD
2	[Chapters 455-500 reserved for expansion]
3	SUBTITLE K. FOREIGN WILLS, OTHER TESTAMENTARY
4	INSTRUMENTS, AND FIDUCIARIES
5	CHAPTER 501. ANCILLARY PROBATE OF FOREIGN WILL
6	CHAPTER 502. ORIGINAL PROBATE OF FOREIGN WILL
7	CHAPTER 503. RECORDING OF FOREIGN TESTAMENTARY INSTRUMENT
8	CHAPTER 504. CONTEST OF OR OTHER CHALLENGE TO FOREIGN
9	TESTAMENTARY INSTRUMENT
10	CHAPTER 505. FOREIGN PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVES, TRUSTEES,
11	AND FIDUCIARIES
12	[Chapters 506-550 reserved for expansion]
13	SUBTITLE L. PAYMENT OF ESTATES INTO TREASURY
14	CHAPTER 551. PAYMENT OF CERTAIN ESTATES TO STATE
15	[Chapters 552-600 reserved for expansion]
16	SUBTITLE M. DURABLE POWERS OF ATTORNEY
17	[Chapters 601-650 reserved for expansion]
18	[Subtitles N-W reserved for expansion]
19	SUBTITLE X. TEXAS PROBATE CODE: SCOPE, JURISDICTION,
20	AND COURTS
21	CHAPTER I. GENERAL PROVISIONS
22	[Reserved for expansion]
23	SUBTITLE Y. TEXAS PROBATE CODE: INDEPENDENT ADMINISTRATION
24	CHAPTER VI. SPECIAL TYPES OF ADMINISTRATION
25	PART 4. INDEPENDENT ADMINISTRATION
26	[Reserved for expansion]

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SUBTITLE Z. TEXAS PROBATE CODE: DURABLE POWERS OF ATTORNEY
 1
 2
                        [Reserved for expansion]
 3
                   [Titles 3-24 reserved for expansion]
                TITLE 25. TEXAS PROBATE CODE: GUARDIANSHIP
                        [Reserved for expansion]
 5
                      TITLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS
 6
                  CHAPTER 21. PURPOSE AND CONSTRUCTION
 7
                 PURPOSE OF CODE
 8
   Sec. 21.001.
   Sec. 21.002. CONSTRUCTION
   Sec. 21.003. STATUTORY REFERENCES
10
   Sec. 21.004. EFFECT OF DIVISION OF LAW
11
   Sec. 21.005. APPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN LAWS
12
   Sec. 21.006. APPLICABILITY TO PROBATE PROCEEDINGS
13
                  CHAPTER 21. PURPOSE AND CONSTRUCTION
14
15
          Sec. 21.001. PURPOSE OF CODE. (a) This title and Subtitles
   A through M, Title 2, are enacted as a part of the state's
16
17
   continuing statutory revision program, begun by the
   Legislative Council in 1963 as directed by the legislature in the
18
   law codified as Section 323.007, Government Code.
19
   contemplates a topic-by-topic revision of the state's general and
20
21
   permanent statute law without substantive change.
22
          (b) Consistent with the objectives of the
                                                           statutory
    revision program, the purpose of this title and Subtitles A through
23
24
   M, Title 2, is to make the law encompassed by this title and
25
   Subtitles A through M, Title 2, more accessible and understandable
26
   by:
27
               (1) rearranging the statutes into a more logical
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- 1 order;
- 2 (2) employing a format and numbering system designed
- 3 to facilitate citation of the law and to accommodate future
- 4 expansion of the law;
- 5 (3) eliminating repealed, duplicative,
- 6 unconstitutional, expired, executed, and other ineffective
- 7 provisions; and
- 8 (4) restating the law in modern American English to
- 9 the greatest extent possible.
- 10 (c) The provisions of Subtitles X, Y, and Z of Title 2 and
- 11 Title 25 are transferred from the Texas Probate Code and
- 12 redesignated as part of this code, but are not revised as part of
- 13 the state's continuing statutory revision program. (New.)
- 14 Sec. 21.002. CONSTRUCTION. Except as provided by Section
- 15 22.027, Chapter 311, Government Code (Code Construction Act),
- 16 applies to the construction of a provision of this title or Subtitle
- 17 A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, K, L, or M, Title 2. That chapter does
- 18 not apply to the construction of a provision of Subtitle X, Y, or Z
- 19 of Title 2 or Title 25. (New.)
- Sec. 21.003. STATUTORY REFERENCES. (a) A reference in a law
- 21 other than in this code to a statute or a part of a statute revised
- 22 by, or redesignated as part of, this code is considered to be a
- 23 reference to the part of this code that revises that statute or part
- 24 of that statute or contains the redesignated statute or part of the
- 25 statute, as applicable.
- 26 (b) A reference in Subtitle X, Y, or Z, Title 2, or Title 25
- 27 to a chapter, a part, a subpart, a section, or any portion of a

- 1 section "of this code" is a reference to the chapter, part, subpart,
- 2 section, or portion of a section as redesignated in the Estates
- 3 Code, except that:
- 4 (1) a reference in Subtitle X, Y, or Z, Title 2, or
- 5 Title 25 to Chapter I is a reference to Chapter I, Estates Code, and
- 6 to the revision of sections derived from Chapter I, Texas Probate
- 7 Code, and any reenactments and amendments to those sections; and
- 8 (2) a reference in Subtitle X, Y, or Z, Title 2, or
- 9 Title 25 to a chapter, part, subpart, section, or portion of a
- 10 section that does not exist in the Estates Code is a reference to
- 11 the revision of the corresponding chapter, part, subpart, section,
- 12 or portion of a section of the Texas Probate Code and any
- 13 reenactments or amendments. (New.)
- 14 Sec. 21.004. EFFECT OF DIVISION OF LAW. The division of
- 15 this code into titles, subtitles, chapters, subchapters, parts,
- 16 subparts, sections, subsections, subdivisions, paragraphs, and
- 17 subparagraphs is for convenience and does not have any legal
- 18 effect. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 2(c); New.)
- 19 Sec. 21.005. APPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN LAWS.
- 20 Notwithstanding Section 21.002 of this code and Section 311.002,
- 21 Government Code:
- 22 (1) Section 311.032(c), Government Code, applies to
- 23 Subtitles X, Y, and Z of Title 2 and Title 25; and
- 24 (2) Sections 311.005(4) and 311.012(b) and (c),
- 25 Government Code, apply to Subtitles X, Y, and Z of Title 2. (New.)
- Sec. 21.006. APPLICABILITY TO PROBATE PROCEEDINGS. The
- 27 procedure prescribed by Title 2 governs all probate proceedings.

- 1 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 2(a) (part).)
- 2 CHAPTER 22. DEFINITIONS
- 3 Sec. 22.001. APPLICABILITY OF DEFINITIONS
- 4 Sec. 22.002. AUTHORIZED CORPORATE SURETY
- 5 Sec. 22.003. CHARITABLE ORGANIZATION
- 6 Sec. 22.004. CHILD
- 7 Sec. 22.005. CLAIMS
- 8 Sec. 22.006. CORPORATE FIDUCIARY
- 9 Sec. 22.007. COURT; COUNTY COURT, PROBATE COURT, AND
- 10 STATUTORY PROBATE COURT
- 11 Sec. 22.008. DEVISE
- 12 Sec. 22.009. DEVISEE
- 13 Sec. 22.010. DISTRIBUTEE
- 14 Sec. 22.011. DOCKET
- 15 Sec. 22.012. ESTATE
- 16 Sec. 22.013. EXEMPT PROPERTY
- 17 Sec. 22.014. GOVERNMENTAL AGENCY OF THE STATE
- 18 Sec. 22.015. HEIR
- 19 Sec. 22.016. INCAPACITATED PERSON
- 20 Sec. 22.017. INDEPENDENT EXECUTOR
- 21 Sec. 22.018. INTERESTED PERSON; PERSON INTERESTED
- 22 Sec. 22.019. JUDGE
- 23 Sec. 22.020. LEGACY
- 24 Sec. 22.021. LEGATEE
- 25 Sec. 22.022. MINOR
- 26 Sec. 22.023. MINUTES
- 27 Sec. 22.024. MORTGAGE; LIEN

- 1 Sec. 22.025. NET ESTATE
- 2 Sec. 22.026. NEXT OF KIN
- 3 Sec. 22.027. PERSON
- 4 Sec. 22.028. PERSONAL PROPERTY
- 5 Sec. 22.029. PROBATE MATTER; PROBATE PROCEEDINGS;
- 6 PROCEEDING IN PROBATE; PROCEEDINGS FOR
- 7 PROBATE
- 8 Sec. 22.030. REAL PROPERTY
- 9 Sec. 22.031. REPRESENTATIVE; PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE
- 10 Sec. 22.032. SURETY
- 11 Sec. 22.033. WARD
- 12 Sec. 22.034. WILL
- 13 CHAPTER 22. DEFINITIONS
- 14 Sec. 22.001. APPLICABILITY OF DEFINITIONS. (a) Except as
- 15 provided by Subsection (b), the definition for a term provided by
- 16 this chapter applies in this code unless a different meaning of the
- 17 term is otherwise apparent from the context in which the term is
- 18 used.
- 19 (b) If Chapter XIII provides a definition for a term that is
- 20 different from the definition provided by this chapter, the
- 21 definition for the term provided by Chapter XIII applies in that
- 22 chapter. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 3 (part).)
- Sec. 22.002. AUTHORIZED CORPORATE SURETY. "Authorized
- 24 corporate surety" means a domestic or foreign corporation
- 25 authorized to engage in business in this state for the purpose of
- 26 issuing surety, guaranty, or indemnity bonds that guarantee the
- 27 fidelity of an executor or administrator. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.

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1 3(a).)
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- 2 Sec. 22.003. CHARITABLE ORGANIZATION. "Charitable
- 3 organization" means:
- 4 (1) a nonprofit corporation, trust, community chest,
- 5 fund, foundation, or other entity that is:
- 6 (A) exempt from federal income tax under Section
- 7 501(a), Internal Revenue Code of 1986, by being described by
- 8 Section 501(c)(3) of that code; and
- 9 (B) organized and operated exclusively for:
- 10 (i) religious, charitable, scientific,
- 11 educational, or literary purposes;
- 12 (ii) testing for public safety;
- 13 (iii) preventing cruelty to children or
- 14 animals; or
- 15 (iv) promoting amateur sports competition;
- 16 or
- 17 (2) any other entity that is organized and operated
- 18 exclusively for the purposes listed in Section 501(c)(3), Internal
- 19 Revenue Code of 1986. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 3(kk).)
- Sec. 22.004. CHILD. (a) "Child" includes an adopted child,
- 21 regardless of whether the adoption occurred through:
- 22 (1) an existing or former statutory procedure; or
- 23 (2) acts of estoppel.
- (b) The term "child" does not include a child who does not
- 25 have a presumed father unless a provision of this code expressly
- 26 states that a child who does not have a presumed father is included.
- 27 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 3(b).)

- 1 Sec. 22.005. CLAIMS. "Claims" includes:
- 2 (1) liabilities of a decedent that survive the
- 3 decedent's death, including taxes, regardless of whether the
- 4 liabilities arise in contract or tort or otherwise;
- 5 (2) funeral expenses;
- 6 (3) the expense of a tombstone;
- 7 (4) expenses of administration;
- 8 (5) estate and inheritance taxes; and
- 9 (6) debts due such estates. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 10 3(c).)
- 11 Sec. 22.006. CORPORATE FIDUCIARY. "Corporate fiduciary"
- 12 means a financial institution, as defined by Section 201.101,
- 13 Finance Code, that:
- 14 (1) is existing or engaged in business under the laws
- 15 of this state, another state, or the United States;
- 16 (2) has trust powers; and
- 17 (3) is authorized by law to act under the order or
- 18 appointment of a court of record, without giving bond, as receiver,
- 19 trustee, executor, administrator, or, although the financial
- 20 institution does not have general depository powers, depository for
- 21 any money paid into the court, or to become sole guarantor or surety
- 22 in or on any bond required to be given under the laws of this state.
- 23 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 3(d).)
- Sec. 22.007. COURT; COUNTY COURT, PROBATE COURT, AND
- 25 STATUTORY PROBATE COURT. (a) "Court" means and includes:
- 26 (1) a county court in the exercise of its probate
- 27 jurisdiction;

- 1 (2) a court created by statute and authorized to
- 2 exercise original probate jurisdiction; and
- 3 (3) a district court exercising original probate
- 4 jurisdiction in a contested matter.
- 5 (b) The terms "county court" and "probate court" are
- 6 synonymous and mean:
- 7 (1) a county court in the exercise of its probate
- 8 jurisdiction;
- 9 (2) a court created by statute and authorized to
- 10 exercise original probate jurisdiction; and
- 11 (3) a district court exercising probate jurisdiction
- 12 in a contested matter.
- 13 (c) "Statutory probate court" means a court created by
- 14 statute and designated as a statutory probate court under Chapter
- 15 25, Government Code. For purposes of this code, the term does not
- 16 include a county court at law exercising probate jurisdiction
- 17 unless the court is designated a statutory probate court under
- 18 Chapter 25, Government Code. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 3(e), (g),
- 19 (ii).)
- 20 Sec. 22.008. DEVISE. "Devise":
- 21 (1) used as a noun, includes a testamentary
- 22 disposition of real property, personal property, or both; and
- 23 (2) used as a verb, means to dispose of real property,
- 24 personal property, or both, by will. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 3(h).)
- Sec. 22.009. DEVISEE. "Devisee" includes a legatee. (Tex.
- 26 Prob. Code, Sec. 3(i).)
- Sec. 22.010. DISTRIBUTEE. "Distributee" means a person who

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- 1 is entitled to a part of the estate of a decedent under a lawful will
- 2 or the statutes of descent and distribution. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 3 3(j).)
- 4 Sec. 22.011. DOCKET. "Docket" means the probate docket.
- 5 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 3(k).)
- 6 Sec. 22.012. ESTATE. "Estate" means a decedent's property,
- 7 as that property:
- 8 (1) exists originally and as the property changes in
- 9 form by sale, reinvestment, or otherwise;
- 10 (2) is augmented by any accretions and other additions
- 11 to the property, including any property to be distributed to the
- 12 decedent's representative by the trustee of a trust that terminates
- 13 on the decedent's death, and substitutions for the property; and
- 14 (3) is diminished by any decreases in or distributions
- 15 from the property. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 3(1).)
- Sec. 22.013. EXEMPT PROPERTY. "Exempt property" means the
- 17 property in a decedent's estate that is exempt from execution or
- 18 forced sale by the constitution or laws of this state, and any
- 19 allowance paid instead of that property. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- $20 \ 3(m).)$
- 21 Sec. 22.014. GOVERNMENTAL AGENCY OF THE STATE.
- 22 "Governmental agency of the state" means:
- 23 (1) a municipality;
- 24 (2) a county;
- 25 (3) a public school district;
- 26 (4) a special-purpose district or authority;
- 27 (5) a board, commission, department, office, or other

- 1 agency in the executive branch of state government, including an
- 2 institution of higher education, as defined by Section 61.003,
- 3 Education Code;
- 4 (6) the legislature or a legislative agency;
- 5 (7) the supreme court, the court of criminal appeals,
- 6 a court of appeals, or a district, county, or justice of the peace
- 7 court;
- 8 (8) a judicial agency having statewide jurisdiction;
- 9 and
- 10 (9) the State Bar of Texas. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 11 3(11).)
- 12 Sec. 22.015. HEIR. "Heir" means a person who is entitled
- 13 under the statutes of descent and distribution to a part of the
- 14 estate of a decedent who dies intestate. The term includes the
- 15 decedent's surviving spouse. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 3(o).)
- 16 Sec. 22.016. INCAPACITATED PERSON. A person is
- 17 "incapacitated" if the person:
- 18 (1) is a minor;
- 19 (2) is an adult who, because of a physical or mental
- 20 condition, is substantially unable to:
- 21 (A) provide food, clothing, or shelter for
- 22 himself or herself;
- 23 (B) care for the person's own physical health; or
- (C) manage the person's own financial affairs; or
- 25 (3) must have a guardian appointed for the person to
- 26 receive funds due the person from a governmental source. (Tex
- 27 Prob. Code, Sec. 3(p).)

- 1 Sec. 22.017. INDEPENDENT EXECUTOR. "Independent executor"
- 2 means the personal representative of an estate under independent
- 3 administration as provided by Section 145. The term includes an
- 4 independent administrator. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 3(q).)
- 5 Sec. 22.018. INTERESTED PERSON; PERSON INTERESTED.
- 6 "Interested person" or "person interested" means:
- 7 (1) an heir, devisee, spouse, creditor, or any other
- 8 having a property right in or claim against an estate being
- 9 administered; and
- 10 (2) anyone interested in the welfare of an
- 11 incapacitated person, including a minor. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 12 3(r).)
- 13 Sec. 22.019. JUDGE. "Judge" means the presiding judge of
- 14 any court having original jurisdiction over probate proceedings,
- 15 regardless of whether the court is:
- 16 (1) a county court in the exercise of its probate
- 17 jurisdiction;
- 18 (2) a court created by statute and authorized to
- 19 exercise probate jurisdiction; or
- 20 (3) a district court exercising probate jurisdiction
- 21 in a contested matter. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 3(f).)
- Sec. 22.020. LEGACY. "Legacy" includes a gift or devise of
- 23 real or personal property made by a will. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 24 3(s) (part).)
- Sec. 22.021. LEGATEE. "Legatee" includes a person who is
- 26 entitled to a legacy under a will. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 3(s)
- 27 (part).)

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- 1 Sec. 22.022. MINOR. "Minor" means a person younger than 18
- 2 years of age who:
- 3 (1) has never been married; and
- 4 (2) has not had the disabilities of minority removed
- 5 for general purposes. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 3(t).)
- 6 Sec. 22.023. MINUTES. "Minutes" means the probate minutes.
- 7 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 3(u).)
- 8 Sec. 22.024. MORTGAGE; LIEN. "Mortgage" and "lien"
- 9 include:
- 10 (1) a deed of trust;
- 11 (2) a vendor's lien, a mechanic's, materialman's, or
- 12 laborer's lien, an attachment or garnishment lien, and a federal or
- 13 state tax lien;
- 14 (3) a chattel mortgage;
- 15 (4) a judgment; and
- 16 (5) a pledge by hypothecation. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 17 3(v).)
- 18 Sec. 22.025. NET ESTATE. "Net estate" means a decedent's
- 19 property excluding:
- 20 (1) homestead rights;
- 21 (2) exempt property;
- 22 (3) the family allowance; and
- 23 (4) an enforceable claim against the decedent's
- 24 estate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 3(w).)
- Sec. 22.026. NEXT OF KIN. "Next of kin" includes:
- 26 (1) an adopted child or the adopted child's
- 27 descendants; and

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- 1 (2) the adoptive parent of the adopted child. (Tex.
- 2 Prob. Code, Sec. 3(jj).)
- 3 Sec. 22.027. PERSON. (a) "Person" includes a natural
- 4 person and a corporation.
- 5 (b) The definition of "person" assigned by Section 311.005,
- 6 Government Code, does not apply to any provision in this code.
- 7 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 3(x); New.)
- 8 Sec. 22.028. PERSONAL PROPERTY. "Personal property"
- 9 includes an interest in:
- 10 (1) goods;
- 11 (2) money;
- 12 (3) a chose in action;
- 13 (4) an evidence of debt; and
- 14 (5) a real chattel. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 3(z).)
- 15 Sec. 22.029. PROBATE MATTER; PROBATE PROCEEDINGS;
- 16 PROCEEDING IN PROBATE; PROCEEDINGS FOR PROBATE. The terms "probate
- 17 matter," "probate proceedings," "proceeding in probate," and
- 18 "proceedings for probate" are synonymous and include a matter or
- 19 proceeding relating to a decedent's estate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 20 3(bb).)
- Sec. 22.030. REAL PROPERTY. "Real property" includes
- 22 estates and interests in land, whether corporeal or incorporeal or
- 23 legal or equitable. The term does not include a real chattel.
- 24 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 3(dd).)
- Sec. 22.031. REPRESENTATIVE; PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE. (a)
- 26 "Representative" and "personal representative" include:
- 27 (1) an executor and independent executor;

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an administrator, independent administrator, and
 1
 2
   temporary administrator; and
 3
               (3)
                    a successor to an executor or administrator listed
 4
    in Subdivision (1) or (2).
 5
          (b)
              The inclusion of an independent executor in Subsection
    (a) may not be construed to subject an independent executor to the
 6
    control of the courts in probate matters with respect to settlement
 7
8
    of estates, except as expressly provided by law. (Tex. Prob. Code,
   Sec. 3(aa).)
          Sec. 22.032. SURETY. "Surety" includes a personal surety
10
    and a corporate surety. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 3(ee).)
11
          Sec. 22.033. WARD.
                                 "Ward" means a person for whom a
12
    guardian has been appointed. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 3(mm).)
13
          Sec. 22.034. WILL. "Will" includes:
14
15
               (1) a codicil; and
16
                    a testamentary instrument that merely:
               (2)
17
                     (A)
                          appoints an executor or guardian;
                     (B)
                          directs how property may not be disposed of;
18
19
    or
20
                     (C)
                          revokes another will. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
    3(ff).)
21
                  [Chapters 23-30 reserved for expansion]
22
                      TITLE 2. ESTATES OF DECEDENTS
23
24
               SUBTITLE A. SCOPE, JURISDICTION, AND COURTS
25
                  [Chapters 31-50 reserved for expansion]
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- 1 SUBTITLE B. PROCEDURAL MATTERS
- 2 CHAPTER 51. NOTICES AND PROCESS IN PROBATE PROCEEDINGS IN GENERAL
- 3 SUBCHAPTER A. ISSUANCE AND FORM OF NOTICE OR PROCESS
- 4 Sec. 51.001. ISSUANCE OF NOTICE OR PROCESS IN GENERAL
- 5 Sec. 51.002. DIRECTION OF WRIT OR OTHER PROCESS
- 6 Sec. 51.003. CONTENTS OF CITATION OR NOTICE
- 7 [Sections 51.004-51.050 reserved for expansion]
- 8 SUBCHAPTER B. METHODS OF SERVING CITATION OR NOTICE; PERSONS
- 9 TO BE SERVED
- 10 Sec. 51.051. PERSONAL SERVICE
- 11 Sec. 51.052. SERVICE BY MAIL
- 12 Sec. 51.053. SERVICE BY POSTING
- 13 Sec. 51.054. SERVICE BY PUBLICATION
- 14 Sec. 51.055. SERVICE ON PARTY'S ATTORNEY OF RECORD
- 15 Sec. 51.056. SERVICE ON PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE OR
- 16 RECEIVER
- 17 [Sections 51.057-51.100 reserved for expansion]
- 18 SUBCHAPTER C. RETURN AND PROOF OF SERVICE OF CITATION OR NOTICE
- 19 Sec. 51.101. REQUIREMENTS FOR RETURN ON CITATION OR
- 20 NOTICE SERVED BY PERSONAL SERVICE
- 21 Sec. 51.102. VALIDITY OF SERVICE AND RETURN ON
- 22 CITATION OR NOTICE SERVED BY POSTING
- 23 Sec. 51.103. PROOF OF SERVICE
- 24 Sec. 51.104. RETURN TO COURT
- 25 [Sections 51.105-51.150 reserved for expansion]

- 1 SUBCHAPTER D. ALTERNATIVE MANNER OF ISSUANCE, SERVICE, AND RETURN
- 2 Sec. 51.151. COURT-ORDERED ISSUANCE, SERVICE, AND
- 3 RETURN UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES
- 4 [Sections 51.152-51.200 reserved for expansion]
- 5 SUBCHAPTER E. ADDITIONAL NOTICE PROVISIONS
- 6 Sec. 51.201. WAIVER OF NOTICE OF HEARING
- 7 Sec. 51.202. REQUEST FOR NOTICE OF FILING OF PLEADING
- 8 Sec. 51.203. SERVICE OF NOTICE OF INTENTION TO TAKE
- 9 DEPOSITIONS IN CERTAIN MATTERS
- 10 CHAPTER 51. NOTICES AND PROCESS IN PROBATE PROCEEDINGS IN GENERAL
- 11 SUBCHAPTER A. ISSUANCE AND FORM OF NOTICE OR PROCESS
- 12 Sec. 51.001. ISSUANCE OF NOTICE OR PROCESS IN GENERAL. (a)
- 13 Except as provided by Subsection (b), a person is not required to be
- 14 cited or otherwise given notice except in a situation in which this
- 15 title expressly provides for citation or the giving of notice.
- 16 (b) If this title does not expressly provide for citation or
- 17 the issuance or return of notice in a probate matter, the court may
- 18 require that notice be given. A court that requires that notice be
- 19 given may prescribe the form and manner of service of the notice and
- 20 the return of service.
- 21 (c) Unless a court order is required by this title, the
- 22 county clerk without a court order shall issue:
- 23 (1) necessary citations, writs, and other process in a
- 24 probate matter; and
- 25 (2) all notices not required to be issued by a personal
- 26 representative. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 33(a), (b).)
- Sec. 51.002. DIRECTION OF WRIT OR OTHER PROCESS. (a) A

- 1 writ or other process other than a citation or notice must be
- 2 directed "To any sheriff or constable within the State of Texas."
- 3 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (a), a writ or other process
- 4 other than a citation or notice may not be held defective because
- 5 the process is directed to the sheriff or a constable of a named
- 6 county if the process is properly served within that county by the
- 7 sheriff or constable. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 33(c) (part).)
- 8 Sec. 51.003. CONTENTS OF CITATION OR NOTICE. (a) A
- 9 citation or notice must:
- 10 (1) be directed to the person to be cited or notified;
- 11 (2) be dated;
- 12 (3) state the style and number of the proceeding;
- 13 (4) state the court in which the proceeding is
- 14 pending;
- 15 (5) describe generally the nature of the proceeding or
- 16 matter to which the citation or notice relates;
- 17 (6) direct the person being cited or notified to
- 18 appear by filing a written contest or answer or to perform another
- 19 required action; and
- 20 (7) state when and where the appearance or performance
- 21 described by Subdivision (6) is required.
- (b) A citation or notice issued by the county clerk must be
- 23 styled "The State of Texas" and be signed by the clerk under the
- 24 clerk's seal.
- 25 (c) A notice required to be given by a personal
- 26 representative must be in writing and be signed by the
- 27 representative in the representative's official capacity.

- 1 (d) A citation or notice is not required to contain a
- 2 precept directed to an officer, but may not be held defective
- 3 because the citation or notice contains a precept directed to an
- 4 officer authorized to serve the citation or notice. (Tex. Prob.
- 5 Code, Sec. 33(c) (part).)
- 6 [Sections 51.004-51.050 reserved for expansion]
- 7 SUBCHAPTER B. METHODS OF SERVING CITATION OR NOTICE; PERSONS
- 8 TO BE SERVED
- 9 Sec. 51.051. PERSONAL SERVICE. (a) Except as otherwise
- 10 provided by Subsection (b), if personal service of citation or
- 11 notice is required, the citation or notice must be served on the
- 12 attorney of record for the person to be cited or notified.
- 13 Notwithstanding the requirement of personal service, service may be
- 14 made on that attorney by any method specified by Section 51.055 for
- 15 service on an attorney of record.
- 16 (b) If the person to be cited or notified does not have an
- 17 attorney of record in the proceeding, or if an attempt to serve the
- 18 person's attorney is unsuccessful:
- 19 (1) the sheriff or constable shall serve the citation
- 20 or notice by delivering a copy of the citation or notice to the
- 21 person to be cited or notified, in person, if the person to whom the
- 22 citation or notice is directed is in this state; or
- 23 (2) any disinterested person competent to make an oath
- 24 that the citation or notice was served may serve the citation or
- 25 notice, if the person to be cited or notified is absent from or is
- 26 not a resident of this state.
- (c) The return day of the citation or notice served under

- 1 Subsection (b) must be at least 10 days after the date of service,
- 2 excluding the date of service.
- 3 (d) If citation or notice attempted to be served as provided
- 4 by Subsection (b) is returned with the notation that the person
- 5 sought to be served, whether inside or outside this state, cannot be
- 6 found, the county clerk shall issue a new citation or notice.
- 7 Service of the new citation or notice must be made by publication.
- 8 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 33(f)(1) (part).)
- 9 Sec. 51.052. SERVICE BY MAIL. (a) The county clerk, or the
- 10 personal representative if required by statute or court order,
- 11 shall serve a citation or notice required or permitted to be served
- 12 by regular mail by mailing the original citation or notice to the
- 13 person to be cited or notified.
- 14 (b) Except as provided by Subsection (c), the county clerk
- 15 shall issue a citation or notice required or permitted to be served
- 16 by registered or certified mail and shall serve the citation or
- 17 notice by mailing the original citation or notice by registered or
- 18 certified mail.
- 19 (c) A personal representative shall issue a notice required
- 20 to be given by the representative by registered or certified mail
- 21 and shall serve the notice by mailing the original notice by
- 22 registered or certified mail.
- 23 (d) The county clerk or personal representative, as
- 24 applicable, shall mail a citation or notice under Subsection (b) or
- 25 (c) with an instruction to deliver the citation or notice to the
- 26 addressee only and with return receipt requested. The clerk or
- 27 representative, as applicable, shall address the envelope

- 1 containing the citation or notice to:
- 2 (1) the attorney of record in the proceeding for the
- 3 person to be cited or notified; or
- 4 (2) the person to be cited or notified, if the citation
- 5 or notice to the attorney is returned undelivered or the person to
- 6 be cited or notified has no attorney of record in the proceeding.
- 7 (e) Service by mail shall be made at least 20 days before the
- 8 return day of the service, excluding the date of service. The date
- 9 of service by mail is the date of mailing.
- 10 (f) A copy of a citation or notice served under Subsection
- 11 (a), (b), or (c), together with a certificate of the person serving
- 12 the citation or notice showing that the citation or notice was
- 13 mailed and the date of the mailing, shall be filed and recorded. A
- 14 returned receipt for a citation or notice served under Subsection
- 15 (b) or (c) shall be attached to the certificate.
- 16 (g) If a citation or notice served by mail is returned
- 17 undelivered, a new citation or notice shall be issued. Service of
- 18 the new citation or notice must be made by posting. (Tex. Prob.
- 19 Code, Sec. 33(f)(4).)
- Sec. 51.053. SERVICE BY POSTING. (a) The county clerk
- 21 shall deliver the original and a copy of a citation or notice
- 22 required to be posted to the sheriff or a constable of the county in
- 23 which the proceeding is pending. The sheriff or constable shall
- 24 post the copy at the door of the county courthouse or the location
- 25 in or near the courthouse where public notices are customarily
- 26 posted.
- 27 (b) Citation or notice under this section must be posted for

- 1 at least 10 days before the return day of the service, excluding the
- 2 date of posting, except as provided by Section 51.102(b). The date
- 3 of service of citation or notice by posting is the date of posting.
- 4 (c) A sheriff or constable who posts a citation or notice
- 5 under this section shall return the original citation or notice to
- 6 the county clerk and state the date and location of the posting in a
- 7 written return on the citation or notice.
- 8 (d) The method of service prescribed by this section applies
- 9 when a personal representative is required or permitted to post a
- 10 notice. The notice must be:
- 11 (1) issued in the name of the representative;
- 12 (2) addressed and delivered to, and posted and
- 13 returned by, the appropriate officer; and
- 14 (3) filed with the county clerk. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 15 Sec. 33(f)(2).)
- Sec. 51.054. SERVICE BY PUBLICATION. (a) Citation or
- 17 notice to a person to be served by publication shall be published
- 18 one time in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in
- 19 which the proceeding is pending. The publication must be made at
- 20 least 10 days before the return day of the service, excluding the
- 21 date of publication.
- 22 (b) The date of service of citation or notice by publication
- 23 is the date of publication printed on the newspaper in which the
- 24 citation or notice is published.
- 25 (c) If no newspaper is published, printed, or of general
- 26 circulation in the county in which the citation or notice is to be
- 27 published, the citation or notice under Subsection (a) shall be

- 1 served by posting. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 33(f)(3).)
- 2 Sec. 51.055. SERVICE ON PARTY'S ATTORNEY OF RECORD. (a) If
- 3 a party is represented by an attorney of record in a probate
- 4 proceeding, each citation or notice required to be served on the
- 5 party in that proceeding shall be served instead on that attorney.
- 6 A notice under this subsection may be served by delivery to the
- 7 attorney in person or by registered or certified mail.
- 8 (b) A notice may be served on an attorney of record under
- 9 this section by:
- 10 (1) another party to the proceeding;
- 11 (2) the attorney of record for another party to the
- 12 proceeding;
- 13 (3) the appropriate sheriff or constable; or
- 14 (4) any other person competent to testify.
- 15 (c) Each of the following is prima facie evidence of the
- 16 fact that service has been made under this section:
- 17 (1) the written statement of an attorney of record
- 18 showing service;
- 19 (2) the return of the officer showing service; and
- 20 (3) the affidavit of any other person showing service.
- 21 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 34.)
- 22 Sec. 51.056. SERVICE ON PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE OR
- 23 RECEIVER. Unless this title expressly provides for another method
- 24 of service, the county clerk who issues a citation or notice
- 25 required to be served on a personal representative or receiver
- 26 shall serve the citation or notice by mailing the original citation
- 27 or notice by registered or certified mail to:

- 1 (1) the representative's or receiver's attorney of
- 2 record; or
- 3 (2) the representative or receiver, if the
- 4 representative or receiver does not have an attorney of record.
- 5 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 33(e).)
- 6 [Sections 51.057-51.100 reserved for expansion]
- 7 SUBCHAPTER C. RETURN AND PROOF OF SERVICE OF CITATION OR NOTICE
- 8 Sec. 51.101. REQUIREMENTS FOR RETURN ON CITATION OR NOTICE
- 9 SERVED BY PERSONAL SERVICE. The return of the person serving a
- 10 citation or notice under Section 51.051 must:
- 11 (1) be endorsed on or attached to the citation or
- 12 notice;
- 13 (2) state the date and place of service;
- 14 (3) certify that a copy of the citation or notice was
- 15 delivered to the person directed to be served;
- 16 (4) be subscribed and sworn to before, and under the
- 17 hand and official seal of, an officer authorized by the laws of this
- 18 state to take an affidavit; and
- 19 (5) be returned to the county clerk who issued the
- 20 citation or notice. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 33(f)(1) (part).)
- 21 Sec. 51.102. VALIDITY OF SERVICE AND RETURN ON CITATION OR
- 22 NOTICE SERVED BY POSTING. (a) A citation or notice in a probate
- 23 matter that is required to be served by posting and is issued in
- 24 conformity with this title, and the service and return of service of
- 25 the citation or notice, is valid if:
- 26 (1) a sheriff or constable posts a copy of the citation
- 27 or notice at the location or locations prescribed by this title; and

- 1 (2) the posting occurs on a day preceding the return
- 2 day of service specified in the citation or notice that provides
- 3 sufficient time for the period the citation or notice must be posted
- 4 to expire before the specified return day.
- 5 (b) The fact that a sheriff or constable, as applicable,
- 6 makes the return of service on the citation or notice described by
- 7 Subsection (a) and returns the citation or notice on which the
- 8 return has been made to the court before the expiration of the
- 9 period the citation or notice must be posted does not affect the
- 10 validity of the citation or notice or the service or return of
- 11 service. This subsection applies even if the sheriff or constable
- 12 makes the return of service and returns the citation or notice on
- 13 which the return is made to the court on the same day the citation or
- 14 notice is issued. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 33(h).)
- 15 Sec. 51.103. PROOF OF SERVICE. (a) Proof of service in
- 16 each case requiring citation or notice must be filed before the
- 17 hearing.
- 18 (b) Proof of service consists of:
- 19 (1) if the service is made by a sheriff or constable,
- 20 the return of service;
- 21 (2) if the service is made by a private person, the
- 22 person's affidavit;
- 23 (3) if the service is made by mail:
- 24 (A) the certificate of the county clerk making
- 25 the service, or the affidavit of the personal representative or
- 26 other person making the service, stating that the citation or
- 27 notice was mailed and the date of the mailing; and

- 1 (B) the return receipt attached to the
- 2 certificate or affidavit, as applicable, if the mailing was by
- 3 registered or certified mail and a receipt has been returned; and
- 4 (4) if the service is made by publication, an
- 5 affidavit:
- 6 (A) made by the publisher of the newspaper in
- 7 which the citation or notice was published or an employee of the
- 8 publisher;
- 9 (B) that contains or to which is attached a copy
- 10 of the published citation or notice; and
- 11 (C) that states the date of publication printed
- 12 on the newspaper in which the citation or notice was published.
- 13 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 33(i).)
- 14 Sec. 51.104. RETURN TO COURT. A citation or notice issued
- 15 by a county clerk must be returned to the court from which the
- 16 citation or notice was issued on the first Monday after the service
- 17 is perfected. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 33(g).)
- 18 [Sections 51.105-51.150 reserved for expansion]
- 19 SUBCHAPTER D. ALTERNATIVE MANNER OF ISSUANCE, SERVICE, AND RETURN
- Sec. 51.151. COURT-ORDERED ISSUANCE, SERVICE, AND RETURN
- 21 UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES. (a) A citation or notice required by
- 22 this title shall be issued, served, and returned in the manner
- 23 specified by written order of the court in accordance with this
- 24 title and the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure if:
- 25 (1) an interested person requests that action;
- 26 (2) a specific method is not provided by this title for
- 27 giving the citation or notice;

- 1 (3) a specific method is not provided by this title for
- 2 the service and return of citation or notice; or
- 3 (4) a provision relating to a matter described by
- 4 Subdivision (2) or (3) is inadequate.
- 5 (b) Citation or notice issued, served, and returned in the
- 6 manner specified by a court order as provided by Subsection (a) has
- 7 the same effect as if the manner of service and return had been
- 8 specified by this title. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 33(d).)
- 9 [Sections 51.152-51.200 reserved for expansion]
- 10 SUBCHAPTER E. ADDITIONAL NOTICE PROVISIONS
- 11 Sec. 51.201. WAIVER OF NOTICE OF HEARING. (a) A legally
- 12 competent person who is interested in a hearing in a probate
- 13 proceeding may waive notice of the hearing in writing either in
- 14 person or through an attorney.
- 15 (b) A trustee of a trust may waive notice under Subsection
- 16 (a) on behalf of a beneficiary of the trust as provided by that
- 17 subsection.
- 18 (c) A consul or other representative of a foreign government
- 19 whose appearance has been entered as provided by law on behalf of a
- 20 person residing in a foreign country may waive notice under
- 21 Subsection (a) on the person's behalf as provided by that
- 22 subsection.
- 23 (d) A person who submits to the jurisdiction of the court in
- 24 a hearing is considered to have waived notice of the hearing. (Tex.
- 25 Prob. Code, Sec. 35.)
- Sec. 51.202. REQUEST FOR NOTICE OF FILING OF PLEADING. (a)
- 27 At any time after an application is filed to commence a probate

- 1 proceeding, including a proceeding for the probate of a will, the
- 2 grant of letters testamentary or of administration, or a
- 3 determination of heirship, a person interested in the estate may
- 4 file with the county clerk a written request to be notified of all,
- 5 or any specified, motions, applications, or pleadings filed with
- 6 respect to the proceeding by any person or by one or more persons
- 7 specifically named in the request. A person filing a request under
- 8 this section is responsible for payment of the fees and other costs
- 9 of providing a requested notice, and the clerk may require a deposit
- 10 to cover the estimated costs of providing the notice. Thereafter,
- 11 the clerk shall send to the requestor by regular mail a copy of any
- 12 requested document.
- 13 (b) A county clerk's failure to comply with a request under
- 14 this section does not invalidate any proceeding. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 15 Sec. 33(j).)
- 16 Sec. 51.203. SERVICE OF NOTICE OF INTENTION TO TAKE
- 17 DEPOSITIONS IN CERTAIN MATTERS. (a) If a will is to be probated, or
- 18 in another probate matter in which there is no opposing party or
- 19 attorney of record on whom to serve notice and copies of
- 20 interrogatories, service may be made by posting notice of the
- 21 intention to take depositions for a period of 10 days as provided by
- 22 Section 51.053 governing a posting of notice.
- (b) When notice by posting under Subsection (a) is filed
- 24 with the county clerk, a copy of the interrogatories must also be
- 25 filed.
- 26 (c) At the expiration of the 10-day period prescribed by
- 27 Subsection (a):

- 1 (1) commission may issue for taking the depositions
- 2 for which the notice was posted; and
- 3 (2) the judge may file cross-interrogatories if no
- 4 person appears. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 22 (part).)
- 5 CHAPTER 52. FILING AND RECORDKEEPING
- 6 SUBCHAPTER A. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS
- 7 Sec. 52.001. PROBATE DOCKET
- 8 Sec. 52.002. CLAIM DOCKET
- 9 Sec. 52.003. PROBATE FEE BOOK
- 10 Sec. 52.004. ALTERNATE RECORDKEEPING
- 11 [Sections 52.005-52.050 reserved for expansion]
- 12 SUBCHAPTER B. FILES; INDEX
- 13 Sec. 52.051. FILING PROCEDURES
- 14 Sec. 52.052. CASE FILES
- 15 Sec. 52.053. INDEX
- 16 CHAPTER 52. FILING AND RECORDKEEPING
- 17 SUBCHAPTER A. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS
- 18 Sec. 52.001. PROBATE DOCKET. (a) The county clerk shall
- 19 maintain a record book titled "Judge's Probate Docket" and shall
- 20 record in the book:
- 21 (1) the name of each person with respect to whom, or
- 22 with respect to whose estate, proceedings are commenced or sought
- 23 to be commenced;
- 24 (2) the name of each executor, administrator, or
- 25 applicant for letters testamentary or of administration;
- 26 (3) the date each original application for probate
- 27 proceedings is filed;

- 1 (4) a minute of each order, judgment, decree, and
- 2 proceeding that occurs in each estate, including the date it
- 3 occurs; and
- 4 (5) the docket number of each estate as assigned under
- 5 Subsection (b).
- 6 (b) The county clerk shall assign a docket number to each
- 7 estate in the order proceedings are commenced. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 8 Sec. 13 (part).)
- 9 Sec. 52.002. CLAIM DOCKET. (a) The county clerk shall
- 10 maintain a record book titled "Claim Docket" and shall record in the
- 11 book each claim that is presented against an estate for the court's
- 12 approval.
- 13 (b) The county clerk shall assign one or more pages of the
- 14 record book to each estate.
- 15 (c) The claim docket must be ruled in 16 columns at proper
- 16 intervals from top to bottom, with a short note of the contents at
- 17 the top of each column. The county clerk shall record for each
- 18 claim, in the order claims are filed, the following information in
- 19 the respective columns, beginning with the first or marginal
- 20 column:
- 21 (1) the name of the claimant;
- 22 (2) the amount of the claim;
- 23 (3) the date of the claim;
- 24 (4) the date the claim is filed;
- 25 (5) the date the claim is due;
- 26 (6) the date the claim begins bearing interest;
- 27 (7) the interest rate;

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1
                (8)
                     the date the claim is allowed by the executor or
    administrator, if applicable;
2
 3
                (9)
                    the
                           amount
                                     allowed
                                               by
                                                     the
                                                           executor
                                                                      or
    administrator, if applicable;
4
 5
                (10)
                      the date the claim is rejected, if applicable;
                (11)
                      the date the claim is approved, if applicable;
 6
                      the amount approved for the claim, if applicable;
 7
                (12)
8
                (13)
                      the date the claim is disapproved, if applicable;
                      the class to which the claim belongs;
                (14)
9
10
                (15)
                      the date the claim is established by a judgment of
    a court, if applicable; and
11
12
                (16)
                      the amount of the judgment established under
13
    Subdivision (15), if applicable. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 14.)
14
          Sec. 52.003. PROBATE FEE BOOK. (a) The county clerk shall
15
    maintain a record book titled "Probate Fee Book" and shall record in
    the book each item of cost that accrues to the officers of the court
16
17
    and any witness fees.
               Each record entry must include:
18
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- 19 (1) the party to whom the cost or fee is due;
- 20 (2) the date the cost or fee accrued;
- 21 (3) the estate or party liable for the cost or fee; and
- 22 (4) the date the cost or fee is paid. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 23 Sec. 16.)
- Sec. 52.004. ALTERNATE RECORDKEEPING. Instead of
- 25 maintaining the record books described by Sections 52.001, 52.002,
- 26 and 52.003, the county clerk may maintain the information described
- 27 by those sections relating to a person's or estate's probate

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1
   proceedings:
2
               (1)
                    on a computer file;
 3
                (2)
                    on microfilm;
                (3)
                    in the form of a digitized optical image; or
4
                    in another similar form of data compilation.
5
               (4)
6
    (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 17.)
              [Sections 52.005-52.050 reserved for expansion]
7
                        SUBCHAPTER B. FILES; INDEX
8
9
          Sec. 52.051. FILING PROCEDURES. (a) An application for a
10
   probate proceeding, complaint, petition, or other paper permitted
   or required by law to be filed with a court in a probate matter must
11
12
   be filed with the county clerk of the appropriate county.
              Each paper filed in an estate must be given the docket
13
14
   number assigned to the estate.
15
          (c) On receipt of a paper described by Subsection (a), the
   county clerk shall:
16
17
               (1) file the paper; and
                (2)
                    endorse on the paper:
18
19
                          the date the paper is filed;
20
                     (B)
                          the docket number; and
21
                          the clerk's official signature. (Tex. Prob.
   Code, Secs. 11, 13(e) (part).)
22
          Sec. 52.052. CASE FILES.
23
                                       (a)
                                              The county clerk shall
```

proceeding of the court and any other probate filing with the court,

maintain a case file for the estate of each decedent for which a

(b) Each case file must contain each order, judgment, and

probate proceeding has been filed.

24

25

26

27

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1
    including each:
2
                    application for the probate of a will;
                (1)
 3
                    application for the granting of administration;
4
                    citation and notice, whether published or posted,
5
    including the return on the citation or notice;
6
               (4) will and the testimony on which the will is
7
    admitted to probate;
8
                (5)
                    bond and official oath;
9
               (6)
                    inventory, appraisement, and list of claims;
                    exhibit and account;
10
               (7)
                    report of renting;
11
               (8)
12
               (9)
                    application for sale or partition of real estate;
13
               (10) report of sale;
14
               (11)
                     report of the commissioners of partition;
                     application for authority to execute a lease for
15
                (12)
   mineral development, or for pooling or unitization of lands,
16
17
   royalty, or other interest in minerals, or to lend or invest money;
18
   and
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- 19 (13) report of lending or investing money.
- 20 (c) Only the substance of a deposition must be recorded
- 21 under Subsection (b)(4). (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 15.)
- Sec. 52.053. INDEX. (a) The county clerk shall properly
- 23 index the records required under this chapter.
- 24 (b) The county clerk shall keep the index open for public
- 25 inspection, but may not release the index from the clerk's custody.
- 26 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 17A.)

CHAPTER 53. OTHER COURT DUTIES AND PROCEDURES 1 SUBCHAPTER A. ENFORCEMENT OF ORDERS 2 Sec. 53.001. ENFORCEMENT OF JUDGE'S ORDERS 3 [Sections 53.002-53.050 reserved for expansion] SUBCHAPTER B. COSTS AND SECURITY 5 Sec. 53.051. APPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN LAWS Sec. 53.052. SECURITY FOR CERTAIN COSTS 7 Sec. 53.053. EXEMPTION FROM PROBATE FEES FOR ESTATES 8 9 OF CERTAIN MILITARY SERVICEMEMBERS [Sections 53.054-53.100 reserved for expansion] 10 SUBCHAPTER C. PROCEDURES FOR PROBATE MATTERS 11 12 Sec. 53.101. CALLING OF DOCKETS Sec. 53.102. SETTING OF CERTAIN HEARINGS BY CLERK 13 Sec. 53.103. RENDERING OF DECISIONS, ORDERS, DECREES, 14 15 AND JUDGMENTS 16 Sec. 53.104. APPOINTMENT OF ATTORNEYS AD LITEM 17 Sec. 53.105. SIGNING OF MINUTES Sec. 53.106. EXECUTIONS IN PROBATE MATTERS 18 CHAPTER 53. OTHER COURT DUTIES AND PROCEDURES 19 20 SUBCHAPTER A. ENFORCEMENT OF ORDERS Sec. 53.001. ENFORCEMENT OF JUDGE'S ORDERS. A judge may 21 enforce the judge's lawful orders against an executor or 22 administrator by attachment and confinement. Unless this title 23 expressly provides otherwise, the term of confinement for any one 25 offense under this section may not exceed three days. (Tex. Prob. 26 Code, Sec. 24.)

[Sections 53.002-53.050 reserved for expansion]

27

- 1 SUBCHAPTER B. COSTS AND SECURITY
- 2 Sec. 53.051. APPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN LAWS. A law
- 3 regulating costs in ordinary civil cases applies to a probate
- 4 matter when not expressly provided for in this title. (Tex. Prob.
- 5 Code, Sec. 12(a).)
- 6 Sec. 53.052. SECURITY FOR CERTAIN COSTS. (a) The clerk may
- 7 require a person who files an application, complaint, or opposition
- 8 relating to an estate, other than the personal representative of
- 9 the estate, to provide security for the probable costs of the
- 10 proceeding before filing the application, complaint, or
- 11 opposition.
- 12 (b) At any time before the trial of an application,
- 13 complaint, or opposition described by Subsection (a), anyone
- 14 interested in the estate or an officer of the court may, by written
- 15 motion, obtain from the court an order requiring the person who
- 16 filed the application, complaint, or opposition to provide security
- 17 for the probable costs of the proceeding. The rules governing civil
- 18 suits in the county court with respect to giving security for the
- 19 probable costs of a proceeding control in cases described by
- 20 Subsection (a) and this subsection.
- 21 (c) An executor or administrator appointed by a court of
- 22 this state may not be required to provide security for costs in an
- 23 action brought by the executor or administrator in the executor's
- 24 or administrator's fiduciary capacity. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs.
- 25 12(b), (c).)
- Sec. 53.053. EXEMPTION FROM PROBATE FEES FOR ESTATES OF
- 27 CERTAIN MILITARY SERVICEMEMBERS. (a) In this section, "combat

- 1 zone" means an area that the president of the United States by
- 2 executive order designates for purposes of 26 U.S.C. Section 112 as
- 3 an area in which armed forces of the United States are or have
- 4 engaged in combat.
- 5 (b) Notwithstanding any other law, the clerk of a county
- 6 court may not charge, or collect from, the estate of a decedent any
- 7 of the following fees if the decedent died while in active service
- 8 as a member of the armed forces of the United States in a combat
- 9 zone:
- 10 (1) a fee for or associated with the filing of the
- 11 decedent's will for probate; and
- 12 (2) a fee for any service rendered by the probate court
- 13 regarding the administration of the decedent's estate. (Tex. Prob.
- 14 Code, Sec. 11A.)
- 15 [Sections 53.054-53.100 reserved for expansion]
- 16 SUBCHAPTER C. PROCEDURES FOR PROBATE MATTERS
- 17 Sec. 53.101. CALLING OF DOCKETS. The judge in whose court
- 18 probate proceedings are pending, at times determined by the judge,
- 19 shall:
- 20 (1) call the estates of decedents in the estates'
- 21 regular order on both the probate and claim dockets; and
- 22 (2) issue orders as necessary. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 23 19.)
- Sec. 53.102. SETTING OF CERTAIN HEARINGS BY CLERK. (a) If
- 25 a judge is unable to designate the time and place for hearing a
- 26 probate matter pending in the judge's court because the judge is
- 27 absent from the county seat or is on vacation, disqualified, ill, or

- 1 deceased, the county clerk of the county in which the matter is
- 2 pending may:
- 3 (1) designate the time and place for hearing;
- 4 (2) enter the setting on the judge's docket; and
- 5 (3) certify on the docket the reason that the judge is
- 6 not acting to set the hearing.
- 7 (b) If, after the perfection of the service of notices and
- 8 citations required by law concerning the time and place of hearing,
- 9 a qualified judge is not present for a hearing set under Subsection
- 10 (a), the hearing is automatically continued from day to day until a
- 11 qualified judge is present to hear and determine the matter. (Tex.
- 12 Prob. Code, Sec. 20.)
- 13 Sec. 53.103. RENDERING OF DECISIONS, ORDERS, DECREES, AND
- 14 JUDGMENTS. The county court shall render all decisions, orders,
- 15 decrees, and judgments in probate matters in open court, except as
- 16 otherwise specially provided. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 23 (part).)
- 17 Sec. 53.104. APPOINTMENT OF ATTORNEYS AD LITEM. (a) Except
- 18 as provided by Section 202.009(b), the judge of a probate court may
- 19 appoint an attorney ad litem in any probate proceeding to represent
- 20 the interests of:
- 21 (1) a person who has a legal disability;
- 22 (2) a nonresident;
- 23 (3) an unborn or unascertained person; or
- 24 (4) an unknown heir.
- 25 (b) An attorney ad litem appointed under this section is
- 26 entitled to reasonable compensation for services provided in the
- 27 amount set by the court, to be taxed as costs in the proceeding.

- 1 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 34A.)
- 2 Sec. 53.105. SIGNING OF MINUTES. (a) Except as provided by
- 3 Subsection (b), the judge shall approve and sign the minutes on the
- 4 first day of each month.
- 5 (b) If the first day of the month falls on a Sunday, the
- 6 judge's approval must be entered on the preceding or succeeding
- 7 day. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 23 (part).)
- 8 Sec. 53.106. EXECUTIONS IN PROBATE MATTERS. (a) An
- 9 execution in a probate matter must be:
- 10 (1) directed "to any sheriff or any constable within
- 11 the State of Texas";
- 12 (2) attested and signed by the clerk officially under
- 13 court seal; and
- 14 (3) made returnable in 60 days.
- 15 (b) A proceeding under an execution described by Subsection
- 16 (a) is governed, to the extent applicable, by the laws regulating a
- 17 proceeding under an execution issued by a district court.
- 18 (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (a), an execution directed
- 19 to the sheriff or a constable of a specific county in this state may
- 20 not be held defective if properly executed within that county by the
- 21 sheriff or constable to whom the execution is directed. (Tex. Prob.
- 22 Code, Sec. 25.)
- 23 CHAPTER 54. PLEADINGS AND EVIDENCE IN GENERAL
- SUBCHAPTER A. PLEADINGS
- 25 Sec. 54.001. EFFECT OF FILING OR CONTESTING PLEADING
- 26 Sec. 54.002. DEFECT IN PLEADING
- [Sections 54.003-54.050 reserved for expansion]

- 1 SUBCHAPTER B. EVIDENCE
- 2 Sec. 54.051. APPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN RULES RELATING
- 3 TO WITNESSES AND EVIDENCE
- 4 Sec. 54.052. USE OF CERTAIN RECORDS AS EVIDENCE
- 5 CHAPTER 54. PLEADINGS AND EVIDENCE IN GENERAL
- 6 SUBCHAPTER A. PLEADINGS
- 7 Sec. 54.001. EFFECT OF FILING OR CONTESTING PLEADING. (a)
- 8 The filing or contesting in probate court of a pleading relating to
- 9 a decedent's estate does not constitute tortious interference with
- 10 inheritance of the estate.
- 11 (b) This section does not abrogate any right of a person
- 12 under Rule 13, Texas Rules of Civil Procedure, or Chapter 10, Civil
- 13 Practice and Remedies Code. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 10C.)
- 14 Sec. 54.002. DEFECT IN PLEADING. A court may not invalidate
- 15 a pleading in probate, or an order based on the pleading, on the
- 16 basis of a defect of form or substance in the pleading unless a
- 17 timely objection has been made against the defect and the defect has
- 18 been called to the attention of the court in which the proceeding
- 19 was or is pending. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 9.)
- 20 [Sections 54.003-54.050 reserved for expansion]
- SUBCHAPTER B. EVIDENCE
- Sec. 54.051. APPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN RULES RELATING TO
- 23 WITNESSES AND EVIDENCE. Except as provided by Section 51.203, the
- 24 rules relating to witnesses and evidence that apply in the district
- 25 court apply in a proceeding arising under this title to the extent
- 26 practicable. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 22 (part).)
- Sec. 54.052. USE OF CERTAIN RECORDS AS EVIDENCE. The

- 1 following are admissible as evidence in any court of this state:
- 2 (1) record books described by Sections 52.001, 52.002,
- 3 and 52.003 and individual case files described by Section 52.052,
- 4 including records maintained in a manner allowed under Section
- 5 52.004; and
- 6 (2) certified copies or reproductions of the records.
- 7 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 18.)
- 8 CHAPTER 55. COMPLAINTS AND CONTESTS
- 9 SUBCHAPTER A. CONTEST OF PROCEEDINGS IN PROBATE COURT
- 10 Sec. 55.001. OPPOSITION IN PROBATE PROCEEDING
- 11 Sec. 55.002. TRIAL BY JURY
- 12 [Sections 55.003-55.050 reserved for expansion]
- 13 SUBCHAPTER B. INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION OR CHARITABLE
- 14 ORGANIZATION AS PARTY TO CERTAIN ACTIONS
- 15 Sec. 55.051. DEFINITION
- 16 Sec. 55.052. NECESSARY PARTY
- 17 Sec. 55.053. SERVICE OF PROCESS
- [Sections 55.054-55.100 reserved for expansion]
- 19 SUBCHAPTER C. MENTAL CAPACITY OF DECEDENT
- 20 Sec. 55.101. ENTITLEMENT TO PRODUCTION OF
- 21 COMMUNICATIONS AND RECORDS
- 22 Sec. 55.102. RELEASE OF RECORDS
- 23 [Sections 55.103-55.150 reserved for expansion]
- 24 SUBCHAPTER D. ATTACHMENT OF ESTATE PROPERTY
- 25 Sec. 55.151. ORDER FOR ISSUANCE OF WRIT OF ATTACHMENT
- 26 Sec. 55.152. BOND
- [Sections 55.153-55.200 reserved for expansion]

- 1 SUBCHAPTER E. SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE OF AGREEMENT TO TRANSFER TITLE
- 2 Sec. 55.201. COMPLAINT AND CITATION
- 3 Sec. 55.202. HEARING AND ORDER
- 4 Sec. 55.203. CONVEYANCE
- 5 [Sections 55.204-55.250 reserved for expansion]
- 6 SUBCHAPTER F. BILL OF REVIEW
- 7 Sec. 55.251. REVISION AND CORRECTION OF ORDER IN
- 8 PROBATE PROCEEDING
- 9 Sec. 55.252. INJUNCTION
- 10 CHAPTER 55. COMPLAINTS AND CONTESTS
- 11 SUBCHAPTER A. CONTEST OF PROCEEDINGS IN PROBATE COURT
- 12 Sec. 55.001. OPPOSITION IN PROBATE PROCEEDING. A person
- 13 interested in an estate may, at any time before the court decides an
- 14 issue in a proceeding, file written opposition regarding the issue.
- 15 The person is entitled to process for witnesses and evidence, and to
- 16 be heard on the opposition, as in other suits. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 17 Sec. 10.)
- 18 Sec. 55.002. TRIAL BY JURY. In a contested probate or
- 19 mental illness proceeding in a probate court, a party is entitled to
- 20 a jury trial as in other civil actions. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 21.)
- 21 [Sections 55.003-55.050 reserved for expansion]
- 22 SUBCHAPTER B. INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION OR CHARITABLE
- ORGANIZATION AS PARTY TO CERTAIN ACTIONS
- Sec. 55.051. DEFINITION. In this subchapter, "institution
- 25 of higher education" has the meaning assigned by Section 61.003,
- 26 Education Code. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 10A(a) (part).)
- Sec. 55.052. NECESSARY PARTY. An institution of higher

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- 1 education, a private institution of higher education, or a
- 2 charitable organization that is a distributee under a will is a
- 3 necessary party to a will contest or will construction suit
- 4 involving the will. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 10A(a) (part).)
- 5 Sec. 55.053. SERVICE OF PROCESS. The court shall serve an
- 6 institution or organization that is a necessary party under Section
- 7 55.052 in the manner provided by this title for service on other
- 8 parties. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 10A(b).)
- 9 [Sections 55.054-55.100 reserved for expansion]
- 10 SUBCHAPTER C. MENTAL CAPACITY OF DECEDENT
- 11 Sec. 55.101. ENTITLEMENT TO PRODUCTION OF COMMUNICATIONS
- 12 AND RECORDS. Notwithstanding Subtitle B, Title 3, Occupations
- 13 Code, a person who is a party to a will contest or proceeding in
- 14 which a party relies on the mental or testamentary capacity of a
- 15 decedent before the decedent's death as part of the party's claim or
- 16 defense is entitled to production of all communications or records
- 17 relevant to the decedent's condition before the decedent's death.
- 18 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 10B (part).)
- 19 Sec. 55.102. RELEASE OF RECORDS. On receipt of a subpoena
- 20 for communications or records described by Section 55.101 and a
- 21 file-stamped copy of the will contest or proceeding described by
- 22 that section, the appropriate physician, hospital, medical
- 23 facility, custodian of records, or other person in possession of
- 24 the communications or records shall release the communications or
- 25 records to the requesting party without further authorization.
- 26 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 10B (part).)
- [Sections 55.103-55.150 reserved for expansion]

- 1 SUBCHAPTER D. ATTACHMENT OF ESTATE PROPERTY
- 2 Sec. 55.151. ORDER FOR ISSUANCE OF WRIT OF ATTACHMENT. (a)
- 3 If a person interested in an estate files with the judge a written
- 4 complaint made under oath alleging that the executor or
- 5 administrator of the estate is about to remove the estate or part of
- 6 the estate outside of the state, the judge may order a writ of
- 7 attachment to issue, directed "to any sheriff or any constable
- 8 within the State of Texas." The writ must order the sheriff or
- 9 constable to:
- 10 (1) seize the estate or a part of the estate; and
- 11 (2) hold that property subject to the judge's
- 12 additional orders regarding the complaint.
- 13 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (a), a writ of attachment
- 14 directed to the sheriff or constable of a specific county within the
- 15 state is not defective if the writ was properly executed in that
- 16 county by that officer. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 26 (part).)
- 17 Sec. 55.152. BOND. Before a writ of attachment ordered
- 18 under Section 55.151 may be issued, the complainant must execute a
- 19 bond that is:
- 20 (1) payable to the executor or administrator of the
- 21 estate;
- 22 (2) in an amount set by the judge; and
- 23 (3) conditioned for the payment of all damages and
- 24 costs that are recovered for the wrongful suing out of the writ.
- 25 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 26 (part).)
- [Sections 55.153-55.200 reserved for expansion]

- 1 SUBCHAPTER E. SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE OF AGREEMENT TO TRANSFER TITLE
- 2 Sec. 55.201. COMPLAINT AND CITATION. (a) If a person sold
- 3 property and entered into a bond or other written agreement to
- 4 transfer title to the property and then died without transferring
- 5 the title, the owner of the bond or agreement or the owner's legal
- 6 representative may:
- 7 (1) file a written complaint in the court of the county
- 8 in which letters testamentary or of administration on the
- 9 decedent's estate were granted; and
- 10 (2) have the personal representative of the estate
- 11 cited to appear on a date stated in the citation and show cause why
- 12 specific performance of the bond or agreement should not be
- 13 ordered.
- 14 (b) Except as provided by Subsection (c), the bond or
- 15 agreement must be filed with the complaint described by Subsection
- 16 (a).
- 17 (c) If good cause under oath is shown why the bond or written
- 18 agreement cannot be filed with the complaint, the bond or agreement
- 19 or the substance of the bond or agreement must be stated in the
- 20 complaint. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 27 (part).)
- Sec. 55.202. HEARING AND ORDER. (a) After service of the
- 22 citation under Section 55.201, the court shall hear the complaint
- 23 and the evidence on the complaint.
- (b) The court shall order the personal representative to
- 25 transfer title to the property, according to the tenor of the bond
- 26 or agreement, to the complainant if the judge is satisfied from the
- 27 proof that:

- 1 (1) the bond or agreement was legally executed by the
- 2 decedent; and
- 3 (2) the complainant has a right to demand specific
- 4 performance.
- 5 (c) The order must fully describe the property to be
- 6 transferred. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 27 (part).)
- 7 Sec. 55.203. CONVEYANCE. (a) A conveyance made under this
- 8 subchapter must refer to and identify the court order authorizing
- 9 the conveyance. On delivery of the conveyance, all the right and
- 10 title to the property conveyed that the decedent had vests in the
- 11 person to whom the conveyance is made.
- 12 (b) A conveyance under this subchapter is prima facie
- 13 evidence that all requirements of the law for obtaining the
- 14 conveyance have been complied with. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 27
- 15 (part).)
- 16 [Sections 55.204-55.250 reserved for expansion]
- 17 SUBCHAPTER F. BILL OF REVIEW
- 18 Sec. 55.251. REVISION AND CORRECTION OF ORDER IN PROBATE
- 19 PROCEEDING. (a) An interested person may, by a bill of review
- 20 filed in the court in which the probate proceedings were held, have
- 21 an order rendered by the court revised and corrected on a showing of
- 22 error in the order.
- 23 (b) A bill of review to revise and correct an order may not
- 24 be filed more than two years after the date of the order. (Tex.
- 25 Prob. Code, Sec. 31 (part).)
- Sec. 55.252. INJUNCTION. A process or action under a court
- 27 order subject to a bill of review filed under Section 55.251 may be

- 1 stayed only by writ of injunction. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 31
- 2 (part).)
- 3 CHAPTER 56. CHANGE AND RESIGNATION OF RESIDENT AGENT OF PERSONAL
- 4 REPRESENTATIVE FOR SERVICE OF PROCESS
- 5 Sec. 56.001. CHANGE OF RESIDENT AGENT
- 6 Sec. 56.002. RESIGNATION OF RESIDENT AGENT
- 7 CHAPTER 56. CHANGE AND RESIGNATION OF RESIDENT AGENT OF PERSONAL
- 8 REPRESENTATIVE FOR SERVICE OF PROCESS
- 9 Sec. 56.001. CHANGE OF RESIDENT AGENT. (a) A personal
- 10 representative of an estate may change the representative's
- 11 resident agent to accept service of process in a probate proceeding
- 12 or other action relating to the estate by filing with the court in
- 13 which the probate proceeding is pending a statement titled
- 14 "Designation of Successor Resident Agent" that states the names and
- 15 addresses of:
- 16 (1) the representative;
- 17 (2) the resident agent; and
- 18 (3) the successor resident agent.
- 19 (b) The designation of a successor resident agent takes
- 20 effect on the date a statement under Subsection (a) is filed with
- 21 the court. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 221A.)
- Sec. 56.002. RESIGNATION OF RESIDENT AGENT. (a) A resident
- 23 agent of a personal representative may resign as resident agent by
- 24 giving notice to the representative and filing with the court in
- 25 which the probate proceeding is pending a statement titled
- 26 "Resignation of Resident Agent" that states:
- 27 (1) the name of the representative;

- 1 (2) the representative's address most recently known
- 2 by the resident agent;
- 3 (3) that notice of the resignation has been given to
- 4 the representative and the date that notice was given; and
- 5 (4) that the representative has not designated a
- 6 successor resident agent.
- 7 (b) The resident agent shall send, by certified mail, return
- 8 receipt requested, a copy of a resignation statement filed under
- 9 Subsection (a) to:
- 10 (1) the personal representative at the address most
- 11 recently known by the resident agent; and
- 12 (2) each party in the case or the party's attorney or
- 13 other designated representative of record.
- 14 (c) The resignation of a resident agent takes effect on the
- 15 date the court enters an order accepting the resignation. A court
- 16 may not enter an order accepting the resignation unless the
- 17 resident agent complies with this section. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 18 221B.)
- 19 [Chapters 57-100 reserved for expansion]
- 20 SUBTITLE C. PASSAGE OF TITLE AND DISTRIBUTION OF DECEDENTS'
- 21 PROPERTY IN GENERAL
- 22 CHAPTER 101. ESTATE ASSETS IN GENERAL
- 23 SUBCHAPTER A. PASSAGE AND POSSESSION OF DECEDENT'S ESTATE ON DEATH
- 24 Sec. 101.001. PASSAGE OF ESTATE ON DECEDENT'S DEATH
- 25 Sec. 101.002. EFFECT OF JOINT OWNERSHIP OF PROPERTY
- 26 Sec. 101.003. POSSESSION OF ESTATE BY PERSONAL
- 27 REPRESENTATIVE

- 1 [Sections 101.004-101.050 reserved for expansion]
- 2 SUBCHAPTER B. LIABILITY OF ESTATE FOR DEBTS
- 3 Sec. 101.051. LIABILITY OF ESTATE FOR DEBTS IN GENERAL
- 4 Sec. 101.052. LIABILITY OF COMMUNITY PROPERTY FOR
- 5 DEBTS OF DECEASED SPOUSE
- 6 CHAPTER 101. ESTATE ASSETS IN GENERAL
- 7 SUBCHAPTER A. PASSAGE AND POSSESSION OF DECEDENT'S ESTATE ON DEATH
- 8 Sec. 101.001. PASSAGE OF ESTATE ON DECEDENT'S DEATH. (a)
- 9 Subject to Section 101.051, if a person dies leaving a lawful will:
- 10 (1) all of the person's estate that is devised by the
- 11 will vests immediately in the devisees;
- 12 (2) all powers of appointment granted in the will vest
- 13 immediately in the donees of those powers; and
- 14 (3) all of the person's estate that is not devised by
- 15 the will vests immediately in the person's heirs at law.
- 16 (b) Subject to Section 101.051, the estate of a person who
- 17 dies intestate vests immediately in the person's heirs at law.
- 18 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 37 (part).)
- 19 Sec. 101.002. EFFECT OF JOINT OWNERSHIP OF PROPERTY. If two
- 20 or more persons hold an interest in property jointly and one joint
- 21 owner dies before severance, the interest of the decedent in the
- 22 joint estate:
- 23 (1) does not survive to the remaining joint owner or
- 24 owners; and
- 25 (2) passes by will or intestacy from the decedent as if
- 26 the decedent's interest had been severed. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 27 46(a) (part).)

- 1 Sec. 101.003. POSSESSION OF ESTATE BY PERSONAL
- 2 REPRESENTATIVE. On the issuance of letters testamentary or of
- 3 administration on an estate described by Section 101.001, the
- 4 executor or administrator has the right to possession of the estate
- 5 as the estate existed at the death of the testator or intestate,
- 6 subject to the exceptions provided by Section 101.051. The
- 7 executor or administrator shall recover possession of the estate
- 8 and hold the estate in trust to be disposed of in accordance with
- 9 the law. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 37 (part).)
- 10 [Sections 101.004-101.050 reserved for expansion]
- 11 SUBCHAPTER B. LIABILITY OF ESTATE FOR DEBTS
- 12 Sec. 101.051. LIABILITY OF ESTATE FOR DEBTS IN GENERAL. (a)
- 13 A decedent's estate vests in accordance with Section 101.001(a)
- 14 subject to the payment of:
- 15 (1) the debts of the decedent, except as exempted by
- 16 law; and
- 17 (2) any court-ordered child support payments that are
- 18 delinquent on the date of the decedent's death.
- 19 (b) A decedent's estate vests in accordance with Section
- 20 101.001(b) subject to the payment of, and is still liable for:
- 21 (1) the debts of the decedent, except as exempted by
- 22 law; and
- 23 (2) any court-ordered child support payments that are
- 24 delinquent on the date of the decedent's death. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 25 Sec. 37 (part).)
- Sec. 101.052. LIABILITY OF COMMUNITY PROPERTY FOR DEBTS OF
- 27 DECEASED SPOUSE. (a) The community property subject to the sole or

- 1 joint management, control, and disposition of a spouse during
- 2 marriage continues to be subject to the liabilities of that spouse
- 3 on death.
- 4 (b) The interest that the deceased spouse owned in any other
- 5 nonexempt community property passes to the deceased spouse's heirs
- 6 or devisees charged with the debts that were enforceable against
- 7 the deceased spouse before death.
- 8 (c) This section does not prohibit the administration of
- 9 community property under other provisions of this title relating to
- 10 the administration of an estate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 155
- 11 (part), 156 (part).)
- 12 CHAPTER 102. PROBATE ASSETS: DECEDENT'S HOMESTEAD
- 13 Sec. 102.001. TREATMENT OF CERTAIN CHILDREN
- 14 Sec. 102.002. HOMESTEAD RIGHTS NOT AFFECTED BY
- 15 CHARACTER OF THE HOMESTEAD
- 16 Sec. 102.003. PASSAGE OF HOMESTEAD
- 17 Sec. 102.004. LIABILITY OF HOMESTEAD FOR DEBTS
- 18 Sec. 102.005. PROHIBITIONS ON PARTITION OF HOMESTEAD
- 19 Sec. 102.006. CIRCUMSTANCES UNDER WHICH PARTITION OF
- 20 HOMESTEAD IS AUTHORIZED
- 21 CHAPTER 102. PROBATE ASSETS: DECEDENT'S HOMESTEAD
- Sec. 102.001. TREATMENT OF CERTAIN CHILDREN. For purposes
- 23 of determining homestead rights, a child is a child of his or her
- 24 mother and a child of his or her father, as provided by Sections
- 25 201.051, 201.052, and 201.053. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 42(c)
- 26 (part).)
- Sec. 102.002. HOMESTEAD RIGHTS NOT AFFECTED BY CHARACTER OF

- 1 THE HOMESTEAD. The homestead rights and the respective interests
- 2 of the surviving spouse and children of a decedent are the same
- 3 whether the homestead was the decedent's separate property or was
- 4 community property between the surviving spouse and the decedent.
- 5 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 282.)
- 6 Sec. 102.003. PASSAGE OF HOMESTEAD. The homestead of a
- 7 decedent who dies leaving a surviving spouse descends and vests on
- 8 the decedent's death in the same manner as other real property of
- 9 the decedent and is governed by the same laws of descent and
- 10 distribution. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 283.)
- 11 Sec. 102.004. LIABILITY OF HOMESTEAD FOR DEBTS. The
- 12 homestead is not liable for the payment of any of the debts of the
- 13 estate, other than:
- 14 (1) purchase money for the homestead;
- 15 (2) taxes due on the homestead;
- 16 (3) work and material used in constructing
- 17 improvements on the homestead if the requirements of Section
- 18 50(a)(5), Article XVI, Texas Constitution, are met;
- 19 (4) an owelty of partition imposed against the
- 20 entirety of the property by a court order or written agreement of
- 21 the parties to the partition, including a debt of one spouse in
- 22 favor of the other spouse resulting from a division or an award of a
- 23 family homestead in a divorce proceeding;
- 24 (5) the refinance of a lien against the homestead,
- 25 including a federal tax lien resulting from the tax debt of both
- 26 spouses, if the homestead is a family homestead, or from the tax
- 27 debt of the decedent;

- 1 (6) an extension of credit on the homestead if the
- 2 requirements of Section 50(a)(6), Article XVI, Texas Constitution,
- 3 are met; or
- 4 (7) a reverse mortgage. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 270.)
- 5 Sec. 102.005. PROHIBITIONS ON PARTITION OF HOMESTEAD. The
- 6 homestead may not be partitioned among the decedent's heirs:
- 7 (1) during the lifetime of the surviving spouse for as
- 8 long as the surviving spouse elects to use or occupy the property as
- 9 a homestead; or
- 10 (2) during the period the guardian of the decedent's
- 11 minor children is permitted to use and occupy the homestead under a
- 12 court order. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 284.)
- 13 Sec. 102.006. CIRCUMSTANCES UNDER WHICH PARTITION OF
- 14 HOMESTEAD IS AUTHORIZED. The homestead may be partitioned among
- 15 the respective owners of the property in the same manner as other
- 16 property held in common if:
- 17 (1) the surviving spouse dies, sells his or her
- 18 interest in the homestead, or elects to no longer use or occupy the
- 19 property as a homestead; or
- 20 (2) the court no longer permits the guardian of the
- 21 minor children to use and occupy the property as a homestead. (Tex.
- 22 Prob. Code, Sec. 285.)
- [Chapters 103-110 reserved for expansion]

- 1 CHAPTER 111. NONPROBATE ASSETS IN GENERAL
- 2 SUBCHAPTER A. RIGHT OF SURVIVORSHIP AGREEMENTS
- 3 BETWEEN JOINT TENANTS
- 4 Sec. 111.001. RIGHT OF SURVIVORSHIP AGREEMENTS
- 5 AUTHORIZED
- 6 Sec. 111.002. AGREEMENTS CONCERNING COMMUNITY PROPERTY
- 7 [Sections 111.003-111.050 reserved for expansion]
- 8 SUBCHAPTER B. OTHER PROVISIONS FOR PAYMENT OR TRANSFER
- 9 OF CERTAIN ASSETS ON DEATH
- 10 Sec. 111.051. DEFINITIONS
- 11 Sec. 111.052. VALIDITY OF CERTAIN NONTESTAMENTARY
- 12 INSTRUMENTS AND PROVISIONS
- 13 Sec. 111.053. CREDITOR'S RIGHTS NOT LIMITED
- 14 CHAPTER 111. NONPROBATE ASSETS IN GENERAL
- 15 SUBCHAPTER A. RIGHT OF SURVIVORSHIP AGREEMENTS
- 16 BETWEEN JOINT TENANTS
- 17 Sec. 111.001. RIGHT OF SURVIVORSHIP AGREEMENTS AUTHORIZED.
- 18 (a) Notwithstanding Section 101.002, two or more persons who hold
- 19 an interest in property jointly may agree in writing that the
- 20 interest of a joint owner who dies survives to the surviving joint
- 21 owner or owners.
- (b) An agreement described by Subsection (a) may not be
- 23 inferred from the mere fact that property is held in joint
- 24 ownership. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 46(a) (part).)
- Sec. 111.002. AGREEMENTS CONCERNING COMMUNITY PROPERTY.
- 26 (a) Section 111.001 does not apply to an agreement between spouses
- 27 regarding the spouses' community property.

- 1 (b) An agreement between spouses regarding a right of
- 2 survivorship in community property is governed by Chapter 112.
- 3 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 46(b).)
- 4 [Sections 111.003-111.050 reserved for expansion]
- 5 SUBCHAPTER B. OTHER PROVISIONS FOR PAYMENT OR TRANSFER
- 6 OF CERTAIN ASSETS ON DEATH
- 7 Sec. 111.051. DEFINITIONS. In this subchapter:
- 8 (1) "Employees' trust" means:
- 9 (A) a trust that forms a part of a stock-bonus,
- 10 pension, or profit-sharing plan under Section 401, Internal Revenue
- 11 Code of 1954 (26 U.S.C. Section 401 (1986));
- 12 (B) a pension trust under Chapter 111, Property
- 13 Code; and
- 14 (C) an employer-sponsored benefit plan or
- 15 program, or any other retirement savings arrangement, including a
- 16 pension plan created under Section 3, Employee Retirement Income
- 17 Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. Section 1002 (1986)), regardless of
- 18 whether the plan, program, or arrangement is funded through a
- 19 trust.
- 20 (2) "Financial institution" has the meaning assigned
- 21 by Section 113.001.
- 22 (3) "Individual retirement account" means a trust,
- 23 custodial arrangement, or annuity under Section 408(a) or (b),
- 24 Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (26 U.S.C. Section 408 (1986)).
- 25 (4) "Retirement account" means a retirement-annuity
- 26 contract, an individual retirement account, a simplified employee
- 27 pension, or any other retirement savings arrangement.

- 1 (5) "Retirement-annuity contract" means an annuity
- 2 contract under Section 403, Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (26
- 3 U.S.C. Section 403 (1986)).
- 4 (6) "Simplified employee pension" means a trust,
- 5 custodial arrangement, or annuity under Section 408, Internal
- 6 Revenue Code of 1954 (26 U.S.C. Section 408 (1986)). (Tex. Prob.
- 7 Code, Secs. 450(a) (part), (c).)
- 8 Sec. 111.052. VALIDITY OF CERTAIN NONTESTAMENTARY
- 9 INSTRUMENTS AND PROVISIONS. (a) This code does not invalidate:
- 10 (1) any provision in an insurance policy, employment
- 11 contract, bond, mortgage, promissory note, deposit agreement,
- 12 employees' trust, retirement account, deferred compensation
- 13 arrangement, custodial agreement, pension plan, trust agreement,
- 14 conveyance of property, security, account with a financial
- 15 institution, mutual fund account, or any other written instrument
- 16 effective as a contract, gift, conveyance, or trust, stating that:
- 17 (A) money or other benefits under the instrument
- 18 due to or controlled or owned by a decedent shall be paid after the
- 19 decedent's death, or property that is the subject of the instrument
- 20 shall pass, to a person designated by the decedent in the instrument
- 21 or in a separate writing, including a will, executed at the same
- 22 time as the instrument or subsequently; or
- (B) money due or to become due under the
- 24 instrument shall cease to be payable if the promisee or promissor
- 25 dies before payment or demand; or
- 26 (2) an instrument described by Subdivision (1).
- 27 (b) A provision described by Subsection (a)(1) is

- H.B. No. 2502
- 1 considered nontestamentary. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 450(a) (part).)
- 2 Sec. 111.053. CREDITOR'S RIGHTS NOT LIMITED. Nothing in
- 3 this subchapter limits the rights of a creditor under another law of
- 4 this state. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 450(b).)
- 5 CHAPTER 112. COMMUNITY PROPERTY WITH RIGHT OF SURVIVORSHIP
- 6 SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS
- 7 Sec. 112.001. DEFINITION OF COMMUNITY PROPERTY
- 8 SURVIVORSHIP AGREEMENT
- 9 Sec. 112.002. APPLICABILITY OF OTHER LAW TO COMMUNITY
- 10 PROPERTY HELD IN MULTIPLE-PARTY
- 11 ACCOUNTS
- 12 [Sections 112.003-112.050 reserved for expansion]
- 13 SUBCHAPTER B. COMMUNITY PROPERTY SURVIVORSHIP AGREEMENTS
- 14 Sec. 112.051. AGREEMENT FOR RIGHT OF SURVIVORSHIP IN
- 15 COMMUNITY PROPERTY
- 16 Sec. 112.052. FORM OF AGREEMENT
- 17 Sec. 112.053. ADJUDICATION NOT REQUIRED
- 18 Sec. 112.054. REVOCATION OF AGREEMENT
- 19 [Sections 112.055-112.100 reserved for expansion]
- 20 SUBCHAPTER C. ADJUDICATION TO PROVE COMMUNITY PROPERTY
- 21 SURVIVORSHIP AGREEMENT
- 22 Sec. 112.101. APPLICATION AUTHORIZED
- 23 Sec. 112.102. PROOF REQUIRED BY COURT
- 24 Sec. 112.103. METHOD OF PROOF OF SIGNATURES
- 25 Sec. 112.104. COURT ACTION; ISSUANCE OF ORDER
- 26 Sec. 112.105. EFFECT OF ORDER
- 27 Sec. 112.106. CUSTODY OF ADJUDICATED AGREEMENT

[Sections 112.107-112.150 reserved for expansion] 1 2 SUBCHAPTER D. OWNERSHIP AND TRANSFER OF COMMUNITY PROPERTY SUBJECT 3 TO AGREEMENT Sec. 112.151. OWNERSHIP OF PROPERTY DURING MARRIAGE; 5 MANAGEMENT RIGHTS 6 Sec. 112.152. NONTESTAMENTARY NATURE OF TRANSFERS 7 UNDER AGREEMENT 8 [Sections 112.153-112.200 reserved for expansion] SUBCHAPTER E. THIRD PARTIES DEALING WITH COMMUNITY PROPERTY SUBJECT TO RIGHT OF SURVIVORSHIP 10 11 Sec. 112.201. DEFINITION OF CERTIFIED COPY 12 Sec. 112.202. ACTUAL KNOWLEDGE OR NOTICE OF AGREEMENT 13 Sec. 112.203. PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE WITHOUT ACTUAL 14 KNOWLEDGE OF AGREEMENT 15 Sec. 112.204. THIRD-PARTY PURCHASER WITHOUT NOTICE OF AGREEMENT 16 17 Sec. 112.205. DEBTORS AND OTHER PERSONS WITHOUT NOTICE OF AGREEMENT 18 19 Sec. 112.206. THIRD-PARTY PURCHASER WITHOUT NOTICE OF 20 REVOCATION OF AGREEMENT 21 Sec. 112.207. DEBTORS AND OTHER PERSONS WITHOUT NOTICE OF REVOCATION OF AGREEMENT 22 23 Sec. 112.208. RIGHTS OF SURVIVING SPOUSE AGAINST 24 CREDITORS

[Sections 112.209-112.250 reserved for expansion]

SUBCHAPTER F. RIGHTS OF CREDITORS

27 Sec. 112.251. MULTIPLE-PARTY ACCOUNTS

25

26

- 1 Sec. 112.252. LIABILITIES OF DECEASED SPOUSE NOT
- 2 AFFECTED BY RIGHT OF SURVIVORSHIP
- 3 Sec. 112.253. RIGHTS OF DECEASED SPOUSE'S CREDITORS IN
- 4 RELATION TO THIRD PARTIES
- 5 CHAPTER 112. COMMUNITY PROPERTY WITH RIGHT OF SURVIVORSHIP
- 6 SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS
- 7 Sec. 112.001. DEFINITION OF COMMUNITY PROPERTY
- 8 SURVIVORSHIP AGREEMENT. In this chapter, "community property
- 9 survivorship agreement" means an agreement between spouses
- 10 creating a right of survivorship in community property. (New.)
- 11 Sec. 112.002. APPLICABILITY OF OTHER LAW TO COMMUNITY
- 12 PROPERTY HELD IN MULTIPLE-PARTY ACCOUNTS. Chapter 113 applies to
- 13 multiple-party accounts held by spouses with a right of
- 14 survivorship to the extent that chapter is not inconsistent with
- 15 this chapter. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 462.)
- [Sections 112.003-112.050 reserved for expansion]
- 17 SUBCHAPTER B. COMMUNITY PROPERTY SURVIVORSHIP AGREEMENTS
- 18 Sec. 112.051. AGREEMENT FOR RIGHT OF SURVIVORSHIP IN
- 19 COMMUNITY PROPERTY. At any time, spouses may agree between
- 20 themselves that all or part of their community property, then
- 21 existing or to be acquired, becomes the property of the surviving
- 22 spouse on the death of a spouse. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 451.)
- Sec. 112.052. FORM OF AGREEMENT. (a) A community property
- 24 survivorship agreement must be in writing and signed by both
- 25 spouses.
- 26 (b) A written agreement signed by both spouses is sufficient
- 27 to create a right of survivorship in the community property

- 1 described in the agreement if the agreement includes any of the
- 2 following phrases:
- 3 (1) "with right of survivorship";
- 4 (2) "will become the property of the survivor";
- 5 (3) "will vest in and belong to the surviving spouse";
- 6 or
- 7 (4) "shall pass to the surviving spouse."
- 8 (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (b), a community property
- 9 survivorship agreement that otherwise meets the requirements of
- 10 this chapter is effective without including any of the phrases
- 11 listed in that subsection. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 452.)
- 12 Sec. 112.053. ADJUDICATION NOT REQUIRED. A community
- 13 property survivorship agreement that satisfies the requirements of
- 14 this chapter is effective and enforceable without an adjudication.
- 15 (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 456(a) (part), 458 (part).)
- Sec. 112.054. REVOCATION OF AGREEMENT. (a) A community
- 17 property survivorship agreement made in accordance with this
- 18 chapter may be revoked as provided by the terms of the agreement.
- 19 (b) If a community property survivorship agreement does not
- 20 provide a method of revocation, the agreement may be revoked by a
- 21 written instrument:
- 22 (1) signed by both spouses; or
- 23 (2) signed by one spouse and delivered to the other
- 24 spouse.
- 25 (c) A community property survivorship agreement may be
- 26 revoked with respect to specific property subject to the agreement
- 27 by the disposition of the property by one or both spouses if the

- 1 disposition is not inconsistent with specific terms of the
- 2 agreement and applicable law. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 455.)
- 3 [Sections 112.055-112.100 reserved for expansion]
- 4 SUBCHAPTER C. ADJUDICATION TO PROVE COMMUNITY PROPERTY
- 5 SURVIVORSHIP AGREEMENT
- 6 Sec. 112.101. APPLICATION AUTHORIZED. (a) Notwithstanding
- 7 Section 112.053, after the death of a spouse, the surviving spouse
- 8 or the surviving spouse's personal representative may apply to the
- 9 court for an order stating that a community property survivorship
- 10 agreement satisfies the requirements of this chapter and is
- 11 effective to create a right of survivorship in community property.
- 12 (b) An application under this section must include:
- 13 (1) the surviving spouse's name and domicile;
- 14 (2) the deceased spouse's name and former domicile;
- 15 (3) the fact, time, and place of the deceased spouse's
- 16 death;
- 17 (4) facts establishing venue in the court; and
- 18 (5) the deceased spouse's social security number, if
- 19 known.
- 20 (c) An application under this section must be filed in the
- 21 county of proper venue for administration of the deceased spouse's
- 22 estate.
- 23 (d) The original community property survivorship agreement
- 24 shall be filed with an application under this section. (Tex. Prob.
- 25 Code, Secs. 456(a) (part), (d).)
- Sec. 112.102. PROOF REQUIRED BY COURT. An applicant for an
- 27 order under Section 112.101 must prove to the court's satisfaction

- 1 that:
- 2 (1) the spouse whose community property interest is at
- 3 issue is deceased;
- 4 (2) the court has jurisdiction and venue;
- 5 (3) the agreement was executed with the formalities
- 6 required by law;
- 7 (4) the agreement was not revoked; and
- 8 (5) citation has been served and returned in the
- 9 manner and for the length of time required by this title. (Tex
- 10 Prob. Code, Sec. 456(b).)
- 11 Sec. 112.103. METHOD OF PROOF OF SIGNATURES. (a) The
- 12 deceased spouse's signature to an agreement that is the subject of
- 13 an application under Section 112.101 may be proved by:
- 14 (1) the sworn testimony of one witness taken in open
- 15 court;
- 16 (2) the affidavit of one witness; or
- 17 (3) the written or oral deposition of one witness
- 18 taken in the same manner and under the same rules as depositions in
- 19 other civil actions.
- 20 (b) If the surviving spouse is competent to make an oath,
- 21 the surviving spouse's signature to the agreement may be proved by:
- 22 (1) the sworn testimony of the surviving spouse taken
- 23 in open court;
- 24 (2) the surviving spouse's affidavit; or
- 25 (3) the written or oral deposition of the surviving
- 26 spouse taken in the same manner and under the same rules as
- 27 depositions in other civil actions.

- 1 (c) If the surviving spouse is not competent to make an
- 2 oath, the surviving spouse's signature to the agreement may be
- 3 proved in the manner provided by Subsection (a) for proof of the
- 4 deceased spouse's signature. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 456(c).)
- 5 Sec. 112.104. COURT ACTION; ISSUANCE OF ORDER. (a) Or
- 6 completion of a hearing on an application under Section 112.101, if
- 7 the court is satisfied that the requisite proof has been made, the
- 8 court shall enter an order adjudging the agreement valid.
- 9 (b) Certified copies of the agreement and order may be:
- 10 (1) recorded in other counties; and
- 11 (2) used in evidence, as the original agreement might
- 12 be, on the trial of the same matter in any other court, on appeal or
- 13 otherwise. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 457.)
- 14 Sec. 112.105. EFFECT OF ORDER. (a) An order under this
- 15 subchapter adjudging a community property survivorship agreement
- 16 valid constitutes sufficient authority to a person who:
- 17 (1) owes money, has custody of any property, or acts as
- 18 registrar or transfer agent of any evidence of interest,
- 19 indebtedness, property, or right that is subject to the terms of the
- 20 agreement; or
- 21 (2) purchases from or otherwise deals with the
- 22 surviving spouse for payment or transfer to the surviving spouse.
- 23 (b) The surviving spouse may enforce that spouse's right to
- 24 a payment or transfer from a person described by Subsection (a)(2).
- 25 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 458 (part).)
- Sec. 112.106. CUSTODY OF ADJUDICATED AGREEMENT. (a) Ar
- 27 original community property survivorship agreement adjudicated

- 1 under this subchapter, together with the order adjudging the
- 2 agreement valid, shall be deposited in the office of the county
- 3 clerk of the county in which the agreement was adjudicated and must
- 4 remain at that office, except during a period when the agreement is
- 5 moved to another location for inspection on order of the court in
- 6 which the agreement was adjudicated.
- 7 (b) If the court orders an original community property
- 8 survivorship agreement adjudicated under this subchapter to be
- 9 moved to another location for inspection, the person moving the
- 10 original agreement shall give a receipt for the agreement and the
- 11 court clerk shall make and retain a copy of the original agreement.
- 12 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 459.)
- [Sections 112.107-112.150 reserved for expansion]
- 14 SUBCHAPTER D. OWNERSHIP AND TRANSFER OF COMMUNITY PROPERTY SUBJECT
- TO AGREEMENT
- 16 Sec. 112.151. OWNERSHIP OF PROPERTY DURING MARRIAGE;
- 17 MANAGEMENT RIGHTS. (a) Property subject to a community property
- 18 survivorship agreement remains community property during the
- 19 marriage of the spouses.
- 20 (b) Unless the agreement provides otherwise, a community
- 21 property survivorship agreement does not affect the rights of the
- 22 spouses concerning the management, control, and disposition of
- 23 property subject to the agreement. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 453.)
- Sec. 112.152. NONTESTAMENTARY NATURE OF TRANSFERS UNDER
- 25 AGREEMENT. (a) Transfers at death resulting from community
- 26 property survivorship agreements made in accordance with this
- 27 chapter are effective by reason of the agreements involved and are

- 1 not testamentary transfers.
- 2 (b) Except as expressly provided otherwise by this title,
- 3 transfers described by Subsection (a) are not subject to the
- 4 provisions of this title applicable to testamentary transfers.
- 5 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 454.)
- 6 [Sections 112.153-112.200 reserved for expansion]
- 7 SUBCHAPTER E. THIRD PARTIES DEALING WITH COMMUNITY PROPERTY
- 8 SUBJECT TO RIGHT OF SURVIVORSHIP
- 9 Sec. 112.201. DEFINITION OF CERTIFIED COPY. In this
- 10 subchapter, a "certified copy" means a copy of an official record or
- 11 document that is:
- 12 (1) authorized by law to be recorded or filed and
- 13 actually recorded or filed in a public office; and
- 14 (2) certified as correct in accordance with Rule 902,
- 15 Texas Rules of Evidence. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 460(f) (part).)
- Sec. 112.202. ACTUAL KNOWLEDGE OR NOTICE OF AGREEMENT. (a)
- 17 In this subchapter, a person or entity has "actual knowledge" of a
- 18 community property survivorship agreement or the revocation of a
- 19 community property survivorship agreement only if the person or
- 20 entity has received:
- 21 (1) written notice of the agreement or revocation; or
- 22 (2) the original or a certified copy of the agreement
- 23 or revoking instrument.
- (b) In this subchapter, a person or entity has "notice" of a
- 25 community property survivorship agreement or the revocation of a
- 26 community property survivorship agreement if:
- 27 (1) the person or entity has actual knowledge of the

- 1 agreement or revocation; or
- 2 (2) with respect to real property, the agreement or
- 3 revoking instrument is properly recorded in the county in which the
- 4 real property is located. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 460(f) (part).)
- 5 Sec. 112.203. PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE WITHOUT ACTUAL
- 6 KNOWLEDGE OF AGREEMENT. If the personal representative of a
- 7 deceased spouse's estate has no actual knowledge of the existence
- 8 of an agreement creating a right of survivorship in community
- 9 property in the surviving spouse, the personal representative is
- 10 not liable to the surviving spouse or any person claiming from the
- 11 surviving spouse for selling, exchanging, distributing, or
- 12 otherwise disposing of the property. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 13 460(a).)
- 14 Sec. 112.204. THIRD-PARTY PURCHASER WITHOUT NOTICE OF
- 15 AGREEMENT. (a) This section applies only to a person or entity who
- 16 for value purchases property:
- 17 (1) from a person claiming from a deceased spouse more
- 18 than six months after the date of the deceased spouse's death or
- 19 from the personal representative of the deceased spouse's estate;
- 20 and
- 21 (2) without notice of the existence of an agreement
- 22 creating a right of survivorship in the property in the surviving
- 23 spouse.
- 24 (b) A purchaser of property from a person claiming from the
- 25 deceased spouse has good title to the interest in the property that
- 26 the person would have had in the absence of the agreement described
- 27 by Subsection (a)(2), as against the claims of the surviving spouse

- 1 or any person claiming from the surviving spouse.
- 2 (c) A purchaser of property from the personal
- 3 representative of the deceased spouse's estate has good title to
- 4 the interest in the property that the personal representative would
- 5 have had authority to convey in the absence of the agreement
- 6 described by Subsection (a)(2), as against the claims of the
- 7 surviving spouse or any person claiming from the surviving spouse.
- 8 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 460(b).)
- 9 Sec. 112.205. DEBTORS AND OTHER PERSONS WITHOUT NOTICE OF
- 10 AGREEMENT. (a) This section applies only to a person or entity
- 11 who:
- 12 (1) owes money to a deceased spouse; or
- 13 (2) has custody of property or acts as registrar or
- 14 transfer agent of any evidence of interest, indebtedness, property,
- 15 or right owned by a deceased spouse before that spouse's death.
- 16 (b) A person or entity with no actual knowledge of the
- 17 existence of an agreement creating a right of survivorship in
- 18 property described by Subsection (a) in the surviving spouse may
- 19 pay or transfer that property to the personal representative of the
- 20 deceased spouse's estate or, if no administration of the deceased
- 21 spouse's estate is pending, to the heirs or devisees of the estate
- 22 and shall be discharged from all claims for those amounts or
- 23 property paid or transferred. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 460(d).)
- Sec. 112.206. THIRD-PARTY PURCHASER WITHOUT NOTICE OF
- 25 REVOCATION OF AGREEMENT. (a) This section applies only to a person
- 26 or entity who for value purchases property from a surviving spouse
- 27 more than six months after the date of the deceased spouse's death

- 1 and:
- 2 (1) with respect to personal property:
- 3 (A) the purchaser has received an original or
- 4 certified copy of an agreement purporting to create a right of
- 5 survivorship in the personal property in the surviving spouse,
- 6 purportedly signed by both spouses; and
- 7 (B) the purchaser has no notice of the revocation
- 8 of the agreement; or
- 9 (2) with respect to real property:
- 10 (A) the purchaser has received an original or
- 11 certified copy of an agreement purporting to create a right of
- 12 survivorship in the real property in the surviving spouse,
- 13 purportedly signed by both spouses or such an agreement is properly
- 14 recorded in a county in which any part of the real property is
- 15 located; and
- 16 (B) the purchaser has no notice of the revocation
- 17 of the agreement.
- 18 (b) A purchaser has good title to the interest in the
- 19 property that the surviving spouse would have had in the absence of
- 20 the revocation of the agreement, as against the claims of the
- 21 personal representative of the deceased spouse's estate or any
- 22 person claiming from the representative or the deceased spouse.
- 23 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 460(c).)
- Sec. 112.207. DEBTORS AND OTHER PERSONS WITHOUT NOTICE OF
- 25 REVOCATION OF AGREEMENT. (a) This section applies only to a person
- 26 or entity who:
- 27 (1) owes money to a deceased spouse; or

- 1 (2) has custody of property or acts as registrar or 2 transfer agent of any evidence of interest, indebtedness, property, 3 or right owned by a deceased spouse before that spouse's death.
- (b) If a person or entity is presented with the original or a certified copy of an agreement creating a right of survivorship in property described by Subsection (a) in the surviving spouse, purportedly signed by both spouses, and if the person or entity has no actual knowledge that the agreement was revoked, the person or entity may pay or transfer that property to the surviving spouse and shall be discharged from all claims for those amounts or property paid or transferred. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 460(e).)
- 11 Sec. 112.208. RIGHTS OF SURVIVING SPOUSE AGAINST CREDITORS. 12 Except as expressly provided by this subchapter, this subchapter 13 14 does not affect the rights of a surviving spouse or person claiming 15 from the surviving spouse in disputes with persons claiming from a deceased spouse or the successors of any of them concerning a 16 17 beneficial interest in property or the proceeds from a beneficial interest in property, subject to a right of survivorship under an 18 19 agreement that satisfies the requirements of this chapter.
- 20 Prob. Code, Sec. 460(g).)
- 21 [Sections 112.209-112.250 reserved for expansion]
- 22 SUBCHAPTER F. RIGHTS OF CREDITORS
- Sec. 112.251. MULTIPLE-PARTY ACCOUNTS. Chapter 113 governs the rights of creditors with respect to multiple-party accounts, as
- 25 defined by Section 113.004. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 461 (part).)
- Sec. 112.252. LIABILITIES OF DECEASED SPOUSE NOT AFFECTED
- 27 BY RIGHT OF SURVIVORSHIP. (a) Except as expressly provided by

- 1 Section 112.251, the community property subject to the sole or
- 2 joint management, control, and disposition of a spouse during
- 3 marriage continues to be subject to the liabilities of that spouse
- 4 on that spouse's death without regard to a right of survivorship in
- 5 the surviving spouse under an agreement made in accordance with
- 6 this chapter.
- 7 (b) The surviving spouse is liable to account to the
- 8 deceased spouse's personal representative for property received by
- 9 the surviving spouse under a right of survivorship to the extent
- 10 necessary to discharge the deceased spouse's liabilities.
- 11 (c) A proceeding to assert a liability under Subsection (b):
- 12 (1) may be commenced only if the deceased spouse's
- 13 personal representative has received a written demand by a
- 14 creditor; and
- 15 (2) must be commenced on or before the second
- 16 anniversary of the deceased spouse's death.
- 17 (d) Property recovered by the deceased spouse's personal
- 18 representative under this section shall be administered as part of
- 19 the deceased spouse's estate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 461 (part).)
- 20 Sec. 112.253. RIGHTS OF DECEASED SPOUSE'S CREDITORS IN
- 21 RELATION TO THIRD PARTIES. This subchapter does not affect the
- 22 protection afforded to a person or entity under Subchapter E
- 23 unless, before payment or transfer to the surviving spouse, the
- 24 person or entity received a written notice from the deceased
- 25 spouse's personal representative stating the amount needed to
- 26 discharge the deceased spouse's liabilities. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 27 461 (part).)

CHAPTER 113. MULTIPLE-PARTY ACCOUNTS 1 SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS 2 3 Sec. 113.001. GENERAL DEFINITIONS 4 Sec. 113.002. DEFINITION OF PARTY 5 Sec. 113.003. DEFINITION OF NET CONTRIBUTION 6 Sec. 113.004. TYPES OF ACCOUNTS 7 Sec. 113.005. AUTHORITY OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS TO 8 ENTER INTO CERTAIN ACCOUNTS 9 [Sections 113.006-113.050 reserved for expansion] SUBCHAPTER B. UNIFORM ACCOUNT FORM 10 11 Sec. 113.051. ESTABLISHMENT OF TYPE OF ACCOUNT; APPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN LAW 12 13 Sec. 113.052. FORM 14 Sec. 113.053. USE OF FORM; DISCLOSURE 15 [Sections 113.054-113.100 reserved for expansion] 16 SUBCHAPTER C. OWNERSHIP AND OPERATION OF ACCOUNTS 17 Sec. 113.101. EFFECT OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS REGARDING OWNERSHIP BETWEEN PARTIES AND OTHERS 18 19 Sec. 113.102. OWNERSHIP OF JOINT ACCOUNT DURING 20 PARTIES' LIFETIMES 21 Sec. 113.103. OWNERSHIP OF P.O.D. ACCOUNT DURING ORIGINAL PAYEE'S LIFETIME 22 Sec. 113.104. OWNERSHIP OF TRUST ACCOUNT DURING 23 24 TRUSTEE'S LIFETIME 25 Sec. 113.105. OWNERSHIP OF CONVENIENCE ACCOUNT; 26 ADDITIONS AND ACCRUALS [Sections 113.106-113.150 reserved for expansion] 27

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SUBCHAPTER D. RIGHTS OF SURVIVORSHIP IN ACCOUNTS
 1
 2 Sec. 113.151. ESTABLISHMENT OF RIGHT OF SURVIVORSHIP
                     IN JOINT ACCOUNT; OWNERSHIP ON DEATH
 3
 4
                    OF PARTY
 5
   Sec. 113.152. OWNERSHIP OF P.O.D. ACCOUNT ON DEATH OF
 6
                    PARTY
 7 Sec. 113.153. OWNERSHIP OF TRUST ACCOUNT ON DEATH OF
8
                    TRUSTEE
 9 Sec. 113.154. OWNERSHIP OF CONVENIENCE ACCOUNT ON
                   DEATH OF PARTY
10
11 Sec. 113.155. EFFECT OF DEATH OF PARTY ON CERTAIN
                    ACCOUNTS WITHOUT RIGHTS OF
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   Sec. 113.202. PAYMENT OF MULTIPLE-PARTY ACCOUNT
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- 1 Sec. 113.207. LIABILITY FOR PAYMENT FROM JOINT ACCOUNT
- 2 AFTER DEATH
- 3 Sec. 113.208. LIABILITY FOR PAYMENT FROM CONVENIENCE
- 4 ACCOUNT
- 5 Sec. 113.209. DISCHARGE FROM CLAIMS
- 6 Sec. 113.210. SET-OFF TO FINANCIAL INSTITUTION
- 7 [Sections 113.211-113.250 reserved for expansion]
- 8 SUBCHAPTER F. RIGHTS OF CREDITORS; PLEDGE OF ACCOUNT
- 9 Sec. 113.251. PLEDGE OF ACCOUNT
- 10 Sec. 113.252. RIGHTS OF CREDITORS
- 11 Sec. 113.253. NO EFFECT ON CERTAIN RIGHTS AND
- 12 LIABILITIES OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS
- 13 CHAPTER 113. MULTIPLE-PARTY ACCOUNTS
- 14 SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS
- 15 Sec. 113.001. GENERAL DEFINITIONS. In this chapter:
- 16 (1) "Account" means a contract of deposit of funds
- 17 between a depositor and a financial institution. The term includes
- 18 a checking account, savings account, certificate of deposit, share
- 19 account, or other similar arrangement.
- 20 (2) "Beneficiary" means a person named in a trust
- 21 account for whom a party to the account is named as trustee.
- 22 (3) "Financial institution" means an organization
- 23 authorized to do business under state or federal laws relating to
- 24 financial institutions. The term includes a bank or trust company,
- 25 savings bank, building and loan association, savings and loan
- 26 company or association, credit union, and brokerage firm that deals
- 27 in the sale and purchase of stocks, bonds, and other types of

- 1 securities.
- 2 (4) "Payment" of sums on deposit includes a
- 3 withdrawal, a payment on a check or other directive of a party, and
- 4 a pledge of sums on deposit by a party and any set-off, or reduction
- 5 or other disposition of all or part of an account under a pledge.
- 6 (5) "P.O.D. payee" means a person designated on a
- 7 P.O.D. account as a person to whom the account is payable on request
- 8 after the death of one or more persons.
- 9 (6) "Proof of death" includes:
- 10 (A) a certified copy of a death certificate; or
- 11 (B) a judgment or order of a court in a proceeding
- 12 in which the death of a person is proved to the satisfaction of the
- 13 court by circumstantial evidence in accordance with Chapter 454.
- 14 (7) "Request" means a proper request for withdrawal,
- 15 or a check or order for payment, that complies with all conditions
- 16 of the account, including special requirements concerning
- 17 necessary signatures and regulations of the financial institution.
- 18 If a financial institution conditions withdrawal or payment on
- 19 advance notice, for purposes of this chapter a request for
- 20 withdrawal or payment is treated as immediately effective and a
- 21 notice of intent to withdraw is treated as a request for withdrawal.
- 22 (8) "Sums on deposit" means the balance payable on a
- 23 multiple-party account including interest, dividends, and any
- 24 deposit life insurance proceeds added to the account by reason of
- 25 the death of a party.
- 26 (9) "Withdrawal" includes payment to a third person in
- 27 accordance with a check or other directive of a party. (Tex. Prob.

- 1 Code, Secs. 436(1), (2), (3), (8), (9), (11), (12), (13), (15).)
- 2 Sec. 113.002. DEFINITION OF PARTY. (a) In this chapter,
- 3 "party" means a person who, by the terms of a multiple-party
- 4 account, has a present right, subject to request, to payment from
- 5 the account. Except as otherwise required by the context, the term
- 6 includes a guardian, personal representative, or assignee,
- 7 including an attaching creditor, of a party. The term also includes
- 8 a person identified as a trustee of an account for another
- 9 regardless of whether a beneficiary is named. The term does not
- 10 include a named beneficiary unless the beneficiary has a present
- 11 right of withdrawal.
- 12 (b) A P.O.D. payee or beneficiary of a trust account is a
- 13 party only after the account becomes payable to the P.O.D. payee or
- 14 beneficiary by reason of the P.O.D. payee or beneficiary surviving
- 15 the original payee or trustee. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 436(7).)
- Sec. 113.003. DEFINITION OF NET CONTRIBUTION. (a) In this
- 17 chapter, "net contribution" of a party to a joint account at any
- 18 given time is the sum of all deposits made to that account by or for
- 19 the party, less all withdrawals made by or for the party that have
- 20 not been paid to or applied to the use of any other party, plus a pro
- 21 rata share of any interest or dividends included in the current
- 22 balance of the account. The term also includes any deposit life
- 23 insurance proceeds added to the account by reason of the death of
- 24 the party whose net contribution is in question.
- 25 (b) A financial institution may not be required to inquire,
- 26 for purposes of establishing net contributions, about:
- 27 (1) the source of funds received for deposit to a

- 1 multiple-party account; or
- 2 (2) the proposed application of an amount withdrawn
- 3 from a multiple-party account. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 436(6), 444
- 4 (part).)
- 5 Sec. 113.004. TYPES OF ACCOUNTS. In this chapter:
- 6 (1) "Convenience account" means an account that:
- 7 (A) is established at a financial institution by
- 8 one or more parties in the names of the parties and one or more
- 9 convenience signers; and
- 10 (B) has terms that provide that the sums on
- 11 deposit are paid or delivered to the parties or to the convenience
- 12 signers "for the convenience" of the parties.
- 13 (2) "Joint account" means an account payable on
- 14 request to one or more of two or more parties, regardless of whether
- 15 there is a right of survivorship.
- 16 (3) "Multiple-party account" means a joint account, a
- 17 convenience account, a P.O.D. account, or a trust account. The term
- 18 does not include an account established for the deposit of funds of
- 19 a partnership, joint venture, or other association for business
- 20 purposes, or an account controlled by one or more persons as the
- 21 authorized agent or trustee for a corporation, unincorporated
- 22 association, charitable or civic organization, or a regular
- 23 fiduciary or trust account in which the relationship is established
- 24 other than by deposit agreement.
- 25 (4) "P.O.D. account" means an account payable on
- 26 request to:
- 27 (A) one person during the person's lifetime and,

- 1 on the person's death, to one or more P.O.D. payees; or
- 2 (B) one or more persons during their lifetimes
- 3 and, on the death of all of those persons, to one or more P.O.D.
- 4 payees.
- 5 (5) "Trust account" means an account in the name of one
- 6 or more parties as trustee for one or more beneficiaries in which
- 7 the relationship is established by the form of the account and the
- 8 deposit agreement with the financial institution and in which there
- 9 is no subject of the trust other than the sums on deposit in the
- 10 account. The deposit agreement is not required to address payment
- 11 to the beneficiary. The term does not include:
- 12 (A) a regular trust account under a testamentary
- 13 trust or a trust agreement that has significance apart from the
- 14 account; or
- 15 (B) a fiduciary account arising from a fiduciary
- 16 relationship, such as the attorney-client relationship. (Tex.
- 17 Prob. Code, Secs. 436(4), (5), (10), (14), 438A(a).)
- 18 Sec. 113.005. AUTHORITY OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS TO ENTER
- 19 INTO CERTAIN ACCOUNTS. A financial institution may enter into a
- 20 multiple-party account to the same extent that the institution may
- 21 enter into a single-party account. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 444
- 22 (part).)
- [Sections 113.006-113.050 reserved for expansion]
- 24 SUBCHAPTER B. UNIFORM ACCOUNT FORM
- Sec. 113.051. ESTABLISHMENT OF TYPE OF ACCOUNT;
- 26 APPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN LAW. (a) A contract of deposit that
- $\,$ 27 $\,$ contains provisions substantially the same as in the form provided

- 1 by Section 113.052 establishes the type of account selected by a
- 2 party. This chapter governs an account selected under the form,
- 3 other than a single-party account without a P.O.D. designation.
- 4 (b) A contract of deposit that does not contain provisions
- 5 substantially the same as in the form provided by Section 113.052 is
- 6 governed by the provisions of this chapter applicable to the type of
- 7 account that most nearly conforms to the depositor's intent. (Tex.
- 8 Prob. Code, Sec. 439A(a).)
- 9 Sec. 113.052. FORM. A financial institution may use the
- 10 following form to establish the type of account selected by a party:
- 11 UNIFORM SINGLE-PARTY OR MULTIPLE-PARTY ACCOUNT SELECTION
- 12 FORM NOTICE: The type of account you select may determine how
- 13 property passes on your death. Your will may not control the
- 14 disposition of funds held in some of the following accounts.
- 15 Select one of the following accounts by placing your initials
- 16 next to the account selected:
- 17 ____ (1) SINGLE-PARTY ACCOUNT WITHOUT "P.O.D." (PAYABLE ON
- 18 DEATH) DESIGNATION. The party to the account owns the account. On
- 19 the death of the party, ownership of the account passes as a part of
- 20 the party's estate under the party's will or by intestacy.
- 21 Enter the name of the party:

- 24 DEATH) DESIGNATION. The party to the account owns the account. On
- 25 the death of the party, ownership of the account passes to the
- 26 P.O.D. beneficiaries of the account. The account is not a part of
- 27 the party's estate.

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^{23 (2)} SINGLE-PARTY ACCOUNT WITH "P.O.D." (PAYABLE ON

1	Enter the name of the party:
2	
3	Enter the name or names of the P.O.D. beneficiaries:
4	
5	
6	(3) MULTIPLE-PARTY ACCOUNT WITHOUT RIGHT OF
7	SURVIVORSHIP. The parties to the account own the account in
8	proportion to the parties' net contributions to the account. The
9	financial institution may pay any sum in the account to a party at
10	any time. On the death of a party, the party's ownership of the
11	account passes as a part of the party's estate under the party's
12	will or by intestacy.
13	Enter the names of the parties:
14	
15	
16	
17	(4) MULTIPLE-PARTY ACCOUNT WITH RIGHT OF SURVIVORSHIP.
18	The parties to the account own the account in proportion to the
19	parties' net contributions to the account. The financial
20	institution may pay any sum in the account to a party at any time.
21	On the death of a party, the party's ownership of the account passes
22	to the surviving parties.
23	Enter the names of the parties:
24	
25	
26	(5) MULTIPLE-PARTY ACCOUNT WITH RIGHT OF SURVIVORSHIP AND
27	P.O.D. (PAYABLE ON DEATH) DESIGNATION. The parties to the account

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1	own the account in proportion to the parties' net contributions to
2	the account. The financial institution may pay any sum in the
3	account to a party at any time. On the death of the last surviving
4	party, the ownership of the account passes to the P.O.D.
5	beneficiaries.
6	Enter the names of the parties:
7	
8	
9	Enter the name or names of the P.O.D. beneficiaries:
10	
11	
12	(6) CONVENIENCE ACCOUNT. The parties to the account own
13	the account. One or more convenience signers to the account may
14	make account transactions for a party. A convenience signer does
15	not own the account. On the death of the last surviving party,
16	ownership of the account passes as a part of the last surviving
17	party's estate under the last surviving party's will or by
18	intestacy. The financial institution may pay funds in the account
19	to a convenience signer before the financial institution receives
20	notice of the death of the last surviving party. The payment to a
21	convenience signer does not affect the parties' ownership of the
22	account.
23	Enter the names of the parties:
24	
25	
26	Enter the names of the convenience signers:
27	

____ (7) TRUST ACCOUNT. The parties named as trustees to the 2 account own the account in proportion to the parties' net contributions to the account. A trustee may withdraw funds from the 4 5 account. A beneficiary may not withdraw funds from the account before all trustees are deceased. On the death of the last 6 surviving trustee, the ownership of the account passes to the 7 beneficiary. The trust account is not a part of a trustee's estate and does not pass under the trustee's will or by intestacy, unless the trustee survives all of the beneficiaries and all other 10 11 trustees. 12 Enter the name or names of the trustees: 13 14 15 Enter the name or names of the beneficiaries: 16 17 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 439A(b).) 18 Sec. 113.053. USE OF FORM; DISCLOSURE. (a) A financial 19 institution is considered to have adequately disclosed the 20 information provided in this subchapter if the financial 21 institution uses the form provided by Section 113.052. 22 23 (b) If a financial institution varies the format of the form provided by Section 113.052, the financial institution may make 24 disclosures in the account agreement or in any other form that 25

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(c) If the customer receives adequate disclosure of the

adequately discloses the information provided by this subchapter.

- 1 ownership rights to an account and the names of the parties are
- 2 appropriately indicated, a financial institution may combine any of
- 3 the provisions in, and vary the format of, the form and notices
- 4 described in Section 113.052 in:
- 5 (1) a universal account form with options listed for
- 6 selection and additional disclosures provided in the account
- 7 agreement; or
- 8 (2) any other manner that adequately discloses the
- 9 information provided by this subchapter. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs.
- 10 439A(c), (d).)
- 11 [Sections 113.054-113.100 reserved for expansion]
- 12 SUBCHAPTER C. OWNERSHIP AND OPERATION OF ACCOUNTS
- 13 Sec. 113.101. EFFECT OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS REGARDING
- 14 OWNERSHIP BETWEEN PARTIES AND OTHERS. The provisions of this
- 15 subchapter and Subchapters B and D that relate to beneficial
- 16 ownership between parties, or between parties and P.O.D. payees or
- 17 beneficiaries of multiple-party accounts:
- 18 (1) are relevant only to controversies between those
- 19 persons and those persons' creditors and other successors; and
- 20 (2) do not affect the withdrawal power of those
- 21 persons under the terms of an account contract. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 22 Sec. 437.)
- Sec. 113.102. OWNERSHIP OF JOINT ACCOUNT DURING PARTIES'
- 24 LIFETIMES. During the lifetime of all parties to a joint account,
- 25 the account belongs to the parties in proportion to the net
- 26 contributions by each party to the sums on deposit unless there is
- 27 clear and convincing evidence of a different intent. (Tex. Prob.

- 1 Code, Sec. 438(a).)
- 2 Sec. 113.103. OWNERSHIP OF P.O.D. ACCOUNT DURING ORIGINAL
- 3 PAYEE'S LIFETIME. (a) During the lifetime of an original payee of
- 4 a P.O.D. account, the account belongs to the original payee and does
- 5 not belong to the P.O.D. payee or payees.
- 6 (b) If two or more parties are named as original payees of a
- 7 P.O.D. account, during the parties' lifetimes rights between the
- 8 parties are governed by Section 113.102. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 9 438(b).)
- 10 Sec. 113.104. OWNERSHIP OF TRUST ACCOUNT DURING TRUSTEE'S
- 11 LIFETIME. (a) A trust account belongs beneficially to the trustee
- 12 during the trustee's lifetime unless:
- 13 (1) the terms of the account or the deposit agreement
- 14 manifest a contrary intent; or
- 15 (2) other clear and convincing evidence of an
- 16 irrevocable trust exists.
- 17 (b) If two or more parties are named as trustees on a trust
- 18 account, during the parties' lifetimes beneficial rights between
- 19 the parties are governed by Section 113.102.
- 20 (c) An account that is an irrevocable trust belongs
- 21 beneficially to the beneficiary. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 438(c).)
- Sec. 113.105. OWNERSHIP OF CONVENIENCE ACCOUNT; ADDITIONS
- 23 AND ACCRUALS. (a) The making of a deposit in a convenience account
- 24 does not affect the title to the deposit.
- 25 (b) A party to a convenience account is not considered to
- 26 have made a gift of the deposit, or of any additions or accruals to
- 27 the deposit, to a convenience signer.

- 1 (c) An addition made to a convenience account by anyone
- 2 other than a party, and accruals to the addition, are considered to
- 3 have been made by a party. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 438A(b), (c),
- 4 (e).)
- 5 [Sections 113.106-113.150 reserved for expansion]
- 6 SUBCHAPTER D. RIGHTS OF SURVIVORSHIP IN ACCOUNTS
- 7 Sec. 113.151. ESTABLISHMENT OF RIGHT OF SURVIVORSHIP IN
- 8 JOINT ACCOUNT; OWNERSHIP ON DEATH OF PARTY. (a) Sums remaining on
- 9 deposit on the death of a party to a joint account belong to the
- 10 surviving party or parties against the estate of the deceased party
- 11 if the interest of the deceased party is made to survive to the
- 12 surviving party or parties by a written agreement signed by the
- 13 party who dies.
- 14 (b) Notwithstanding any other law, an agreement is
- 15 sufficient under this section to confer an absolute right of
- 16 survivorship on parties to a joint account if the agreement
- 17 contains a statement substantially similar to the following: "On
- 18 the death of one party to a joint account, all sums in the account on
- 19 the date of the death vest in and belong to the surviving party as
- 20 his or her separate property and estate."
- 21 (c) A survivorship agreement may not be inferred from the
- 22 mere fact that the account is a joint account.
- 23 (d) If there are two or more surviving parties to a joint
- 24 account that is subject to a right of survivorship agreement:
- 25 (1) during the parties' lifetimes respective
- 26 ownerships are in proportion to the parties' previous ownership
- 27 interests under Sections 113.102, 113.103, and 113.104, as

- 1 applicable, augmented by an equal share for each survivor of any
- 2 interest a deceased party owned in the account immediately before
- 3 that party's death; and
- 4 (2) the right of survivorship continues between the
- 5 surviving parties if a written agreement signed by a party who dies
- 6 provides for that continuation. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 439(a).)
- 7 Sec. 113.152. OWNERSHIP OF P.O.D. ACCOUNT ON DEATH OF
- 8 PARTY. (a) If the account is a P.O.D. account and there is a
- 9 written agreement signed by the original payee or payees, on the
- 10 death of the original payee or on the death of the survivor of two or
- 11 more original payees, any sums remaining on deposit belong to:
- 12 (1) the P.O.D. payee or payees if surviving; or
- 13 (2) the survivor of the P.O.D. payees if one or more
- 14 P.O.D. payees die before the original payee.
- 15 (b) If two or more P.O.D. payees survive, no right of
- 16 survivorship exists between the surviving P.O.D. payees unless the
- 17 terms of the account or deposit agreement expressly provide for
- 18 survivorship between those payees. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 439(b).)
- 19 Sec. 113.153. OWNERSHIP OF TRUST ACCOUNT ON DEATH OF
- 20 TRUSTEE. (a) If the account is a trust account and there is a
- 21 written agreement signed by the trustee or trustees, on death of the
- 22 trustee or the survivor of two or more trustees, any sums remaining
- 23 on deposit belong to:
- 24 (1) the person or persons named as beneficiaries, if
- 25 surviving; or
- 26 (2) the survivor of the persons named as beneficiaries
- 27 if one or more beneficiaries die before the trustee.

- 1 (b) If two or more beneficiaries survive, no right of
- 2 survivorship exists between the surviving beneficiaries unless the
- 3 terms of the account or deposit agreement expressly provide for
- 4 survivorship between those beneficiaries. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 5 439(c).)
- 6 Sec. 113.154. OWNERSHIP OF CONVENIENCE ACCOUNT ON DEATH OF
- 7 PARTY. On the death of the last surviving party to a convenience
- 8 account:
- 9 (1) a convenience signer has no right of survivorship
- 10 in the account; and
- 11 (2) ownership of the account remains in the estate of
- 12 the last surviving party. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 438A(d).)
- 13 Sec. 113.155. EFFECT OF DEATH OF PARTY ON CERTAIN ACCOUNTS
- 14 WITHOUT RIGHTS OF SURVIVORSHIP. The death of a party to a
- 15 multiple-party account to which Sections 113.151, 113.152, and
- 16 113.153 do not apply has no effect on the beneficial ownership of
- 17 the account, other than to transfer the rights of the deceased party
- 18 as part of the deceased party's estate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 19 439(d).)
- Sec. 113.156. APPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS ON DEATH
- 21 OF PARTY. Sections 113.151, 113.152, 113.153, and 113.155 as to
- 22 rights of survivorship are determined by the form of the account at
- 23 the death of a party. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 440 (part).)
- Sec. 113.157. WRITTEN NOTICE TO FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS
- 25 REGARDING FORM OF ACCOUNT. Notwithstanding any other law, the form
- 26 of an account may be altered by written order given by a party to the
- 27 financial institution to change the form of the account or to stop

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- 1 or vary payment under the terms of the account. The order or
- 2 request must be signed by a party, received by the financial
- 3 institution during the party's lifetime, and not countermanded by
- 4 another written order of the same party during the party's
- 5 lifetime. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 440 (part).)
- 6 Sec. 113.158. NONTESTAMENTARY NATURE OF CERTAIN TRANSFERS.
- 7 Transfers resulting from the application of Sections 113.151,
- 8 113.152, 113.153, and 113.155 are effective by reason of the
- 9 account contracts involved and this chapter and are not to be
- 10 considered testamentary transfers or subject to the testamentary
- 11 provisions of this title. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 441.)
- 12 [Sections 113.159-113.200 reserved for expansion]
- 13 SUBCHAPTER E. PROTECTION OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS
- Sec. 113.201. APPLICABILITY OF SUBCHAPTER. This subchapter
- 15 and Section 113.003(b) govern:
- 16 (1) the liability of financial institutions that make
- 17 payments as provided by this subchapter; and
- 18 (2) the set-off rights of those institutions. (Tex.
- 19 Prob. Code, Sec. 443.)
- 20 Sec. 113.202. PAYMENT OF MULTIPLE-PARTY ACCOUNT. A
- 21 multiple-party account may be paid, on request, to any one or more
- 22 of the parties. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 444 (part).)
- Sec. 113.203. PAYMENT OF JOINT ACCOUNT. (a) Subject to
- 24 Subsection (b), amounts in a joint account may be paid, on request,
- 25 to any party without regard to whether any other party is
- 26 incapacitated or deceased at the time the payment is demanded.
- (b) Payment may not be made to the personal representative

- 1 or heir of a deceased party unless:
- 2 (1) proofs of death are presented to the financial
- 3 institution showing that the deceased party was the last surviving
- 4 party; or
- 5 (2) there is no right of survivorship under Sections
- 6 113.151, 113.152, 113.153, and 113.155. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 445
- 7 (part).)
- 8 Sec. 113.204. PAYMENT OF P.O.D. ACCOUNT. (a) A P.O.D.
- 9 account may be paid, on request, to any original payee of the
- 10 account.
- 11 (b) Payment may be made, on request, to the P.O.D. payee or
- 12 to the personal representative or heirs of a deceased P.O.D. payee
- 13 on the presentation to the financial institution of proof of death
- 14 showing that the P.O.D. payee survived each person named as an
- 15 original payee.
- 16 (c) Payment may be made to the personal representative or
- 17 heirs of a deceased original payee if proof of death is presented to
- 18 the financial institution showing that the deceased original payee
- 19 was the survivor of each other person named on the account as an
- 20 original payee or a P.O.D. payee. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 446.)
- 21 Sec. 113.205. PAYMENT OF TRUST ACCOUNT. (a) A trust
- 22 account may be paid, on request, to any trustee.
- 23 (b) Unless a financial institution has received written
- 24 notice that a beneficiary has a vested interest not dependent on the
- 25 beneficiary's surviving the trustee, payment may be made to the
- 26 personal representative or heirs of a deceased trustee if proof of
- 27 death is presented to the financial institution showing that the

- 1 deceased trustee was the survivor of each other person named on the
- 2 account as a trustee or beneficiary.
- 3 (c) Payment may be made, on request, to a beneficiary if
- 4 proof of death is presented to the financial institution showing
- 5 that the beneficiary or beneficiaries survived all persons named as
- 6 trustees. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 447.)
- 7 Sec. 113.206. PAYMENT OF CONVENIENCE ACCOUNT. Deposits to
- 8 a convenience account and additions and accruals to the deposits
- 9 may be paid to a party or a convenience signer. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 10 Sec. 438A(f) (part).)
- 11 Sec. 113.207. LIABILITY FOR PAYMENT FROM JOINT ACCOUNT
- 12 AFTER DEATH. A financial institution that pays an amount from a
- 13 joint account to a surviving party to that account in accordance
- 14 with a written agreement under Section 113.151 is not liable to an
- 15 heir, devisee, or beneficiary of the deceased party's estate.
- 16 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 445 (part).)
- 17 Sec. 113.208. LIABILITY FOR PAYMENT FROM CONVENIENCE
- 18 ACCOUNT. (a) A financial institution is completely released from
- 19 liability for a payment made from a convenience account before the
- 20 financial institution receives notice in writing signed by a party
- 21 not to make the payment in accordance with the terms of the account.
- 22 After receipt of the notice from a party, the financial institution
- 23 may require a party to approve any further payments from the
- 24 account.
- 25 (b) A financial institution that makes a payment of the sums
- 26 on deposit in a convenience account to a convenience signer after
- 27 the death of the last surviving party, but before the financial

- 1 institution receives written notice of the last surviving party's
- 2 death, is completely released from liability for the payment.
- 3 (c) A financial institution that makes a payment of the sums
- 4 on deposit in a convenience account to the personal representative
- 5 of the deceased last surviving party's estate after the death of the
- 6 last surviving party, but before a court order prohibiting payment
- 7 is served on the financial institution, is, to the extent of the
- 8 payment, released from liability to any person claiming a right to
- 9 the funds. The personal representative's receipt of the funds is a
- 10 complete release and discharge of the financial institution. (Tex.
- 11 Prob. Code, Secs. 438A(f) (part), (g).)
- 12 Sec. 113.209. DISCHARGE FROM CLAIMS. (a) Payment made in
- 13 accordance with Section 113.202, 113.203, 113.204, 113.205, or
- 14 113.207 discharges the financial institution from all claims for
- 15 those amounts paid regardless of whether the payment is consistent
- 16 with the beneficial ownership of the account between parties,
- 17 P.O.D. payees, or beneficiaries, or their successors.
- 18 (b) The protection provided by Subsection (a) does not
- 19 extend to payments made after a financial institution receives,
- 20 from any party able to request present payment, written notice to
- 21 the effect that withdrawals in accordance with the terms of the
- 22 account should not be permitted. Unless the notice is withdrawn by
- 23 the person giving the notice, the successor of a deceased party must
- 24 concur in a demand for withdrawal for the financial institution to
- 25 be protected under Subsection (a).
- 26 (c) No notice, other than the notice described by Subsection
- 27 (b), or any other information shown to have been available to a

- 1 financial institution affects the institution's right to the
- 2 protection provided by Subsection (a).
- 3 (d) The protection provided by Subsection (a) does not
- 4 affect the rights of parties in disputes between the parties or the
- 5 parties' successors concerning the beneficial ownership of funds
- 6 in, or withdrawn from, multiple-party accounts. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 7 Sec. 448.)
- 8 Sec. 113.210. SET-OFF TO FINANCIAL INSTITUTION. (a)
- 9 Without qualifying any other statutory right to set-off or lien and
- 10 subject to any contractual provision, if a party to a
- 11 multiple-party account is indebted to a financial institution, the
- 12 financial institution has a right to set-off against the account in
- 13 which the party has, or had immediately before the party's death, a
- 14 present right of withdrawal.
- 15 (b) The amount of the account subject to set-off under this
- 16 section is that proportion to which the debtor is, or was
- 17 immediately before the debtor's death, beneficially entitled, and
- 18 in the absence of proof of net contributions, to an equal share with
- 19 all parties having present rights of withdrawal. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 20 Sec. 449.)
- 21 [Sections 113.211-113.250 reserved for expansion]
- 22 SUBCHAPTER F. RIGHTS OF CREDITORS; PLEDGE OF ACCOUNT
- Sec. 113.251. PLEDGE OF ACCOUNT. (a) A party to a
- 24 multiple-party account may pledge the account or otherwise create a
- 25 security interest in the account without the joinder of, as
- 26 applicable, a P.O.D. payee, a beneficiary, a convenience signer, or
- 27 any other party to a joint account, regardless of whether a right

- 1 of survivorship exists.
- 2 (b) A convenience signer may not pledge or otherwise create
- 3 a security interest in an account.
- 4 (c) Not later than the 30th day after the date a security
- 5 interest on a multiple-party account is perfected, a secured
- 6 creditor that is a financial institution with accounts insured by
- 7 the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation shall provide written
- 8 notice of the pledge of the account to any other party to the
- 9 account who did not create the security interest. The notice must
- 10 be sent by certified mail to each other party at the last address
- 11 the party provided to the depository bank.
- 12 (d) The financial institution is not required to provide the
- 13 notice described by Subsection (c) to a P.O.D. payee, beneficiary,
- 14 or convenience signer. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 442 (part).)
- Sec. 113.252. RIGHTS OF CREDITORS. (a) A multiple-party
- 16 account is not effective against:
- 17 (1) an estate of a deceased party to transfer to a
- 18 survivor amounts needed to pay debts, taxes, and expenses of
- 19 administration, including statutory allowances to the surviving
- 20 spouse and minor children, if other assets of the estate are
- 21 insufficient; or
- 22 (2) the claim of a secured creditor who has a lien on
- 23 the account.
- 24 (b) A party, P.O.D. payee, or beneficiary who receives
- 25 payment from a multiple-party account after the death of a deceased
- 26 party is liable to account to the deceased party's personal
- 27 representative for amounts the deceased party owned beneficially

- 1 immediately before the party's death to the extent necessary to
- 2 discharge the claims and charges described by Subsection (a) that
- 3 remain unpaid after application of the deceased party's estate.
- 4 The party, P.O.D. payee, or beneficiary is not liable in an amount
- 5 greater than the amount the party, P.O.D. payee, or beneficiary
- 6 received from the multiple-party account.
- 7 (c) A proceeding to assert liability under Subsection (b):
- 8 (1) may only be commenced if the personal
- 9 representative receives a written demand by a surviving spouse, a
- 10 creditor, or one acting for a minor child of the deceased party; and
- 11 (2) must be commenced on or before the second
- 12 anniversary of the death of the deceased party.
- 13 (d) Amounts recovered by the personal representative under
- 14 this section must be administered as part of the decedent's estate.
- 15 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 442 (part).)
- 16 Sec. 113.253. NO EFFECT ON CERTAIN RIGHTS AND LIABILITIES
- 17 OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS. This subchapter does not:
- 18 (1) affect the right of a financial institution to
- 19 make payment on multiple-party accounts according to the terms of
- 20 the account; or
- 21 (2) make the financial institution liable to the
- 22 estate of a deceased party unless, before payment, the institution
- 23 received written notice from the personal representative stating
- 24 the amounts needed to pay debts, taxes, claims, and expenses of
- 25 administration. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 442 (part).)
- 26 [Chapters 114-120 reserved for expansion]

1	CHAPTER 121. SURVIVAL REQUIREMENTS
2	SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS
3	Sec. 121.001. APPLICABILITY OF CHAPTER
4	[Sections 121.002-121.050 reserved for expansion]
5	SUBCHAPTER B. SURVIVAL REQUIREMENT FOR INTESTATE SUCCESSION AND
6	CERTAIN OTHER PURPOSES
7	Sec. 121.051. APPLICABILITY OF SUBCHAPTER
8	Sec. 121.052. REQUIRED PERIOD OF SURVIVAL FOR
9	INTESTATE SUCCESSION AND CERTAIN OTHER
10	PURPOSES
11	Sec. 121.053. INTESTATE SUCCESSION: FAILURE TO
12	SURVIVE PRESUMED UNDER CERTAIN
13	CIRCUMSTANCES
14	[Sections 121.054-121.100 reserved for expansion]
15	SUBCHAPTER C. SURVIVAL REQUIREMENTS FOR CERTAIN BENEFICIARIES
16	Sec. 121.101. REQUIRED PERIOD OF SURVIVAL FOR DEVISEE
17	Sec. 121.102. REQUIRED PERIOD OF SURVIVAL FOR
18	CONTINGENT BENEFICIARY
19	[Sections 121.103-121.150 reserved for expansion]
20	SUBCHAPTER D. DISTRIBUTION OF CERTAIN PROPERTY ON PERSON'S FAILURE
21	TO SURVIVE FOR REQUIRED PERIOD
22	Sec. 121.151. DISTRIBUTION OF COMMUNITY PROPERTY
23	Sec. 121.152. DISTRIBUTION OF PROPERTY OWNED BY JOINT
24	OWNERS
25	Sec. 121.153. DISTRIBUTION OF CERTAIN INSURANCE
26	PROCEEDS

- 1 CHAPTER 121. SURVIVAL REQUIREMENTS
 2 SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS
 3 Sec. 121.001. APPLICABILITY OF CHAPTER. This chapter does
- sec. 121.001. APPLICABILITY OF CHAPTER. This chapter does not apply if provision has been made by will, living trust, deed, or insurance contract, or in any other manner, for a disposition of property that is different from the disposition of the property
- 7 that would be made if the provisions of this chapter applied. (Tex.
- 8 Prob. Code, Sec. 47(f).)
- 9 [Sections 121.002-121.050 reserved for expansion]
- 10 SUBCHAPTER B. SURVIVAL REQUIREMENT FOR INTESTATE SUCCESSION AND
- 11 CERTAIN OTHER PURPOSES
- Sec. 121.051. APPLICABILITY OF SUBCHAPTER. This subchapter
- 13 does not apply if the application of this subchapter would result in
- 14 the escheat of an intestate estate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 47(a)
- 15 (part).)
- 16 Sec. 121.052. REQUIRED PERIOD OF SURVIVAL FOR INTESTATE
- 17 SUCCESSION AND CERTAIN OTHER PURPOSES. A person who does not
- 18 survive a decedent by 120 hours is considered to have predeceased
- 19 the decedent for purposes of the homestead allowance, exempt
- 20 property, and intestate succession, and the decedent's heirs are
- 21 determined accordingly, except as otherwise provided by this
- 22 chapter. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 47(a) (part).)
- Sec. 121.053. INTESTATE SUCCESSION: FAILURE TO SURVIVE
- 24 PRESUMED UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES. A person who, if the person
- 25 survived a decedent by 120 hours, would be the decedent's heir is
- 26 considered not to have survived the decedent for the required
- 27 period if:

- 1 (1) the time of death of the decedent or of the person,
- 2 or the times of death of both, cannot be determined; and
- 3 (2) the person's survival for the required period
- 4 after the decedent's death cannot be established. (Tex. Prob.
- 5 Code, Sec. 47(a) (part).)
- 6 [Sections 121.054-121.100 reserved for expansion]
- 7 SUBCHAPTER C. SURVIVAL REQUIREMENTS FOR CERTAIN BENEFICIARIES
- 8 Sec. 121.101. REQUIRED PERIOD OF SURVIVAL FOR DEVISEE. A
- 9 devisee who does not survive the testator by 120 hours is treated as
- 10 if the devisee predeceased the testator unless the testator's will
- 11 contains some language that:
- 12 (1) deals explicitly with simultaneous death or deaths
- 13 in a common disaster; or
- 14 (2) requires the devisee to survive the testator, or
- 15 to survive the testator for a stated period, to take under the will.
- 16 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 47(c) (part).)
- 17 Sec. 121.102. REQUIRED PERIOD OF SURVIVAL FOR CONTINGENT
- 18 BENEFICIARY. (a) If property is disposed of in a manner that
- 19 conditions the right of a beneficiary to succeed to an interest in
- 20 the property on the beneficiary surviving another person, the
- 21 beneficiary is considered not to have survived the other person
- 22 unless the beneficiary survives the person by 120 hours, except as
- 23 provided by Subsection (b).
- 24 (b) If an interest in property is given alternatively to one
- 25 of two or more beneficiaries, with the right of each beneficiary to
- 26 take being dependent on that beneficiary surviving the other
- 27 beneficiary or beneficiaries, and all of the beneficiaries die

- 1 within a period of less than 120 hours, the property shall be
- 2 divided into as many equal portions as there are beneficiaries. The
- 3 portions shall be distributed respectively to those who would have
- 4 taken if each beneficiary had survived. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 5 47(c) (part).)
- 6 [Sections 121.103-121.150 reserved for expansion]
- 7 SUBCHAPTER D. DISTRIBUTION OF CERTAIN PROPERTY ON PERSON'S FAILURE
- 8 TO SURVIVE FOR REQUIRED PERIOD
- 9 Sec. 121.151. DISTRIBUTION OF COMMUNITY PROPERTY. (a)
- 10 This section applies to community property, including the proceeds
- 11 of life or accident insurance that are community property and
- 12 become payable to the estate of either the husband or wife.
- 13 (b) If a husband and wife die leaving community property but
- 14 neither survives the other by 120 hours, one-half of all community
- 15 property shall be distributed as if the husband had survived, and
- 16 the other one-half shall be distributed as if the wife had survived.
- 17 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 47(b).)
- 18 Sec. 121.152. DISTRIBUTION OF PROPERTY OWNED BY JOINT
- 19 OWNERS. If property, including community property with a right of
- 20 survivorship, is owned so that one of two joint owners is entitled
- 21 to the whole of the property on the death of the other, but neither
- 22 survives the other by 120 hours, one-half of the property shall be
- 23 distributed as if one joint owner had survived, and the other
- 24 one-half shall be distributed as if the other joint owner had
- 25 survived. If there are more than two joint owners and all of the
- 26 joint owners die within a period of less than 120 hours, the
- 27 property shall be divided into as many equal portions as there are

- 1 joint owners and the portions shall be distributed respectively to
- 2 those who would have taken if each joint owner survived. (Tex.
- 3 Prob. Code, Sec. 47(d).)
- 4 Sec. 121.153. DISTRIBUTION OF CERTAIN INSURANCE PROCEEDS.
- 5 (a) If the insured under a life or accident insurance policy and a
- 6 beneficiary of the proceeds of that policy die within a period of
- 7 less than 120 hours, the insured is considered to have survived the
- 8 beneficiary for the purpose of determining the rights under the
- 9 policy of the beneficiary or beneficiaries as such.
- 10 (b) This section does not prevent the applicability of
- 11 Section 121.151 to proceeds of life or accident insurance that are
- 12 community property. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 47(e).)
- 13 CHAPTER 122. DISCLAIMERS AND ASSIGNMENTS
- 14 SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO DISCLAIMER
- 15 Sec. 122.001. DEFINITIONS
- 16 Sec. 122.002. WHO MAY DISCLAIM
- 17 Sec. 122.003. EFFECTIVE DATE; CREDITORS' CLAIMS
- 18 Sec. 122.004. DISCLAIMER IRREVOCABLE
- 19 Sec. 122.005. POWER TO PROVIDE METHOD OF DISCLAIMER
- [Sections 122.006-122.050 reserved for expansion]
- 21 SUBCHAPTER B. FORM, FILING, AND NOTICE OF DISCLAIMER
- 22 Sec. 122.051. FORM
- 23 Sec. 122.052. FILING IN PROBATE COURT
- 24 Sec. 122.053. FILING IN COUNTY OF DECEDENT'S RESIDENCE
- 25 Sec. 122.054. NONRESIDENT DECEDENT
- 26 Sec. 122.055. FILING DEADLINE
- 27 Sec. 122.056. NOTICE

- 1 [Sections 122.057-122.100 reserved for expansion]
- 2 SUBCHAPTER C. EFFECT OF DISCLAIMER
- 3 Sec. 122.101. EFFECT
- 4 Sec. 122.102. INEFFECTIVE DISCLAIMER
- 5 Sec. 122.103. SUBSEQUENT DISCLAIMER
- 6 Sec. 122.104. DISCLAIMER AFTER ACCEPTANCE
- 7 Sec. 122.105. INTEREST IN TRUST PROPERTY
- 8 Sec. 122.106. INTEREST IN SECURITIES
- 9 [Sections 122.107-122.150 reserved for expansion]
- 10 SUBCHAPTER D. PARTIAL DISCLAIMER
- 11 Sec. 122.151. PARTIAL DISCLAIMER
- 12 Sec. 122.152. EFFECT OF PARTIAL DISCLAIMER
- 13 Sec. 122.153. PARTIAL DISCLAIMER BY SPOUSE
- [Sections 122.154-122.200 reserved for expansion]
- 15 SUBCHAPTER E. ASSIGNMENT OF INTEREST
- 16 Sec. 122.201. ASSIGNMENT
- 17 Sec. 122.202. FILING OF ASSIGNMENT
- 18 Sec. 122.203. NOTICE
- 19 Sec. 122.204. FAILURE TO COMPLY
- 20 Sec. 122.205. GIFT
- 21 Sec. 122.206. SPENDTHRIFT PROVISION
- 22 CHAPTER 122. DISCLAIMERS AND ASSIGNMENTS
- 23 SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO DISCLAIMER
- Sec. 122.001. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter, other than
- 25 Subchapter E:
- 26 (1) "Beneficiary" includes a person who would have
- 27 been entitled, if the person had not made a disclaimer, to receive

- 1 property as a result of the death of another person:
- 2 (A) by inheritance;
- 3 (B) under a will;
- 4 (C) by an agreement between spouses for community
- 5 property with a right of survivorship;
- 6 (D) by a joint tenancy with a right of
- 7 survivorship;
- 8 (E) by a survivorship agreement, account, or
- 9 interest in which the interest of the decedent passes to a surviving
- 10 beneficiary;
- 11 (F) by an insurance, annuity, endowment,
- 12 employment, deferred compensation, or other contract or
- 13 arrangement; or
- 14 (G) under a pension, profit sharing, thrift,
- 15 stock bonus, life insurance, survivor income, incentive, or other
- 16 plan or program providing retirement, welfare, or fringe benefits
- 17 with respect to an employee or a self-employed individual.
- 18 (2) "Disclaimer" includes renunciation.
- 19 (3) "Property" includes all legal and equitable
- 20 interests, powers, and property, present or future, vested or
- 21 contingent, and beneficial or burdensome, in whole or in part.
- 22 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 37A(e).)
- Sec. 122.002. WHO MAY DISCLAIM. (a) A person who may be
- 24 entitled to receive property as a beneficiary who on or after
- 25 September 1, 1977, intends to irrevocably disclaim all or any part
- 26 of the property shall evidence the disclaimer as provided by this
- 27 chapter.

- 1 (b) Subject to Subsection (c), the legally authorized
- 2 representative of a person who may be entitled to receive property
- 3 as a beneficiary who on or after September 1, 1977, intends to
- 4 irrevocably disclaim all or any part of the property on the
- 5 beneficiary's behalf shall evidence the disclaimer as provided by
- 6 this chapter.
- 7 (c) A disclaimer made by a legally authorized
- 8 representative described by Subsection (d)(1), (2), or (3), other
- 9 than an independent executor, must be made with prior court
- 10 approval of the court that has or would have jurisdiction over the
- 11 legally authorized representative. A disclaimer made by an
- 12 independent executor on behalf of a decedent may be made without
- 13 prior court approval.
- 14 (d) In this section, "legally authorized representative"
- 15 means:
- 16 (1) a guardian if the person entitled to receive the
- 17 property as a beneficiary is an incapacitated person;
- 18 (2) a guardian ad litem if the person entitled to
- 19 receive the property as a beneficiary is an unborn or unascertained
- 20 person;
- 21 (3) a personal representative, including an
- 22 independent executor, if the person entitled to receive the
- 23 property as a beneficiary is a decedent; or
- 24 (4) an attorney in fact or agent appointed under a
- 25 durable power of attorney authorizing disclaimers if the person
- 26 entitled to receive the property as a beneficiary executed the
- 27 power of attorney as a principal. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 37A(a).)

- 1 Sec. 122.003. EFFECTIVE DATE; CREDITORS' CLAIMS. (a) A
- 2 disclaimer evidenced as provided by this chapter is effective for
- 3 all purposes as of the date of the decedent's death.
- 4 (b) Property disclaimed in accordance with this chapter is
- 5 not subject to the claims of a creditor of the disclaimant. (Tex.
- 6 Prob. Code, Sec. 37A(b).)
- 7 Sec. 122.004. DISCLAIMER IRREVOCABLE. A disclaimer that is
- 8 filed and served as provided by this chapter is irrevocable. (Tex.
- 9 Prob. Code, Sec. 37A(k).)
- 10 Sec. 122.005. POWER TO PROVIDE METHOD OF DISCLAIMER. A
- 11 will, insurance policy, employee benefit agreement, or other
- 12 instrument may provide for the making of a disclaimer by a
- 13 beneficiary of an interest receivable under that instrument and for
- 14 the disposition of disclaimed property in a manner different than
- 15 provided by this chapter. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 37A(j).)
- [Sections 122.006-122.050 reserved for expansion]
- 17 SUBCHAPTER B. FORM, FILING, AND NOTICE OF DISCLAIMER
- Sec. 122.051. FORM. A disclaimer of property receivable by
- 19 a beneficiary must be evidenced by written memorandum acknowledged
- 20 before:
- 21 (1) a notary public; or
- 22 (2) another person authorized to take acknowledgments
- 23 of conveyances of real estate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 37A(g).)
- Sec. 122.052. FILING IN PROBATE COURT. Except as provided
- 25 by Sections 122.053 and 122.054, the written memorandum of
- 26 disclaimer must be filed in the probate court in which:
- 27 (1) the decedent's will has been probated;

- 1 (2) proceedings have commenced for the administration
- 2 of the decedent's estate; or
- 3 (3) an application has been filed for probate of the
- 4 decedent's will or administration of the decedent's estate. (Tex.
- 5 Prob. Code, Sec. 37A(h) (part).)
- 6 Sec. 122.053. FILING IN COUNTY OF DECEDENT'S RESIDENCE.
- 7 The written memorandum of disclaimer must be filed with the county
- 8 clerk of the county of the decedent's residence on the date of the
- 9 decedent's death if:
- 10 (1) the administration of the decedent's estate is
- 11 closed;
- 12 (2) one year has expired since the date letters
- 13 testamentary were issued in an independent administration;
- 14 (3) a will of the decedent has not been probated or
- 15 filed for probate;
- 16 (4) administration of the decedent's estate has not
- 17 commenced; or
- 18 (5) an application for administration of the
- 19 decedent's estate has not been filed. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 37A(h)
- 20 (part).)
- Sec. 122.054. NONRESIDENT DECEDENT. If the decedent is not
- 22 a resident of this state on the date of the decedent's death and the
- 23 disclaimer is of real property that is located in this state, the
- 24 written memorandum of disclaimer must be:
- 25 (1) filed with the county clerk of the county in which
- 26 the real property is located; and
- 27 (2) recorded by the county clerk in the deed records of

- 1 that county. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 37A(h) (part).)
- 2 Sec. 122.055. FILING DEADLINE. (a) Except as provided by
- 3 Subsection (c), a written memorandum of disclaimer of a present
- 4 interest must be filed not later than nine months after the date of
- 5 the decedent's death.
- 6 (b) Except as provided by Subsection (c), a written
- 7 memorandum of disclaimer of a future interest may be filed not later
- 8 than nine months after the date of the event determining that the
- 9 taker of the property or interest is finally ascertained and the
- 10 taker's interest is indefeasibly vested.
- 11 (c) If the beneficiary is a charitable organization or a
- 12 governmental agency of the state, a written memorandum of
- 13 disclaimer of a present or future interest must be filed not later
- 14 than the later of:
- 15 (1) the first anniversary of the date the beneficiary
- 16 receives the notice required by Subchapter A, Chapter 308; or
- 17 (2) the expiration of the six-month period following
- 18 the date the personal representative files the inventory,
- 19 appraisement, and list of claims due or owing to the estate. (Tex.
- 20 Prob. Code, Sec. 37A(h) (part).)
- Sec. 122.056. NOTICE. (a) Except as provided by Subsection
- 22 (b), a copy of the written memorandum of disclaimer shall be
- 23 delivered in person to, or mailed by registered or certified mail to
- 24 and received by, the legal representative of the transferor of the
- 25 interest or the holder of legal title to the property to which the
- 26 disclaimer relates not later than nine months after:
- 27 (1) the date of the decedent's death; or

- 1 (2) if the interest is a future interest, the date the
- 2 person who will receive the property or interest is finally
- 3 ascertained and the person's interest is indefeasibly vested.
- 4 (b) If the beneficiary is a charitable organization or a
- 5 governmental agency of this state, notice of a disclaimer required
- 6 by Subsection (a) must be filed not later than the later of:
- 7 (1) the first anniversary of the date the beneficiary
- 8 receives the notice required by Subchapter A, Chapter 308; or
- 9 (2) the expiration of the six-month period following
- 10 the date the personal representative files the inventory,
- 11 appraisement, and list of claims due or owing to the estate. (Tex.
- 12 Prob. Code, Sec. 37A(i).)
- [Sections 122.057-122.100 reserved for expansion]
- 14 SUBCHAPTER C. EFFECT OF DISCLAIMER
- 15 Sec. 122.101. EFFECT. Unless the decedent's will provides
- 16 otherwise:
- 17 (1) property subject to a disclaimer passes as if the
- 18 person disclaiming or on whose behalf a disclaimer is made had
- 19 predeceased the decedent; and
- 20 (2) a future interest that would otherwise take effect
- 21 in possession or enjoyment after the termination of the estate or
- 22 interest that is disclaimed takes effect as if the disclaiming
- 23 beneficiary had predeceased the decedent. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 24 37A(c).)
- Sec. 122.102. INEFFECTIVE DISCLAIMER. (a) Except as
- 26 provided by Subsection (b), a disclaimer that does not comply with
- 27 this chapter is ineffective.

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- 1 (b) A disclaimer otherwise ineffective under Subsection (a)
- 2 is effective as an assignment of the disclaimed property to those
- 3 who would have received the property had the person attempting the
- 4 disclaimer died before the decedent. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 5 37A(d).)
- 6 Sec. 122.103. SUBSEQUENT DISCLAIMER. This chapter does not
- 7 prevent a person who is entitled to property as the result of a
- 8 disclaimer from subsequently disclaiming the property. (Tex. Prob.
- 9 Code, Sec. 37A(f).)
- 10 Sec. 122.104. DISCLAIMER AFTER ACCEPTANCE. A disclaimer is
- 11 not effective if the person making the disclaimer has previously
- 12 accepted the property by taking possession or exercising dominion
- 13 and control of the property as a beneficiary. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 14 Sec. 37A(n).)
- 15 Sec. 122.105. INTEREST IN TRUST PROPERTY. A beneficiary
- 16 who accepts an interest in a trust is not considered to have a
- 17 direct or indirect interest in trust property that relates to a
- 18 licensed or permitted business and over which the beneficiary
- 19 exercises no control. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 37A(o) (part).)
- 20 Sec. 122.106. INTEREST IN SECURITIES. Direct or indirect
- 21 beneficial ownership of not more than five percent of any class of
- 22 equity securities that is registered under the Securities Exchange
- 23 Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. Section 78a et seq.) is not considered an
- 24 ownership interest in the business of the issuer of the securities
- 25 within the meaning of any statute, pursuant thereto. (Tex. Prob.
- 26 Code, Sec. 37A(o) (part).)
- [Sections 122.107-122.150 reserved for expansion]

- 1 SUBCHAPTER D. PARTIAL DISCLAIMER
- 2 Sec. 122.151. PARTIAL DISCLAIMER. A person who may be
- 3 entitled to receive property as a beneficiary may wholly or partly
- 4 disclaim the property, including:
- 5 (1) specific powers of invasion;
- 6 (2) powers of appointment; and
- 7 (3) fee estate in favor of life estates. (Tex. Prob.
- 8 Code, Sec. 37A(1) (part).)
- 9 Sec. 122.152. EFFECT OF PARTIAL DISCLAIMER. A partial
- 10 disclaimer in accordance with this chapter is effective whether the
- 11 property disclaimed constitutes a portion of a single, aggregate
- 12 gift or constitutes part or all of a separate, independent gift,
- 13 except that:
- 14 (1) a partial disclaimer is effective only with
- 15 respect to property expressly described or referred to by category
- 16 in the disclaimer; and
- 17 (2) a partial disclaimer of property subject to a
- 18 burdensome interest created by the decedent's will is not effective
- 19 unless the property constitutes a gift separate and distinct from
- 20 undisclaimed gifts. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 37A(1) (part).)
- Sec. 122.153. PARTIAL DISCLAIMER BY SPOUSE. A disclaimer
- 22 by the decedent's surviving spouse of a transfer by the decedent is
- 23 not a disclaimer by the surviving spouse of all or any part of any
- 24 other transfer from the decedent to or for the benefit of the
- 25 surviving spouse, regardless of whether the property or interest
- 26 that would have passed under the disclaimed transfer passes because
- 27 of the disclaimer to or for the benefit of the surviving spouse by

- 1 the other transfer. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 37A(m).)
- 2 [Sections 122.154-122.200 reserved for expansion]
- 3 SUBCHAPTER E. ASSIGNMENT OF INTEREST
- 4 Sec. 122.201. ASSIGNMENT. A person who is entitled to
- 5 receive property or an interest in property from a decedent under a
- 6 will, by inheritance, or as a beneficiary under a life insurance
- 7 contract, and does not disclaim the property under this chapter may
- 8 assign the property or interest in property to any person. (Tex.
- 9 Prob. Code, Sec. 37B(a).)
- 10 Sec. 122.202. FILING OF ASSIGNMENT. An assignment may, at
- 11 the request of the assignor, be filed as provided for the filing of
- 12 a disclaimer under Subchapter B. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 37B(b)
- 13 (part).)
- Sec. 122.203. NOTICE. Notice of the filing of an assignment
- 15 as provided by Section 122.202 must be served as required by Section
- 16 122.056 for notice of a disclaimer. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 37B(b)
- 17 (part).)
- 18 Sec. 122.204. FAILURE TO COMPLY. Failure to comply with
- 19 Subchapters A, B, C, and D does not affect an assignment. (Tex.
- 20 Prob. Code, Sec. 37B(c).)
- Sec. 122.205. GIFT. An assignment under this subchapter is
- 22 a gift to the assignee and is not a disclaimer under Subchapters A,
- 23 B, C, and D. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 37B(d).)
- Sec. 122.206. SPENDTHRIFT PROVISION. An assignment of
- 25 property or interest that would defeat a spendthrift provision
- 26 imposed in a trust may not be made under this subchapter. (Tex.
- 27 Prob. Code, Sec. 37B(e).)

1			CHAPTER 123. DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE		
2	SUBCHAPTER A. EFFECT OF DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE ON WILL				
3	Sec.	123.001.	WILL PROVISIONS MADE BEFORE DISSOLUTION		
4			OF MARRIAGE		
5	Sec.	123.002.	TREATMENT OF DECEDENT'S FORMER SPOUSE		
6		[Secti	ons 123.003-123.050 reserved for expansion]		
7	SUBCHAPTER B. EFFECT OF DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE ON CERTA				
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16			RECIPIENTS OF CERTAIN PAYMENTS,		
17			BENEFITS, OR PROPERTY		
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20	[Sections 123.056-123.100 reserved for expansion]				
21		SUBCHAP	TER C. CERTAIN MARRIAGES VOIDABLE AFTER DEATH		
22	Sec.	123.101.	PROCEEDING TO VOID MARRIAGE BASED ON		
23			MENTAL CAPACITY PENDING AT TIME OF		
24			DEATH		
25	Sec.	123.102.	APPLICATION TO VOID MARRIAGE AFTER DEATH		
26	Sec.	123.103.	ACTION ON APPLICATION TO VOID MARRIAGE		
27			AFTER DEATH		

- 1 Sec. 123.104. EFFECT OF VOIDED MARRIAGE
- 2 CHAPTER 123. DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE
- 3 SUBCHAPTER A. EFFECT OF DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE ON WILL
- 4 Sec. 123.001. WILL PROVISIONS MADE BEFORE DISSOLUTION OF
- 5 MARRIAGE. (a) In this section, "relative" means an individual
- 6 related to another individual by:
- 7 (1) consanguinity, as determined under Section
- 8 573.022, Government Code; or
- 9 (2) affinity, as determined under Section 573.024,
- 10 Government Code.
- 11 (b) If, after the testator makes a will, the testator's
- 12 marriage is dissolved by divorce, annulment, or a declaration that
- 13 the marriage is void, all provisions in the will, including all
- 14 fiduciary appointments, shall be read as if the former spouse and
- 15 each relative of the former spouse who is not a relative of the
- 16 testator failed to survive the testator, unless the will expressly
- 17 provides otherwise. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 69(a), (b).)
- 18 Sec. 123.002. TREATMENT OF DECEDENT'S FORMER SPOUSE. A
- 19 person is not a surviving spouse of a decedent if the person's
- 20 marriage to the decedent has been dissolved by divorce, annulment,
- 21 or a declaration that the marriage is void, unless:
- 22 (1) as the result of a subsequent marriage, the person
- 23 is married to the decedent at the time of death; and
- 24 (2) the subsequent marriage is not declared void under
- 25 Subchapter C. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 69(c).)
- [Sections 123.003-123.050 reserved for expansion]

- 1 SUBCHAPTER B. EFFECT OF DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE ON CERTAIN
- 2 NONTESTAMENTARY TRANSFERS
- 3 Sec. 123.051. DEFINITIONS. In this subchapter:
- 4 (1) "Disposition or appointment of property" includes
- 5 a transfer of property to or a provision of another benefit to a
- 6 beneficiary under a trust instrument.
- 7 (2) "Divorced individual" means an individual whose
- 8 marriage has been dissolved by divorce or annulment.
- 9 (3) "Revocable," with respect to a disposition,
- 10 appointment, provision, or nomination, means a disposition to,
- 11 appointment of, provision in favor of, or nomination of an
- 12 individual's spouse that is contained in a trust instrument
- 13 executed by the individual before the dissolution of the
- 14 individual's marriage to the spouse and that the individual was
- 15 solely empowered by law or by the trust instrument to revoke
- 16 regardless of whether the individual had the capacity to exercise
- 17 the power at that time. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 471.)
- 18 Sec. 123.052. REVOCATION OF CERTAIN NONTESTAMENTARY
- 19 TRANSFERS; TREATMENT OF FORMER SPOUSE AS BENEFICIARY UNDER CERTAIN
- 20 POLICIES OR PLANS. (a) The dissolution of the marriage revokes a
- 21 provision in a trust instrument that was executed by a divorced
- 22 individual before the individual's marriage was dissolved and that:
- 23 (1) is a revocable disposition or appointment of
- 24 property made to the individual's former spouse;
- 25 (2) confers a general or special power of appointment
- 26 on the individual's former spouse; or
- 27 (3) nominates the individual's former spouse to serve:

- 1 (A) as a personal representative, trustee,
- 2 conservator, agent, or guardian; or
- 3 (B) in another fiduciary or representative
- 4 capacity.
- 5 (b) Subsection (a) does not apply if one of the following
- 6 provides otherwise:
- 7 (1) a court order;
- 8 (2) the express terms of a trust instrument executed
- 9 by the divorced individual before the individual's marriage was
- 10 dissolved; or
- 11 (3) an express provision of a contract relating to the
- 12 division of the marital estate entered into between the divorced
- 13 individual and the individual's former spouse before, during, or
- 14 after the marriage.
- 15 (c) Sections 9.301 and 9.302, Family Code, govern the
- 16 designation of a former spouse as a beneficiary of certain life
- 17 insurance policies or as a beneficiary under certain retirement
- 18 benefit plans or other financial plans. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 19 472(a); New.)
- Sec. 123.053. EFFECT OF REVOCATION. (a) An interest granted
- 21 in a provision of a trust instrument that is revoked under Section
- 22 123.052(a)(1) or (2) passes as if the former spouse of the divorced
- 23 individual who executed the trust instrument disclaimed the
- 24 interest granted in the provision.
- 25 (b) An interest granted in a provision of a trust instrument
- 26 that is revoked under Section 123.052(a)(3) passes as if the former
- 27 spouse died immediately before the dissolution of the marriage.

- 1 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 472(b).)
- 2 Sec. 123.054. LIABILITY OF CERTAIN PURCHASERS OR RECIPIENTS
- 3 OF CERTAIN PAYMENTS, BENEFITS, OR PROPERTY. A bona fide purchaser
- 4 of property from a divorced individual's former spouse or a person
- 5 who receives from the former spouse a payment, benefit, or property
- 6 in partial or full satisfaction of an enforceable obligation:
- 7 (1) is not required by this subchapter to return the
- 8 payment, benefit, or property; and
- 9 (2) is not liable under this subchapter for the amount
- 10 of the payment or the value of the property or benefit. (Tex. Prob.
- 11 Code, Sec. 473(a).)
- 12 Sec. 123.055. LIABILITY OF FORMER SPOUSE FOR CERTAIN
- 13 PAYMENTS, BENEFITS, OR PROPERTY. A divorced individual's former
- 14 spouse who, not for value, receives a payment, benefit, or property
- 15 to which the former spouse is not entitled as a result of Sections
- 16 123.052(a) and (b):
- 17 (1) shall return the payment, benefit, or property to
- 18 the person who is entitled to the payment, benefit, or property
- 19 under this subchapter; or
- 20 (2) is personally liable to the person described by
- 21 Subdivision (1) for the amount of the payment or the value of the
- 22 benefit or property received, as applicable. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 23 Sec. 473(b).)
- 24 [Sections 123.056-123.100 reserved for expansion]
- 25 SUBCHAPTER C. CERTAIN MARRIAGES VOIDABLE AFTER DEATH
- Sec. 123.101. PROCEEDING TO VOID MARRIAGE BASED ON MENTAL
- 27 CAPACITY PENDING AT TIME OF DEATH. (a) If a proceeding under Chapter

- 1 6, Family Code, to declare a marriage void based on the lack of
- 2 mental capacity of one of the parties to the marriage is pending on
- 3 the date of death of one of those parties, or if a quardianship
- 4 proceeding in which a court is requested under Chapter 6, Family
- 5 Code, to declare a ward's or proposed ward's marriage void based on
- 6 the lack of mental capacity of the ward or proposed ward is pending
- 7 on the date of the ward's or proposed ward's death, the court may
- 8 make the determination and declare the marriage void after the
- 9 decedent's death.
- 10 (b) In making a determination described by Subsection (a),
- 11 the court shall apply the standards for an annulment prescribed by
- 12 Section 6.108(a), Family Code. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 47A(a).)
- 13 Sec. 123.102. APPLICATION TO VOID MARRIAGE AFTER DEATH. (a)
- 14 Subject to Subsection (c), if a proceeding described by Section
- 15 123.101(a) is not pending on the date of a decedent's death, an
- 16 interested person may file an application with the court requesting
- 17 that the court void the marriage of the decedent if:
- 18 (1) on the date of the decedent's death, the decedent
- 19 was married; and
- 20 (2) that marriage commenced not earlier than three
- 21 years before the date of the decedent's death.
- 22 (b) The notice applicable to a proceeding for a declaratory
- 23 judgment under Chapter 37, Civil Practice and Remedies Code,
- 24 applies to a proceeding under Subsection (a).
- (c) An application authorized by Subsection (a) may not be
- 26 filed after the first anniversary of the date of the decedent's
- 27 death. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 47A(b), (c).)

- 1 Sec. 123.103. ACTION ON APPLICATION TO VOID MARRIAGE AFTER
- 2 DEATH. (a) Except as provided by Subsection (b), in a proceeding
- 3 brought under Section 123.102, the court shall declare the
- 4 decedent's marriage void if the court finds that, on the date the
- 5 marriage occurred, the decedent did not have the mental capacity
- 6 to:
- 7 (1) consent to the marriage; and
- 8 (2) understand the nature of the marriage ceremony, if
- 9 a ceremony occurred.
- 10 (b) A court that makes a finding described by Subsection (a)
- 11 may not declare the decedent's marriage void if the court finds
- 12 that, after the date the marriage occurred, the decedent:
- 13 (1) gained the mental capacity to recognize the
- 14 marriage relationship; and
- 15 (2) did recognize the marriage relationship. (Tex.
- 16 Prob. Code, Secs. 47A(d), (e).)
- 17 Sec. 123.104. EFFECT OF VOIDED MARRIAGE. If the court
- 18 declares a decedent's marriage void in a proceeding described by
- 19 Section 123.101(a) or brought under Section 123.102, the other
- 20 party to the marriage is not considered the decedent's surviving
- 21 spouse for purposes of any law of this state. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 22 47A(f).)
- 23 CHAPTER 124. VALUATION AND TAXATION OF ESTATE PROPERTY
- 24 SUBCHAPTER A. APPORTIONMENT OF TAXES
- 25 Sec. 124.001. DEFINITIONS
- 26 Sec. 124.002. REFERENCES TO INTERNAL REVENUE CODE
- 27 Sec. 124.003. APPORTIONMENT DIRECTED BY FEDERAL LAW

2 Sec. 124.005. GENERAL APPORTIONMENT OF ESTATE TAX;

1 Sec. 124.004. EFFECT OF DISCLAIMERS

- 3 EXCEPTIONS
- Sec. 124.006. EFFECT OF TAX DEDUCTIONS, EXEMPTIONS, OR
- 5 CREDITS
- 6 Sec. 124.007. EXCLUSION OF CERTAIN PROPERTY FROM
- 7 APPORTIONMENT
- Sec. 124.008. EXCLUSION OF CERTAIN TEMPORARY 8
- 9 INTERESTS FROM APPORTIONMENT
- 10 Sec. 124.009. QUALIFIED REAL PROPERTY
- 11 Sec. 124.010. EFFECT OF EXTENSION OR DEFICIENCY IN
- PAYMENT OF ESTATE TAXES; LIABILITY OF 12
- REPRESENTATIVE 13
- 14 Sec. 124.011. APPORTIONMENT OF INTEREST AND PENALTIES
- 15 Sec. 124.012. APPORTIONMENT OF REPRESENTATIVE'S
- 16 EXPENSES
- Sec. 124.013. WITHHOLDING OF ESTATE TAX SHARE BY 17
- REPRESENTATIVE 18
- 19 Sec. 124.014. RECOVERY OF ESTATE TAX SHARE NOT
- 20 WITHHELD
- 21 Sec. 124.015. RECOVERY OF UNPAID ESTATE TAX;
- 22 REIMBURSEMENT
- Sec. 124.016. TIME TO INITIATE ACTIONS TO RECOVER 23
- 24 UNPAID ESTATE TAX
- 25 Sec. 124.017. TAX OR DEATH DUTY PAYABLE TO ANOTHER
- 26 STATE
- 27 Sec. 124.018. PAYMENT OF EXPENSES AND ATTORNEY'S FEES

- 1 [Sections 124.019-124.050 reserved for expansion]
- 2 SUBCHAPTER B. SATISFACTION OF CERTAIN PECUNIARY GIFTS
- 3 Sec. 124.051. VALUATION OF PROPERTY DISTRIBUTED IN
- 4 KIND IN SATISFACTION OF PECUNIARY GIFT
- 5 Sec. 124.052. SATISFACTION OF MARITAL DEDUCTION
- 6 PECUNIARY GIFTS WITH ASSETS IN KIND
- 7 CHAPTER 124. VALUATION AND TAXATION OF ESTATE PROPERTY
- 8 SUBCHAPTER A. APPORTIONMENT OF TAXES
- 9 Sec. 124.001. DEFINITIONS. In this subchapter:
- 10 (1) "Court" means:
- 11 (A) a court in which proceedings for
- 12 administration of an estate are pending or have been completed; or
- 13 (B) if no proceedings are pending or have been
- 14 completed, a court in which venue lies for the administration of an
- 15 estate.
- 16 (2) "Estate" means the gross estate of a decedent as
- 17 determined for the purpose of estate taxes.
- 18 (3) "Estate tax" means any estate, inheritance, or
- 19 death tax levied or assessed on the property of a decedent's estate
- 20 because of the death of a person and imposed by federal, state,
- 21 local, or foreign law, including the federal estate tax and the
- 22 inheritance tax imposed by Chapter 211, Tax Code, and including
- 23 interest and penalties imposed in addition to those taxes. The term
- 24 does not include a tax imposed under Section 2701(d)(1)(A),
- 25 Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. Section 2701(d)).
- 26 (4) "Person" includes a trust, natural person,
- 27 partnership, association, joint stock company, corporation,

- 1 government, political subdivision, or governmental agency.
- 2 (5) "Person interested in the estate" means a person,
- 3 or a fiduciary on behalf of that person, who is entitled to receive
- 4 or who has received, from a decedent or because of the death of the
- 5 decedent, property included in the decedent's estate for purposes
- 6 of the estate tax. The term does not include a creditor of the
- 7 decedent or of the decedent's estate.
- 8 (6) "Representative" means the representative,
- 9 executor, or administrator of an estate, or any other person who is
- 10 required to pay estate taxes assessed against the estate. (Tex.
- 11 Prob. Code, Secs. 322A(a), (s).)
- 12 Sec. 124.002. REFERENCES TO INTERNAL REVENUE CODE. A
- 13 reference in this subchapter to a section of the Internal Revenue
- 14 Code of 1986 refers to that section as it exists at the time in
- 15 question. The reference also includes a corresponding section of a
- 16 subsequent Internal Revenue Code and, if the referenced section is
- 17 renumbered, the section as renumbered. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 18 322A(x).)
- 19 Sec. 124.003. APPORTIONMENT DIRECTED BY FEDERAL LAW. If
- 20 federal law directs the apportionment of the federal estate tax, a
- 21 similar state tax shall be apportioned in the same manner. (Tex.
- 22 Prob. Code, Sec. 322A(1).)
- Sec. 124.004. EFFECT OF DISCLAIMERS. This subchapter shall
- 24 be applied after giving effect to any disclaimers made in
- 25 accordance with Subchapters A, B, C, and D, Chapter 122. (Tex
- 26 Prob. Code, Sec. 322A(p).)
- Sec. 124.005. GENERAL APPORTIONMENT OF ESTATE TAX;

- 1 EXCEPTIONS. (a) A representative shall charge each person interested in the estate a portion of the total estate tax assessed 2 3 against the estate. The portion charged to each person must represent the same ratio as the taxable value of that person's 4 5 interest in the estate included in determining the amount of the tax bears to the total taxable value of all the interests of all persons 6 interested in the estate included in determining the amount of the 7 8 In apportioning an estate tax under this subsection, the
- 10 (1) apportioned under the law imposing the tax;

representative shall disregard a portion of the tax that is:

11 (2) otherwise apportioned by federal law; or

9

- 12 (3) apportioned as otherwise provided by this 13 subchapter.
- 14 (b) Subsection (a) does not apply to the extent the 15 decedent, in a written inter vivos or testamentary instrument disposing of or creating an interest in property, specifically 16 17 directs the manner of apportionment of estate tax or grants a discretionary power of apportionment to another person. 18 19 direction for the apportionment or nonapportionment of estate tax is limited to the estate tax on the property passing under the 20 21 instrument unless the instrument is a will that provides otherwise.
- (c) Ιf directions under Subsection (b) for the 22 apportionment of an estate tax are provided in two or more 23 24 instruments executed by the same person and the directions in those instruments conflict, the instrument disposing of or creating an 25 26 interest in the property to be taxed controls. If directions for 27 the apportionment of estate tax are provided in two or more

- 1 instruments executed by different persons and the directions in
- 2 those instruments conflict, the direction of the person in whose
- 3 estate the property is included controls.
- 4 (d) Subsections (b) and (c) do not:
- 5 (1) grant or enlarge the power of a person to apportion
- 6 estate tax to property passing under an instrument created by
- 7 another person in excess of the estate tax attributable to the
- 8 property; or
- 9 (2) apply to the extent federal law directs a
- 10 different manner of apportionment. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 322A(b).)
- 11 Sec. 124.006. EFFECT OF TAX DEDUCTIONS, EXEMPTIONS, OR
- 12 CREDITS. (a) A deduction, exemption, or credit allowed by law in
- 13 connection with the estate tax inures to a person interested in the
- 14 estate as provided by this section.
- 15 (b) If the deduction, exemption, or credit is allowed
- 16 because of the relationship of the person interested in the estate
- 17 to the decedent, or because of the purpose of the gift, the
- 18 deduction, exemption, or credit inures to the person having the
- 19 relationship or receiving the gift, unless that person's interest
- 20 in the estate is subject to a prior present interest that is not
- 21 allowable as a deduction. The estate tax apportionable to the
- 22 person having the present interest shall be paid from the corpus of
- 23 the gift or the interest of the person having the relationship.
- 24 (c) A deduction for property of the estate that was
- 25 previously taxed and a credit for gift taxes or death taxes of a
- 26 foreign country that were paid by the decedent or the decedent's
- 27 estate inure proportionally to all persons interested in the estate

- 1 who are liable for a share of the estate tax.
- 2 (d) A credit for inheritance, succession, or estate taxes,
- 3 or for similar taxes applicable to property or interests includable
- 4 in the estate, inures to the persons interested in the estate who
- 5 are chargeable with payment of a portion of those taxes to the
- 6 extent that the credit proportionately reduces those taxes. (Tex.
- 7 Prob. Code, Secs. 322A(c), (d), (e), (f).)
- 8 Sec. 124.007. EXCLUSION OF CERTAIN PROPERTY FROM
- 9 APPORTIONMENT. (a) To the extent that property passing to or in
- 10 trust for a surviving spouse or a charitable, public, or similar
- 11 gift or devise is not an allowable deduction for purposes of the
- 12 estate tax solely because of an inheritance tax or other death tax
- 13 imposed on and deductible from the property:
- 14 (1) the property is not included in the computation
- 15 provided for by Section 124.005; and
- 16 (2) no apportionment is made against the property.
- 17 (b) The exclusion provided by this section does not apply if
- 18 the result would be to deprive the estate of a deduction otherwise
- 19 allowable under Section 2053(d), Internal Revenue Code of 1986, for
- 20 a state death tax on a transfer for a public, charitable, or
- 21 religious use. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 322A(g).)
- Sec. 124.008. EXCLUSION OF CERTAIN TEMPORARY INTERESTS
- 23 FROM APPORTIONMENT. (a) Except as provided by Section 124.009(c),
- 24 the following temporary interests are not subject to apportionment:
- 25 (1) an interest in income;
- 26 (2) an estate for years or for life; or
- 27 (3) another temporary interest in any property or

- 1 fund.
- 2 (b) The estate tax apportionable to a temporary interest
- 3 described by Subsection (a) and the remainder, if any, is
- 4 chargeable against the corpus of the property or the funds that are
- 5 subject to the temporary interest and remainder. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 6 Sec. 322A(h).)
- 7 Sec. 124.009. QUALIFIED REAL PROPERTY. (a) In this
- 8 section, "qualified real property" has the meaning assigned by
- 9 Section 2032A, Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. Section
- 10 2032A).
- 11 (b) If an election is made under Section 2032A, Internal
- 12 Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. Section 2032A), the representative
- 13 shall apportion estate taxes according to the amount of federal
- 14 estate tax that would be payable if the election were not made. The
- 15 representative shall apply the amount of the reduction of the
- 16 estate tax resulting from the election to reduce the amount of the
- 17 estate tax allocated based on the value of the qualified real
- 18 property that is the subject of the election. If the amount of that
- 19 reduction is greater than the amount of the taxes allocated based on
- 20 the value of the qualified real property, the representative shall:
- 21 (1) apply the excess amount to the portion of the taxes
- 22 allocated for all other property; and
- 23 (2) apportion the amount described by Subdivision (1)
- 24 under Section 124.005(a).
- 25 (c) If additional federal estate tax is imposed under
- 26 Section 2032A(c), Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. Section
- 27 2032A), because of an early disposition or cessation of a qualified

- 1 use, the additional tax shall be equitably apportioned among the
- 2 persons who have an interest in the portion of the qualified real
- 3 property to which the additional tax is attributable in proportion
- 4 to their interests. The additional tax is a charge against that
- 5 qualified real property. If the qualified real property is split
- 6 between one or more life or term interests and remainder interests,
- 7 the additional tax shall be apportioned to each person whose action
- 8 or cessation of use caused the imposition of additional tax, unless
- 9 all persons with an interest in the qualified real property agree in
- 10 writing to dispose of the property, in which case the additional tax
- 11 shall be apportioned among the remainder interests. (Tex. Prob.
- 12 Code, Sec. 322A(i).)
- 13 Sec. 124.010. EFFECT OF EXTENSION OR DEFICIENCY IN PAYMENT
- 14 OF ESTATE TAXES; LIABILITY OF REPRESENTATIVE. (a) If the date for
- 15 the payment of any portion of an estate tax is extended:
- 16 (1) the amount of the extended tax shall be
- 17 apportioned to the persons who receive the specific property that
- 18 gives rise to the extension; and
- 19 (2) those persons are entitled to the benefits and
- 20 shall bear the burdens of the extension.
- 21 (b) Except as provided by Subsection (c), interest on an
- 22 extension of estate tax and interest and penalties on a deficiency
- 23 shall be apportioned equitably to reflect the benefits and burdens
- 24 of the extension or deficiency and of any tax deduction associated
- 25 with the interest and penalties.
- 26 (c) A representative shall be charged with the amount of any
- 27 penalty or interest that is assessed due to delay caused by the

- 1 representative's negligence. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 322A(k),
- 2 (m).)
- 3 Sec. 124.011. APPORTIONMENT OF INTEREST AND PENALTIES. (a)
- 4 Interest and penalties assessed against an estate by a taxing
- 5 authority shall be apportioned among and charged to the persons
- 6 interested in the estate in the manner provided by Section 124.005
- 7 unless, on application by any person interested in the estate, the
- 8 court determines that:
- 9 (1) the proposed apportionment is not equitable; or
- 10 (2) the assessment of interest or penalties was caused
- 11 by a breach of fiduciary duty of a representative.
- 12 (b) If the apportionment is not equitable, the court may
- 13 apportion interest and penalties in an equitable manner.
- 14 (c) If the assessment of interest or penalties was caused by
- 15 a breach of fiduciary duty of a representative, the court may charge
- 16 the representative with the amount of the interest and penalties
- 17 assessed attributable to the representative's conduct. (Tex. Prob.
- 18 Code, Sec. 322A(q).)
- 19 Sec. 124.012. APPORTIONMENT OF REPRESENTATIVE'S EXPENSES.
- 20 (a) Expenses reasonably incurred by a representative in
- 21 determination of the amount, apportionment, or collection of the
- 22 estate tax shall be apportioned among and charged to persons
- 23 interested in the estate in the manner provided by Section 124.005
- 24 unless, on application by any person interested in the estate, the
- 25 court determines that the proposed apportionment is not equitable.
- 26 (b) If the court determines that the proposed apportionment
- 27 is not equitable, the court may apportion the expenses in an

- 1 equitable manner. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 322A(r).)
- 2 Sec. 124.013. WITHHOLDING OF ESTATE TAX SHARE BY
- 3 REPRESENTATIVE. A representative who has possession of any estate
- 4 property that is distributable to a person interested in the estate
- 5 may withhold from that property an amount equal to the person's
- 6 apportioned share of the estate tax. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 7 322A(t).)
- 8 Sec. 124.014. RECOVERY OF ESTATE TAX SHARE NOT WITHHELD.
- 9 (a) If property includable in an estate does not come into
- 10 possession of a representative obligated to pay the estate tax, the
- 11 representative shall:
- 12 (1) recover from each person interested in the estate
- 13 the amount of the estate tax apportioned to the person under this
- 14 subchapter; or
- 15 (2) assign to persons affected by the tax obligation
- 16 the representative's right of recovery.
- 17 (b) The obligation to recover a tax under Subsection (a)
- 18 does not apply if:
- 19 (1) the duty is waived by the parties affected by the
- 20 tax obligation or by the instrument under which the representative
- 21 derives powers; or
- 22 (2) in the reasonable judgment of the representative,
- 23 proceeding to recover the tax is not cost-effective. (Tex. Prob.
- 24 Code, Sec. 322A(n).)
- Sec. 124.015. RECOVERY OF UNPAID ESTATE TAX; REIMBURSEMENT.
- 26 (a) A representative shall recover from any person interested in
- 27 the estate the unpaid amount of the estate tax apportioned and

- 1 charged to the person under this subchapter unless the
- 2 representative determines in good faith that an attempt to recover
- 3 the amount would be economically impractical.
- 4 (b) A representative who cannot collect from a person
- 5 interested in the estate an unpaid amount of estate tax apportioned
- 6 to that person shall apportion the amount not collected in the
- 7 manner provided by Section 124.005(a) among the other persons
- 8 interested in the estate who are subject to apportionment.
- 9 (c) A person who is charged with or who pays an apportioned
- 10 amount under Subsection (b) has a right of reimbursement for that
- 11 amount from the person who failed to pay the tax. The
- 12 representative may enforce the right of reimbursement, or the
- 13 person who is charged with or who pays an apportioned amount under
- 14 Subsection (b) may enforce the right of reimbursement directly by
- 15 an assignment from the representative. A person assigned the right
- 16 under this subsection is subrogated to the rights of the
- 17 representative.
- 18 (d) A representative who has a right of reimbursement may
- 19 petition a court to determine the right of reimbursement. (Tex.
- 20 Prob. Code, Secs. 322A(o), (u).)
- Sec. 124.016. TIME TO INITIATE ACTIONS TO RECOVER UNPAID
- 22 ESTATE TAX. (a) A representative required to recover unpaid
- 23 amounts of estate tax apportioned to persons interested in the
- 24 estate under this subchapter may not be required to initiate the
- 25 necessary actions until the expiration of the 90th day after the
- 26 date of the final determination by the Internal Revenue Service of
- 27 the amount of the estate tax.

- (b) A representative who initiates an action under this subchapter within a reasonable time after the expiration of the 90-day period is not subject to any liability or surcharge because a portion of the estate tax apportioned to a person interested in the estate was collectible during a period after the death of the decedent but thereafter became uncollectible. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 7 Sec. 322A(v).)
- 8 Sec. 124.017. TAX OR DEATH DUTY PAYABLE TO ANOTHER STATE.
- 9 (a) A representative acting in another state may initiate an action
- 10 in a court of this state to recover from a person interested in the
- 11 estate who is domiciled in this state or owns property in this state
- 12 subject to attachment or execution, a proportionate amount of:
- 13 (1) the federal estate tax;
- 14 (2) an estate tax payable to another state; or
- 15 (3) a death duty due by a decedent's estate to another
- 16 state.
- 17 (b) In the action, a determination of apportionment by the
- 18 court having jurisdiction of the administration of the decedent's
- 19 estate in the other state is prima facie correct.
- 20 (c) This section applies only if the state in which the
- 21 determination of apportionment was made provides a substantially
- 22 similar remedy. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 322A(w).)
- Sec. 124.018. PAYMENT OF EXPENSES AND ATTORNEY'S FEES. The
- 24 court shall award necessary expenses, including reasonable
- 25 attorney's fees, to the prevailing party in an action initiated by a
- 26 person for the collection of estate taxes from a person interested
- 27 in the estate to whom estate taxes were apportioned and charged

- 1 under Section 124.005. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 322A(y).)
- 2 [Sections 124.019-124.050 reserved for expansion]
- 3 SUBCHAPTER B. SATISFACTION OF CERTAIN PECUNIARY GIFTS
- 4 Sec. 124.051. VALUATION OF PROPERTY DISTRIBUTED IN KIND IN
- 5 SATISFACTION OF PECUNIARY GIFT. Unless the governing instrument
- 6 provides otherwise, if a will or trust contains a pecuniary devise
- 7 or transfer that may be satisfied by distributing assets in kind and
- 8 the executor, administrator, or trustee determines to fund the
- 9 devise or transfer by distributing assets in kind, the property
- 10 shall be valued, for the purpose of funding the devise or transfer,
- 11 at the value of the property on the date or dates of distribution.
- 12 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 378A(b).)
- 13 Sec. 124.052. SATISFACTION OF MARITAL DEDUCTION PECUNIARY
- 14 GIFTS WITH ASSETS IN KIND. (a) This section applies to an
- 15 executor, administrator, or trustee authorized under the will or
- 16 trust of a decedent to satisfy a pecuniary devise or transfer in
- 17 trust in kind with assets at their value for federal estate tax
- 18 purposes, in satisfaction of a gift intended to qualify, or that
- 19 otherwise would qualify, for a United States estate tax marital
- 20 deduction.
- 21 (b) Unless the governing instrument provides otherwise, an
- 22 executor, administrator, or trustee, in order to implement a devise
- 23 or transfer described by Subsection (a), shall distribute assets,
- 24 including cash, fairly representative of appreciation or
- 25 depreciation in the value of all property available for
- 26 distribution in satisfaction of the devise or transfer. (Tex
- 27 Prob. Code, Sec. 378A(a).)

- 1 [Chapters 125-150 reserved for expansion] SUBTITLE D. PROCEEDINGS BEFORE ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATE 2 CHAPTER 151. EXAMINATION OF DOCUMENTS AND SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES 3 Sec. 151.001. EXAMINATION OF DOCUMENTS OR SAFE DEPOSIT 5 BOX WITH COURT ORDER Sec. 151.002. DELIVERY OF DOCUMENT WITH COURT ORDER 6 Sec. 151.003. EXAMINATION OF DOCUMENT OR SAFE DEPOSIT 7 BOX WITHOUT COURT ORDER 8 Sec. 151.004. DELIVERY OF DOCUMENT WITHOUT COURT ORDER Sec. 151.005. RESTRICTION ON REMOVAL OF CONTENTS OF 10 SAFE DEPOSIT BOX 11 CHAPTER 151. EXAMINATION OF DOCUMENTS AND SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES 12 Sec. 151.001. EXAMINATION OF DOCUMENTS OR SAFE DEPOSIT BOX 13 14 WITH COURT ORDER. (a) A judge of a court that has probate 15 jurisdiction of a decedent's estate may order a person to permit a court representative named in the order to examine a decedent's 16 17 documents or safe deposit box if it is shown to the judge that: (1) the person may possess or control the documents or 18 19 that the person leased the safe deposit box to the decedent; and 20 (2) the documents or safe deposit box may contain:
- 24 (C) an insurance policy issued in the decedent's

(A) a will of the decedent;

a deed to a burial plot in which the decedent

- 25 name and payable to a beneficiary named in the policy.
- 26 (b) The court representative shall examine the decedent's
- 27 documents or safe deposit box in the presence of:

(B)

is to be buried; or

21

22

23

- 1 (1) the judge ordering the examination or an agent of
- 2 the judge; and
- 3 (2) the person who has possession or control of the
- 4 documents or who leased the safe deposit box or, if that person is a
- 5 corporation, an officer of the corporation or an agent of an
- 6 officer. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 36B.)
- 7 Sec. 151.002. DELIVERY OF DOCUMENT WITH COURT ORDER. (a) A
- 8 judge who orders an examination of a decedent's documents or safe
- 9 deposit box under Section 151.001 may order the person who
- 10 possesses or controls the documents or who leases the safe deposit
- 11 box to permit the court representative to take possession of a
- document described by Section 151.001(a)(2).
- 13 (b) The court representative shall deliver:
- 14 (1) a will to the clerk of a court that:
- 15 (A) has probate jurisdiction; and
- 16 (B) is located in the same county as the court of
- 17 the judge who ordered the examination under Section 151.001;
- 18 (2) a burial plot deed to the person designated by the
- 19 judge in the order for the examination; or
- 20 (3) an insurance policy to a beneficiary named in the
- 21 policy.
- (c) A court clerk to whom a will is delivered under
- 23 Subsection (b) shall issue a receipt for the will to the court
- 24 representative. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 36C.)
- Sec. 151.003. EXAMINATION OF DOCUMENT OR SAFE DEPOSIT BOX
- 26 WITHOUT COURT ORDER. (a) A person who possesses or controls a
- 27 document delivered by a decedent for safekeeping or who leases a

- 1 safe deposit box to a decedent may permit examination of the
- 2 document or the contents of the safe deposit box by:
- 3 (1) the decedent's spouse;
- 4 (2) a parent of the decedent;
- 5 (3) a descendant of the decedent who is at least 18
- 6 years of age; or
- 7 (4) a person named as executor of the decedent's estate
- 8 in a copy of a document that the person has and that appears to be a
- 9 will of the decedent.
- 10 (b) An examination under Subsection (a) shall be conducted
- 11 in the presence of the person who possesses or controls the document
- 12 or who leases the safe deposit box or, if the person is a
- 13 corporation, an officer of the corporation. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 14 36D.)
- 15 Sec. 151.004. DELIVERY OF DOCUMENT WITHOUT COURT ORDER.
- 16 (a) Subject to Subsection (c), a person who permits an examination
- 17 of a decedent's document or safe deposit box under Section 151.003
- 18 may deliver:
- 19 (1) a document appearing to be the decedent's will to:
- 20 (A) the clerk of a court that:
- 21 (i) has probate jurisdiction; and
- (ii) is located in the county in which the
- 23 decedent resided; or
- 24 (B) a person named in the document as an executor
- 25 of the decedent's estate;
- 26 (2) a document appearing to be a deed to a burial plot
- 27 in which the decedent is to be buried, or appearing to give burial

- 1 instructions, to the person conducting the examination; or
- 2 (3) a document appearing to be an insurance policy on
- 3 the decedent's life to a beneficiary named in the policy.
- 4 (b) A person who has leased a safe deposit box to the
- 5 decedent shall keep a copy of a document delivered by the person
- 6 under Subsection (a)(1) until the fourth anniversary of the date of
- 7 delivery.
- 8 (c) A person may not deliver a document under Subsection (a)
- 9 unless the person examining the document:
- 10 (1) requests delivery of the document; and
- 11 (2) issues a receipt for the document to the person
- 12 delivering the document. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 36E.)
- 13 Sec. 151.005. RESTRICTION ON REMOVAL OF CONTENTS OF SAFE
- 14 DEPOSIT BOX. A person may not remove the contents of a decedent's
- 15 safe deposit box except as provided by Section 151.002, Section
- 16 151.004, or another law. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 36F.)
- 17 CHAPTER 152. EMERGENCY INTERVENTION
- 18 SUBCHAPTER A. EMERGENCY INTERVENTION APPLICATION
- 19 Sec. 152.001. APPLICATION AUTHORIZED
- 20 Sec. 152.002. CONTENTS OF APPLICATION
- 21 Sec. 152.003. ADDITIONAL CONTENTS OF APPLICATION:
- 22 INSTRUCTIONS REGARDING DECEDENT'S
- 23 FUNERAL AND REMAINS
- 24 Sec. 152.004. TIME AND PLACE OF FILING
- 25 [Sections 152.005-152.050 reserved for expansion]

- 1 SUBCHAPTER B. ORDER FOR EMERGENCY INTERVENTION
- 2 Sec. 152.051. ISSUANCE OF ORDER REGARDING FUNERAL AND
- 3 BURIAL EXPENSES
- 4 Sec. 152.052. ISSUANCE OF ORDER REGARDING ACCESS TO
- 5 CERTAIN PERSONAL PROPERTY
- 6 Sec. 152.053. DURATION OF ORDER
- 7 Sec. 152.054. CERTIFIED COPIES OF ORDER
- 8 Sec. 152.055. LIABILITY OF CERTAIN PERSONS IN
- 9 CONNECTION WITH ORDER
- 10 [Sections 152.056-152.100 reserved for expansion]
- 11 SUBCHAPTER C. LIMITATION ON RIGHT OF DECEDENT'S SURVIVING SPOUSE
- 12 TO CONTROL DECEDENT'S BURIAL OR CREMATION
- 13 Sec. 152.101. APPLICATION AUTHORIZED
- 14 Sec. 152.102. HEARING; ISSUANCE OF ORDER
- 15 CHAPTER 152. EMERGENCY INTERVENTION
- SUBCHAPTER A. EMERGENCY INTERVENTION APPLICATION
- 17 Sec. 152.001. APPLICATION AUTHORIZED. (a) Subject to
- 18 Subsection (b), a person qualified to serve as an administrator
- 19 under Section 304.001 may file an application requesting emergency
- 20 intervention by a court exercising probate jurisdiction to provide
- 21 for:
- 22 (1) the payment of the decedent's funeral and burial
- 23 expenses; or
- 24 (2) the protection and storage of personal property
- 25 owned by the decedent that, on the date of the decedent's death, was
- 26 located in accommodations rented by the decedent.
- 27 (b) An applicant may file an application under this section

- 1 only if:
- 2 (1) an application or affidavit has not been filed and
- 3 is not pending under Section 145, 256.052, 256.054, or 301.052 or
- 4 Chapter 205; and
- 5 (2) the applicant needs to:
- 6 (A) obtain funds for the payment of the
- 7 decedent's funeral and burial expenses; or
- 8 (B) gain access to accommodations rented by the
- 9 decedent that contain the decedent's personal property and the
- 10 applicant has been denied access to those accommodations. (Tex.
- 11 Prob. Code, Secs. 108 (part), 109, 110.)
- 12 Sec. 152.002. CONTENTS OF APPLICATION. (a) An emergency
- 13 intervention application must be sworn and must contain:
- 14 (1) the applicant's name, address, and interest;
- 15 (2) facts showing an immediate necessity for the
- 16 issuance of an emergency intervention order under Subchapter B;
- 17 (3) the decedent's date of death, place of death, and
- 18 residential address on the date of death;
- 19 (4) the name and address of the funeral home holding
- 20 the decedent's remains; and
- 21 (5) the names of any known or ascertainable heirs and
- 22 devisees of the decedent.
- 23 (b) In addition to the information required under
- 24 Subsection (a), if emergency intervention is requested to obtain
- 25 funds needed for the payment of the decedent's funeral and burial
- 26 expenses, the application must also contain:
- 27 (1) the reason any known or ascertainable heirs and

- 1 devisees of the decedent:
- 2 (A) cannot be contacted; or
- 3 (B) have refused to assist in the decedent's
- 4 burial;
- 5 (2) a description of necessary funeral and burial
- 6 procedures and a statement from the funeral home that contains a
- 7 detailed and itemized description of the cost of those procedures;
- 8 and
- 9 (3) the name and address of an individual, entity, or
- 10 financial institution, including an employer, in possession of any
- 11 funds of or due to the decedent, and related account numbers and
- 12 balances, if known by the applicant.
- 13 (c) In addition to the information required under
- 14 Subsection (a), if emergency intervention is requested to gain
- 15 access to accommodations rented by a decedent that at the time of
- 16 the decedent's death contain the decedent's personal property, the
- 17 application must also contain:
- 18 (1) the reason any known or ascertainable heirs and
- 19 devisees of the decedent:
- 20 (A) cannot be contacted; or
- 21 (B) have refused to assist in the protection of
- 22 the decedent's personal property;
- 23 (2) the type and location of the decedent's personal
- 24 property and the name of the person in possession of the property;
- 25 and
- 26 (3) the name and address of the owner or manager of the
- 27 accommodations and a statement regarding whether access to the

- 1 accommodations is necessary. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 111(a), 112.)
- 2 Sec. 152.003. ADDITIONAL CONTENTS OF APPLICATION:
- 3 INSTRUCTIONS REGARDING DECEDENT'S FUNERAL AND REMAINS. (a) In
- 4 addition to the information required under Section 152.002, if
- 5 emergency intervention is requested to obtain funds needed for the
- 6 payment of a decedent's funeral and burial expenses, the
- 7 application must also state whether there are any written
- 8 instructions from the decedent relating to the type and manner of
- 9 funeral or burial preferred by the decedent. The applicant shall:
- 10 (1) attach the instructions, if available, to the
- 11 application; and
- 12 (2) fully comply with the instructions.
- 13 (b) If written instructions do not exist, the applicant may
- 14 not permit the decedent's remains to be cremated unless the
- 15 applicant obtains the court's permission to cremate the remains.
- 16 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 111(b).)
- 17 Sec. 152.004. TIME AND PLACE OF FILING. An emergency
- 18 intervention application must be filed:
- 19 (1) with the court clerk in the county in which:
- 20 (A) the decedent was domiciled; or
- 21 (B) the accommodations rented by the decedent
- 22 that contain the decedent's personal property are located; and
- 23 (2) not earlier than the third day after the date of
- 24 the decedent's death and not later than the 90th day after the date
- of the decedent's death. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 108 (part).)
- 26 [Sections 152.005-152.050 reserved for expansion]

- 1 SUBCHAPTER B. ORDER FOR EMERGENCY INTERVENTION
- 2 Sec. 152.051. ISSUANCE OF ORDER REGARDING FUNERAL AND
- 3 BURIAL EXPENSES. If on review of an application filed under Section
- 4 152.001 the court determines that emergency intervention is
- 5 necessary to obtain funds needed for the payment of a decedent's
- 6 funeral and burial expenses, the court may order funds of the
- 7 decedent that are being held by an individual, an employer, or a
- 8 financial institution to be paid directly to a funeral home only
- 9 for:
- 10 (1) reasonable and necessary attorney's fees for the
- 11 attorney who obtained the order;
- 12 (2) court costs for obtaining the order; and
- 13 (3) funeral and burial expenses not to exceed \$5,000
- 14 as ordered by the court to provide the decedent with a reasonable,
- 15 dignified, and appropriate funeral and burial. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 16 Sec. 113(a).)
- 17 Sec. 152.052. ISSUANCE OF ORDER REGARDING ACCESS TO CERTAIN
- 18 PERSONAL PROPERTY. If on review of an application filed under
- 19 Section 152.001 the court determines that emergency intervention is
- 20 necessary to gain access to accommodations rented by the decedent
- 21 that, at the time of the decedent's death, contain the decedent's
- 22 personal property, the court may order one or more of the following:
- 23 (1) that the owner or agent of the accommodations
- 24 shall grant the applicant access to the accommodations at a
- 25 reasonable time and in the presence of the owner or agent;
- 26 (2) that the applicant and owner or agent of the
- 27 accommodations shall jointly prepare and file with the court a list

- 1 that generally describes the decedent's property found at the
- 2 premises;
- 3 (3) that the applicant or the owner or agent of the
- 4 accommodations may remove and store the decedent's property at
- 5 another location until claimed by the decedent's heirs;
- 6 (4) that the applicant has only the powers that are
- 7 specifically stated in the order and that are necessary to protect
- 8 the decedent's property that is the subject of the application; or
- 9 (5) that funds of the decedent held by an individual,
- 10 an employer, or a financial institution be paid to the applicant for
- 11 reasonable and necessary attorney's fees and court costs for
- 12 obtaining the order. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 113(b).)
- 13 Sec. 152.053. DURATION OF ORDER. The authority of an
- 14 applicant under an emergency intervention order expires on the
- 15 earlier of:
- 16 (1) the 90th day after the date the order is issued; or
- 17 (2) the date a personal representative of the
- 18 decedent's estate qualifies. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 114(a).)
- 19 Sec. 152.054. CERTIFIED COPIES OF ORDER. The court clerk
- 20 may issue certified copies of an emergency intervention order on
- 21 request of the applicant only until the earlier of:
- 22 (1) the 90th day after the date the order is signed; or
- 23 (2) the date a personal representative of the
- 24 decedent's estate qualifies. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 113(c).)
- Sec. 152.055. LIABILITY OF CERTAIN PERSONS IN CONNECTION
- 26 WITH ORDER. (a) A person who is provided a certified copy of an
- 27 emergency intervention order within the period prescribed by

- 1 Section 152.054 is not personally liable for an action taken by the
- 2 person in accordance with and in reliance on the order.
- 3 (b) If a personal representative has not been appointed when
- 4 an emergency intervention order issued under Section 152.052
- 5 expires, a person in possession of the decedent's personal property
- 6 that is the subject of the order, without incurring civil
- 7 liability, may:
- 8 (1) release the property to the decedent's heirs; or
- 9 (2) dispose of the property under Subchapter C,
- 10 Chapter 54, Property Code, or Section 7.209 or 7.210, Business &
- 11 Commerce Code. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 113(d), 114(b).)
- 12 [Sections 152.056-152.100 reserved for expansion]
- 13 SUBCHAPTER C. LIMITATION ON RIGHT OF DECEDENT'S SURVIVING SPOUSE
- 14 TO CONTROL DECEDENT'S BURIAL OR CREMATION
- 15 Sec. 152.101. APPLICATION AUTHORIZED. (a) The executor of
- 16 a decedent's will or the decedent's next of kin may file an
- 17 application for an order limiting the right of the decedent's
- 18 surviving spouse to control the decedent's burial or cremation.
- 19 (b) For purposes of Subsection (a), the decedent's next of
- 20 kin:
- 21 (1) is determined in accordance with order of descent,
- 22 with the person nearest in order of descent first, and so on; and
- 23 (2) includes the decedent's descendants who legally
- 24 adopted the decedent or who have been legally adopted by the
- 25 decedent.
- 26 (c) An application under this section must be under oath and
- 27 must establish:

- 1 (1) whether the decedent died intestate or testate;
- 2 (2) that the surviving spouse is alleged to be a
- 3 principal or accomplice in a wilful act that resulted in the
- 4 decedent's death; and
- 5 (3) that good cause exists to limit the surviving
- 6 spouse's right to control the decedent's burial or cremation. (Tex.
- 7 Prob. Code, Secs. 115(a), (b).)
- 8 Sec. 152.102. HEARING; ISSUANCE OF ORDER. (a) If the court
- 9 finds that there is good cause to believe that the decedent's
- 10 surviving spouse is the principal or an accomplice in a wilful act
- 11 that resulted in the decedent's death, the court may, after notice
- 12 and a hearing, limit the surviving spouse's right to control the
- 13 decedent's burial or cremation.
- 14 (b) Subsection (a) applies:
- 15 (1) without regard to whether the decedent died
- 16 intestate or testate; and
- 17 (2) regardless of whether the surviving spouse is
- 18 designated by the decedent's will as the executor of the decedent's
- 19 estate.
- 20 (c) If the court limits the surviving spouse's right of
- 21 control as provided by Subsection (a), the court shall designate
- 22 and authorize a person to make burial or cremation arrangements.
- 23 (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 115(c), (d).)
- [Chapters 153-200 reserved for expansion]

1	SUBTITLE E. INTESTATE SUCCESSION				
2	CHAPTER 201. DESCENT AND DISTRIBUTION				
3			SUBCHAPTER A. INTESTATE SUCCESSION		
4	Sec.	201.001.	ESTATE OF AN INTESTATE NOT LEAVING		
5			SPOUSE		
6	Sec.	201.002.	SEPARATE ESTATE OF AN INTESTATE		
7	Sec.	201.003.	COMMUNITY ESTATE OF AN INTESTATE		
8	[Sections 201.004-201.050 reserved for expansion]				
9		SUB	CHAPTER B. MATTERS AFFECTING INHERITANCE		
10	Sec.	201.051.	MATERNAL INHERITANCE		
11	Sec.	201.052.	PATERNAL INHERITANCE		
12	Sec.	201.053.	EFFECT OF RELIANCE ON AFFIDAVIT OF		
13			HEIRSHIP		
14	Sec.	201.054.	ADOPTED CHILD		
15	Sec.	201.055.	ISSUE OF VOID OR VOIDABLE MARRIAGE		
16	Sec.	201.056.	PERSONS NOT IN BEING		
17	Sec.	201.057.	COLLATERAL KINDRED OF WHOLE AND HALF		
18			BLOOD		
19	Sec.	201.058.	CONVICTED PERSONS		
20	Sec.	201.059.	PERSON WHO DIES BY CASUALTY		
21	Sec.	201.060.	ALIENAGE		
22	Sec.	201.061.	ESTATE OF PERSON WHO DIES BY SUICIDE		
23	Sec.	201.062.	TREATMENT OF CERTAIN PARENT-CHILD		
24			RELATIONSHIPS		
25	[Sections 201.063-201.100 reserved for expansion]				

- 1 SUBCHAPTER C. DISTRIBUTION TO HEIRS
- 2 Sec. 201.101. DETERMINATION OF PER CAPITA WITH
- 3 REPRESENTATION DISTRIBUTION
- 4 Sec. 201.102. NO DISTINCTION BASED ON PROPERTY'S
- 5 SOURCE
- 6 Sec. 201.103. TREATMENT OF INTESTATE'S ESTATE
- 7 [Sections 201.104-201.150 reserved for expansion]
- 8 SUBCHAPTER D. ADVANCEMENTS
- 9 Sec. 201.151. DETERMINATION OF ADVANCEMENT; DATE OF
- 10 VALUATION
- 11 Sec. 201.152. SURVIVAL OF RECIPIENT REQUIRED
- 12 CHAPTER 201. DESCENT AND DISTRIBUTION
- 13 SUBCHAPTER A. INTESTATE SUCCESSION
- 14 Sec. 201.001. ESTATE OF AN INTESTATE NOT LEAVING SPOUSE.
- 15 (a) If a person who dies intestate does not leave a spouse, the
- 16 estate to which the person had title descends and passes in
- 17 parcenary to the person's kindred in the order provided by this
- 18 section.
- 19 (b) The person's estate descends and passes to the person's
- 20 children and the children's descendants.
- 21 (c) If no child or child's descendant survives the person,
- 22 the person's estate descends and passes in equal portions to the
- 23 person's father and mother.
- 24 (d) If only the person's father or mother survives the
- 25 person, the person's estate shall:
- 26 (1) be divided into two equal portions, with:
- 27 (A) one portion passing to the surviving parent;

- 1 and
- 2 (B) one portion passing to the person's siblings
- 3 and the siblings' descendants; or
- 4 (2) be inherited entirely by the surviving parent if
- 5 there is no sibling of the person or siblings' descendants.
- 6 (e) If neither the person's father nor mother survives the
- 7 person, the person's entire estate passes to the person's siblings
- 8 and the siblings' descendants.
- 9 (f) If none of the kindred described by Subsections (b)-(e)
- 10 survive the person, the person's estate shall be divided into two
- 11 moieties, with:
- 12 (1) one moiety passing to the person's paternal
- 13 kindred as provided by Subsection (g); and
- 14 (2) one moiety passing to the person's maternal
- 15 kindred as provided by Subsection (h).
- 16 (g) The moiety passing to the person's paternal kindred
- 17 passes in the following order:
- 18 (1) if both paternal grandparents survive the person,
- 19 equal portions pass to the person's paternal grandfather and
- 20 grandmother;
- 21 (2) if only the person's paternal grandfather or
- 22 grandmother survives the person, the person's estate shall:
- 23 (A) be divided into two equal portions, with:
- 24 (i) one portion passing to the surviving
- 25 grandparent; and
- 26 (ii) one portion passing to the descendants
- 27 of the deceased grandparent; or

- 1 (B) pass entirely to the surviving grandparent if
- 2 no descendant of the deceased grandparent survives the person; and
- 3 (3) if neither the person's paternal grandfather nor
- 4 grandmother survives the person, the moiety passing to the
- 5 decedent's paternal kindred passes to the descendants of the
- 6 person's paternal grandfather and grandmother, and so on without
- 7 end, passing in like manner to the nearest lineal ancestors and
- 8 their descendants.
- 9 (h) The moiety passing to the person's maternal kindred
- 10 passes in the same order and manner as the other moiety passes to
- 11 the decedent's paternal kindred under Subsection (g). (Tex. Prob.
- 12 Code, Sec. 38(a).)
- 13 Sec. 201.002. SEPARATE ESTATE OF AN INTESTATE. (a) If a
- 14 person who dies intestate leaves a surviving spouse, the estate,
- 15 other than a community estate, to which the person had title
- 16 descends and passes as provided by this section.
- 17 (b) If the person has one or more children or a descendant of
- 18 a child:
- 19 (1) the surviving spouse takes one-third of the
- 20 personal estate;
- 21 (2) two-thirds of the personal estate descends to the
- 22 person's child or children, and the descendants of a child or
- 23 children; and
- 24 (3) the surviving spouse is entitled to a life estate
- 25 in one-third of the person's land, with the remainder descending to
- 26 the person's child or children and the descendants of a child or
- 27 children.

- 1 (c) Except as provided by Subsection (d), if the person has
- 2 no child and no descendant of a child:
- 3 (1) the surviving spouse is entitled to all of the
- 4 personal estate;
- 5 (2) the surviving spouse is entitled to one-half of
- 6 the person's land without a remainder to any person; and
- 7 (3) one-half of the person's land passes and is
- 8 inherited according to the rules of descent and distribution.
- 9 (d) If the person described by Subsection (c) does not leave
- 10 a surviving parent or one or more surviving siblings, or their
- 11 descendants, the surviving spouse is entitled to the entire estate.
- 12 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 38(b).)
- 13 Sec. 201.003. COMMUNITY ESTATE OF AN INTESTATE. (a) If a
- 14 person who dies intestate leaves a surviving spouse, the community
- 15 estate of the deceased spouse passes as provided by this section.
- 16 (b) The community estate of the deceased spouse passes to
- 17 the surviving spouse if:
- 18 (1) no child or other descendant of the deceased
- 19 spouse survives the deceased spouse; or
- 20 (2) all of the surviving children and descendants of
- 21 the deceased spouse are also children or descendants of the
- 22 surviving spouse.
- (c) If the deceased spouse is survived by a child or other
- 24 descendant who is not also a child or descendant of the surviving
- 25 spouse, one-half of the community estate is retained by the
- 26 surviving spouse and the other one-half passes to the deceased
- 27 spouse's children or descendants. The descendants inherit only the

- 1 portion of that estate to which they would be entitled under Section
- 2 201.101. In every case, the community estate passes charged with
- 3 the debts against the community estate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 45.)
- 4 [Sections 201.004-201.050 reserved for expansion]
- 5 SUBCHAPTER B. MATTERS AFFECTING INHERITANCE
- 6 Sec. 201.051. MATERNAL INHERITANCE. For purposes of
- 7 inheritance, a child is the child of the child's biological or
- 8 adopted mother, and the child and the child's issue shall inherit
- 9 from the child's mother and the child's maternal kindred, both
- 10 descendants, ascendants, and collateral kindred in all degrees, and
- 11 they may inherit from the child and the child's issue. (Tex. Prob.
- 12 Code, Sec. 42(a).)
- Sec. 201.052. PATERNAL INHERITANCE. (a) For purposes of
- 14 inheritance, a child is the child of the child's biological father
- 15 if:
- 16 (1) the child is born under circumstances described by
- 17 Section 160.201, Family Code;
- 18 (2) the child is adjudicated to be the child of the
- 19 father by court decree under Chapter 160, Family Code;
- 20 (3) the child was adopted by the child's father; or
- 21 (4) the father executed an acknowledgment of paternity
- 22 under Subchapter D, Chapter 160, Family Code, or a similar
- 23 statement properly executed in another jurisdiction.
- 24 (b) A child described by Subsection (a) and the child's
- 25 issue shall inherit from the child's father and the child's paternal
- 26 kindred, both descendants, ascendants, and collateral kindred in
- 27 all degrees, and they may inherit from the child and the child's

- 1 issue.
- 2 (c) A person may petition the probate court for a
- 3 determination of right of inheritance from a decedent if the
- 4 person:
- 5 (1) claims to be a biological child of the decedent and
- 6 is not otherwise presumed to be a child of the decedent; or
- 7 (2) claims inheritance through a biological child of
- 8 the decedent who is not otherwise presumed to be a child of the
- 9 decedent.
- 10 (d) If under Subsection (c) the court finds by clear and
- 11 convincing evidence that the purported father was the biological
- 12 father of the child:
- 13 (1) the child is treated as any other child of the
- 14 decedent for purposes of inheritance; and
- 15 (2) the child and the child's issue may inherit from
- 16 the child's paternal kindred, both descendants, ascendants, and
- 17 collateral kindred in all degrees, and they may inherit from the
- 18 child and the child's issue.
- 19 (e) This section does not permit inheritance by a purported
- 20 father of a child, recognized or not, if the purported father's
- 21 parental rights have been terminated. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 22 42(b)(1).)
- Sec. 201.053. EFFECT OF RELIANCE ON AFFIDAVIT OF HEIRSHIP.
- 24 (a) A person who purchases for valuable consideration any interest
- 25 in property of the heirs of a decedent acquires good title to the
- 26 interest that the person would have received, as purchaser, in the
- 27 absence of a claim of the child described by Subdivision (1), if the

- 1 person:
- 2 (1) in good faith relies on the declarations in an
- 3 affidavit of heirship that does not include a child who at the time
- 4 of the sale or contract of sale of the property:
- 5 (A) is not a presumed child of the decedent; and
- 6 (B) has not under a final court decree or
- 7 judgment been found to be entitled to treatment under Section
- 8 201.052 as a child of the decedent; and
- 9 (2) is without knowledge of the claim of the child
- 10 described by Subdivision (1).
- 11 (b) Subsection (a) does not affect any liability of the
- 12 heirs for the proceeds of a sale described by Subsection (a) to the
- 13 child who was not included in the affidavit of heirship. (Tex.
- 14 Prob. Code, Sec. 42(b)(2).)
- 15 Sec. 201.054. ADOPTED CHILD. (a) For purposes of
- 16 inheritance under the laws of descent and distribution, an adopted
- 17 child is regarded as the child of the adoptive parent or parents,
- 18 and the adopted child and the adopted child's descendants inherit
- 19 from and through the adoptive parent or parents and their kindred as
- 20 if the adopted child were the natural child of the adoptive parent
- 21 or parents. The adoptive parent or parents and their kindred
- 22 inherit from and through the adopted child as if the adopted child
- 23 were the natural child of the adoptive parent or parents.
- (b) The natural parent or parents of an adopted child and
- 25 the kindred of the natural parent or parents may not inherit from or
- 26 through the adopted child, but the adopted child inherits from and
- 27 through the child's natural parent or parents, except as provided

- 1 by Section 162.507(c), Family Code.
- 2 (c) This section does not prevent an adoptive parent from
- 3 disposing of the parent's property by will according to law.
- 4 (d) This section does not diminish the rights of an adopted
- 5 child under the laws of descent and distribution or otherwise that
- 6 the adopted child acquired by virtue of inclusion in the definition
- 7 of "child" under Section 22.004. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 40.)
- 8 Sec. 201.055. ISSUE OF VOID OR VOIDABLE MARRIAGE. The issue
- 9 of a marriage declared void or voided by annulment shall be treated
- 10 in the same manner as the issue of a valid marriage. (Tex. Prob.
- 11 Code, Sec. 42(d).)
- 12 Sec. 201.056. PERSONS NOT IN BEING. No right of inheritance
- 13 accrues to any person other than to a child or lineal descendant of
- 14 an intestate, unless the person is in being and capable in law to
- 15 take as an heir at the time of the intestate's death. (Tex. Prob.
- 16 Code, Sec. 41(a).)
- 17 Sec. 201.057. COLLATERAL KINDRED OF WHOLE AND HALF BLOOD.
- 18 If the inheritance from an intestate passes to the collateral
- 19 kindred of the intestate and part of the collateral kindred are of
- 20 whole blood and the other part are of half blood of the intestate,
- 21 each of the collateral kindred who is of half blood inherits only
- 22 half as much as that inherited by each of the collateral kindred who
- 23 is of whole blood. If all of the collateral kindred are of half
- 24 blood of the intestate, each of the collateral kindred inherits a
- 25 whole portion. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 41(b).)
- Sec. 201.058. CONVICTED PERSONS. (a) No conviction shall
- 27 work corruption of blood or forfeiture of estate except as provided

- 1 by Subsection (b).
- 2 (b) If a beneficiary of a life insurance policy or contract
- 3 is convicted and sentenced as a principal or accomplice in wilfully
- 4 bringing about the death of the insured, the proceeds of the
- 5 insurance policy or contract shall be paid in the manner provided by
- 6 the Insurance Code. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 41(d) (part).)
- 7 Sec. 201.059. PERSON WHO DIES BY CASUALTY. Death by
- 8 casualty does not result in forfeiture of estate. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 9 Sec. 41(d) (part).)
- 10 Sec. 201.060. ALIENAGE. A person is not disqualified to
- 11 take as an heir because the person, or another person through whom
- 12 the person claims, is or has been an alien. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 13 41(c).)
- 14 Sec. 201.061. ESTATE OF PERSON WHO DIES BY SUICIDE. The
- 15 estate of a person who commits suicide descends or vests as if the
- 16 person died a natural death. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 41(d) (part).)
- 17 Sec. 201.062. TREATMENT OF CERTAIN PARENT-CHILD
- 18 RELATIONSHIPS. (a) A probate court may enter an order declaring
- 19 that the parent of a child under 18 years of age may not inherit from
- 20 or through the child under the laws of descent and distribution if
- 21 the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that the parent
- 22 has:
- 23 (1) voluntarily abandoned and failed to support the
- 24 child in accordance with the parent's obligation or ability for at
- 25 least three years before the date of the child's death, and did not
- 26 resume support for the child before that date;
- 27 (2) voluntarily and with knowledge of the pregnancy:

```
1
                     (A)
                          abandoned the child's mother beginning at a
   time during her pregnancy with the child and continuing through the
2
 3
   birth;
4
                          failed to provide adequate support or medical
5
   care for the mother during the period of abandonment before the
   child's birth; and
6
7
                     (C)
                          remained apart from and failed to support the
   child since birth; or
8
9
                (3) been convicted or has been placed on community
10
   supervision,
                    including
                                 deferred
                                             adjudication
                                                             community
   supervision, for being criminally responsible for the death or
11
   serious injury of a child under the following sections of the Penal
12
   Code or adjudicated under Title 3, Family Code, for conduct that
13
14
   caused the death or serious injury of a child and that would
15
   constitute a violation of one of the following sections of the Penal
16
   Code:
17
                     (A)
                          Section 19.02 (murder);
                          Section 19.03 (capital murder);
18
                     (B)
19
                     (C)
                          Section 19.04 (manslaughter);
                          Section 21.11 (indecency with a child);
20
                     (D)
                          Section 22.01 (assault);
21
                     (E)
                     (F)
                          Section 22.011 (sexual assault);
22
23
                     (G)
                          Section 22.02 (aggravated assault);
24
                          Section 22.021 (aggravated sexual assault);
                     (H)
25
                          Section 22.04 (injury to a child, elderly
                     (I)
26
    individual, or disabled individual);
```

Section 22.041 (abandoning or endangering

(J)

27

```
1 child);
```

- 2 (K) Section 25.02 (prohibited sexual conduct);
- 3 (L) Section 43.25 (sexual performance by a
- 4 child); or
- 5 (M) Section 43.26 (possession or promotion of
- 6 child pornography).
- 7 (b) On a determination under Subsection (a) that the parent
- 8 of a child may not inherit from or through the child, the parent
- 9 shall be treated as if the parent predeceased the child for purposes
- 10 of:
- 11 (1) inheritance under the laws of descent and
- 12 distribution; and
- 13 (2) any other cause of action based on parentage.
- 14 (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 41(e), (f).)
- 15 [Sections 201.063-201.100 reserved for expansion]
- 16 SUBCHAPTER C. DISTRIBUTION TO HEIRS
- 17 Sec. 201.101. DETERMINATION OF PER CAPITA WITH
- 18 REPRESENTATION DISTRIBUTION. (a) The children, descendants,
- 19 brothers, sisters, uncles, aunts, or other relatives of an
- 20 intestate who stand in the first or same degree of relationship
- 21 alone and come into the distribution of the intestate's estate take
- 22 per capita, which means by persons.
- 23 (b) If some of the persons described by Subsection (a) are
- 24 dead and some are living, each descendant of those persons who have
- 25 died is entitled to a distribution of the intestate's estate. Each
- 26 descendant inherits only that portion of the property to which the
- 27 parent through whom the descendant inherits would be entitled if

- 1 that parent were alive. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 43.)
- 2 Sec. 201.102. NO DISTINCTION BASED ON PROPERTY'S SOURCE. A
- 3 distinction may not be made, in regulating the descent and
- 4 distribution of an estate of a person dying intestate, between
- 5 property derived by gift, devise, or descent from the intestate's
- 6 father, and property derived by gift, devise, or descent from the
- 7 intestate's mother. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 39 (part).)
- 8 Sec. 201.103. TREATMENT OF INTESTATE'S ESTATE. All of the
- 9 estate to which an intestate had title at the time of death descends
- 10 and vests in the intestate's heirs in the same manner as if the
- 11 intestate had been the original purchaser. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 12 39 (part).)
- [Sections 201.104-201.150 reserved for expansion]
- 14 SUBCHAPTER D. ADVANCEMENTS
- 15 Sec. 201.151. DETERMINATION OF ADVANCEMENT; DATE OF
- 16 VALUATION. (a) If a decedent dies intestate as to all or part of the
- 17 decedent's estate, property that the decedent gave during the
- 18 decedent's lifetime to a person who, on the date of the decedent's
- 19 death, is the decedent's heir, or property received by the
- 20 decedent's heir under a nontestamentary transfer under Subchapter
- 21 B, Chapter 111, or Chapter 112 or 113, is an advancement against the
- 22 heir's intestate share of the estate only if:
- 23 (1) the decedent declared in a contemporaneous
- 24 writing, or the heir acknowledged in writing, that the gift or
- 25 nontestamentary transfer is an advancement; or
- 26 (2) the decedent's contemporaneous writing or the
- 27 heir's written acknowledgment otherwise indicates that the gift or

- 1 nontestamentary transfer is to be considered in computing the
- 2 division and distribution of the decedent's intestate estate.
- 3 (b) For purposes of Subsection (a), property that is
- 4 advanced is valued as of the earlier of:
- 5 (1) the time that the heir came into possession or
- 6 enjoyment of the property; or
- 7 (2) the time of the decedent's death. (Tex. Prob.
- 8 Code, Secs. 44(a), (b).)
- 9 Sec. 201.152. SURVIVAL OF RECIPIENT REQUIRED. If the
- 10 recipient of property described by Section 201.151 does not survive
- 11 the decedent, the property is not considered in computing the
- 12 division and distribution of the decedent's intestate estate unless
- 13 the decedent's contemporaneous writing provides otherwise. (Tex.
- 14 Prob. Code, Sec. 44(c).)
- 15 CHAPTER 202. DETERMINATION OF HEIRSHIP
- 16 SUBCHAPTER A. AUTHORIZATION AND PROCEDURES FOR COMMENCEMENT OF
- 17 PROCEEDING TO DECLARE HEIRSHIP
- 18 Sec. 202.001. GENERAL AUTHORIZATION FOR AND NATURE OF
- 19 PROCEEDING TO DECLARE HEIRSHIP
- 20 Sec. 202.002. CIRCUMSTANCES UNDER WHICH PROCEEDING TO
- 21 DECLARE HEIRSHIP IS AUTHORIZED
- 22 Sec. 202.003. VENUE FOR PROCEEDING TO DECLARE HEIRSHIP
- 23 Sec. 202.004. PERSONS WHO MAY COMMENCE PROCEEDING TO
- 24 DECLARE HEIRSHIP
- 25 Sec. 202.005. APPLICATION FOR PROCEEDING TO DECLARE
- 26 HEIRSHIP

1	Sec.	202.006.	REQUEST FOR DETERMINATION OF NECESSITY
2			FOR ADMINISTRATION
3	Sec.	202.007.	AFFIDAVIT SUPPORTING APPLICATION
4			REQUIRED
5	Sec.	202.008.	REQUIRED PARTIES TO PROCEEDING TO
6			DECLARE HEIRSHIP
7	Sec.	202.009.	REPRESENTATION OF INTERESTS OF CERTAIN
8			PERSONS
9		[Secti	ons 202.010-202.050 reserved for expansion]
10		SUBCHAPT	ER B. NOTICE OF PROCEEDING TO DECLARE HEIRSHIP
11	Sec.	202.051.	SERVICE OF CITATION BY MAIL WHEN
12			RECIPIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS ARE KNOWN
13			OR ASCERTAINABLE
14	Sec.	202.052.	SERVICE OF CITATION BY PUBLICATION WHEN
15			RECIPIENT'S NAME OR ADDRESS IS NOT
16			ASCERTAINABLE
17	Sec.	202.053.	REQUIRED POSTING OF CITATION
18	Sec.	202.054.	PERSONAL SERVICE OF CITATION MAY BE
19			REQUIRED
20	Sec.	202.055.	SERVICE OF CITATION ON CERTAIN PERSONS
21			NOT REQUIRED
22	Sec.	202.056.	WAIVER OF SERVICE OF CITATION ON CERTAIN
23			PERSONS NOT PERMITTED
24		[Secti	ons 202.057-202.100 reserved for expansion]

SUBCHAPTER C. TRANSFER OF PENDING PROCEEDING TO DECLARE HEIRSHIP 1 2 Sec. 202.101. REQUIRED TRANSFER OF PENDING PROCEEDING TO DECLARE HEIRSHIP UNDER CERTAIN 3 4 CIRCUMSTANCES Sec. 202.102. TRANSFER OF RECORDS 5 Sec. 202.103. PROCEDURES APPLICABLE TO TRANSFERRED PROCEEDING TO DECLARE HEIRSHIP; 7 8 CONSOLIDATION WITH OTHER PROCEEDING [Sections 202.104-202.150 reserved for expansion] SUBCHAPTER D. EVIDENCE RELATING TO DETERMINATION OF HEIRSHIP 10 Sec. 202.151. WRITTEN EVIDENCE IN PROCEEDING TO 11 DECLARE HEIRSHIP 12 [Sections 202.152-202.200 reserved for expansion] 13 SUBCHAPTER E. JUDGMENT IN PROCEEDING TO DECLARE HEIRSHIP 14 15 Sec. 202.201. REQUIRED STATEMENTS IN JUDGMENT 16 Sec. 202.202. FINALITY AND APPEAL OF JUDGMENT Sec. 202.203. CORRECTION OF JUDGMENT AT REQUEST OF 17 18 HEIR NOT PROPERLY SERVED 19 Sec. 202.204. LIMITATION OF LIABILITY OF CERTAIN 20 PERSONS ACTING IN ACCORDANCE WITH 21 JUDGMENT 22 Sec. 202.205. EFFECT OF CERTAIN JUDGMENTS ON LIABILITY TO CREDITORS 23

24 Sec. 202.206. FILING AND RECORDING OF JUDGMENT

- 1 CHAPTER 202. DETERMINATION OF HEIRSHIP
- 2 SUBCHAPTER A. AUTHORIZATION AND PROCEDURES FOR COMMENCEMENT OF
- 3 PROCEEDING TO DECLARE HEIRSHIP
- 4 Sec. 202.001. GENERAL AUTHORIZATION FOR AND NATURE OF
- 5 PROCEEDING TO DECLARE HEIRSHIP. In the manner provided by this
- 6 chapter, a court may determine through a proceeding to declare
- 7 heirship:
- 8 (1) the persons who are a decedent's heirs and only
- 9 heirs; and
- 10 (2) the heirs' respective shares and interests under
- 11 the laws of this state in the decedent's estate. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 12 Sec. 48(a) (part).)
- 13 Sec. 202.002. CIRCUMSTANCES UNDER WHICH PROCEEDING TO
- 14 DECLARE HEIRSHIP IS AUTHORIZED. A court may conduct a proceeding to
- 15 declare heirship when:
- 16 (1) a person dies intestate owning or entitled to
- 17 property in this state and there has been no administration in this
- 18 state of the person's estate; or
- 19 (2) there has been a will probated in this state or
- 20 elsewhere or an administration in this state of the decedent's
- 21 estate, but:
- (A) property in this state was omitted from the
- 23 will or administration; or
- 24 (B) no final disposition of property in this
- 25 state has been made in the administration. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 26 48(a) (part).)
- Sec. 202.003. VENUE FOR PROCEEDING TO DECLARE HEIRSHIP.

- 1 (a) A proceeding to declare heirship of a decedent may be conducted
- 2 by:
- 3 (1) the court of the county in which a proceeding to
- 4 probate the decedent's will or for the administration of the
- 5 decedent's estate was most recently pending; or
- 6 (2) if no will of the decedent has been admitted to
- 7 probate in this state and no administration of the decedent's
- 8 estate has been granted in this state, the court of the county in
- 9 which venue would be proper for commencement of an administration
- 10 of the decedent's estate under Section 6.
- 11 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (a), a probate court in
- 12 which proceedings for the guardianship of the estate of a ward who
- 13 dies intestate were pending at the time of the decedent's death may,
- 14 if there is no administration pending in the estate, determine:
- 15 (1) the persons who are the decedent's heirs and only
- 16 heirs; and
- 17 (2) the heirs' respective shares and interests under
- 18 the laws of this state in the decedent's estate. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 19 Secs. 48(a) (part), (c).)
- 20 Sec. 202.004. PERSONS WHO MAY COMMENCE PROCEEDING TO
- 21 DECLARE HEIRSHIP. A proceeding to declare heirship of a decedent
- 22 may be commenced and maintained under a circumstance specified by
- 23 Section 202.002 by:
- 24 (1) the personal representative of the decedent's
- 25 estate;
- 26 (2) a person claiming to be a secured creditor or the
- 27 owner of all or part of the decedent's estate; or

- 1 (3) if the decedent was a ward with respect to whom a
- 2 guardian of the estate had been appointed, the guardian of the
- 3 estate, provided that the proceeding is commenced and maintained in
- 4 the probate court in which the proceedings for the guardianship of
- 5 the estate were pending at the time of the decedent's death. (Tex.
- 6 Prob. Code, Sec. 49(a) (part).)
- 7 Sec. 202.005. APPLICATION FOR PROCEEDING TO DECLARE
- 8 HEIRSHIP. A person authorized by Section 202.004 to commence a
- 9 proceeding to declare heirship must file an application in a court
- 10 specified by Section 202.003 to commence the proceeding. The
- 11 application must state:
- 12 (1) the decedent's name and time and place of death;
- 13 (2) the names and residences of the decedent's heirs,
- 14 the relationship of each heir to the decedent, and the true interest
- 15 of the applicant and each of the heirs in the decedent's estate;
- 16 (3) if the time or place of the decedent's death or the
- 17 name or residence of an heir is not definitely known to the
- 18 applicant, all the material facts and circumstances with respect to
- 19 which the applicant has knowledge and information that might
- 20 reasonably tend to show the time or place of the decedent's death or
- 21 the name or residence of the heir;
- 22 (4) that all children born to or adopted by the
- 23 decedent have been listed;
- 24 (5) that each of the decedent's marriages has been
- 25 listed with:
- 26 (A) the date of the marriage;
- 27 (B) the name of the spouse;

- 1 (C) the date and place of termination if the
- 2 marriage was terminated; and
- 3 (D) other facts to show whether a spouse has had
- 4 an interest in the decedent's property;
- 5 (6) whether the decedent died testate and, if so, what
- 6 disposition has been made of the will;
- 7 (7) a general description of all property belonging to
- 8 the decedent's estate; and
- 9 (8) an explanation for the omission from the
- 10 application of any of the information required by this section.
- 11 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 49(a) (part).)
- 12 Sec. 202.006. REQUEST FOR DETERMINATION OF NECESSITY FOR
- 13 ADMINISTRATION. A person who files an application under Section
- 14 202.005 not later than the fourth anniversary of the date of the
- 15 death of the decedent who is the subject of the application may
- 16 request that the court determine whether there is a need for
- 17 administration of the decedent's estate. The court shall hear
- 18 evidence on the issue and, in the court's judgment, make a
- 19 determination of the issue. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 48(b).)
- Sec. 202.007. AFFIDAVIT SUPPORTING APPLICATION REQUIRED.
- 21 (a) An application filed under Section 202.005 must be supported by
- 22 the affidavit of each applicant.
- 23 (b) An affidavit of an applicant under Subsection (a) must
- 24 state that, to the applicant's knowledge:
- 25 (1) all the allegations in the application are true;
- 26 and
- 27 (2) no material fact or circumstance has been omitted

- 1 from the application. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 49(b) (part).)
- 2 Sec. 202.008. REQUIRED PARTIES TO PROCEEDING TO DECLARE
- 3 HEIRSHIP. Each of the following persons must be made a party to a
- 4 proceeding to declare heirship:
- 5 (1) each unknown heir of the decedent who is the
- 6 subject of the proceeding;
- 7 (2) each person who is named as an heir of the decedent
- 8 in the application filed under Section 202.005; and
- 9 (3) each person who is, on the filing date of the
- 10 application, shown as owning a share or interest in any real
- 11 property described in the application by the deed records of the
- 12 county in which the property is located. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 13 49(b) (part).)
- 14 Sec. 202.009. REPRESENTATION OF INTERESTS OF CERTAIN
- 15 PERSONS. (a) If it appears to the court in a proceeding to declare
- 16 heirship that there is or may be a living heir whose name or
- 17 whereabouts is unknown, or that a defendant is an incapacitated
- 18 person, the court may appoint an attorney ad litem or guardian ad
- 19 litem to represent the interests of that person. The court may not
- 20 appoint an attorney ad litem or guardian ad litem unless the court
- 21 finds that the appointment is necessary to protect the interests of
- 22 the living heir or incapacitated person.
- 23 (b) The court shall appoint an attorney ad litem to
- 24 represent the interests of unknown heirs. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs.
- 25 53(b), (c).)
- 26 [Sections 202.010-202.050 reserved for expansion]

- 1 SUBCHAPTER B. NOTICE OF PROCEEDING TO DECLARE HEIRSHIP
- 2 Sec. 202.051. SERVICE OF CITATION BY MAIL WHEN RECIPIENT'S
- 3 NAME AND ADDRESS ARE KNOWN OR ASCERTAINABLE. Except as provided by
- 4 Section 202.054, citation in a proceeding to declare heirship must
- 5 be served by registered or certified mail on:
- 6 (1) each distributee who is 12 years of age or older
- 7 and whose name and address are known or can be ascertained through
- 8 the exercise of reasonable diligence; and
- 9 (2) the parent, managing conservator, or guardian of
- 10 each distributee who is younger than 12 years of age if the name and
- 11 address of the parent, managing conservator, or guardian are known
- 12 or can be reasonably ascertained. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 50(a)
- 13 (part).)
- 14 Sec. 202.052. SERVICE OF CITATION BY PUBLICATION WHEN
- 15 RECIPIENT'S NAME OR ADDRESS IS NOT ASCERTAINABLE. If the address of
- 16 a person or entity on whom citation is required to be served cannot
- 17 be ascertained, citation must be served on the person or entity by
- 18 publication in the county in which the proceeding to declare
- 19 heirship is commenced and in the county of the last residence of the
- 20 decedent who is the subject of the proceeding, if that residence was
- 21 in a county other than the county in which the proceeding is
- 22 commenced. To determine whether a decedent has any other heirs,
- 23 citation must be served on unknown heirs by publication in the
- 24 manner provided by this section. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 50(b).)
- Sec. 202.053. REQUIRED POSTING OF CITATION. Except in a
- 26 proceeding in which citation is served by publication as provided
- 27 by Section 202.052, citation in a proceeding to declare heirship

- 1 must be posted in:
- 2 (1) the county in which the proceeding is commenced;
- 3 and
- 4 (2) the county of the last residence of the decedent
- 5 who is the subject of the proceeding. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 50(c).)
- 6 Sec. 202.054. PERSONAL SERVICE OF CITATION MAY BE REQUIRED.
- 7 The court may require that service of citation in a proceeding to
- 8 declare heirship be made by personal service on some or all of those
- 9 named as distributees in the application filed under Section
- 10 202.005. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 50(a) (part).)
- 11 Sec. 202.055. SERVICE OF CITATION ON CERTAIN PERSONS NOT
- 12 REQUIRED. A party to a proceeding to declare heirship who executed
- 13 the application filed under Section 202.005 is not required to be
- 14 served by any method. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 50(d).)
- 15 Sec. 202.056. WAIVER OF SERVICE OF CITATION ON CERTAIN
- 16 PERSONS NOT PERMITTED. A parent, managing conservator, guardian,
- 17 attorney ad litem, or guardian ad litem of a distributee who is 12
- 18 years of age or older, but younger than 19 years of age, may not
- 19 waive citation required by this subchapter to be served on the
- 20 distributee. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 50(e).)
- 21 [Sections 202.057-202.100 reserved for expansion]
- 22 SUBCHAPTER C. TRANSFER OF PENDING PROCEEDING TO DECLARE HEIRSHIP
- Sec. 202.101. REQUIRED TRANSFER OF PENDING PROCEEDING TO
- 24 DECLARE HEIRSHIP UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES. If, after a
- 25 proceeding to declare heirship is commenced, an administration of
- 26 the estate of the decedent who is the subject of the proceeding is
- 27 granted in this state or the decedent's will is admitted to probate

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- 1 in this state, the court in which the proceeding to declare
- 2 heirship is pending shall, by an order entered of record in the
- 3 proceeding, transfer the proceeding to the court in which the
- 4 administration was granted or the will was probated. (Tex. Prob.
- 5 Code, Sec. 51 (part).)
- 6 Sec. 202.102. TRANSFER OF RECORDS. The clerk of the court
- 7 from which a proceeding to declare heirship is transferred under
- 8 Section 202.101 shall, on entry of the order under that section,
- 9 send to the clerk of the court named in the order a certified
- 10 transcript of all pleadings, docket entries, and orders of the
- 11 court in the proceeding. The clerk of the court to which the
- 12 proceeding is transferred shall:
- 13 (1) file the transcript;
- 14 (2) record the transcript in the minutes of the court;
- 15 and
- 16 (3) docket the proceeding. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 51
- 17 (part).)
- 18 Sec. 202.103. PROCEDURES APPLICABLE TO TRANSFERRED
- 19 PROCEEDING TO DECLARE HEIRSHIP; CONSOLIDATION WITH OTHER
- 20 PROCEEDING. A proceeding to declare heirship that is transferred
- 21 under Section 202.101 shall proceed as though the proceeding was
- 22 originally filed in the court to which the proceeding is
- 23 transferred. The court may consolidate the proceeding with the
- 24 other proceeding pending in that court. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 51
- 25 (part).)
- 26 [Sections 202.104-202.150 reserved for expansion]

- 1 SUBCHAPTER D. EVIDENCE RELATING TO DETERMINATION OF HEIRSHIP
- 2 Sec. 202.151. WRITTEN EVIDENCE IN PROCEEDING TO DECLARE
- 3 HEIRSHIP. The court may require that all or any part of the
- 4 evidence admitted in a proceeding to declare heirship be:
- 5 (1) reduced to writing and subscribed and sworn to by
- 6 the witnesses, respectively; and
- 7 (2) filed in the proceeding and recorded in the
- 8 minutes of the court. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 53(a).)
- 9 [Sections 202.152-202.200 reserved for expansion]
- 10 SUBCHAPTER E. JUDGMENT IN PROCEEDING TO DECLARE HEIRSHIP
- 11 Sec. 202.201. REQUIRED STATEMENTS IN JUDGMENT. (a) The
- 12 judgment in a proceeding to declare heirship must state:
- 13 (1) the names and places of residence of the heirs of
- 14 the decedent who is the subject of the proceeding; and
- 15 (2) the heirs' respective shares and interests in the
- 16 decedent's property.
- 17 (b) If the proof in a proceeding to declare heirship is in
- 18 any respect deficient, the judgment in the proceeding must state
- 19 that. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 54.)
- Sec. 202.202. FINALITY AND APPEAL OF JUDGMENT. (a) The
- 21 judgment in a proceeding to declare heirship is a final judgment.
- (b) At the request of an interested person, the judgment in
- 23 a proceeding to declare heirship may be appealed or reviewed within
- 24 the same time limits and in the same manner as other judgments in
- 25 probate matters. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 55(a) (part).)
- Sec. 202.203. CORRECTION OF JUDGMENT AT REQUEST OF HEIR NOT
- 27 PROPERLY SERVED. If an heir of a decedent who is the subject of a

- 1 proceeding to declare heirship is not served with citation by
- 2 registered or certified mail or personal service in the proceeding,
- 3 the heir may:
- 4 (1) have the judgment in the proceeding corrected by
- 5 bill of review:
- 6 (A) at any time, but not later than the fourth
- 7 anniversary of the date of the judgment; or
- 8 (B) after the passage of any length of time, on
- 9 proof of actual fraud; and
- 10 (2) recover the heir's just share of the property or
- 11 the value of that share from:
- 12 (A) the heirs named in the judgment; and
- 13 (B) those who claim under the heirs named in the
- 14 judgment and who are not bona fide purchasers for value. (Tex.
- 15 Prob. Code, Sec. 55(a) (part).)
- 16 Sec. 202.204. LIMITATION OF LIABILITY OF CERTAIN PERSONS
- 17 ACTING IN ACCORDANCE WITH JUDGMENT. (a) The judgment in a
- 18 proceeding to declare heirship is conclusive in a suit between an
- 19 heir omitted from the judgment and a bona fide purchaser for value
- 20 who purchased property after entry of the judgment without actual
- 21 notice of the claim of the omitted heir, regardless of whether the
- 22 judgment is subsequently modified, set aside, or nullified.
- 23 (b) A person is not liable to another person for the
- 24 following actions performed in good faith after a judgment is
- 25 entered in a proceeding to declare heirship:
- 26 (1) delivering the property of the decedent who was
- 27 the subject of the proceeding to the persons named as heirs in the

- 1 judgment; or
- 2 (2) engaging in any other transaction with the persons
- 3 named as heirs in the judgment. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 55(b).)
- 4 Sec. 202.205. EFFECT OF CERTAIN JUDGMENTS ON LIABILITY TO
- 5 CREDITORS. (a) A judgment in a proceeding to declare heirship
- 6 stating that there is no necessity for administration of the estate
- 7 of the decedent who is the subject of the proceeding constitutes
- 8 authorization for a person who owes money to the estate, has custody
- 9 of estate property, acts as registrar or transfer agent of an
- 10 evidence of interest, indebtedness, property, or right belonging to
- 11 the estate, or purchases from or otherwise deals with an heir named
- 12 in the judgment to take the following actions without liability to a
- 13 creditor of the estate or other person:
- 14 (1) to pay, deliver, or transfer the property or the
- 15 evidence of property rights to an heir named in the judgment; or
- 16 (2) to purchase property from an heir named in the
- 17 judgment.
- 18 (b) An heir named in a judgment in a proceeding to declare
- 19 heirship is entitled to enforce the heir's right to payment,
- 20 delivery, or transfer described by Subsection (a) by suit.
- 21 (c) Except as provided by this section, this chapter does
- 22 not affect the rights or remedies of the creditors of a decedent who
- 23 is the subject of a proceeding to declare heirship. (Tex. Prob.
- 24 Code, Sec. 55(c).)
- Sec. 202.206. FILING AND RECORDING OF JUDGMENT. (a) A
- 26 certified copy of the judgment in a proceeding to declare heirship
- 27 may be:

- 1 (1) filed for record in the office of the county clerk
- 2 of the county in which any real property described in the judgment
- 3 is located;
- 4 (2) recorded in the deed records of that county; and
- 5 (3) indexed in the name of the decedent who was the
- 6 subject of the proceeding as grantor and in the names of the heirs
- 7 named in the judgment as grantees.
- 8 (b) On the filing of a judgment in accordance with
- 9 Subsection (a), the judgment constitutes constructive notice of the
- 10 facts stated in the judgment. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 56.)
- 11 CHAPTER 203. NONJUDICIAL EVIDENCE OF HEIRSHIP
- 12 Sec. 203.001. RECORDED STATEMENT OF FACTS AS PRIMA
- 13 FACIE EVIDENCE OF HEIRSHIP
- 14 Sec. 203.002. FORM OF AFFIDAVIT CONCERNING IDENTITY OF
- 15 HEIRS
- 16 CHAPTER 203. NONJUDICIAL EVIDENCE OF HEIRSHIP
- 17 Sec. 203.001. RECORDED STATEMENT OF FACTS AS PRIMA FACIE
- 18 EVIDENCE OF HEIRSHIP. (a) A court shall receive in a proceeding to
- 19 declare heirship or a suit involving title to property a statement
- 20 of facts concerning the family history, genealogy, marital status,
- 21 or the identity of the heirs of a decedent as prima facie evidence
- 22 of the facts contained in the statement if:
- 23 (1) the statement is contained in:
- 24 (A) an affidavit or other instrument legally
- 25 executed and acknowledged or sworn to before, and certified by, an
- 26 officer authorized to take acknowledgments or oaths, as applicable;
- 27 or

- 1 (B) a judgment of a court of record; and
- 2 (2) the affidavit or instrument containing the 3 statement has been of record for five years or more in the deed 4 records of a county in this state in which the property is located 5 at the time the suit involving title to property is commenced, or in
- 6 the deed records of a county in this state in which the decedent was
- 7 domiciled or had a fixed place of residence at the time of the
- 8 decedent's death.
- 9 (b) If there is an error in a statement of facts in a
- 10 recorded affidavit or instrument described by Subsection (a),
- 11 anyone interested in a proceeding in which the affidavit or
- 12 instrument is offered in evidence may prove the true facts.
- 13 (c) An affidavit of facts concerning the identity of a
- 14 decedent's heirs as to an interest in real property that is filed in
- 15 a proceeding or suit described by Subsection (a) may be in the form
- 16 prescribed by Section 203.002.
- (d) An affidavit of facts concerning the identity of a
- 18 decedent's heirs does not affect the rights of an omitted heir or
- 19 creditor of the decedent as otherwise provided by law. This section
- 20 is cumulative of all other statutes on the same subject and may not
- 21 be construed as abrogating any right to present evidence or rely on
- 22 an affidavit of facts conferred by any other statute or rule. (Tex.
- 23 Prob. Code, Sec. 52.)
- Sec. 203.002. FORM OF AFFIDAVIT CONCERNING IDENTITY OF
- 25 HEIRS. An affidavit of facts concerning the identity of a
- 26 decedent's heirs may be in substantially the following form:

1	AFFIDAVIT OF FACTS CONCERNING THE IDENTITY OF HEIRS			
2	Before me, the undersigned authority, on this day personally			
3	appeared ("Affiant") (insert name of affiant) who, being			
4	first duly sworn, upon his/her oath states:			
5	1. My name is (insert name of affiant), and I live			
6	at (insert address of affiant's residence). I am			
7	personally familiar with the family and marital history of			
8	("Decedent") (insert name of decedent), and I have			
9	personal knowledge of the facts stated in this affidavit.			
10	2. I knew decedent from (insert date) until			
11	(insert date). Decedent died on (insert date			
12	of death). Decedent's place of death was (insert place			
13	of death). At the time of decedent's death, decedent's residence was			
14	(insert address of decedent's residence).			
15	3. Decedent's marital history was as follows:			
16	(insert marital history and, if decedent's spouse is deceased,			
17	insert date and place of spouse's death).			
18	4. Decedent had the following children: (insert			
19	name, birth date, name of other parent, and current address of child			
20	or date of death of child and descendants of deceased child, as			
21	applicable, for each child).			
22	5. Decedent did not have or adopt any other children and did			
23	not take any other children into decedent's home or raise any other			
24	children, except: (insert name of child or names of			
25	children, or state "none").			
26	6. (Include if decedent was not survived by descendants.)			
27	Decedent's mother was: (insert name, birth date, and			

1	current address or date of death of mother, as applicable).					
2	7. (Include if decedent was not survived by descendants.)					
3	Decedent's father was: (insert name, birth date, and					
4	current address or date of death of father, as applicable).					
5	8. (Include if decedent was not survived by descendants or by					
6	both mother and father.) Decedent had the following siblings:					
7	(insert name, birth date, and current address or date of					
8	death of each sibling and parents of each sibling and descendants of					
9	each deceased sibling, as applicable, or state "none").					
10	9. (Optional.) The following persons have knowledge					
11	regarding the decedent, the identity of decedent's children, if					
12	any, parents, or siblings, if any: (insert names of					
13	persons with knowledge, or state "none").					
14	10. Decedent died without leaving a written will. (Modify					
15	statement if decedent left a written will.)					
16	11. There has been no administration of decedent's estate.					
17	(Modify statement if there has been administration of decedent's					
18	estate.)					
19	12. Decedent left no debts that are unpaid, except:					
20	(insert list of debts, or state "none").					
21	13. There are no unpaid estate or inheritance taxes, except:					
22	(insert list of unpaid taxes, or state "none").					
23	14. To the best of my knowledge, decedent owned an interest					
24	in the following real property: (insert list of real					
25	property in which decedent owned an interest, or state "none").					
26	15. (Optional.) The following were the heirs of decedent:					
27	(insert names of heirs).					

1	16. (Insert additional information as appropriate, such as
2	size of the decedent's estate.)
3	Signed this day of,
4	
5	(signature of affiant)
6	State of
7	County of
8	Sworn to and subscribed to before me on (date) by
9	(insert name of affiant).
10	
11	(signature of notarial officer)
12	(Seal, if any, of notary)
13	(printed name)
14	My commission expires:
15	(Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 52A.)
16	CHAPTER 204. GENETIC TESTING IN PROCEEDINGS TO DECLARE HEIRSHIP
17	SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS
18	Sec. 204.001. PROCEEDINGS AND RECORDS PUBLIC
19	[Sections 204.002-204.050 reserved for expansion]
20	SUBCHAPTER B. COURT ORDERS FOR GENETIC TESTING IN PROCEEDINGS TO
21	DECLARE HEIRSHIP
22	Sec. 204.051. ORDER FOR GENETIC TESTING
23	Sec. 204.052. ADVANCEMENT OF COSTS
24	Sec. 204.053. ORDER AND ADVANCEMENT OF COSTS FOR
25	SUBSEQUENT GENETIC TESTING
26	Sec. 204.054. SUBMISSION OF GENETIC MATERIAL BY OTHER
27	RELATIVE UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES

- 1 Sec. 204.055. GENETIC TESTING OF DECEASED INDIVIDUAL
- 2 Sec. 204.056. CRIMINAL PENALTY
- 3 [Sections 204.057-204.100 reserved for expansion]
- 4 SUBCHAPTER C. RESULTS OF GENETIC TESTING
- 5 Sec. 204.101. RESULTS OF GENETIC TESTING;
- 6 ADMISSIBILITY
- 7 Sec. 204.102. PRESUMPTION REGARDING RESULTS OF GENETIC
- 8 TESTING; REBUTTAL
- 9 Sec. 204.103. CONTESTING RESULTS OF GENETIC TESTING
- 10 [Sections 204.104-204.150 reserved for expansion]
- 11 SUBCHAPTER D. USE OF RESULTS OF GENETIC TESTING IN CERTAIN
- 12 PROCEEDINGS TO DECLARE HEIRSHIP
- 13 Sec. 204.151. APPLICABILITY OF SUBCHAPTER
- 14 Sec. 204.152. REQUIRED FINDINGS IN ABSENCE OF REBUTTAL
- 15 EVIDENCE
- 16 Sec. 204.153. EFFECT OF INCONCLUSIVE RESULTS OF
- 17 GENETIC TESTING
- [Sections 204.154-204.200 reserved for expansion]
- 19 SUBCHAPTER E. ADDITIONAL ORDERS FOLLOWING RESULTS OF GENETIC
- 20 TESTING
- 21 Sec. 204.201. ORDER FOR CHANGE OF NAME
- 22 CHAPTER 204. GENETIC TESTING IN PROCEEDINGS TO DECLARE HEIRSHIP
- SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS
- Sec. 204.001. PROCEEDINGS AND RECORDS PUBLIC. A proceeding
- 25 under this chapter or Chapter 202 involving genetic testing is open
- 26 to the public as in other civil cases. Papers and records in the
- 27 proceeding are available for public inspection. (Tex. Prob. Code,

- 1 Sec. 53E.)
- 2 [Sections 204.002-204.050 reserved for expansion]
- 3 SUBCHAPTER B. COURT ORDERS FOR GENETIC TESTING IN PROCEEDINGS TO
- 4 DECLARE HEIRSHIP
- 5 Sec. 204.051. ORDER FOR GENETIC TESTING. (a) In a
- 6 proceeding to declare heirship under Chapter 202, the court may, on
- 7 the court's own motion, and shall, on the request of a party to the
- 8 proceeding, order one or more specified individuals to submit to
- 9 genetic testing as provided by Subchapter F, Chapter 160, Family
- 10 Code. If two or more individuals are ordered to be tested, the
- 11 court may order that the testing of those individuals be done
- 12 concurrently or sequentially.
- 13 (b) The court may enforce an order under this section by
- 14 contempt. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 53A(a).)
- 15 Sec. 204.052. ADVANCEMENT OF COSTS. Subject to any
- 16 assessment of costs following a proceeding to declare heirship in
- 17 accordance with Rule 131, Texas Rules of Civil Procedure, the cost
- 18 of genetic testing ordered under Section 204.051 must be advanced:
- 19 (1) by a party to the proceeding who requests the
- 20 testing;
- 21 (2) as agreed by the parties and approved by the court;
- 22 or
- 23 (3) as ordered by the court. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 24 53A(b).)
- Sec. 204.053. ORDER AND ADVANCEMENT OF COSTS FOR SUBSEQUENT
- 26 GENETIC TESTING. (a) Subject to Subsection (b), the court shall
- 27 order genetic testing subsequent to the testing conducted under

- 1 Section 204.051 if:
- 2 (1) a party to the proceeding to declare heirship
- 3 contests the results of the genetic testing ordered under Section
- 4 204.051; and
- 5 (2) the party contesting the results requests that
- 6 additional testing be conducted.
- 7 (b) If the results of the genetic testing ordered under
- 8 Section 204.051 identify a tested individual as an heir of the
- 9 decedent, the court may order additional genetic testing in
- 10 accordance with Subsection (a) only if the party contesting those
- 11 results pays for the additional testing in advance. (Tex. Prob.
- 12 Code, Secs. 53A(c), (d).)
- 13 Sec. 204.054. SUBMISSION OF GENETIC MATERIAL BY OTHER
- 14 RELATIVE UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES. If a sample of an
- 15 individual's genetic material that could identify another
- 16 individual as the decedent's heir is not available for purposes of
- 17 conducting genetic testing under this subchapter, the court, on a
- 18 finding of good cause and that the need for genetic testing
- 19 outweighs the legitimate interests of the individual to be tested,
- 20 may order any of the following individuals to submit a sample of
- 21 genetic material for the testing under circumstances the court
- 22 considers just:
- 23 (1) a parent, sibling, or child of the individual
- 24 whose genetic material is not available; or
- 25 (2) any other relative of that individual, as
- 26 necessary to conduct the testing. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 53A(e).)
- Sec. 204.055. GENETIC TESTING OF DECEASED INDIVIDUAL. Or

- 1 good cause shown, the court may order:
- 2 (1) genetic testing of a deceased individual under
- 3 this subchapter; and
- 4 (2) if necessary, removal of the remains of the
- 5 deceased individual as provided by Section 711.004, Health and
- 6 Safety Code, for that testing. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 53A(f).)
- 7 Sec. 204.056. CRIMINAL PENALTY. (a) An individual commits
- 8 an offense if:
- 9 (1) the individual intentionally releases an
- 10 identifiable sample of the genetic material of another individual
- 11 that was provided for purposes of genetic testing ordered under
- 12 this subchapter; and
- 13 (2) the release:
- 14 (A) is for a purpose not related to the
- 15 proceeding to declare heirship; and
- 16 (B) was not ordered by the court or done in
- 17 accordance with written permission obtained from the individual who
- 18 provided the sample.
- 19 (b) An offense under this section is a Class A misdemeanor.
- 20 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 53A(g).)
- 21 [Sections 204.057-204.100 reserved for expansion]
- 22 SUBCHAPTER C. RESULTS OF GENETIC TESTING
- Sec. 204.101. RESULTS OF GENETIC TESTING; ADMISSIBILITY. A
- 24 report of the results of genetic testing ordered under Subchapter
- 25 B:
- 26 (1) must comply with the requirements for a report
- 27 prescribed by Section 160.504, Family Code; and

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- 1 (2) is admissible in a proceeding to declare heirship
- 2 under Chapter 202 as evidence of the truth of the facts asserted in
- 3 the report. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 53B(a).)
- 4 Sec. 204.102. PRESUMPTION REGARDING RESULTS OF GENETIC
- 5 TESTING; REBUTTAL. The presumption under Section 160.505, Family
- 6 Code:
- 7 (1) applies to the results of genetic testing ordered
- 8 under Subchapter B; and
- 9 (2) may be rebutted as provided by Section 160.505,
- 10 Family Code. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 53B(b).)
- 11 Sec. 204.103. CONTESTING RESULTS OF GENETIC TESTING. (a) A
- 12 party to a proceeding to declare heirship who contests the results
- 13 of genetic testing may call one or more genetic testing experts to
- 14 testify in person or by telephone, videoconference, deposition, or
- 15 another method approved by the court.
- 16 (b) Unless otherwise ordered by the court, the party
- 17 offering the testimony under Subsection (a) bears the expense for
- 18 the expert testifying. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 53B(c).)
- 19 [Sections 204.104-204.150 reserved for expansion]
- 20 SUBCHAPTER D. USE OF RESULTS OF GENETIC TESTING IN CERTAIN
- 21 PROCEEDINGS TO DECLARE HEIRSHIP
- Sec. 204.151. APPLICABILITY OF SUBCHAPTER. This subchapter
- 23 applies in a proceeding to declare heirship of a decedent only with
- 24 respect to an individual who:
- 25 (1) petitions the court for a determination of right
- of inheritance as authorized by Section 201.052(c); and
- 27 (2) claims:

- 1 (A) to be a biological child of the decedent, but
- 2 with respect to whom a parent-child relationship with the decedent
- 3 was not established as provided by Section 160.201, Family Code; or
- 4 (B) to inherit through a biological child of the
- 5 decedent, if a parent-child relationship between the individual
- 6 through whom the inheritance is claimed and the decedent was not
- 7 established as provided by Section 160.201, Family Code. (Tex
- 8 Prob. Code, Sec. 53C(a).)
- 9 Sec. 204.152. REQUIRED FINDINGS IN ABSENCE OF REBUTTAL
- 10 EVIDENCE. Unless the results of genetic testing of another
- 11 individual who is an heir of the decedent who is the subject of a
- 12 proceeding to declare heirship to which this subchapter applies are
- 13 admitted as rebuttal evidence, the court shall find that the
- 14 individual described by Section 204.151:
- 15 (1) is an heir of the decedent, if the results of
- 16 genetic testing ordered under Subchapter B identify a tested
- 17 individual who is an heir of the decedent as the ancestor of the
- 18 individual described by Section 204.151; or
- 19 (2) is not an heir of the decedent, if the results of
- 20 genetic testing ordered under Subchapter B exclude a tested
- 21 individual who is an heir of the decedent as the ancestor of the
- 22 individual described by Section 204.151. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs.
- 23 53C(b), (c).)
- Sec. 204.153. EFFECT OF INCONCLUSIVE RESULTS OF GENETIC
- 25 TESTING. If the results of genetic testing ordered under
- 26 Subchapter B do not identify or exclude a tested individual as the
- 27 ancestor of the individual described by Section 204.151:

- 1 (1) the court may not dismiss the proceeding to
- 2 declare heirship; and
- 3 (2) the results of the genetic testing and other
- 4 relevant evidence are admissible in the proceeding. (Tex. Prob.
- 5 Code, Sec. 53C(d).)
- 6 [Sections 204.154-204.200 reserved for expansion]
- 7 SUBCHAPTER E. ADDITIONAL ORDERS FOLLOWING RESULTS OF GENETIC
- 8 TESTING
- 9 Sec. 204.201. ORDER FOR CHANGE OF NAME. On the request of
- 10 an individual determined by the results of genetic testing to be the
- 11 heir of a decedent and for good cause shown, the court may:
- 12 (1) order the name of the individual to be changed; and
- 13 (2) if the court orders a name change under
- 14 Subdivision (1), order the bureau of vital statistics to issue an
- 15 amended birth record for the individual. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 16 53D.)
- 17 CHAPTER 205. SMALL ESTATE AFFIDAVIT
- 18 Sec. 205.001. ENTITLEMENT TO ESTATE WITHOUT
- 19 APPOINTMENT OF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE
- 20 Sec. 205.002. AFFIDAVIT REQUIREMENTS
- 21 Sec. 205.003. EXAMINATION AND APPROVAL OF AFFIDAVIT
- 22 Sec. 205.004. COPY OF AFFIDAVIT TO CERTAIN PERSONS
- 23 Sec. 205.005. AFFIDAVIT AS LOCAL GOVERNMENT RECORD
- 24 Sec. 205.006. TITLE TO HOMESTEAD TRANSFERRED UNDER
- 25 AFFIDAVIT
- 26 Sec. 205.007. LIABILITY OF CERTAIN PERSONS
- 27 Sec. 205.008. EFFECT OF CHAPTER

- 1 CHAPTER 205. SMALL ESTATE AFFIDAVIT
- 2 Sec. 205.001. ENTITLEMENT TO ESTATE WITHOUT APPOINTMENT OF
- 3 PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE. The distributees of the estate of a
- 4 decedent who dies intestate are entitled to the decedent's estate
- 5 without waiting for the appointment of a personal representative of
- 6 the estate to the extent the estate assets, excluding homestead and
- 7 exempt property, exceed the known liabilities of the estate,
- 8 excluding any liabilities secured by homestead and exempt property,
- 9 if:
- 10 (1) 30 days have elapsed since the date of the
- 11 decedent's death;
- 12 (2) no petition for the appointment of a personal
- 13 representative is pending or has been granted;
- 14 (3) the value of the estate assets, excluding
- 15 homestead and exempt property, does not exceed \$50,000;
- 16 (4) an affidavit that meets the requirements of
- 17 Section 205.002 is filed with the clerk of the court that has
- 18 jurisdiction and venue of the estate;
- 19 (5) the judge approves the affidavit as provided by
- 20 Section 205.003; and
- 21 (6) the distributees comply with Section 205.004.
- 22 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 137(a) (part).)
- Sec. 205.002. AFFIDAVIT REQUIREMENTS. An affidavit filed
- 24 under Section 205.001 must:
- 25 (1) be sworn to by:
- 26 (A) two disinterested witnesses;
- 27 (B) each distributee of the estate who has legal

- 1 capacity; and
- 2 (C) if warranted by the facts, the natural
- 3 quardian or next of kin of any minor distributee or the quardian of
- 4 any other incapacitated distributee;
- 5 (2) show the existence of the conditions prescribed by
- 6 Sections 205.001(1), (2), and (3); and
- 7 (3) include:
- 8 (A) a list of all known estate assets and
- 9 liabilities;
- 10 (B) the name and address of each distributee; and
- 11 (C) the relevant family history facts concerning
- 12 heirship that show each distributee's right to receive estate money
- 13 or other property or to have any evidence of money, property, or
- 14 other right of the estate as is determined to exist transferred to
- 15 the distributee as an heir or assignee. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 16 137(a) (part).)
- 17 Sec. 205.003. EXAMINATION AND APPROVAL OF AFFIDAVIT. The
- 18 judge shall examine an affidavit filed under Section 205.001. The
- 19 judge may approve the affidavit if the judge determines that the
- 20 affidavit conforms to the requirements of this chapter. (Tex.
- 21 Prob. Code, Sec. 137(a) (part).)
- 22 Sec. 205.004. COPY OF AFFIDAVIT TO CERTAIN PERSONS. The
- 23 distributees of the estate shall provide a copy of the affidavit
- 24 under this chapter, certified by the court clerk, to each person
- 25 who:
- 26 (1) owes money to the estate;
- 27 (2) has custody or possession of estate property; or

- 1 (3) acts as a registrar, fiduciary, or transfer agent
- 2 of or for an evidence of interest, indebtedness, property, or other
- 3 right belonging to the estate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 137(a)
- 4 (part).)
- 5 Sec. 205.005. AFFIDAVIT AS LOCAL GOVERNMENT RECORD. (a) If
- 6 the judge approves an affidavit under Section 205.003, the
- 7 affidavit shall be maintained as a local government record under
- 8 Subtitle C, Title 6, Local Government Code.
- 9 (b) If the county does not maintain local government records
- 10 in a manner authorized under Subtitle C, Title 6, Local Government
- 11 Code, the county clerk shall provide and keep in the clerk's office
- 12 an appropriate book labeled "Small Estates" in which the clerk
- 13 shall, on payment of the legal recording fee, record each affidavit
- 14 filed under this chapter. The small estates book must contain an
- 15 accurate index that shows the decedent's name and references to any
- 16 land involved. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 137(d).)
- 17 Sec. 205.006. TITLE TO HOMESTEAD TRANSFERRED UNDER
- 18 AFFIDAVIT. (a) If a decedent's homestead is the only real property
- 19 in the decedent's estate, title to the homestead may be transferred
- 20 under an affidavit that meets the requirements of this chapter. The
- 21 affidavit used to transfer title to the homestead must be recorded
- 22 in the deed records of a county in which the homestead is located.
- 23 (b) A bona fide purchaser for value may rely on an affidavit
- 24 recorded under this section. A bona fide purchaser for value
- 25 without actual or constructive notice of an heir who is not
- 26 disclosed in the recorded affidavit acquires title to a homestead
- 27 free of the interests of the undisclosed heir, but remains subject

- 1 to any claim a creditor of the decedent has by law. A purchaser has
- 2 constructive notice of an heir who is not disclosed in the recorded
- 3 affidavit if an affidavit, judgment of heirship, or title
- 4 transaction in the chain of title in the deed records identifies
- 5 that heir as the decedent's heir.
- 6 (c) An heir who is not disclosed in an affidavit recorded
- 7 under this section may recover from an heir who receives
- 8 consideration from a purchaser in a transfer for value of title to a
- 9 homestead passing under the affidavit. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 10 137(c).)
- 11 Sec. 205.007. LIABILITY OF CERTAIN PERSONS. (a) A person
- 12 making a payment, delivery, transfer, or issuance under an
- 13 affidavit described by this chapter is released to the same extent
- 14 as if made to a personal representative of the decedent. The person
- 15 may not be required to:
- 16 (1) see to the application of the affidavit; or
- 17 (2) inquire into the truth of any statement in the
- 18 affidavit.
- 19 (b) The distributees to whom payment, delivery, transfer,
- 20 or issuance is made are:
- 21 (1) answerable for the payment, delivery, transfer, or
- 22 issuance to any person having a prior right; and
- 23 (2) accountable to any personal representative
- 24 appointed after the payment, delivery, transfer, or issuance.
- 25 (c) Each person who executed the affidavit is liable for any
- 26 damage or loss to any person that arises from a payment, delivery,
- 27 transfer, or issuance made in reliance on the affidavit.

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- 1 (d) If a person to whom the affidavit is delivered refuses
- 2 to pay, deliver, transfer, or issue property as provided by this
- 3 section, the property may be recovered in an action brought for that
- 4 purpose by or on behalf of the distributees entitled to the property
- 5 on proof of the facts required to be stated in the affidavit. (Tex.
- 6 Prob. Code, Sec. 138.)
- 7 Sec. 205.008. EFFECT OF CHAPTER. (a) This chapter does not
- 8 affect the disposition of property under a will or other
- 9 testamentary document.
- 10 (b) Except as provided by Section 205.006, this chapter does
- 11 not transfer title to real property. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 12 137(b).)
- 13 [Chapters 206-250 reserved for expansion]
- 14 SUBTITLE F. WILLS
- 15 CHAPTER 251. FUNDAMENTAL REQUIREMENTS AND PROVISIONS RELATING TO
- 16 WILLS
- 17 SUBCHAPTER A. WILL FORMATION
- 18 Sec. 251.001. WHO MAY EXECUTE WILL
- 19 Sec. 251.002. INTERESTS THAT MAY PASS BY WILL;
- 20 DISINHERITANCE
- 21 [Sections 251.003-251.050 reserved for expansion]
- SUBCHAPTER B. WILL REQUIREMENTS
- 23 Sec. 251.051. WRITTEN, SIGNED, AND ATTESTED
- 24 Sec. 251.052. EXCEPTION FOR HOLOGRAPHIC WILLS
- 25 [Sections 251.053-251.100 reserved for expansion]
- 26 SUBCHAPTER C. SELF-PROVED WILLS
- 27 Sec. 251.101. SELF-PROVED WILL

- 1 Sec. 251.102. PROBATE AND TREATMENT OF SELF-PROVED
- 2 WILL
- 3 Sec. 251.103. PERIOD FOR MAKING ATTESTED WILLS
- 4 SELF-PROVED
- 5 Sec. 251.104. REQUIREMENTS FOR SELF-PROVING AFFIDAVIT
- 6 Sec. 251.105. EFFECT OF SIGNATURE ON SELF-PROVING
- 7 AFFIDAVIT
- 8 Sec. 251.106. CONTEST, REVOCATION, OR AMENDMENT OF
- 9 SELF-PROVED WILL
- 10 Sec. 251.107. SELF-PROVED HOLOGRAPHIC WILL
- 11 CHAPTER 251. FUNDAMENTAL REQUIREMENTS AND PROVISIONS RELATING TO
- 12 WILLS
- 13 SUBCHAPTER A. WILL FORMATION
- 14 Sec. 251.001. WHO MAY EXECUTE WILL. Under the rules and
- 15 limitations prescribed by law, a person of sound mind has the right
- 16 and power to make a last will and testament if, at the time the will
- 17 is made, the person:
- 18 (1) is 18 years of age or older;
- 19 (2) is or has been married; or
- 20 (3) is a member of the armed forces of the United
- 21 States, an auxiliary of the armed forces of the United States, or
- 22 the United States Maritime Service. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 57.)
- Sec. 251.002. INTERESTS THAT MAY PASS BY WILL;
- 24 DISINHERITANCE. (a) Subject to limitations prescribed by law, a
- 25 person competent to make a last will and testament may devise under
- 26 the will and testament all the estate, right, title, and interest in
- 27 property the person has at the time of the person's death.

```
1
          (b)
               A person who makes a last will and testament may:
 2
               (1)
                    disinherit an heir; and
 3
                    direct the disposition of property or an interest
   passing under the will or by intestacy. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs.
 4
 5
   58(a), (b).)
 6
            [Sections 251.003-251.050 reserved for expansion]
 7
                     SUBCHAPTER B. WILL REQUIREMENTS
          Sec. 251.051. WRITTEN, SIGNED, AND ATTESTED.
8
   otherwise provided by law, a last will and testament must be:
10
               (1)
                    in writing;
               (2) signed by:
11
12
                    (A)
                         the testator in person; or
                         another person on behalf of the testator:
13
                     (B)
14
                          (i) in the testator's presence; and
15
                          (ii) under the testator's direction; and
16
               (3)
                    attested by two or more credible witnesses who are
17
   at least 14 years of age and who subscribe their names to the will in
   their own handwriting in the testator's presence. (Tex. Prob.
18
   Code, Sec. 59(a) (part).)
19
20
          Sec. 251.052. EXCEPTION
                                      FOR
                                               HOLOGRAPHIC
                                                               WILLS.
   Notwithstanding Section 251.051, a will written wholly in the
21
   testator's handwriting is not required to be attested
22
    subscribing witnesses. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 59(a) (part), 60
23
24
    (part).)
25
            [Sections 251.053-251.100 reserved for expansion]
                     SUBCHAPTER C. SELF-PROVED WILLS
26
                                                A will to which
          Sec. 251.101. SELF-PROVED WILL.
```

27

- 1 self-proving affidavit subscribed and sworn to by the testator and
- 2 witnesses is attached or annexed is a self-proved will. (Tex. Prob.
- 3 Code, Sec. 59(b) (part).)
- 4 Sec. 251.102. PROBATE AND TREATMENT OF SELF-PROVED WILL.
- 5 (a) A self-proved will may be admitted to probate without the
- 6 testimony of any subscribing witnesses if the testator and
- 7 witnesses execute a self-proving affidavit.
- 8 (b) A self-proved will may not otherwise be treated
- 9 differently than a will that is not self-proved. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 10 Secs. 59(a) (part), (c) (part).)
- 11 Sec. 251.103. PERIOD FOR MAKING ATTESTED WILLS SELF-PROVED.
- 12 A will or testament that meets the requirements of Section 251.051
- 13 may be made self-proved at:
- 14 (1) the time of the execution of the will or testament;
- 15 or
- 16 (2) a later date during the lifetime of the testator
- 17 and the witnesses. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 59(a) (part).)
- 18 Sec. 251.104. REQUIREMENTS FOR SELF-PROVING AFFIDAVIT. (a)
- 19 An affidavit that is in form and content substantially as provided
- 20 by Subsection (e) is a self-proving affidavit.
- 21 (b) A self-proving affidavit must be made by the testator
- 22 and by the attesting witnesses before an officer authorized to
- 23 administer oaths under the laws of this state. The officer shall
- 24 affix the officer's official seal to the self-proving affidavit.
- 25 (c) The self-proving affidavit shall be attached or annexed
- 26 to the will or testament.
- 27 (d) An affidavit that is in substantial compliance with the

- form of the affidavit provided by Subsection (e), that 1
- subscribed and acknowledged by the testator, and that 2 is
- 3 subscribed and sworn to by the attesting witnesses is sufficient to
- self-prove the will. No other affidavit or certificate of a 4
- 5 testator is required to self-prove a will or testament other than
- the affidavit provided by Subsection (e). 6
- 7 The form and content of the self-proving affidavit must
- 8 be substantially as follows:
- THE STATE OF TEXAS 9

18

19

20

21

- 10 COUNTY OF ____
- Before me, the undersigned authority, on this day personally 11
- 12 appeared _____, ____, and ___
- known to me to be the testator and the witnesses, respectively, 13
- 14 whose names are subscribed to the annexed or foregoing instrument
- 15 in their respective capacities, and, all of said persons being by me
- 16 duly sworn, the said ______, testator, declared to me and
- 17 to the said witnesses in my presence that said instrument is

[his/her] last will and testament, and that [he/she] had willingly

made and executed it as [his/her] free act and deed; and the said

witnesses, each on [his/her] oath stated to me, in the presence and

- hearing of the said testator, that the said testator had declared to
- them that said instrument is [his/her] last will and testament, and 22
- 23 that [he/she] executed same as such and wanted each of them to sign
- 24 it as a witness; and upon their oaths each witness stated further
- that they did sign the same as witnesses in the presence of the said 25
- 26 testator and at [his/her] request; that [he/she] was at that time
- eighteen years of age or over (or being under such age, was or had 27

```
1
   been lawfully married, or was then a member of the armed forces of
   the United States, or an auxiliary of the armed forces of the United
2
   States, or the United States Maritime Service) and was of sound
   mind; and that each of said witnesses was then at least fourteen
4
5
   years of age.
                                                     Testator
8
                                                     Witness
10
                                                     Witness
11
         Subscribed and sworn to before me by the said _____,
12
13
   testator, and by the said _____
                                        _____ and ____
14
   witnesses, this ____ day of
                                                               A.D.
15
16
   (SEAL)
                            (Signed) _____
17
18
                                      (Official Capacity of Officer)
    (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 59(a) (part), (b) (part).)
19
20
         Sec. 251.105. EFFECT OF
                                      SIGNATURE ON
                                                       SELF-PROVING
   AFFIDAVIT. A signature on a self-proving affidavit is considered a
21
   signature to the will if necessary to prove that the will was signed
22
   by the testator or witnesses or both, except that, in that case, the
23
   will may not be considered a self-proved will. (Tex. Prob. Code,
24
25
   Sec. 59(b) (part).)
         Sec. 251.106. CONTEST, REVOCATION, OR
26
                                                      AMENDMENT
                                                                 OF
27
   SELF-PROVED WILL. A self-proved will may be contested, revoked, or
28
   amended by a codicil in the same manner as a will that is not
```

- 1 self-proved. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 59(c) (part).)
- 2 Sec. 251.107. SELF-PROVED HOLOGRAPHIC WILL.
- 3 Notwithstanding any other provision of this subchapter, a will
- 4 written wholly in the testator's handwriting may be made
- 5 self-proved at any time during the testator's lifetime by the
- 6 attachment or annexation to the will of an affidavit by the testator
- 7 to the effect that:
- 8 (1) the instrument is the testator's last will;
- 9 (2) the testator was 18 years of age or older at the
- 10 time the will was executed or, if the testator was younger than 18
- 11 years of age, that the testator:
- 12 (A) was or had been married; or
- 13 (B) was a member of the armed forces of the United
- 14 States, an auxiliary of the armed forces of the United States, or
- 15 the United States Maritime Service at the time the will was
- 16 executed;
- 17 (3) the testator was of sound mind; and
- 18 (4) the testator has not revoked the will. (Tex. Prob.
- 19 Code, Sec. 60 (part).)
- 20 CHAPTER 252. SAFEKEEPING AND CUSTODY OF WILLS
- 21 SUBCHAPTER A. DEPOSIT OF WILL WITH COUNTY CLERK
- 22 Sec. 252.001. WILL DEPOSIT; CERTIFICATE
- 23 Sec. 252.002. SEALED WRAPPER REQUIRED
- 24 Sec. 252.003. NUMBERING OF FILED WILLS AND
- 25 CORRESPONDING CERTIFICATES
- 26 Sec. 252.004. INDEX
- [Sections 252.005-252.050 reserved for expansion]

- 1 SUBCHAPTER B. WILL DELIVERY DURING LIFE OF TESTATOR
- 2 Sec. 252.051. WILL DELIVERY
- 3 Sec. 252.052. SURRENDER OF CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT;
- 4 EXCEPTION
- 5 [Sections 252.053-252.100 reserved for expansion]
- 6 SUBCHAPTER C. ACTIONS BY COUNTY CLERK ON DEATH OF TESTATOR
- 7 Sec. 252.101. NOTIFICATION BY COUNTY CLERK
- 8 Sec. 252.102. WILL DELIVERY ON TESTATOR'S DEATH
- 9 Sec. 252.103. INSPECTION OF WILL BY COUNTY CLERK
- 10 Sec. 252.104. NOTICE AND DELIVERY OF WILL TO EXECUTOR
- 11 Sec. 252.105. NOTICE AND DELIVERY OF WILL TO DEVISEES
- 12 [Sections 252.106-252.150 reserved for expansion]
- 13 SUBCHAPTER D. LEGAL EFFECT OF WILL DEPOSIT
- 14 Sec. 252.151. DEPOSIT HAS NO LEGAL SIGNIFICANCE
- 15 Sec. 252.152. PRIOR DEPOSITED WILL IN RELATION TO
- 16 LATER WILL
- 17 Sec. 252.153. WILL DEPOSIT DOES NOT CONSTITUTE NOTICE
- 18 [Sections 252.154-252.200 reserved for expansion]
- 19 SUBCHAPTER E. DUTY AND LIABILITY OF CUSTODIAN OF ESTATE PAPERS
- 20 Sec. 252.201. WILL DELIVERY
- 21 Sec. 252.202. PERSONAL SERVICE ON CUSTODIAN OF ESTATE
- 22 PAPERS
- 23 Sec. 252.203. ARREST; CONFINEMENT
- 24 Sec. 252.204. DAMAGES
- 25 CHAPTER 252. SAFEKEEPING AND CUSTODY OF WILLS
- 26 SUBCHAPTER A. DEPOSIT OF WILL WITH COUNTY CLERK
- Sec. 252.001. WILL DEPOSIT; CERTIFICATE. (a) A testator,

- 1 or another person for the testator, may deposit the testator's will
- 2 with the county clerk of the county of the testator's residence.
- 3 Before accepting the will for deposit, the clerk may require proof
- 4 satisfactory to the clerk concerning the testator's identity and
- 5 residence.
- 6 (b) The county clerk shall receive and keep the will on the
- 7 payment of a \$5 fee.
- 8 (c) On the deposit of the will, the county clerk shall issue
- 9 a certificate of deposit for the will. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 71(a)
- 10 (part).)
- 11 Sec. 252.002. SEALED WRAPPER REQUIRED. (a) A will intended
- 12 to be deposited with a county clerk shall be enclosed in a sealed
- 13 wrapper.
- 14 (b) The wrapper must be endorsed with:
- 15 (1) "Will of," followed by the name, address, and
- 16 signature of the testator; and
- 17 (2) the name and current address of each person who is
- 18 to be notified of the deposit of the will after the testator's
- 19 death. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 71(b).)
- 20 Sec. 252.003. NUMBERING OF FILED WILLS AND CORRESPONDING
- 21 CERTIFICATES. (a) A county clerk shall number wills deposited with
- 22 the clerk in consecutive order.
- 23 (b) A certificate of deposit issued under Section
- 24 252.001(c) on receipt of a will must bear the same number as the
- 25 will for which the certificate is issued. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 26 71(a) (part).)
- Sec. 252.004. INDEX. A county clerk shall keep an index of

- 1 all wills deposited with the clerk under Section 252.001. (Tex.
- 2 Prob. Code, Sec. 71(c).)
- 3 [Sections 252.005-252.050 reserved for expansion]
- 4 SUBCHAPTER B. WILL DELIVERY DURING LIFE OF TESTATOR
- 5 Sec. 252.051. WILL DELIVERY. During the lifetime of the
- 6 testator, a will deposited with a county clerk under Subchapter A
- 7 may be delivered only to:
- 8 (1) the testator; or
- 9 (2) another person authorized by the testator by a
- 10 sworn written order. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 71(d) (part).)
- 11 Sec. 252.052. SURRENDER OF CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT;
- 12 EXCEPTION. (a) Except as provided by Subsection (b), on delivery
- 13 of a will to the testator or a person authorized by the testator
- 14 under Section 252.051, the certificate of deposit issued for the
- 15 will must be surrendered by the person to whom delivery of the will
- 16 is made.
- 17 (b) A county clerk may instead accept and file an affidavit
- 18 by the testator stating that the certificate of deposit issued for
- 19 the will has been lost, stolen, or destroyed. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 20 Sec. 71(d) (part).)
- 21 [Sections 252.053-252.100 reserved for expansion]
- 22 SUBCHAPTER C. ACTIONS BY COUNTY CLERK ON DEATH OF TESTATOR
- Sec. 252.101. NOTIFICATION BY COUNTY CLERK. A county clerk
- 24 shall notify, by registered mail, return receipt requested, each
- 25 person named on the endorsement of the will wrapper that the will is
- 26 on deposit in the clerk's office if:
- 27 (1) an affidavit is submitted to the clerk stating

- 1 that the testator has died; or
- 2 (2) the clerk receives other notice or proof of the
- 3 testator's death sufficient to convince the clerk that the testator
- 4 has died. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 71(e) (part).)
- 5 Sec. 252.102. WILL DELIVERY ON TESTATOR'S DEATH. On the
- 6 request of one or more persons notified under Section 252.101, the
- 7 county clerk shall deliver the will that is the subject of the
- 8 notice to the person or persons. The clerk shall obtain a receipt
- 9 for delivery of the will. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 71(e) (part).)
- 10 Sec. 252.103. INSPECTION OF WILL BY COUNTY CLERK. A county
- 11 clerk shall open a will wrapper and inspect the will if:
- 12 (1) the notice required by Section 252.101 is returned
- 13 as undelivered; or
- 14 (2) the clerk has accepted for deposit a will that does
- 15 not specify on the will wrapper the person to whom the will is to be
- 16 delivered on the testator's death. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 71(e)
- 17 (part).)
- 18 Sec. 252.104. NOTICE AND DELIVERY OF WILL TO EXECUTOR. If a
- 19 county clerk inspects a will under Section 252.103 and the will
- 20 names an executor, the clerk shall:
- 21 (1) notify the person named as executor, by registered
- 22 mail, return receipt requested, that the will is on deposit with the
- 23 clerk; and
- 24 (2) deliver, on request, the will to the person named
- 25 as executor. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 71(e) (part).)
- Sec. 252.105. NOTICE AND DELIVERY OF WILL TO DEVISEES. (a)
- 27 If a county clerk inspects a will under Section 252.103, the clerk

- 1 shall notify by registered mail, return receipt requested, the
- 2 devisees named in the will that the will is on deposit with the
- 3 clerk if:
- 4 (1) the will does not name an executor;
- 5 (2) the person named as executor in the will:
- 6 (A) has died; or
- 7 (B) fails to take the will before the 31st day
- 8 after the date the notice required by Section 252.104 is mailed to
- 9 the person; or
- 10 (3) the notice mailed to the person named as executor
- 11 is returned as undelivered.
- 12 (b) On request, the county clerk shall deliver the will to
- 13 any or all of the devisees notified under Subsection (a). (Tex.
- 14 Prob. Code, Sec. 71(e) (part).)
- 15 [Sections 252.106-252.150 reserved for expansion]
- 16 SUBCHAPTER D. LEGAL EFFECT OF WILL DEPOSIT
- 17 Sec. 252.151. DEPOSIT HAS NO LEGAL SIGNIFICANCE. The
- 18 provisions of Subchapter A providing for the deposit of a will with
- 19 a county clerk during the lifetime of a testator are solely for the
- 20 purpose of providing a safe and convenient repository for a will.
- 21 For purposes of probate, a will deposited as provided by Subchapter
- 22 A may not be treated differently than a will that has not been
- 23 deposited. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 71(f) (part).)
- Sec. 252.152. PRIOR DEPOSITED WILL IN RELATION TO LATER
- 25 WILL. A will that is not deposited as provided by Subchapter A
- 26 shall be admitted to probate on proof that the will is the last will
- 27 and testament of the testator, notwithstanding the fact that the

- 1 testator has a prior will that has been deposited in accordance with
- 2 Subchapter A. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 71(f) (part).)
- 3 Sec. 252.153. WILL DEPOSIT DOES NOT CONSTITUTE NOTICE. The
- 4 deposit of a will as provided by Subchapter A does not constitute
- 5 notice, constructive or otherwise, to any person as to the
- 6 existence or the contents of the will. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 7 71(g).)
- 8 [Sections 252.154-252.200 reserved for expansion]
- 9 SUBCHAPTER E. DUTY AND LIABILITY OF CUSTODIAN OF ESTATE PAPERS
- 10 Sec. 252.201. WILL DELIVERY. On receiving notice of a
- 11 testator's death, the person who has custody of the testator's will
- 12 shall deliver the will to the clerk of the court that has
- 13 jurisdiction of the testator's estate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 75
- 14 (part).)
- 15 Sec. 252.202. PERSONAL SERVICE ON CUSTODIAN OF ESTATE
- 16 PAPERS. On a sworn written complaint that a person has custody of
- 17 the last will of a testator or any papers belonging to the estate of
- 18 a testator or intestate, the judge of the court that has
- 19 jurisdiction of the estate shall have the person cited by personal
- 20 service to appear and show cause why the person should not deliver:
- 21 (1) the will to the court for probate; or
- 22 (2) the papers to the executor or administrator.
- 23 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 75 (part).)
- Sec. 252.203. ARREST; CONFINEMENT. On the return of a
- 25 citation served under Section 252.202, if the judge is satisfied
- 26 that the person served with the citation had custody of the will or
- 27 papers at the time the complaint under that section was filed and

- 1 the person does not deliver the will or papers or show good cause
- 2 why the will or papers have not been delivered, the judge may have
- 3 the person arrested and confined until the person delivers the will
- 4 or papers. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 75 (part).)
- 5 Sec. 252.204. DAMAGES. (a) A person who refuses to deliver
- 6 a will or papers described by Section 252.202 is liable to any
- 7 person aggrieved by the refusal for all damages sustained as a
- 8 result of the refusal.
- 9 (b) Damages may be recovered under this section in any court
- 10 of competent jurisdiction. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 75 (part).)
- 11 CHAPTER 253. CHANGE AND REVOCATION OF WILLS
- 12 Sec. 253.001. COURT MAY NOT PROHIBIT CHANGING A WILL
- 13 Sec. 253.002. REVOCATION OF WILL
- 14 CHAPTER 253. CHANGE AND REVOCATION OF WILLS
- 15 Sec. 253.001. COURT MAY NOT PROHIBIT CHANGING A WILL. (a)
- 16 Notwithstanding Section 22.007(a), in this section, "court" means a
- 17 constitutional county court, district court, or statutory county
- 18 court, including a statutory probate court.
- 19 (b) A court may not prohibit a person from executing a new
- 20 will or a codicil to an existing will. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 69A.)
- Sec. 253.002. REVOCATION OF WILL. A written will, or a
- 22 clause or devise in a written will, may not be revoked, except by a
- 23 subsequent will, codicil, or declaration in writing that is
- 24 executed with like formalities, or by the testator destroying or
- 25 canceling the same, or causing it to be destroyed or canceled in the
- 26 testator's presence. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 63.)

- 1 CHAPTER 254. VALIDITY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS IN, AND CONTRACTS
- 2 RELATING TO, WILLS
- 3 Sec. 254.001. DEVISES TO TRUSTEES
- 4 Sec. 254.002. BEQUESTS TO CERTAIN SUBSCRIBING
- 5 WITNESSES
- 6 Sec. 254.003. DEVISES TO CERTAIN ATTORNEYS AND OTHER
- 7 PERSONS
- 8 Sec. 254.004. CONTRACTS CONCERNING WILLS OR DEVISES;
- 9 JOINT OR RECIPROCAL WILLS
- 10 CHAPTER 254. VALIDITY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS IN, AND CONTRACTS
- 11 RELATING TO, WILLS
- 12 Sec. 254.001. DEVISES TO TRUSTEES. (a) A testator may
- 13 validly devise property in a will to the trustee of a trust
- 14 established or to be established:
- 15 (1) during the testator's lifetime by the testator,
- 16 the testator and another person, or another person, including a
- 17 funded or unfunded life insurance trust in which the settlor has
- 18 reserved any or all rights of ownership of the insurance contracts;
- 19 or
- 20 (2) at the testator's death by the testator's devise to
- 21 the trustee, regardless of the existence, size, or character of the
- 22 corpus of the trust, if:
- (A) the trust is identified in the testator's
- 24 will; and
- 25 (B) the terms of the trust are in:
- 26 (i) a written instrument, other than a
- 27 will, executed before, with, or after the execution of the

- 1 testator's will; or
- 2 (ii) another person's will if that person
- 3 predeceased the testator.
- 4 (b) A devise under Subsection (a) is not invalid because the
- 5 trust:
- 6 (1) is amendable or revocable; or
- 7 (2) was amended after the execution of the will or the
- 8 testator's death.
- 9 (c) Unless the testator's will provides otherwise, property
- 10 devised to a trust described by Subsection (a) is not held under a
- 11 testamentary trust of the testator. The property:
- 12 (1) becomes part of the trust to which the property is
- 13 devised; and
- 14 (2) must be administered and disposed of according to
- 15 the provisions of the instrument establishing the trust, including
- 16 any amendment to the instrument made before or after the testator's
- 17 death.
- 18 (d) Unless the testator's will provides otherwise, a
- 19 revocation or termination of the trust before the testator's death
- 20 causes the devise to lapse. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 58a.)
- Sec. 254.002. BEQUESTS TO CERTAIN SUBSCRIBING WITNESSES.
- 22 (a) Except as provided by Subsection (c), if a devisee under a will
- 23 is also a subscribing witness to the will and the will cannot be
- 24 otherwise established:
- 25 (1) the bequest is void; and
- 26 (2) the subscribing witness shall be allowed and
- 27 compelled to appear and give the witness's testimony in the same

- 1 manner as if the bequest to the witness had not been made.
- 2 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (a), if the subscribing
- 3 witness described by that subsection would have been entitled to a
- 4 share of the testator's estate had the testator died intestate, the
- 5 witness is entitled to as much of that share as does not exceed the
- 6 value of the bequest to the witness under the will.
- 7 (c) If the testimony of a subscribing witness described by
- 8 Subsection (a) proving the will is corroborated by at least one
- 9 disinterested and credible person who testifies that the
- 10 subscribing witness's testimony is true and correct:
- 11 (1) the bequest to the subscribing witness is not void
- 12 under Subsection (a); and
- 13 (2) the subscribing witness is not regarded as an
- 14 incompetent or noncredible witness under Subchapters B and C,
- 15 Chapter 251. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 61, 62.)
- 16 Sec. 254.003. DEVISES TO CERTAIN ATTORNEYS AND OTHER
- 17 PERSONS. (a) A devise of property in a will is void if the devise
- 18 is made to:
- 19 (1) an attorney who prepares or supervises the
- 20 preparation of the will;
- 21 (2) a parent, descendant of a parent, or employee of
- 22 the attorney described by Subdivision (1); or
- 23 (3) the spouse of a person described by Subdivision
- 24 (1) or (2).
- 25 (b) This section does not apply to:
- 26 (1) a devise made to a person who:
- 27 (A) is the testator's spouse;

- 1 (B) is an ascendant or descendant of the
- 2 testator; or
- 3 (C) is related within the third degree by
- 4 consanguinity or affinity to the testator; or
- 5 (2) a bona fide purchaser for value from a devisee in a
- 6 will. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 58b.)
- 7 Sec. 254.004. CONTRACTS CONCERNING WILLS OR DEVISES; JOINT
- 8 OR RECIPROCAL WILLS. (a) A contract executed or entered into on or
- 9 after September 1, 1979, to make a will or devise, or not to revoke a
- 10 will or devise, may be established only by:
- 11 (1) a written agreement that is binding and
- 12 enforceable; or
- 13 (2) a will stating:
- 14 (A) that a contract exists; and
- 15 (B) the material provisions of the contract.
- 16 (b) The execution of a joint will or reciprocal wills does
- 17 not constitute by itself sufficient evidence of the existence of a
- 18 contract. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 59A.)
- 19 CHAPTER 255. CONSTRUCTION AND INTERPRETATION OF WILLS
- 20 SUBCHAPTER A. CERTAIN PERSONAL PROPERTY EXCLUDED FROM DEVISE OR
- 21 LEGACY
- 22 Sec. 255.001. DEFINITIONS
- 23 Sec. 255.002. CERTAIN PERSONAL PROPERTY EXCLUDED FROM
- 24 DEVISE OF REAL PROPERTY
- 25 Sec. 255.003. CONTENTS EXCLUDED FROM LEGACY OF
- 26 PERSONAL PROPERTY
- [Sections 255.004-255.050 reserved for expansion]

1	SUBCHAPTER B. SUCCESSION BY PRETERMITTED CHILD		
2	Sec.	255.051.	DEFINITION
3	Sec.	255.052.	APPLICABILITY AND CONSTRUCTION
4	Sec.	255.053.	SUCCESSION BY PRETERMITTED CHILD IF
5			TESTATOR HAS LIVING CHILD AT WILL'S
6			EXECUTION
7	Sec.	255.054.	SUCCESSION BY PRETERMITTED CHILD IF
8			TESTATOR HAS NO LIVING CHILD AT WILL'S
9			EXECUTION
10	Sec.	255.055.	RATABLE RECOVERY BY PRETERMITTED CHILD
11			FROM PORTIONS PASSING TO OTHER
12			BENEFICIARIES
13	[Sections 255.056-255.100 reserved for expansion]		
14		SUBCHAPT	ER C. LIFETIME GIFTS AS SATISFACTION OF DEVISE
15	Sec.	255.101.	CERTAIN LIFETIME GIFTS CONSIDERED
16			SATISFACTION OF DEVISE
17	Sec.	255.102.	VALUATION OF PROPERTY
18		[Sect	lons 255.103-255.150 reserved for expansion]
19	Ç	SUBCHAPTER	D. FAILURE OF DEVISE; DISPOSITION OF PROPERTY TO
20			DEVISEE WHO PREDECEASES TESTATOR
21	Sec.	255.151.	APPLICABILITY OF SUBCHAPTER
22	Sec.	255.152.	FAILURE OF DEVISE; EFFECT ON RESIDUARY
23			ESTATE
24	Sec.	255.153.	DISPOSITION OF PROPERTY TO CERTAIN
25			DEVISEES WHO PREDECEASE TESTATOR
26	Sec.	255.154.	DEVISEE UNDER CLASS GIFT
27		[Sect	ons 255.155-255.200 reserved for expansion]

SUBCHAPTER E. WILL PROVISION FOR MANAGEMENT OF SEPARATE PROPERTY 1 2 BY SURVIVING SPOUSE Sec. 255.201. MANAGEMENT OF SEPARATE PROPERTY BY 3 SURVIVING SPOUSE 5 [Sections 255.202-255.250 reserved for expansion] 6 SUBCHAPTER F. DEVISE OF SECURITIES Sec. 255.251. DEFINITIONS 7 Sec. 255.252. INCREASE IN SECURITIES; ACCESSIONS Sec. 255.253. CASH DISTRIBUTION NOT INCLUDED IN DEVISE 10 [Sections 255.254-255.300 reserved for expansion] SUBCHAPTER G. EXONERATION OF DEBTS SECURED BY SPECIFIC DEVISES 11 Sec. 255.301. NO RIGHT TO EXONERATION OF DEBTS 12 Sec. 255.302. EXCEPTION 13 Sec. 255.303. RIGHTS OF CERTAIN CREDITORS AND OTHER 14 15 PERSONS 16 [Sections 255.304-255.350 reserved for expansion] 17 SUBCHAPTER H. EXERCISE OF POWER OF APPOINTMENT THROUGH WILL Sec. 255.351. EXERCISE OF POWER OF APPOINTMENT THROUGH 18 19 WILL 20 CHAPTER 255. CONSTRUCTION AND INTERPRETATION OF WILLS 21 SUBCHAPTER A. CERTAIN PERSONAL PROPERTY EXCLUDED FROM DEVISE OR LEGACY

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(1) "Contents" means tangible personal property,

Sec. 255.001. DEFINITIONS. In this subchapter:

25 other than titled personal property, found inside of or on a

specifically devised item. The term includes clothing, pictures,

furniture, coin collections, and other items of tangible personal

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property that:
 2
                    (A)
                         do not require a formal transfer of title;
 3
    and
 4
                    (B)
                         are located in another item of tangible
 5
   personal property such as a cedar chest or other furniture.
 6
                    "Titled personal property" includes all tangible
 7
   personal
             property
                        represented by a certificate of title,
 8
    certificate of ownership, written label, marking, or designation
   that signifies ownership by a person. The term includes a motor
10
   vehicle, motor home, motorboat, or other similar property that
   requires a formal transfer of title. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 58(d).)
11
          Sec. 255.002. CERTAIN PERSONAL
                                           PROPERTY EXCLUDED FROM
12
   DEVISE OF REAL PROPERTY. A devise of real property does not include
13
14
   any personal property located on, or associated with, the real
15
   property or any contents of personal property located on the real
   property unless the will directs that the personal property or
16
17
   contents are included in the devise. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 58(c)
    (part).)
18
          Sec. 255.003. CONTENTS EXCLUDED FROM LEGACY OF PERSONAL
19
   PROPERTY. A legacy of personal property does not include any
20
   contents of the property unless the will directs that the contents
21
    are included in the legacy. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 58(c) (part).)
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adopted:

[Sections 255.004-255.050 reserved for expansion]

SUBCHAPTER B. SUCCESSION BY PRETERMITTED CHILD

"pretermitted child" means a testator's child who is born or

In

this

subchapter,

Sec. 255.051. DEFINITION.

- 1 (1) during the testator's lifetime or after the
- 2 testator's death; and
- 3 (2) after the execution of the testator's will. (Tex.
- 4 Prob. Code, Sec. 67(c).)
- 5 Sec. 255.052. APPLICABILITY AND CONSTRUCTION. (a)
- 6 Sections 255.053 and 255.054 apply only to a pretermitted child who
- 7 is not:
- 8 (1) mentioned in the testator's will;
- 9 (2) provided for in the testator's will; or
- 10 (3) otherwise provided for by the testator.
- 11 (b) For purposes of this subchapter, a child is provided for
- 12 or a provision is made for a child if a disposition of property to or
- 13 for the benefit of the pretermitted child, whether vested or
- 14 contingent, is made:
- 15 (1) in the testator's will, including a devise to a
- 16 trustee under Section 254.001; or
- 17 (2) outside the testator's will and is intended to take
- 18 effect at the testator's death. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 67(a)
- 19 (part), (d).)
- 20 Sec. 255.053. SUCCESSION BY PRETERMITTED CHILD IF TESTATOR
- 21 HAS LIVING CHILD AT WILL'S EXECUTION. (a) If no provision is made
- 22 in the testator's last will for any child of the testator who is
- 23 living when the testator executes the will, a pretermitted child
- 24 succeeds to the portion of the testator's separate and community
- 25 estate, other than any portion of the estate devised to the
- 26 pretermitted child's other parent, to which the pretermitted child
- 27 would have been entitled under Section 201.001 if the testator had

- 1 died intestate without a surviving spouse.
- 2 (b) If a provision, whether vested or contingent, is made in
- 3 the testator's last will for one or more children of the testator
- 4 who are living when the testator executes the will, a pretermitted
- 5 child is entitled only to a portion of the disposition made to
- 6 children under the will that is equal to the portion the child would
- 7 have received if the testator had:
- 8 (1) included all of the testator's pretermitted
- 9 children with the children on whom benefits were conferred under
- 10 the will; and
- 11 (2) given an equal share of those benefits to each
- 12 child.
- 13 (c) To the extent feasible, the interest in the testator's
- 14 estate to which the pretermitted child is entitled under Subsection
- 15 (b) must be of the same character, whether an equitable or legal
- 16 life estate or in fee, as the interest that the testator conferred
- 17 on the testator's children under the will. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 18 67(a)(1).)
- 19 Sec. 255.054. SUCCESSION BY PRETERMITTED CHILD IF TESTATOR
- 20 HAS NO LIVING CHILD AT WILL'S EXECUTION. If a testator has no child
- 21 living when the testator executes the testator's last will, a
- 22 pretermitted child succeeds to the portion of the testator's
- 23 separate and community estate, other than any portion of the estate
- 24 devised to the pretermitted child's other parent, to which the
- 25 pretermitted child would have been entitled under Section 201.001
- 26 if the testator had died intestate without a surviving spouse.
- 27 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 67(a)(2).)

- 1 Sec. 255.055. RATABLE RECOVERY BY PRETERMITTED CHILD FROM
- 2 PORTIONS PASSING TO OTHER BENEFICIARIES. (a) A pretermitted child
- 3 may recover the share of the testator's estate to which the child is
- 4 entitled from the testator's other children under Section
- 5 255.053(b) or from the testamentary beneficiaries under Sections
- 6 255.053(a) and 255.054, other than the pretermitted child's other
- 7 parent, ratably, out of the portions of the estate passing to those
- 8 persons under the will.
- 9 (b) In abating the interests of the beneficiaries described
- 10 by Subsection (a), the character of the testamentary plan adopted
- 11 by the testator must be preserved to the maximum extent possible.
- 12 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 67(b).)
- [Sections 255.056-255.100 reserved for expansion]
- 14 SUBCHAPTER C. LIFETIME GIFTS AS SATISFACTION OF DEVISE
- 15 Sec. 255.101. CERTAIN LIFETIME GIFTS CONSIDERED
- 16 SATISFACTION OF DEVISE. Property that a testator gives to a person
- 17 during the testator's lifetime is considered a satisfaction, either
- 18 wholly or partly, of a devise to the person if:
- 19 (1) the testator's will provides for deduction of the
- 20 lifetime gift from the devise;
- 21 (2) the testator declares in a contemporaneous writing
- 22 that the lifetime gift is to be deducted from, or is in satisfaction
- 23 of, the devise; or
- 24 (3) the devisee acknowledges in writing that the
- 25 lifetime gift is in satisfaction of the devise. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 26 Sec. 37C(a).)
- Sec. 255.102. VALUATION OF PROPERTY. Property given in

- 1 partial satisfaction of a devise shall be valued as of the earlier
- 2 of:
- 3 (1) the date the devisee acquires possession of or
- 4 enjoys the property; or
- 5 (2) the date of the testator's death. (Tex. Prob.
- 6 Code, Sec. 37C(b).)
- 7 [Sections 255.103-255.150 reserved for expansion]
- 8 SUBCHAPTER D. FAILURE OF DEVISE; DISPOSITION OF PROPERTY TO
- 9 DEVISEE WHO PREDECEASES TESTATOR
- 10 Sec. 255.151. APPLICABILITY OF SUBCHAPTER. This subchapter
- 11 applies unless the testator's last will and testament provides
- 12 otherwise. For example, a devise in the testator's will stating "to
- 13 my surviving children" or "to such of my children as shall survive
- 14 me" prevents the application of Sections 255.153 and 255.154.
- 15 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 68(e).)
- 16 Sec. 255.152. FAILURE OF DEVISE; EFFECT ON RESIDUARY
- 17 ESTATE. (a) Except as provided by Sections 255.153 and 255.154, if
- 18 a devise, other than a residuary devise, fails for any reason, the
- 19 devise becomes a part of the residuary estate.
- 20 (b) Except as provided by Sections 255.153 and 255.154, if
- 21 the residuary estate is devised to two or more persons and the share
- 22 of one of the residuary devisees fails for any reason, that
- 23 residuary devisee's share passes to the other residuary devisees,
- 24 in proportion to the residuary devisee's interest in the residuary
- 25 estate.
- 26 (c) Except as provided by Sections 255.153 and 255.154, the
- 27 residuary estate passes as if the testator had died intestate if all

- 1 residuary devisees:
- 2 (1) are deceased at the time the testator's will is
- 3 executed;
- 4 (2) fail to survive the testator; or
- 5 (3) are treated as if the residuary devisees
- 6 predeceased the testator. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 68(b), (c), (d).)
- 7 Sec. 255.153. DISPOSITION OF PROPERTY TO CERTAIN DEVISEES
- 8 WHO PREDECEASE TESTATOR. (a) If a devisee who is a descendant of
- 9 the testator or a descendant of a testator's parent is deceased at
- 10 the time the will is executed, fails to survive the testator, or is
- 11 treated as if the devisee predeceased the testator by Chapter 121 or
- 12 otherwise, the descendants of the devisee who survived the testator
- 13 by 120 hours take the devised property in place of the devisee.
- 14 (b) Devised property to which Subsection (a) applies shall
- 15 be divided into the number of shares equal to the total number of
- 16 surviving descendants in the nearest degree of kinship to the
- 17 devisee and deceased persons in the same degree of kinship to the
- 18 devisee whose descendants survived the testator. Each surviving
- 19 descendant in the nearest degree of kinship to the devisee receives
- 20 one share, and the share of each deceased person in the same degree
- 21 of kinship to the devisee whose descendants survived the testator
- 22 is divided among the descendants by representation. (Tex. Prob.
- 23 Code, Sec. 68(a) (part).)
- Sec. 255.154. DEVISEE UNDER CLASS GIFT. For purposes of
- 25 this subchapter, a person who would have been a devisee under a
- 26 class gift if the person had survived the testator is treated as a
- 27 devisee unless the person died before the date the will was

- 1 executed. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 68(a) (part).)
- 2 [Sections 255.155-255.200 reserved for expansion]
- 3 SUBCHAPTER E. WILL PROVISION FOR MANAGEMENT OF SEPARATE PROPERTY
- 4 BY SURVIVING SPOUSE
- 5 Sec. 255.201. MANAGEMENT OF SEPARATE PROPERTY BY SURVIVING
- 6 SPOUSE. (a) Subject to Subsection (b) and any other restrictions
- 7 imposed by the will, a spouse by last will and testament may give to
- 8 the survivor of the marriage the power to:
- 9 (1) keep the testator's separate property together
- 10 until each distributee becomes of legal age; and
- 11 (2) manage and control the separate property under the
- 12 provisions of law relating to community property.
- 13 (b) A child or distributee entitled to any portion of the
- 14 separate property described by Subsection (a) is entitled to
- 15 receive the child's or distributee's distributive portion of the
- 16 estate at any time after the child or distributee becomes of legal
- 17 age. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 70.)
- 18 [Sections 255.202-255.250 reserved for expansion]
- 19 SUBCHAPTER F. DEVISE OF SECURITIES
- 20 Sec. 255.251. DEFINITIONS. In this subchapter:
- 21 (1) "Securities" has the meaning assigned by Section
- 22 4, The Securities Act (Article 581-4, Vernon's Texas Civil
- 23 Statutes).
- 24 (2) "Stock" means securities. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 25 70A(c).)
- Sec. 255.252. INCREASE IN SECURITIES; ACCESSIONS. Unless
- 27 the will of a testator clearly provides otherwise, a devise of

- 1 securities that are owned by the testator on the date the will is
- 2 executed includes the following additional securities subsequently
- 3 acquired by the testator as a result of the testator's ownership of
- 4 the devised securities:
- 5 (1) securities of the same organization acquired
- 6 because of an action initiated by the organization or any
- 7 successor, related, or acquiring organization, including stock
- 8 splits, stock dividends, and new issues of stock acquired in a
- 9 reorganization, redemption, or exchange, other than securities
- 10 acquired through the exercise of purchase options or through a plan
- 11 of reinvestment; and
- 12 (2) securities of another organization acquired as a
- 13 result of a merger, consolidation, reorganization, or other
- 14 distribution by the organization or any successor, related, or
- 15 acquiring organization, including stock splits, stock dividends,
- 16 and new issues of stock acquired in a reorganization, redemption,
- 17 or exchange, other than securities acquired through the exercise of
- 18 purchase options or through a plan of reinvestment. (Tex. Prob.
- 19 Code, Sec. 70A(a).)
- 20 Sec. 255.253. CASH DISTRIBUTION NOT INCLUDED IN DEVISE.
- 21 Unless the will of a testator clearly provides otherwise, a devise
- 22 of securities does not include a cash distribution relating to the
- 23 securities that accrues before the testator's death, regardless of
- 24 whether the distribution is paid before the testator's death.
- 25 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 70A(b).)
- 26 [Sections 255.254-255.300 reserved for expansion]

- 1 SUBCHAPTER G. EXONERATION OF DEBTS SECURED BY SPECIFIC DEVISES
- 2 Sec. 255.301. NO RIGHT TO EXONERATION OF DEBTS. Except as
- 3 provided by Section 255.302, a specific devise passes to the
- 4 devisee subject to each debt secured by the property that exists on
- 5 the date of the testator's death, and the devisee is not entitled to
- 6 exoneration from the testator's estate for payment of the debt.
- 7 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 71A(a).)
- 8 Sec. 255.302. EXCEPTION. A specific devise does not pass to
- 9 the devisee subject to a debt described by Section 255.301 if the
- 10 will in which the devise is made specifically states that the devise
- 11 passes without being subject to the debt. A general provision in
- 12 the will stating that debts are to be paid is not a specific
- 13 statement for purposes of this section. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 14 71A(b).)
- 15 Sec. 255.303. RIGHTS OF CERTAIN CREDITORS AND OTHER
- 16 PERSONS. (a) Section 255.301 does not affect the rights of
- 17 creditors provided under this title or the rights of other persons
- 18 or entities provided under Chapters 102 and 353.
- 19 (b) A debt described by Section 255.301 that a creditor
- 20 elects to have allowed and approved as a matured secured claim shall
- 21 be paid in accordance with Sections 355.153(b), (c), (d), and (e).
- 22 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 71A(c).)
- 23 [Sections 255.304-255.350 reserved for expansion]
- 24 SUBCHAPTER H. EXERCISE OF POWER OF APPOINTMENT THROUGH WILL
- Sec. 255.351. EXERCISE OF POWER OF APPOINTMENT THROUGH
- 26 WILL. A testator may not exercise a power of appointment through a
- 27 residuary clause in the testator's will or through a will providing

- 1 for general disposition of all of the testator's property unless:
- 2 (1) the testator makes a specific reference to the
- 3 power in the will; or
- 4 (2) there is some other indication in writing that the
- 5 testator intended to include the property subject to the power in
- 6 the will. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 58c.)
- 7 CHAPTER 256. PROBATE OF WILLS GENERALLY
- 8 SUBCHAPTER A. EFFECTIVENESS OF WILL; PERIOD FOR PROBATE
- 9 Sec. 256.001. WILL NOT EFFECTIVE UNTIL PROBATED
- 10 Sec. 256.002. PROBATE BEFORE DEATH VOID
- 11 Sec. 256.003. PERIOD FOR ADMITTING WILL TO PROBATE;
- 12 PROTECTION FOR CERTAIN PURCHASERS
- 13 [Sections 256.004-256.050 reserved for expansion]
- 14 SUBCHAPTER B. APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS
- 15 Sec. 256.051. ELIGIBLE APPLICANTS FOR PROBATE OF WILL
- 16 Sec. 256.052. CONTENTS OF APPLICATION FOR PROBATE OF
- 17 WRITTEN WILL GENERALLY
- 18 Sec. 256.053. FILING OF WRITTEN WILL WITH APPLICATION
- 19 FOR PROBATE GENERALLY REQUIRED
- 20 Sec. 256.054. ADDITIONAL APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS WHEN
- NO WRITTEN WILL IS PRODUCED
- [Sections 256.055-256.100 reserved for expansion]
- 23 SUBCHAPTER C. PROCEDURES FOR SECOND APPLICATION
- 24 Sec. 256.101. PROCEDURE ON FILING OF SECOND
- 25 APPLICATION WHEN ORIGINAL APPLICATION
- 26 HAS NOT BEEN HEARD

Τ	Sec.	256.102.	PROCEDURE ON FILING OF SECOND	
2			APPLICATION FOR PROBATE AFTER FIRST	
3			WILL HAS BEEN ADMITTED	
4	Sec.	256.103.	PROCEDURE WHEN APPLICATION FOR PROBATE	
5			IS FILED AFTER LETTERS OF	
6			ADMINISTRATION HAVE BEEN GRANTED	
7	[Sections 256.104-256.150 reserved for expansion]			
8	SUBCHAPTER D. REQUIRED PROOF FOR PROBATE OF WILL			
9	Sec.	256.151.	GENERAL PROOF REQUIREMENTS	
10	Sec.	256.152.	ADDITIONAL PROOF REQUIRED FOR PROBATE OF	
11			WILL	
12	Sec.	256.153.	AUTHORIZED METHODS OF PROVING ATTESTED	
13			WRITTEN WILL	
14	Sec.	256.154.	AUTHORIZED METHODS OF PROVING	
15			HOLOGRAPHIC WILL	
16	Sec.	256.155.	PROCEDURES FOR DEPOSITIONS WHEN NO	
17			CONTEST IS FILED	
18	Sec.	256.156.	PROOF OF WRITTEN WILL NOT PRODUCED IN	
19			COURT	
20	Sec.	256.157.	TESTIMONY REGARDING PROBATE TO BE	
21			COMMITTED TO WRITING	
22	[Sections 256.158-256.200 reserved for expansion]			
23	SUBCHAPTER E. ADMISSION OF WILL TO, AND PROCEDURES FOLLOWING			
24			PROBATE	
25	Sec.	256.201.	ADMISSION OF WILL TO PROBATE	
26	Sec.	256.202.	CUSTODY OF PROBATED WILL	

- 1 Sec. 256.203. ESTABLISHING CONTENTS OF WILL NOT IN
- 2 COURT'S CUSTODY
- 3 Sec. 256.204. PERIOD FOR CONTEST
- 4 CHAPTER 256. PROBATE OF WILLS GENERALLY
- 5 SUBCHAPTER A. EFFECTIVENESS OF WILL; PERIOD FOR PROBATE
- 6 Sec. 256.001. WILL NOT EFFECTIVE UNTIL PROBATED. Except as
- 7 provided by Subtitle K with respect to foreign wills, a will is not
- 8 effective to prove title to, or the right to possession of, any
- 9 property disposed of by the will until the will is admitted to
- 10 probate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 94.)
- 11 Sec. 256.002. PROBATE BEFORE DEATH VOID. The probate of a
- 12 will of a living person is void. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 72(a)
- 13 (part).)
- 14 Sec. 256.003. PERIOD FOR ADMITTING WILL TO PROBATE;
- 15 PROTECTION FOR CERTAIN PURCHASERS. (a) A will may not be admitted
- 16 to probate after the fourth anniversary of the testator's death
- 17 unless it is shown by proof that the applicant for the probate of
- 18 the will was not in default in failing to present the will for
- 19 probate on or before the fourth anniversary of the testator's
- 20 death.
- 21 (b) Letters testamentary may not be issued if a will is
- 22 admitted to probate after the fourth anniversary of the testator's
- 23 death.
- (c) A person who for value, in good faith, and without
- 25 knowledge of the existence of a will purchases property from a
- 26 decedent's heirs after the fourth anniversary of the decedent's
- 27 death shall be held to have good title to the interest that the heir

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- 1 or heirs would have had in the absence of a will, as against the
- 2 claim of any devisee under any will that is subsequently offered for
- 3 probate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 73.)
- 4 [Sections 256.004-256.050 reserved for expansion]
- 5 SUBCHAPTER B. APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS
- 6 Sec. 256.051. ELIGIBLE APPLICANTS FOR PROBATE OF WILL. (a)
- 7 An executor named in a will or an interested person may file an
- 8 application with the court for an order admitting a will to probate,
- 9 whether the will is:
- 10 (1) written or unwritten;
- 11 (2) in the applicant's possession or not;
- 12 (3) lost;
- 13 (4) destroyed; or
- 14 (5) outside of this state.
- 15 (b) An application for the probate of a will may be combined
- 16 with an application for the appointment of an executor or
- 17 administrator. A person interested in either the probate or the
- 18 appointment may apply for both. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 76 (part).)
- 19 Sec. 256.052. CONTENTS OF APPLICATION FOR PROBATE OF
- 20 WRITTEN WILL GENERALLY. (a) An application for the probate of a
- 21 written will must state and aver the following to the extent each is
- 22 known to the applicant or can, with reasonable diligence, be
- 23 ascertained by the applicant:
- 24 (1) each applicant's name and domicile;
- 25 (2) the testator's name, domicile, and, if known, age,
- 26 on the date of the testator's death;
- 27 (3) the fact, time, and place of the testator's death;

- 1 (4) facts showing that the court with which the
- 2 application is filed has venue;
- 3 (5) that the testator owned property, including a
- 4 statement generally describing the property and the property's
- 5 probable value;
- 6 (6) the date of the will;
- 7 (7) the name and residence of:
- 8 (A) any executor named in the will or, if no
- 9 executor is named, of the person to whom the applicant desires that
- 10 letters be issued; and
- 11 (B) each subscribing witness to the will, if any;
- 12 (8) whether one or more children born to or adopted by
- 13 the testator after the testator executed the will survived the
- 14 testator and, if so, the name of each of those children;
- 15 (9) whether the testator was ever divorced and, if so,
- 16 when and from whom;
- 17 (10) whether the state, a governmental agency of the
- 18 state, or a charitable organization is named in the will as a
- 19 devisee; and
- 20 (11) that the executor named in the will, the
- 21 applicant, or another person to whom the applicant desires that
- 22 letters be issued is not disqualified by law from accepting the
- 23 letters.
- (b) If an applicant does not state or aver any matter
- 25 required by Subsection (a) in the application, the application must
- 26 state the reason the matter is not stated and averred. (Tex. Prob.
- 27 Code, Sec. 81(a) (part).)

- 1 Sec. 256.053. FILING OF WRITTEN WILL WITH APPLICATION FOR
- 2 PROBATE GENERALLY REQUIRED. (a) An applicant for the probate of a
- 3 written will shall file the will with the application if the will is
- 4 in the applicant's control.
- 5 (b) A will filed under Subsection (a) must remain in the
- 6 custody of the county clerk unless removed from the clerk's custody
- 7 by a court order. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 81(a) (part).)
- 8 Sec. 256.054. ADDITIONAL APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS WHEN NO
- 9 WRITTEN WILL IS PRODUCED. In addition to the requirements for an
- 10 application under Section 256.052, if an applicant for the probate
- 11 of a written will cannot produce the will in court, the application
- 12 must state:
- 13 (1) the reason the will cannot be produced;
- 14 (2) the contents of the will, as far as known; and
- 15 (3) the name, age, marital status, and address, if
- 16 known, and the relationship to the testator, if any, of:
- 17 (A) each devisee;
- 18 (B) each person who would inherit as an heir of
- 19 the testator in the absence of a valid will; and
- 20 (C) in the case of partial intestacy, each heir
- 21 of the testator. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 81(b).)
- [Sections 256.055-256.100 reserved for expansion]
- 23 SUBCHAPTER C. PROCEDURES FOR SECOND APPLICATION
- Sec. 256.101. PROCEDURE ON FILING OF SECOND APPLICATION
- 25 WHEN ORIGINAL APPLICATION HAS NOT BEEN HEARD. If, after an
- 26 application for the probate of a decedent's will or the appointment
- 27 of a personal representative for the decedent's estate has been

- 1 filed but before the application is heard, an application is filed
- 2 for the probate of a will of the same decedent that has not
- 3 previously been presented for probate, the court shall:
- 4 (1) hear both applications together; and
- 5 (2) determine:
- 6 (A) if both applications are for the probate of a
- 7 will, which will should be admitted to probate, if either, or
- 8 whether the decedent died intestate; or
- 9 (B) if only one application is for the probate of
- 10 a will, whether the will should be admitted to probate or whether
- 11 the decedent died intestate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 83(a).)
- 12 Sec. 256.102. PROCEDURE ON FILING OF SECOND APPLICATION FOR
- 13 PROBATE AFTER FIRST WILL HAS BEEN ADMITTED. If, after a decedent's
- 14 will has been admitted to probate, an application is filed for the
- 15 probate of a will of the same decedent that has not previously been
- 16 presented for probate, the court shall determine:
- 17 (1) whether the former probate should be set aside;
- 18 and
- 19 (2) if the former probate is to be set aside, whether:
- 20 (A) the other will should be admitted to probate;
- 21 or
- (B) the decedent died intestate. (Tex. Prob.
- 23 Code, Sec. 83(b).)
- Sec. 256.103. PROCEDURE WHEN APPLICATION FOR PROBATE IS
- 25 FILED AFTER LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION HAVE BEEN GRANTED. (a) A
- 26 lawful will of a decedent that is discovered after letters of
- 27 administration have been granted on the decedent's estate may be

- 1 proved in the manner provided for the proof of wills.
- 2 (b) The court shall allow an executor named in a will
- 3 described by Subsection (a) who is not disqualified to qualify and
- 4 accept as executor. The court shall revoke the previously granted
- 5 letters of administration.
- 6 (c) If an executor is not named in a will described by
- 7 Subsection (a), or if the executor named is disqualified or dead,
- 8 renounces the executorship, fails or is unable to accept and
- 9 qualify before the 21st day after the date of the probate of the
- 10 will, or fails to present the will for probate before the 31st day
- 11 after the discovery of the will, the court, as in other cases, shall
- 12 grant an administration with the will annexed of the testator's
- 13 estate.
- 14 (d) An act performed by the first administrator before the
- 15 executor described by Subsection (b) or the administrator with the
- 16 will annexed described by Subsection (c) qualifies is as valid as if
- 17 no will had been discovered. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 83(c).)
- 18 [Sections 256.104-256.150 reserved for expansion]
- 19 SUBCHAPTER D. REQUIRED PROOF FOR PROBATE OF WILL
- Sec. 256.151. GENERAL PROOF REQUIREMENTS. An applicant for
- 21 the probate of a will must prove to the court's satisfaction that:
- 22 (1) the testator is dead;
- 23 (2) four years have not elapsed since the date of the
- 24 testator's death and before the application;
- 25 (3) the court has jurisdiction and venue over the
- 26 estate;
- 27 (4) citation has been served and returned in the

- 1 manner and for the period required by this title; and
- 2 (5) the person for whom letters testamentary or of
- 3 administration are sought is entitled by law to the letters and is
- 4 not disqualified. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 88(a) (part).)
- 5 Sec. 256.152. ADDITIONAL PROOF REQUIRED FOR PROBATE OF
- 6 WILL. (a) An applicant for the probate of a will must prove the
- 7 following to the court's satisfaction, in addition to the proof
- 8 required by Section 256.151, to obtain the probate:
- 9 (1) the testator did not revoke the will; and
- 10 (2) if the will is not self-proved as provided by this
- 11 title, the testator:
- 12 (A) executed the will with the formalities and
- 13 solemnities and under the circumstances required by law to make the
- 14 will valid; and
- 15 (B) at the time of executing the will, was of
- 16 sound mind and:
- 17 (i) was 18 years of age or older;
- 18 (ii) was or had been married; or
- 19 (iii) was a member of the armed forces of
- 20 the United States, an auxiliary of the armed forces of the United
- 21 States, or the United States Maritime Service.
- (b) A will that is self-proved as provided by this title is
- 23 not required to have any additional proof that the will was executed
- 24 with the formalities and solemnities and under the circumstances
- 25 required to make the will valid. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 84(a),
- 26 88(b).)
- 27 Sec. 256.153. AUTHORIZED METHODS OF PROVING ATTESTED

- 1 WRITTEN WILL. (a) An attested written will produced in court that
- 2 is not self-proved as provided by this title may be proved in the
- 3 manner provided by this section.
- 4 (b) A will described by Subsection (a) may be proved by the
- 5 sworn testimony or affidavit of one or more of the subscribing
- 6 witnesses to the will taken in open court.
- 7 (c) If all the witnesses to a will described by Subsection
- 8 (a) are nonresidents of the county or the witnesses who are
- 9 residents of the county are unable to attend court, the will may be
- 10 proved:
- 11 (1) by the sworn testimony of one or more of the
- 12 witnesses by written or oral deposition taken in the same manner and
- 13 under the same rules as depositions are taken in other civil
- 14 actions;
- 15 (2) if no opposition in writing to the will is filed on
- 16 or before the date set for the hearing on the will, by the sworn
- 17 testimony or affidavit of two witnesses taken in open court, or by
- 18 deposition as provided by Subdivision (1), to the signature or the
- 19 handwriting evidenced by the signature of:
- 20 (A) one or more of the attesting witnesses; or
- 21 (B) the testator, if the testator signed the
- 22 will; or
- 23 (3) if it is shown under oath to the court's
- 24 satisfaction that, after a diligent search was made, only one
- 25 witness can be found who can make the required proof, by the sworn
- 26 testimony or affidavit of that witness taken in open court, or by
- 27 deposition as provided by Subdivision (1), to a signature, or the

- 1 handwriting evidenced by a signature, described by Subdivision (2).
- 2 (d) If none of the witnesses to a will described by
- 3 Subsection (a) are living, or if each of the witnesses is a member
- 4 of the armed forces or the armed forces reserves of the United
- 5 States, an auxiliary of the armed forces or armed forces reserves,
- 6 or the United States Maritime Service and is beyond the court's
- 7 jurisdiction, the will may be proved:
- 8 (1) by two witnesses to the handwriting of one or both
- 9 of the subscribing witnesses to the will or the testator, if the
- 10 testator signed the will, by:
- 11 (A) sworn testimony or affidavit taken in open
- 12 court; or
- 13 (B) written or oral deposition taken in the same
- 14 manner and under the same rules as depositions are taken in other
- 15 civil actions; or
- 16 (2) if it is shown under oath to the court's
- 17 satisfaction that, after a diligent search was made, only one
- 18 witness can be found who can make the required proof, by the sworn
- 19 testimony or affidavit of that witness taken in open court, or by
- 20 deposition as provided by Subdivision (1), to a signature or the
- 21 handwriting described by Subdivision (1). (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 22 84(b).)
- Sec. 256.154. AUTHORIZED METHODS OF PROVING HOLOGRAPHIC
- 24 WILL. A will wholly in the handwriting of the testator that is not
- 25 self-proved as provided by this title may be proved by two witnesses
- 26 to the testator's handwriting. The evidence may be by:
- 27 (1) sworn testimony or affidavit taken in open court;

- 1 or
- 2 (2) if the witnesses are nonresidents of the county or
- 3 are residents who are unable to attend court, written or oral
- 4 deposition taken in the same manner and under the same rules as
- 5 depositions are taken in other civil actions. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 6 Sec. 84(c).)
- 7 Sec. 256.155. PROCEDURES FOR DEPOSITIONS WHEN NO CONTEST IS
- 8 FILED. (a) This section, rather than Sections 256.153(c) and (d)
- 9 and 256.154 regarding the taking of depositions under the same
- 10 rules as depositions in other civil actions, applies if no contest
- 11 has been filed with respect to an application for the probate of a
- 12 will.
- 13 (b) Depositions for the purpose of establishing a will may
- 14 be taken in the manner provided by Section 51.203 for the taking of
- 15 depositions when there is no opposing party or attorney of record on
- 16 whom notice and copies of interrogatories may be served. (Tex.
- 17 Prob. Code, Sec. 84(d).)
- 18 Sec. 256.156. PROOF OF WRITTEN WILL NOT PRODUCED IN COURT.
- 19 (a) A written will that cannot be produced in court must be proved
- 20 in the same manner as provided in Section 256.153 for an attested
- 21 written will or Section 256.154 for a holographic will, as
- 22 applicable. The same amount and character of testimony is required
- 23 to prove the written will not produced in court as is required to
- 24 prove a written will produced in court.
- 25 (b) In addition to the proof required by Subsection (a):
- 26 (1) the cause of the nonproduction of a written will
- 27 not produced in court must be proved, which must be sufficient to

- 1 satisfy the court that the will cannot by any reasonable diligence
- 2 be produced; and
- 3 (2) the contents of the will must be substantially
- 4 proved by the testimony of a credible witness who has read the will,
- 5 has heard the will read, or can identify a copy of the will. (Tex.
- 6 Prob. Code, Sec. 85.)
- 7 Sec. 256.157. TESTIMONY REGARDING PROBATE TO BE COMMITTED
- 8 TO WRITING. (a) Except as provided by Subsection (b), all
- 9 testimony taken in open court on the hearing of an application to
- 10 probate a will must be:
- 11 (1) committed to writing at the time the testimony is
- 12 taken;
- 13 (2) subscribed and sworn to in open court by the
- 14 witness; and
- 15 (3) filed by the clerk.
- 16 (b) In a contested case, the court, on the agreement of the
- 17 parties or, if there is no agreement, on the court's own motion, may
- 18 waive the requirements of Subsection (a). (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 19 87.)
- 20 [Sections 256.158-256.200 reserved for expansion]
- 21 SUBCHAPTER E. ADMISSION OF WILL TO, AND PROCEDURES FOLLOWING,
- 22 PROBATE
- 23 Sec. 256.201. ADMISSION OF WILL TO PROBATE. If the court is
- 24 satisfied on the completion of hearing an application for the
- 25 probate of a will that the will should be admitted to probate, the
- 26 court shall enter an order admitting the will to probate. Certified
- 27 copies of the will and the order admitting the will to probate, or

- 1 of the record of the will and order, and the record of testimony,
- 2 may be:
- 3 (1) recorded in other counties; and
- 4 (2) used in evidence, as the originals may be used, on
- 5 the trial of the same matter in any other court when taken to that
- 6 court by appeal or otherwise. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 89.)
- 7 Sec. 256.202. CUSTODY OF PROBATED WILL. An original will
- 8 and the probate of the will shall be deposited in the office of the
- 9 county clerk of the county in which the will was probated. The will
- 10 and probate of the will shall remain in that office except during a
- 11 time the will and the probate of the will are removed for inspection
- 12 to another place on an order of the court where the will was
- 13 probated. If that court orders the original will to be removed to
- 14 another place for inspection:
- 15 (1) the person removing the will shall give a receipt
- 16 for the will; and
- 17 (2) the court clerk shall make and retain a copy of the
- 18 will. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 90.)
- 19 Sec. 256.203. ESTABLISHING CONTENTS OF WILL NOT IN COURT'S
- 20 CUSTODY. If for any reason a written will is not in the court's
- 21 custody, the court shall find the contents of the will by written
- 22 order. Certified copies of the contents as established by the order
- 23 may be:
- 24 (1) recorded in other counties; and
- 25 (2) used in evidence, as certified copies of written
- 26 wills in the custody of the court may be used. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 27 Sec. 91.)

- 1 Sec. 256.204. PERIOD FOR CONTEST. (a) After a will is
- 2 admitted to probate, an interested person may commence a suit to
- 3 contest the validity thereof not later than the second anniversary
- 4 of the date the will was admitted to probate, except that an
- 5 interested person may commence a suit to cancel a will for forgery
- 6 or other fraud not later than the second anniversary of the date the
- 7 forgery or fraud was discovered.
- 8 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (a), an incapacitated person
- 9 may commence the contest under that subsection on or before the
- 10 second anniversary of the date the person's disabilities are
- 11 removed. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 93.)
- 12 CHAPTER 257. PROBATE OF WILL AS MUNIMENT OF TITLE
- 13 SUBCHAPTER A. AUTHORIZATION
- 14 Sec. 257.001. PROBATE OF WILL AS MUNIMENT OF TITLE
- 15 AUTHORIZED
- [Sections 257.002-257.050 reserved for expansion]
- 17 SUBCHAPTER B. APPLICATION AND PROOF REQUIREMENTS
- 18 Sec. 257.051. CONTENTS OF APPLICATION GENERALLY
- 19 Sec. 257.052. FILING OF WRITTEN WILL WITH APPLICATION
- 20 GENERALLY REQUIRED
- 21 Sec. 257.053. ADDITIONAL APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS WHEN
- NO WRITTEN WILL IS PRODUCED
- 23 Sec. 257.054. PROOF REQUIRED
- [Sections 257.055-257.100 reserved for expansion]
- 25 SUBCHAPTER C. ORDER ADMITTING WILL; REPORT
- 26 Sec. 257.101. DECLARATORY JUDGMENT CONSTRUING WILL

- 1 Sec. 257.102. AUTHORITY OF CERTAIN PERSONS ACTING IN
- 2 ACCORDANCE WITH ORDER
- 3 Sec. 257.103. REPORT BY APPLICANT AFTER PROBATE
- 4 CHAPTER 257. PROBATE OF WILL AS MUNIMENT OF TITLE
- 5 SUBCHAPTER A. AUTHORIZATION
- 6 Sec. 257.001. PROBATE OF WILL AS MUNIMENT OF TITLE
- 7 AUTHORIZED. A court may admit a will to probate as a muniment of
- 8 title if the court is satisfied that the will should be admitted to
- 9 probate and the court:
- 10 (1) is satisfied that the testator's estate does not
- 11 owe an unpaid debt, other than any debt secured by a lien on real
- 12 estate; or
- 13 (2) finds for another reason that there is no
- 14 necessity for administration of the estate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 15 89C(a).)
- [Sections 257.002-257.050 reserved for expansion]
- 17 SUBCHAPTER B. APPLICATION AND PROOF REQUIREMENTS
- 18 Sec. 257.051. CONTENTS OF APPLICATION GENERALLY. (a) Ar
- 19 application for the probate of a will as a muniment of title must
- 20 state and aver the following to the extent each is known to the
- 21 applicant or can, with reasonable diligence, be ascertained by the
- 22 applicant:
- 23 (1) each applicant's name and domicile;
- 24 (2) the testator's name, domicile, and, if known, age,
- 25 on the date of the testator's death;
- 26 (3) the fact, time, and place of the testator's death;
- 27 (4) facts showing that the court with which the

- 1 application is filed has venue;
- 2 (5) that the testator owned property, including a
- 3 statement generally describing the property and the property's
- 4 probable value;
- 5 (6) the date of the will;
- 6 (7) the name and residence of:
- 7 (A) any executor named in the will; and
- 8 (B) each subscribing witness to the will, if any;
- 9 (8) whether one or more children born to or adopted by
- 10 the testator after the testator executed the will survived the
- 11 testator and, if so, the name of each of those children;
- 12 (9) that the testator's estate does not owe an unpaid
- 13 debt, other than any debt secured by a lien on real estate;
- 14 (10) whether the testator was ever divorced and, if
- 15 so, when and from whom; and
- 16 (11) whether the state, a governmental agency of the
- 17 state, or a charitable organization is named in the will as a
- 18 devisee.
- 19 (b) If an applicant does not state or aver any matter
- 20 required by Subsection (a) in the application, the application must
- 21 state the reason the matter is not stated and averred. (Tex. Prob.
- 22 Code, Sec. 89A(a) (part).)
- Sec. 257.052. FILING OF WRITTEN WILL WITH APPLICATION
- 24 GENERALLY REQUIRED. (a) An applicant for the probate of a written
- 25 will as a muniment of title shall file the will with the application
- 26 if the will is in the applicant's control.
- 27 (b) A will filed under Subsection (a) must remain in the

- 1 custody of the county clerk unless removed from the clerk's custody
- 2 by court order. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 89A(a) (part).)
- 3 Sec. 257.053. ADDITIONAL APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS WHEN NO
- 4 WRITTEN WILL IS PRODUCED. In addition to the requirements for an
- 5 application under Section 257.051, if an applicant for the probate
- 6 of a written will as a muniment of title cannot produce the will in
- 7 court, the application must state:
- 8 (1) the reason the will cannot be produced;
- 9 (2) the contents of the will, to the extent known; and
- 10 (3) the name, age, marital status, and address, if
- 11 known, and the relationship to the testator, if any, of:
- 12 (A) each devisee;
- 13 (B) each person who would inherit as an heir of
- 14 the testator in the absence of a valid will; and
- 15 (C) in the case of partial intestacy, each heir
- 16 of the testator. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 89A(b).)
- 17 Sec. 257.054. PROOF REQUIRED. An applicant for the probate
- 18 of a will as a muniment of title must prove to the court's
- 19 satisfaction that:
- 20 (1) the testator is dead;
- 21 (2) four years have not elapsed since the date of the
- 22 testator's death and before the application;
- 23 (3) the court has jurisdiction and venue over the
- 24 estate;
- 25 (4) citation has been served and returned in the
- 26 manner and for the period required by this title;
- 27 (5) the testator's estate does not owe an unpaid debt,

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1 other than any debt secured by a lien on real estate;
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- 2 (6) the testator did not revoke the will; and
- 3 (7) if the will is not self-proved in the manner
- 4 provided by this title, the testator:
- 5 (A) executed the will with the formalities and
- 6 solemnities and under the circumstances required by law to make the
- 7 will valid; and
- 8 (B) at the time of executing the will was of sound
- 9 mind and:
- 10 (i) was 18 years of age or older;
- 11 (ii) was or had been married; or
- 12 (iii) was a member of the armed forces of
- 13 the United States, an auxiliary of the armed forces of the United
- 14 States, or the United States Maritime Service. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 15 Sec. 89B.)
- [Sections 257.055-257.100 reserved for expansion]
- 17 SUBCHAPTER C. ORDER ADMITTING WILL; REPORT
- 18 Sec. 257.101. DECLARATORY JUDGMENT CONSTRUING WILL. (a)
- 19 On application and notice as provided by Chapter 37, Civil Practice
- 20 and Remedies Code, the court may hear evidence and include in an
- 21 order probating a will as a muniment of title a declaratory
- 22 judgment:
- 23 (1) construing the will, if a question of construction
- 24 of the will exists; or
- 25 (2) determining those persons who are entitled to
- 26 receive property under the will and the persons' shares or
- 27 interests in the estate, if a person who is entitled to property

- 1 under the provisions of the will cannot be ascertained solely by
- 2 reference to the will.
- 3 (b) A declaratory judgment under this section is conclusive
- 4 in any suit between a person omitted from the judgment and a bona
- 5 fide purchaser for value who purchased property after entry of the
- 6 judgment without actual notice of the claim of the omitted person to
- 7 an interest in the estate.
- 8 (c) A person who delivered the testator's property to a
- 9 person declared to be entitled to the property under the
- 10 declaratory judgment under this section or engaged in any other
- 11 transaction with the person in good faith after entry of the
- 12 judgment is not liable to any person for actions taken in reliance
- 13 on the judgment. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 89C(b).)
- 14 Sec. 257.102. AUTHORITY OF CERTAIN PERSONS ACTING IN
- 15 ACCORDANCE WITH ORDER. (a) An order admitting a will to probate as
- 16 a muniment of title constitutes sufficient legal authority for each
- 17 person who owes money to the testator's estate, has custody of
- 18 property, acts as registrar or transfer agent of any evidence of
- 19 interest, indebtedness, property, or right belonging to the estate,
- 20 or purchases from or otherwise deals with the estate, to pay or
- 21 transfer without administration the applicable asset without
- 22 liability to a person described in the will as entitled to receive
- 23 the asset.
- 24 (b) A person who is entitled to property under the
- 25 provisions of a will admitted to probate as a muniment of title is
- 26 entitled to deal with and treat the property in the same manner as
- 27 if the record of title to the property was vested in the person's

- 1 name. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 89C(c).)
- 2 Sec. 257.103. REPORT BY APPLICANT AFTER PROBATE. (a)
- 3 Except as provided by Subsection (b), not later than the 180th day
- 4 after the date a will is admitted to probate as a muniment of title,
- 5 the applicant for the probate of the will shall file with the court
- 6 clerk a sworn affidavit stating specifically the terms of the will
- 7 that have been fulfilled and the terms that have not been fulfilled.
- 8 (b) The court may:
- 9 (1) waive the requirement under Subsection (a); or
- 10 (2) extend the time for filing the affidavit under
- 11 Subsection (a).
- 12 (c) The failure of an applicant for probate of a will to file
- 13 the affidavit required by Subsection (a) does not affect title to
- 14 property passing under the terms of the will. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 15 Sec. 89C(d).)
- 16 CHAPTER 258. CITATIONS AND NOTICES RELATING TO PROBATE OF WILL
- 17 SUBCHAPTER A. CITATIONS WITH RESPECT TO APPLICATIONS FOR PROBATE
- 18 OF WILL
- 19 Sec. 258.001. CITATION ON APPLICATION FOR PROBATE OF
- 20 WILL PRODUCED IN COURT
- 21 Sec. 258.002. CITATION ON APPLICATION FOR PROBATE OF
- 22 WILL NOT PRODUCED IN COURT
- 23 Sec. 258.003. COURT ACTION PROHIBITED BEFORE SERVICE
- 24 OF CITATION
- 25 [Sections 258.004-258.050 reserved for expansion]

- 1 SUBCHAPTER B. NOTICES WITH RESPECT TO APPLICATION TO PROBATE WILL
- 2 AFTER THE PERIOD FOR PROBATE
- 3 Sec. 258.051. NOTICE TO HEIRS
- 4 Sec. 258.052. APPOINTMENT OF ATTORNEY AD LITEM
- 5 Sec. 258.053. PREVIOUSLY PROBATED WILL
- 6 [Sections 258.054-258.100 reserved for expansion]
- 7 SUBCHAPTER C. SERVICE BY PUBLICATION OR OTHER SUBSTITUTED SERVICE
- 8 Sec. 258.101. SERVICE BY PUBLICATION OR OTHER
- 9 SUBSTITUTED SERVICE
- 10 CHAPTER 258. CITATIONS AND NOTICES RELATING TO PROBATE OF WILL
- 11 SUBCHAPTER A. CITATIONS WITH RESPECT TO APPLICATIONS FOR PROBATE
- 12 OF WILL
- 13 Sec. 258.001. CITATION ON APPLICATION FOR PROBATE OF WILL
- 14 PRODUCED IN COURT. (a) On the filing with the clerk of an
- 15 application for the probate of a written will produced in court, the
- 16 clerk shall issue a citation to all parties interested in the
- 17 estate.
- 18 (b) The citation required by Subsection (a) shall be served
- 19 by posting and must state:
- 20 (1) that the application has been filed;
- 21 (2) the nature of the application;
- 22 (3) the testator's name;
- 23 (4) the applicant's name;
- 24 (5) the time when the court will act on the
- 25 application; and
- 26 (6) that any person interested in the estate may
- 27 appear at the time stated in the citation to contest the

- 1 application. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 128(a) (part).)
- 2 Sec. 258.002. CITATION ON APPLICATION FOR PROBATE OF WILL
- 3 NOT PRODUCED IN COURT. (a) On the filing of an application for the
- 4 probate of a written will that cannot be produced in court, the
- 5 clerk shall issue a citation to all parties interested in the
- 6 estate. The citation must:
- 7 (1) contain substantially the statements made in the
- 8 application for probate;
- 9 (2) identify the court that will act on the
- 10 application; and
- 11 (3) state the time and place of the court's action on
- 12 the application.
- 13 (b) The citation required by Subsection (a) shall be served
- 14 on the testator's heirs by personal service if the heirs are
- 15 residents of this state and their addresses are known.
- 16 (c) Service of the citation required by Subsection (a) may
- 17 be made by publication if:
- 18 (1) the heirs are not residents of this state;
- 19 (2) the names or addresses of the heirs are unknown; or
- 20 (3) the heirs are transient persons. (Tex. Prob.
- 21 Code, Sec. 128(b).)
- Sec. 258.003. COURT ACTION PROHIBITED BEFORE SERVICE OF
- 23 CITATION. A court may not act on an application for the probate of a
- 24 will until service of citation has been made in the manner provided
- 25 by this subchapter. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 128(c) (part).)
- 26 [Sections 258.004-258.050 reserved for expansion]

- 1 SUBCHAPTER B. NOTICES WITH RESPECT TO APPLICATION TO PROBATE WILL
- 2 AFTER THE PERIOD FOR PROBATE
- 3 Sec. 258.051. NOTICE TO HEIRS. (a) Except as provided by
- 4 Subsection (c), an applicant for the probate of a will under Section
- 5 256.003(a) must give notice by service of process to each of the
- 6 testator's heirs whose address can be ascertained by the applicant
- 7 with reasonable diligence.
- 8 (b) The notice required by Subsection (a) must:
- 9 (1) contain a statement that:
- 10 (A) the testator's property will pass to the
- 11 testator's heirs if the will is not admitted to probate; and
- 12 (B) the person offering the testator's will for
- 13 probate may not be in default for failing to present the will for
- 14 probate during the four-year period immediately following the
- 15 testator's death; and
- 16 (2) be given before the probate of the testator's will.
- 17 (c) Notice otherwise required by Subsection (a) is not
- 18 required to be given to an heir who has delivered to the court an
- 19 affidavit signed by the heir that:
- 20 (1) contains the statement described by Subsection
- 21 (b)(1); and
- 22 (2) states that the heir does not object to the offer
- 23 of the testator's will for probate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs.
- 24 128B(a), (b), (c).)
- Sec. 258.052. APPOINTMENT OF ATTORNEY AD LITEM. If an
- 26 applicant described by Section 258.051(a) cannot, with reasonable
- 27 diligence, ascertain the address of any of the testator's heirs,

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- 1 the court shall appoint an attorney ad litem to protect the
- 2 interests of the testator's unknown heirs after an application for
- 3 the probate of a will is made under Section 256.003(a). (Tex. Prob.
- 4 Code, Sec. 128B(d).)
- 5 Sec. 258.053. PREVIOUSLY PROBATED WILL. With respect to an
- 6 application under Section 256.003(a) for the probate of a will of a
- 7 testator who has had another will admitted to probate, this
- 8 subchapter applies so as to require notice to the beneficiaries of
- 9 the testator's probated will instead of to the testator's heirs.
- 10 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 128B(e).)
- 11 [Sections 258.054-258.100 reserved for expansion]
- 12 SUBCHAPTER C. SERVICE BY PUBLICATION OR OTHER SUBSTITUTED SERVICE
- 13 Sec. 258.101. SERVICE BY PUBLICATION OR OTHER SUBSTITUTED
- 14 SERVICE. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if
- 15 an attempt to make service under this chapter is unsuccessful,
- 16 service may be made in the manner provided by Rule 109 or 109a,
- 17 Texas Rules of Civil Procedure, for the service of a citation on a
- 18 party by publication or other substituted service. (Tex. Prob.
- 19 Code, Sec. 129A.)
- 20 [Chapters 259-300 reserved for expansion]
- 21 SUBTITLE G. INITIAL APPOINTMENT OF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE AND
- 22 OPENING OF ADMINISTRATION
- 23 CHAPTER 301. APPLICATION FOR LETTERS TESTAMENTARY OR OF
- 24 ADMINISTRATION
- 25 SUBCHAPTER A. PERIOD FOR APPLICATION FOR LETTERS
- 26 Sec. 301.001. ADMINISTRATION BEFORE DEATH VOID

1	Sec.	301.002.	PERIOD FOR FILING APPLICATION FOR		
2			LETTERS TESTAMENTARY OR OF		
3			ADMINISTRATION		
4	[Sections 301.003-301.050 reserved for expansion]				
5		S	SUBCHAPTER B. APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS		
6	Sec.	301.051.	ELIGIBLE APPLICANTS FOR LETTERS		
7	Sec.	301.052.	CONTENTS OF APPLICATION FOR LETTERS OF		
8			ADMINISTRATION		
9		[Secti	ons 301.053-301.100 reserved for expansion]		
10		SUBCH	APTER C. OPPOSITION TO CERTAIN APPLICATIONS		
11	Sec.	301.101.	OPPOSITION TO APPLICATION FOR LETTERS OF		
12			ADMINISTRATION		
13	[Sections 301.102-301.150 reserved for expansion]				
14		SUBCHAP	TER D. REQUIRED PROOF FOR ISSUANCE OF LETTERS		
15	Sec.	301.151.	GENERAL PROOF REQUIREMENTS		
16	Sec.	301.152.	ADDITIONAL PROOF REQUIRED FOR LETTERS		
17			TESTAMENTARY		
18	Sec.	301.153.	ADDITIONAL PROOF REQUIRED FOR LETTERS OF		
19			ADMINISTRATION; EFFECT OF FINDING NO		
20			NECESSITY FOR ADMINISTRATION EXISTS		
21	Sec.	301.154.	PROOF REQUIRED WHEN LETTERS HAVE		
22			PREVIOUSLY BEEN GRANTED		
23		[Secti	ons 301.155-301.200 reserved for expansion]		
24		SUI	BCHAPTER E. PREVENTION OF ADMINISTRATION		
25	Sec.	301.201.	METHOD OF PREVENTING ADMINISTRATION		
26			REQUESTED BY CREDITOR		
27	Sec.	301.202.	SUIT ON BOND		

- 1 Sec. 301.203. BOND SECURED BY LIEN
- 2 CHAPTER 301. APPLICATION FOR LETTERS TESTAMENTARY OR OF
- 3 ADMINISTRATION
- 4 SUBCHAPTER A. PERIOD FOR APPLICATION FOR LETTERS
- 5 Sec. 301.001. ADMINISTRATION BEFORE DEATH VOID. The
- 6 administration of an estate of a living person is void. (Tex. Prob.
- 7 Code, Sec. 72(a) (part).)
- 8 Sec. 301.002. PERIOD FOR FILING APPLICATION FOR LETTERS
- 9 TESTAMENTARY OR OF ADMINISTRATION. (a) Except as provided by
- 10 Subsection (b), an application for the grant of letters
- 11 testamentary or of administration of an estate must be filed not
- 12 later than the fourth anniversary of the decedent's death.
- 13 (b) This section does not apply if administration is
- 14 necessary to receive or recover property due a decedent's estate.
- 15 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 74.)
- [Sections 301.003-301.050 reserved for expansion]
- 17 SUBCHAPTER B. APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS
- 18 Sec. 301.051. ELIGIBLE APPLICANTS FOR LETTERS. An executor
- 19 named in a will or an interested person may file an application with
- 20 the court for:
- 21 (1) the appointment of the executor named in the will;
- 22 or
- 23 (2) the appointment of an administrator, if:
- 24 (A) there is a will, but:
- 25 (i) no executor is named in the will; or
- 26 (ii) the executor named in the will is
- 27 disqualified, refuses to serve, is dead, or resigns; or

- 1 (B) there is no will. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 76
- 2 (part).)
- 3 Sec. 301.052. CONTENTS OF APPLICATION FOR LETTERS OF
- 4 ADMINISTRATION. An application for letters of administration when
- 5 no will is alleged to exist must state:
- 6 (1) the applicant's name, domicile, and, if any,
- 7 relationship to the decedent;
- 8 (2) the decedent's name and that the decedent died
- 9 intestate;
- 10 (3) the fact, time, and place of the decedent's death;
- 11 (4) facts necessary to show that the court with which
- 12 the application is filed has venue;
- 13 (5) whether the decedent owned property and, if so,
- 14 include a statement of the property's probable value;
- 15 (6) the name, age, marital status, and address, if
- 16 known, and the relationship to the decedent of each of the
- 17 decedent's heirs;
- 18 (7) if known by the applicant at the time the applicant
- 19 files the application, whether one or more children were born to or
- 20 adopted by the decedent and, if so, the name, birth date, and place
- 21 of birth of each child;
- 22 (8) if known by the applicant at the time the applicant
- 23 files the application, whether the decedent was ever divorced and,
- 24 if so, when and from whom;
- 25 (9) that a necessity exists for administration of the
- 26 decedent's estate and an allegation of the facts that show that
- 27 necessity; and

- 1 (10) that the applicant is not disqualified by law
- 2 from acting as administrator. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 82.)
- 3 [Sections 301.053-301.100 reserved for expansion]
- 4 SUBCHAPTER C. OPPOSITION TO CERTAIN APPLICATIONS
- 5 Sec. 301.101. OPPOSITION TO APPLICATION FOR LETTERS OF
- 6 ADMINISTRATION. An interested person may, at any time before an
- 7 application for letters of administration is granted, file an
- 8 opposition to the application in writing and may apply for the grant
- 9 of letters to the interested person or any other person. On the
- 10 trial, the court, considering the applicable provisions of this
- 11 code, shall grant letters to the person that seems best entitled to
- 12 the letters without notice other than the notice given on the
- 13 original application. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 179.)
- [Sections 301.102-301.150 reserved for expansion]
- 15 SUBCHAPTER D. REQUIRED PROOF FOR ISSUANCE OF LETTERS
- Sec. 301.151. GENERAL PROOF REQUIREMENTS. An applicant for
- 17 the issuance of letters testamentary or of administration of an
- 18 estate must prove to the court's satisfaction that:
- 19 (1) the person whose estate is the subject of the
- 20 application is dead;
- 21 (2) four years have not elapsed since the date of the
- 22 decedent's death and before the application;
- 23 (3) the court has jurisdiction and venue over the
- 24 estate;
- 25 (4) citation has been served and returned in the
- 26 manner and for the period required by this title; and
- 27 (5) the person for whom letters testamentary or of

- 1 administration are sought is entitled by law to the letters and is
- 2 not disqualified. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 88(a) (part).)
- 3 Sec. 301.152. ADDITIONAL PROOF REQUIRED FOR LETTERS
- 4 TESTAMENTARY. If letters testamentary are to be granted, it must
- 5 appear to the court that:
- 6 (1) the proof required for the probate of the will has
- 7 been made; and
- 8 (2) the person to whom the letters are to be granted is
- 9 named as executor in the will. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 88(c).)
- 10 Sec. 301.153. ADDITIONAL PROOF REQUIRED FOR LETTERS OF
- 11 ADMINISTRATION; EFFECT OF FINDING NO NECESSITY FOR ADMINISTRATION
- 12 EXISTS. (a) If letters of administration are to be granted, the
- 13 applicant for the letters must prove to the court's satisfaction
- 14 that a necessity for an administration of the estate exists.
- 15 (b) If an application is filed for letters of administration
- 16 but the court finds that no necessity for an administration of the
- 17 estate exists, the court shall recite in the court's order refusing
- 18 the application that no necessity for an administration exists.
- 19 (c) A court order containing a recital that no necessity for
- 20 an administration of the estate exists constitutes sufficient legal
- 21 authority for each person who owes money, has custody of property,
- 22 or acts as registrar or transfer agent of any evidence of interest,
- 23 indebtedness, property, or right belonging to the estate, and to
- 24 each person purchasing or otherwise dealing with the estate, for
- 25 payment or transfer to the distributees.
- 26 (d) A distributee is entitled to enforce by suit the
- 27 distributee's right to payment or transfer described by Subsection

- 1 (c). (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 88(d), 180.)
- 2 Sec. 301.154. PROOF REQUIRED WHEN LETTERS HAVE PREVIOUSLY
- 3 BEEN GRANTED. If letters testamentary or of administration have
- 4 previously been granted with respect to an estate, an applicant for
- 5 the granting of subsequent letters must show only that the person
- 6 for whom the letters are sought is entitled by law to the letters
- 7 and is not disqualified. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 88(e).)
- 8 [Sections 301.155-301.200 reserved for expansion]
- 9 SUBCHAPTER E. PREVENTION OF ADMINISTRATION
- 10 Sec. 301.201. METHOD OF PREVENTING ADMINISTRATION
- 11 REQUESTED BY CREDITOR. (a) If a creditor files an application for
- 12 letters of administration of an estate, another interested person
- 13 who does not desire the administration can defeat the application
- 14 by:
- 15 (1) paying the creditor's claim;
- 16 (2) proving to the court's satisfaction that the
- 17 creditor's claim is fictitious, fraudulent, illegal, or barred by
- 18 limitation; or
- 19 (3) executing a bond that is:
- 20 (A) payable to, and to be approved by, the judge
- 21 in an amount that is twice the amount of the creditor's claim; and
- (B) conditioned on the obligors paying the claim
- 23 on the establishment of the claim by suit in any court in the county
- 24 having jurisdiction of the amount.
- 25 (b) A bond executed and approved under Subsection (a)(3)
- 26 must be filed with the county clerk. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 80(a),
- 27 (b) (part).)

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- 1 Sec. 301.202. SUIT ON BOND. Any creditor for whose
- 2 protection a bond is executed under Section 301.201(a)(3) may sue
- 3 on the bond in the creditor's own name to recover the creditor's
- 4 claim. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 80(b) (part).)
- 5 Sec. 301.203. BOND SECURED BY LIEN. If a bond is executed
- 6 and approved under Section 301.201(a)(3), a lien exists on all of
- 7 the estate in the possession of the distributees, and those
- 8 claiming under the distributees with notice of the lien, to secure
- 9 the ultimate payment of the bond. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 80(c).)
- 10 [Chapter 302 reserved for expansion]
- 11 CHAPTER 303. CITATIONS AND NOTICES IN GENERAL ON OPENING OF
- 12 ADMINISTRATION
- 13 Sec. 303.001. CITATION ON APPLICATION FOR ISSUANCE OF
- 14 LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION
- 15 Sec. 303.002. COURT ACTION PROHIBITED BEFORE SERVICE
- 16 OF CITATION
- 17 Sec. 303.003. SERVICE BY PUBLICATION OR OTHER
- 18 SUBSTITUTED SERVICE
- 19 CHAPTER 303. CITATIONS AND NOTICES IN GENERAL ON OPENING OF
- 20 ADMINISTRATION
- 21 Sec. 303.001. CITATION ON APPLICATION FOR ISSUANCE OF
- 22 LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION. (a) On the filing with the clerk of an
- 23 application for letters of administration, the clerk shall issue a
- 24 citation to all parties interested in the estate.
- 25 (b) The citation required by Subsection (a) shall be served
- 26 by posting and must state:
- 27 (1) that the application has been filed;

- 1 (2) the nature of the application;
- 2 (3) the decedent's name;
- 3 (4) the applicant's name;
- 4 (5) the time when the court will act on the
- 5 application; and
- 6 (6) that any person interested in the estate may
- 7 appear at the time stated in the citation to contest the
- 8 application. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 128(a) (part).)
- 9 Sec. 303.002. COURT ACTION PROHIBITED BEFORE SERVICE OF
- 10 CITATION. A court may not act on an application for the issuance of
- 11 letters of administration until service of citation has been made
- 12 in the manner provided by this chapter. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 13 128(c) (part).)
- 14 Sec. 303.003. SERVICE BY PUBLICATION OR OTHER SUBSTITUTED
- 15 SERVICE. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if
- 16 an attempt to make service under this chapter is unsuccessful,
- 17 service may be made in the manner provided by Rule 109 or 109a,
- 18 Texas Rules of Civil Procedure, for the service of a citation on a
- 19 party by publication or other substituted service. (Tex. Prob.
- 20 Code, Sec. 129A.)
- 21 CHAPTER 304. PERSONS WHO MAY SERVE AS PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVES
- 22 Sec. 304.001. ORDER OF PERSONS QUALIFIED TO SERVE AS
- 23 PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE
- 24 Sec. 304.002. RENOUNCING RIGHT TO SERVE AS PERSONAL
- 25 REPRESENTATIVE
- 26 Sec. 304.003. PERSONS DISQUALIFIED TO SERVE AS
- 27 EXECUTOR OR ADMINISTRATOR

- 1 CHAPTER 304. PERSONS WHO MAY SERVE AS PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVES
- 2 Sec. 304.001. ORDER OF PERSONS QUALIFIED TO SERVE AS
- 3 PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE. (a) The court shall grant letters
- 4 testamentary or of administration to persons qualified to act, in
- 5 the following order:
- 6 (1) the person named as executor in the decedent's
- 7 will;
- 8 (2) the decedent's surviving spouse;
- 9 (3) the principal devisee of the decedent;
- 10 (4) any devisee of the decedent;
- 11 (5) the next of kin of the decedent;
- 12 (6) a creditor of the decedent;
- 13 (7) any person of good character residing in the
- 14 county who applies for the letters; and
- 15 (8) any other person who is not disqualified under
- 16 Section 304.003.
- 17 (b) For purposes of Subsection (a)(5), the decedent's next
- 18 of kin:
- 19 (1) is determined in accordance with order of descent,
- 20 with the person nearest in order of descent first, and so on; and
- 21 (2) includes a person and the person's descendants who
- 22 legally adopted the decedent or who have been legally adopted by the
- 23 decedent.
- 24 (c) If applicants for letters testamentary or of
- 25 administration are equally entitled to the letters, the court:
- 26 (1) shall grant the letters to the applicant who, in
- 27 the judgment of the court, is most likely to administer the estate

- 1 advantageously; or
- 2 (2) may grant the letters to two or more of those
- 3 applicants. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 77.)
- 4 Sec. 304.002. RENOUNCING RIGHT TO SERVE AS PERSONAL
- 5 REPRESENTATIVE. A decedent's surviving spouse, or, if there is no
- 6 surviving spouse, the heirs or any one of the heirs of the decedent
- 7 to the exclusion of any person not equally entitled to letters
- 8 testamentary or of administration, may renounce the right to the
- 9 letters in favor of another qualified person in open court or by a
- 10 power of attorney authenticated and filed with the county clerk of
- 11 the county where the application for the letters is filed. After
- 12 the right to the letters has been renounced, the court may grant the
- 13 letters to the other qualified person. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 79.)
- 14 Sec. 304.003. PERSONS DISQUALIFIED TO SERVE AS EXECUTOR OR
- 15 ADMINISTRATOR. A person is not qualified to serve as an executor or
- 16 administrator if the person is:
- 17 (1) incapacitated;
- 18 (2) a felon convicted under the laws of the United
- 19 States or of any state of the United States unless, in accordance
- 20 with law, the person has been pardoned or has had the person's civil
- 21 rights restored;
- 22 (3) a nonresident of this state who:
- 23 (A) is a natural person or corporation; and
- 24 (B) has not:
- 25 (i) appointed a resident agent to accept
- 26 service of process in all actions or proceedings with respect to the
- 27 estate; or

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- 1 (ii) had that appointment filed with the
- 2 court;
- 3 (4) a corporation not authorized to act as a fiduciary
- 4 in this state; or
- 5 (5) a person whom the court finds unsuitable. (Tex.
- 6 Prob. Code, Sec. 78.)
- 7 CHAPTER 305. QUALIFICATION OF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVES
- 8 SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS
- 9 Sec. 305.001. DEFINITIONS
- 10 Sec. 305.002. MANNER OF QUALIFICATION OF PERSONAL
- 11 REPRESENTATIVE
- 12 Sec. 305.003. PERIOD FOR TAKING OATH AND GIVING BOND
- [Sections 305.004-305.050 reserved for expansion]
- 14 SUBCHAPTER B. OATHS
- 15 Sec. 305.051. OATH OF EXECUTOR OR ADMINISTRATOR WITH
- 16 WILL ANNEXED
- 17 Sec. 305.052. OATH OF ADMINISTRATOR
- 18 Sec. 305.053. OATH OF TEMPORARY ADMINISTRATOR
- 19 Sec. 305.054. ADMINISTRATION OF OATH
- 20 Sec. 305.055. FILING AND RECORDING OF OATH
- 21 [Sections 305.056-305.100 reserved for expansion]
- 22 SUBCHAPTER C. GENERAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO BONDS
- 23 Sec. 305.101. BOND GENERALLY REQUIRED; EXCEPTIONS
- 24 Sec. 305.102. BOND REQUIRED FROM EXECUTOR OTHERWISE
- 25 EXEMPT
- 26 Sec. 305.103. BONDS OF JOINT PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVES
- 27 Sec. 305.104. BOND OF MARRIED PERSON

- 1 Sec. 305.105. BOND OF MARRIED PERSON UNDER 18 YEARS OF
- 2 AGE
- 3 Sec. 305.106. GENERAL FORMALITIES
- 4 Sec. 305.107. SUBSCRIPTION OF BOND BY PRINCIPALS AND
- 5 SURETIES
- 6 Sec. 305.108. FORM OF BOND
- 7 Sec. 305.109. FILING OF BOND
- 8 Sec. 305.110. FAILURE TO GIVE BOND
- 9 Sec. 305.111. BOND NOT VOID ON FIRST RECOVERY
- 10 [Sections 305.112-305.150 reserved for expansion]
- 11 SUBCHAPTER D. AMOUNT OF BOND AND ASSOCIATED DEPOSITS
- 12 Sec. 305.151. GENERAL STANDARD REGARDING AMOUNT OF
- 13 BOND
- 14 Sec. 305.152. EVIDENTIARY HEARING ON AMOUNT OF BOND
- 15 Sec. 305.153. SPECIFIC BOND AMOUNT
- 16 Sec. 305.154. AGREEMENT REGARDING DEPOSIT OF ESTATE
- 17 ASSETS
- 18 Sec. 305.155. DEPOSIT OF ESTATE ASSETS ON TERMS
- 19 PRESCRIBED BY COURT
- 20 Sec. 305.156. DEPOSITS OF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE
- 21 Sec. 305.157. RECEIPT FOR DEPOSITS OF PERSONAL
- 22 REPRESENTATIVE
- 23 Sec. 305.158. BOND REQUIRED INSTEAD OF DEPOSITS BY
- 24 PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE
- 25 Sec. 305.159. WITHDRAWAL OF DEPOSITS ON CLOSING OF
- 26 ADMINISTRATION

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Sec. 305.160. INCREASED OR ADDITIONAL BONDS IN CERTAIN
 1
 2
                     CIRCUMSTANCES
 3
            [Sections 305.161-305.200 reserved for expansion]
                       SUBCHAPTER E. BOND SURETIES
   Sec. 305.201. PERSONAL OR AUTHORIZED CORPORATE
 5
                     SURETIES
 6
 7 Sec. 305.202. SURETIES FOR CERTAIN BONDS
   Sec. 305.203. AFFIDAVIT OF PERSONAL SURETY
   Sec. 305.204. LIEN ON REAL PROPERTY OWNED BY PERSONAL
                    SURETIES
10
11 Sec. 305.205. SUBORDINATION OF LIEN ON REAL PROPERTY
                     OWNED BY PERSONAL SURETIES
12
   Sec. 305.206. RELEASE OF LIEN ON REAL PROPERTY OWNED
13
                    BY PERSONAL SURETIES
14
15 Sec. 305.207. DEPOSITS BY PERSONAL SURETY
16
            [Sections 305.208-305.250 reserved for expansion]
                         SUBCHAPTER F. NEW BONDS
17
18 Sec. 305.251. GROUNDS FOR REQUIRING NEW BOND
19 Sec. 305.252. COURT ORDER OR CITATION ON NEW BOND
20 Sec. 305.253. SHOW CAUSE HEARING ON NEW BOND
21
                    REQUIREMENT
22 Sec. 305.254. EFFECT OF ORDER REQUIRING NEW BOND
23 Sec. 305.255. NEW BOND IN DECREASED AMOUNT
24 Sec. 305.256. REQUEST BY SURETY FOR NEW BOND
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25 Sec. 305.257. DISCHARGE OF FORMER SURETIES ON

26

EXECUTION OF NEW BOND

- 1 CHAPTER 305. QUALIFICATION OF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVES
- 2 SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS
- 3 Sec. 305.001. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter:
- 4 (1) "Bond" means a bond required by this chapter to be
- 5 given by a person appointed to serve as a personal representative.
- 6 (2) "Oath" means an oath required by this chapter to be
- 7 taken by a person appointed to serve as a personal representative.
- 8 (New.)
- 9 Sec. 305.002. MANNER OF QUALIFICATION OF PERSONAL
- 10 REPRESENTATIVE. (a) A personal representative, other than an
- 11 executor described by Subsection (b), is considered to have
- 12 qualified when the representative has:
- 13 (1) taken and filed the oath prescribed by Subchapter
- 14 B;
- 15 (2) given the required bond;
- 16 (3) obtained the judge's approval of the bond; and
- 17 (4) filed the bond with the clerk.
- 18 (b) An executor who is not required to give a bond is
- 19 considered to have qualified when the executor has taken and filed
- 20 the oath prescribed by Subchapter B. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 189.)
- 21 Sec. 305.003. PERIOD FOR TAKING OATH AND GIVING BOND. An
- 22 oath may be taken and subscribed and a bond may be given and
- 23 approved at any time before:
- 24 (1) the 21st day after the date of the order granting
- 25 letters testamentary or of administration, as applicable; or
- 26 (2) the letters testamentary or of administration, as
- 27 applicable, are revoked for a failure to qualify within the period

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1
    allowed. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 192 (part).)
            [Sections 305.004-305.050 reserved for expansion]
 2
                          SUBCHAPTER B. OATHS
 3
          Sec. 305.051.
                        OATH OF EXECUTOR OR ADMINISTRATOR WITH WILL
 4
 5
   ANNEXED. Before the issuance of letters testamentary or letters of
   administration with the will annexed, the person named as executor
 6
   or appointed as administrator with the will annexed shall take and
 7
8
    subscribe an oath in substantially the following form:
 9
          I do solemnly swear that the writing offered for probate is
   the last will of _____ (insert name of testator), so far as I
10
   know or believe, and that I will well and truly perform all the
11
12
   duties
            of
                           (insert "executor of the will"
                                                                  or
    "administrator with the will annexed," as applicable) for the
13
    estate of _____ (insert name of testator). (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
14
15
   190(a).)
         Sec. 305.052. OATH OF ADMINISTRATOR. Before the issuance
16
17
   of letters of administration, the person appointed as administrator
   shall take and subscribe an oath in substantially the following
18
19
   form:
            do solemnly swear that _____ (insert name of
20
   decedent), deceased, died _____ (insert "without leaving any
21
   lawful will" or "leaving a lawful will, but the executor named in
22
23
   the will is dead or has failed to offer the will for probate or to
   accept and qualify as executor, within the period required," as
24
   applicable), so far as I know or believe, and that I will well and
25
26
   truly perform all the duties of administrator of the estate of the
   deceased. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 190(b).)
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- 1 Sec. 305.053. OATH OF TEMPORARY ADMINISTRATOR. Before the
- 2 issuance of temporary letters of administration, the person
- 3 appointed as temporary administrator shall take and subscribe an
- 4 oath in substantially the following form:
- I do solemnly swear that I will well and truly perform the
- 6 duties of temporary administrator of the estate of ______
- 7 (insert name of decedent), deceased, in accordance with the law,
- 8 and with the order of the court appointing me as temporary
- 9 administrator. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 190(c).)
- Sec. 305.054. ADMINISTRATION OF OATH. An oath may be taken
- 11 before any person authorized to administer oaths under the laws of
- 12 this state. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 190(d) (part), 192 (part).)
- 13 Sec. 305.055. FILING AND RECORDING OF OATH. An oath shall
- 14 be:
- 15 (1) filed with the clerk of the court granting the
- 16 letters testamentary or of administration, as applicable; and
- 17 (2) recorded in the minutes of that court. (Tex. Prob.
- 18 Code, Sec. 190(d) (part).)
- 19 [Sections 305.056-305.100 reserved for expansion]
- 20 SUBCHAPTER C. GENERAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO BONDS
- Sec. 305.101. BOND GENERALLY REQUIRED; EXCEPTIONS. (a)
- 22 Except as otherwise provided by this title, a person to whom letters
- 23 testamentary or of administration will be issued must enter into a
- 24 bond before issuance of the letters.
- 25 (b) Letters testamentary shall be issued without the
- 26 requirement of a bond to a person named as executor in a will
- 27 probated in a court of this state if:

- 1 (1) the will directs that no bond or security be
- 2 required of the person; and
- 3 (2) the court finds that the person is qualified.
- 4 (c) A bond is not required if a personal representative is a
- 5 corporate fiduciary. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 194 (part), 195.)
- 6 Sec. 305.102. BOND REQUIRED FROM EXECUTOR OTHERWISE EXEMPT.
- 7 (a) This section applies only to an estate for which an executor
- 8 was appointed under a will, but from whom no bond was required.
- 9 (b) A person who has a debt, claim, or demand against the
- 10 estate, with respect to the justice of which the person or the
- 11 person's agent or attorney has made an oath, or another person
- 12 interested in the estate, whether in person or as the
- 13 representative of another, may file a written complaint in the
- 14 court where the will is probated.
- 15 (c) On the filing of the complaint, the court shall cite the
- 16 executor to appear and show cause why the executor should not be
- 17 required to give a bond.
- 18 (d) On hearing the complaint, the court shall enter an order
- 19 requiring the executor to give a bond not later than the 10th day
- 20 after the date of the order if it appears to the court that:
- 21 (1) the executor is wasting, mismanaging, or
- 22 misapplying the estate; and
- 23 (2) as a result of conduct described by Subdivision
- 24 (1):
- 25 (A) a creditor may probably lose the creditor's
- 26 debt; or
- 27 (B) a person's interest in the estate may be

- 1 diminished or lost.
- 2 (e) A bond required under this section must be:
- 3 (1) in an amount sufficient to protect the estate and
- 4 the estate's creditors;
- 5 (2) payable to and approved by the judge; and
- 6 (3) conditioned that the executor:
- 7 (A) will well and truly administer the estate;
- 8 and
- 9 (B) will not waste, mismanage, or misapply the
- 10 estate.
- 11 (f) If the executor fails to give a bond required under this
- 12 section on or before the 10th day after the date of the order and the
- 13 judge has not extended the period for giving the bond, the judge,
- 14 without citation, shall remove the executor and appoint a competent
- 15 person in the executor's place who shall administer the estate
- 16 according to the will and law. Before entering into the
- 17 administration of the estate, the appointed person must:
- 18 (1) take the oath required of an administrator with
- 19 the will annexed under Section 305.051; and
- 20 (2) give a bond in the manner and amount provided by
- 21 this chapter for the issuance of original letters of
- 22 administration. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 214, 215, 216, 217.)
- Sec. 305.103. BONDS OF JOINT PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVES. If
- 24 two or more persons are appointed as personal representatives of an
- 25 estate and are required by this chapter or by the court to give a
- 26 bond, the court may require:
- 27 (1) a separate bond from each person; or

- 1 (2) a joint bond from all of the persons. (Tex. Prob.
- 2 Code, Sec. 198.)
- 3 Sec. 305.104. BOND OF MARRIED PERSON. (a) A married person
- 4 appointed as a personal representative may execute a bond required
- 5 by law:
- 6 (1) jointly with the person's spouse; or
- 7 (2) separately without the person's spouse.
- 8 (b) A bond executed by a married person binds the person's
- 9 separate estate, but does not bind the person's spouse unless the
- 10 spouse signed the bond. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 199.)
- 11 Sec. 305.105. BOND OF MARRIED PERSON UNDER 18 YEARS OF AGE.
- 12 Any bond required to be executed by a person who is under 18 years of
- 13 age, is or has been married, and accepts and qualifies as an
- 14 executor or administrator is as valid and binding for all purposes
- 15 as if the person were of legal age. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 200.)
- Sec. 305.106. GENERAL FORMALITIES. A bond required under
- 17 Section 305.101(a) must:
- 18 (1) be conditioned as required by law;
- 19 (2) be payable to the judge and the judge's successors
- 20 in office;
- 21 (3) bear the written approval of the judge in the
- 22 judge's official capacity; and
- 23 (4) be executed and approved in accordance with this
- 24 chapter. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 194 (part).)
- Sec. 305.107. SUBSCRIPTION OF BOND BY PRINCIPALS AND
- 26 SURETIES. A bond required under Section 305.101 shall be
- 27 subscribed by both principals and sureties. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.

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H.B. No. 2502
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   197 (part).)
          Sec. 305.108. FORM OF BOND. The following form, or a form
 2
 3
   with the same substance, may be used for the bond of a personal
 4
   representative:
 5
         The State of Texas
         County of _____
 6
 7
          Know all persons by these presents that we, _____ (insert
   name of each principal), as principal, and _____ (insert name of
8
   each surety), as sureties, are held and firmly bound unto the judge
 9
10
           _____ (insert reference to appropriate judge), and that
    judge's successors in office, in the sum of _____ dollars,
11
12
   conditioned that the above bound principal or principals, appointed
    as _____ (insert "executor of the last will and testament,"
13
    "administrator with the will annexed of the estate," "administrator
14
15
   of the estate," or "temporary administrator of the estate," as
   applicable) of _____ (insert name of decedent), deceased, shall
16
17
   well and truly perform all of the duties required of the principal
   or principals by law under that appointment. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
18
   196.)
19
          Sec. 305.109. FILING OF BOND. A bond required under Section
20
    305.101 shall be filed with the clerk after the court approves the
21
   bond. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 197 (part).)
22
          Sec. 305.110. FAILURE TO GIVE BOND. Another person may be
23
24
    appointed as personal representative to replace a personal
   representative who at any time fails to give a bond as required by
25
26
   the court in the period prescribed by this chapter. (Tex. Prob.
   Code, Sec. 213.)
27
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- 1 Sec. 305.111. BOND NOT VOID ON FIRST RECOVERY. A personal
- 2 representative's bond does not become void on the first recovery
- 3 but may be put in suit and prosecuted from time to time until the
- 4 entire amount of the bond has been recovered. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 5 Sec. 218.)
- 6 [Sections 305.112-305.150 reserved for expansion]
- 7 SUBCHAPTER D. AMOUNT OF BOND AND ASSOCIATED DEPOSITS
- 8 Sec. 305.151. GENERAL STANDARD REGARDING AMOUNT OF BOND.
- 9 (a) The judge shall set the amount of a bond, in an amount
- 10 considered sufficient to protect the estate and the estate's
- 11 creditors, as provided by this chapter.
- 12 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (a) or other provisions
- 13 generally applicable to bonds of personal representatives, if the
- 14 person to whom letters testamentary or of administration are
- 15 granted is entitled to all of the decedent's estate after payment of
- 16 debts, a bond shall be in an amount sufficient to protect creditors
- 17 only. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 194, Subdivs. 1, 2.)
- 18 Sec. 305.152. EVIDENTIARY HEARING ON AMOUNT OF BOND.
- 19 Before setting the amount of a bond, the court shall hear evidence
- 20 and determine:
- 21 (1) the amount of cash on hand and where that cash is
- 22 deposited;
- 23 (2) the amount of cash estimated to be needed for
- 24 administrative purposes, including operation of a business,
- 25 factory, farm, or ranch owned by the estate, and expenses of
- 26 administration for one year;
- 27 (3) the revenue anticipated to be received in the

- 1 succeeding 12 months from dividends, interest, rentals, or use of
- 2 property belonging to the estate and the aggregate amount of any
- 3 installments or periodic payments to be collected;
- 4 (4) the estimated value of certificates of stock,
- 5 bonds, notes, or other securities of the estate and the name of the
- 6 depository, if any, in which those assets are deposited;
- 7 (5) the face value of life insurance or other policies
- 8 payable to the person on whose estate administration is sought or to
- 9 the estate;
- 10 (6) the estimated value of other personal property
- 11 owned by the estate; and
- 12 (7) the estimated amount of debts due and owing by the
- 13 estate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 194, Subdiv. 3.)
- 14 Sec. 305.153. SPECIFIC BOND AMOUNT. (a) Except as
- 15 otherwise provided by this section, the judge shall set the bond in
- 16 an amount equal to the sum of:
- 17 (1) the estimated value of all personal property
- 18 belonging to the estate; and
- 19 (2) an additional amount to cover revenue anticipated
- 20 to be derived during the succeeding 12 months from:
- 21 (A) interest and dividends;
- 22 (B) collectible claims;
- (C) the aggregate amount of any installments or
- 24 periodic payments, excluding income derived or to be derived from
- 25 federal social security payments; and
- 26 (D) rentals for the use of property.
- 27 (b) The judge shall reduce the amount of the original bond

- 1 under Subsection (a) in proportion to the amount of cash or the
- 2 value of securities or other assets:
- 3 (1) authorized or required to be deposited by court
- 4 order; or
- 5 (2) voluntarily deposited by the personal
- 6 representative or the sureties on the representative's bond, as
- 7 provided by Sections 305.155 and 305.156.
- 8 (c) A bond required to be given by a temporary administrator
- 9 shall be in the amount that the judge directs. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 10 Sec. 194, Subdivs. 4, 13.)
- 11 Sec. 305.154. AGREEMENT REGARDING DEPOSIT OF ESTATE ASSETS.
- 12 (a) A personal representative may agree with the surety or sureties
- 13 on a bond, either corporate or personal, for the deposit of any cash
- 14 and other estate assets in a depository described by Subsection
- 15 (c), if the deposit is otherwise proper, in a manner that prevents
- 16 the withdrawal of the cash or other assets without:
- 17 (1) the written consent of the surety or sureties; or
- 18 (2) a court order entered after notice to the surety or
- 19 sureties as directed by the court.
- 20 (b) The court may require the action described by Subsection
- 21 (a) if the court considers that action to be in the best interest of
- 22 the estate.
- (c) Cash and assets must be deposited under this section in
- 24 a financial institution, as defined by Section 201.101, Finance
- 25 Code, that:
- 26 (1) has its main office or a branch office in this
- 27 state; and

- 1 (2) is qualified to act as a depository in this state
- 2 under the laws of this state or the United States.
- 3 (d) An agreement under this section may not release the
- 4 principal or sureties from liability, or change the liability of
- 5 the principal or sureties, as established by the terms of the bond.
- 6 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 194, Subdiv. 5.)
- 7 Sec. 305.155. DEPOSIT OF ESTATE ASSETS ON TERMS PRESCRIBED
- 8 BY COURT. (a) Cash, securities, or other personal assets of an
- 9 estate or to which the estate is entitled may or, if considered by
- 10 the court to be in the best interest of the estate, shall, be
- 11 deposited in one or more depositories described by Section
- 12 305.154(c) on terms prescribed by the court.
- 13 (b) The court in which the proceedings are pending may
- 14 authorize or require additional estate assets currently on hand or
- 15 that accrue during the pendency of the proceedings to be deposited
- 16 as provided by Subsection (a) on:
- 17 (1) the court's own motion; or
- 18 (2) the written application of the personal
- 19 representative or any other person interested in the estate.
- 20 (c) The amount of the bond required to be given by the
- 21 personal representative shall be reduced in proportion to the
- 22 amount of the cash and the value of the securities or other assets
- 23 deposited under this section.
- 24 (d) Cash, securities, or other assets deposited under this
- 25 section may be withdrawn in whole or in part from the depository
- 26 only in accordance with a court order, and the amount of the
- 27 personal representative's bond shall be increased in proportion to

- 1 the amount of the cash and the value of the securities or other
- 2 assets authorized to be withdrawn. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 194,
- 3 Subdiv. 6.)
- 4 Sec. 305.156. DEPOSITS OF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE. (a)
- 5 Instead of giving a surety or sureties on a bond, or to reduce the
- 6 amount of a bond, a personal representative may deposit the
- 7 representative's own cash or securities acceptable to the court
- 8 with a depository described by Subsection (b), if the deposit is
- 9 otherwise proper.
- 10 (b) Cash or securities must be deposited under this section
- 11 in:
- 12 (1) a depository described by Section 305.154(c); or
- 13 (2) any other corporate depository approved by the
- 14 court.
- 15 (c) A deposit may be in an amount or value equal to the
- 16 amount of the bond required or in a lesser amount or value, in which
- 17 case the amount of the bond is reduced by the amount or value of the
- 18 deposit.
- 19 (d) The amount of cash or securities on deposit may be
- 20 increased or decreased, by court order from time to time, as the
- 21 interest of the estate requires.
- (e) A deposit of cash or securities made instead of a surety
- 23 or sureties on a bond may be withdrawn or released only on order of a
- 24 court having jurisdiction.
- 25 (f) A creditor has the same rights against a personal
- 26 representative and deposits made under this section as are provided
- 27 for recovery against sureties on a bond. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 194,

- 1 Subdivs. 7, 8(b), (c), (d).)
- 2 Sec. 305.157. RECEIPT FOR DEPOSITS OF PERSONAL
- 3 REPRESENTATIVE. (a) A depository that receives a deposit made
- 4 under Section 305.156 instead of a surety or sureties on a bond
- 5 shall issue a receipt for the deposit that:
- 6 (1) shows the amount of cash deposited or the amount
- 7 and description of the securities deposited, as applicable; and
- 8 (2) states that the depository agrees to disburse or
- 9 deliver the cash or securities only on receipt of a certified copy
- 10 of an order of the court in which the proceedings are pending.
- 11 (b) A receipt issued by a depository under Subsection (a)
- 12 shall be attached to the personal representative's bond and be
- 13 delivered to and filed by the county clerk after approval by the
- 14 judge. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 194, Subdiv. 8(a).)
- 15 Sec. 305.158. BOND REQUIRED INSTEAD OF DEPOSITS BY PERSONAL
- 16 REPRESENTATIVE. (a) The court may on its own motion or on the
- 17 written application by the personal representative or any other
- 18 person interested in the estate:
- 19 (1) require that an adequate bond be given instead of a
- 20 deposit under Section 305.156; or
- 21 (2) authorize withdrawal of a deposit made under
- 22 Section 305.156 and substitution of a bond with sureties.
- 23 (b) Not later than the 20th day after the date of entry of
- 24 the court's motion or the date the personal representative is
- 25 personally served with notice of the filing of an application by
- 26 another person interested in the estate, the representative shall
- 27 file a sworn statement showing the condition of the estate.

- 1 (c) A personal representative who fails to comply with
- 2 Subsection (b) is subject to removal as in other cases.
- 3 (d) The personal representative's deposit under Section
- 4 305.156 may not be released or withdrawn until the court has:
- 5 (1) been satisfied as to the condition of the estate;
- 6 (2) determined the amount of the bond; and
- 7 (3) received and approved the bond. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 8 Sec. 194, Subdiv. 8(e).)
- 9 Sec. 305.159. WITHDRAWAL OF DEPOSITS ON CLOSING OF
- 10 ADMINISTRATION. (a) Any deposit of assets of the personal
- 11 representative, the estate, or a surety that remains at the time an
- 12 estate is closed shall be released by court order and paid to the
- 13 person or persons entitled to the deposit.
- 14 (b) Except as provided by Subsection (c), a writ of
- 15 attachment or garnishment does not lie against a deposit described
- 16 by Subsection (a).
- 17 (c) A writ of attachment or garnishment may lie against a
- 18 deposit described by Subsection (a) as to a claim of a creditor of
- 19 the estate being administered or a person interested in the estate,
- 20 including a distributee or ward, to the extent the court has ordered
- 21 distribution. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 194, Subdiv. 9.)
- Sec. 305.160. INCREASED OR ADDITIONAL BONDS IN CERTAIN
- 23 CIRCUMSTANCES. The provisions of this subchapter regarding the
- 24 deposit of cash and securities govern, to the extent the provisions
- 25 may be applicable, the court orders to be entered when:
- 26 (1) one of the following circumstances occurs:
- 27 (A) estate property has been authorized to be

- 1 sold or rented;
- 2 (B) money has been borrowed on estate property;
- 3 or
- 4 (C) real property, or an interest in real
- 5 property, has been authorized to be leased for mineral development
- 6 or subjected to unitization; and
- 7 (2) the general bond has been found to be
- 8 insufficient. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 194, Subdiv. 14.)
- 9 [Sections 305.161-305.200 reserved for expansion]
- 10 SUBCHAPTER E. BOND SURETIES
- 11 Sec. 305.201. PERSONAL OR AUTHORIZED CORPORATE SURETIES.
- 12 (a) The surety or sureties on a bond may be personal or authorized
- 13 corporate sureties.
- 14 (b) A bond with sureties who are individuals must have at
- 15 least two sureties, each of whom must:
- 16 (1) execute an affidavit in the manner provided by
- 17 this subchapter; and
- 18 (2) own property in this state, excluding property
- 19 exempt by law, that the judge is satisfied is sufficient to qualify
- 20 the person as a surety as required by law.
- 21 (c) A bond with an authorized corporate surety is only
- 22 required to have one surety, except as provided by law. (Tex. Prob.
- 23 Code, Sec. 194, Subdivs. 10, 12 (part).)
- Sec. 305.202. SURETIES FOR CERTAIN BONDS. (a) If the
- 25 amount of a bond exceeds \$50,000, the court may require that the
- 26 bond be signed by:
- 27 (1) at least two authorized corporate sureties; or

- 1 (2) one authorized corporate surety and at least two
- 2 good and sufficient personal sureties.
- 3 (b) The estate shall pay the cost of a bond with corporate
- 4 sureties. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 194, Subdiv. 11.)
- 5 Sec. 305.203. AFFIDAVIT OF PERSONAL SURETY. (a) Before a
- 6 judge may consider a bond with personal sureties, each person
- 7 offered as surety must execute an affidavit stating the amount by
- 8 which the person's assets that are reachable by creditors exceeds
- 9 the person's liabilities, and each affidavit must be presented to
- 10 the judge for consideration.
- 11 (b) The total worth of the personal sureties on a bond must
- 12 equal at least twice the amount of the bond.
- 13 (c) An affidavit presented to and approved by the judge
- 14 under this section shall be attached to and form part of the bond.
- 15 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 201(a).)
- 16 Sec. 305.204. LIEN ON REAL PROPERTY OWNED BY PERSONAL
- 17 SURETIES. (a) If a judge finds that the estimated value of
- 18 personal property of the estate that cannot be deposited, as
- 19 provided by Subchapter D, is such that personal sureties cannot be
- 20 accepted without the creation of a specific lien on real property
- 21 owned by each of the sureties, the judge shall enter an order
- 22 requiring each surety to:
- 23 (1) designate real property that:
- 24 (A) is owned by the surety and located in this
- 25 state;
- 26 (B) is subject to execution; and
- (C) has a value that exceeds all liens and unpaid

- 1 taxes by an amount at least equal to the amount of the bond; and
- 2 (2) give an adequate legal description of the real
- 3 property designated under Subdivision (1).
- 4 (b) The surety shall incorporate the information required
- 5 in the order under Subsection (a) in an affidavit. Following
- 6 approval by the judge, the affidavit shall be attached to and form
- 7 part of the bond.
- 8 (c) A lien arises as security for the performance of the
- 9 obligation of the bond only on the real property designated in the
- 10 affidavit.
- 11 (d) Before letters testamentary or of administration are
- 12 issued to the personal representative whose bond includes an
- 13 affidavit under this section, the court clerk shall mail a
- 14 statement to the office of the county clerk of each county in which
- 15 any real property designated in the affidavit is located. The
- 16 statement must be signed by the court clerk and include:
- 17 (1) a sufficient description of the real property
- 18 located in that county;
- 19 (2) the names of the principal and sureties on the
- 20 bond;
- 21 (3) the amount of the bond; and
- 22 (4) the name of the estate and court in which the bond
- 23 is given.
- (e) Each county clerk who receives a statement required by
- 25 Subsection (d) shall record the statement in the county deed
- 26 records. Each recorded statement shall be indexed in a manner that
- 27 permits the convenient determination of the existence and character

- 1 of the liens described in the statements.
- 2 (f) The recording and indexing required by Subsection (e)
- 3 constitutes constructive notice to all persons regarding the
- 4 existence of the lien on real property located in the county,
- 5 effective as of the date of the indexing.
- 6 (g) If each personal surety subject to a court order under
- 7 this section does not comply with the order, the judge may require
- 8 that the bond be signed by:
- 9 (1) an authorized corporate surety; or
- 10 (2) an authorized corporate surety and at least two
- 11 personal sureties. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 201(b), 202.)
- 12 Sec. 305.205. SUBORDINATION OF LIEN ON REAL PROPERTY OWNED
- 13 BY PERSONAL SURETIES. (a) A personal surety required to create a
- 14 lien on specific real property under Section 305.204 who wishes to
- 15 lease the real property for mineral development may file a written
- 16 application in the court in which the proceedings are pending
- 17 requesting subordination of the lien to the proposed lease.
- 18 (b) The judge may enter an order granting the application.
- 19 (c) A certified copy of the order, filed and recorded in the
- 20 deed records of the proper county, is sufficient to subordinate the
- 21 lien to the rights of a lessee under the proposed lease. (Tex.
- 22 Prob. Code, Sec. 201(c).)
- Sec. 305.206. RELEASE OF LIEN ON REAL PROPERTY OWNED BY
- 24 PERSONAL SURETIES. (a) A personal surety who has given a lien
- 25 under Section 305.204 may apply to the court to have the lien
- 26 released.
- 27 (b) The court shall order the lien released if:

- 1 (1) the court is satisfied that the bond is sufficient
- 2 without the lien; or
- 3 (2) sufficient other real or personal property of the
- 4 surety is substituted on the same terms required for the lien that
- 5 is to be released.
- 6 (c) If the personal surety does not offer a lien on other
- 7 substituted property under Subsection (b)(2) and the court is not
- 8 satisfied that the bond is sufficient without the substitution of
- 9 other property, the court shall order the personal representative
- 10 to appear and give a new bond.
- 11 (d) A certified copy of the court's order releasing the lien
- 12 and describing the property that was subject to the lien has the
- 13 effect of cancelling the lien if the order is filed with the county
- 14 clerk of the county in which the property is located and recorded in
- 15 the deed records of that county. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 211, 212.)
- 16 Sec. 305.207. DEPOSITS BY PERSONAL SURETY. Instead of
- 17 executing an affidavit under Section 305.203 or creating a lien
- 18 under Section 305.204 when required, a personal surety may deposit
- 19 the surety's own cash or securities instead of pledging real
- 20 property as security. The deposit:
- 21 (1) must be made in the same manner a personal
- 22 representative deposits the representative's own cash or
- 23 securities; and
- 24 (2) is subject, to the extent applicable, to the
- 25 provisions governing the same type of deposits made by personal
- 26 representatives. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 194, Subdiv. 12 (part).)
- [Sections 305.208-305.250 reserved for expansion]

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1 SUBCHAPTER F. NEW BONDS
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- 2 Sec. 305.251. GROUNDS FOR REQUIRING NEW BOND. (a) A
- 3 personal representative may be required to give a new bond if:
- 4 (1) a surety on a bond dies, moves out of this state,
- 5 or becomes insolvent;
- 6 (2) in the court's opinion:
- 7 (A) the sureties on a bond are insufficient; or
- 8 (B) a bond is defective;
- 9 (3) the amount of a bond is insufficient;
- 10 (4) a surety on a bond petitions the court to be
- 11 discharged from future liability on the bond; or
- 12 (5) a bond and the record of the bond have been lost or
- 13 destroyed.
- 14 (b) Any person interested in the estate may have the
- 15 personal representative cited to appear and show cause why the
- 16 representative should not be required to give a new bond by filing a
- 17 written application with the county clerk of the county in which the
- 18 probate proceedings are pending. The application must allege that:
- 19 (1) the bond is insufficient or defective; or
- 20 (2) the bond and the record of the bond have been lost
- 21 or destroyed. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 203, 204.)
- Sec. 305.252. COURT ORDER OR CITATION ON NEW BOND. (a)
- 23 When a judge becomes aware that a bond is in any respect
- 24 insufficient or that a bond and the record of the bond have been
- 25 lost or destroyed, the judge shall:
- 26 (1) without delay and without notice enter an order
- 27 requiring the personal representative to give a new bond; or

- 1 (2) without delay have the representative cited to
- 2 show cause why the representative should not be required to give a
- 3 new bond.
- 4 (b) An order entered under Subsection (a)(1) must state:
- 5 (1) the reasons for requiring a new bond;
- 6 (2) the amount of the new bond; and
- 7 (3) the period within which the new bond must be given,
- 8 which may not be earlier than the 10th day after the date of the
- 9 order.
- 10 (c) A personal representative who opposes an order entered
- 11 under Subsection (a)(1) may demand a hearing on the order. The
- 12 hearing must be held before the expiration of the period within
- 13 which the new bond must be given. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 205,
- 14 206(a).)
- 15 Sec. 305.253. SHOW CAUSE HEARING ON NEW BOND REQUIREMENT.
- 16 (a) On the return of a citation ordering a personal representative
- 17 to show cause why the representative should not be required to give
- 18 a new bond, the judge shall, on the date specified for the hearing
- 19 of the matter, inquire into the sufficiency of the reasons for
- 20 requiring a new bond.
- 21 (b) If the judge is satisfied that a new bond should be
- 22 required, the judge shall enter an order requiring a new bond. The
- 23 order must state:
- 24 (1) the amount of the new bond; and
- 25 (2) the period within which the new bond must be given,
- 26 which may not be later than the 20th day after the date of the order.
- 27 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 206(b).)

- 1 Sec. 305.254. EFFECT OF ORDER REQUIRING NEW BOND. (a) An
- 2 order requiring a personal representative to give a new bond has the
- 3 effect of suspending the representative's powers.
- 4 (b) After the order is entered, the personal representative
- 5 may not pay out any of the estate's money or take any other official
- 6 action, except to preserve estate property, until the new bond is
- 7 given and approved. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 207.)
- 8 Sec. 305.255. NEW BOND IN DECREASED AMOUNT. (a) A personal
- 9 representative required to give a bond may at any time file with the
- 10 clerk a written application requesting that the court reduce the
- 11 amount of the bond.
- 12 (b) On the filing of an application under Subsection (a),
- 13 the clerk shall promptly issue and have notice posted to all
- 14 interested persons and the sureties on the bond. The notice must
- 15 inform the interested persons and sureties of:
- 16 (1) the fact that the application has been filed;
- 17 (2) the nature of the application; and
- 18 (3) the time the judge will hear the application.
- 19 (c) The judge may permit the filing of a new bond in a
- 20 reduced amount if:
- 21 (1) proof is submitted that a bond in an amount less
- 22 than the bond in effect will be adequate to meet the requirements of
- 23 law and protect the estate; and
- 24 (2) the judge approves an accounting filed at the time
- 25 of the application. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 208.)
- Sec. 305.256. REQUEST BY SURETY FOR NEW BOND. (a) A surety
- 27 on a bond may at any time file with the clerk a petition requesting

- 1 that the court in which the proceedings are pending:
- 2 (1) require the personal representative to give a new
- 3 bond; and
- 4 (2) discharge the petitioner from all liability for
- 5 the future acts of the representative.
- 6 (b) On the filing of a petition under Subsection (a), the
- 7 personal representative shall be cited to appear and give a new
- 8 bond. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 210.)
- 9 Sec. 305.257. DISCHARGE OF FORMER SURETIES ON EXECUTION OF
- 10 NEW BOND. When a new bond has been given and approved, the court
- 11 shall enter an order discharging the sureties on the former bond
- 12 from all liability for the future acts of the principal on the bond.
- 13 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 209.)
- 14 CHAPTER 306. GRANTING AND
- 15 ISSUANCE OF LETTERS
- 16 Sec. 306.001. GRANTING OF LETTERS TESTAMENTARY
- 17 Sec. 306.002. GRANTING OF LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION
- 18 Sec. 306.003. ORDER GRANTING LETTERS
- 19 Sec. 306.004. ISSUANCE OF ORIGINAL LETTERS
- 20 Sec. 306.005. FORM AND CONTENT OF LETTERS
- 21 Sec. 306.006. REPLACEMENT AND OTHER ADDITIONAL LETTERS
- 22 Sec. 306.007. EFFECT OF LETTERS OR CERTIFICATE
- 23 CHAPTER 306. GRANTING AND
- 24 ISSUANCE OF LETTERS
- Sec. 306.001. GRANTING OF LETTERS TESTAMENTARY. (a)
- 26 Before the 21st day after the date a will has been probated, the
- 27 court shall grant letters testamentary, if permitted by law, to

- 1 each executor appointed by the will who:
- 2 (1) is not disqualified; and
- 3 (2) is willing to accept the trust and qualify
- 4 according to law.
- 5 (b) Failure of the court to issue letters testamentary
- 6 within the period prescribed by this section does not affect the
- 7 validity of any letters testamentary issued in accordance with law
- 8 after that period. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 178(a), (c).)
- 9 Sec. 306.002. GRANTING OF LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION. (a)
- 10 Subject to Subsection (b), the court hearing an application under
- 11 Chapter 301 shall grant:
- 12 (1) the administration of a decedent's estate if the
- 13 decedent died intestate; or
- 14 (2) the administration of the decedent's estate with
- 15 the will annexed if the decedent died leaving a will but:
- 16 (A) the will does not name an executor; or
- 17 (B) the executor named in the will:
- 18 (i) is deceased;
- 19 (ii) fails to accept and qualify before the
- 20 21st day after the date the will is probated; or
- 21 (iii) fails to present the will for probate
- 22 before the 31st day after the date of the decedent's death and the
- 23 court finds there was no good cause for that failure.
- 24 (b) The court may not grant any administration of an estate
- 25 unless a necessity for the administration exists, as determined by
- 26 the court.
- 27 (c) The court may find other instances of necessity for an

- 1 administration based on proof before the court, but a necessity is
- 2 considered to exist if:
- 3 (1) there are two or more debts against the estate;
- 4 (2) there is a desire for the county court to partition
- 5 the estate among the distributees; or
- 6 (3) the administration is necessary to receive or
- 7 recover funds or other property due the estate. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 8 Sec. 178(b).)
- 9 Sec. 306.003. ORDER GRANTING LETTERS. When letters
- 10 testamentary or of administration are granted, the court shall
- 11 enter an order to that effect stating:
- 12 (1) the name of the decedent;
- 13 (2) the name of the person to whom the letters are
- 14 granted;
- 15 (3) the amount of any required bond;
- 16 (4) the name of at least one but not more than three
- 17 disinterested persons appointed to appraise the estate and return
- 18 the appraisement to the court, if:
- 19 (A) any interested person applies to the court
- 20 for the appointment of an appraiser; or
- 21 (B) the court considers an appraisement to be
- 22 necessary; and
- 23 (5) that the clerk shall issue letters in accordance
- 24 with the order when the person to whom the letters are granted has
- 25 qualified according to law. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 181.)
- Sec. 306.004. ISSUANCE OF ORIGINAL LETTERS. When an
- 27 executor or administrator has qualified in the manner required by

- 1 law, the clerk of the court granting the letters testamentary or of
- 2 administration shall promptly issue and deliver the letters to the
- 3 executor or administrator. If more than one person qualifies as
- 4 executor or administrator, the clerk shall issue the letters to
- 5 each person who qualifies. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 182.)
- 6 Sec. 306.005. FORM AND CONTENT OF LETTERS. Letters
- 7 testamentary or of administration shall be in the form of a
- 8 certificate of the clerk of the court granting the letters,
- 9 attested by the court's seal, that states:
- 10 (1) the executor or administrator, as applicable, has
- 11 qualified as executor or administrator in the manner required by
- 12 law;
- 13 (2) the date of the qualification; and
- 14 (3) the name of the decedent. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 15 183.)
- 16 Sec. 306.006. REPLACEMENT AND OTHER ADDITIONAL LETTERS.
- 17 When letters testamentary or of administration have been destroyed
- 18 or lost, the clerk shall issue other letters to replace the original
- 19 letters, which have the same effect as the original letters. The
- 20 clerk shall also issue any number of letters as and when requested
- 21 by the person or persons who hold the letters. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 22 Sec. 187.)
- Sec. 306.007. EFFECT OF LETTERS OR CERTIFICATE. Letters
- 24 testamentary or of administration or a certificate of the clerk of
- 25 the court that granted the letters, under the court's seal,
- 26 indicating that the letters have been issued, is sufficient
- 27 evidence of:

- 1 (1) the appointment and qualification of the personal
- 2 representative of an estate; and
- 3 (2) the date of qualification. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 4 186.)
- 5 CHAPTER 307. VALIDITY OF CERTAIN ACTS OF EXECUTORS AND
- 6 ADMINISTRATORS
- 7 Sec. 307.001. RIGHTS OF GOOD FAITH PURCHASERS
- 8 Sec. 307.002. JOINT EXECUTORS OR ADMINISTRATORS
- 9 CHAPTER 307. VALIDITY OF CERTAIN ACTS OF EXECUTORS AND
- 10 ADMINISTRATORS
- 11 Sec. 307.001. RIGHTS OF GOOD FAITH PURCHASERS. (a) This
- 12 section applies only to an act performed by a qualified executor or
- 13 administrator in that capacity and in conformity with the law and
- 14 the executor's or administrator's authority.
- 15 (b) An act continues to be valid for all intents and
- 16 purposes in regard to the rights of an innocent purchaser who
- 17 purchases any of the estate property from the executor or
- 18 administrator for valuable consideration, in good faith, and
- 19 without notice of any illegality in the title to the property, even
- 20 if the act or the authority under which the act was performed is
- 21 subsequently set aside, annulled, and declared invalid. (Tex.
- 22 Prob. Code, Sec. 188.)
- Sec. 307.002. JOINT EXECUTORS OR ADMINISTRATORS. (a)
- 24 Except as provided by Subsection (b), if there is more than one
- 25 executor or administrator of an estate at the same time, the acts of
- 26 one of the executors or administrators in that capacity are valid as
- 27 if all the executors or administrators had acted jointly. If one of

- 1 the executors or administrators dies, resigns, or is removed, a
- 2 co-executor or co-administrator of the estate shall proceed with
- 3 the administration as if the death, resignation, or removal had not
- 4 occurred.
- 5 (b) If there is more than one executor or administrator of
- 6 an estate at the same time, all of the qualified executors or
- 7 administrators who are acting in that capacity must join in the
- 8 conveyance of real estate unless the court, after due hearing,
- 9 authorizes fewer than all to act. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 240.)
- 10 CHAPTER 308. NOTICE TO BENEFICIARIES AND CLAIMANTS
- 11 SUBCHAPTER A. NOTICE TO CERTAIN BENEFICIARIES AFTER PROBATE OF
- 12 WILL
- 13 Sec. 308.001. DEFINITION
- 14 Sec. 308.002. REQUIRED NOTICE TO CERTAIN BENEFICIARIES
- 15 AFTER PROBATE OF WILL
- 16 Sec. 308.003. CONTENTS OF NOTICE
- 17 Sec. 308.004. AFFIDAVIT OR CERTIFICATE
- [Sections 308.005-308.050 reserved for expansion]
- 19 SUBCHAPTER B. NOTICE TO CLAIMANTS
- 20 Sec. 308.051. REQUIRED NOTICE REGARDING PRESENTMENT OF
- 21 CLAIMS IN GENERAL
- 22 Sec. 308.052. PROOF OF PUBLICATION
- 23 Sec. 308.053. REQUIRED NOTICE TO SECURED CREDITOR
- 24 Sec. 308.054. PERMISSIVE NOTICE TO UNSECURED CREDITOR
- 25 Sec. 308.055. ONE NOTICE SUFFICIENT
- 26 Sec. 308.056. LIABILITY FOR FAILURE TO GIVE REQUIRED
- 27 NOTICE

1 CHAPTER 308. NOTICE TO BENEFICIARIES AND CLAIMANTS

2 SUBCHAPTER A. NOTICE TO CERTAIN BENEFICIARIES AFTER PROBATE OF

3 WILL

Sec. 308.001. DEFINITION. In this 4 subchapter, 5 "beneficiary" means a person, entity, state, governmental agency of the state, charitable organization, or trust entitled to receive 6 property under the terms of a decedent's will, to be determined for 7 8 purposes of this subchapter with the assumption that each person who is alive on the date of the decedent's death survives any period 9 10 required to receive the bequest as specified by the terms of the will. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 128A(a), as amended Ch. 801, Acts 80th 11

12 Leg., R.S., 2007.) Sec. 308.002. REQUIRED NOTICE TO CERTAIN BENEFICIARIES 13 14 AFTER PROBATE OF WILL. (a) Except as provided by Subsection (c), 15 not later than the 60th day after the date of an order admitting a decedent's will to probate, the personal representative of the 16 17 decedent's estate, including an independent executor independent administrator, shall give notice that complies with 18 19 Section 308.003 to each beneficiary named in the will whose identity and address are known to the representative or, through 20 reasonable diligence, can be ascertained. If, after the 60th day 21 after the date of the order, the representative becomes aware of the 22 23 identity and address of a beneficiary who was not given notice on or 24 before the 60th day, the representative shall give the notice as soon as possible after becoming aware of that information. 25

(b) Notwithstanding the requirement under Subsection (a) that the personal representative give the notice to the

- 1 beneficiary, the representative shall give the notice with respect
- 2 to a beneficiary described by this subsection as follows:
- 3 (1) if the beneficiary is a trust, to the trustee,
- 4 unless the representative is the trustee, in which case the
- 5 representative shall give the notice to the person or class of
- 6 persons first eligible to receive the trust income, to be
- 7 determined for purposes of this subdivision as if the trust were in
- 8 existence on the date of the decedent's death;
- 9 (2) if the beneficiary has a court-appointed guardian
- 10 or conservator, to that guardian or conservator;
- 11 (3) if the beneficiary is a minor for whom no guardian
- 12 or conservator has been appointed, to a parent of the minor; and
- 13 (4) if the beneficiary is a charity that for any reason
- 14 cannot be notified, to the attorney general.
- 15 (c) A personal representative is not required to give the
- 16 notice otherwise required by this section to a beneficiary who:
- 17 (1) made an appearance in the proceeding with respect
- 18 to the decedent's estate before the will was admitted to probate; or
- 19 (2) received a copy of the will that was admitted to
- 20 probate and waived the right to receive the notice in an instrument
- 21 that:
- 22 (A) acknowledges the receipt of the copy of the
- 23 will;
- 24 (B) is signed by the beneficiary; and
- 25 (C) is filed with the court.
- 26 (d) The notice required by this section must be sent by
- 27 registered or certified mail, return receipt requested. (Tex.

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1 Prob. Code, Secs. 128A(b), (c), (d), (f).)
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- 2 Sec. 308.003. CONTENTS OF NOTICE. The notice required by
- 3 Section 308.002 must:
- 4 (1) state:
- 5 (A) the name and address of the beneficiary to
- 6 whom the notice is given or, for a beneficiary described by Section
- 7 308.002(b), the name and address of the beneficiary for whom the
- 8 notice is given and of the person to whom the notice is given;
- 9 (B) the decedent's name;
- 10 (C) that the decedent's will has been admitted to
- 11 probate;
- 12 (D) that the beneficiary to whom or for whom the
- 13 notice is given is named as a beneficiary in the will; and
- 14 (E) the personal representative's name and
- 15 contact information; and
- 16 (2) contain as attachments a copy of the will admitted
- 17 to probate and of the order admitting the will to probate. (Tex.
- 18 Prob. Code, Sec. 128A(e).)
- 19 Sec. 308.004. AFFIDAVIT OR CERTIFICATE. (a) Not later than
- 20 the 90th day after the date of an order admitting a will to probate,
- 21 the personal representative shall file with the clerk of the court
- 22 in which the decedent's estate is pending a sworn affidavit of the
- 23 representative or a certificate signed by the representative's
- 24 attorney stating:
- 25 (1) for each beneficiary to whom notice was required
- 26 to be given under this subchapter, the name and address of the
- 27 beneficiary to whom the representative gave the notice or, for a

- 1 beneficiary described by Section 308.002(b), the name and address
- 2 of the beneficiary and of the person to whom the notice was given;
- 3 (2) the name and address of each beneficiary who filed
- 4 a waiver of the notice;
- 5 (3) the name of each beneficiary whose identity or
- 6 address could not be ascertained despite the representative's
- 7 exercise of reasonable diligence; and
- 8 (4) any other information necessary to explain the
- 9 representative's inability to give the notice to or for any
- 10 beneficiary as required by this subchapter.
- 11 (b) The affidavit or certificate required by Subsection (a)
- 12 may be included with any pleading or other document filed with the
- 13 court clerk, including the inventory, appraisement, and list of
- 14 claims or an application for an extension of the deadline to file
- 15 the inventory, appraisement, and list of claims, provided that the
- 16 pleading or other document is filed not later than the date the
- 17 affidavit or certificate is required to be filed under Subsection
- 18 (a). (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 128A(g), (h).)
- 19 [Sections 308.005-308.050 reserved for expansion]
- 20 SUBCHAPTER B. NOTICE TO CLAIMANTS
- Sec. 308.051. REQUIRED NOTICE REGARDING PRESENTMENT OF
- 22 CLAIMS IN GENERAL. (a) Within one month after receiving letters
- 23 testamentary or of administration, a personal representative of an
- 24 estate shall provide notice requiring each person who has a claim
- 25 against the estate to present the claim within the period
- 26 prescribed by law by:
- 27 (1) having the notice published in a newspaper printed

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1 in the county in which the letters were issued; and
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- 2 (2) if the decedent remitted or should have remitted
- 3 taxes administered by the comptroller, sending the notice to the
- 4 comptroller by certified or registered mail.
- 5 (b) Notice provided under Subsection (a) must include:
- 6 (1) the date the letters testamentary or of
- 7 administration were issued to the personal representative;
- 8 (2) the address to which a claim may be presented; and
- 9 (3) an instruction of the representative's choice that
- 10 the claim be addressed in care of:
- 11 (A) the representative;
- 12 (B) the representative's attorney; or
- 13 (C) "Representative, Estate of _____"
- 14 (naming the estate).
- 15 (c) If a newspaper is not printed in the county in which the
- 16 letters testamentary or of administration were issued, the notice
- 17 must be posted and the return made and filed as otherwise required
- 18 by this title. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 294(a), (c).)
- 19 Sec. 308.052. PROOF OF PUBLICATION. A copy of the published
- 20 notice required by Section 308.051(a)(1), together with the
- 21 publisher's affidavit, sworn to and subscribed before a proper
- 22 officer, to the effect that the notice was published as provided in
- 23 this title for the service of citation or notice by publication,
- 24 shall be filed in the court in which the cause is pending. (Tex.
- 25 Prob. Code, Sec. 294(b).)
- Sec. 308.053. REQUIRED NOTICE TO SECURED CREDITOR. (a)
- 27 Within two months after receiving letters testamentary or of

- 1 administration, a personal representative of an estate shall give
- 2 notice of the issuance of the letters to each person the
- 3 representative knows to have a claim for money against the estate
- 4 that is secured by estate property.
- 5 (b) Within a reasonable period after a personal
- 6 representative obtains actual knowledge of the existence of a
- 7 person who has a secured claim for money against the estate and to
- 8 whom notice was not previously given, the representative shall give
- notice to the person of the issuance of the letters testamentary or
- 10 of administration.
- 11 (c) Notice provided under this section must be:
- 12 (1) sent by certified or registered mail, return
- 13 receipt requested; and
- 14 (2) addressed to the record holder of the claim at the
- 15 record holder's last known post office address.
- 16 (d) The following shall be filed with the clerk of the court
- 17 in which the letters testamentary or of administration were issued:
- 18 (1) a copy of each notice and of each return receipt;
- 19 and
- 20 (2) the personal representative's affidavit stating:
- 21 (A) that the notice was mailed as required by
- 22 law; and
- 23 (B) the name of the person to whom the notice was
- 24 mailed, if that name is not shown on the notice or receipt. (Tex.
- 25 Prob. Code, Sec. 295.)
- Sec. 308.054. PERMISSIVE NOTICE TO UNSECURED CREDITOR. (a)
- 27 At any time before an estate administration is closed, a personal

- 1 representative may give notice by certified or registered mail,
- 2 return receipt requested, to an unsecured creditor who has a claim
- 3 for money against the estate.
- 4 (b) Notice given under Subsection (a) must:
- 5 (1) expressly state that the creditor must present the
- 6 claim within four months after the date of the receipt of the notice
- 7 or the claim is barred, if the claim is not barred by the general
- 8 statutes of limitation; and
- 9 (2) include:
- 10 (A) the date the letters testamentary or of
- 11 administration held by the personal representative were issued to
- 12 the representative;
- 13 (B) the address to which the claim may be
- 14 presented; and
- 15 (C) an instruction of the representative's
- 16 choice that the claim be addressed in care of:
- 17 (i) the representative;
- 18 (ii) the representative's attorney; or
- 19 (iii) "Representative, Estate of _____"
- 20 (naming the estate). (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 294(d).)
- Sec. 308.055. ONE NOTICE SUFFICIENT. A personal
- 22 representative is not required to give a notice required by Section
- 23 308.051 or 308.053 if another person also appointed as personal
- 24 representative of the estate or a former personal representative of
- 25 the estate has given that notice. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 296.)
- Sec. 308.056. LIABILITY FOR FAILURE TO GIVE REQUIRED
- 27 NOTICE. A personal representative who fails to give a notice

- H.B. No. 2502
- 1 required by Section 308.051 or 308.053, or to cause the notice to be
- 2 given, and the sureties on the representative's bond are liable for
- 3 any damage a person suffers due to that neglect, unless it appears
- 4 that the person otherwise had notice. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 297.)
- 5 CHAPTER 309. INVENTORY, APPRAISEMENT, AND LIST OF CLAIMS
- 6 SUBCHAPTER A. APPRAISERS
- 7 Sec. 309.001. APPOINTMENT OF APPRAISERS
- 8 Sec. 309.002. APPRAISERS' FEES
- 9 Sec. 309.003. FAILURE OR REFUSAL TO ACT BY APPRAISERS
- 10 [Sections 309.004-309.050 reserved for expansion]
- 11 SUBCHAPTER B. REQUIREMENTS FOR INVENTORY, APPRAISEMENT, AND LIST
- 12 OF CLAIMS
- 13 Sec. 309.051. INVENTORY AND APPRAISEMENT
- 14 Sec. 309.052. LIST OF CLAIMS
- 15 Sec. 309.053. AFFIDAVIT OF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE
- 16 Sec. 309.054. APPROVAL OR DISAPPROVAL BY THE COURT
- 17 Sec. 309.055. FAILURE OF JOINT PERSONAL
- 18 REPRESENTATIVES TO FILE INVENTORY,
- 19 APPRAISEMENT, AND LIST OF CLAIMS
- [Sections 309.056-309.100 reserved for expansion]
- 21 SUBCHAPTER C. CHANGES TO INVENTORY, APPRAISEMENT, AND LIST OF
- 22 CLAIMS
- 23 Sec. 309.101. DISCOVERY OF ADDITIONAL PROPERTY OR
- 24 CLAIMS
- 25 Sec. 309.102. ADDITIONAL INVENTORY AND APPRAISEMENT OR
- 26 LIST OF CLAIMS

- 1 Sec. 309.103. CORRECTION OF INVENTORY, APPRAISEMENT,
- OR LIST OF CLAIMS FOR ERRONEOUS OR
- 3 UNJUST ITEM
- 4 Sec. 309.104. REAPPRAISEMENT
- 5 [Sections 309.105-309.150 reserved for expansion]
- 6 SUBCHAPTER D. USE OF INVENTORY, APPRAISEMENT, AND LIST OF CLAIMS AS
- 7 EVIDENCE
- 8 Sec. 309.151. USE OF INVENTORY, APPRAISEMENT, AND LIST
- 9 OF CLAIMS AS EVIDENCE
- 10 CHAPTER 309. INVENTORY, APPRAISEMENT, AND LIST OF CLAIMS
- 11 SUBCHAPTER A. APPRAISERS
- 12 Sec. 309.001. APPOINTMENT OF APPRAISERS. (a) At any time
- 13 after letters testamentary or of administration are granted, the
- 14 court, for good cause, on the court's own motion or on the motion of
- 15 an interested party shall appoint at least one but not more than
- 16 three disinterested persons who are residents of the county in
- 17 which the letters were granted to appraise the estate property.
- 18 (b) At any time after letters testamentary or of
- 19 administration are granted, the court, for good cause shown, on the
- 20 court's own motion or on the motion of an interested person shall
- 21 appoint at least one but not more than three disinterested persons
- 22 who are residents of the county in which the letters were granted to
- 23 appraise the estate property.
- 24 (c) If the court makes an appointment under Subsection (a)
- 25 or (b) and part of the estate is located in a county other than the
- 26 county in which the letters were granted, the court, if the court
- 27 considers necessary, may appoint at least one but not more than

- 1 three disinterested persons who are residents of the county in
- 2 which the relevant part of the estate is located to appraise the
- 3 estate property located in that county. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 248,
- 4 as amended Acts 79th Leg., R.S., Chs. 701, 765.)
- 5 Sec. 309.002. APPRAISERS' FEES. An appraiser appointed by
- 6 the court as herein authorized is entitled to receive compensation,
- 7 payable out of the estate, of at least \$5 for each day the appraiser
- 8 actually serves in performing the appraiser's duties. (Tex. Prob.
- 9 Code, Sec. 253.)
- 10 Sec. 309.003. FAILURE OR REFUSAL TO ACT BY APPRAISERS. If
- 11 an appraiser appointed under Section 309.001 fails or refuses to
- 12 act, the court by one or more similar orders shall remove the
- 13 appraiser and appoint one or more other appraisers, as the case
- 14 requires. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 249.)
- 15 [Sections 309.004-309.050 reserved for expansion]
- 16 SUBCHAPTER B. REQUIREMENTS FOR INVENTORY, APPRAISEMENT, AND LIST
- 17 OF CLAIMS
- 18 Sec. 309.051. INVENTORY AND APPRAISEMENT. (a) Except as
- 19 provided by Subsection (c) or unless a longer period is granted by
- 20 the court, before the 91st day after the date the personal
- 21 representative qualifies, the representative shall file with the
- 22 court clerk a single written instrument that contains a verified,
- 23 full, and detailed inventory of all estate property that has come
- 24 into the representative's possession or of which the representative
- 25 has knowledge. The inventory must:
- 26 (1) include:
- 27 (A) all estate real property located in this

- 1 state; and
- 2 (B) all estate personal property regardless of
- 3 where the property is located; and
- 4 (2) specify:
- 5 (A) which portion of the property, if any, is
- 6 separate property and which, if any, is community property; and
- 7 (B) if estate property is owned in common with
- 8 others, the interest of the estate in that property and the names
- 9 and relationship, if known, of the co-owners.
- 10 (b) The personal representative shall:
- 11 (1) set out in the inventory the representative's
- 12 appraisement of the fair market value on the date of the decedent's
- 13 death of each item in the inventory; or
- 14 (2) if the court has appointed one or more appraisers
- 15 for the estate under Subchapter A:
- 16 (A) determine the fair market value of each item
- 17 in the inventory with the assistance of the appraiser or
- 18 appraisers; and
- 19 (B) set out that appraisement in the inventory.
- 20 (c) The court for good cause shown may require the personal
- 21 representative to file the inventory and appraisement within a
- 22 shorter period than the period prescribed by Subsection (a).
- 23 (d) The inventory, when approved by the court and filed with
- 24 the court clerk, is for all purposes the inventory and appraisement
- 25 of the estate referred to in this title. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 26 250.)
- Sec. 309.052. LIST OF CLAIMS. A complete list of claims due

- 1 or owing to the estate must be attached to the inventory and
- 2 appraisement required by Section 309.051. The list of claims must
- 3 state:
- 4 (1) the name and, if known, address of each person
- 5 indebted to the estate; and
- 6 (2) regarding each claim:
- 7 (A) the nature of the debt, whether by note,
- 8 bill, bond, or other written obligation, or by account or verbal
- 9 contract;
- 10 (B) the date the debt was incurred;
- 11 (C) the date the debt was or is due;
- 12 (D) the amount of the claim, the rate of interest
- 13 on the claim, and the period for which the claim bears interest;
- 14 (E) whether the claim is separate property or
- 15 community property; and
- 16 (F) if any portion of the claim is held in common
- 17 with others, the interest of the estate in the claim and the names
- 18 and relationships, if any, of the other part owners. (Tex. Prob.
- 19 Code, Sec. 251.)
- Sec. 309.053. AFFIDAVIT OF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE. The
- 21 personal representative shall attach to the inventory,
- 22 appraisement, and list of claims the representative's affidavit,
- 23 subscribed and sworn to before an officer in the county authorized
- 24 by law to administer oaths, that the inventory, appraisement, and
- 25 list of claims are a true and complete statement of the property and
- 26 claims of the estate of which the representative has knowledge.
- 27 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 252.)

- 1 Sec. 309.054. APPROVAL OR DISAPPROVAL BY THE COURT. (a) On
- 2 the filing of the inventory, appraisement, and list of claims with
- 3 the court clerk, the judge shall examine and approve or disapprove
- 4 the inventory, appraisement, and list of claims.
- 5 (b) If the judge approves the inventory, appraisement, and
- 6 list of claims, the judge shall enter an order to that effect.
- 7 (c) If the judge does not approve the inventory,
- 8 appraisement, or list of claims, the judge:
- 9 (1) shall enter an order to that effect requiring the
- 10 filing of another inventory, appraisement, or list of claims,
- 11 whichever is not approved, within a period specified in the order
- 12 not to exceed 20 days after the date the order is entered; and
- 13 (2) may, if considered necessary, appoint new
- 14 appraisers. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 255.)
- 15 Sec. 309.055. FAILURE OF JOINT PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVES TO
- 16 FILE INVENTORY, APPRAISEMENT, AND LIST OF CLAIMS. (a) If more than
- 17 one personal representative qualifies to serve, any one or more of
- 18 the representatives, on the neglect of the other representatives,
- 19 may make and file an inventory, appraisement, and list of claims.
- 20 (b) A personal representative who neglects to make or file
- 21 an inventory, appraisement, and list of claims may not interfere
- 22 with and does not have any power over the estate after another
- 23 representative makes and files an inventory, appraisement, and list
- 24 of claims.
- 25 (c) The personal representative who files the inventory,
- 26 appraisement, and list of claims is entitled to the whole
- 27 administration unless, before the 61st day after the date the

- 1 representative files the inventory, appraisement, and list of
- 2 claims, one or more delinquent representatives file with the court
- 3 a written, sworn, and reasonable excuse that the court considers
- 4 satisfactory. The court shall enter an order removing one or more
- 5 delinquent representatives and revoking those representatives'
- 6 letters if:
- 7 (1) an excuse is not filed; or
- 8 (2) the court does not consider the filed excuse
- 9 sufficient. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 260.)
- 10 [Sections 309.056-309.100 reserved for expansion]
- 11 SUBCHAPTER C. CHANGES TO INVENTORY, APPRAISEMENT, AND LIST OF
- 12 CLAIMS
- 13 Sec. 309.101. DISCOVERY OF ADDITIONAL PROPERTY OR CLAIMS.
- 14 If after the filing of the inventory, appraisement, and list of
- 15 claims the personal representative acquires possession or
- 16 knowledge of property or claims of the estate not included in the
- 17 inventory, appraisement, and list of claims the representative
- 18 shall promptly file with the court clerk a verified, full, and
- 19 detailed supplemental inventory, appraisement, and list of claims.
- 20 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 256.)
- Sec. 309.102. ADDITIONAL INVENTORY AND APPRAISEMENT OR LIST
- 22 OF CLAIMS. (a) On the written complaint of any interested person
- 23 that property or claims of the estate have not been included in the
- 24 filed inventory, appraisement, and list of claims, the personal
- 25 representative shall be cited to appear before the court in which
- 26 the cause is pending and show cause why the representative should
- 27 not be required to make and file an additional inventory and

- 1 appraisement or list of claims, or both, as applicable.
- 2 (b) After hearing the complaint, if the court is satisfied
- 3 of the truth of the complaint, the court shall enter an order
- 4 requiring the personal representative to make and file an
- 5 additional inventory and appraisement or list of claims, or both,
- 6 as applicable. The additional inventory and appraisement or list
- 7 of claims:
- 8 (1) must be made and filed in the same manner as the
- 9 original inventory and appraisement or list of claims within the
- 10 period prescribed by the court, not to exceed 20 days after the date
- 11 the order is entered; and
- 12 (2) may include only property or claims not previously
- 13 included in the inventory and appraisement or list of claims. (Tex.
- 14 Prob. Code, Sec. 257.)
- 15 Sec. 309.103. CORRECTION OF INVENTORY, APPRAISEMENT, OR
- 16 LIST OF CLAIMS FOR ERRONEOUS OR UNJUST ITEM. (a) Any interested
- 17 person who considers an inventory, appraisement, or list of claims
- 18 filed for the estate to be erroneous or unjust in any particular
- 19 may:
- 20 (1) file a written complaint setting forth the alleged
- 21 erroneous or unjust item; and
- 22 (2) have the personal representative cited to appear
- 23 before the court and show cause why the item should not be
- 24 corrected.
- 25 (b) On the hearing of the complaint, if the court is
- 26 satisfied from the evidence that the inventory, appraisement, or
- 27 list of claims is erroneous or unjust as alleged in the complaint,

- 1 the court shall enter an order:
- 2 (1) specifying the erroneous or unjust item and the
- 3 corrections to be made; and
- 4 (2) appointing appraisers to make a new appraisement
- 5 correcting the erroneous or unjust item and requiring the filing of
- 6 the new appraisement before the 21st day after the date of the
- 7 order.
- 8 (c) The court on the court's own motion or that of the
- 9 personal representative may also have a new appraisement made for
- 10 the purposes described by this section. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 11 258.)
- 12 Sec. 309.104. REAPPRAISEMENT. (a) A reappraisement made,
- 13 filed, and approved by the court replaces the original
- 14 appraisement. Not more than one reappraisement may be made.
- 15 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (a), an interested person
- 16 may object to a reappraisement regardless of whether the court has
- 17 approved the reappraisement. If the court finds that the
- 18 reappraisement is erroneous or unjust, the court shall appraise the
- 19 property on the basis of the evidence before the court. (Tex. Prob.
- 20 Code, Sec. 259.)
- 21 [Sections 309.105-309.150 reserved for expansion]
- 22 SUBCHAPTER D. USE OF INVENTORY, APPRAISEMENT, AND LIST OF CLAIMS AS
- 23 EVIDENCE
- Sec. 309.151. USE OF INVENTORY, APPRAISEMENT, AND LIST OF
- 25 CLAIMS AS EVIDENCE. Each inventory, appraisement, and list of
- 26 claims that has been made, filed, and approved in accordance with
- 27 law, the record of the inventory, appraisement, and list of claims,

- 1 or a copy of an original or the record that has been certified under
- 2 the seal of the county court affixed by the clerk:
- 3 (1) may be given in evidence in any court of this state
- 4 in any suit by or against the personal representative; and
- 5 (2) is not conclusive for or against the
- 6 representative if it is shown that:
- 7 (A) any property or claim of the estate is not
- 8 shown in the originals, the record, or the copies; or
- 9 (B) the value of the property or claim of the
- 10 estate exceeded the value shown in the appraisement or list of
- 11 claims. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 261.)
- 12 CHAPTER 310. ALLOCATION OF ESTATE INCOME AND EXPENSES
- 13 Sec. 310.001. DEFINITION
- 14 Sec. 310.002. APPLICABILITY OF OTHER LAW
- 15 Sec. 310.003. ALLOCATION OF EXPENSES
- 16 Sec. 310.004. INCOME DETERMINATION AND DISTRIBUTION
- 17 Sec. 310.005. TREATMENT OF INCOME RECEIVED BY TRUSTEE
- 18 Sec. 310.006. FREQUENCY AND METHOD OF DETERMINING
- 19 INTERESTS IN CERTAIN ESTATE ASSETS
- 20 CHAPTER 310. ALLOCATION OF ESTATE INCOME AND EXPENSES
- Sec. 310.001. DEFINITION. In this chapter, "undistributed
- 22 assets" includes funds used to pay debts, administration expenses,
- 23 and federal and state estate, inheritance, succession, and
- 24 generation-skipping transfer taxes until the date the debts,
- 25 expenses, and taxes are paid. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 378B(h)
- 26 (part).)
- Sec. 310.002. APPLICABILITY OF OTHER LAW. Chapter 116,

- 1 Property Code, controls to the extent of any conflict between this
- 2 chapter and Chapter 116, Property Code. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 3 378B(i).)
- 4 Sec. 310.003. ALLOCATION OF EXPENSES. (a) Except as
- 5 provided by Section 310.004(a) and unless the will provides
- 6 otherwise, all expenses incurred in connection with the settlement
- 7 of a decedent's estate shall be charged against the principal of the
- 8 estate, including:
- 9 (1) debts;
- 10 (2) funeral expenses;
- 11 (3) estate taxes and penalties relating to estate
- 12 taxes; and
- 13 (4) family allowances.
- (b) Fees and expenses of an attorney, accountant, or other
- 15 professional advisor, commissions and expenses of a personal
- 16 representative, court costs, and all other similar fees or expenses
- 17 relating to the administration of the estate and interest relating
- 18 to estate taxes shall be allocated between the income and principal
- 19 of the estate as the executor determines in the executor's
- 20 discretion to be just and equitable. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 21 378B(a).)
- Sec. 310.004. INCOME DETERMINATION AND DISTRIBUTION. (a)
- 23 Unless a will provides otherwise, income from the assets of a
- 24 decedent's estate that accrues after the death of the testator and
- 25 before distribution, including income from property used to
- 26 discharge liabilities, shall be:
- 27 (1) determined according to the rules applicable to a

- 1 trustee under the Texas Trust Code (Subtitle B, Title 9, Property
- 2 Code); and
- 3 (2) distributed as provided by Subsections (b) and (c)
- 4 and by Chapter 116, Property Code.
- 5 (b) Income from property devised to a specific devisee shall
- 6 be distributed to the devisee after reduction for:
- 7 (1) property taxes;
- 8 (2) other taxes, including taxes imposed on income
- 9 that accrues during the period of administration and that is
- 10 payable to the devisee;
- 11 (3) ordinary repairs;
- 12 (4) insurance premiums;
- 13 (5) interest accrued after the testator's death; and
- 14 (6) other expenses of management and operation of the
- 15 property.
- 16 (c) The balance of the net income shall be distributed to
- 17 all other devisees after reduction for the balance of property
- 18 taxes, ordinary repairs, insurance premiums, interest accrued,
- 19 other expenses of management and operation of all property from
- 20 which the estate is entitled to income, and taxes imposed on income
- 21 that accrues during the period of administration and that is
- 22 payable or allocable to the devisees, in proportion to the
- 23 devisees' respective interests in the undistributed assets of the
- 24 estate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 378B(b), (c), (d).)
- Sec. 310.005. TREATMENT OF INCOME RECEIVED BY TRUSTEE.
- 26 Income received by a trustee under this chapter shall be treated as
- 27 income of the trust as provided by Section 116.101, Property Code.

- 1 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 378B(g).)
- 2 Sec. 310.006. FREQUENCY AND METHOD OF DETERMINING INTERESTS
- 3 IN CERTAIN ESTATE ASSETS. Except as required by Sections 2055 and
- 4 2056, Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. Sections 2055 and
- 5 2056), the frequency and method of determining the beneficiaries'
- 6 respective interests in the undistributed assets of an estate are
- 7 in the sole and absolute discretion of the executor of the estate.
- 8 The executor may consider all relevant factors, including
- 9 administrative convenience and expense and the interests of the
- 10 various beneficiaries of the estate, to reach a fair and equitable
- 11 result among beneficiaries. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 378B(h)
- 12 (part).)
- 13 [Chapters 311-350 reserved for expansion]
- 14 SUBTITLE H. CONTINUATION OF ADMINISTRATION
- 15 CHAPTER 351. POWERS AND DUTIES OF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVES IN
- 16 GENERAL
- 17 SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS
- 18 Sec. 351.001. APPLICABILITY OF COMMON LAW
- 19 Sec. 351.002. APPEAL BOND
- 20 Sec. 351.003. CERTAIN COSTS ADJUDGED AGAINST PERSONAL
- 21 REPRESENTATIVE
- [Sections 351.004-351.050 reserved for expansion]
- 23 SUBCHAPTER B. GENERAL AUTHORITY OF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVES
- 24 Sec. 351.051. EXERCISE OF AUTHORITY UNDER COURT ORDER
- 25 Sec. 351.052. EXERCISE OF AUTHORITY WITHOUT COURT
- 26 ORDER

- 1 Sec. 351.053. AUTHORITY TO SERVE PENDING APPEAL OF
- 2 APPOINTMENT
- 3 Sec. 351.054. AUTHORITY TO COMMENCE SUITS
- 4 [Sections 351.055-351.100 reserved for expansion]
- 5 SUBCHAPTER C. POSSESSION AND CARE OF ESTATE PROPERTY
- 6 Sec. 351.101. DUTY OF CARE
- 7 Sec. 351.102. POSSESSION OF PERSONAL PROPERTY AND
- 8 RECORDS
- 9 Sec. 351.103. POSSESSION OF PROPERTY HELD IN COMMON
- 10 OWNERSHIP
- 11 Sec. 351.104. ADMINISTRATION OF PARTNERSHIP INTEREST
- 12 Sec. 351.105. HOLDING OF STOCKS, BONDS, AND OTHER
- 13 PERSONAL PROPERTY IN NOMINEE'S NAME
- [Sections 351.106-351.150 reserved for expansion]
- 15 SUBCHAPTER D. COLLECTION OF CLAIMS; RECOVERY OF PROPERTY
- 16 Sec. 351.151. ORDINARY DILIGENCE REQUIRED
- 17 Sec. 351.152. CONTINGENT INTEREST FOR CERTAIN
- 18 ATTORNEY'S FEES; COURT APPROVAL
- 19 Sec. 351.153. RECOVERY OF CERTAIN EXPENSES
- [Sections 351.154-351.200 reserved for expansion]
- 21 SUBCHAPTER E. OPERATION OF BUSINESS
- 22 Sec. 351.201. DEFINITION
- 23 Sec. 351.202. ORDER REQUIRING PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE
- 24 TO OPERATE BUSINESS
- 25 Sec. 351.203. POWERS OF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE
- 26 REGARDING BUSINESS

- 1 Sec. 351.204. FIDUCIARY DUTIES OF PERSONAL
- 2 REPRESENTATIVE REGARDING BUSINESS
- 3 Sec. 351.205. REAL PROPERTY OF BUSINESS; NOTICE
- 4 [Sections 351.206-351.250 reserved for expansion]
- 5 SUBCHAPTER F. AUTHORITY TO ENGAGE IN CERTAIN BORROWING
- 6 Sec. 351.251. MORTGAGE OR PLEDGE OF ESTATE PROPERTY
- 7 AUTHORIZED IN CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES
- 8 Sec. 351.252. APPLICATION; ORDER
- 9 Sec. 351.253. TERM OF LOAN OR LIEN EXTENSION
- 10 [Sections 351.254-351.300 reserved for expansion]
- 11 SUBCHAPTER G. PAYMENT OF INCOME OF CERTAIN ESTATES DURING
- 12 ADMINISTRATION
- 13 Sec. 351.301. APPLICABILITY OF SUBCHAPTER
- 14 Sec. 351.302. APPLICATION AND ORDER FOR PAYMENT OF
- 15 CERTAIN ESTATE INCOME
- 16 Sec. 351.303. TREATMENT OF CERTAIN AMOUNTS RECEIVED
- 17 FROM MINERAL LEASE
- [Sections 351.304-351.350 reserved for expansion]
- 19 SUBCHAPTER H. CERTAIN ADMINISTERED ESTATES
- 20 Sec. 351.351. APPLICABILITY
- 21 Sec. 351.352. ENSURING COMPLIANCE WITH LAW
- 22 Sec. 351.353. ANNUAL EXAMINATION OF CERTAIN ESTATES;
- BOND OF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE
- 24 Sec. 351.354. JUDGE'S LIABILITY
- 25 Sec. 351.355. IDENTIFYING INFORMATION

- 1 CHAPTER 351. POWERS AND DUTIES OF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVES IN
- 2 GENERAL
- 3 SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS
- 4 Sec. 351.001. APPLICABILITY OF COMMON LAW. The rights,
- 5 powers, and duties of executors and administrators are governed by
- 6 common law principles to the extent that those principles do not
- 7 conflict with the statutes of this state. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 8 32.)
- 9 Sec. 351.002. APPEAL BOND. (a) Except as provided by
- 10 Subsection (b), an appeal bond is not required if an appeal is taken
- 11 by an executor or administrator.
- 12 (b) An executor or administrator must give an appeal bond if
- 13 the appeal personally concerns the executor or administrator.
- 14 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 29.)
- 15 Sec. 351.003. CERTAIN COSTS ADJUDGED AGAINST PERSONAL
- 16 REPRESENTATIVE. If a personal representative neglects to perform a
- 17 required duty or is removed for cause, the representative and the
- 18 sureties on the representative's bond are liable for:
- 19 (1) the costs of removal and other additional costs
- 20 incurred that are not expenditures authorized by this title; and
- 21 (2) reasonable attorney's fees incurred in:
- 22 (A) removing the representative; or
- 23 (B) obtaining compliance regarding any statutory
- 24 duty the representative has neglected. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 25 245.)
- 26 [Sections 351.004-351.050 reserved for expansion]

- 1 SUBCHAPTER B. GENERAL AUTHORITY OF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVES
- 2 Sec. 351.051. EXERCISE OF AUTHORITY UNDER COURT ORDER. (a)
- 3 A personal representative of an estate may renew or extend any
- 4 obligation owed by or to the estate on application and order
- 5 authorizing the renewal or extension. If a personal representative
- 6 considers it in the interest of the estate, the representative may,
- 7 on written application to the court and if authorized by court
- 8 order:
- 9 (1) purchase or exchange property;
- 10 (2) take claims or property for the use and benefit of
- 11 the estate in payment of a debt due or owed to the estate;
- 12 (3) compound bad or doubtful debts due or owed to the
- 13 estate;
- 14 (4) make a compromise or settlement in relation to
- 15 property or a claim in dispute or litigation;
- 16 (5) compromise or pay in full any secured claim that
- 17 has been allowed and approved as required by law against the estate
- 18 by conveying to the holder of the claim the real estate or personal
- 19 property securing the claim:
- 20 (A) in full payment, liquidation, and
- 21 satisfaction of the claim; and
- 22 (B) in consideration of cancellation of notes,
- 23 deeds of trust, mortgages, chattel mortgages, or other evidences of
- 24 liens securing the payment of the claim; or
- 25 (6) abandon the administration of burdensome or
- 26 worthless estate property.
- (b) Abandoned property may be foreclosed on by a mortgagee

- 1 or other secured party or a trustee without further court order.
- 2 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 234(a).)
- 3 Sec. 351.052. EXERCISE OF AUTHORITY WITHOUT COURT ORDER.
- 4 (a) A personal representative of an estate may, without
- 5 application to or order of the court:
- 6 (1) release a lien on payment at maturity of the debt
- 7 secured by the lien;
- 8 (2) vote stocks by limited or general proxy;
- 9 (3) pay calls and assessments;
- 10 (4) insure the estate against liability in appropriate
- 11 cases;
- 12 (5) insure estate property against fire, theft, and
- 13 other hazards; or
- 14 (6) pay taxes, court costs, and bond premiums.
- 15 (b) A personal representative who is under court control may
- 16 apply and obtain a court order if the representative has doubts
- 17 regarding the propriety of the exercise of any power listed in
- 18 Subsection (a). (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 234(b).)
- 19 Sec. 351.053. AUTHORITY TO SERVE PENDING APPEAL OF
- 20 APPOINTMENT. Pending an appeal from an order or judgment
- 21 appointing an administrator or temporary administrator, the
- 22 appointee shall continue to:
- 23 (1) act as administrator or temporary administrator;
- 24 and
- 25 (2) prosecute any suit then pending in favor of the
- 26 estate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 28.)
- Sec. 351.054. AUTHORITY TO COMMENCE SUITS. (a) An executor

- 1 or administrator appointed in this state may commence a suit for:
- 2 (1) recovery of personal property, debts, or damages;
- 3 or
- 4 (2) title to or possession of land, any right attached
- 5 to or arising from that land, or an injury or damage done to that
- 6 land.
- 7 (b) A judgment in a suit described by Subsection (a) is
- 8 conclusive, but may be set aside by any interested person for fraud
- 9 or collusion on the executor's or administrator's part. (Tex. Prob.
- 10 Code, Sec. 233A.)
- 11 [Sections 351.055-351.100 reserved for expansion]
- 12 SUBCHAPTER C. POSSESSION AND CARE OF ESTATE PROPERTY
- 13 Sec. 351.101. DUTY OF CARE. An executor or administrator of
- 14 an estate shall take care of estate property as a prudent person
- 15 would take of that person's own property, and if any buildings
- 16 belong to the estate, the executor or administrator shall keep
- 17 those buildings in good repair, except for extraordinary
- 18 casualties, unless directed by a court order not to do so. (Tex.
- 19 Prob. Code, Sec. 230.)
- Sec. 351.102. POSSESSION OF PERSONAL PROPERTY AND RECORDS.
- 21 (a) Immediately after receiving letters testamentary or of
- 22 administration, the personal representative of an estate shall
- 23 collect and take possession of the estate's personal property,
- 24 record books, title papers, and other business papers.
- 25 (b) The personal representative shall deliver the property,
- 26 books, and papers described by Subsection (a) that are in the
- 27 representative's possession to the person or persons legally

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1 entitled to the property, books, and papers when:
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- 2 (1) the administration of the estate is closed; or
- 3 (2) a successor personal representative receives
- 4 letters testamentary or of administration. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 5 232.)
- 6 Sec. 351.103. POSSESSION OF PROPERTY HELD IN COMMON
- 7 OWNERSHIP. If an estate holds or owns any property in common or as
- 8 part owner with another, the personal representative of the estate
- 9 is entitled to possession of the property in common with the other
- 10 part owner or owners in the same manner as other owners in common or
- 11 joint owners are entitled to possession of the property. (Tex.
- 12 Prob. Code, Sec. 235.)
- Sec. 351.104. ADMINISTRATION OF PARTNERSHIP INTEREST. (a)
- 14 If a decedent was a partner in a general partnership and the
- 15 partnership agreement or articles of partnership provide that, on
- 16 the death of a partner, the partner's personal representative is
- 17 entitled to that partner's place in the partnership, a personal
- 18 representative accordingly contracting to enter the partnership
- 19 under the partnership agreement or articles of partnership is, to
- 20 the extent allowed by law, liable to a third person only to the
- 21 extent of:
- 22 (1) the deceased partner's capital in the partnership;
- 23 and
- 24 (2) the estate's assets held by the representative.
- 25 (b) This section does not exonerate a personal
- 26 representative from liability for the representative's negligence.
- 27 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 238A.)

- 1 Sec. 351.105. HOLDING OF STOCKS, BONDS, AND OTHER PERSONAL
- 2 PROPERTY IN NOMINEE'S NAME. (a) Unless otherwise provided by the
- 3 will, a personal representative of an estate may cause stocks,
- 4 bonds, and other personal property of the estate to be registered
- 5 and held in the name of a nominee without mentioning the fiduciary
- 6 relationship in any instrument or record constituting or evidencing
- 7 title to that property. The representative is liable for the acts
- 8 of the nominee with respect to property registered in this manner.
- 9 The representative's records must at all times show the ownership
- 10 of the property.
- 11 (b) Any property registered in the manner described by
- 12 Subsection (a) shall be kept:
- 13 (1) in the possession and control of the personal
- 14 representative at all times; and
- 15 (2) separate from the representative's individual
- 16 property. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 398A.)
- 17 [Sections 351.106-351.150 reserved for expansion]
- 18 SUBCHAPTER D. COLLECTION OF CLAIMS; RECOVERY OF PROPERTY
- 19 Sec. 351.151. ORDINARY DILIGENCE REQUIRED. (a) If there is
- 20 a reasonable prospect of collecting the claims or recovering the
- 21 property of an estate, the personal representative of the estate
- 22 shall use ordinary diligence to:
- 23 (1) collect all claims and debts due the estate; and
- 24 (2) recover possession of all property to which the
- 25 estate has claim or title.
- 26 (b) If a personal representative wilfully neglects to use
- 27 the ordinary diligence required under Subsection (a), the

- 1 representative and the sureties on the representative's bond are
- 2 liable, on the suit of any person interested in the estate, for the
- 3 use of the estate, for the amount of those claims or the value of
- 4 that property lost by the neglect. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 233(a).)
- 5 Sec. 351.152. CONTINGENT INTEREST FOR CERTAIN ATTORNEY'S
- 6 FEES; COURT APPROVAL. (a) Except as provided by Subsection (b) and
- 7 subject only to the approval of the court in which the estate is
- 8 being administered, a personal representative may convey or enter
- 9 into a contract to convey for attorney services a contingent
- 10 interest in any property sought to be recovered, not to exceed a
- 11 one-third interest in the property.
- 12 (b) A personal representative, including an independent
- 13 executor or independent administrator, may convey or enter into a
- 14 contract to convey for attorney services a contingent interest in
- 15 any property sought to be recovered under this subchapter in an
- 16 amount that exceeds a one-third interest in the property only on the
- 17 approval of the court in which the estate is being administered.
- 18 The court must approve a contract entered into or conveyance made
- 19 under this section before an attorney performs any legal services.
- 20 A contract entered into or a conveyance made in violation of this
- 21 section is void unless the court ratifies or reforms the contract or
- 22 documents relating to the conveyance to the extent necessary to
- 23 make the contract or conveyance meet the requirements of this
- 24 section.
- 25 (c) In approving a contract or conveyance under this
- 26 section, the court shall consider:
- 27 (1) the time and labor required, the novelty and

- 1 difficulty of the questions involved, and the skill required to
- 2 perform the legal services properly;
- 3 (2) the fee customarily charged in the locality for
- 4 similar legal services;
- 5 (3) the value of the property recovered or sought to be
- 6 recovered by the personal representative under this subchapter;
- 7 (4) the benefits to the estate that the attorney will
- 8 be responsible for securing; and
- 9 (5) the experience and ability of the attorney who
- 10 will perform the services. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 233(b), (c),
- 11 (d).)
- 12 Sec. 351.153. RECOVERY OF CERTAIN EXPENSES. On proof
- 13 satisfactory to the court, a personal representative of an estate
- 14 is entitled to all necessary and reasonable expenses incurred by
- 15 the representative in:
- 16 (1) collecting or attempting to collect a claim or
- 17 debt owed to the estate; or
- 18 (2) recovering or attempting to recover property to
- 19 which the estate has a title or claim. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 20 233(e).)
- 21 [Sections 351.154-351.200 reserved for expansion]
- 22 SUBCHAPTER E. OPERATION OF BUSINESS
- Sec. 351.201. DEFINITION. In this subchapter, "business"
- 24 includes a farm, ranch, or factory. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 238(a).)
- Sec. 351.202. ORDER REQUIRING PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE TO
- 26 OPERATE BUSINESS. (a) A court, after notice to all interested
- 27 persons and a hearing, may order the personal representative of an

- 1 estate to operate a business that is part of the estate and may
- 2 grant the representative the powers to operate the business that
- 3 the court determines are appropriate, after considering the factors
- 4 listed in Subsection (b), if:
- 5 (1) the disposition of the business has not been
- 6 specifically directed by the decedent's will;
- 7 (2) it is not necessary to sell the business at once
- 8 for the payment of debts or for any other lawful purpose; and
- 9 (3) the court determines that the operation of the
- 10 business by the representative is in the best interest of the
- 11 estate.
- 12 (b) In determining which powers to grant a personal
- 13 representative in an order entered under Subsection (a), the court
- 14 shall consider:
- 15 (1) the condition of the estate and the business;
- 16 (2) the necessity that may exist for the future sale of
- 17 the business or of business property to provide for payment of debts
- 18 or claims against the estate or other lawful expenditures with
- 19 respect to the estate;
- 20 (3) the effect of the order on the speedy settlement of
- 21 the estate; and
- 22 (4) the best interests of the estate. (Tex. Prob.
- 23 Code, Secs. 238(b), (f).)
- Sec. 351.203. POWERS OF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE REGARDING
- 25 BUSINESS. (a) A personal representative granted authority to
- 26 operate a business in an order entered under Section 351.202(a) has
- 27 the powers granted under Section 351.052, regardless of whether the

- 1 order specifies that the representative has those powers, unless
- 2 the order specifically provides that the representative does not
- 3 have one or more of the powers listed in Section 351.052.
- 4 (b) In addition to the powers granted to the personal
- 5 representative under Section 351.052, subject to any specific
- 6 limitation on those powers in accordance with Subsection (a), an
- 7 order entered under Section 351.202(a) may grant the representative
- 8 one or more of the following powers:
- 9 (1) the power to hire, pay, and terminate the
- 10 employment of employees of the business;
- 11 (2) the power to incur debt on behalf of the business,
- 12 including debt secured by liens against assets of the business or
- 13 estate, if permitted or directed by the order;
- 14 (3) the power to purchase and sell property in the
- 15 ordinary course of the operation of the business, including the
- 16 power to purchase and sell real property if the court finds that the
- 17 principal purpose of the business is the purchasing and selling of
- 18 real property and the order states that finding;
- 19 (4) the power to enter into a lease or contract, the
- 20 term of which may extend beyond the settlement of the estate, but
- 21 only to the extent that granting the power appears to be consistent
- 22 with the speedy settlement of the estate; and
- 23 (5) any other power the court finds necessary with
- 24 respect to the operation of the business.
- 25 (c) If the order entered under Section 351.202(a) gives the
- 26 personal representative the power to purchase, sell, lease, or
- 27 otherwise encumber property:

- 1 (1) the purchase, sale, lease, or encumbrance is
- 2 governed by the terms of the order; and
- 3 (2) the representative is not required to comply with
- 4 any other provision of this title regarding the purchase, sale,
- 5 lease, or encumbrance, including any provision requiring citation
- 6 or notice. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 238(c), (d), (e).)
- 7 Sec. 351.204. FIDUCIARY DUTIES OF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE
- 8 REGARDING BUSINESS. (a) A personal representative who operates a
- 9 business under an order entered under Section 351.202(a) has the
- 10 same fiduciary duties as a representative who does not operate a
- 11 business that is part of an estate.
- 12 (b) In operating a business under an order entered under
- 13 Section 351.202(a), a personal representative shall consider:
- 14 (1) the condition of the estate and the business;
- 15 (2) the necessity that may exist for the future sale of
- 16 the business or of business property to provide for payment of debts
- 17 or claims against the estate or other lawful expenditures with
- 18 respect to the estate;
- 19 (3) the effect of the order on the speedy settlement of
- 20 the estate; and
- 21 (4) the best interests of the estate.
- (c) A personal representative who operates a business under
- 23 an order entered under Section 351.202(a) shall report to the court
- 24 with respect to the operation and condition of the business as part
- 25 of the accounts required by Chapters 359 and 362, unless the court
- 26 orders the reports regarding the business to be made more
- 27 frequently or in a different manner or form. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.

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1 238(g).)
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- Sec. 351.205. REAL PROPERTY OF BUSINESS; NOTICE. (a) A
- 3 personal representative shall file a notice in the real property
- 4 records of the county in which the real property is located before
- 5 purchasing, selling, leasing, or otherwise encumbering any real
- 6 property of the business in accordance with an order entered under
- 7 Section 351.202(a).
- 8 (b) The notice filed under Subsection (a) must:
- 9 (1) state:
- 10 (A) the decedent's name;
- 11 (B) the county of the court in which the
- 12 decedent's estate is pending;
- 13 (C) the cause number assigned to the pending
- 14 estate; and
- 15 (D) that one or more orders have been entered
- 16 under Section 351.202(a); and
- 17 (2) include a description of the property that is the
- 18 subject of the purchase, sale, lease, or other encumbrance.
- 19 (c) For purposes of determining a personal representative's
- 20 authority with respect to a purchase, sale, lease, or other
- 21 encumbrance of real property of a business that is part of an
- 22 estate, a third party who deals in good faith with the
- 23 representative with respect to the transaction may rely on the
- 24 notice filed under Subsection (a) and an order entered under
- 25 Section 351.202(a) and filed as part of the estate records
- 26 maintained by the clerk of the court in which the estate is pending.
- 27 (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 238(h), (i).)

- 1 [Sections 351.206-351.250 reserved for expansion]
- 2 SUBCHAPTER F. AUTHORITY TO ENGAGE IN CERTAIN BORROWING
- 3 Sec. 351.251. MORTGAGE OR PLEDGE OF ESTATE PROPERTY
- 4 AUTHORIZED IN CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES. Under order of the court, a
- 5 personal representative of an estate may mortgage or pledge by deed
- 6 of trust or otherwise as security for an indebtedness any property
- 7 of the estate as necessary for:
- 8 (1) the payment of any ad valorem, income, gift,
- 9 estate, inheritance, or transfer taxes on the transfer of an estate
- 10 or due from a decedent or the estate, regardless of whether those
- 11 taxes are assessed by a state, a political subdivision of a state,
- 12 the federal government, or a foreign country;
- 13 (2) the payment of expenses of administration,
- 14 including amounts necessary for operation of a business, farm, or
- 15 ranch owned by the estate;
- 16 (3) the payment of claims allowed and approved, or
- 17 established by suit, against the estate; or
- 18 (4) the renewal and extension of an existing lien.
- 19 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 329(a).)
- Sec. 351.252. APPLICATION; ORDER. (a) If necessary to
- 21 borrow money for a purpose described by Section 351.251 or to create
- 22 or extend a lien on estate property as security, the personal
- 23 representative of the estate shall file a sworn application for
- 24 that authority with the court. The application must state fully and
- 25 in detail the circumstances that the representative believes make
- 26 the granting of the authority necessary.
- (b) On the filing of an application under Subsection (a),

- 1 the clerk shall issue and have posted a citation to all interested
- 2 persons, stating the nature of the application and requiring any
- 3 interested person who chooses to do so to appear and show cause, if
- 4 any, why the application should not be granted.
- 5 (c) If satisfied by the evidence adduced at the hearing on
- 6 an application filed under Subsection (a) that it is in the interest
- 7 of the estate to borrow money or to extend and renew an existing
- 8 lien, the court shall issue an order to that effect that sets out
- 9 the terms of the authority granted under the order.
- 10 (d) If a new lien is created on estate property, the court
- 11 may require, for the protection of the estate and the creditors,
- 12 that the personal representative's general bond be increased or an
- 13 additional bond given, as for the sale of real property belonging to
- 14 the estate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 329(b), (c) (part).)
- 15 Sec. 351.253. TERM OF LOAN OR LIEN EXTENSION. Except as
- 16 otherwise provided by this section, the term of a loan or lien
- 17 renewal authorized under Section 351.252 may not exceed a period of
- 18 three years from the date original letters testamentary or of
- 19 administration are granted to the personal representative of the
- 20 affected estate. The court may authorize an extension of a lien
- 21 renewed under Section 351.252 for not more than one additional year
- 22 without further citation or notice. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 329(c)
- 23 (part).)
- 24 [Sections 351.254-351.300 reserved for expansion]
- 25 SUBCHAPTER G. PAYMENT OF INCOME OF CERTAIN ESTATES DURING
- 26 ADMINISTRATION
- Sec. 351.301. APPLICABILITY OF SUBCHAPTER. This subchapter

- 1 applies only to the estate of a decedent that is being administered
- 2 under the direction, control, and orders of a court in the exercise
- 3 of the court's probate jurisdiction. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 239
- 4 (part).)
- 5 Sec. 351.302. APPLICATION AND ORDER FOR PAYMENT OF CERTAIN
- 6 ESTATE INCOME. (a) On the application of the executor or
- 7 administrator of an estate or of any interested party, and after
- 8 notice of the application has been given by posting, the court may
- 9 order and direct the executor or administrator to pay, or credit to
- 10 the account of, those persons who the court finds will own the
- 11 estate assets when administration on the estate is completed, and
- 12 in the same proportions, that part of the annual net income received
- 13 by or accruing to the estate that the court finds can conveniently
- 14 be paid to those owners without prejudice to the rights of
- 15 creditors, legatees, or other interested parties, if:
- 16 (1) it appears from evidence introduced at a hearing
- 17 on the application, and the court finds, that the reasonable market
- 18 value of the estate assets on hand at that time, excluding the
- 19 annual income from the estate assets, is at least twice the
- 20 aggregate amount of all unpaid debts, administration expenses, and
- 21 legacies; and
- 22 (2) no estate creditor or legatee has appeared and
- 23 objected.
- 24 (b) Except as otherwise provided by this title, nothing in
- 25 this subchapter authorizes the court to order paid over to the
- 26 owners of the estate any part of the principal of the estate. (Tex.
- 27 Prob. Code, Sec. 239 (part).)

- 1 Sec. 351.303. TREATMENT OF CERTAIN AMOUNTS RECEIVED FROM
- 2 MINERAL LEASE. For the purposes of this subchapter, bonuses,
- 3 rentals, and royalties received for or from an oil, gas, or other
- 4 mineral lease shall be treated as income rather than as principal.
- 5 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 239 (part).)
- 6 [Sections 351.304-351.350 reserved for expansion]
- 7 SUBCHAPTER H. CERTAIN ADMINISTERED ESTATES
- 8 Sec. 351.351. APPLICABILITY. This subchapter does not
- 9 apply to:
- 10 (1) the appointment of an independent executor or
- 11 administrator under Section 145(c), (d), or (e); or
- 12 (2) the appointment of a successor independent
- 13 executor under Section 154A. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 145(q)
- 14 (part), 154A(i) (part).)
- 15 Sec. 351.352. ENSURING COMPLIANCE WITH LAW. A county or
- 16 probate court shall use reasonable diligence to see that personal
- 17 representatives of estates administered under court orders and
- 18 other officers of the court perform the duty enjoined on them by law
- 19 applicable to those estates. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 36(a) (part).)
- Sec. 351.353. ANNUAL EXAMINATION OF CERTAIN ESTATES; BOND
- 21 OF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE. For each estate administered under
- 22 orders of a county or probate court, the judge shall, if the judge
- 23 considers it necessary, annually examine the condition of the
- 24 estate and the solvency of the bond of the estate's personal
- 25 representative. If the judge finds the representative's bond is
- 26 not sufficient to protect the estate, the judge shall require the
- 27 representative to execute a new bond in accordance with law. Ir

- 1 each case, the judge, as provided by law, shall notify the
- 2 representative and the sureties on the representative's bond.
- 3 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 36(a) (part).)
- 4 Sec. 351.354. JUDGE'S LIABILITY. A judge is liable on the
- 5 judge's bond to those damaged if damage or loss results to an estate
- 6 administered under orders of a county or probate court from the
- 7 gross neglect of the judge to use reasonable diligence in the
- 8 performance of the judge's duty under this subchapter. (Tex. Prob.
- 9 Code, Sec. 36(a) (part).)
- 10 Sec. 351.355. IDENTIFYING INFORMATION. (a) The court may
- 11 request an applicant or court-appointed fiduciary to produce other
- 12 information identifying an applicant, decedent, or personal
- 13 representative, including a social security number, in addition to
- 14 identifying information the applicant or fiduciary is required to
- 15 produce under this title.
- 16 (b) The court shall maintain any information required under
- 17 this section, and the information may not be filed with the clerk.
- 18 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 36(b).)
- 19 CHAPTER 352. COMPENSATION AND EXPENSES OF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVES
- 20 AND OTHERS
- 21 SUBCHAPTER A. COMPENSATION OF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVES
- 22 Sec. 352.001. DEFINITION
- 23 Sec. 352.002. STANDARD COMPENSATION
- 24 Sec. 352.003. ALTERNATE COMPENSATION
- 25 Sec. 352.004. DENIAL OF COMPENSATION
- [Sections 352.005-352.050 reserved for expansion]

- 1 SUBCHAPTER B. EXPENSES OF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVES AND OTHERS
- 2 Sec. 352.051. EXPENSES; ATTORNEY'S FEES
- 3 Sec. 352.052. ALLOWANCE FOR DEFENSE OF WILL
- 4 Sec. 352.053. EXPENSE CHARGES
- 5 CHAPTER 352. COMPENSATION AND EXPENSES OF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVES
- 6 AND OTHERS
- 7 SUBCHAPTER A. COMPENSATION OF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVES
- 8 Sec. 352.001. DEFINITION. In this subchapter, "financial
- 9 institution" means an organization authorized to engage in business
- 10 under state or federal laws relating to financial institutions,
- 11 including:
- 12 (1) a bank;
- 13 (2) a trust company;
- 14 (3) a savings bank;
- 15 (4) a building and loan association;
- 16 (5) a savings and loan company or association; and
- 17 (6) a credit union. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 241(b).)
- 18 Sec. 352.002. STANDARD COMPENSATION. (a) An executor,
- 19 administrator, or temporary administrator a court finds to have
- 20 taken care of and managed an estate in compliance with the standards
- 21 of this title is entitled to receive a five percent commission on
- 22 all amounts that the executor or administrator actually receives or
- 23 pays out in cash in the administration of the estate.
- 24 (b) The commission described by Subsection (a):
- 25 (1) may not exceed, in the aggregate, more than five
- 26 percent of the gross fair market value of the estate subject to
- 27 administration; and

- 1 (2) is not allowed for:
- 2 (A) receiving funds belonging to the testator or
- 3 intestate that were, at the time of the testator's or intestate's
- 4 death, either on hand or held for the testator or intestate in a
- 5 financial institution or a brokerage firm, including cash or a cash
- 6 equivalent held in a checking account, savings account, certificate
- 7 of deposit, or money market account;
- 8 (B) collecting the proceeds of a life insurance
- 9 policy; or
- 10 (C) paying out cash to an heir or legatee in that
- 11 person's capacity as an heir or legatee. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 12 241(a) (part).)
- 13 Sec. 352.003. ALTERNATE COMPENSATION. (a) The court may
- 14 allow an executor, administrator, or temporary administrator
- 15 reasonable compensation for the executor's or administrator's
- 16 services, including unusual efforts to collect funds or life
- 17 insurance, if:
- 18 (1) the executor or administrator manages a farm,
- 19 ranch, factory, or other business of the estate; or
- 20 (2) the compensation calculated under Section 352.002
- 21 is unreasonably low.
- 22 (b) The county court has jurisdiction to receive, consider,
- 23 and act on applications from independent executors for purposes of
- 24 this section. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 241(a) (part).)
- Sec. 352.004. DENIAL OF COMPENSATION. The court may, on
- 26 application of an interested person or on the court's own motion,
- 27 wholly or partly deny a commission allowed by this subchapter if:

- 1 (1) the court finds that the executor or administrator
- 2 has not taken care of and managed estate property prudently; or
- 3 (2) the executor or administrator has been removed
- 4 under Section 149C or Subchapter B, Chapter 361. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 5 Sec. 241(a) (part).)
- 6 [Sections 352.005-352.050 reserved for expansion]
- 7 SUBCHAPTER B. EXPENSES OF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVES AND OTHERS
- 8 Sec. 352.051. EXPENSES; ATTORNEY'S FEES. On proof
- 9 satisfactory to the court, a personal representative of an estate
- 10 is entitled to:
- 11 (1) necessary and reasonable expenses incurred by the
- 12 representative in:
- (A) preserving, safekeeping, and managing the
- 14 estate;
- 15 (B) collecting or attempting to collect claims or
- 16 debts; and
- 17 (C) recovering or attempting to recover property
- 18 to which the estate has a title or claim; and
- 19 (2) reasonable attorney's fees necessarily incurred in
- 20 connection with the proceedings and management of the estate. (Tex.
- 21 Prob. Code, Sec. 242.)
- Sec. 352.052. ALLOWANCE FOR DEFENSE OF WILL. (a) A person
- 23 designated as executor in a will or an alleged will, or as
- 24 administrator with the will or alleged will annexed, who, for the
- 25 purpose of having the will or alleged will admitted to probate,
- 26 defends the will or alleged will or prosecutes any proceeding in
- 27 good faith and with just cause, whether or not successful, shall be

- 1 allowed out of the estate the executor's or administrator's
- 2 necessary expenses and disbursements in those proceedings,
- 3 including reasonable attorney's fees.
- 4 (b) A person designated as a devisee in or beneficiary of a
- 5 will or an alleged will, or as administrator with the will or
- 6 alleged will annexed, who, for the purpose of having the will or
- 7 alleged will admitted to probate, defends the will or alleged will
- 8 or prosecutes any proceeding in good faith and with just cause,
- 9 whether or not successful, may be allowed out of the estate the
- 10 person's necessary expenses and disbursements in those
- 11 proceedings, including reasonable attorney's fees. (Tex. Prob.
- 12 Code, Sec. 243.)
- 13 Sec. 352.053. EXPENSE CHARGES. (a) The court shall act on
- 14 expense charges in the same manner as other claims against the
- 15 estate.
- 16 (b) All expense charges shall be:
- 17 (1) made in writing, showing specifically each item of
- 18 expense and the date of the expense;
- 19 (2) verified by the personal representative's
- 20 affidavit;
- 21 (3) filed with the clerk; and
- 22 (4) entered on the claim docket. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 23 Sec. 244.)
- 24 CHAPTER 353. EXEMPT PROPERTY AND FAMILY ALLOWANCE
- 25 SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS
- 26 Sec. 353.001. TREATMENT OF CERTAIN CHILDREN
- [Sections 353.002-353.050 reserved for expansion]

1		SUBCHAPTER	B. EXEMPT PROPERTY; ALLOWANCE IN LIEU OF EXEMPT
2			PROPERTY
3	Sec.	353.051.	EXEMPT PROPERTY TO BE SET ASIDE
4	Sec.	353.052.	DELIVERY OF EXEMPT PROPERTY
5	Sec.	353.053.	ALLOWANCE IN LIEU OF EXEMPT PROPERTY
6	Sec.	353.054.	PAYMENT OF ALLOWANCE IN LIEU OF EXEMPT
7			PROPERTY
8	Sec.	353.055.	METHOD OF PAYING ALLOWANCE IN LIEU OF
9			EXEMPT PROPERTY
10	Sec.	353.056.	SALE OF PROPERTY TO RAISE FUNDS FOR
11			ALLOWANCE IN LIEU OF EXEMPT PROPERTY
12	[Sections 353.057-353.100 reserved for expansion]		
13			SUBCHAPTER C. FAMILY ALLOWANCE
14	Sec.	353.101.	FAMILY ALLOWANCE
15	Sec.	353.102.	AMOUNT AND METHOD OF PAYMENT OF FAMILY
16			ALLOWANCE
17	Sec.	353.103.	ORDER FIXING FAMILY ALLOWANCE
18	Sec.	353.104.	PREFERENCE OF FAMILY ALLOWANCE
19	Sec.	353.105.	PAYMENT OF FAMILY ALLOWANCE
20	Sec.	353.106.	SURVIVING SPOUSE OR MINOR CHILDREN MAY
21			TAKE PERSONAL PROPERTY FOR FAMILY
22			ALLOWANCE
23	Sec.	353.107.	SALE OF ESTATE PROPERTY TO RAISE FUNDS
24			FOR FAMILY ALLOWANCE
25		[Secti	ons 353.108-353.150 reserved for expansion]

- 1 SUBCHAPTER D. LIENS ON AND DISPOSITION OF EXEMPT PROPERTY AND
- 2 PROPERTY TAKEN AS ALLOWANCE
- 3 Sec. 353.151. LIENS
- 4 Sec. 353.152. DISTRIBUTION OF EXEMPT PROPERTY OF
- 5 SOLVENT ESTATE
- 6 Sec. 353.153. TITLE TO PROPERTY OF INSOLVENT ESTATE
- 7 Sec. 353.154. CERTAIN PROPERTY NOT CONSIDERED IN
- 8 DETERMINING SOLVENCY
- 9 Sec. 353.155. EXEMPT PROPERTY LIABLE FOR CERTAIN DEBTS
- 10 CHAPTER 353. EXEMPT PROPERTY AND FAMILY ALLOWANCE
- 11 SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS
- 12 Sec. 353.001. TREATMENT OF CERTAIN CHILDREN. For purposes
- 13 of distributing exempt property and making a family allowance, a
- 14 child is a child of his or her mother and a child of his or her
- 15 father, as provided by Sections 201.051, 201.052, and 201.053.
- 16 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 42(c) (part).)
- 17 [Sections 353.002-353.050 reserved for expansion]
- 18 SUBCHAPTER B. EXEMPT PROPERTY; ALLOWANCE IN LIEU OF EXEMPT
- 19 PROPERTY
- Sec. 353.051. EXEMPT PROPERTY TO BE SET ASIDE. (a) Unless
- 21 an application and verified affidavit are filed as provided by
- 22 Subsection (b), immediately after the inventory, appraisement, and
- 23 list of claims of an estate are approved, the court by order shall
- 24 set aside:
- 25 (1) the homestead for the use and benefit of the
- 26 decedent's surviving spouse and minor children; and
- 27 (2) all other estate property that is exempt from

- 1 execution or forced sale by the constitution and laws of this state
- 2 for the use and benefit of the decedent's:
- 3 (A) surviving spouse and minor children; and
- 4 (B) unmarried children remaining with the
- 5 decedent's family.
- 6 (b) Before the inventory, appraisement, and list of claims
- 7 of an estate are approved:
- 8 (1) the decedent's surviving spouse or any other
- 9 person authorized to act on behalf of the decedent's minor children
- 10 may apply to the court to have exempt property, including the
- 11 homestead, set aside by filing an application and a verified
- 12 affidavit listing all property that the applicant claims is exempt;
- 13 and
- 14 (2) any of the decedent's unmarried children remaining
- 15 with the decedent's family may apply to the court to have all exempt
- 16 property, other than the homestead, set aside by filing an
- 17 application and a verified affidavit listing all property, other
- 18 than the homestead, that the applicant claims is exempt.
- 19 (c) At a hearing on an application filed under Subsection
- 20 (b), the applicant has the burden of proof by a preponderance of the
- 21 evidence. The court shall set aside property of the decedent's
- 22 estate that the court finds is exempt. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 271.)
- Sec. 353.052. DELIVERY OF EXEMPT PROPERTY. (a) The
- 24 executor or administrator of an estate shall deliver, without
- 25 delay, exempt property that has been set aside for the decedent's
- 26 surviving spouse and children in accordance with this section.
- 27 (b) If there is a surviving spouse and there are no children

- 1 of the decedent, or if all the children of the decedent are also the
- 2 children of the surviving spouse, the executor or administrator
- 3 shall deliver all exempt property to the surviving spouse.
- 4 (c) If there is a surviving spouse and there are children of
- 5 the decedent who are not also children of the surviving spouse, the
- 6 executor or administrator shall deliver the share of those children
- 7 in exempt property, other than the homestead, to:
- 8 (1) the children, if the children are of legal age; or
- 9 (2) the children's guardian, if the children are
- 10 minors.
- 11 (d) If there is no surviving spouse and there are children
- 12 of the decedent, the executor or administrator shall deliver exempt
- 13 property, other than the homestead, to:
- 14 (1) the children, if the children are of legal age; or
- 15 (2) the children's guardian, if the children are
- 16 minors.
- 17 (e) In all cases, the executor or administrator shall
- 18 deliver the homestead to:
- 19 (1) the decedent's surviving spouse, if there is a
- 20 surviving spouse; or
- 21 (2) the guardian of the decedent's minor children, if
- 22 there is not a surviving spouse. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 272.)
- Sec. 353.053. ALLOWANCE IN LIEU OF EXEMPT PROPERTY. (a) If
- 24 all or any of the specific articles exempt from execution or forced
- 25 sale by the constitution and laws of this state are not among the
- 26 decedent's effects, the court shall make, in lieu of the articles
- 27 not among the effects, a reasonable allowance to be paid to the

- 1 decedent's surviving spouse and children as provided by Section
- 2 353.054.
- 3 (b) The allowance in lieu of a homestead may not exceed
- 4 \$15,000, and the allowance in lieu of other exempt property may not
- 5 exceed \$5,000, excluding the family allowance for the support of
- 6 the surviving spouse and minor children provided by Subchapter C.
- 7 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 273.)
- 8 Sec. 353.054. PAYMENT OF ALLOWANCE IN LIEU OF EXEMPT
- 9 PROPERTY. (a) The executor or administrator of an estate shall pay
- 10 an allowance in lieu of exempt property in accordance with this
- 11 section.
- 12 (b) If there is a surviving spouse and there are no children
- 13 of the decedent, or if all the children of the decedent are also the
- 14 children of the surviving spouse, the executor or administrator
- 15 shall pay the entire allowance to the surviving spouse.
- 16 (c) If there is a surviving spouse and there are children of
- 17 the decedent who are not also children of the surviving spouse, the
- 18 executor or administrator shall pay the surviving spouse one-half
- 19 of the entire allowance plus the shares of the decedent's children
- 20 of whom the surviving spouse is the parent. The remaining shares
- 21 must be paid to:
- 22 (1) the decedent's children of whom the surviving
- 23 spouse is not a parent; or
- 24 (2) the guardian of the children described by
- 25 Subdivision (1), if those children are minors.
- 26 (d) If there is no surviving spouse and there are children
- 27 of the decedent, the executor or administrator shall divide the

- 1 entire allowance equally among the children and pay the children's
- 2 shares to the children, if the children are of legal age, or, if any
- 3 of the children are minors, pay the minor children's shares to the
- 4 quardian of the minor children. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 275.)
- 5 Sec. 353.055. METHOD OF PAYING ALLOWANCE IN LIEU OF EXEMPT
- 6 PROPERTY. (a) An allowance in lieu of any exempt property shall be
- 7 paid in the manner selected by the decedent's surviving spouse or
- 8 children of legal age, or by the guardian of the decedent's minor
- 9 children, as follows:
- 10 (1) in money out of estate funds that come into the
- 11 executor's or administrator's possession;
- 12 (2) in any of the decedent's property or a part of the
- 13 property chosen by those individuals at the appraisement; or
- 14 (3) part in money described by Subdivision (1) and
- 15 part in property described by Subdivision (2).
- 16 (b) Property specifically devised to another may be taken as
- 17 provided by Subsection (a) only if other available property is
- 18 insufficient to pay the allowance. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 274
- 19 (part).)
- Sec. 353.056. SALE OF PROPERTY TO RAISE FUNDS FOR ALLOWANCE
- 21 IN LIEU OF EXEMPT PROPERTY. (a) On the written application of the
- 22 decedent's surviving spouse and children, the court shall order the
- 23 sale of estate property for cash in an amount that will be
- 24 sufficient to raise the amount of the allowance provided under
- 25 Section 353.053 or a portion of that amount, as necessary, if:
- 26 (1) the decedent had no property that the surviving
- 27 spouse or children are willing to take for the allowance or the

- 1 decedent had insufficient property; and
- 2 (2) there are not sufficient estate funds in the
- 3 executor's or administrator's possession to pay the amount of the
- 4 allowance or a portion of that amount, as applicable.
- 5 (b) Property specifically devised to another may be sold to
- 6 raise cash as provided by Subsection (a) only if other available
- 7 property is insufficient to pay the allowance. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 8 Secs. 274 (part), 276.)
- 9 [Sections 353.057-353.100 reserved for expansion]
- 10 SUBCHAPTER C. FAMILY ALLOWANCE
- Sec. 353.101. FAMILY ALLOWANCE. (a) Unless an application
- 12 and verified affidavit are filed as provided by Subsection (b),
- 13 immediately after the inventory, appraisement, and list of claims
- 14 of an estate are approved, the court shall fix a family allowance
- 15 for the support of the decedent's surviving spouse and minor
- 16 children.
- 17 (b) Before the inventory, appraisement, and list of claims
- 18 of an estate are approved, the decedent's surviving spouse or any
- 19 other person authorized to act on behalf of the decedent's minor
- 20 children may apply to the court to have the court fix the family
- 21 allowance by filing an application and a verified affidavit
- 22 describing:
- 23 (1) the amount necessary for the maintenance of the
- 24 surviving spouse and the decedent's minor children for one year
- 25 after the date of the decedent's death; and
- 26 (2) the surviving spouse's separate property and any
- 27 property that the decedent's minor children have in their own

- 1 right.
- 2 (c) At a hearing on an application filed under Subsection
- 3 (b), the applicant has the burden of proof by a preponderance of the
- 4 evidence. The court shall fix a family allowance for the support of
- 5 the decedent's surviving spouse and minor children.
- 6 (d) A family allowance may not be made for:
- 7 (1) the decedent's surviving spouse, if the surviving
- 8 spouse has separate property adequate for the surviving spouse's
- 9 maintenance; or
- 10 (2) the decedent's minor children, if the minor
- 11 children have property in their own right adequate for the
- 12 children's maintenance. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 286, 288.)
- 13 Sec. 353.102. AMOUNT AND METHOD OF PAYMENT OF FAMILY
- 14 ALLOWANCE. (a) The amount of the family allowance must be
- 15 sufficient for the maintenance of the decedent's surviving spouse
- 16 and minor children for one year from the date of the decedent's
- 17 death.
- 18 (b) The allowance must be fixed with regard to the facts or
- 19 circumstances then existing and the facts and circumstances
- 20 anticipated to exist during the first year after the decedent's
- 21 death.
- (c) The allowance may be paid in a lump sum or in
- 23 installments, as ordered by the court. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 287.)
- Sec. 353.103. ORDER FIXING FAMILY ALLOWANCE. When a family
- 25 allowance has been fixed, the court shall enter an order that:
- 26 (1) states the amount of the allowance;
- 27 (2) provides how the allowance shall be payable; and

- 1 (3) directs the executor or administrator to pay the
- 2 allowance in accordance with law. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 289.)
- 3 Sec. 353.104. PREFERENCE OF FAMILY ALLOWANCE. The family
- 4 allowance made for the support of the decedent's surviving spouse
- 5 and minor children shall be paid in preference to all other debts of
- 6 or charges against the estate, other than Class 1 claims. (Tex.
- 7 Prob. Code, Sec. 290.)
- 8 Sec. 353.105. PAYMENT OF FAMILY ALLOWANCE. (a) The
- 9 executor or administrator of an estate shall apportion and pay the
- 10 family allowance in accordance with this section.
- 11 (b) If there is a surviving spouse and there are no minor
- 12 children of the decedent, the executor or administrator shall pay
- 13 the entire family allowance to the surviving spouse.
- 14 (c) If there is a surviving spouse and all of the minor
- 15 children of the decedent are also the children of the surviving
- 16 spouse, the executor or administrator shall pay the entire family
- 17 allowance to the surviving spouse for use by the surviving spouse
- 18 and the decedent's minor children.
- 19 (d) If there is a surviving spouse and some or all of the
- 20 minor children of the decedent are not also children of the
- 21 surviving spouse, the executor or administrator shall pay the
- 22 portion of the entire family allowance necessary for the support of
- 23 those minor children to the guardian of those children.
- (e) If there is no surviving spouse and there are minor
- 25 children of the decedent, the executor or administrator shall pay
- 26 the family allowance for the minor children to the guardian of those
- 27 children. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 291.)

- 1 Sec. 353.106. SURVIVING SPOUSE OR MINOR CHILDREN MAY TAKE
- 2 PERSONAL PROPERTY FOR FAMILY ALLOWANCE. (a) A decedent's
- 3 surviving spouse or the guardian of the decedent's minor children,
- 4 as applicable, is entitled to take, at the property's appraised
- 5 value as shown by the appraisement, any of the estate's personal
- 6 property in full or partial payment of the family allowance.
- 7 (b) Property specifically devised to another may be taken as
- 8 provided by Subsection (a) only if other available property is
- 9 insufficient to pay the allowance. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 292
- 10 (part).)
- 11 Sec. 353.107. SALE OF ESTATE PROPERTY TO RAISE FUNDS FOR
- 12 FAMILY ALLOWANCE. (a) The court shall, as soon as the inventory,
- 13 appraisement, and list of claims are returned and approved, order
- 14 the sale of estate property for cash in an amount that will be
- 15 sufficient to raise the amount of the family allowance, or a portion
- 16 of that amount, as necessary, if:
- 17 (1) the decedent had no personal property that the
- 18 surviving spouse or the guardian of the decedent's minor children
- 19 is willing to take for the family allowance or the decedent had
- 20 insufficient personal property; and
- 21 (2) there are not sufficient estate funds in the
- 22 executor's or administrator's possession to pay the amount of the
- 23 family allowance or a portion of that amount, as applicable.
- (b) Property specifically devised to another may be sold to
- 25 raise cash as provided by Subsection (a) only if other available
- 26 property is insufficient to pay the family allowance. (Tex. Prob.
- 27 Code, Secs. 292 (part), 293.)

- 1 [Sections 353.108-353.150 reserved for expansion]
- 2 SUBCHAPTER D. LIENS ON AND DISPOSITION OF EXEMPT PROPERTY AND
- 3 PROPERTY TAKEN AS ALLOWANCE
- 4 Sec. 353.151. LIENS. (a) This section applies to all 5 estates, whether solvent or insolvent.
- 6 (b) If property on which there is a valid subsisting lien or
 7 encumbrance is set aside as exempt for the surviving spouse or
 8 children or is appropriated to make an allowance in lieu of exempt
 9 property or for the support of the surviving spouse or children, the
 10 debts secured by the lien shall, if necessary, be either paid or
 11 continued against the property. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 277.)
- Sec. 353.152. DISTRIBUTION OF EXEMPT PROPERTY OF SOLVENT ESTATE. If on final settlement of an estate it appears that the estate is solvent, the exempt property, other than the homestead or any allowance made in lieu of the homestead, is subject to partition and distribution among the heirs of the decedent and the distributees in the same manner as other estate property. (Tex.
- 18 Prob. Code, Sec. 278.)
- 19 Sec. 353.153. TITLE TO PROPERTY OF INSOLVENT ESTATE. If on
- 20 final settlement an estate proves to be insolvent, the decedent's
- 21 surviving spouse and children have absolute title to all property
- 22 and allowances set aside or paid to them under this title. The
- 23 property and allowances may not be taken for any of the estate debts
- 24 except as provided by Section 353.155. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 279.)
- 25 Sec. 353.154. CERTAIN PROPERTY NOT CONSIDERED IN
- 26 DETERMINING SOLVENCY. In determining whether an estate is solvent
- 27 or insolvent, the exempt property set aside for the decedent's

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- 1 surviving spouse or children, any allowance made in lieu of that
- 2 exempt property, and the family allowance under Subchapter C may
- 3 not be estimated or considered as estate assets. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 4 Sec. 280.)
- 5 Sec. 353.155. EXEMPT PROPERTY LIABLE FOR CERTAIN DEBTS.
- 6 The exempt property, other than the homestead or any allowance made
- 7 in lieu of the homestead:
- 8 (1) is liable for the payment of Class 1 claims; and
- 9 (2) is not liable for any estate debts other than the
- 10 claims described by Subdivision (1). (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 281.)
- 11 CHAPTER 354. SUMMARY PROCEEDINGS FOR, OR WITHDRAWAL FROM
- 12 ADMINISTRATION OF, CERTAIN ESTATES
- 13 SUBCHAPTER A. SUMMARY PROCEEDINGS FOR CERTAIN SMALL ESTATES
- 14 Sec. 354.001. SUMMARY PROCEEDINGS FOR CERTAIN SMALL
- 15 ESTATES
- [Sections 354.002-354.050 reserved for expansion]
- 17 SUBCHAPTER B. WITHDRAWAL FROM ADMINISTRATION OF CERTAIN ESTATES
- 18 Sec. 354.051. REQUIRED REPORT ON CONDITION OF ESTATE
- 19 Sec. 354.052. BOND REQUIRED TO WITHDRAW ESTATE FROM
- 20 ADMINISTRATION
- 21 Sec. 354.053. ORDER FOR DELIVERY OF ESTATE
- 22 Sec. 354.054. ORDER OF DISCHARGE
- 23 Sec. 354.055. LIEN ON PROPERTY OF ESTATE WITHDRAWN
- 24 FROM ADMINISTRATION
- 25 Sec. 354.056. PARTITION OF ESTATE WITHDRAWN FROM
- 26 ADMINISTRATION
- 27 Sec. 354.057. CREDITORS ENTITLED TO SUE ON BOND

- 1 Sec. 354.058. CREDITORS MAY SUE DISTRIBUTEES
- 2 CHAPTER 354. SUMMARY PROCEEDINGS FOR, OR WITHDRAWAL FROM
- 3 ADMINISTRATION OF, CERTAIN ESTATES
- 4 SUBCHAPTER A. SUMMARY PROCEEDINGS FOR CERTAIN SMALL ESTATES
- 5 Sec. 354.001. SUMMARY PROCEEDINGS FOR CERTAIN SMALL
- 6 ESTATES. (a) If, after a personal representative of an estate has
- 7 filed the inventory, appraisement, and list of claims as required
- 8 by Chapter 309, it is established that the decedent's estate,
- 9 excluding any homestead, exempt property, and family allowance to
- 10 the decedent's surviving spouse and minor children, does not exceed
- 11 the amount sufficient to pay the claims against the estate
- 12 classified as Classes 1 through 4 under Section 355.102, the
- 13 representative shall:
- 14 (1) on order of the court, pay those claims in the
- 15 order provided and to the extent permitted by the assets of the
- 16 estate subject to the payment of those claims; and
- 17 (2) after paying the claims in accordance with
- 18 Subdivision (1), present to the court the representative's account
- 19 with an application for the settlement and allowance of the
- 20 account.
- 21 (b) On presentation of the personal representative's
- 22 account and application under Subsection (a), the court, with or
- 23 without notice, may adjust, correct, settle, allow, or disallow the
- 24 account.
- 25 (c) If the court settles and allows the personal
- 26 representative's account under Subsection (b), the court may:
- 27 (1) decree final distribution;

- 1 (2) discharge the representative; and
- 2 (3) close the administration. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 3 143.)
- 4 [Sections 354.002-354.050 reserved for expansion]
- 5 SUBCHAPTER B. WITHDRAWAL FROM ADMINISTRATION OF CERTAIN ESTATES
- 6 Sec. 354.051. REQUIRED REPORT ON CONDITION OF ESTATE. At
- 7 any time after the return of the inventory, appraisement, and list
- 8 of claims of an estate required by Chapter 309, anyone entitled to a
- 9 portion of the estate, by a written complaint filed in the court in
- 10 which the case is pending, may have the estate's executor or
- 11 administrator cited to appear and render under oath an exhibit of
- 12 the condition of the estate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 262.)
- 13 Sec. 354.052. BOND REQUIRED TO WITHDRAW ESTATE FROM
- 14 ADMINISTRATION. After the executor or administrator has rendered
- 15 the exhibit of the condition of the estate if required under Section
- 16 354.051, one or more persons entitled to the estate, or other
- 17 persons for them, may execute and deliver a bond to the court. The
- 18 bond must be:
- 19 (1) conditioned that the persons executing the bond
- 20 shall:
- 21 (A) pay all unpaid debts against the estate that
- 22 have been or are:
- (i) allowed by the executor or
- 24 administrator and approved by the court; or
- 25 (ii) established by suit against the
- 26 estate; and
- 27 (B) pay to the executor or administrator any

- 1 balance that the court in its judgment on the exhibit finds to be
- 2 due the executor or administrator;
- 3 (2) payable to the judge and the judge's successors in
- 4 office in an amount equal to at least twice the gross appraised
- 5 value of the estate as shown by the inventory, appraisement, and
- 6 list of claims returned under Chapter 309; and
- 7 (3) approved by the court. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 8 263.)
- 9 Sec. 354.053. ORDER FOR DELIVERY OF ESTATE. On the giving
- 10 and approval of the bond under Section 354.052, the court shall
- 11 enter an order requiring the executor or administrator to promptly
- 12 deliver to each person entitled to any portion of the estate that
- 13 portion to which the person is entitled. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 14 264.)
- 15 Sec. 354.054. ORDER OF DISCHARGE. After an estate has been
- 16 withdrawn from administration under Section 354.053, the court
- 17 shall enter an order:
- 18 (1) discharging the executor or administrator; and
- 19 (2) declaring the administration closed. (Tex. Prob.
- 20 Code, Sec. 265.)
- 21 Sec. 354.055. LIEN ON PROPERTY OF ESTATE WITHDRAWN FROM
- 22 ADMINISTRATION. A lien exists on all of the estate withdrawn from
- 23 administration under Section 354.053 and in the possession of the
- 24 distributees and those claiming under the distributees with notice
- 25 of that lien, to secure the ultimate payment of:
- 26 (1) the bond under Section 354.052; and
- 27 (2) debts and claims secured by the bond. (Tex. Prob.

- 1 Code, Sec. 266.)
- 2 Sec. 354.056. PARTITION OF ESTATE WITHDRAWN FROM
- 3 ADMINISTRATION. On written application to the court, any person
- 4 entitled to any portion of an estate withdrawn from administration
- 5 under Section 354.053 may cause a partition and distribution of the
- 6 estate to be made among those persons entitled to the estate in
- 7 accordance with the provisions of this title that relate to the
- 8 partition and distribution of an estate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 9 267.)
- 10 Sec. 354.057. CREDITORS ENTITLED TO SUE ON BOND. A creditor
- 11 of an estate withdrawn from administration under Section 354.053
- 12 whose debt or claim against the estate is unpaid and not barred by
- 13 limitation is entitled to:
- 14 (1) commence a suit in the person's own name on the
- 15 bond under Section 354.052; and
- 16 (2) obtain a judgment on the bond for the debt or claim
- 17 the creditor establishes against the estate. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 18 Sec. 268.)
- 19 Sec. 354.058. CREDITORS MAY SUE DISTRIBUTEES. (a) A
- 20 creditor of an estate withdrawn from administration under Section
- 21 354.053 whose debt or claim against the estate is unpaid and not
- 22 barred by limitation may sue:
- (1) any distributee who has received any of the
- 24 estate; or
- 25 (2) all the distributees jointly.
- 26 (b) A distributee is not liable for more than the
- 27 distributee's just proportion according to the amount of the estate

- 1 the distributee received in the distribution. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 2 Sec. 269.)
- 3 CHAPTER 355. PRESENTMENT AND PAYMENT OF CLAIMS
- 4 SUBCHAPTER A. PRESENTMENT OF CLAIMS AGAINST ESTATES IN GENERAL
- 5 Sec. 355.001. PRESENTMENT OF CLAIM TO PERSONAL
- 6 REPRESENTATIVE
- 7 Sec. 355.002. PRESENTMENT OF CLAIM TO CLERK
- 8 Sec. 355.003. INCLUSION OF ATTORNEY'S FEES IN CLAIM
- 9 Sec. 355.004. AFFIDAVIT AUTHENTICATING CLAIM FOR MONEY
- 10 IN GENERAL
- 11 Sec. 355.005. AFFIDAVIT AUTHENTICATING CLAIM OF
- 12 CORPORATION OR OTHER ENTITY
- 13 Sec. 355.006. LOST OR DESTROYED EVIDENCE CONCERNING
- 14 CLAIM
- 15 Sec. 355.007. WAIVER OF CERTAIN DEFECTS OF FORM OR
- 16 CLAIMS OF INSUFFICIENCY
- 17 Sec. 355.008. EFFECT ON STATUTES OF LIMITATION OF
- 18 PRESENTMENT OF OR SUIT ON CLAIM
- [Sections 355.009-355.050 reserved for expansion]
- 20 SUBCHAPTER B. ACTION ON CLAIMS
- 21 Sec. 355.051. ALLOWANCE OR REJECTION OF CLAIM
- 22 Sec. 355.052. FAILURE TO TIMELY ALLOW OR REJECT CLAIM
- 23 Sec. 355.053. CLAIM ENTERED ON CLAIM DOCKET
- 24 Sec. 355.054. CONTEST OF CLAIM
- 25 Sec. 355.055. COURT'S ACTION ON CLAIM
- 26 Sec. 355.056. HEARING ON CERTAIN CLAIMS
- 27 Sec. 355.057. COURT ORDER REGARDING ACTION ON CLAIM

- 1 Sec. 355.058. APPEAL OF COURT'S ACTION ON CLAIM
- 2 Sec. 355.059. ALLOWANCE AND APPROVAL PROHIBITED
- 3 WITHOUT AFFIDAVIT
- 4 Sec. 355.060. UNSECURED CLAIMS BARRED UNDER CERTAIN
- 5 CIRCUMSTANCES
- 6 Sec. 355.061. ALLOWING BARRED CLAIM PROHIBITED: COURT
- 7 DISAPPROVAL
- 8 Sec. 355.062. CERTAIN ACTIONS ON CLAIMS WITH LOST OR
- 9 DESTROYED EVIDENCE VOID
- 10 Sec. 355.063. CLAIMS NOT ALLOWED AFTER ORDER FOR
- 11 PARTITION AND DISTRIBUTION
- 12 Sec. 355.064. SUIT ON REJECTED CLAIM
- 13 Sec. 355.065. PRESENTMENT OF CLAIM PREREQUISITE FOR
- 14 JUDGMENT
- 15 Sec. 355.066. JUDGMENT IN SUIT ON REJECTED CLAIM
- [Sections 355.067-355.100 reserved for expansion]
- 17 SUBCHAPTER C. PAYMENT OF CLAIMS, ALLOWANCES, AND EXPENSES
- 18 Sec. 355.101. APPROVAL OR ESTABLISHMENT OF CLAIM
- 19 REQUIRED FOR PAYMENT
- 20 Sec. 355.102. CLAIMS CLASSIFICATION; PRIORITY OF
- 21 PAYMENT
- 22 Sec. 355.103. PRIORITY OF CERTAIN PAYMENTS
- 23 Sec. 355.104. PAYMENT OF PROCEEDS FROM SALE OF
- 24 PROPERTY SECURING DEBT
- 25 Sec. 355.105. CLAIMANT'S PETITION FOR ALLOWANCE AND
- 26 PAYMENT OF CLAIM

- 1 Sec. 355.106. ORDER FOR PAYMENT OF CLAIM OBTAINED BY
- 2 PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE
- 3 Sec. 355.107. ORDER FOR PAYMENT OF CLAIM OBTAINED BY
- 4 CREDITOR
- 5 Sec. 355.108. PAYMENT WHEN ASSETS INSUFFICIENT TO PAY
- 6 CLAIMS OF SAME CLASS
- 7 Sec. 355.109. ABATEMENT OF BEQUESTS
- 8 Sec. 355.110. ALLOCATION OF FUNERAL EXPENSES
- 9 Sec. 355.111. PAYMENT OF COURT COSTS RELATING TO CLAIM
- 10 Sec. 355.112. JOINT OBLIGATION FOR PAYMENT OF CERTAIN
- 11 DEBTS
- 12 Sec. 355.113. LIABILITY FOR NONPAYMENT OF CLAIM
- 13 [Sections 355.114-355.150 reserved for expansion]
- 14 SUBCHAPTER D. PRESENTMENT AND PAYMENT OF SECURED CLAIMS FOR MONEY
- 15 Sec. 355.151. OPTION TO TREAT CLAIM AS MATURED SECURED
- 16 CLAIM OR PREFERRED DEBT AND LIEN
- 17 Sec. 355.152. PERIOD FOR SPECIFYING TREATMENT OF
- 18 SECURED CLAIM
- 19 Sec. 355.153. PAYMENT OF MATURED SECURED CLAIM
- 20 Sec. 355.154. PREFERRED DEBT AND LIEN
- 21 Sec. 355.155. PAYMENT OF MATURITIES ON PREFERRED DEBT
- 22 AND LIEN
- 23 Sec. 355.156. AFFIDAVIT REQUIRED FOR FORECLOSURE
- 24 Sec. 355.157. CITATION ON APPLICATION
- 25 Sec. 355.158. HEARING ON APPLICATION
- 26 Sec. 355.159. MANNER OF FORECLOSURE; MINIMUM PRICE

- 1 Sec. 355.160. UNSUCCESSFUL FORECLOSURE; SUBSEQUENT
- 2 APPLICATION
- 3 [Sections 355.161-355.200 reserved for expansion]
- 4 SUBCHAPTER E. CLAIMS INVOLVING PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVES
- 5 Sec. 355.201. CLAIM BY PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE
- 6 Sec. 355.202. CLAIMS AGAINST PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVES
- 7 Sec. 355.203. PURCHASE OF CLAIM BY PERSONAL
- 8 REPRESENTATIVE PROHIBITED
- 9 CHAPTER 355. PRESENTMENT AND PAYMENT OF CLAIMS
- 10 SUBCHAPTER A. PRESENTMENT OF CLAIMS AGAINST ESTATES IN GENERAL
- 11 Sec. 355.001. PRESENTMENT OF CLAIM TO PERSONAL
- 12 REPRESENTATIVE. A claim may be presented to a personal
- 13 representative of an estate at any time before the estate is closed
- 14 if suit on the claim has not been barred by the general statutes of
- 15 limitation. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 298(a) (part).)
- 16 Sec. 355.002. PRESENTMENT OF CLAIM TO CLERK. (a) A claim
- 17 may also be presented by depositing the claim with the clerk with
- 18 vouchers and the necessary exhibits and affidavit attached to the
- 19 claim. On receiving a claim deposited under this subsection, the
- 20 clerk shall advise the personal representative or the
- 21 representative's attorney of the deposit of the claim by a letter
- 22 mailed to the representative's last known address.
- 23 (b) A claim deposited under Subsection (a) is presumed to be
- 24 rejected if the personal representative fails to act on the claim on
- 25 or before the 30th day after the date the claim is deposited.
- 26 (c) Failure of the clerk to give the notice required under
- 27 Subsection (a) does not affect the validity of the presentment or

- 1 the presumption of rejection because the personal representative
- 2 does not act on the claim within the 30-day period prescribed by
- 3 Subsection (b).
- 4 (d) The clerk shall enter a claim deposited under Subsection
- 5 (a) on the claim docket. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 308.)
- 6 Sec. 355.003. INCLUSION OF ATTORNEY'S FEES IN CLAIM. If the
- 7 instrument evidencing or supporting a claim provides for attorney's
- 8 fees, the claimant may include as a part of the claim the portion of
- 9 attorney's fees the claimant has paid or contracted to pay to an
- 10 attorney to prepare, present, and collect the claim. (Tex. Prob.
- 11 Code, Sec. 307.)
- 12 Sec. 355.004. AFFIDAVIT AUTHENTICATING CLAIM FOR MONEY IN
- 13 GENERAL. (a) Except as provided by Section 355.005, a claim for
- 14 money against an estate must be supported by an affidavit that
- 15 states:
- 16 (1) that the claim is just;
- 17 (2) that all legal offsets, payments, and credits
- 18 known to the affiant have been allowed; and
- 19 (3) if the claim is not founded on a written instrument
- 20 or account, the facts on which the claim is founded.
- 21 (b) A photostatic copy of an exhibit or voucher necessary to
- 22 prove a claim may be offered with and attached to the claim instead
- 23 of attaching the original. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 301 (part).)
- 24 Sec. 355.005. AFFIDAVIT AUTHENTICATING CLAIM OF
- 25 CORPORATION OR OTHER ENTITY. (a) An authorized officer or
- 26 representative of a corporation or other entity shall make the
- 27 affidavit required to authenticate a claim of the corporation or

- 1 entity.
- 2 (b) In an affidavit made by an officer of a corporation, or
- 3 by an executor, administrator, trustee, assignee, agent,
- 4 representative, or attorney, it is sufficient to state that the
- 5 affiant has made diligent inquiry and examination and believes the
- 6 claim is just and that all legal offsets, payments, and credits made
- 7 known to the affiant have been allowed. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 8 304.)
- 9 Sec. 355.006. LOST OR DESTROYED EVIDENCE CONCERNING CLAIM.
- 10 If evidence of a claim is lost or destroyed, the claimant or an
- 11 authorized representative or agent of the claimant may make an
- 12 affidavit to the fact of the loss or destruction. The affidavit must
- 13 state:
- 14 (1) the amount, date, and nature of the claim;
- 15 (2) the due date of the claim;
- 16 (3) that the claim is just;
- 17 (4) that all legal offsets, payments, and credits
- 18 known to the affiant have been allowed; and
- 19 (5) that the claimant is still the owner of the claim.
- 20 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 303 (part).)
- 21 Sec. 355.007. WAIVER OF CERTAIN DEFECTS OF FORM OR CLAIMS OF
- 22 INSUFFICIENCY. A defect of form or a claim of insufficiency of a
- 23 presented exhibit or voucher is considered waived by the personal
- 24 representative unless a written objection to the defect or
- 25 insufficiency is made not later than the 30th day after the date the
- 26 claim is presented and is filed with the county clerk. (Tex. Prob.
- 27 Code, Sec. 302.)

- 1 Sec. 355.008. EFFECT ON STATUTES OF LIMITATION OF
- 2 PRESENTMENT OF OR SUIT ON CLAIM. The general statutes of limitation
- 3 are tolled on the date:
- 4 (1) a claim for money is filed or deposited with the
- 5 clerk; or
- 6 (2) suit is brought against the personal
- 7 representative of an estate with respect to a claim of the estate
- 8 that is not required to be presented to the representative. (Tex
- 9 Prob. Code, Sec. 299.)
- 10 [Sections 355.009-355.050 reserved for expansion]
- 11 SUBCHAPTER B. ACTION ON CLAIMS
- 12 Sec. 355.051. ALLOWANCE OR REJECTION OF CLAIM. A personal
- 13 representative of an estate shall, not later than the 30th day after
- 14 the date an authenticated claim against the estate is presented to
- 15 the representative, or deposited with the clerk as provided under
- 16 Section 355.002, endorse on the claim, attach to the claim, or file
- 17 with the clerk a memorandum signed by the representative stating:
- 18 (1) the date the claim was presented or deposited; and
- 19 (2) whether the representative allows or rejects the
- 20 claim, or if the representative allows or rejects a part of the
- 21 claim, the portion the representative allows or rejects. (Tex.
- 22 Prob. Code, Sec. 309.)
- Sec. 355.052. FAILURE TO TIMELY ALLOW OR REJECT CLAIM. The
- 24 failure of a personal representative to timely allow or reject a
- 25 claim under Section 355.051 constitutes a rejection of the claim.
- 26 If the claim is established by suit after that rejection:
- 27 (1) the costs shall be taxed against the

- 1 representative, individually; or
- 2 (2) the representative may be removed on the written
- 3 complaint of any person interested in the claim after personal
- 4 service of citation, hearing, and proof, as in other cases of
- 5 removal. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 310.)
- 6 Sec. 355.053. CLAIM ENTERED ON CLAIM DOCKET. After a claim
- 7 against an estate has been presented to the personal representative
- 8 and allowed or rejected, wholly or partly, by the representative,
- 9 the claim must be filed with the county clerk of the proper county.
- 10 The clerk shall enter the claim on the claim docket. (Tex. Prob.
- 11 Code, Sec. 311.)
- Sec. 355.054. CONTEST OF CLAIM. (a) A person interested in
- 13 an estate may, at any time before the court has acted on a claim,
- 14 appear and object in writing to the approval of the claim or any
- 15 part of the claim.
- 16 (b) If a person objects under Subsection (a):
- 17 (1) the parties are entitled to process for witnesses;
- 18 and
- 19 (2) the court shall hear evidence and render judgment
- 20 as in ordinary suits. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 312(a).)
- 21 Sec. 355.055. COURT'S ACTION ON CLAIM. The court shall:
- 22 (1) act on each claim that has been allowed and entered
- 23 on the claim docket for a period of 10 days either approving the
- 24 claim wholly or partly or disapproving the claim; and
- 25 (2) concurrently classify the claim. (Tex. Prob.
- 26 Code, Sec. 312(b).)
- Sec. 355.056. HEARING ON CERTAIN CLAIMS. (a) If a claim is

- 1 properly authenticated and allowed but the court is not satisfied
- 2 that the claim is just, the court shall:
- 3 (1) examine the claimant and the personal
- 4 representative under oath; and
- 5 (2) hear other evidence necessary to determine the
- 6 issue.
- 7 (b) If after conducting the examination and hearing the
- 8 evidence under Subsection (a) the court is not convinced that the
- 9 claim is just, the court shall disapprove the claim. (Tex. Prob.
- 10 Code, Sec. 312(c).)
- 11 Sec. 355.057. COURT ORDER REGARDING ACTION ON CLAIM. (a)
- 12 The court acting on a claim shall state the exact action taken on
- 13 the claim, whether the claim is approved or disapproved, or
- 14 approved in part and disapproved in part, and the classification of
- 15 the claim by endorsing on or attaching to the claim a written
- 16 memorandum that is dated and officially signed.
- 17 (b) An order under Subsection (a) has the effect of a final
- 18 judgment. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 312(d).)
- 19 Sec. 355.058. APPEAL OF COURT'S ACTION ON CLAIM. A claimant
- 20 or any person interested in an estate who is dissatisfied with the
- 21 court's action on a claim may appeal the action to the court of
- 22 appeals in the manner other judgments of the county court in probate
- 23 matters are appealed. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 312(e).)
- Sec. 355.059. ALLOWANCE AND APPROVAL PROHIBITED WITHOUT
- 25 AFFIDAVIT. A personal representative of an estate may not allow,
- 26 and the court may not approve, a claim for money against the estate
- 27 unless the claim is supported by an affidavit that meets the

- 1 applicable requirements of Sections 355.004(a) and 355.005. (Tex.
- 2 Prob. Code, Sec. 301 (part).)
- 3 Sec. 355.060. UNSECURED CLAIMS BARRED UNDER CERTAIN
- 4 CIRCUMSTANCES. If a personal representative gives a notice
- 5 permitted by Section 308.054 to an unsecured creditor for money and
- 6 the creditor's claim is not presented within four months after the
- 7 date of receipt of the notice, the claim is barred. (Tex. Prob.
- 8 Code, Sec. 298(a) (part).)
- 9 Sec. 355.061. ALLOWING BARRED CLAIM PROHIBITED: COURT
- 10 DISAPPROVAL. (a) A personal representative may not allow a claim
- 11 for money against a decedent or the decedent's estate if a suit on
- 12 the claim is barred:
- 13 (1) under Section 355.060, 355.064, or 355.201(b); or
- 14 (2) by an applicable general statute of limitation.
- 15 (b) A claim for money that is allowed by the personal
- 16 representative shall be disapproved if the court is satisfied that
- 17 the claim is barred, including because the limitation has run.
- 18 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 298(b).)
- 19 Sec. 355.062. CERTAIN ACTIONS ON CLAIMS WITH LOST OR
- 20 DESTROYED EVIDENCE VOID. (a) Before a claim the evidence for which
- 21 is lost or destroyed is approved, the claim must be proved by
- 22 disinterested testimony taken in open court or by oral or written
- 23 deposition.
- (b) The allowance or approval of a claim the evidence for
- 25 which is lost or destroyed is void if the claim is:
- 26 (1) allowed or approved without the affidavit under
- 27 Section 355.006; or

- 1 (2) approved without satisfactory proof. (Tex. Prob.
- 2 Code, Sec. 303 (part).)
- 3 Sec. 355.063. CLAIMS NOT ALLOWED AFTER ORDER FOR PARTITION
- 4 AND DISTRIBUTION. After an order for final partition and
- 5 distribution of an estate has been made:
- 6 (1) a claim for money against the estate may not be
- 7 allowed by a personal representative;
- 8 (2) a suit may not be commenced against the
- 9 representative on a claim for money against the estate; and
- 10 (3) the owner of any claim that is not barred by the
- 11 laws of limitation has a right of action on the claim against the
- 12 heirs, devisees, or creditors of the estate, limited to the value of
- 13 the property received by those heirs, devisees, or creditors in
- 14 distributions from the estate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 318.)
- 15 Sec. 355.064. SUIT ON REJECTED CLAIM. (a) A claim or part
- 16 of a claim that has been rejected by the personal representative is
- 17 barred unless not later than the 90th day after the date of
- 18 rejection the claimant commences suit on the claim in the court of
- 19 original probate jurisdiction in which the estate is pending.
- 20 (b) In a suit commenced on the rejected claim, the
- 21 memorandum endorsed on or attached to the claim, or any other
- 22 memorandum of rejection filed with respect to the claim, is taken to
- 23 be true without further proof unless denied under oath. (Tex. Prob.
- 24 Code, Sec. 313 (part).)
- 25 Sec. 355.065. PRESENTMENT OF CLAIM PREREQUISITE FOR
- 26 JUDGMENT. A judgment may not be rendered in favor of a claimant on a
- 27 claim for money that has not been:

- 1 (1) legally presented to the personal representative
- 2 of an estate; and
- 3 (2) wholly or partly rejected by the representative or
- 4 disapproved by the court. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 314.)
- 5 Sec. 355.066. JUDGMENT IN SUIT ON REJECTED CLAIM. No
- 6 execution may issue on a rejected claim or part of a claim that is
- 7 established by suit. The judgment in the suit shall be:
- 8 (1) filed in the court in which the estate is pending;
- 9 (2) entered on the claim docket;
- 10 (3) classified by the court; and
- 11 (4) handled as if originally allowed and approved in
- 12 due course of administration. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 313 (part).)
- 13 [Sections 355.067-355.100 reserved for expansion]
- 14 SUBCHAPTER C. PAYMENT OF CLAIMS, ALLOWANCES, AND EXPENSES
- 15 Sec. 355.101. APPROVAL OR ESTABLISHMENT OF CLAIM REQUIRED
- 16 FOR PAYMENT. A claim or any part of a claim for money against an
- 17 estate may not be paid until the claim or part of the claim has been
- 18 approved by the court or established by the judgment of a court of
- 19 competent jurisdiction. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 319.)
- Sec. 355.102. CLAIMS CLASSIFICATION; PRIORITY OF PAYMENT.
- 21 (a) Claims against an estate shall be classified and have priority
- 22 of payment as provided by this section.
- (b) Class 1 claims are composed of funeral expenses and
- 24 expenses of the decedent's last illness for a reasonable amount
- 25 approved by the court, not to exceed a total of \$15,000. Any excess
- 26 shall be classified and paid as other unsecured claims.
- 27 (c) Class 2 claims are composed of expenses of

- 1 administration, expenses incurred in preserving, safekeeping, and
- 2 managing the estate, including fees and expenses awarded under
- 3 Section 352.052, and unpaid expenses of administration awarded in a
- 4 quardianship of the decedent.
- 5 (d) Class 3 claims are composed of each secured claim for
- 6 money under Section 355.151(a)(1), including a tax lien, to the
- 7 extent the claim can be paid out of the proceeds of the property
- 8 subject to the mortgage or other lien. If more than one mortgage,
- 9 lien, or security interest exists on the same property, the claims
- 10 shall be paid in order of priority of the mortgage, lien, or
- 11 security interest securing the debt.
- 12 (e) Class 4 claims are composed of claims for the principal
- 13 amount of and accrued interest on delinquent child support and
- 14 child support arrearages that have been confirmed and reduced to
- 15 money judgment, as determined under Subchapter F, Chapter 157,
- 16 Family Code, and claims for unpaid child support obligations under
- 17 Section 154.015, Family Code.
- (f) Class 5 claims are composed of claims for taxes,
- 19 penalties, and interest due under Title 2, Tax Code, Chapter 2153,
- 20 Occupations Code, Section 81.111, Natural Resources Code, the
- 21 Municipal Sales and Use Tax Act (Chapter 321, Tax Code), Section
- 22 451.404, Transportation Code, or Subchapter I, Chapter 452,
- 23 Transportation Code.
- 24 (g) Class 6 claims are composed of claims for the cost of
- 25 confinement established by the institutional division of the Texas
- 26 Department of Criminal Justice under Section 501.017, Government
- 27 Code.

- 1 (h) Class 7 claims are composed of claims for repayment of
- 2 medical assistance payments made by the state under Chapter 32,
- 3 Human Resources Code, to or for the benefit of the decedent.
- 4 (i) Class 8 claims are composed of any other claims not
- 5 described by Subsections (b)-(h). (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 322.)
- 6 Sec. 355.103. PRIORITY OF CERTAIN PAYMENTS. When a
- 7 personal representative has estate funds in the representative's
- 8 possession, the representative shall pay in the following order:
- 9 (1) funeral expenses and expenses of the decedent's
- 10 last illness, in an amount not to exceed \$15,000;
- 11 (2) allowances made to the decedent's surviving spouse
- 12 and children, or to either the surviving spouse or children;
- 13 (3) expenses of administration and expenses incurred
- 14 in preserving, safekeeping, and managing the estate; and
- 15 (4) other claims against the estate in the order of the
- 16 claims' classifications. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 320(a).)
- 17 Sec. 355.104. PAYMENT OF PROCEEDS FROM SALE OF PROPERTY
- 18 SECURING DEBT. (a) If a personal representative has the proceeds
- 19 of a sale made to satisfy a mortgage, lien, or security interest,
- 20 and the proceeds or any part of the proceeds are not required for
- 21 the payment of any debts against the estate that have a preference
- 22 over the mortgage, lien, or security interest, the representative
- 23 shall pay the proceeds to any holder of a mortgage, lien, or
- 24 security interest. If there is more than one mortgage, lien, or
- 25 security interest against the property, the representative shall
- 26 pay the proceeds to the holders of the mortgages, liens, or security
- 27 interests in the order of priority of the holders' mortgages,

- 1 liens, or security interests.
- 2 (b) A holder of a mortgage, lien, or security interest, on
- 3 proof of a personal representative's failure to pay proceeds under
- 4 this section, may obtain an order from the court directing the
- 5 payment to be made. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 320(b).)
- 6 Sec. 355.105. CLAIMANT'S PETITION FOR ALLOWANCE AND PAYMENT
- 7 OF CLAIM. A claimant whose claim has not been paid may:
- 8 (1) petition the court for determination of the claim
- 9 at any time before the claim is barred by an applicable statute of
- 10 limitations; and
- 11 (2) procure on due proof an order for the claim's
- 12 allowance and payment from the estate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 13 320(c).)
- 14 Sec. 355.106. ORDER FOR PAYMENT OF CLAIM OBTAINED BY
- 15 PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE. After the sixth month after the date
- 16 letters testamentary or of administration are granted, the court
- 17 may order a personal representative to pay any claim that is allowed
- 18 and approved on application by the representative stating that the
- 19 representative has no actual knowledge of any outstanding
- 20 enforceable claim against the estate other than the claims already
- 21 approved and classified by the court. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 22 320(d).)
- Sec. 355.107. ORDER FOR PAYMENT OF CLAIM OBTAINED BY
- 24 CREDITOR. (a) At any time after the first anniversary of the date
- 25 letters testamentary are granted for an estate, a creditor of the
- 26 estate whose claim or part of a claim has been approved by the court
- 27 or established by suit may obtain an order directing that payment of

- 1 the claim or part of the claim be made on written application and
- 2 proof, except as provided by Subsection (b), showing that the
- 3 estate has sufficient available funds.
- 4 (b) If the estate does not have available funds to pay a
- 5 claim or part of a claim described by Subsection (a) and waiting for
- 6 the estate to receive funds from other sources would unreasonably
- 7 delay the payment, the court shall order the sale of estate property
- 8 sufficient to make the payment.
- 9 (c) The personal representative of the estate must first be
- 10 cited on a written application under Subsection (a) to appear and
- 11 show cause why the order should not be made. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 12 326.)
- 13 Sec. 355.108. PAYMENT WHEN ASSETS INSUFFICIENT TO PAY
- 14 CLAIMS OF SAME CLASS. (a) If there are insufficient assets to pay
- 15 all claims of the same class, other than secured claims for money,
- 16 the claims in that class shall be paid pro rata, as directed by the
- 17 court, and in the order directed.
- 18 (b) A personal representative may not be allowed to pay a
- 19 claim under Subsection (a) other than with the pro rata amount of
- 20 the estate funds that have come into the representative's
- 21 possession, regardless of whether the estate is solvent or
- 22 insolvent. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 321.)
- Sec. 355.109. ABATEMENT OF BEQUESTS. (a) Except as
- 24 provided by Subsections (b), (c), and (d), a decedent's property is
- 25 liable for debts and expenses of administration other than estate
- 26 taxes, and bequests abate in the following order:
- 27 (1) property not disposed of by will, but passing by

- 1 intestacy;
- 2 (2) personal property of the residuary estate;
- 3 (3) real property of the residuary estate;
- 4 (4) general bequests of personal property;
- 5 (5) general devises of real property;
- 6 (6) specific bequests of personal property; and
- 7 (7) specific devises of real property.
- 8 (b) This section does not affect the requirements for
- 9 payment of a claim of a secured creditor who elects to have the
- 10 claim continued as a preferred debt and lien against specific
- 11 property under Subchapter D.
- 12 (c) A decedent's intent expressed in a will controls over
- 13 the abatement of bequests provided by this section.
- 14 (d) This section does not apply to the payment of estate
- 15 taxes under Subchapter A, Chapter 124. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 16 322B.)
- 17 Sec. 355.110. ALLOCATION OF FUNERAL EXPENSES. A personal
- 18 representative paying a claim for funeral expenses and for items
- 19 incident to the funeral, such as a tombstone, grave marker, crypt,
- 20 or burial plot:
- 21 (1) shall charge all of the claim to the decedent's
- 22 estate; and
- 23 (2) may not charge any part of the claim to the
- 24 community share of a surviving spouse. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 25 320A.)
- Sec. 355.111. PAYMENT OF COURT COSTS RELATING TO CLAIM. All
- 27 costs incurred in the probate court with respect to a claim shall be

- 1 taxed as follows:
- 2 (1) if the claim is allowed and approved, the estate
- 3 shall pay the costs;
- 4 (2) if the claim is allowed but disapproved, the
- 5 claimant shall pay the costs;
- 6 (3) if the claim is rejected but established by suit,
- 7 the estate shall pay the costs;
- 8 (4) if the claim is rejected and not established by
- 9 suit, the claimant shall pay the costs, except as provided by
- 10 Section 355.052; and
- 11 (5) if the claim is rejected in part and the claimant
- 12 fails, in a suit to establish the claim, to recover a judgment for a
- 13 greater amount than was allowed or approved for the claim, the
- 14 claimant shall pay all costs in the suit. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 15 315.)
- 16 Sec. 355.112. JOINT OBLIGATION FOR PAYMENT OF CERTAIN
- 17 DEBTS. On the death of a person jointly bound with one or more other
- 18 persons for the payment of a debt or for any other purpose, the
- 19 decedent's estate shall be charged by virtue of the obligation in
- 20 the same manner as if the obligors had been bound severally as well
- 21 as jointly. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 323.)
- Sec. 355.113. LIABILITY FOR NONPAYMENT OF CLAIM. (a) A
- 23 person or claimant, except the state treasury, entitled to payment
- 24 from an estate of money the court orders to be paid is authorized to
- 25 have execution issued against the estate property for the amount
- 26 due, with interest and costs, if:
- 27 (1) the personal representative fails to pay the money

- 1 on demand;
- 2 (2) estate funds are available to make the payment;
- 3 and
- 4 (3) the person or claimant makes an affidavit of the
- 5 demand for payment and the representative's failure to pay.
- 6 (b) The court may cite the personal representative and the
- 7 sureties on the representative's bond to show cause why the
- 8 representative and sureties should not be held liable under
- 9 Subsection (a) for the debt, interest, costs, and damages:
- 10 (1) on return of the execution not satisfied; or
- 11 (2) on the affidavit of demand and failure to pay under
- 12 Subsection (a).
- (c) On the return of citation served under Subsection (b),
- 14 the court shall render judgment against the cited personal
- 15 representative and sureties, in favor of the claim holder, if good
- 16 cause why the representative and sureties should not be held liable
- 17 is not shown. The judgment must be for:
- 18 (1) the amount previously ordered to be paid or
- 19 established by suit that remains unpaid, together with interest and
- 20 costs; and
- 21 (2) damages on the amount neglected to be paid at the
- 22 rate of five percent per month for each month, or fraction of a
- 23 month, that the payment was neglected to be paid after demand was
- 24 made.
- 25 (d) Damages ordered under Subsection (c)(2) may be
- 26 collected in any court of competent jurisdiction. (Tex. Prob.
- 27 Code, Sec. 328.)

- 1 [Sections 355.114-355.150 reserved for expansion]
- 2 SUBCHAPTER D. PRESENTMENT AND PAYMENT OF SECURED CLAIMS FOR MONEY
- 3 Sec. 355.151. OPTION TO TREAT CLAIM AS MATURED SECURED
- 4 CLAIM OR PREFERRED DEBT AND LIEN. (a) If a secured claim for money
- 5 against an estate is presented, the claimant shall specify in the
- 6 claim, in addition to all other matters required to be specified in
- 7 the claim, whether the claimant desires to have the claim:
- 8 (1) allowed and approved as a matured secured claim to
- 9 be paid in due course of administration, in which case the claim
- 10 shall be paid in that manner if allowed and approved; or
- 11 (2) allowed, approved, and fixed as a preferred debt
- 12 and lien against the specific property securing the indebtedness
- 13 and paid according to the terms of the contract that secured the
- 14 lien, in which case the claim shall be so allowed and approved if it
- 15 is a valid lien.
- 16 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (a)(2), the personal
- 17 representative may pay a claim that the claimant desired to have
- 18 allowed, approved, and fixed as a preferred debt and lien as
- 19 described by Subsection (a)(2) before maturity if that payment is
- 20 in the best interest of the estate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 306(a).)
- 21 Sec. 355.152. PERIOD FOR SPECIFYING TREATMENT OF SECURED
- 22 CLAIM. (a) A secured creditor may present the creditor's claim for
- 23 money and shall specify within the later of six months after the
- 24 date letters testamentary or of administration are granted, or four
- 25 months after the date notice required to be given under Section
- 26 308.053 is received, whether the claim is to be allowed and approved
- 27 under Section 355.151(a)(1) or (2).

- 1 (b) A secured claim for money that is not presented within
- 2 the period prescribed by Subsection (a) or that is presented
- 3 without specifying how the claim is to be paid under Section 355.151
- 4 shall be treated as a claim to be paid in accordance with Section
- 5 355.151(a)(2). (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 306(b).)
- 6 Sec. 355.153. PAYMENT OF MATURED SECURED CLAIM. (a) A
- 7 claim allowed and approved as a matured secured claim under Section
- 8 355.151(a)(1) shall be paid in due course of administration, and
- 9 the secured creditor is not entitled to exercise any other remedy in
- 10 a manner that prevents the preferential payment of claims and
- allowances described by Sections 355.103(1), (2), and (3).
- 12 (b) If a claim is allowed and approved as a matured secured
- 13 claim under Section 355.151(a)(1) for a debt that would otherwise
- 14 pass with the property securing the debt to one or more devisees in
- 15 accordance with Section 255.301, the personal representative
- 16 shall:
- 17 (1) collect from the devisees the amount of the debt;
- 18 and
- 19 (2) pay that amount to the claimant in satisfaction of
- 20 the claim.
- (c) Each devisee's share of the debt under Subsection (b) is
- 22 an amount equal to a fraction representing the devisee's ownership
- 23 interest in the property securing the debt, multiplied by the
- 24 amount of the debt.
- 25 (d) If the personal representative is unable to collect from
- 26 the devisees an amount sufficient to pay the debt under Subsection
- 27 (b), the representative shall, subject to Chapter 356, sell the

- 1 property securing the debt. The representative shall:
- 2 (1) use the sale proceeds to pay the debt and any
- 3 expenses associated with the sale; and
- 4 (2) distribute the remaining sale proceeds to each
- 5 devisee in an amount equal to a fraction representing the devisee's
- 6 ownership interest in the property, multiplied by the amount of the
- 7 remaining sale proceeds.
- 8 (e) If the sale proceeds under Subsection (d) are
- 9 insufficient to pay the debt and any expenses associated with the
- 10 sale, the difference between the sale proceeds and the sum of the
- 11 amount of the debt and the expenses associated with the sale shall
- 12 be paid in the manner prescribed by Subsection (a). (Tex. Prob.
- 13 Code, Secs. 306(c), (c-1).)
- 14 Sec. 355.154. PREFERRED DEBT AND LIEN. When a claim for a
- 15 debt is allowed and approved under Section 355.151(a)(2):
- 16 (1) a further claim for the debt may not be made
- 17 against other estate assets;
- 18 (2) the debt thereafter remains a preferred lien
- 19 against the property securing the debt; and
- 20 (3) the property remains security for the debt in any
- 21 distribution or sale of the property before final maturity and
- 22 payment of the debt. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 306(d).)
- Sec. 355.155. PAYMENT OF MATURITIES ON PREFERRED DEBT AND
- 24 LIEN. (a) If property securing a debt for which a claim is allowed,
- 25 approved, and fixed under Section 355.151(a)(2) is not sold or
- 26 distributed within six months from the date letters testamentary or
- 27 of administration are granted, the personal representative of the

- 1 estate shall:
- 2 (1) promptly pay all maturities that have accrued on
- 3 the debt according to the terms of the debt; and
- 4 (2) perform all the terms of any contract securing the
- 5 debt.
- 6 (b) If the personal representative defaults in payment or
- 7 performance under Subsection (a), on application of the claim
- 8 holder, the court shall:
- 9 (1) require the sale of the property subject to the
- 10 unmatured part of the debt and apply the proceeds of the sale to the
- 11 liquidation of the maturities;
- 12 (2) require the sale of the property free of the lien
- 13 and apply the proceeds to the payment of the whole debt; or
- 14 (3) authorize foreclosure by the claim holder as
- 15 provided by this subchapter. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 306(e).)
- 16 Sec. 355.156. AFFIDAVIT REQUIRED FOR FORECLOSURE. An
- 17 application by a claim holder under Section 355.155(b)(3) to
- 18 foreclose the claim holder's mortgage, lien, or security interest
- 19 on property securing a claim allowed, approved, and fixed under
- 20 Section 355.151(a)(2) must be supported by the claim holder's
- 21 affidavit that:
- 22 (1) describes the property or part of the property to
- 23 be sold by foreclosure;
- 24 (2) describes the amounts of the claim holder's
- 25 outstanding debt;
- 26 (3) describes the maturities that have accrued on the
- 27 debt according to the terms of the debt;

- 1 (4) describes any other debts secured by a mortgage,
- 2 lien, or security interest against the property that are known by
- 3 the claim holder:
- 4 (5) contains a statement that the claim holder has no
- 5 knowledge of the existence of any debt secured by the property other
- 6 than those described by the application; and
- 7 (6) requests permission for the claim holder to
- 8 foreclose the claim holder's mortgage, lien, or security interest.
- 9 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 306(f).)
- 10 Sec. 355.157. CITATION ON APPLICATION. (a) The clerk shall
- 11 issue citation on the filing of an application by:
- 12 (1) personal service to:
- 13 (A) the personal representative; and
- 14 (B) any person described by the application as
- 15 having other debts secured by a mortgage, lien, or security
- 16 interest against the property; and
- 17 (2) posting to any other person interested in the
- 18 estate.
- 19 (b) A citation issued under Subsection (a) must require the
- 20 person cited to appear and show cause why foreclosure should or
- 21 should not be permitted. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 306(g).)
- Sec. 355.158. HEARING ON APPLICATION. (a) The clerk shall
- 23 immediately notify the judge when an application is filed. The
- 24 judge shall schedule in writing a date for a hearing on the
- 25 application.
- 26 (b) The judge may, by entry on the docket or otherwise,
- 27 continue a hearing on an application for a reasonable time to allow

- 1 an interested person to obtain an appraisal or other evidence
- 2 concerning the fair market value of the property that is the subject
- 3 of the application. If the interested person requests an
- 4 unreasonable time for a continuance, the interested person must
- 5 show good cause for the continuance.
- 6 (c) If the court finds at the hearing that there is a default
- 7 in payment of maturities that have accrued on a debt described by
- 8 Section 355.155(a) or performance under the contract securing the
- 9 debt, the court shall:
- 10 (1) require the sale of the property subject to the
- 11 unmatured part of the debt and apply the proceeds of the sale to the
- 12 liquidation of the maturities;
- 13 (2) require the sale of the property free of the lien
- 14 and apply the proceeds to the payment of the whole debt; or
- 15 (3) authorize foreclosure by the claim holder as
- 16 provided by Section 355.156.
- 17 (d) A person interested in the estate may appeal an order
- 18 issued under Subsection (c)(3). (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 306(h),
- 19 (i)(1), (j).)
- Sec. 355.159. MANNER OF FORECLOSURE; MINIMUM PRICE. (a)
- 21 When the court grants a claim holder the right of foreclosure at a
- 22 hearing under Section 355.158, the court shall authorize the claim
- 23 holder to foreclose the claim holder's mortgage, lien, or security
- 24 interest:
- 25 (1) in accordance with the provisions of the document
- 26 creating the mortgage, lien, or security interest; or
- 27 (2) in any other manner allowed by law.

- 1 (b) Based on the evidence presented at the hearing, the
- 2 court may set a minimum price for the property to be sold by
- 3 foreclosure that does not exceed the fair market value of the
- 4 property. If the court sets a minimum price, the property may not
- 5 be sold at the foreclosure sale for a lower price. (Tex. Prob.
- 6 Code, Sec. 306(i)(2).)
- 7 Sec. 355.160. UNSUCCESSFUL FORECLOSURE; SUBSEQUENT
- 8 APPLICATION. If property that is the subject of a foreclosure sale
- 9 authorized and conducted under this subchapter is not sold because
- 10 no bid at the sale met the minimum price set by the court, the claim
- 11 holder may file a subsequent application for foreclosure under
- 12 Section 355.155(b)(3). The court may eliminate or modify the
- 13 minimum price requirement and grant permission for another
- 14 foreclosure sale. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 306(k).)
- 15 [Sections 355.161-355.200 reserved for expansion]
- 16 SUBCHAPTER E. CLAIMS INVOLVING PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVES
- 17 Sec. 355.201. CLAIM BY PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE. (a) The
- 18 provisions of this chapter regarding the presentment of claims
- 19 against a decedent's estate may not be construed to apply to any
- 20 claim of a personal representative against the decedent.
- 21 (b) A personal representative holding a claim against the
- 22 decedent shall file the claim in the court granting the letters
- 23 testamentary or of administration, verified by affidavit as
- 24 required in other cases, within six months after the date the
- 25 representative qualifies, or the claim is barred.
- 26 (c) A claim by a personal representative that has been filed
- 27 with the court within the required period shall be entered on the

- 1 claim docket and acted on by the court in the same manner as in other
- 2 cases.
- 3 (d) A personal representative may appeal a judgment of the
- 4 court acting on a claim under this section as in other cases.
- 5 (e) The previous provisions regarding the presentment of
- 6 claims may not be construed to apply to a claim:
- 7 (1) of any heir or devisee who claims in that capacity;
- 8 (2) that accrues against the estate after the granting
- 9 of letters testamentary or of administration and for which the
- 10 personal representative has contracted; or
- 11 (3) for delinquent ad valorem taxes against a
- 12 decedent's estate that is being administered in probate in:
- 13 (A) a county other than the county in which the
- 14 taxes were imposed; or
- 15 (B) the same county in which the taxes were
- 16 imposed, if the probate proceedings have been pending for more than
- 17 four years. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 317.)
- 18 Sec. 355.202. CLAIMS AGAINST PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVES. (a)
- 19 The naming of an executor in a will does not extinguish a just claim
- 20 that the decedent had against the person named as executor.
- 21 (b) If a personal representative is indebted to the
- 22 decedent, the representative shall account for the debt in the same
- 23 manner as if the debt were cash in the representative's possession.
- 24 (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (b), a personal
- 25 representative is required to account for the debt only from the
- 26 date the debt becomes due if the debt was not due at the time the
- 27 representative received letters testamentary or of administration.

- 1 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 316.)
- 2 Sec. 355.203. PURCHASE OF CLAIM BY PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE
- 3 PROHIBITED. (a) It is unlawful, and cause for removal, for a
- 4 personal representative, whether acting under appointment by will
- 5 or court orders, to purchase a claim against the estate the
- 6 representative represents for the representative's own use or any
- 7 other purpose.
- 8 (b) On written complaint by a person interested in the
- 9 estate and on satisfactory proof of a violation of Subsection (a),
- 10 the court after citation and hearing:
- 11 (1) shall enter an order canceling the claim described
- 12 by Subsection (a); and
- 13 (2) may remove the personal representative who is
- 14 found to have violated Subsection (a).
- 15 (c) No part of a claim canceled under Subsection (b) may be
- 16 paid out of the estate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 324.)
- 17 CHAPTER 356. SALE OF ESTATE PROPERTY
- 18 SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS
- 19 Sec. 356.001. COURT ORDER AUTHORIZING SALE
- 20 Sec. 356.002. SALE AUTHORIZED BY WILL
- 21 [Sections 356.003-356.050 reserved for expansion]
- 22 SUBCHAPTER B. CERTAIN ESTATE PROPERTY REQUIRED TO BE SOLD
- 23 Sec. 356.051. SALE OF CERTAIN PERSONAL PROPERTY
- 24 REQUIRED
- 25 [Sections 356.052-356.100 reserved for expansion]
- 26 SUBCHAPTER C. SALE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY
- 27 Sec. 356.101. ORDER FOR SALE

- 1 Sec. 356.102. REQUIREMENTS FOR APPLICATION AND ORDER
- 2 Sec. 356.103. SALE AT PUBLIC AUCTION
- 3 Sec. 356.104. SALE ON CREDIT
- 4 Sec. 356.105. REPORT; EVIDENCE OF TITLE
- 5 [Sections 356.106-356.150 reserved for expansion]
- 6 SUBCHAPTER D. SALE OF LIVESTOCK
- 7 Sec. 356.151. AUTHORITY FOR SALE
- 8 Sec. 356.152. CONTENTS OF APPLICATION; HEARING
- 9 Sec. 356.153. GRANT OF APPLICATION
- 10 Sec. 356.154. REPORT; PASSAGE OF TITLE
- 11 Sec. 356.155. COMMISSION MERCHANT FEES
- 12 [Sections 356.156-356.200 reserved for expansion]
- 13 SUBCHAPTER E. SALE OF MORTGAGED PROPERTY
- 14 Sec. 356.201. APPLICATION FOR SALE OF MORTGAGED
- 15 PROPERTY
- 16 Sec. 356.202. CITATION
- 17 Sec. 356.203. ORDER
- [Sections 356.204-356.250 reserved for expansion]
- 19 SUBCHAPTER F. SALE OF REAL PROPERTY: APPLICATION AND ORDER FOR
- 20 SALE
- 21 Sec. 356.251. APPLICATION FOR ORDER OF SALE
- 22 Sec. 356.252. CONTENTS OF APPLICATION
- 23 Sec. 356.253. CITATION
- 24 Sec. 356.254. OPPOSITION TO SALE
- 25 Sec. 356.255. HEARING ON APPLICATION AND ANY
- 26 OPPOSITION
- 27 Sec. 356.256. ORDER

- 1 Sec. 356.257. SALE FOR PAYMENT OF DEBTS
- 2 [Sections 356.258-356.300 reserved for expansion]
- 3 SUBCHAPTER G. SALE OF REAL ESTATE: TERMS OF SALE
- 4 Sec. 356.301. PERMISSIBLE TERMS
- 5 Sec. 356.302. SALE ON CREDIT
- 6 [Sections 356.303-356.350 reserved for expansion]
- 7 SUBCHAPTER H. RECONVEYANCE OF REAL ESTATE FOLLOWING FORECLOSURE
- 8 Sec. 356.351. APPLICABILITY OF SUBCHAPTER
- 9 Sec. 356.352. APPLICATION AND ORDER FOR RECONVEYANCE
- 10 Sec. 356.353. EXCHANGE FOR BONDS
- 11 [Sections 356.354-356.400 reserved for expansion]
- 12 SUBCHAPTER I. SALE OF REAL ESTATE: PUBLIC SALE
- 13 Sec. 356.401. REQUIRED NOTICE
- 14 Sec. 356.402. METHOD OF SALE
- 15 Sec. 356.403. TIME AND PLACE OF SALE
- 16 Sec. 356.404. CONTINUANCE OF SALE
- 17 Sec. 356.405. FAILURE OF BIDDER TO COMPLY
- 18 [Sections 356.406-356.450 reserved for expansion]
- 19 SUBCHAPTER J. SALE OF REAL ESTATE: PRIVATE SALE
- 20 Sec. 356.451. MANNER OF SALE
- 21 [Sections 356.452-356.500 reserved for expansion]
- 22 SUBCHAPTER K. SALE OF EASEMENT OR RIGHT-OF-WAY
- 23 Sec. 356.501. AUTHORIZATION
- 24 Sec. 356.502. PROCEDURE
- 25 [Sections 356.503-356.550 reserved for expansion]

- 1 SUBCHAPTER L. CONFIRMATION OF SALE OF REAL PROPERTY AND
- 2 TRANSFER OF TITLE
- 3 Sec. 356.551. REPORT
- 4 Sec. 356.552. ACTION OF COURT ON REPORT OF SALE
- 5 Sec. 356.553. CONFIRMATION OF SALE WHEN BOND NOT
- 6 REQUIRED
- 7 Sec. 356.554. SUFFICIENCY OF BOND
- 8 Sec. 356.555. INCREASED OR ADDITIONAL BOND NOT
- 9 REQUIRED
- 10 Sec. 356.556. CONFIRMATION OR DISAPPROVAL ORDER
- 11 Sec. 356.557. DEED
- 12 Sec. 356.558. DELIVERY OF DEED
- 13 Sec. 356.559. DAMAGES; REMOVAL
- [Sections 356.560-356.600 reserved for expansion]
- 15 SUBCHAPTER M. PROCEDURE ON FAILURE TO APPLY FOR SALE
- 16 Sec. 356.601. FAILURE TO APPLY FOR SALE
- 17 Sec. 356.602. COURT ORDER
- [Sections 356.603-356.650 reserved for expansion]
- 19 SUBCHAPTER N. PURCHASE OF PROPERTY BY PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE
- 20 Sec. 356.651. GENERAL PROHIBITION ON PURCHASE
- 21 Sec. 356.652. EXCEPTION: AUTHORIZATION IN WILL
- 22 Sec. 356.653. EXCEPTION: EXECUTORY CONTRACT
- 23 Sec. 356.654. EXCEPTION: BEST INTEREST OF ESTATE
- 24 Sec. 356.655. PURCHASE IN VIOLATION OF SUBCHAPTER
- 25 CHAPTER 356. SALE OF ESTATE PROPERTY
- SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS
- Sec. 356.001. COURT ORDER AUTHORIZING SALE. (a) Except as

- 1 provided by this chapter, estate property may not be sold without a
- 2 court order authorizing the sale.
- 3 (b) Except as otherwise specially provided by this chapter,
- 4 the court may order estate property to be sold for cash or on
- 5 credit, at public auction or privately, as the court considers most
- 6 advantageous to the estate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 331.)
- 7 Sec. 356.002. SALE AUTHORIZED BY WILL. (a) Subject to
- 8 Subsection (b), if a will authorizes the executor to sell the
- 9 testator's property:
- 10 (1) a court order is not required to authorize the
- 11 executor to sell the property; and
- 12 (2) the executor may sell the property:
- 13 (A) at public auction or privately as the
- 14 executor considers to be in the best interest of the estate; and
- 15 (B) for cash or on credit terms determined by the
- 16 executor.
- 17 (b) Any particular directions in the testator's will
- 18 regarding the sale of estate property shall be followed unless the
- 19 directions have been annulled or suspended by court order. (Tex.
- 20 Prob. Code, Sec. 332.)
- 21 [Sections 356.003-356.050 reserved for expansion]
- 22 SUBCHAPTER B. CERTAIN ESTATE PROPERTY REQUIRED TO BE SOLD
- Sec. 356.051. SALE OF CERTAIN PERSONAL PROPERTY REQUIRED.
- 24 (a) After approval of the inventory, appraisement, and list of
- 25 claims, the personal representative of an estate promptly shall
- 26 apply for a court order to sell, at public auction or privately, for
- 27 cash or on credit for a term not to exceed six months, all estate

- 1 property that is liable to perish, waste, or deteriorate in value,
- 2 or that will be an expense or disadvantage to the estate if kept.
- 3 (b) The following may not be included in a sale under
- 4 Subsection (a):
- 5 (1) property exempt from forced sale;
- 6 (2) property that is the subject of a specific legacy;
- 7 and
- 8 (3) personal property necessary to carry on a farm,
- 9 ranch, factory, or other business that is thought best to operate.
- 10 (c) In determining whether to order the sale of an asset
- 11 under Subsection (a), the court shall consider:
- 12 (1) the personal representative's duty to take care of
- 13 and manage the estate in the manner a person of ordinary prudence,
- 14 discretion, and intelligence would manage the person's own affairs;
- 15 and
- 16 (2) whether the asset constitutes an asset that a
- 17 trustee is authorized to invest under Subchapter F, Chapter 113,
- 18 Property Code, or Chapter 117, Property Code. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 19 Sec. 333.)
- 20 [Sections 356.052-356.100 reserved for expansion]
- 21 SUBCHAPTER C. SALE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY
- Sec. 356.101. ORDER FOR SALE. (a) Except as provided by
- 23 Subsection (b), on the application of the personal representative
- 24 of an estate or any interested person, the court may order the sale
- 25 of any estate personal property not required to be sold by Section
- 26 356.051, including livestock or growing or harvested crops, if the
- 27 court finds that the sale of the property is in the estate's best

- 1 interest to pay, from the proceeds of the sale:
- 2 (1) expenses of administration;
- 3 (2) the decedent's funeral expenses;
- 4 (3) expenses of the decedent's last illness;
- 5 (4) allowances; or
- 6 (5) claims against the estate.
- 7 (b) The court may not order under this section the sale of
- 8 exempt property or property that is the subject of a specific
- 9 legacy. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 334 (part).)
- 10 Sec. 356.102. REQUIREMENTS FOR APPLICATION AND ORDER. To
- 11 the extent possible, an application and order for the sale of
- 12 personal property under Section 356.101 must conform to the
- 13 requirements under Subchapter F for an application and order for
- 14 the sale of real estate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 334 (part).)
- 15 Sec. 356.103. SALE AT PUBLIC AUCTION. Unless the court
- 16 directs otherwise, before estate personal property is sold at
- 17 public auction, notice must be:
- 18 (1) issued by the personal representative of the
- 19 estate; and
- 20 (2) posted in the manner notice is posted for original
- 21 proceedings in probate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 336.)
- Sec. 356.104. SALE ON CREDIT. (a) Estate personal property
- 23 may not be sold on credit at public auction for a term of more than
- 24 six months from the date of sale.
- 25 (b) Estate personal property purchased on credit at public
- 26 auction may not be delivered to the purchaser until the purchaser
- 27 gives a note for the amount due, with good and solvent personal

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- 1 security. The requirement that security be provided may be waived
- 2 if the property will not be delivered until the note, with interest,
- 3 has been paid. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 337.)
- 4 Sec. 356.105. REPORT; EVIDENCE OF TITLE. (a) A sale of
- 5 estate personal property shall be reported to the court. The laws
- 6 regulating the confirmation or disapproval of a sale of real estate
- 7 apply to the sale, except that a conveyance is not required.
- 8 (b) The court's order confirming the sale of estate personal
- 9 property:
- 10 (1) vests the right and title of the intestate's estate
- 11 in the purchaser who has complied with the terms of the sale; and
- 12 (2) is prima facie evidence that all requirements of
- 13 the law in making the sale have been met.
- 14 (c) The personal representative of an estate, on request,
- 15 may issue a bill of sale without warranty to the purchaser of estate
- 16 personal property as evidence of title. The purchaser shall pay for
- 17 the issuance of the bill of sale. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 339.)
- 18 [Sections 356.106-356.150 reserved for expansion]
- 19 SUBCHAPTER D. SALE OF LIVESTOCK
- Sec. 356.151. AUTHORITY FOR SALE. (a) A personal
- 21 representative of an estate who has possession of livestock and who
- 22 considers selling the livestock to be necessary or to the estate's
- 23 advantage may, in addition to any other method provided by law for
- 24 the sale of personal property, obtain authority from the court in
- 25 which the estate is pending to sell the livestock through:
- 26 (1) a bonded livestock commission merchant; or
- 27 (2) a bonded livestock auction commission merchant.

- 1 (b) The court may authorize the sale of livestock in the
- 2 manner described by Subsection (a) on a written and sworn
- 3 application by the personal representative or any person interested
- 4 in the estate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 335 (part).)
- 5 Sec. 356.152. CONTENTS OF APPLICATION; HEARING. (a) An
- 6 application under Section 356.151 must:
- 7 (1) describe the livestock sought to be sold; and
- 8 (2) state why granting the application is necessary or
- 9 to the estate's advantage.
- 10 (b) The court:
- 11 (1) shall promptly consider the application; and
- 12 (2) may hear evidence for or against the application,
- 13 with or without notice, as the facts warrant. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 14 Sec. 335 (part).)
- 15 Sec. 356.153. GRANT OF APPLICATION. If the court grants an
- 16 application for the sale of livestock, the court shall:
- 17 (1) enter an order to that effect; and
- 18 (2) authorize delivery of the livestock to a
- 19 commission merchant described by Section 356.151 for sale in the
- 20 regular course of business. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 335 (part).)
- Sec. 356.154. REPORT; PASSAGE OF TITLE. The personal
- 22 representative of the estate shall promptly report to the court a
- 23 sale of livestock authorized under this subchapter, supported by a
- 24 verified copy of the commission merchant's account of the sale. A
- 25 court order of confirmation is not required to pass title to the
- 26 purchaser of the livestock. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 335 (part).)
- 27 Sec. 356.155. COMMISSION MERCHANT FEES. A commission

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- 1 merchant shall be paid the merchant's usual and customary charges,
- 2 not to exceed five percent of the sale price, for the sale of
- 3 livestock authorized under this subchapter. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 4 335 (part).)
- 5 [Sections 356.156-356.200 reserved for expansion]
- 6 SUBCHAPTER E. SALE OF MORTGAGED PROPERTY
- 7 Sec. 356.201. APPLICATION FOR SALE OF MORTGAGED PROPERTY.
- 8 A creditor holding a claim that is secured by a valid mortgage or
- 9 other lien and that has been allowed and approved or established by
- 10 suit may, by filing a written application, obtain from the court in
- 11 which the estate is pending an order requiring that the property
- 12 securing the lien, or as much of the property as is necessary to
- 13 satisfy the claim, be sold. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 338 (part).)
- 14 Sec. 356.202. CITATION. On the filing of an application
- 15 under Section 356.201, the clerk shall issue a citation requiring
- 16 the personal representative of the estate to appear and show cause
- 17 why the application should not be granted. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 18 338 (part).)
- 19 Sec. 356.203. ORDER. The court may order the lien securing
- 20 the claim of a creditor who files an application under Section
- 21 356.201 to be discharged out of general estate assets or refinanced
- 22 if the discharge or refinance of the lien appears to the court to be
- 23 advisable. Otherwise, the court shall grant the application and
- 24 order that the property securing the lien be sold at public or
- 25 private sale, as considered best, as in an ordinary sale of real
- 26 estate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 338 (part).)
- [Sections 356.204-356.250 reserved for expansion]

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SUBCHAPTER F. SALE OF REAL PROPERTY: APPLICATION AND ORDER FOR
 1
2
                                   SALE
          Sec. 356.251.
                         APPLICATION
                                      FOR
                                             ORDER
                                                     OF
 3
                                                          SALE.
                                                                     An
    application may be made to the court for an order to sell estate
4
5
   property if the sale appears necessary or advisable to:
6
               (1)
                    pay:
                          expenses of administration;
7
                     (A)
8
                     (B)
                          the decedent's funeral expenses;
                          expenses of the decedent's last illness;
9
                     (C)
                          allowances; and
10
                     (D)
                          claims against the estate; or
11
                     (E)
                    dispose of an interest in estate real property if
12
                (2)
    selling the interest is considered in the estate's best interest.
13
    (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 341.)
14
15
          Sec. 356.252. CONTENTS OF APPLICATION. An application for
16
   the sale of real estate must:
17
               (1) be in writing;
               (2)
                    describe:
18
                          the real estate sought to be sold; or
19
20
                          the interest in or part of the real estate
21
   sought to be sold; and
22
               (3) be accompanied by an exhibit, verified by an
   affidavit, showing:
23
24
                          the estate's condition fully and in detail;
25
                     (B)
                          the charges and claims that have been
   approved or established by suit or that have been rejected and may
26
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27

yet be established;

- 1 (C) the amount of each claim described by
- 2 Paragraph (B);
- 3 (D) the estate property remaining on hand that is
- 4 liable for the payment of the claims described by Paragraph (B); and
- 5 (E) any other facts showing the necessity for or
- 6 advisability of the sale. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 342.)
- 7 Sec. 356.253. CITATION. On the filing of an application and
- 8 exhibit described by Section 356.252, the clerk shall issue a
- 9 citation to all persons interested in the estate. The citation
- 10 must:
- 11 (1) describe the real estate or the interest in or part
- 12 of the real estate sought to be sold;
- 13 (2) inform the interested persons of the right under
- 14 Section 356.254 to file an opposition to the sale during the period
- 15 prescribed by the court in the citation; and
- 16 (3) be served by posting. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 344.)
- 17 Sec. 356.254. OPPOSITION TO SALE. During the period
- 18 prescribed in a citation issued under Section 356.253, any person
- 19 interested in the estate may file:
- 20 (1) a written opposition to the sale; or
- 21 (2) an application for the sale of other estate
- 22 property. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 345.)
- Sec. 356.255. HEARING ON APPLICATION AND ANY OPPOSITION.
- 24 (a) The clerk of the court in which an application for an order of
- 25 sale is filed shall immediately call to the judge's attention any
- 26 opposition to the sale that is filed during the period prescribed in
- 27 the citation issued under Section 356.253. The court shall hold a

- 1 hearing on the application if an opposition to the sale is filed
- 2 during the period prescribed in the citation.
- 3 (b) A hearing on an application for an order of sale is not
- 4 required under this section if no opposition to the application is
- 5 filed during the period prescribed in the citation. The court may
- 6 determine that a hearing on the application is necessary even if no
- 7 opposition is filed during that period.
- 8 (c) If the court orders a hearing under Subsection (a) or
- 9 (b), the court shall designate in writing a date and time for the
- 10 hearing on the application and any opposition, together with the
- 11 evidence pertaining to the application and any opposition. The
- 12 clerk shall issue a notice of the date and time of the hearing to the
- 13 applicant and to each person who files an opposition to the sale, if
- 14 applicable.
- 15 (d) The judge, by entries on the docket, may continue a
- 16 hearing held under this section from time to time until the judge is
- 17 satisfied concerning the application. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 345A.)
- 18 Sec. 356.256. ORDER. (a) The court shall order the sale of
- 19 the estate property described in an application for an order of sale
- 20 if the court is satisfied that the sale is necessary or advisable.
- 21 Otherwise, the court may deny the application and, if the court
- 22 considers it best, may order the sale of other estate property the
- 23 sale of which would be more advantageous to the estate.
- 24 (b) An order for the sale of real estate under this section
- 25 must specify:
- 26 (1) the property to be sold, including a description
- 27 that identifies that property;

- 1 (2) whether the property is to be sold at public
- 2 auction or private sale and, if at public auction, the time and
- 3 place of the sale;
- 4 (3) the necessity or advisability of, and the purpose
- 5 of, the sale;
- 6 (4) except in a case in which a personal
- 7 representative was not required to give a general bond, that the
- 8 court, after examining the general bond given by the
- 9 representative, finds that:
- 10 (A) the bond is sufficient as required by law; or
- 11 (B) the bond is insufficient;
- 12 (5) if the court finds that the general bond is
- 13 insufficient under Subdivision (4)(B), the amount of the necessary
- 14 or increased bond, as applicable;
- 15 (6) that the sale is to be made and the report returned
- 16 in accordance with law; and
- 17 (7) the terms of the sale. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 18 346.)
- 19 Sec. 356.257. SALE FOR PAYMENT OF DEBTS. Estate real
- 20 property selected to be sold for the payment of expenses or claims
- 21 must be that property the sale of which the court considers most
- 22 advantageous to the estate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 340.)
- [Sections 356.258-356.300 reserved for expansion]
- SUBCHAPTER G. SALE OF REAL ESTATE: TERMS OF SALE
- Sec. 356.301. PERMISSIBLE TERMS. Real estate of an estate
- 26 may be sold for cash, part cash and part credit, or the equity in
- 27 land securing an indebtedness may be sold subject to the

- 1 indebtedness, or with an assumption of the indebtedness, at public
- 2 or private sale, as appears to the court to be in the estate's best
- 3 interest. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 348(a) (part).)
- 4 Sec. 356.302. SALE ON CREDIT. (a) The cash payment for
- 5 real estate of an estate sold partly on credit may not be less than
- 6 one-fifth of the purchase price. The purchaser shall execute a note
- 7 for the deferred payments, payable in monthly, quarterly,
- 8 semiannual, or annual installments, in amounts that appear to the
- 9 court to be in the estate's best interest. The note must bear
- 10 interest from the date at a rate of not less than four percent per
- 11 year, payable as provided in the note.
- 12 (b) A note executed by a purchaser under Subsection (a) must
- 13 be secured by a vendor's lien retained in the deed and in the note on
- 14 the property sold, and be further secured by a deed of trust on the
- 15 property sold, with the usual provisions for foreclosure and sale
- 16 on failure to make the payments provided in the deed and the note.
- 17 (c) At the election of the holder of a note executed by a
- 18 purchaser under Subsection (a), default in the payment of
- 19 principal, interest, or any part of the principal or interest, when
- 20 due matures the entire debt. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 348(a) (part).)
- 21 [Sections 356.303-356.350 reserved for expansion]
- 22 SUBCHAPTER H. RECONVEYANCE OF REAL ESTATE FOLLOWING FORECLOSURE
- Sec. 356.351. APPLICABILITY OF SUBCHAPTER. This subchapter
- 24 applies only to real estate owned by an estate as a result of the
- 25 foreclosure of a vendor's lien or mortgage belonging to the estate:
- 26 (1) by a judicial sale;
- 27 (2) by a foreclosure suit;

- 1 (3) through a sale under a deed of trust; or
- 2 (4) by acceptance of a deed in cancellation of a lien
- 3 or mortgage owned by the estate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 348(b)
- 4 (part).)
- 5 Sec. 356.352. APPLICATION AND ORDER FOR RECONVEYANCE. On
- 6 proper application and proof, the court may dispense with the
- 7 requirements for a credit sale prescribed by Section 356.302 and
- 8 order the reconveyance of foreclosed real estate to the former
- 9 mortgage debtor or former owner if it appears to the court that:
- 10 (1) an application to redeem the real estate has been
- 11 made by the former owner to a corporation or agency created by an
- 12 Act of the United States Congress or of this state in connection
- 13 with legislation for the relief of owners of mortgaged or
- 14 encumbered homes, farms, ranches, or other real estate; and
- 15 (2) owning bonds of one of those federal or state
- 16 corporations or agencies instead of the real estate would be in the
- 17 estate's best interest. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 348(b) (part).)
- 18 Sec. 356.353. EXCHANGE FOR BONDS. (a) If a court orders
- 19 the reconveyance of foreclosed real estate as provided by Section
- 20 356.352, vendor's lien notes shall be reserved for the total amount
- 21 of the indebtedness due or for the total amount of bonds that the
- 22 corporation or agency to which the application to redeem the real
- 23 estate was submitted as described by Section 356.352(1) is allowed
- 24 to advance under the corporation's or agency's rules or
- 25 regulations.
- 26 (b) On obtaining the order for reconveyance, it shall be
- 27 proper for the personal representative of the estate to indorse and

- 1 assign the reserved vendor's lien notes over to any one of the
- 2 corporations or agencies described by Section 356.352(1) in
- 3 exchange for bonds of that corporation or agency. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 4 Sec. 348(b) (part).)
- 5 [Sections 356.354-356.400 reserved for expansion]
- 6 SUBCHAPTER I. SALE OF REAL ESTATE: PUBLIC SALE
- 7 Sec. 356.401. REQUIRED NOTICE. (a) Except as otherwise
- 8 provided by Section 356.403(c), the personal representative of an
- 9 estate shall advertise a public sale of real estate of the estate by
- 10 a notice published in the county in which the estate is pending, as
- 11 provided by this title for publication of notices or citations. The
- 12 notice must:
- 13 (1) include a reference to the order of sale;
- 14 (2) include the time, place, and required terms of
- 15 sale; and
- 16 (3) briefly describe the real estate to be sold.
- 17 (b) The notice required by Subsection (a) is not required to
- 18 contain field notes, but if the real estate to be sold is rural
- 19 property, the notice must include:
- 20 (1) the name of the original survey of the real estate;
- 21 (2) the number of acres comprising the real estate;
- 22 (3) the location of the real estate in the county; and
- 23 (4) any name by which the real estate is generally
- 24 known. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 349(a).)
- Sec. 356.402. METHOD OF SALE. A public sale of real estate
- 26 of an estate shall be made at public auction to the highest bidder.
- 27 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 349(b).)

- 1 Sec. 356.403. TIME AND PLACE OF SALE. (a) Except as
- 2 provided by Subsection (c), a public sale of real estate of an
- 3 estate shall be made at:
- 4 (1) the courthouse door in the county in which the
- 5 proceedings are pending; or
- 6 (2) another place in that county at which sales of real
- 7 estate are specifically authorized to be made.
- 8 (b) The sale must occur between 10 a.m. and 4 p.m. on the
- 9 first Tuesday of the month after publication of notice has been
- 10 completed.
- 11 (c) If the court considers it advisable, the court may order
- 12 the sale to be made in the county in which the real estate is
- 13 located, in which event notice shall be published both in that
- 14 county and in the county in which the proceedings are pending.
- 15 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 349(c).)
- Sec. 356.404. CONTINUANCE OF SALE. (a) A public sale of
- 17 real estate of an estate that is not completed on the day advertised
- 18 may be continued from day to day by an oral public announcement of
- 19 the continuance made at the conclusion of the sale each day.
- 20 (b) A continued sale must occur within the hours prescribed
- 21 by Section 356.403(b).
- (c) The continuance of a sale under this section shall be
- 23 shown in the report of the sale made to the court. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 24 Sec. 349(d).)
- Sec. 356.405. FAILURE OF BIDDER TO COMPLY. (a) If a person
- 26 bids off real estate of the estate offered for sale at public
- 27 auction and fails to comply with the terms of the sale, the property

- 1 shall be readvertised and sold without any further order.
- 2 (b) The person defaulting on a bid as described by
- 3 Subsection (a) is liable for payment to the personal representative
- 4 of the estate, for the estate's benefit, of:
- 5 (1) 10 percent of the amount of the bid; and
- 6 (2) the amount of any deficiency in price on the second
- 7 sale.
- 8 (c) The personal representative may recover the amounts
- 9 under Subsection (b) by suit in any court in the county in which the
- 10 sale was made that has jurisdiction of the amount claimed. (Tex.
- 11 Prob. Code, Sec. 349(e).)
- 12 [Sections 356.406-356.450 reserved for expansion]
- 13 SUBCHAPTER J. SALE OF REAL ESTATE: PRIVATE SALE
- 14 Sec. 356.451. MANNER OF SALE. A private sale of real estate
- 15 of the estate shall be made in the manner the court directs in the
- 16 order of sale. Unless the court directs otherwise, additional
- 17 advertising, notice, or citation concerning the sale is not
- 18 required. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 350.)
- 19 [Sections 356.452-356.500 reserved for expansion]
- 20 SUBCHAPTER K. SALE OF EASEMENT OR RIGHT-OF-WAY
- Sec. 356.501. AUTHORIZATION. Easements and rights-of-way
- 22 on, under, and over the land of an estate that is being administered
- 23 under court order may be sold and conveyed regardless of whether the
- 24 sale proceeds are required to pay charges or claims against the
- 25 estate or for other lawful purposes. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 351
- 26 (part).)
- Sec. 356.502. PROCEDURE. The procedure for the sale of an

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- 1 easement or right-of-way authorized under Section 356.501 is the
- 2 same as the procedure provided by law for a sale of estate real
- 3 property at private sale. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 351 (part).)
- 4 [Sections 356.503-356.550 reserved for expansion]
- 5 SUBCHAPTER L. CONFIRMATION OF SALE OF REAL PROPERTY AND
- 6 TRANSFER OF TITLE
- 7 Sec. 356.551. REPORT. A sale of estate real property shall
- 8 be reported to the court ordering the sale not later than the 30th
- 9 day after the date the sale is made. The report must:
- 10 (1) be sworn to, in writing, and filed with the clerk;
- 11 (2) include:
- 12 (A) the date of the order of sale;
- 13 (B) a description of the property sold;
- 14 (C) the time and place of sale;
- 15 (D) the purchaser's name;
- 16 (E) the amount for which each parcel of property
- 17 or interest in property was sold;
- 18 (F) the terms of the sale;
- 19 (G) whether the sale was made at public auction
- 20 or privately; and
- 21 (H) whether the purchaser is ready to comply with
- 22 the order of sale; and
- 23 (3) be noted on the probate docket. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 24 Sec. 353.)
- Sec. 356.552. ACTION OF COURT ON REPORT OF SALE. After the
- 26 expiration of five days from the date a report of sale is filed
- 27 under Section 356.551, the court shall:

- 1 (1) inquire into the manner in which the sale was made;
- 2 (2) hear evidence in support of or against the report;
- 3 and
- 4 (3) determine the sufficiency or insufficiency of the
- 5 personal representative's general bond, if any has been required
- 6 and given. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 355 (part).)
- 7 Sec. 356.553. CONFIRMATION OF SALE WHEN BOND NOT REQUIRED.
- 8 If the personal representative of an estate is not required by this
- 9 title to give a general bond, the court may confirm the sale of
- 10 estate real property in the manner provided by Section 356.556(a)
- 11 if the court finds that the sale is satisfactory and made in
- 12 accordance with law. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 354 (part).)
- 13 Sec. 356.554. SUFFICIENCY OF BOND. (a) If the personal
- 14 representative of an estate is required by this title to give a
- 15 general bond, before the court confirms any sale of real estate, the
- 16 court shall determine whether the bond is sufficient to protect the
- 17 estate after the sale proceeds are received.
- 18 (b) If the court finds that the general bond is sufficient,
- 19 the court may confirm the sale as provided by Section 356.556(a).
- 20 (c) If the court finds that the general bond is
- 21 insufficient, the court may not confirm the sale until the general
- 22 bond is increased to the amount required by the court, or an
- 23 additional bond is given, and approved by the court.
- 24 (d) An increase in the amount of the general bond, or the
- 25 additional bond, as applicable under Subsection (c), must be equal
- 26 to the sum of:
- 27 (1) the amount for which the real estate is sold; and

- 1 (2) any additional amount the court finds necessary 2 and sets for the estate's protection. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 354
- 4 Sec. 356.555. INCREASED OR ADDITIONAL BOND NOT REQUIRED.
- 5 Notwithstanding Sections 356.554(c) and (d), if the real estate
- 6 sold is encumbered by a lien to secure a claim against the estate
- 7 and is sold to the owner or holder of the secured claim in full
- 8 payment, liquidation, and satisfaction of the claim, an increased
- 9 general bond or additional bond may not be required except for the
- 10 amount of any cash paid to the personal representative of the estate
- 11 in excess of the amount necessary to pay, liquidate, and satisfy the
- 12 claim in full. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 354 (part).)
- 13 Sec. 356.556. CONFIRMATION OR DISAPPROVAL ORDER. (a) If
- 14 the court is satisfied that a sale reported under Section 356.551
- 15 was for a fair price, properly made, and in conformity with law, and
- 16 the court has approved any increased or additional bond that the
- 17 court found necessary to protect the estate, the court shall enter
- 18 an order:

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(part).)

- 19 (1) confirming the sale;
- 20 (2) showing conformity with this chapter;
- 21 (3) detailing the terms of the sale; and
- 22 (4) authorizing the personal representative to convey
- 23 the property on the purchaser's compliance with the terms of the
- 24 sale.
- 25 (b) If the court is not satisfied that the sale was for a
- 26 fair price, properly made, and in conformity with law, the court
- 27 shall enter an order setting aside the sale and ordering a new sale

- 1 to be made, if necessary.
- 2 (c) The court's action in confirming or disapproving a
- 3 report of a sale has the effect of a final judgment. Any person
- 4 interested in the estate or in the sale is entitled to have an order
- 5 entered under this section reviewed as in other final judgments in
- 6 probate proceedings. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 355 (part).)
- 7 Sec. 356.557. DEED. Real estate of an estate that is sold
- 8 shall be conveyed by a proper deed that refers to and identifies the
- 9 court order confirming the sale. The deed:
- 10 (1) vests in the purchaser all right and title of the
- 11 estate to, and all interest of the estate in, the property; and
- 12 (2) is prima facie evidence that the sale has met all
- 13 applicable requirements of the law. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 356.)
- 14 Sec. 356.558. DELIVERY OF DEED. (a) After the court has
- 15 confirmed a sale and the purchaser has complied with the terms of
- 16 the sale, the personal representative of the estate shall promptly
- 17 execute and deliver to the purchaser a proper deed conveying the
- 18 property.
- 19 (b) If the sale is made partly on credit:
- 20 (1) the vendor's lien securing one or more purchase
- 21 money notes must be expressly retained in the deed and may not be
- 22 waived; and
- 23 (2) before actual delivery of the deed to the
- 24 purchaser, the purchaser shall execute and deliver to the personal
- 25 representative of the estate one or more vendor's lien notes, with
- 26 or without personal sureties as ordered by the court, and a deed of
- 27 trust or mortgage on the property as additional security for the

- 1 payment of the notes.
- 2 (c) On completion of the transaction, the personal
- 3 representative of the estate shall promptly file or cause to be
- 4 filed and recorded the deed of trust or mortgage in the appropriate
- 5 records in the county in which the land is located. (Tex. Prob.
- 6 Code, Sec. 357.)
- 7 Sec. 356.559. DAMAGES; REMOVAL. (a) If the personal
- 8 representative of an estate neglects to comply with Section
- 9 356.558, including to file the deed of trust securing a lien in the
- 10 proper county, the representative and the sureties on the
- 11 representative's bond shall, after complaint and citation, be held
- 12 liable for the use of the estate and for all damages resulting from
- 13 the representative's neglect, and the court may remove the
- 14 representative.
- 15 (b) Damages under this section may be recovered in any court
- 16 of competent jurisdiction. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 358.)
- 17 [Sections 356.560-356.600 reserved for expansion]
- 18 SUBCHAPTER M. PROCEDURE ON FAILURE TO APPLY FOR SALE
- 19 Sec. 356.601. FAILURE TO APPLY FOR SALE. If the personal
- 20 representative of an estate neglects to apply for an order to sell
- 21 sufficient estate property to pay charges and claims against the
- 22 estate that have been allowed and approved or established by suit,
- 23 any interested person, on written application, may have the
- 24 representative cited to appear and make a full exhibit of the
- 25 estate's condition and show cause why a sale of the property should
- 26 not be ordered. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 347 (part).)
- Sec. 356.602. COURT ORDER. On hearing an application under

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- 1 Section 356.601, if the court is satisfied that a sale of estate
- 2 property is necessary or advisable to satisfy the charges and
- 3 claims described by Section 356.601, the court shall enter an order
- 4 of sale as provided by Section 356.256. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 347
- 5 (part).)
- 6 [Sections 356.603-356.650 reserved for expansion]
- 7 SUBCHAPTER N. PURCHASE OF PROPERTY BY PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE
- 8 Sec. 356.651. GENERAL PROHIBITION ON PURCHASE. Except as
- 9 otherwise provided by this subchapter, the personal representative
- 10 of an estate may not purchase, directly or indirectly, any estate
- 11 property sold by the representative or any co-representative of the
- 12 estate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 352(a).)
- 13 Sec. 356.652. EXCEPTION: AUTHORIZATION IN WILL. A personal
- 14 representative of an estate may purchase estate property if the
- 15 representative was appointed in a will that:
- 16 (1) has been admitted to probate; and
- 17 (2) expressly authorizes the sale. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 18 Sec. 352(b).)
- 19 Sec. 356.653. EXCEPTION: EXECUTORY CONTRACT. A personal
- 20 representative of a decedent's estate may purchase estate property
- 21 in compliance with the terms of a written executory contract signed
- 22 by the decedent, including:
- 23 (1) a contract for deed;
- 24 (2) an earnest money contract;
- 25 (3) a buy/sell agreement; and
- 26 (4) a stock purchase or redemption agreement. (Tex.
- 27 Prob. Code, Sec. 352(c).)

- 1 Sec. 356.654. EXCEPTION: BEST INTEREST OF ESTATE. (a)
- 2 Subject to Subsection (b), the personal representative of an
- 3 estate, including an independent administrator, may purchase
- 4 estate property on the court's determination that the sale is in the
- 5 estate's best interest.
- 6 (b) Before purchasing estate property as authorized by
- 7 Subsection (a), the personal representative shall give notice of
- 8 the purchase by certified mail, return receipt requested, unless
- 9 the court requires another form of notice, to:
- 10 (1) each distributee of the estate; and
- 11 (2) each creditor whose claim remains unsettled after
- 12 being presented within six months of the date letters testamentary
- 13 or of administration are originally granted.
- 14 (c) The court may require additional notice or allow for the
- 15 waiver of the notice required for a sale made under this section.
- 16 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 352(d).)
- 17 Sec. 356.655. PURCHASE IN VIOLATION OF SUBCHAPTER. (a) If
- 18 a personal representative of an estate purchases estate property in
- 19 violation of this subchapter, any person interested in the estate
- 20 may file a written complaint with the court in which the proceedings
- 21 are pending.
- (b) On service of citation on the personal representative on
- 23 a complaint filed under Subsection (a) and after hearing and proof,
- 24 the court shall:
- 25 (1) declare the sale void;
- 26 (2) set aside the sale; and
- 27 (3) order the reconveyance of the property to the

- 1 estate.
- 2 (c) The court shall adjudge against the personal
- 3 representative all costs of the sale, protest, and suit found
- 4 necessary. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 352(e).)
- 5 CHAPTER 357. RENTING ESTATE PROPERTY
- 6 SUBCHAPTER A. RENTAL AND RETURN OF ESTATE PROPERTY
- 7 Sec. 357.001. RENTING ESTATE PROPERTY WITHOUT COURT
- 8 ORDER
- 9 Sec. 357.002. RENTING ESTATE PROPERTY WITH COURT ORDER
- 10 Sec. 357.003. ESTATE PROPERTY RENTED ON CREDIT
- 11 Sec. 357.004. CONDITION OF RETURNED ESTATE PROPERTY
- 12 Sec. 357.005. COMPLAINT FOR FAILURE TO RENT
- [Sections 357.006-357.050 reserved for expansion]
- 14 SUBCHAPTER B. REPORT ON RENTED ESTATE PROPERTY
- 15 Sec. 357.051. REPORTS CONCERNING RENTALS
- 16 Sec. 357.052. COURT ACTION ON REPORT
- 17 CHAPTER 357. RENTING ESTATE PROPERTY
- 18 SUBCHAPTER A. RENTAL AND RETURN OF ESTATE PROPERTY
- 19 Sec. 357.001. RENTING ESTATE PROPERTY WITHOUT COURT ORDER.
- 20 (a) The personal representative of an estate, without a court
- 21 order, may rent any of the estate property for one year or less, at
- 22 public auction or privately, as is considered to be in the best
- 23 interest of the estate.
- (b) On the sworn complaint of any person interested in the
- 25 estate, the court shall require a personal representative who,
- 26 without a court order, rents estate property to account to the
- 27 estate for the reasonable value of the rent of the property, to be

- 1 ascertained by the court on satisfactory evidence. (Tex. Prob.
- 2 Code, Secs. 359, 360.)
- 3 Sec. 357.002. RENTING ESTATE PROPERTY WITH COURT ORDER.
- 4 (a) The personal representative of an estate may, if the
- 5 representative prefers, and shall, if the proposed rental period is
- 6 more than one year, file a written application with the court
- 7 setting forth the property the representative seeks to rent.
- 8 (b) If the court finds that granting an application filed
- 9 under Subsection (a) is in the interest of the estate, the court
- 10 shall issue an order that:
- 11 (1) describes the property to be rented; and
- 12 (2) states whether the property will be rented at
- 13 public auction or privately, whether for cash or on credit, and if
- 14 on credit, the extent of the credit and the period for which the
- 15 property may be rented.
- 16 (c) If, under Subsection (b), the court orders property to
- 17 be rented at public auction, the court shall prescribe whether
- 18 notice of the auction shall be published or posted. (Tex. Prob.
- 19 Code, Sec. 361.)
- 20 Sec. 357.003. ESTATE PROPERTY RENTED ON CREDIT. Possession
- 21 of estate property rented on credit may not be delivered until the
- 22 renter executes and delivers to the personal representative a note
- 23 with good personal security for the amount of the rent. If the
- 24 property is delivered without the representative receiving the
- 25 required security, the representative and the sureties on the
- 26 representative's bond are liable for the full amount of the rent.
- 27 When a rental is payable in installments, in advance of the period

- 1 to which the installments relate, this section does not apply.
- 2 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 363.)
- 3 Sec. 357.004. CONDITION OF RETURNED ESTATE PROPERTY. (a)
- 4 Estate property that is rented, with or without a court order, must
- 5 be returned to the estate's possession in as good a condition,
- 6 except for reasonable wear and tear, as when the property was
- 7 rented.
- 8 (b) The personal representative of an estate shall:
- 9 (1) ensure that rented estate property is returned in
- 10 the condition required by Subsection (a);
- 11 (2) report to the court any damage to, or loss or
- 12 destruction of, the property; and
- 13 (3) ask the court for the authority to take any
- 14 necessary action.
- 15 (c) A personal representative who fails to act as required
- 16 by this section and the sureties on the representative's bond are
- 17 liable to the estate for any loss or damage suffered as a result of
- 18 the representative's failure. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 364.)
- 19 Sec. 357.005. COMPLAINT FOR FAILURE TO RENT. (a) Any
- 20 person interested in an estate may:
- 21 (1) file a written and sworn complaint in the court in
- 22 which the estate is pending; and
- 23 (2) have the personal representative cited to appear
- 24 and show cause why the representative did not rent any estate
- 25 property.
- 26 (b) The court, on hearing the complaint, shall issue an
- 27 order that appears to be in the best interest of the estate. (Tex.

- 1 Prob. Code, Sec. 362.)
- 2 [Sections 357.006-357.050 reserved for expansion]
- 3 SUBCHAPTER B. REPORT ON RENTED ESTATE PROPERTY
- 4 Sec. 357.051. REPORTS CONCERNING RENTALS. (a) A personal
- 5 representative of an estate who rents estate property with an
- 6 appraised value of \$3,000 or more shall, not later than the 30th day
- 7 after the date the property is rented, file with the court a sworn
- 8 and written report stating:
- 9 (1) the property rented and the property's appraised
- 10 value;
- 11 (2) the date the property was rented and whether the
- 12 rental occurred at public auction or privately;
- 13 (3) the name of each person renting the property;
- 14 (4) the rental amount; and
- 15 (5) whether the rental was for cash or on credit and,
- 16 if on credit, the length of time, the terms, and the security
- 17 received for the credit.
- 18 (b) A personal representative of an estate who rents estate
- 19 property with an appraised value of less than \$3,000 may report the
- 20 rental in the next annual or final account that must be filed as
- 21 required by law. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 365.)
- Sec. 357.052. COURT ACTION ON REPORT. (a) At any time
- 23 after the fifth day after the date the report of renting is filed,
- 24 the court shall:
- 25 (1) examine the report; and
- 26 (2) by order approve and confirm the report if found
- 27 just and reasonable.

- 1 (b) If the court disapproves the report, the estate is not
- 2 bound and the court may order another offering for rent of the
- 3 property that is the subject of the report, in the same manner and
- 4 subject to the provisions of this chapter.
- 5 (c) If the court approves the report and it later appears
- 6 that, by reason of any fault of the personal representative, the
- 7 property was not rented for the property's reasonable value, the
- 8 court shall have the representative and the sureties on the
- 9 representative's bond appear and show cause why the reasonable
- 10 value of the rent of the property should not be adjudged against the
- 11 representative. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 366.)
- 12 CHAPTER 358. MATTERS RELATING TO MINERAL PROPERTIES
- 13 SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS
- 14 Sec. 358.001. DEFINITIONS
- 15 [Sections 358.002-358.050 reserved for expansion]
- 16 SUBCHAPTER B. MINERAL LEASES AFTER PUBLIC NOTICE
- 17 Sec. 358.051. AUTHORIZATION FOR LEASING OF MINERALS
- 18 Sec. 358.052. LEASE APPLICATION
- 19 Sec. 358.053. SCHEDULING OF HEARING ON APPLICATION;
- 20 CONTINUANCE
- 21 Sec. 358.054. NOTICE OF HEARING ON APPLICATION
- 22 Sec. 358.055. REQUIREMENTS REGARDING ORDER AND NOTICE
- 23 MANDATORY
- 24 Sec. 358.056. HEARING ON APPLICATION; ORDER
- 25 Sec. 358.057. MAKING OF LEASE ON GRANTING OF
- 26 APPLICATION
- 27 Sec. 358.058. BOND REQUIREMENTS

- 1 Sec. 358.059. TERM OF LEASE BINDING
- 2 Sec. 358.060. AMENDMENT OF LEASE REGARDING EFFECT OF
- 3 SHUT-IN GAS WELL
- 4 [Sections 358.061-358.100 reserved for expansion]
- 5 SUBCHAPTER C. MINERAL LEASES AT PRIVATE SALE
- 6 Sec. 358.101. AUTHORIZATION FOR LEASING OF MINERALS AT
- 7 PRIVATE SALE
- 8 Sec. 358.102. ACTION OF COURT IF PUBLIC ADVERTISING
- 9 NOT REQUIRED
- 10 [Sections 358.103-358.150 reserved for expansion]
- 11 SUBCHAPTER D. POOLING OR UNITIZATION OF ROYALTIES OR MINERALS
- 12 Sec. 358.151. AUTHORIZATION FOR POOLING OR UNITIZATION
- 13 Sec. 358.152. POOLING OR UNITIZATION APPLICATION
- 14 Sec. 358.153. NOTICE NOT REQUIRED
- 15 Sec. 358.154. HEARING ON APPLICATION
- 16 Sec. 358.155. ACTION OF COURT AND CONTENTS OF ORDER
- [Sections 358.156-358.200 reserved for expansion]
- 18 SUBCHAPTER E. SPECIAL ANCILLARY INSTRUMENTS THAT MAY BE EXECUTED
- 19 WITHOUT COURT ORDER
- 20 Sec. 358.201. AUTHORIZATION FOR EXECUTION OF
- 21 AGREEMENTS
- [Sections 358.202-358.250 reserved for expansion]
- 23 SUBCHAPTER F. PROCEDURE IF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE OF ESTATE
- NEGLECTS TO APPLY FOR AUTHORITY
- 25 Sec. 358.251. APPLICATION TO SHOW CAUSE
- 26 Sec. 358.252. HEARING ON APPLICATION
- 27 Sec. 358.253. ORDER

- 1 Sec. 358.254. PROCEDURE TO BE FOLLOWED AFTER ENTRY OF
- 2 ORDER
- 3 CHAPTER 358. MATTERS RELATING TO MINERAL PROPERTIES
- 4 SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS
- 5 Sec. 358.001. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter:
- 6 (1) "Gas" includes all liquid hydrocarbons in the
- 7 gaseous phase in the reservoir.
- 8 (2) "Land" and "interest in land" include minerals or
- 9 an interest in minerals in place.
- 10 (3) "Mineral development" includes exploration for,
- 11 whether by geophysical or other means, drilling for, mining for,
- 12 development of, operations in connection with, production of, and
- 13 saving of oil, other liquid hydrocarbons, gas, gaseous elements,
- 14 sulphur, metals, and all other minerals, whether solid or
- 15 otherwise.
- 16 (4) "Property" includes land, minerals in place,
- 17 whether solid, liquid, or gaseous, and an interest of any kind in
- 18 that property, including a royalty interest, owned by an estate.
- 19 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 367(a); New.)
- 20 [Sections 358.002-358.050 reserved for expansion]
- 21 SUBCHAPTER B. MINERAL LEASES AFTER PUBLIC NOTICE
- Sec. 358.051. AUTHORIZATION FOR LEASING OF MINERALS. (a)
- 23 The court in which probate proceedings on a decedent's estate are
- 24 pending may authorize the personal representative of the estate,
- 25 appointed and qualified under the laws of this state and acting
- 26 solely under court orders, to make, execute, and deliver a lease,
- 27 with or without a unitization clause or pooling provision,

- 1 providing for the exploration for and development and production of
- 2 oil, other liquid hydrocarbons, gas, metals and other solid
- 3 minerals, and other minerals, or any of those minerals in place,
- 4 belonging to the estate.
- 5 (b) A lease described by Subsection (a) must be made and
- 6 entered into under and in conformity with this subchapter. (Tex.
- 7 Prob. Code, Secs. 367(b), (c) (part).)
- 8 Sec. 358.052. LEASE APPLICATION. (a) The personal
- 9 representative of an estate shall file with the county clerk of the
- 10 county in which the probate proceeding is pending a written
- 11 application, addressed to the court or the judge of the court, for
- 12 authority to lease estate property for mineral exploration and
- 13 development, with or without a pooling provision or unitization
- 14 clause.
- 15 (b) The lease application must:
- 16 (1) describe the property fully by reference to the
- 17 amount of acreage, the survey name or number, or the abstract
- 18 number, or by another method adequately identifying the property
- 19 and the property's location in the county in which the property is
- 20 situated;
- 21 (2) specify the interest thought to be owned by the
- 22 estate, if less than the whole, but requesting authority to include
- 23 all of the interest owned by the estate, if that is the intention;
- 24 and
- 25 (3) set out the reasons the estate property described
- 26 in the application should be leased.
- (c) The lease application is not required to set out or

- 1 suggest:
- 2 (1) the name of any proposed lessee; or
- 3 (2) the terms, provisions, or form of any desired
- 4 lease. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 367(c) (part).)
- 5 Sec. 358.053. SCHEDULING OF HEARING ON APPLICATION;
- 6 CONTINUANCE. (a) Immediately after the filing of a lease
- 7 application under Section 358.052, the county clerk shall call the
- 8 filing of the application to the court's attention, and the judge
- 9 shall promptly make and enter a brief order designating the time and
- 10 place for hearing the application.
- 11 (b) If the hearing is not held at the time originally
- 12 designated by the court or by a timely continuance order entered,
- 13 the hearing shall be continued automatically without further notice
- 14 to the same time on the following day, other than Sundays and
- 15 holidays on which the county courthouse is officially closed, and
- 16 from day to day until the lease application is finally acted on and
- 17 disposed of by court order. Notice of an automatic continuance is
- 18 not required. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 367(c) (part).)
- 19 Sec. 358.054. NOTICE OF HEARING ON APPLICATION. (a) At
- 20 least 10 days before the date set for the hearing on a lease
- 21 application filed under Section 358.052, excluding the date of
- 22 notice and the date set for the hearing, the personal
- 23 representative shall give notice of the hearing by:
- 24 (1) publishing the notice in one issue of a newspaper
- 25 of general circulation in the county in which the proceeding is
- 26 pending; or
- 27 (2) if there is no newspaper described by Subdivision

- 1 (1), posting the notice or having the notice posted.
- 2 (b) If notice is published, the date of notice is the date
- 3 printed on the newspaper.
- 4 (c) The notice must:
- 5 (1) be dated;
- 6 (2) be directed to all persons interested in the
- 7 estate;
- 8 (3) state the date on which the lease application was
- 9 filed;
- 10 (4) describe briefly the property sought to be leased,
- 11 specifying the fractional interest sought to be leased if less than
- 12 the entire interest in the tract or tracts identified; and
- 13 (5) state the time and place designated by the judge
- 14 for the hearing. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 367(c) (part).)
- 15 Sec. 358.055. REQUIREMENTS REGARDING ORDER AND NOTICE
- 16 MANDATORY. An order of the judge or court authorizing any act to be
- 17 performed under a lease application filed under Section 358.052 is
- 18 void in the absence of:
- 19 (1) a written order originally designating a time and
- 20 place for hearing;
- 21 (2) a notice issued by the personal representative of
- 22 the estate in compliance with the order described by Subdivision
- 23 (1); and
- 24 (3) proof of the publication or posting of the notice
- 25 as required under Section 358.054. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 367(c)
- 26 (part).)
- Sec. 358.056. HEARING ON APPLICATION; ORDER. (a) At the

- 1 time and place designated for the hearing under Section 358.053(a),
- 2 or at the time to which the hearing is continued as provided by
- 3 Section 358.053(b), the judge shall:
- 4 (1) hear a lease application filed under Section
- 5 358.052; and
- 6 (2) require proof as to the necessity or advisability
- 7 of leasing for mineral development the property described in the
- 8 application and the notice.
- 9 (b) The judge shall enter an order authorizing one or more
- 10 leases affecting and covering the property or portions of property
- 11 described in the application, with or without pooling provisions or
- 12 unitization clauses, and with or without cash consideration if
- 13 considered by the court to be in the best interest of the estate, if
- 14 the judge is satisfied that:
- 15 (1) the application is in proper form;
- 16 (2) notice has been given in the manner and for the
- 17 time required by law;
- 18 (3) proof of necessity or advisability of leasing is
- 19 sufficient; and
- 20 (4) the application should be granted.
- 21 (c) The order must contain:
- 22 (1) the name of the lessee;
- 23 (2) any actual cash consideration to be paid by the
- 24 lessee;
- 25 (3) a finding that the requirements of Subsection (b)
- 26 have been satisfied; and
- 27 (4) one of the following findings:

- 1 (A) a finding that the personal representative is
- 2 exempted by law from giving bond; or
- 3 (B) if the representative is not exempted by law
- 4 from giving bond, a finding as to whether the representative's
- 5 general bond on file is sufficient to protect the personal property
- 6 on hand, including any cash bonus to be paid.
- 7 (d) If the court finds the general bond insufficient to meet
- 8 the requirements of Subsection (c)(4)(B), the order must show the
- 9 amount of increased or additional bond required to cover the
- 10 deficiency.
- 11 (e) A complete exhibit copy, either written or printed, of
- 12 each authorized lease must be set out in the order or attached to
- 13 the order and incorporated by reference and made part of the order.
- 14 The exhibit copy must show:
- 15 (1) the name of the lessee;
- 16 (2) the date of the lease;
- 17 (3) an adequate description of the property being
- 18 leased;
- 19 (4) any delay rental to be paid to defer commencement
- 20 of operations; and
- 21 (5) all other authorized terms and provisions.
- 22 (f) If the date of a lease does not appear in the exhibit
- 23 copy of the lease or in the order, the date of the order is
- 24 considered for all purposes to be the date of the lease.
- 25 (g) If the name or address of the depository bank for
- 26 receiving rental is not shown in the exhibit copy of a lease, the
- 27 estate's personal representative may insert that information, or

- 1 cause that information to be inserted, in the lease at the time of
- 2 the lease's execution or at any other time agreeable to the lessee
- 3 or the lessee's successors or assignees. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 4 367(c) (part).)
- 5 Sec. 358.057. MAKING OF LEASE ON GRANTING OF APPLICATION.
- 6 (a) If the court grants an application as provided by Section
- 7 358.056, the personal representative of the estate may make the
- 8 lease or leases, as evidenced by the exhibit copies described by
- 9 Section 358.056, in accordance with the order.
- 10 (b) The lease or leases must be made not later than the 30th
- 11 day after the date of the order unless an extension is granted by
- 12 the court on sworn application showing good cause.
- 13 (c) It is not necessary for the judge to make an order
- 14 confirming the lease or leases. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 367(c)
- 15 (part).)
- Sec. 358.058. BOND REQUIREMENTS. (a) Unless the personal
- 17 representative of the estate is not required to give a general bond,
- 18 a lease for which a cash consideration is required, although
- 19 ordered, executed, and delivered, is not valid:
- 20 (1) unless the order authorizing the lease makes
- 21 findings with respect to the general bond; and
- 22 (2) if the general bond has been found insufficient,
- 23 unless and until:
- (A) the bond has been increased or an additional
- 25 bond given, as required by the order, with the sureties required by
- 26 law; and
- 27 (B) the increased bond or additional bond has

- 1 been approved by the judge and filed with the clerk of the court in
- 2 which the proceedings are pending.
- 3 (b) If two or more leases of different land are authorized
- 4 by the same order, the general bond must be increased, or additional
- 5 bonds given, to cover all of the leases. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 6 367(c) (part).)
- 7 Sec. 358.059. TERM OF LEASE BINDING. (a) A lease executed
- 8 and delivered in compliance with this subchapter is valid and
- 9 binding on the property or interest in property owned by the estate
- 10 and covered by the lease for the full term provided by the lease,
- 11 subject only to the lease's terms and conditions, even if the
- 12 primary term extends beyond the date the estate is closed in
- 13 accordance with law.
- 14 (b) The authorized primary term of the lease may not exceed
- 15 five years, subject to the lease terms and provisions extending the
- 16 lease beyond the primary term by:
- 17 (1) paying production;
- 18 (2) bona fide drilling or reworking operations,
- 19 whether in or on the same well or wells or an additional well or
- 20 wells, without a cessation of operations of more than 60
- 21 consecutive days before production has been restored or obtained;
- 22 or
- 23 (3) a shut-in gas well. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 367(c)
- 24 (part).)
- Sec. 358.060. AMENDMENT OF LEASE REGARDING EFFECT OF
- 26 SHUT-IN GAS WELL. (a) An oil, gas, and mineral lease executed by a
- 27 personal representative under the former Texas Probate Code or this

- 1 code may be amended by an instrument that provides that a shut-in
- 2 gas well on the land covered by the lease or on land pooled with all
- 3 or part of the land covered by the lease continues the lease in
- 4 effect after the lease's five-year primary term.
- 5 (b) The personal representative, with the approval of the
- 6 court, shall execute the instrument according to the terms and
- 7 conditions prescribed by the instrument. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 8 367(c) (part).)
- 9 [Sections 358.061-358.100 reserved for expansion]
- 10 SUBCHAPTER C. MINERAL LEASES AT PRIVATE SALE
- 11 Sec. 358.101. AUTHORIZATION FOR LEASING OF MINERALS AT
- 12 PRIVATE SALE. (a) Notwithstanding the mandatory requirements of
- 13 Subchapter B for setting a time and place for hearing of a lease
- 14 application filed under Section 358.052 and the issuance, service,
- 15 and return of notice, the court may authorize the making of oil,
- 16 gas, and mineral leases at private sale without public notice or
- 17 advertising if, in the court's opinion, facts are set out in the
- 18 application required by Subchapter B sufficient to show that it
- 19 would be more advantageous to the estate that a lease be made
- 20 privately and without compliance with those mandatory
- 21 requirements.
- (b) Leases authorized by this section may include pooling
- 23 provisions or unitization clauses as in other cases. (Tex. Prob.
- 24 Code, Sec. 368(a).)
- Sec. 358.102. ACTION OF COURT IF PUBLIC ADVERTISING NOT
- 26 REQUIRED. (a) At any time after the fifth day and before the 11th
- 27 day after the filing date of an application to lease at private sale

- 1 and without an order setting the hearing time and place, the court
- 2 shall:
- 3 (1) hear the application;
- 4 (2) inquire into the manner in which the proposed
- 5 lease has been or will be made; and
- 6 (3) hear evidence for or against the application.
- 7 (b) If satisfied that the lease has been or will be made for
- 8 a fair and sufficient consideration and on fair terms and has been
- 9 or will be properly made in conformity with law, the court shall
- 10 enter an order authorizing the execution of the lease without the
- 11 necessity of advertising, notice, or citation. The order must
- 12 comply in all other respects with the requirements essential to the
- 13 validity of mineral leases as set out in Subchapter B, as if
- 14 advertising or notice were required.
- 15 (c) The issuance of an order confirming a lease or leases
- 16 made at private sale is not required, but such a lease is not valid
- 17 until any increased or additional bond required by the court has
- 18 been approved by the court and filed with the court clerk. (Tex
- 19 Prob. Code, Sec. 368(b).)
- [Sections 358.103-358.150 reserved for expansion]
- 21 SUBCHAPTER D. POOLING OR UNITIZATION OF ROYALTIES OR MINERALS
- Sec. 358.151. AUTHORIZATION FOR POOLING OR UNITIZATION.
- 23 (a) If an existing lease or leases on property owned by an estate
- 24 being administered do not adequately provide for pooling or
- 25 unitization, the court in which the proceedings are pending may, in
- 26 the manner provided by this subchapter, authorize the commitment of
- 27 royalty or mineral interests in oil, liquid hydrocarbons, gas,

- 1 gaseous elements, and other minerals, or any one or more of them,
- 2 owned by the estate, to agreements that provide for the operation of
- 3 areas as a pool or unit for the exploration for, development of, and
- 4 production of all of those minerals, if the court finds that:
- 5 (1) the pool or unit to which the agreement relates
- 6 will be operated in a manner that protects correlative rights or
- 7 prevents the physical or economic waste of oil, liquid
- 8 hydrocarbons, gas, gaseous elements, or other minerals subject to
- 9 the agreement; and
- 10 (2) it is in the best interest of the estate to execute
- 11 the agreement.
- 12 (b) An agreement authorized under Subsection (a) may, among
- 13 other things, provide that:
- 14 (1) operations incident to the drilling of or
- 15 production from a well on any portion of a pool or unit shall be
- 16 considered for all purposes to be the conduct of operations on or
- 17 production from each separately owned tract in the pool or unit;
- 18 (2) any lease covering any part of the area committed
- 19 to a pool or unit continues in effect in its entirety as long as:
- 20 (A) oil, gas, or other minerals subject to the
- 21 agreement are produced in paying quantities from any part of the
- 22 pooled or unitized area;
- (B) operations are conducted as provided in the
- 24 lease on any part of the pooled or unitized area; or
- (C) there is a shut-in gas well on any part of the
- 26 pooled or unitized area, if the presence of the shut-in gas well is
- 27 a ground for continuation of the lease under the terms of the lease;

- 1 (3) the production allocated by the agreement to each
- 2 tract included in a pool or unit shall, when produced, be considered
- 3 for all purposes to have been produced from the tract by a well
- 4 drilled on the tract;
- 5 (4) the royalties provided for on production from any
- 6 tract or portion of a tract within the pool or unit shall be paid
- 7 only on that portion of the production allocated to the tract in
- 8 accordance with the agreement;
- 9 (5) the dry gas, before or after extraction of
- 10 hydrocarbons, may be returned to a formation underlying any land or
- 11 leases committed to the agreement, and that royalties are not
- 12 required to be paid on the gas returned; and
- 13 (6) gas obtained from other sources or other land may
- 14 be injected into a formation underlying any land or leases
- 15 committed to the agreement, and that royalties are not required to
- 16 be paid on the gas injected when the gas is produced from the unit.
- 17 (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 369(a), (b) (part).)
- 18 Sec. 358.152. POOLING OR UNITIZATION APPLICATION. (a) The
- 19 personal representative of an estate shall file with the county
- 20 clerk of the county in which the probate proceeding is pending a
- 21 written application for authority to:
- 22 (1) enter into pooling or unitization agreements
- 23 supplementing, amending, or otherwise relating to any existing
- 24 lease or leases covering property owned by the estate; or
- 25 (2) commit royalties or other interests in minerals,
- 26 whether or not subject to a lease, to a pooling or unitization
- 27 agreement.

- 1 (b) The pooling or unitization application must also:
- 2 (1) sufficiently describe the property as required in
- 3 an original lease application;
- 4 (2) describe briefly any lease or leases to which the
- 5 interest of the estate is subject; and
- 6 (3) set out the reasons the proposed agreement
- 7 concerning the property should be entered into.
- 8 (c) A copy of the proposed agreement must be attached to the
- 9 application and made a part of the application by reference.
- 10 (d) The agreement may not be recorded in the minutes.
- 11 (e) Immediately after the pooling or unitization
- 12 application is filed, the clerk shall call the application to the
- 13 judge's attention. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 369(b) (part).)
- 14 Sec. 358.153. NOTICE NOT REQUIRED. Notice by advertising,
- 15 citation, or otherwise of the filing of a pooling or unitization
- 16 application under Section 358.152 is not required. (Tex. Prob.
- 17 Code, Sec. 369(b) (part).)
- 18 Sec. 358.154. HEARING ON APPLICATION. (a) The judge may
- 19 hold a hearing on a pooling or unitization application filed under
- 20 Section 358.152 at any time agreeable to the parties to the proposed
- 21 agreement.
- (b) The judge shall hear evidence and determine to the
- 23 judge's satisfaction whether it is in the best interest of the
- 24 estate that the proposed agreement be authorized.
- 25 (c) The hearing may be continued from day to day and from
- 26 time to time as the court finds necessary. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 27 369(b) (part).)

- 1 Sec. 358.155. ACTION OF COURT AND CONTENTS OF ORDER. (a)
- 2 The court shall enter an order setting out the court's findings and
- 3 authorizing execution of the proposed pooling or unitization
- 4 agreement, with or without payment of cash consideration according
- 5 to the agreement, if the court finds that:
- 6 (1) the pool or unit to which the agreement relates
- 7 will be operated in a manner that protects correlative rights or
- 8 prevents the physical or economic waste of oil, liquid
- 9 hydrocarbons, gas, gaseous elements, or other minerals subject to
- 10 the agreement;
- 11 (2) it is in the best interest of the estate that the
- 12 agreement be executed; and
- 13 (3) the agreement conforms substantially with the
- 14 permissible provisions of Section 358.151.
- 15 (b) If cash consideration is to be paid for the agreement,
- 16 the court shall also make findings as to the necessity of increased
- 17 or additional bond, as in the making of leases on payment of the
- 18 cash bonus for the lease. Such an agreement is not valid until any
- 19 required increased or additional bond has been approved by the
- 20 judge and filed with the clerk.
- 21 (c) If the effective date of the agreement is not stipulated
- 22 in the agreement, the effective date of the agreement is the date of
- 23 the court's order. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 369(b) (part).)
- [Sections 358.156-358.200 reserved for expansion]
- 25 SUBCHAPTER E. SPECIAL ANCILLARY INSTRUMENTS THAT MAY BE EXECUTED
- 26 WITHOUT COURT ORDER
- Sec. 358.201. AUTHORIZATION FOR EXECUTION OF AGREEMENTS.

- 1 As to any mineral lease or pooling or unitization agreement,
- 2 executed on behalf of an estate before January 1, 1956, or on or
- 3 after that date under the provisions of the former Texas Probate
- 4 Code or this code, or executed by a former owner of land, minerals,
- 5 or royalty affected by the lease or agreement, the personal
- 6 representative of the estate being administered may, without
- 7 further court order and without consideration, execute:
- 8 (1) division orders;
- 9 (2) transfer orders;
- 10 (3) instruments of correction;
- 11 (4) instruments designating depository banks for the
- 12 receipt of delay rentals or shut-in gas well royalty to accrue or
- 13 become payable under the terms of the lease; and
- 14 (5) similar instruments relating to the lease or
- 15 agreement and the property covered by the lease or agreement. (Tex.
- 16 Prob. Code, Sec. 370.)
- 17 [Sections 358.202-358.250 reserved for expansion]
- SUBCHAPTER F. PROCEDURE IF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE OF ESTATE
- 19 NEGLECTS TO APPLY FOR AUTHORITY
- Sec. 358.251. APPLICATION TO SHOW CAUSE. If the personal
- 21 representative of an estate neglects to apply for authority to
- 22 subject estate property to a lease for mineral development,
- 23 pooling, or unitization, or to commit royalty or another interest
- 24 in minerals to pooling or unitization, any person interested in the
- 25 estate may, on written application filed with the county clerk,
- 26 have the representative cited to show cause why it is not in the
- 27 best interest of the estate to make such a lease or enter into such

- 1 an agreement. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 371 (part).)
- 2 Sec. 358.252. HEARING ON APPLICATION. (a) The county clerk
- 3 shall immediately call the filing of an application under Section
- 4 358.251 to the attention of the judge of the court in which the
- 5 probate proceedings are pending.
- 6 (b) The judge shall set a time and place for a hearing on the
- 7 application, and the personal representative of the estate shall be
- 8 cited to appear and show cause why the execution of a lease or
- 9 agreement described by Section 358.251 should not be ordered.
- 10 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 371 (part).)
- 11 Sec. 358.253. ORDER. On a hearing conducted under Section
- 12 358.252, if satisfied from the evidence that it would be in the best
- 13 interest of the estate, the court shall enter an order requiring the
- 14 personal representative promptly to file an application to subject
- 15 the estate property to a lease for mineral development, with or
- 16 without pooling or unitization provisions, or to commit royalty or
- 17 other minerals to pooling or unitization, as appropriate. (Tex.
- 18 Prob. Code, Sec. 371 (part).)
- 19 Sec. 358.254. PROCEDURE TO BE FOLLOWED AFTER ENTRY OF
- 20 ORDER. After entry of an order under Section 358.253, the procedure
- 21 prescribed with respect to an original lease application, or with
- 22 respect to an original application for authority to commit royalty
- 23 or minerals to pooling or unitization, whichever is appropriate,
- 24 shall be followed. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 371 (part).)
- 25 CHAPTER 359. ANNUAL ACCOUNT AND OTHER EXHIBITS AND REPORTS
- 26 SUBCHAPTER A. ANNUAL ACCOUNT AND OTHER EXHIBITS
- 27 Sec. 359.001. ACCOUNT OF ESTATE REQUIRED

- 1 Sec. 359.002. ANNUAL ACCOUNT REQUIRED UNTIL ESTATE
- 2 CLOSED
- 3 Sec. 359.003. SUPPORTING VOUCHERS AND OTHER DOCUMENTS
- 4 ATTACHED TO ACCOUNT
- 5 Sec. 359.004. METHOD OF PROOF FOR SECURITIES AND OTHER
- 6 ASSETS
- 7 Sec. 359.005. VERIFICATION OF ACCOUNT
- 8 Sec. 359.006. ADDITIONAL ACCOUNTS
- 9 [Sections 359.007-359.050 reserved for expansion]
- 10 SUBCHAPTER B. ACTION ON ANNUAL ACCOUNT
- 11 Sec. 359.051. FILING AND CONSIDERATION OF ANNUAL
- 12 ACCOUNT
- 13 Sec. 359.052. CORRECTION OF ANNUAL ACCOUNT
- 14 Sec. 359.053. ORDER FOR PAYMENT OF CLAIMS IN FULL
- 15 Sec. 359.054. ORDER FOR PRO RATA PAYMENT OF CLAIMS
- [Sections 359.055-359.100 reserved for expansion]
- 17 SUBCHAPTER C. PENALTIES
- 18 Sec. 359.101. PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO FILE ANNUAL
- 19 ACCOUNT
- 20 Sec. 359.102. PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO FILE EXHIBIT OR
- 21 REPORT
- 22 CHAPTER 359. ANNUAL ACCOUNT AND OTHER EXHIBITS AND REPORTS
- SUBCHAPTER A. ANNUAL ACCOUNT AND OTHER EXHIBITS
- Sec. 359.001. ACCOUNT OF ESTATE REQUIRED. (a) On the
- 25 expiration of 12 months from the date a personal representative
- 26 qualifies and receives letters testamentary or of administration to
- 27 administer a decedent's estate under court order, the

- 1 representative shall file with the court an account consisting of a
- 2 written exhibit made under oath that lists all claims against the
- 3 estate presented to the representative during the period covered by
- 4 the account. The exhibit must specify:
- 5 (1) the claims allowed by the representative;
- 6 (2) the claims paid by the representative;
- 7 (3) the claims rejected by the representative and the
- 8 date the claims were rejected; and
- 9 (4) the claims for which a lawsuit has been filed and
- 10 the status of that lawsuit.
- 11 (b) The account must:
- 12 (1) show all property that has come to the personal
- 13 representative's knowledge or into the representative's possession
- 14 that was not previously listed or inventoried as estate property;
- 15 (2) show any changes in estate property that have not
- 16 been previously reported;
- 17 (3) provide a complete account of receipts and
- 18 disbursements for the period covered by the account, including the
- 19 source and nature of the receipts and disbursements, with separate
- 20 listings for principal and income receipts;
- 21 (4) provide a complete, accurate, and detailed
- 22 description of:
- 23 (A) the property being administered;
- 24 (B) the condition of the property and the use
- 25 being made of the property; and
- 26 (C) if rented, the terms on which and the price
- 27 for which the property was rented;

- 1 (5) show the cash balance on hand and the name and
- 2 location of the depository where the balance is kept;
- 3 (6) show any other cash held in a savings account or
- 4 other manner that was deposited subject to court order and the name
- 5 and location of the depository for that cash;
- 6 (7) provide a detailed description of the personal
- 7 property of the estate that shows how and where the property is held
- 8 for safekeeping;
- 9 (8) provide a statement that during the period covered
- 10 by the account all tax returns due have been filed and all taxes due
- 11 and owing have been paid, including:
- 12 (A) a complete account of the amount of the
- 13 taxes;
- 14 (B) the date the taxes were paid; and
- 15 (C) the governmental entity to which the taxes
- 16 were paid;
- 17 (9) if on the filing of the account a tax return due to
- 18 be filed or any taxes due to be paid are delinquent, provide the
- 19 reasons for, and include a description of, the delinquency; and
- 20 (10) provide a statement that the representative has
- 21 paid all the required bond premiums for the accounting period.
- (c) For bonds, notes, and other securities, the description
- 23 required by Subsection (b)(7) must include:
- 24 (1) the names of the obligor and obligee or, if payable
- 25 to bearer, a statement that the bond, note, or other security is
- 26 payable to bearer;
- 27 (2) the date of issue and maturity;

- 1 (3) the interest rate;
- 2 (4) the serial number or other identifying numbers;
- 3 (5) the manner in which the property is secured; and
- 4 (6) other information necessary to fully identify the
- 5 bond, note, or other security. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 399(a).)
- 6 Sec. 359.002. ANNUAL ACCOUNT REQUIRED UNTIL ESTATE CLOSED.
- 7 (a) Each personal representative of the estate of a decedent shall
- 8 continue to file an annual account conforming to the essential
- 9 requirements of Section 359.001 regarding changes in the estate
- 10 assets occurring since the date the most recent previous account
- 11 was filed.
- 12 (b) The annual account must be filed in a manner that allows
- 13 the court or an interested person to ascertain the true condition of
- 14 the estate, with respect to money, securities, and other property,
- 15 by adding to the balances forwarded from the most recent previous
- 16 account the amounts received during the period covered by the
- 17 account and subtracting the disbursements made during that period.
- 18 (c) The description of property sufficiently described in
- 19 an inventory or previous account may be made in the annual account
- 20 by reference to that description. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 399(b).)
- Sec. 359.003. SUPPORTING VOUCHERS AND OTHER DOCUMENTS
- 22 ATTACHED TO ACCOUNT. (a) The personal representative of an estate
- 23 shall attach to each annual account:
- 24 (1) a voucher for each item of credit claimed in the
- 25 account or, to support the item in the absence of the voucher, other
- 26 evidence satisfactory to the court;
- 27 (2) an official letter from the bank or other

- 1 depository where the estate money on hand is deposited that shows
- 2 the amounts in general or special deposits; and
- 3 (3) proof of the existence and possession of:
- 4 (A) securities owned by the estate or shown by
- 5 the account; and
- 6 (B) other assets held by a depository subject to
- 7 court order.
- 8 (b) An original voucher submitted to the court may on
- 9 application be returned to the personal representative after
- 10 approval of the account.
- 11 (c) The court may require:
- 12 (1) additional evidence of the existence and custody
- 13 of the securities and other personal property as the court
- 14 considers proper; and
- 15 (2) the personal representative at any time to exhibit
- 16 the securities and other personal property to the court or another
- 17 person designated by the court at the place where the securities and
- 18 other personal property are held for safekeeping. (Tex. Prob
- 19 Code, Sec. 399(c) (part).)
- Sec. 359.004. METHOD OF PROOF FOR SECURITIES AND OTHER
- 21 ASSETS. (a) The proof required by Section 359.003(a)(3) must be by:
- 22 (1) an official letter from the bank or other
- 23 depository where the securities or other assets are held for
- 24 safekeeping, and if the depository is the personal representative,
- 25 the official letter must be signed by a representative of the
- 26 depository other than the one verifying the account;
- 27 (2) a certificate of an authorized representative of a

- 1 corporation that is surety on the personal representative's bonds;
- 2 (3) a certificate of the clerk or a deputy clerk of a
- 3 court of record in this state; or
- 4 (4) an affidavit of any other reputable person
- 5 designated by the court on request of the personal representative
- 6 or other interested party.
- 7 (b) The certificate or affidavit described by Subsection
- 8 (a) must:
- 9 (1) state that the affiant has examined the assets
- 10 that the personal representative exhibited to the affiant as assets
- 11 of the estate;
- 12 (2) describe the assets by reference to the account or
- 13 in another manner that sufficiently identifies the assets
- 14 exhibited; and
- 15 (3) state the time and the place the assets were
- 16 exhibited.
- 17 (c) Instead of attaching a certificate or an affidavit, the
- 18 personal representative may exhibit the securities to the judge,
- 19 who shall endorse on the account, or include in the judge's order
- 20 with respect to the account, a statement that the securities shown
- 21 in the account as on hand were exhibited to the judge and that the
- 22 securities were the same as those shown in the account, or note any
- 23 variance.
- 24 (d) If the securities are exhibited at a location other than
- 25 where the securities are deposited for safekeeping, that exhibit is
- 26 at the personal representative's own expense and risk. (Tex. Prob.
- 27 Code, Sec. 399(c) (part).)

- 1 Sec. 359.005. VERIFICATION OF ACCOUNT. The personal
- 2 representative shall attach to the annual account the
- 3 representative's affidavit that the account contains a correct and
- 4 complete statement of the matters to which it relates. (Tex. Prob.
- 5 Code, Sec. 399(d).)
- 6 Sec. 359.006. ADDITIONAL ACCOUNTS. (a) At any time after
- 7 the expiration of 15 months from the date original letters
- 8 testamentary or of administration are granted to an executor or
- 9 administrator, an interested person may file a written complaint in
- 10 the court in which the estate is pending to have the representative
- 11 cited to appear and make a written exhibit under oath that sets
- 12 forth fully, in connection with previous exhibits, the condition of
- 13 the estate.
- 14 (b) If it appears to the court, from the exhibit or other
- 15 evidence, that the executor or administrator has estate funds in
- 16 the representative's possession that are subject to distribution
- 17 among the creditors of the estate, the court shall order the funds
- 18 to be paid out to the creditors in accordance with this title.
- 19 (c) A personal representative may voluntarily present to
- 20 the court the exhibit described by Subsection (a). If the
- 21 representative has any estate funds in the representative's
- 22 possession that are subject to distribution among the creditors of
- 23 the estate, the court shall issue an order similar to the order
- 24 entered under Subsection (b). (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 402.)
- 25 [Sections 359.007-359.050 reserved for expansion]
- 26 SUBCHAPTER B. ACTION ON ANNUAL ACCOUNT
- Sec. 359.051. FILING AND CONSIDERATION OF ANNUAL ACCOUNT.

- 1 (a) The personal representative of an estate shall file an annual
- 2 account with the county clerk. The county clerk shall promptly note
- 3 the filing on the judge's docket.
- 4 (b) At any time after the account has remained on file for 10
- 5 days following the date the account is filed, the judge shall
- 6 consider the account and may continue the hearing on the account
- 7 until fully advised on all account items.
- 8 (c) The court may not approve the account unless possession
- 9 of cash, listed securities, or other assets held in safekeeping or
- 10 on deposit under court order has been proven as required by law.
- 11 (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 401(a), (b), (c), (d).)
- 12 Sec. 359.052. CORRECTION OF ANNUAL ACCOUNT. (a) If the
- 13 court finds an annual account is incorrect, the account must be
- 14 corrected.
- 15 (b) The court by order shall approve an annual account that
- 16 is corrected to the satisfaction of the court and shall act with
- 17 respect to unpaid claims in accordance with Sections 359.053 and
- 18 359.054. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 401(e) (part).)
- 19 Sec. 359.053. ORDER FOR PAYMENT OF CLAIMS IN FULL. After
- 20 approval of an annual account as provided by Section 359.052, if it
- 21 appears to the court from the exhibit or other evidence that the
- 22 estate is wholly solvent and that the personal representative has
- 23 in the representative's possession sufficient funds to pay every
- 24 character of claims against the estate, the court shall order
- 25 immediate payment of all claims allowed and approved or established
- 26 by judgment. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 401(e) (part).)
- Sec. 359.054. ORDER FOR PRO RATA PAYMENT OF CLAIMS. After

- 1 approval of an annual account as provided by Section 359.052, if it
- 2 appears to the court from the account or other evidence that the
- 3 funds on hand are not sufficient to pay every character of claims
- 4 against the estate or if the estate is insolvent and the personal
- 5 representative has any funds on hand, the court shall order the
- 6 funds to be applied:
- 7 (1) first to the payment of any unpaid claims having a
- 8 preference in the order of their priority; and
- 9 (2) then to the pro rata payment of the other claims
- 10 allowed and approved or established by final judgment, considering:
- 11 (A) claims that were presented before the first
- 12 anniversary of the date administration was granted; and
- 13 (B) claims that are in litigation or on which a
- 14 lawsuit may be filed. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 401(e) (part).)
- 15 [Sections 359.055-359.100 reserved for expansion]
- 16 SUBCHAPTER C. PENALTIES
- 17 Sec. 359.101. PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO FILE ANNUAL ACCOUNT.
- 18 (a) If the personal representative of an estate does not file an
- 19 annual account required by Section 359.001 or 359.002, any person
- 20 interested in the estate on written complaint, or the court on the
- 21 court's own motion, may have the representative cited to file the
- 22 account and show cause for the failure.
- 23 (b) If the personal representative does not file the account
- 24 after being cited or does not show good cause for the failure, the
- 25 court on hearing may:
- 26 (1) revoke the representative's letters testamentary
- 27 or of administration; and

- 1 (2) fine the representative in an amount not to exceed
- 2 \$500.
- 3 (c) The personal representative and the representative's
- 4 sureties are liable for any fine imposed and for all damages and
- 5 costs sustained by the representative's failure. The fine,
- 6 damages, and costs may be recovered in any court of competent
- 7 jurisdiction. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 400.)
- 8 Sec. 359.102. PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO FILE EXHIBIT OR
- 9 REPORT. (a) If a personal representative does not file an exhibit
- 10 or report required by this title, any person interested in the
- 11 estate on written complaint filed with the court clerk may have the
- 12 representative cited to appear and show cause why the
- 13 representative should not file the exhibit or report.
- 14 (b) On hearing, the court may:
- 15 (1) order the personal representative to file the
- 16 exhibit or report; and
- 17 (2) unless good cause is shown for the failure, revoke
- 18 the representative's letters testamentary or of administration and
- 19 fine the representative in an amount not to exceed \$1,000. (Tex.
- 20 Prob. Code, Sec. 403.)
- 21 CHAPTER 360. PARTITION AND DISTRIBUTION OF ESTATE
- 22 SUBCHAPTER A. APPLICATION FOR PARTITION AND DISTRIBUTION
- 23 Sec. 360.001. GENERAL APPLICATION
- 24 Sec. 360.002. APPLICATION FOR PARTIAL DISTRIBUTION
- 25 [Sections 360.003-360.050 reserved for expansion]
- 26 SUBCHAPTER B. CITATION
- 27 Sec. 360.051. CITATION OF INTERESTED PERSONS

- 1 Sec. 360.052. CITATION OF EXECUTOR OR ADMINISTRATOR
- 2 [Sections 360.053-360.100 reserved for expansion]
- 3 SUBCHAPTER C. PROCEEDINGS; EXPENSES
- 4 Sec. 360.101. HEARING ON APPLICATION
- 5 Sec. 360.102. COURT DECREE
- 6 Sec. 360.103. EXPENSES OF PARTITION
- 7 [Sections 360.104-360.150 reserved for expansion]
- 8 SUBCHAPTER D. PARTITION AND DISTRIBUTION IF ESTATE PROPERTY IS
- 9 CAPABLE OF DIVISION
- 10 Sec. 360.151. APPOINTMENT OF COMMISSIONERS
- 11 Sec. 360.152. WRIT OF PARTITION
- 12 Sec. 360.153. PARTITION BY COMMISSIONERS
- 13 Sec. 360.154. COMMISSIONERS' REPORT
- 14 Sec. 360.155. COURT ACTION ON COMMISSIONERS' REPORT
- 15 Sec. 360.156. DELIVERY OF PROPERTY
- 16 Sec. 360.157. COMMISSIONERS' FEES
- [Sections 360.158-360.200 reserved for expansion]
- SUBCHAPTER E. PARTITION AND DISTRIBUTION IF ESTATE PROPERTY IS
- 19 INCAPABLE OF DIVISION
- 20 Sec. 360.201. COURT FINDING
- 21 Sec. 360.202. SALE OF ESTATE PROPERTY
- 22 Sec. 360.203. APPLICABILITY OF PROVISIONS RELATING TO
- 23 SALE OF REAL ESTATE
- [Sections 360.204-360.250 reserved for expansion]
- 25 SUBCHAPTER F. CERTAIN TYPES OF ESTATE PROPERTY
- 26 Sec. 360.251. ESTATE CONSISTING ONLY OF MONEY OR DEBTS

- 1 Sec. 360.252. ESTATE PROPERTY LOCATED IN ANOTHER
- 2 COUNTY
- 3 Sec. 360.253. COMMUNITY PROPERTY
- 4 Sec. 360.254. JOINTLY OWNED PROPERTY
- 5 [Sections 360.255-360.300 reserved for expansion]
- 6 SUBCHAPTER G. ENFORCEMENT
- 7 Sec. 360.301. LIABILITY FOR FAILURE TO DELIVER ESTATE
- 8 PROPERTY
- 9 CHAPTER 360. PARTITION AND DISTRIBUTION OF ESTATE
- 10 SUBCHAPTER A. APPLICATION FOR PARTITION AND DISTRIBUTION
- 11 Sec. 360.001. GENERAL APPLICATION. (a) At any time after
- 12 the first anniversary of the date original letters testamentary or
- 13 of administration are granted, an executor, administrator, heir, or
- 14 devisee of a decedent's estate, by written application filed in the
- 15 court in which the estate is pending, may request the partition and
- 16 distribution of the estate.
- 17 (b) An application under Subsection (a) must state:
- 18 (1) the decedent's name;
- 19 (2) the name and residence of each person entitled to a
- 20 share of the estate and whether the person is an adult or a minor;
- 21 (3) if the applicant does not know a fact required by
- 22 Subdivision (2); and
- 23 (4) the reasons why the estate should be partitioned
- 24 and distributed. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 373(a), (b).)
- Sec. 360.002. APPLICATION FOR PARTIAL DISTRIBUTION. (a)
- 26 At any time after original letters testamentary or of
- 27 administration are granted and the inventory, appraisement, and

- 1 list of claims are filed and approved, an executor, administrator,
- 2 heir, or devisee of a decedent's estate, by written application
- 3 filed in the court in which the estate is pending, may request a
- 4 distribution of any portion of the estate.
- 5 (b) All interested parties, including known creditors, must
- 6 be personally cited as in other distributions.
- 7 (c) Except as provided by Subsection (d), the court, on
- 8 proper citation and hearing, may distribute any portion of the
- 9 estate the court considers advisable.
- 10 (d) If a distribution is to be made to one or more heirs or
- 11 devisees, but not to all heirs or devisees, the court shall require
- 12 a refunding bond in an amount determined by the court to be filed
- 13 with the court, unless a written waiver of the bond requirement is
- 14 filed with the court by all interested parties. On approving the
- 15 bond, if required, the court shall order the distribution of the
- 16 relevant portion of the estate.
- 17 (e) This section applies to corpus as well as income,
- 18 notwithstanding any other provision of this title. (Tex. Prob.
- 19 Code, Sec. 373(c).)
- 20 [Sections 360.003-360.050 reserved for expansion]
- 21 SUBCHAPTER B. CITATION
- Sec. 360.051. CITATION OF INTERESTED PERSONS. (a) On the
- 23 filing of the application, the clerk shall issue a citation that:
- 24 (1) states:
- 25 (A) the decedent's name; and
- 26 (B) the date the court will hear the application;
- 27 and

- 1 (2) requires all persons interested in the estate to
- 2 appear and show cause why the estate should not be partitioned and
- 3 distributed.
- 4 (b) A citation under this section must be:
- 5 (1) personally served on each person residing in the
- 6 state who is entitled to a share of the estate and whose address is
- 7 known; and
- 8 (2) served by publication on any person entitled to a
- 9 share of the estate:
- 10 (A) whose identity or address is not known;
- 11 (B) who is not a resident of this state; or
- 12 (C) who is a resident of this state but is absent
- 13 from this state. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 374.)
- 14 Sec. 360.052. CITATION OF EXECUTOR OR ADMINISTRATOR. When
- 15 a person other than the executor or administrator applies for
- 16 partition and distribution, the executor or administrator must also
- 17 be cited to appear and answer the application and file in court a
- 18 verified exhibit and account of the condition of the estate, as in
- 19 the case of a final settlement. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 375.)
- [Sections 360.053-360.100 reserved for expansion]
- 21 SUBCHAPTER C. PROCEEDINGS; EXPENSES
- Sec. 360.101. HEARING ON APPLICATION. (a) At the hearing
- 23 on an application for partition and distribution, the court shall
- 24 determine:
- 25 (1) the residue of the estate that is subject to
- 26 partition and distribution;
- 27 (2) the persons entitled by law to partition and

- 1 distribution and those persons' respective shares; and
- 2 (3) whether an advancement has been made to any of the
- 3 persons described by Subdivision (2), and if so, the nature and
- 4 value of the advancement.
- 5 (b) For purposes of Subsection (a)(1), the residue of the
- 6 estate is determined by deducting from the entire assets of the
- 7 estate remaining on hand:
- 8 (1) the amount of all debts and expenses that:
- 9 (A) have been approved or established by judgment
- 10 but not paid; or
- 11 (B) may be established by judgment in the future;
- 12 and
- 13 (2) the probable future expenses of administration.
- 14 (c) If an advancement described by Subsection (a)(3) has
- 15 been made, the court shall require the advancement to be placed in
- 16 hotchpotch as required by the law governing intestate succession.
- 17 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 377.)
- 18 Sec. 360.102. COURT DECREE. If the court determines that
- 19 the estate should be partitioned and distributed, the court shall
- 20 enter a decree stating:
- 21 (1) the name and address, if known, of each person
- 22 entitled to a share of the estate, specifying:
- (A) which of those persons are known to be
- 24 minors;
- 25 (B) the name of the minors' guardian or guardian
- 26 ad litem; and
- (C) the name of the attorney appointed to

- 1 represent those persons who are unknown or who are not residents of
- 2 this state;
- 3 (2) the proportional part of the estate to which each
- 4 person is entitled;
- 5 (3) a full description of all the estate to be
- 6 distributed; and
- 7 (4) that the executor or administrator must retain
- 8 possession of a sufficient amount of money or property to pay all
- 9 debts, taxes, and expenses of administration and specifying the
- 10 amount of money or the property to be retained. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 11 Sec. 378.)
- 12 Sec. 360.103. EXPENSES OF PARTITION. (a) The distributees
- 13 shall pay the expense of the estate's partition pro rata.
- 14 (b) The portion of the estate allotted to a distributee is
- 15 liable for the distributee's portion of the partition expense, and,
- 16 if not paid, the court may order execution for the expense in the
- 17 names of the persons entitled to payment of the expense. (Tex.
- 18 Prob. Code, Sec. 387.)
- 19 [Sections 360.104-360.150 reserved for expansion]
- 20 SUBCHAPTER D. PARTITION AND DISTRIBUTION IF ESTATE PROPERTY IS
- 21 CAPABLE OF DIVISION
- Sec. 360.151. APPOINTMENT OF COMMISSIONERS. If the estate
- 23 does not consist entirely of money or debts due to the estate and
- 24 the court has not previously determined that the estate is
- 25 incapable of partition, the court shall appoint three or more
- 26 discreet and disinterested persons as commissioners to make a
- 27 partition and distribution of the estate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.

- 1 380(a).)
- Sec. 360.152. WRIT OF PARTITION. (a) When commissioners
- 3 are appointed under Section 360.151, the clerk shall issue a writ of
- 4 partition directed to the commissioners, commanding the
- 5 commissioners to:
- 6 (1) proceed promptly to make the partition and
- 7 distribution in accordance with the court decree; and
- 8 (2) return the writ, with the commissioners'
- 9 proceedings under the writ, on a date stated in the writ.
- 10 (b) A copy of the court decree must accompany the writ.
- 11 (c) The writ must be served by:
- 12 (1) delivering the writ and the accompanying copy of
- 13 the court decree to one of the commissioners; and
- 14 (2) notifying the other commissioners, verbally or
- 15 otherwise, of the commissioners' appointment.
- 16 (d) Service under Subsection (c) may be made by any person.
- 17 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 380(b).)
- 18 Sec. 360.153. PARTITION BY COMMISSIONERS. (a) The
- 19 commissioners shall make a fair, just, and impartial partition and
- 20 distribution of the estate in the following order and manner:
- 21 (1) if the real estate is capable of being divided
- 22 without manifest injury to all or any of the distributees, the
- 23 commissioners shall partition and distribute the land or other
- 24 property by allotting to each distributee:
- 25 (A) a share in each parcel;
- 26 (B) shares in one or more parcels; or
- (C) one or more parcels separately, with or

- 1 without the addition of a share of other parcels;
- 2 (2) if the real estate is not capable of a fair, just,
- 3 and equal division in kind, but may be made capable of a fair, just,
- 4 and equal division in kind by allotting to one or more of the
- 5 distributees a proportion of the money or other personal property
- 6 to supply the deficiency, the commissioners may make, as nearly as
- 7 possible, an equal division of the real estate and supply the
- 8 deficiency of any share from the money or other personal property;
- 9 and
- 10 (3) the commissioners shall:
- 11 (A) make a like division in kind, as nearly as
- 12 possible, of the money and other personal property; and
- 13 (B) determine by lot, among equal shares, to whom
- 14 each share shall belong.
- 15 (b) The commissioners shall allot the land or other property
- 16 under Subsection (a)(1) in the manner described by that subsection
- 17 that is most in the interest of the distributees. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 18 Sec. 380(c).)
- 19 Sec. 360.154. COMMISSIONERS' REPORT. (a) After dividing
- 20 all or any part of the estate, at least a majority of the
- 21 commissioners shall make a written, sworn report to the court that:
- 22 (1) states the property divided by the commissioners;
- 23 and
- 24 (2) describes in particular the property allotted to
- 25 each distributee and the value of that property.
- 26 (b) If real estate was divided, the report must also contain
- 27 a general plat of the land with:

- 1 (1) the division lines plainly set down; and
- 2 (2) the number of acres in each share. (Tex. Prob.
- 3 Code, Sec. 380(d).)
- 4 Sec. 360.155. COURT ACTION ON COMMISSIONERS' REPORT. (a)
- 5 On the return of a commissioners' report under Section 360.154, the
- 6 court shall:
- 7 (1) examine the report carefully; and
- 8 (2) hear:
- 9 (A) all exceptions and objections to the report;
- 10 and
- 11 (B) all evidence in favor of or against the
- 12 report.
- 13 (b) If the report is informal, the court shall have the
- 14 informality corrected.
- 15 (c) If the division appears to have been fairly made
- 16 according to law and no valid exceptions are taken to the division,
- 17 the court shall approve the division and enter a decree vesting
- 18 title in the distributees of the distributees' respective shares or
- 19 portions of the property as set apart to the distributees by the
- 20 commissioners.
- 21 (d) If the division does not appear to have been fairly made
- 22 according to law or a valid exception is taken to the division, the
- 23 court may:
- 24 (1) set aside the report and division; and
- 25 (2) order a new partition to be made. (Tex. Prob.
- 26 Code, Sec. 380(e).)
- Sec. 360.156. DELIVERY OF PROPERTY. When the

- 1 commissioners' report has been approved and ordered to be recorded,
- 2 the court shall order the executor or administrator to deliver to
- 3 the distributees on demand the distributees' respective shares of
- 4 the estate, including all the title deeds and documents belonging
- 5 to the distributees. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 380(f).)
- 6 Sec. 360.157. COMMISSIONERS' FEES. A commissioner who
- 7 partitions and distributes an estate under this subchapter is
- 8 entitled to \$5 for each day the commissioner necessarily engages in
- 9 performing the commissioner's duties, to be taxed and paid as other
- 10 costs in cases of partition. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 380(g).)
- 11 [Sections 360.158-360.200 reserved for expansion]
- 12 SUBCHAPTER E. PARTITION AND DISTRIBUTION IF ESTATE PROPERTY IS
- 13 INCAPABLE OF DIVISION
- 14 Sec. 360.201. COURT FINDING. If, in the court's opinion,
- 15 all or part of an estate is not capable of a fair and equal partition
- 16 and distribution, the court shall make a special written finding
- 17 specifying the property incapable of division. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 18 Sec. 381(a).)
- 19 Sec. 360.202. SALE OF ESTATE PROPERTY. (a) When the court
- 20 has found that all or part of an estate is not capable of fair and
- 21 equal division, the court shall order the sale of all estate
- 22 property not capable of fair and equal division.
- (b) The sale must be made by the executor or administrator
- 24 in the manner provided for the sale of real estate to satisfy estate
- 25 debts.
- 26 (c) The court shall distribute the proceeds collected from
- 27 the sale to the persons entitled to the proceeds.

- 1 (d) A distributee who buys property at the sale is required
- 2 to pay or secure only the amount by which the distributee's bid
- 3 exceeds the amount of the distributee's share of the property.
- 4 (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 381(b), (c).)
- 5 Sec. 360.203. APPLICABILITY OF PROVISIONS RELATING TO SALE
- 6 OF REAL ESTATE. The provisions of this title relating to reports of
- 7 sales of real estate, the giving of an increased general or
- 8 additional bond on the sale of real estate, and the vesting of title
- 9 to property sold by decree or by deed apply to sales made under this
- 10 subchapter. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 381(d).)
- 11 [Sections 360.204-360.250 reserved for expansion]
- 12 SUBCHAPTER F. CERTAIN TYPES OF ESTATE PROPERTY
- 13 Sec. 360.251. ESTATE CONSISTING ONLY OF MONEY OR DEBTS. If
- 14 the estate to be distributed consists only of money or debts due to
- 15 the estate, the court shall:
- 16 (1) set the amount to which each distributee is
- 17 entitled; and
- 18 (2) order the executor or administrator to pay and
- 19 deliver that amount. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 379.)
- Sec. 360.252. ESTATE PROPERTY LOCATED IN ANOTHER COUNTY.
- 21 (a) If any portion of the estate to be partitioned is located in
- 22 another county and cannot be fairly partitioned without prejudice
- 23 to the distributees' interests, the commissioners may report those
- 24 facts to the court in writing.
- 25 (b) On the making of a report under Subsection (a), if the
- 26 court is satisfied that the property cannot be fairly divided or
- 27 that the sale of the property would be more advantageous to the

- 1 distributees, the court may order a sale of the property. The sale
- 2 must be conducted in the manner provided by Subchapter E for the
- 3 sale of property that is not capable of fair and equal division.
- 4 (c) If the court is not satisfied that the property cannot
- 5 be fairly and advantageously divided, or that the sale of the
- 6 property would be more advantageous to the distributees, the court
- 7 may appoint three or more commissioners in each county in which the
- 8 property is located. If the court appoints commissioners under
- 9 this subsection, the proceedings under Subchapter D for partition
- 10 by commissioners must be followed. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 382.)
- 11 Sec. 360.253. COMMUNITY PROPERTY. (a) If a spouse dies
- 12 leaving community property, the surviving spouse, at any time after
- 13 letters testamentary or of administration have been granted and an
- 14 inventory, appraisement, and list of claims of the estate have been
- 15 returned, may apply in writing to the court that granted the letters
- 16 for a partition of the community property.
- 17 (b) The surviving spouse shall execute and deliver a bond to
- 18 the judge of the court described by Subsection (a). The bond must
- 19 be:
- 20 (1) with a corporate surety or at least two good and
- 21 sufficient personal sureties;
- 22 (2) payable to and approved by the judge;
- 23 (3) in an amount equal to the value of the surviving
- 24 spouse's interest in the community property; and
- 25 (4) conditioned for the payment of half of all debts
- 26 existing against the community property.
- 27 (c) The court shall proceed to partition the community

- 1 property into two equal moieties, one to be delivered to the
- 2 surviving spouse and the other to be delivered to the executor or
- 3 administrator of the deceased spouse's estate.
- 4 (d) If a partition is made under this section:
- 5 (1) a lien exists on the property delivered to the
- 6 surviving spouse to secure the payment of the bond required under
- 7 Subsection (b); and
- 8 (2) any creditor of the community estate:
- 9 (A) may sue in the creditor's own name on the
- 10 bond; and
- 11 (B) is entitled:
- 12 (i) to have judgment on the bond for half of
- 13 the debt the creditor establishes; and
- 14 (ii) to be paid by the executor or
- 15 administrator of the deceased spouse's estate for the other half.
- 16 (e) The provisions of this title relating to the partition
- 17 and distribution of an estate apply to a partition under this
- 18 section to the extent applicable. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 385.)
- 19 Sec. 360.254. JOINTLY OWNED PROPERTY. (a) A person who has
- 20 a joint interest with a decedent's estate in any property may apply
- 21 to the court that granted letters testamentary or of administration
- 22 on the estate for a partition of the property.
- (b) On application under Subsection (a), the court shall
- 24 partition the property between the applicant and the decedent's
- 25 estate.
- 26 (c) The provisions of this title relating to the partition
- 27 and distribution of an estate govern a partition under this section

- 1 to the extent applicable. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 386.)
- 2 [Sections 360.255-360.300 reserved for expansion]
- 3 SUBCHAPTER G. ENFORCEMENT
- 4 Sec. 360.301. LIABILITY FOR FAILURE TO DELIVER ESTATE
- 5 PROPERTY. (a) If an executor or administrator neglects, when
- 6 demanded, to deliver a portion of an estate ordered to be delivered
- 7 to a person entitled to that portion, the person may file with the
- 8 court clerk a written complaint alleging:
- 9 (1) the fact of the neglect;
- 10 (2) the date of the person's demand; and
- 11 (3) other relevant facts.
- 12 (b) On the filing of a complaint under Subsection (a), the
- 13 court clerk shall issue a citation to be served personally on the
- 14 executor or administrator. The citation must:
- 15 (1) apprise the executor or administrator of the
- 16 complaint; and
- 17 (2) cite the executor or administrator to appear
- 18 before the court and answer, if the executor or administrator
- 19 desires, at the time designated in the citation.
- 20 (c) If at the hearing the court finds that the citation was
- 21 properly served and returned and that the executor or administrator
- 22 is guilty of the neglect alleged, the court shall enter an order to
- 23 that effect.
- 24 (d) An executor or administrator found guilty under
- 25 Subsection (c) is liable to the complainant for damages at the rate
- 26 of 10 percent of the amount or the appraised value of the portion of
- 27 the estate neglectfully withheld, per month, for each month or

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- 1 fraction of a month that the portion is or has been neglectfully
- 2 withheld after the date of demand. Damages under this subsection
- 3 may be recovered in any court of competent jurisdiction. (Tex.
- 4 Prob. Code, Sec. 384.)
- 5 CHAPTER 361. DEATH, RESIGNATION, OR REMOVAL OF PERSONAL
- 6 REPRESENTATIVES; APPOINTMENT OF SUCCESSORS
- 7 SUBCHAPTER A. RESIGNATION OF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE
- 8 Sec. 361.001. RESIGNATION APPLICATION
- 9 Sec. 361.002. IMMEDIATE APPOINTMENT OF SUCCESSOR;
- 10 DISCHARGE AND RELEASE
- 11 Sec. 361.003. HEARING DATE; CITATION
- 12 Sec. 361.004. HEARING
- 13 Sec. 361.005. REQUIREMENTS FOR DISCHARGE
- [Sections 361.006-361.050 reserved for expansion]
- 15 SUBCHAPTER B. REMOVAL AND REINSTATEMENT OF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE
- 16 Sec. 361.051. REMOVAL WITHOUT NOTICE
- 17 Sec. 361.052. REMOVAL WITH NOTICE
- 18 Sec. 361.053. REMOVAL ORDER
- 19 Sec. 361.054. REMOVAL AND REINSTATEMENT OF PERSONAL
- 20 REPRESENTATIVE UNDER CERTAIN
- 21 CIRCUMSTANCES
- [Sections 361.055-361.100 reserved for expansion]
- 23 SUBCHAPTER C. APPOINTMENT OF SUCCESSOR REPRESENTATIVE
- 24 Sec. 361.101. REQUIREMENTS FOR REVOCATION OF LETTERS
- 25 Sec. 361.102. APPOINTMENT BECAUSE OF DEATH,
- 26 RESIGNATION, OR REMOVAL

1	Sec.	361.103.	APPOINTMENT BECAUSE OF EXISTENCE OF
2			PRIOR RIGHT
3	Sec.	361.104.	APPOINTMENT WHEN NAMED EXECUTOR BECOMES
4			AN ADULT
5	Sec.	361.105.	APPOINTMENT OF FORMERLY SICK OR ABSENT
6			EXECUTOR
7	Sec.	361.106.	APPOINTMENT WHEN WILL DISCOVERED AFTER
8			GRANT OF ADMINISTRATION
9		[Secti	ons 361.107-361.150 reserved for expansion]
10	SUB	CHAPTER D.	PROCEDURES AFTER DEATH, RESIGNATION, OR REMOVAL OF
11			PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE
12	Sec.	361.151.	PAYMENT TO ESTATE WHILE OFFICE OF
13			PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE IS VACANT
14	Sec.	361.152.	FURTHER ADMINISTRATION WITH OR WITHOUT
15			NOTICE OR WILL ANNEXED
16	Sec.	361.153.	RIGHTS, POWERS, AND DUTIES OF SUCCESSOR
17			REPRESENTATIVE
18	Sec.	361.154.	SUCCESSOR EXECUTOR ALSO SUCCEEDS TO
19			PRIOR RIGHTS AND DUTIES
20	Sec.	361.155.	SUCCESSOR REPRESENTATIVE TO RETURN
21			INVENTORY, APPRAISEMENT, AND LIST OF
22			CLAIMS
23	CHAPTER 361. DEATH, RESIGNATION, OR REMOVAL OF PERSONAL		
24	REPRESENTATIVES; APPOINTMENT OF SUCCESSORS		
25	SUBCHAPTER A. RESIGNATION OF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE		

27 representative who wishes to resign the representative's trust

26

Sec. 361.001. RESIGNATION APPLICATION. A personal

- 1 shall file a written application with the court clerk, accompanied
- 2 by a complete and verified exhibit and final account showing the
- 3 true condition of the estate entrusted to the representative's
- 4 care. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 221(a).)
- 5 Sec. 361.002. IMMEDIATE APPOINTMENT OF SUCCESSOR;
- 6 DISCHARGE AND RELEASE. (a) If the necessity exists, the court may
- 7 immediately accept the resignation of a personal representative and
- 8 appoint a successor representative.
- 9 (b) The court may not discharge a person whose resignation
- 10 is accepted under Subsection (a), or release the person or the
- 11 sureties on the person's bond, until a final order has been issued
- 12 or judgment has been rendered on the final account required under
- 13 Section 361.001. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 221(b).)
- 14 Sec. 361.003. HEARING DATE; CITATION. (a) When an
- 15 application to resign as personal representative is filed under
- 16 Section 361.001, supported by the exhibit and final account
- 17 required under that section, the court clerk shall bring the
- 18 application to the judge's attention and the judge shall set a date
- 19 for a hearing on the matter.
- 20 (b) After a hearing is set under Subsection (a), the clerk
- 21 shall issue a citation to all interested persons, showing:
- 22 (1) that an application that complies with Section
- 23 361.001 has been filed; and
- 24 (2) the time and place set for the hearing at which the
- 25 interested persons may appear and contest the exhibit and final
- 26 account supporting the application.
- 27 (c) Unless the court directs that the citation under

- 1 Subsection (b) be published, the citation must be posted. (Tex.
- 2 Prob. Code, Sec. 221(c).)
- 3 Sec. 361.004. HEARING. (a) At the time set for the hearing
- 4 under Section 361.003, unless the court continues the hearing, and
- 5 if the court finds that the citation required under that section has
- 6 been properly issued and served, the court shall:
- 7 (1) examine the exhibit and final account required by
- 8 Section 361.001;
- 9 (2) hear all evidence for and against the exhibit and
- 10 final account; and
- 11 (3) if necessary, restate and audit and settle the
- 12 exhibit and final account.
- 13 (b) If the court is satisfied that the matters entrusted to
- 14 the personal representative applying to resign have been handled
- 15 and accounted for in accordance with the law, the court shall:
- 16 (1) enter an order approving the exhibit and final
- 17 account; and
- 18 (2) require that any estate property remaining in the
- 19 applicant's possession be delivered to the persons entitled by law
- 20 to receive the property. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 221(d).)
- Sec. 361.005. REQUIREMENTS FOR DISCHARGE. (a) A personal
- 22 representative applying to resign may not be discharged until:
- 23 (1) the resignation application has been heard;
- 24 (2) the exhibit and final account required under
- 25 Section 361.001 have been examined, settled, and approved; and
- 26 (3) the applicant has satisfied the court that the
- 27 applicant has:

- 1 (A) delivered any estate property remaining in
- 2 the applicant's possession; or
- 3 (B) complied with all lawful orders of the court
- 4 with relation to the applicant's trust as representative.
- 5 (b) When a personal representative applying to resign has
- 6 fully complied with the orders of the court, the court shall enter
- 7 an order:
- 8 (1) accepting the resignation; and
- 9 (2) discharging the applicant, and, if the applicant
- 10 is under bond, the applicant's sureties. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs.
- 11 221(e), (f).)
- [Sections 361.006-361.050 reserved for expansion]
- 13 SUBCHAPTER B. REMOVAL AND REINSTATEMENT OF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE
- 14 Sec. 361.051. REMOVAL WITHOUT NOTICE. The court, on the
- 15 court's own motion or on the motion of any interested person, and
- 16 without notice, may remove a personal representative appointed
- 17 under this title who:
- 18 (1) neglects to qualify in the manner and time
- 19 required by law;
- 20 (2) fails to return, before the 91st day after the date
- 21 the representative qualifies, an inventory of the estate property
- 22 and a list of claims that have come to the representative's
- 23 knowledge, unless that deadline is extended by court order;
- 24 (3) if required, fails to give a new bond within the
- 25 time prescribed;
- 26 (4) is absent from the state for a consecutive period
- 27 of three or more months without the court's permission, or moves out

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1 of state;
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- 2 (5) cannot be served with notices or other processes
- 3 because:
- 4 (A) the representative's whereabouts are
- 5 unknown;
- 6 (B) the representative is eluding service; or
- 7 (C) the representative is a nonresident of this
- 8 state who does not have a resident agent to accept service of
- 9 process in any probate proceeding or other action relating to the
- 10 estate; or
- 11 (6) subject to Section 361.054(a), has misapplied,
- 12 embezzled, or removed from the state, or is about to misapply,
- 13 embezzle, or remove from the state, all or part of the property
- 14 entrusted to the representative's care. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 15 222(a)(1).)
- Sec. 361.052. REMOVAL WITH NOTICE. The court may remove a
- 17 personal representative on the court's own motion, or on the
- 18 complaint of any interested person, after the representative has
- 19 been cited by personal service to answer at a time and place fixed
- 20 in the notice, if:
- 21 (1) sufficient grounds appear to support a belief that
- 22 the representative has misapplied, embezzled, or removed from the
- 23 state, or is about to misapply, embezzle, or remove from the state,
- 24 all or part of the property entrusted to the representative's care;
- 25 (2) the representative fails to return any account
- 26 required by law to be made;
- 27 (3) the representative fails to obey a proper order of

- 1 the court that has jurisdiction with respect to the performance of
- 2 the representative's duties;
- 3 (4) the representative is proved to have been guilty
- 4 of gross misconduct, or mismanagement in the performance of the
- 5 representative's duties;
- 6 (5) the representative:
- 7 (A) becomes incapacitated;
- 8 (B) is sentenced to the penitentiary; or
- 9 (C) from any other cause, becomes incapable of
- 10 properly performing the duties of the representative's trust; or
- 11 (6) the representative, as executor or administrator,
- 12 fails to:
- 13 (A) make a final settlement by the third
- 14 anniversary of the date letters testamentary or of administration
- 15 are granted, unless that period is extended by the court on a
- 16 showing of sufficient cause supported by oath; or
- 17 (B) timely file the affidavit or certificate
- 18 required by Section 308.004. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 222(b).)
- 19 Sec. 361.053. REMOVAL ORDER. An order removing a personal
- 20 representative must:
- 21 (1) state the cause of the removal;
- 22 (2) require that, if the removed representative has
- 23 been personally served with citation, any letters testamentary or
- 24 of administration issued to the removed representative be
- 25 surrendered, and that, regardless of whether the letters have been
- 26 delivered, all the letters be canceled of record; and
- 27 (3) require the removed representative to deliver any

- 1 estate property in the representative's possession to the persons
- 2 entitled to the property or to the person who has been appointed and
- 3 has qualified as successor representative. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 4 222(c).)
- 5 Sec. 361.054. REMOVAL AND REINSTATEMENT OF PERSONAL
- 6 REPRESENTATIVE UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES. (a) The court may
- 7 remove a personal representative under Section 361.051(6) only on
- 8 the presentation of clear and convincing evidence given under oath.
- 9 (b) Not later than the 10th day after the date the court
- 10 signs the order of removal, a personal representative who is
- 11 removed under Section 361.051(6) may file an application with the
- 12 court for a hearing to determine whether the representative should
- 13 be reinstated.
- 14 (c) On the filing of an application under Subsection (b),
- 15 the court clerk shall issue to the applicant and to the successor
- 16 representative of the decedent's estate a notice stating:
- 17 (1) that an application for reinstatement has been
- 18 filed;
- 19 (2) the name of the decedent from whose estate the
- 20 applicant was removed as personal representative; and
- 21 (3) the name of the applicant for reinstatement.
- 22 (d) The notice required by Subsection (c) must cite all
- 23 persons interested in the estate to appear at the time and place
- 24 stated in the notice if the persons wish to contest the application.
- 25 (e) If, at the conclusion of a hearing under this section,
- 26 the court is satisfied by a preponderance of the evidence that the
- 27 personal representative applying for reinstatement did not engage

- 1 in the conduct that directly led to the applicant's removal, the
- 2 court shall:
- 3 (1) set aside any order appointing a successor
- 4 representative; and
- 5 (2) enter an order reinstating the applicant as
- 6 personal representative of the estate.
- 7 (f) If the court sets aside the appointment of a successor
- 8 representative under this section, the court may require the
- 9 successor representative to prepare and file, under oath, an
- 10 accounting of the estate and to detail the disposition the
- 11 successor has made of the estate property. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs.
- 12 222(a)(2), 222A.)
- [Sections 361.055-361.100 reserved for expansion]
- 14 SUBCHAPTER C. APPOINTMENT OF SUCCESSOR REPRESENTATIVE
- 15 Sec. 361.101. REQUIREMENTS FOR REVOCATION OF LETTERS.
- 16 Except as otherwise expressly provided by this title, the court may
- 17 revoke letters testamentary or of administration and grant other
- 18 letters only:
- 19 (1) on application; and
- 20 (2) after personal service of citation on the person,
- 21 if living, whose letters are sought to be revoked, requiring the
- 22 person to appear and show cause why the application should not be
- 23 granted. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 220(f).)
- Sec. 361.102. APPOINTMENT BECAUSE OF DEATH, RESIGNATION, OR
- 25 REMOVAL. (a) If a person appointed as personal representative
- 26 fails to qualify or, after qualifying, dies, resigns, or is
- 27 removed, the court may, on application, appoint a successor

- 1 representative if the appointment of a successor is necessary. The
- 2 appointment may be made before a final accounting is filed or before
- 3 any action on a final accounting is taken. In the event of death,
- 4 the legal representatives of the deceased personal representative
- 5 shall account for, pay, and deliver all estate property that was
- 6 entrusted to the deceased personal representative's care to the
- 7 persons legally entitled to receive the property, at the time and in
- 8 the manner ordered by the court.
- 9 (b) The court may appoint a successor representative under
- 10 this section without citation or notice if the court finds that the
- 11 immediate appointment of a successor representative is necessary.
- 12 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 220(a).)
- 13 Sec. 361.103. APPOINTMENT BECAUSE OF EXISTENCE OF PRIOR
- 14 RIGHT. If letters testamentary or of administration have been
- 15 granted to a person and another person applies for letters, the
- 16 court shall revoke the initial letters and grant letters to the
- 17 second applicant if the second applicant:
- 18 (1) is qualified;
- 19 (2) has a prior right to the letters; and
- 20 (3) has not waived the prior right to the letters.
- 21 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 220(b).)
- Sec. 361.104. APPOINTMENT WHEN NAMED EXECUTOR BECOMES AN
- 23 ADULT. (a) A person named as executor in a will who was not an
- 24 adult when the will was probated is entitled to have letters
- 25 testamentary or of administration that were granted to another
- 26 person revoked and appropriate letters granted to the named
- 27 executor on proof that the named executor has become an adult and is

- 1 not otherwise disqualified.
- 2 (b) This subsection applies only if a will names two or more
- 3 persons as executor. A person named as an executor in the will who
- 4 was a minor when the will was probated may, on becoming an adult,
- 5 qualify and receive letters if:
- 6 (1) letters have been issued only to the named
- 7 executors in the will who were adults when the will was probated;
- 8 and
- 9 (2) the person is not otherwise disqualified from
- 10 receiving letters. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 220(c).)
- 11 Sec. 361.105. APPOINTMENT OF FORMERLY SICK OR ABSENT
- 12 EXECUTOR. (a) This section applies only to a person named as
- 13 executor in a will who was sick or absent from the state when the
- 14 testator died or the will was proved and, as a result, could not:
- 15 (1) present the will for probate before the 31st day
- 16 after the date of the testator's death; or
- 17 (2) accept and qualify as executor before the 21st day
- 18 after the date the will is probated.
- 19 (b) A person to whom this section applies may accept and
- 20 qualify as executor before the 61st day after the date the person
- 21 returns to the state or recovers from illness if proof is presented
- 22 to the court that the person was ill or absent.
- (c) If a person accepts and qualifies as executor under
- 24 Subsection (b) and letters testamentary or of administration have
- 25 been issued to another person, the court shall revoke the other
- 26 person's letters. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 220(d).)
- Sec. 361.106. APPOINTMENT WHEN WILL DISCOVERED AFTER GRANT

- 1 OF ADMINISTRATION. If, after letters of administration have been
- 2 issued, it is discovered that the decedent left a lawful will, the
- 3 court shall revoke the letters of administration and issue proper
- 4 letters to any persons entitled to the letters. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 5 Sec. 220(e).)
- 6 [Sections 361.107-361.150 reserved for expansion]
- 7 SUBCHAPTER D. PROCEDURES AFTER DEATH, RESIGNATION, OR REMOVAL OF
- 8 PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE
- 9 Sec. 361.151. PAYMENT TO ESTATE WHILE OFFICE OF PERSONAL
- 10 REPRESENTATIVE IS VACANT. (a) A debtor, obligor, or payor may pay
- 11 or tender money or another thing of value falling due to an estate
- 12 while the office of personal representative of the estate is vacant
- 13 to the court clerk for the credit of the estate.
- 14 (b) Payment or tender under Subsection (a) discharges the
- 15 debtor, obligor, or payor of the obligation for all purposes to the
- 16 extent and purpose of the payment or tender.
- 17 (c) If the court clerk accepts payment or tender under this
- 18 section, the court clerk shall issue a receipt for the payment or
- 19 tender. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 220(g).)
- 20 Sec. 361.152. FURTHER ADMINISTRATION WITH OR WITHOUT NOTICE
- 21 OR WILL ANNEXED. (a) If an estate is unrepresented as a result of
- 22 the death, removal, or resignation of the estate's personal
- 23 representative, and on application by a qualified person interested
- 24 in the estate, the court shall grant further administration of the
- 25 estate if necessary, and with the will annexed if there is a will.
- 26 (b) An appointment under Subsection (a) shall be made on
- 27 notice and after a hearing, as in the case of an original

- 1 appointment, except that, if the court finds that the immediate
- 2 appointment of a successor representative is necessary, the court
- 3 may appoint the successor on application but without citation or
- 4 notice. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 223.)
- 5 Sec. 361.153. RIGHTS, POWERS, AND DUTIES OF SUCCESSOR
- 6 REPRESENTATIVE. (a) If a personal representative of an estate not
- 7 administered succeeds another personal representative, the
- 8 successor representative has all rights, powers, and duties of the
- 9 predecessor, other than those rights and powers conferred on the
- 10 predecessor by will that are different from those conferred by this
- 11 title on personal representatives generally. Subject to that
- 12 exception, the successor representative shall administer the
- 13 estate as if the successor's administration were a continuation of
- 14 the former administration.
- 15 (b) A successor representative shall account for all the
- 16 estate property that came into the predecessor's possession, and is
- 17 entitled to any order or remedy that the court has the power to give
- 18 to enforce the delivery of the estate property and the liability of
- 19 the predecessor's sureties for any portion of the estate property
- 20 that is not delivered. The successor is not required to account for
- 21 any portion of the estate property that the successor failed to
- 22 recover after due diligence.
- (c) In addition to the powers granted under Subsections (a)
- 24 and (b), a successor representative may:
- 25 (1) make himself or herself, and may be made, a party
- 26 to a suit prosecuted by or against the successor's predecessors;
- 27 (2) settle with the predecessor, and receive and give

- 1 a receipt for any portion of the estate property that remains in the
- 2 predecessor's possession; or
- 3 (3) commence a suit on the bond or bonds of the
- 4 predecessor, in the successor's own name and capacity, for all the
- 5 estate property that:
- 6 (A) came into the predecessor's possession; and
- 7 (B) has not been accounted for by the
- 8 predecessor. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 224, 225.)
- 9 Sec. 361.154. SUCCESSOR EXECUTOR ALSO SUCCEEDS TO PRIOR
- 10 RIGHTS AND DUTIES. An executor who accepts appointment and
- 11 qualifies after letters of administration have been granted on the
- 12 estate shall, in the manner prescribed by Section 361.153, succeed
- 13 to the previous administrator, and shall administer the estate as
- 14 if the executor's administration were a continuation of the former
- 15 administration, subject to any legal directions of the testator
- 16 with respect to the estate that are contained in the will. (Tex.
- 17 Prob. Code, Sec. 226.)
- 18 Sec. 361.155. SUCCESSOR REPRESENTATIVE TO RETURN
- 19 INVENTORY, APPRAISEMENT, AND LIST OF CLAIMS. (a) An appointee who
- 20 has qualified to succeed a former personal representative shall
- 21 make and return to the court an inventory, appraisement, and list of
- 22 claims of the estate before the 91st day after the date the personal
- 23 representative qualifies, in the manner required of an original
- 24 appointee, and shall also return additional inventories,
- 25 appraisements, and lists of claims in the manner required of an
- 26 original appointee.
- (b) On the application of any person interested in the

- 1 estate, the court shall, in an order appointing a successor
- 2 representative of an estate, appoint appraisers as in an original
- 3 appointment. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 227.)
- 4 CHAPTER 362. CLOSING ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATE
- 5 SUBCHAPTER A. SETTLING AND CLOSING ESTATE
- 6 Sec. 362.001. SETTLING AND CLOSING ADMINISTRATION OF
- 7 ESTATE
- 8 Sec. 362.002. COMPELLING SETTLEMENT OF ESTATE
- 9 Sec. 362.003. VERIFIED ACCOUNT REQUIRED
- 10 Sec. 362.004. CONTENTS OF ACCOUNT
- 11 Sec. 362.005. CITATION AND NOTICE ON PRESENTATION OF
- 12 ACCOUNT
- 13 Sec. 362.006. EXAMINATION OF AND HEARING ON ACCOUNT
- 14 Sec. 362.007. DELIVERY OF CERTAIN PROPERTY TO GUARDIAN
- 15 Sec. 362.008. CERTAIN DEBTS EXCLUDED FROM SETTLEMENT
- 16 COMPUTATION
- 17 Sec. 362.009. MONEY DUE TO ESTATE PENDING FINAL
- 18 DISCHARGE
- 19 Sec. 362.010. PAYMENT OF INHERITANCE TAXES REQUIRED
- 20 Sec. 362.011. PARTITION AND DISTRIBUTION OF ESTATE
- 21 Sec. 362.012. DISCHARGE OF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE
- WHEN NO ESTATE PROPERTY REMAINS
- 23 Sec. 362.013. DISCHARGE OF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE
- 24 WHEN ESTATE FULLY ADMINISTERED
- 25 [Sections 362.014-362.050 reserved for expansion]
- 26 SUBCHAPTER B. FAILURE OF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE TO ACT
- 27 Sec. 362.051. FAILURE TO PRESENT ACCOUNT

- 1 Sec. 362.052. LIABILITY FOR FAILURE TO DELIVER ESTATE
- 2 PROPERTY
- 3 CHAPTER 362. CLOSING ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATE
- 4 SUBCHAPTER A. SETTLING AND CLOSING ESTATE
- 5 Sec. 362.001. SETTLING AND CLOSING ADMINISTRATION OF
- 6 ESTATE. The administration of an estate shall be settled and closed
- 7 when:
- 8 (1) all the debts known to exist against the estate
- 9 have been paid, or have been paid to the extent permitted by the
- 10 assets in the personal representative's possession; and
- 11 (2) no further need for administration exists. (Tex.
- 12 Prob. Code, Sec. 404.)
- 13 Sec. 362.002. COMPELLING SETTLEMENT OF ESTATE. A person
- 14 interested in the administration of an estate for which letters
- 15 testamentary or of administration have been granted may proceed,
- 16 after any period of time, to compel settlement of the estate if it
- 17 does not appear from the record that the administration of the
- 18 estate has been closed. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 92.)
- 19 Sec. 362.003. VERIFIED ACCOUNT REQUIRED. The personal
- 20 representative of an estate shall present to the court the
- 21 representative's verified account for final settlement when the
- 22 administration of the estate is to be settled and closed. (Tex.
- 23 Prob. Code, Sec. 405 (part).)
- Sec. 362.004. CONTENTS OF ACCOUNT. (a) Except as provided
- 25 by Subsection (b), it is sufficient for an account for final
- 26 settlement to:
- 27 (1) refer to the inventory without describing each

- 1 item of property in detail; and
- 2 (2) refer to and adopt any proceeding had in the
- 3 administration concerning a sale, renting, leasing for mineral
- 4 development, or any other transaction on behalf of the estate,
- 5 including an exhibit, account, or voucher previously filed and
- 6 approved, without restating the particular items thereof.
- 7 (b) An account for final settlement must be accompanied by
- 8 proper vouchers supporting each item included in the account for
- 9 which the personal representative has not already accounted and,
- 10 either by reference to any proceeding described by Subsection (a)
- 11 or by a statement of the facts, must show:
- 12 (1) the estate property that has come into the
- 13 representative's possession and the disposition of that property;
- 14 (2) the debts that have been paid;
- 15 (3) any debts and expenses still owing by the estate;
- 16 (4) any estate property still in the representative's
- 17 possession;
- 18 (5) the persons entitled to receive that estate and,
- 19 for each of those persons:
- 20 (A) the person's relationship to the decedent;
- 21 (B) the person's residence, if known; and
- (C) whether the person is an adult or a minor and,
- 23 if the person is a minor, the name of each of the minor's guardians,
- 24 if any;
- 25 (6) any advancement or payment made by the
- 26 representative from that estate to any person entitled to receive
- 27 part of that estate;

- 1 (7) the tax returns due that have been filed and the
- 2 taxes due and owing that have been paid, including:
- 3 (A) a complete account of the amount of taxes;
- 4 (B) the date the taxes were paid; and
- 5 (C) the governmental entity to which the taxes
- 6 were paid;
- 7 (8) if on the filing of the account a tax return due to
- 8 be filed or any taxes due to be paid are delinquent, the reasons
- 9 for, and include a description of, the delinquency; and
- 10 (9) that the representative has paid all required bond
- 11 premiums. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 405 (part).)
- 12 Sec. 362.005. CITATION AND NOTICE ON PRESENTATION OF
- 13 ACCOUNT. (a) On the presentation of an account for final
- 14 settlement by a temporary or permanent personal representative, the
- 15 county clerk shall issue citation to the persons and in the manner
- 16 provided by Subsections (c) and (d).
- 17 (b) Citation issued under Subsection (a) must contain:
- 18 (1) a statement that an account for final settlement
- 19 has been presented;
- 20 (2) the time and place the court will consider the
- 21 account; and
- 22 (3) a statement requiring the person cited to appear
- 23 and contest the account, if the person wishes to contest the
- 24 account.
- 25 (c) The personal representative shall give notice to each
- 26 heir or beneficiary of the decedent by certified mail, return
- 27 receipt requested, unless the court by written order directs

- 1 another type of notice to be given. The notice must include a copy
- 2 of the account for final settlement.
- 3 (d) The court by written order shall require additional
- 4 notice if the court considers the additional notice necessary.
- 5 (e) The court may allow the waiver of notice of an account
- 6 for final settlement in a proceeding concerning a decedent's
- 7 estate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 407.)
- 8 Sec. 362.006. EXAMINATION OF AND HEARING ON ACCOUNT. (a)
- 9 On the court's satisfaction that citation has been properly served
- 10 on all persons interested in the estate, the court shall examine the
- 11 account for final settlement and the accompanying vouchers.
- 12 (b) After hearing all exceptions or objections to the
- 13 account for final settlement and accompanying vouchers and the
- 14 evidence in support of or against the account, the court shall audit
- 15 and settle the account and, if necessary, restate the account.
- 16 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 408(a).)
- 17 Sec. 362.007. DELIVERY OF CERTAIN PROPERTY TO GUARDIAN.
- 18 The court may permit a resident personal representative who has
- 19 possession of any of a ward's estate to deliver the estate to a
- 20 qualified and acting guardian of the ward. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 21 405A.)
- Sec. 362.008. CERTAIN DEBTS EXCLUDED FROM SETTLEMENT
- 23 COMPUTATION. In the settlement of any of the accounts of the
- 24 personal representative, all debts due the estate that the court is
- 25 satisfied could not have been collected by due diligence and that
- 26 have not been collected shall be excluded from the computation.
- 27 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 412.)

- Sec. 362.009. MONEY DUE TO ESTATE PENDING FINAL DISCHARGE.
- 2 Money or another thing of value that becomes due to the estate while
- 3 an account for final settlement is pending may be paid, delivered,
- 4 or tendered to the personal representative until the order of final
- 5 discharge of the representative is entered in the minutes of the
- 6 court. The representative shall issue a receipt for the money or
- 7 other thing of value to the obligor or payor. On issuance of the
- 8 receipt, the obligor or payor is discharged of the obligation for
- 9 all purposes. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 409.)
- 10 Sec. 362.010. PAYMENT OF INHERITANCE TAXES REQUIRED. A
- 11 personal representative's account for final settlement of an estate
- 12 may not be approved, and the estate may not be closed, unless the
- 13 account shows and the court finds that all inheritance taxes due and
- 14 owing to this state with respect to all interests and properties
- 15 passing through the representative's possession have been paid.
- 16 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 410.)
- 17 Sec. 362.011. PARTITION AND DISTRIBUTION OF ESTATE. If, on
- 18 final settlement of an estate, any of the estate remains in the
- 19 personal representative's possession, the court shall order that a
- 20 partition and distribution be made among the persons entitled to
- 21 receive that part of the estate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 408(b).)
- Sec. 362.012. DISCHARGE OF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE WHEN NO
- 23 ESTATE PROPERTY REMAINS. The court shall enter an order discharging
- 24 a personal representative from the representative's trust and
- 25 closing the estate if, on final settlement of the estate, none of
- 26 the estate remains in the representative's possession. (Tex. Prob.
- 27 Code, Sec. 408(c).)

- 1 Sec. 362.013. DISCHARGE OF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE WHEN
- 2 ESTATE FULLY ADMINISTERED. The court shall enter an order
- 3 discharging a personal representative from the representative's
- 4 trust and declaring the estate closed when:
- 5 (1) the representative has fully administered the
- 6 estate in accordance with this title and the court's orders;
- 7 (2) the representative's account for final settlement
- 8 has been approved; and
- 9 (3) the representative has delivered all of the estate
- 10 remaining in the representative's possession to the person or
- 11 persons entitled to receive that part of the estate. (Tex. Prob.
- 12 Code, Sec. 408(d).)
- [Sections 362.014-362.050 reserved for expansion]
- 14 SUBCHAPTER B. FAILURE OF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE TO ACT
- 15 Sec. 362.051. FAILURE TO PRESENT ACCOUNT. (a) The court, on
- 16 the court's own motion or on the written complaint of anyone
- 17 interested in a decedent's estate that has been administered, shall
- 18 have the personal representative who is charged with the duty of
- 19 presenting an account for final settlement cited to appear and
- 20 present the account within the time specified in the citation if the
- 21 representative failed or neglected to present the account at the
- 22 proper time.
- (b) On or after the fourth anniversary of the date the court
- 24 clerk last issues letters testamentary or of administration for a
- 25 decedent's estate, the court may close the estate without an
- 26 account for final settlement and without appointing a successor
- 27 personal representative if:

- 1 (1) the whereabouts of the personal representative and
- 2 heirs of the decedent are unknown; and
- 3 (2) a complaint has not been filed by anyone
- 4 interested in the decedent's estate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 406.)
- 5 Sec. 362.052. LIABILITY FOR FAILURE TO DELIVER ESTATE
- 6 PROPERTY. (a) On the final settlement of an estate, if the
- 7 personal representative neglects on demand to deliver a portion of
- 8 the estate or any money in the representative's possession ordered
- 9 to be delivered to a person entitled to that property, the person
- 10 may file with the court clerk a written complaint alleging:
- 11 (1) the fact of the neglect;
- 12 (2) the date of the person's demand; and
- 13 (3) other relevant facts.
- 14 (b) On the filing of a complaint under Subsection (a), the
- 15 court clerk shall issue a citation to be served personally on the
- 16 personal representative. The citation must:
- 17 (1) apprise the representative of the complaint; and
- 18 (2) cite the representative to appear before the court
- 19 and answer, if the representative desires, at a time designated in
- 20 the citation.
- 21 (c) If at the hearing the court finds that the citation was
- 22 properly served and returned, and that the personal representative
- 23 is guilty of the neglect charged, the court shall enter an order to
- 24 that effect.
- 25 (d) A personal representative found guilty under Subsection
- 26 (c) is liable to the person who filed the complaint under Subsection
- 27 (a) for damages at the rate of 10 percent of the amount of the money

- 1 or the appraised value of the portion of the estate neglectfully
- 2 withheld, per month, for each month or fraction of a month that the
- 3 money or portion of the estate is or has been neglectfully withheld
- 4 after the date of demand. Damages under this subsection may be
- 5 recovered in any court of competent jurisdiction. (Tex. Prob.
- 6 Code, Sec. 414.)
- 7 [Chapters 363-400 reserved for expansion]
- 8 SUBTITLE I. INDEPENDENT ADMINISTRATION
- 9 [Chapters 401-450 reserved for expansion]
- 10 SUBTITLE J. ADDITIONAL MATTERS RELATING TO THE ADMINISTRATION OF
- 11 CERTAIN ESTATES
- 12 CHAPTER 451. ORDER OF NO ADMINISTRATION
- 13 Sec. 451.001. APPLICATION FOR FAMILY ALLOWANCE AND
- 14 ORDER OF NO ADMINISTRATION
- 15 Sec. 451.002. HEARING AND ORDER
- 16 Sec. 451.003. EFFECT OF ORDER
- 17 Sec. 451.004. PROCEEDING TO REVOKE ORDER
- 18 CHAPTER 451. ORDER OF NO ADMINISTRATION
- 19 Sec. 451.001. APPLICATION FOR FAMILY ALLOWANCE AND ORDER OF
- 20 NO ADMINISTRATION. (a) If the value of the entire assets of an
- 21 estate, excluding homestead and exempt property, does not exceed
- 22 the amount to which the surviving spouse and minor children of the
- 23 decedent are entitled as a family allowance, an application may be
- 24 filed by or on behalf of the surviving spouse or minor children
- 25 requesting a court to make a family allowance and to enter an order
- 26 that no administration of the decedent's estate is necessary.
- 27 (b) The application may be filed:

- 1 (1) in any court in which venue is proper for
- 2 administration; or
- 3 (2) if an application for the appointment of a
- 4 personal representative has been filed but not yet granted, in the
- 5 court in which the application is filed.
- 6 (c) The application must:
- 7 (1) state the names of the heirs or devisees;
- 8 (2) list, to the extent known, estate creditors
- 9 together with the amounts of the claims; and
- 10 (3) describe all property belonging to the estate,
- 11 together with:
- 12 (A) the estimated value of the property according
- 13 to the best knowledge and information of the applicant; and
- 14 (B) the liens and encumbrances on the property.
- 15 (d) The application must also include a prayer that the
- 16 court make a family allowance and that, if the family allowance
- 17 exhausts the entire assets of the estate, excluding homestead and
- 18 exempt property, the entire assets of the estate be set aside to the
- 19 surviving spouse and minor children, as with other family
- 20 allowances provided for by Subchapter C, Chapter 353. (Tex. Prob.
- 21 Code, Sec. 139.)
- Sec. 451.002. HEARING AND ORDER. (a) On the filing of an
- 23 application under Section 451.001, the court may hear the
- 24 application:
- 25 (1) promptly without notice; or
- 26 (2) at a time and with notice as required by the court.
- (b) On the hearing of the application, if the court finds

- 1 that the facts contained in the application are true and that the
- 2 expenses of last illness, funeral charges, and expenses of the
- 3 proceeding have been paid or secured, the court shall:
- 4 (1) make a family allowance; and
- 5 (2) if the entire assets of the estate, excluding
- 6 homestead and exempt property, are exhausted by the family
- 7 allowance made under Subdivision (1):
- 8 (A) assign to the surviving spouse and minor
- 9 children the entire estate in the same manner and with the same
- 10 effect as provided in Subchapter C, Chapter 353, for the making of a
- 11 family allowance to the surviving spouse and minor children; and
- 12 (B) order that there shall be no administration
- 13 of the estate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 140.)
- 14 Sec. 451.003. EFFECT OF ORDER. (a) An order of no
- 15 administration issued under Section 451.002(b) constitutes
- 16 sufficient legal authority to each person who owes money, has
- 17 custody of property, or acts as registrar or transfer agent of any
- 18 evidence of interest, indebtedness, property, or right, belonging
- 19 to the estate, and to each person purchasing from or otherwise
- 20 dealing with the estate, for payment or transfer without
- 21 administration to the persons described in the order as entitled to
- 22 receive the estate.
- 23 (b) The persons described in the order are entitled to
- 24 enforce by suit their right to payment or transfer described by this
- 25 section. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 141.)
- Sec. 451.004. PROCEEDING TO REVOKE ORDER. (a) At any time,
- 27 but not later than the first anniversary of the date of entry of an

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- 1 order of no administration under Section 451.002(b), any interested
- 2 person may file an application to revoke the order.
- 3 (b) An application to revoke the order must allege that:
- 4 (1) other estate property has been discovered,
- 5 property belonging to the estate was not included in the
- 6 application for no administration, or the property described in the
- 7 application for no administration was incorrectly valued; and
- 8 (2) if that property were added, included, or
- 9 correctly valued, as applicable, the total value of the property
- 10 would exceed the amount necessary to justify the court in ordering
- 11 no administration.
- 12 (c) The court shall revoke the order on proof of any of the
- 13 grounds described by Subsection (b).
- 14 (d) If the value of any property is contested, the court may
- 15 appoint two appraisers to appraise the property in accordance with
- 16 the procedure prescribed for inventories and appraisements under
- 17 Chapter 309. The appraisement of the appointed appraisers shall be
- 18 received in evidence but is not conclusive. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 19 142.)
- 20 CHAPTER 452. TEMPORARY ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATES
- 21 SUBCHAPTER A. APPOINTMENT OF TEMPORARY ADMINISTRATOR GENERALLY
- 22 Sec. 452.001. DUTY TO APPOINT TEMPORARY ADMINISTRATOR
- 23 Sec. 452.002. APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT
- 24 Sec. 452.003. ORDER OF APPOINTMENT; REQUIREMENTS
- 25 Sec. 452.004. TEMPORARY ADMINISTRATOR'S BOND
- 26 Sec. 452.005. ISSUANCE OF LETTERS OF TEMPORARY
- 27 ADMINISTRATION

- 1 Sec. 452.006. NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT
- 2 Sec. 452.007. HEARING TO CONTEST APPOINTMENT
- 3 Sec. 452.008. PERMANENT APPOINTMENT
- 4 [Sections 452.009-452.050 reserved for expansion]
- 5 SUBCHAPTER B. TEMPORARY ADMINISTRATION PENDING CONTEST OF A WILL
- 6 OR ADMINISTRATION
- 7 Sec. 452.051. APPOINTMENT OF TEMPORARY ADMINISTRATOR
- 8 Sec. 452.052. ADDITIONAL POWERS REGARDING CLAIMS
- 9 [Sections 452.053-452.100 reserved for expansion]
- 10 SUBCHAPTER C. POWERS AND DUTIES OF TEMPORARY ADMINISTRATOR
- 11 Sec. 452.101. LIMITED POWERS OF TEMPORARY
- 12 ADMINISTRATOR
- 13 Sec. 452.102. ADDITIONAL BOND FOR EXTENSION OF RIGHTS
- 14 AND POWERS
- 15 [Sections 452.103-452.150 reserved for expansion]
- 16 SUBCHAPTER D. EXPIRATION AND CLOSING OF TEMPORARY ADMINISTRATION
- 17 Sec. 452.151. ACCOUNTING
- 18 Sec. 452.152. CLOSING TEMPORARY ADMINISTRATION
- 19 CHAPTER 452. TEMPORARY ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATES
- 20 SUBCHAPTER A. APPOINTMENT OF TEMPORARY ADMINISTRATOR GENERALLY
- 21 Sec. 452.001. DUTY TO APPOINT TEMPORARY ADMINISTRATOR. A
- 22 judge who determines that the interest of a decedent's estate
- 23 requires the immediate appointment of a personal representative
- 24 shall, by written order, appoint a temporary administrator with
- 25 powers limited as the circumstances of the case require. (Tex.
- 26 Prob. Code, Sec. 131A(a) (part).)
- Sec. 452.002. APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT. (a) A person

- 1 may file with the court clerk a written application for the
- 2 appointment of a temporary administrator of a decedent's estate
- 3 under this subchapter.
- 4 (b) The application must:
- 5 (1) be verified;
- 6 (2) include the information required by:
- 7 (A) Sections 256.052, 256.053, and 256.054, if
- 8 the decedent died testate; or
- 9 (B) Section 301.052, if the decedent died
- 10 intestate; and
- 11 (3) include an affidavit that:
- 12 (A) states the name, address, and interest of the
- 13 applicant;
- 14 (B) states the facts showing an immediate
- 15 necessity for the appointment of a temporary administrator;
- 16 (C) lists the requested powers and duties of the
- 17 temporary administrator;
- 18 (D) states that the applicant is entitled to
- 19 letters of temporary administration and is not disqualified by law
- 20 from serving as a temporary administrator; and
- 21 (E) describes the property that the applicant
- 22 believes to be in the decedent's estate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 23 131A(b).)
- Sec. 452.003. ORDER OF APPOINTMENT; REQUIREMENTS. The
- 25 order appointing a temporary administrator must:
- 26 (1) designate the appointee as "temporary
- 27 administrator" of the decedent's estate;

- 1 (2) specify the period of the appointment, which may
- 2 not exceed 180 days unless the appointment is made permanent under
- 3 Section 452.008;
- 4 (3) define the powers given to the appointee; and
- 5 (4) set the amount of bond to be given by the
- 6 appointee. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 131A(a) (part), (c).)
- 7 Sec. 452.004. TEMPORARY ADMINISTRATOR'S BOND. (a) In this
- 8 section, "business day" means a day other than a Saturday, Sunday,
- 9 or holiday recognized by this state.
- 10 (b) Not later than the third business day after the date of
- 11 the order appointing a temporary administrator, the appointee shall
- 12 file with the county clerk a bond in the amount ordered by the
- 13 court. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 131A(d).)
- 14 Sec. 452.005. ISSUANCE OF LETTERS OF TEMPORARY
- 15 ADMINISTRATION. Not later than the third day after the date an
- 16 appointee qualifies as temporary administrator, the county clerk
- 17 shall issue to the appointee letters of temporary administration
- 18 that list the powers to be exercised by the appointee as ordered by
- 19 the court. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 131A(e).)
- Sec. 452.006. NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT. (a) On the date the
- 21 county clerk issues letters of temporary administration:
- 22 (1) the county clerk shall post on the courthouse door
- 23 a notice of the appointment to all interested persons; and
- 24 (2) the appointee shall notify, by certified mail,
- 25 return receipt requested, the decedent's known heirs of the
- 26 appointment.
- 27 (b) A notice required under Subsection (a) must state that:

- 1 (1) an heir or other interested person may request a
- 2 hearing to contest the appointment not later than the 15th day after
- 3 the date the letters of temporary administration are issued;
- 4 (2) if no contest is made during the period specified
- 5 by the notice, the appointment continues for the period specified
- 6 in the order appointing a temporary administrator; and
- 7 (3) the court may make the appointment permanent.
- 8 (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 131A(f), (g), (h).)
- 9 Sec. 452.007. HEARING TO CONTEST APPOINTMENT. (a) A
- 10 hearing shall be held and a determination made not later than the
- 11 10th day after the date an heir or other interested person requests
- 12 a hearing to contest the appointment of a temporary administrator.
- 13 If a request is not made on or before the 15th day after the date the
- 14 letters of temporary administration are issued, the appointment of
- 15 a temporary administrator continues for the period specified in the
- 16 order, unless the appointment is made permanent under Section
- 17 452.008.
- 18 (b) While a contest of the appointment of a temporary
- 19 administrator is pending, the temporary appointee shall continue to
- 20 act as administrator of the estate to the extent of the powers given
- 21 by the appointment.
- (c) A court that sets aside a temporary administrator's
- 23 appointment may require the temporary administrator to prepare and
- 24 file, under oath, a complete exhibit of the condition of the estate
- 25 and detail any disposition of the estate property made by the
- 26 temporary administrator. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 131A(i).)
- Sec. 452.008. PERMANENT APPOINTMENT. At the end of a

- 1 temporary administrator's period of appointment, the court by
- 2 written order may make the appointment permanent if the permanent
- 3 appointment is in the interest of the estate. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 4 Sec. 131A(j).)
- 5 [Sections 452.009-452.050 reserved for expansion]
- 6 SUBCHAPTER B. TEMPORARY ADMINISTRATION PENDING CONTEST OF A WILL
- 7 OR ADMINISTRATION
- 8 Sec. 452.051. APPOINTMENT OF TEMPORARY ADMINISTRATOR. (a)
- 9 If a contest related to probating a will or granting letters of
- 10 administration is pending, the court may appoint a temporary
- 11 administrator, with powers limited as the circumstances of the case
- 12 require.
- 13 (b) The appointment may continue until the contest is
- 14 terminated and an executor or administrator with full powers is
- 15 appointed.
- 16 (c) The power of appointment under this section is in
- 17 addition to the court's power of appointment under Subchapter A.
- 18 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 132(a).)
- 19 Sec. 452.052. ADDITIONAL POWERS REGARDING CLAIMS. (a) A
- 20 court that grants temporary administration pending a will contest
- 21 or a contest on an application for letters of administration may, at
- 22 any time while the contest is pending, give the temporary
- 23 administrator all the powers of a permanent administrator regarding
- 24 claims against the estate.
- 25 (b) If the court gives the temporary administrator powers
- 26 described by Subsection (a), the court and the temporary
- 27 administrator shall act in the same manner as in permanent

- 1 administration in matters such as:
- 2 (1) approving or disapproving claims;
- 3 (2) paying claims; and
- 4 (3) selling property to pay claims.
- 5 (c) The court shall require a temporary administrator given
- 6 powers described by Subsection (a) to give bond in the full amount
- 7 required of a permanent administrator.
- 8 (d) This section is cumulative and does not affect the
- 9 court's right to order a temporary administrator to perform any
- 10 action described by this section in other cases if the action is
- 11 necessary or expedient to preserve the estate pending the contest's
- 12 final determination. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 132(b).)
- [Sections 452.053-452.100 reserved for expansion]
- 14 SUBCHAPTER C. POWERS AND DUTIES OF TEMPORARY ADMINISTRATOR
- 15 Sec. 452.101. LIMITED POWERS OF TEMPORARY ADMINISTRATOR.
- 16 (a) A temporary administrator may exercise only the rights and
- 17 powers:
- 18 (1) specifically expressed in the court's order
- 19 appointing the temporary administrator; or
- 20 (2) expressed in the court's subsequent orders.
- 21 (b) An act performed by a temporary administrator is void
- 22 unless expressly authorized by the court's orders. (Tex. Prob.
- 23 Code, Sec. 133 (part).)
- Sec. 452.102. ADDITIONAL BOND FOR EXTENSION OF RIGHTS AND
- 25 POWERS. A court that extends the rights and powers of a temporary
- 26 administrator in an order subsequent to the order appointing the
- 27 temporary administrator may require additional bond commensurate

- 1 with the extension. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 133 (part).)
- 2 [Sections 452.103-452.150 reserved for expansion]
- 3 SUBCHAPTER D. EXPIRATION AND CLOSING OF TEMPORARY ADMINISTRATION
- 4 Sec. 452.151. ACCOUNTING. At the expiration of a temporary
- 5 appointment, the temporary administrator shall file with the court
- 6 clerk:
- 7 (1) a sworn list of all estate property that has come
- 8 into the temporary administrator's possession;
- 9 (2) a return of all sales made by the temporary
- 10 administrator; and
- 11 (3) a full exhibit and account of all the temporary
- 12 administrator's acts as temporary administrator. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 13 Sec. 134.)
- 14 Sec. 452.152. CLOSING TEMPORARY ADMINISTRATION. (a) The
- 15 court shall act on the list, return, exhibit, and account filed
- 16 under Section 452.151.
- 17 (b) When letters of temporary administration expire or
- 18 become ineffective for any cause, the court immediately shall enter
- 19 an order requiring the temporary administrator to promptly deliver
- 20 the estate remaining in the temporary administrator's possession to
- 21 the person legally entitled to possession of the estate.
- (c) On proof of delivery under Subsection (b), the temporary
- 23 administrator shall be discharged and the sureties on the temporary
- 24 administrator's bond shall be released as to any future liability.
- 25 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 135.)
- 26 CHAPTER 453. ADMINISTRATION OF COMMUNITY PROPERTY
- 27 Sec. 453.001. EFFECT OF CHAPTER

- 1 Sec. 453.002. ADMINISTRATION OF COMMUNITY PROPERTY NOT
- 2 NECESSARY
- 3 Sec. 453.003. GENERAL POWERS OF SURVIVING SPOUSE IF NO
- 4 ADMINISTRATION IS PENDING
- 5 Sec. 453.004. COLLECTION OF UNPAID WAGES IF NO
- 6 ADMINISTRATION IS PENDING
- 7 Sec. 453.005. REMARRIAGE OF SURVIVING SPOUSE
- 8 Sec. 453.006. ACCOUNT OF COMMUNITY DEBTS AND
- 9 DISPOSITION OF COMMUNITY PROPERTY
- 10 Sec. 453.007. DELIVERY OF COMMUNITY ESTATE ON FINAL
- 11 PARTITION
- 12 Sec. 453.008. LIABILITY OF SURVIVING SPOUSE FOR LOSS
- 13 Sec. 453.009. DISTRIBUTION OF POWERS BETWEEN PERSONAL
- 14 REPRESENTATIVE AND SURVIVING SPOUSE
- 15 CHAPTER 453. ADMINISTRATION OF COMMUNITY PROPERTY
- 16 Sec. 453.001. EFFECT OF CHAPTER. This chapter does not
- 17 prohibit the administration of community property under other
- 18 provisions of this title relating to the administration of an
- 19 estate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 155 (part).)
- Sec. 453.002. ADMINISTRATION OF COMMUNITY PROPERTY NOT
- 21 NECESSARY. If a spouse dies intestate and the community property
- 22 passes to the surviving spouse, no administration of the community
- 23 property is necessary. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 155 (part).)
- Sec. 453.003. GENERAL POWERS OF SURVIVING SPOUSE IF NO
- 25 ADMINISTRATION IS PENDING. (a) If there is no qualified executor
- 26 or administrator of a deceased spouse's estate, the surviving
- 27 spouse, as the surviving partner of the marital partnership, may:

1 (1) sue and be sued to recover community property;

2 (2) sell, mortgage, lease, and otherwise dispose of

community property to pay community debts;

- (3) collect claims due to the community estate; and
- (4) exercise other powers as necessary to:
- 6 (A) preserve the community property;
- 7 (B) discharge community obligations; and
- 8 (C) wind up community affairs.
- 9 (b) This section does not affect the disposition of the 10 deceased spouse's property. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 160(a), (c).)
- 11 Sec. 453.004. COLLECTION OF UNPAID WAGES IF NO
- 12 ADMINISTRATION IS PENDING. (a) If a person who owes money to the
- 13 community estate for current wages at the time of a deceased
- 14 spouse's death is provided an affidavit stating that the affiant is
- 15 the surviving spouse and that no one has qualified as executor or
- 16 administrator of the deceased spouse's estate, the person who pays
- 17 or delivers to the affiant the deceased spouse's final paycheck for
- 18 the wages, including any unpaid sick pay or vacation pay, is
- 19 released from liability to the same extent as if the payment or
- 20 delivery is made to the deceased spouse's personal representative.
- 21 The person is not required to inquire into the truth of the
- 22 affidavit.

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- 23 (b) An affiant to whom the payment or delivery is made under
- 24 Subsection (a) is answerable to a person having a prior right and is
- 25 accountable to a personal representative who is appointed. The
- 26 affiant is liable for any damage or loss to a person that arises
- 27 from a payment or delivery made in reliance on the affidavit.

- 1 (c) This section does not affect the disposition of the
- 2 deceased spouse's property. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 160(b), (c).)
- 3 Sec. 453.005. REMARRIAGE OF SURVIVING SPOUSE. The
- 4 remarriage of a surviving spouse does not terminate the surviving
- 5 spouse's powers as a surviving partner. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 6 176.)
- 7 Sec. 453.006. ACCOUNT OF COMMUNITY DEBTS AND DISPOSITION OF
- 8 COMMUNITY PROPERTY. (a) The surviving spouse shall keep a fair and
- 9 full account and statement of:
- 10 (1) all community debts and expenses paid by the
- 11 surviving spouse; and
- 12 (2) the disposition made of the community property.
- 13 (b) The surviving spouse or personal representative shall
- 14 keep a separate, distinct account of all community debts allowed or
- 15 paid in the administration and settlement of an estate described by
- 16 Sections 101.052(a) and (b). (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 156 (part),
- 17 168 (part).)
- 18 Sec. 453.007. DELIVERY OF COMMUNITY ESTATE ON FINAL
- 19 PARTITION. On final partition of the community estate, the
- 20 surviving spouse shall deliver to the deceased spouse's heirs or
- 21 devisees their interest in the estate, and the increase in and
- 22 profits of the interest, after deducting from the interest:
- 23 (1) the proportion of the community debts chargeable
- 24 to the interest;
- 25 (2) unavoidable losses;
- 26 (3) necessary and reasonable expenses; and
- 27 (4) a reasonable commission for the management of the

- 1 interest. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 168 (part).)
- 2 Sec. 453.008. LIABILITY OF SURVIVING SPOUSE FOR LOSS. A
- 3 surviving spouse is not liable for a loss sustained by the community
- 4 estate unless the surviving spouse is guilty of gross negligence or
- 5 bad faith. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 168 (part).)
- 6 Sec. 453.009. DISTRIBUTION OF POWERS BETWEEN PERSONAL
- 7 REPRESENTATIVE AND SURVIVING SPOUSE. (a) A qualified personal
- 8 representative of a deceased spouse's estate may administer:
- 9 (1) the separate property of the deceased spouse;
- 10 (2) the community property that was by law under the
- 11 management of the deceased spouse during the marriage; and
- 12 (3) the community property that was by law under the
- 13 joint control of the spouses during the marriage.
- 14 (b) The surviving spouse, as surviving partner of the
- 15 marital partnership, is entitled to:
- 16 (1) retain possession and control of the community
- 17 property that was legally under the sole management of the
- 18 surviving spouse during the marriage; and
- 19 (2) exercise over that property any power this chapter
- 20 authorizes the surviving spouse to exercise if there is no
- 21 administration pending on the deceased spouse's estate.
- (c) The surviving spouse, by written instrument filed with
- 23 the clerk, may waive any right to exercise powers as community
- 24 survivor. If the surviving spouse files a waiver under this
- 25 subsection, the deceased spouse's personal representative may
- 26 administer the entire community estate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 27 177.)

- 1 CHAPTER 454. ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATE OF PERSON PRESUMED DEAD
- 2 SUBCHAPTER A. ESTATES OF PERSONS PRESUMED DEAD
- 3 Sec. 454.001. APPLICABILITY; DETERMINATION OF DEATH
- 4 Sec. 454.002. GRANT OF LETTERS ON PROOF OF DEATH
- 5 Sec. 454.003. CITATION AND SEARCH
- 6 Sec. 454.004. DISTRIBUTION OF ESTATE
- 7 [Sections 454.005-454.050 reserved for expansion]
- 8 SUBCHAPTER B. PERSONS PRESUMED DEAD BUT SUBSEQUENTLY
- 9 PROVED LIVING
- 10 Sec. 454.051. RESTORATION OF ESTATE
- 11 Sec. 454.052. LIABILITY OF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE AND
- 12 OTHERS ACTING UNDER COURT ORDER; BONDS
- 13 NOT VOIDED
- 14 CHAPTER 454. ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATE OF PERSON PRESUMED DEAD
- 15 SUBCHAPTER A. ESTATES OF PERSONS PRESUMED DEAD
- Sec. 454.001. APPLICABILITY; DETERMINATION OF DEATH. (a)
- 17 This subchapter applies in a proceeding to probate a person's will
- 18 or administer a person's estate if there is no direct evidence that
- 19 the person is dead.
- 20 (b) The court has jurisdiction to determine the fact, time,
- 21 and place of the person's death. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 72(a)
- 22 (part).)
- Sec. 454.002. GRANT OF LETTERS ON PROOF OF DEATH. On
- 24 application for the grant of letters testamentary or of
- 25 administration for the estate of a person presumed to be dead, the
- 26 court shall grant the letters if the death of the person is proved
- 27 by circumstantial evidence to the court's satisfaction. (Tex

- 1 Prob. Code, Sec. 72(a) (part).)
- 2 Sec. 454.003. CITATION AND SEARCH. (a) If the fact of a
- 3 person's death must be proved by circumstantial evidence under
- 4 Section 454.002, at the request of any interested person, the court
- 5 may order that a citation be issued to the person presumed dead and
- 6 that the citation be served on the person by publication and posting
- 7 and by additional methods as directed by the order.
- 8 (b) After letters testamentary or of administration are
- 9 issued, the court may also direct:
- 10 (1) the personal representative to search for the
- 11 person presumed dead by notifying law enforcement agencies and
- 12 public welfare agencies in appropriate locations that the person
- 13 has disappeared; and
- 14 (2) the applicant to engage the services of an
- 15 investigative agency to search for the person presumed dead.
- 16 (c) The expense of a search or notice under this section
- 17 shall be taxed to the estate as a cost and paid out of the estate
- 18 property. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 72(b).)
- 19 Sec. 454.004. DISTRIBUTION OF ESTATE. The personal
- 20 representative of the estate of a person presumed dead may not
- 21 distribute the estate to the persons entitled to the estate until
- 22 the third anniversary of the date the court granted the letters
- 23 under Section 454.002. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 72(a) (part).)
- [Sections 454.005-454.050 reserved for expansion]
- 25 SUBCHAPTER B. PERSONS PRESUMED DEAD BUT SUBSEQUENTLY
- 26 PROVED LIVING
- Sec. 454.051. RESTORATION OF ESTATE. (a) Except as

- 1 provided by Subsection (b), a person who was proved by
- 2 circumstantial evidence to be dead under Section 454.002 and who,
- 3 in a subsequent action, is proved by direct evidence to have been
- 4 living at any time after the date the court granted the letters
- 5 under that section, is entitled to restoration of the person's
- 6 estate or the residue of the person's estate, including the rents
- 7 and profits from the estate.
- 8 (b) For estate property sold by the personal representative
- 9 of the estate, a distributee, or a distributee's successors or
- 10 assignees to a bona fide purchaser for value, the right of a person
- 11 to restoration is limited to the proceeds of the sale or the residue
- 12 of the sold property with any increase of the proceeds or the
- 13 residue. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 72(a) (part).)
- 14 Sec. 454.052. LIABILITY OF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE AND
- 15 OTHERS ACTING UNDER COURT ORDER; BONDS NOT VOIDED. (a) Anyone,
- 16 including a personal representative, who delivered to another the
- 17 estate or any part of the estate of a person who was proved by
- 18 circumstantial evidence to be dead under Section 454.002 and who,
- 19 in a subsequent action, is proved by direct evidence to have been
- 20 living at any time after the date the court granted the letters
- 21 testamentary or of administration under that section is not liable
- 22 for any part of the estate delivered in accordance with the court's
- 23 order.
- (b) Subject to Subsection (c), the bond of a personal
- 25 representative of the estate of a person described by Subsection
- 26 (a) is not void in any event.
- 27 (c) A surety is not liable for any act of the personal

- 1 representative that was done in compliance with or approved by the
- 2 court's order. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 72(a) (part).)
- 3 [Chapters 455-500 reserved for expansion]
- 4 SUBTITLE K. FOREIGN WILLS, OTHER TESTAMENTARY INSTRUMENTS, AND
- 5 FIDUCIARIES
- 6 CHAPTER 501. ANCILLARY PROBATE OF FOREIGN WILL
- 7 Sec. 501.001. AUTHORITY FOR ANCILLARY PROBATE OF
- 8 FOREIGN WILL
- 9 Sec. 501.002. APPLICATION FOR ANCILLARY PROBATE OF
- 10 FOREIGN WILL
- 11 Sec. 501.003. CITATION AND NOTICE
- 12 Sec. 501.004. RECORDING BY CLERK
- 13 Sec. 501.005. EFFECT OF FILING AND RECORDING FOREIGN
- 14 WILL
- 15 Sec. 501.006. ANCILLARY LETTERS TESTAMENTARY
- 16 Sec. 501.007. EFFECT ON PROPERTY
- 17 Sec. 501.008. SETTING ASIDE OF CERTAIN FOREIGN WILLS
- 18 CHAPTER 501. ANCILLARY PROBATE OF FOREIGN WILL
- 19 Sec. 501.001. AUTHORITY FOR ANCILLARY PROBATE OF FOREIGN
- 20 WILL. The written will of a testator who was not domiciled in this
- 21 state at the time of the testator's death may be admitted to probate
- 22 in this state if:
- 23 (1) the will would affect any property in this state;
- 24 and
- 25 (2) proof is presented that the will stands probated
- 26 or otherwise established in any state of the United States or a
- 27 foreign nation. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 95(a).)

- 1 Sec. 501.002. APPLICATION FOR ANCILLARY PROBATE OF FOREIGN
- 2 WILL. (a) An application for ancillary probate in this state of a
- 3 foreign will admitted to probate or otherwise established in the
- 4 jurisdiction in which the testator was domiciled at the time of the
- 5 testator's death is required to indicate only that probate in this
- 6 state is requested on the basis of the authenticated copy of the
- 7 foreign proceedings in which the will was admitted to probate or
- 8 otherwise established.
- 9 (b) An application for ancillary probate in this state of a
- 10 foreign will that has been admitted to probate or otherwise
- 11 established in a jurisdiction other than the jurisdiction in which
- 12 the testator was domiciled at the time of the testator's death must:
- 13 (1) include all information required for an
- 14 application for probate of a domestic will; and
- 15 (2) state the name and address of:
- 16 (A) each devisee; and
- 17 (B) each person who would be entitled to a
- 18 portion of the estate as an heir in the absence of a will.
- 19 (c) An application described by Subsection (a) or (b) must
- 20 include for filing a copy of the foreign will and the judgment,
- 21 order, or decree by which the will was admitted to probate or
- 22 otherwise established. The copy must:
- 23 (1) be attested by and with the original signature of
- 24 the court clerk or other official who has custody of the will or who
- 25 is in charge of probate records;
- 26 (2) include a certificate with the original signature
- 27 of the judge or presiding magistrate of the court stating that the

- 1 attestation is in proper form; and
- 2 (3) have the court seal affixed, if a court seal
- 3 exists. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 95(b)(1) (part), (2) (part), (c)
- 4 (part).)
- 5 Sec. 501.003. CITATION AND NOTICE. (a) Citation or notice
- 6 is not required for an application described by Section 501.002(a).
- 7 (b) For an application described by Section 501.002(b), a
- 8 citation shall be issued and served by registered or certified mail
- 9 on each devisee and heir identified in the application. (Tex. Prob.
- 10 Code, Secs. 95(b)(1) (part), (2) (part).)
- 11 Sec. 501.004. RECORDING BY CLERK. (a) If a foreign will
- 12 submitted for ancillary probate in this state has been admitted to
- 13 probate or otherwise established in the jurisdiction in which the
- 14 testator was domiciled at the time of the testator's death, it is
- 15 the ministerial duty of the court clerk to record the will and the
- 16 evidence of the will's probate or other establishment in the
- 17 minutes of the court.
- 18 (b) If a foreign will submitted for ancillary probate in
- 19 this state has been admitted to probate or otherwise established in
- 20 a jurisdiction other than the jurisdiction in which the testator
- 21 was domiciled at the time of the testator's death, and a contest
- 22 against the ancillary probate is not filed as authorized by Chapter
- 23 504, the court clerk shall record the will and the evidence of the
- 24 will's probate or other establishment in the minutes of the court.
- 25 (c) A court order is not necessary for the recording of a
- 26 foreign will in accordance with this section. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 27 Secs. 95(d)(1) (part), (2) (part).)

- 1 Sec. 501.005. EFFECT OF FILING AND RECORDING FOREIGN WILL.
- 2 On filing and recording a foreign will in accordance with this
- 3 chapter, the foreign will:
- 4 (1) is considered to be admitted to probate; and
- 5 (2) has the same effect for all purposes as if the
- 6 original will had been admitted to probate by order of a court of
- 7 this state, subject to contest in the manner and to the extent
- 8 provided by Chapter 504. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 95(d)(1) (part),
- 9 (2) (part).)
- 10 Sec. 501.006. ANCILLARY LETTERS TESTAMENTARY. (a) On
- 11 application, an executor named in a foreign will admitted to
- 12 ancillary probate in this state in accordance with this chapter is
- 13 entitled to receive ancillary letters testamentary on proof made to
- 14 the court that:
- 15 (1) the executor has qualified to serve as executor in
- 16 the jurisdiction in which the will was previously admitted to
- 17 probate or otherwise established; and
- 18 (2) the executor is not disqualified from serving in
- 19 that capacity in this state.
- 20 (b) After the proof required by Subsection (a) is made, the
- 21 court shall enter an order directing that ancillary letters
- 22 testamentary be issued to the executor. The court shall revoke any
- 23 letters of administration previously issued by the court to any
- 24 other person on application of the executor after personal service
- 25 of citation on the person to whom the letters were issued. (Tex.
- 26 Prob. Code, Sec. 105.)
- Sec. 501.007. EFFECT ON PROPERTY. A foreign will admitted

- 1 to ancillary probate in this state as provided by this chapter after
- 2 having been admitted to probate or otherwise established in the
- 3 jurisdiction in which the testator was domiciled at the time of the
- 4 testator's death is effective to dispose of property in this state
- 5 regardless of whether the will was executed with the formalities
- 6 required by this title. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 95(e).)
- 7 Sec. 501.008. SETTING ASIDE OF CERTAIN FOREIGN WILLS. (a)
- 8 This section applies only to a foreign will admitted to ancillary
- 9 probate in this state, in accordance with the procedures prescribed
- 10 by this chapter, based on the previous probate or other
- 11 establishment of the will in the jurisdiction in which the testator
- 12 was domiciled at the time of the testator's death.
- 13 (b) The admission to probate in this state of a foreign will
- 14 to which this section applies shall be set aside if it is
- 15 subsequently proven in a proceeding brought for that purpose that
- 16 the foreign jurisdiction in which the will was admitted to probate
- 17 or otherwise established was not in fact the domicile of the
- 18 testator at the time of the testator's death.
- 19 (c) The title or rights of a person who, before commencement
- 20 of a proceeding to set aside the admission to probate of a foreign
- 21 will under this section, purchases property in good faith and for
- 22 value from the personal representative or a devisee or otherwise
- 23 deals in good faith with the personal representative or a devisee
- 24 are not affected by the subsequent setting aside of the admission to
- 25 probate in this state. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 95(f).)

- 1 CHAPTER 502. ORIGINAL PROBATE OF FOREIGN WILL
- 2 Sec. 502.001. ORIGINAL PROBATE OF FOREIGN WILL
- 3 AUTHORIZED
- 4 Sec. 502.002. PROOF OF FOREIGN WILL IN ORIGINAL
- 5 PROBATE PROCEEDING
- 6 CHAPTER 502. ORIGINAL PROBATE OF FOREIGN WILL
- 7 Sec. 502.001. ORIGINAL PROBATE OF FOREIGN WILL AUTHORIZED.
- 8 (a) This section applies only to a will of a testator who dies
- 9 domiciled outside of this state that:
- 10 (1) on probate, may operate on any property in this
- 11 state; and
- 12 (2) is valid under the laws of this state.
- 13 (b) A court may grant original probate of a will described
- 14 by Subsection (a) in the same manner as the court grants the probate
- 15 of other wills under this title if the will:
- 16 (1) has not been rejected from probate or
- 17 establishment in the jurisdiction in which the testator died
- 18 domiciled; or
- 19 (2) has been rejected from probate or establishment in
- 20 the jurisdiction in which the testator died domiciled solely for a
- 21 cause that is not a ground for rejection of a will of a testator who
- 22 died domiciled in this state.
- 23 (c) A court may delay passing on an application for probate
- 24 of a foreign will pending the result of probate or establishment, or
- 25 of a contest of probate or establishment, in the jurisdiction in
- 26 which the testator died domiciled. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 103.)
- Sec. 502.002. PROOF OF FOREIGN WILL IN ORIGINAL PROBATE

- 1 PROCEEDING. (a) A copy of the will of a testator who dies domiciled
- 2 outside of this state, authenticated in the manner required by this
- 3 title, is sufficient proof of the contents of the will to admit the
- 4 will to probate in an original proceeding in this state if an
- 5 objection to the will is not made.
- 6 (b) This section does not:
- 7 (1) authorize the probate of a will that would not
- 8 otherwise be admissible to probate; or
- 9 (2) if an objection is made to a will, relieve the
- 10 proponent from offering proof of the contents and legal sufficiency
- 11 of the will as otherwise required.
- 12 (c) Subsection (b)(2) does not require the proponent to
- 13 produce the original will unless ordered by the court. (Tex. Prob.
- 14 Code, Sec. 104.)
- 15 CHAPTER 503. RECORDING OF FOREIGN TESTAMENTARY INSTRUMENT
- 16 SUBCHAPTER A. REQUIREMENTS FOR RECORDING FOREIGN TESTAMENTARY
- 17 INSTRUMENT
- 18 Sec. 503.001. AUTHORIZATION TO RECORD CERTAIN FOREIGN
- 19 TESTAMENTARY INSTRUMENTS IN DEED
- 20 RECORDS
- 21 Sec. 503.002. ORIGINAL SIGNATURES NOT REQUIRED
- 22 Sec. 503.003. CONTEST OF RECORDED FOREIGN TESTAMENTARY
- 23 INSTRUMENT PERMITTED
- 24 [Sections 503.004-503.050 reserved for expansion]

- SUBCHAPTER B. EFFECTS OF RECORDED FOREIGN

 TESTAMENTARY INSTRUMENT

 Sec. 503.051. RECORDED FOREIGN TESTAMENTARY INSTRUMENT
- 4 AS CONVEYANCE
- 5 Sec. 503.052. RECORDED FOREIGN TESTAMENTARY INSTRUMENT
- 6 AS NOTICE OF TITLE
- 7 CHAPTER 503. RECORDING OF FOREIGN TESTAMENTARY INSTRUMENT
- 8 SUBCHAPTER A. REQUIREMENTS FOR RECORDING FOREIGN TESTAMENTARY
- 9 INSTRUMENT
- 10 Sec. 503.001. AUTHORIZATION TO RECORD CERTAIN FOREIGN
- 11 TESTAMENTARY INSTRUMENTS IN DEED RECORDS. (a) A copy of a will or
- 12 other testamentary instrument that conveys, or in any other manner
- 13 disposes of, land in this state and that has been probated according
- 14 to the laws of any state of the United States or a country other than
- 15 the United States, along with a copy of the judgment, order, or
- 16 decree by which the instrument was admitted to probate that has the
- 17 attestation, seal, and certificate required by Section 501.002(c),
- 18 may be filed and recorded in the deed records in any county in this
- 19 state in which the land is located:
- 20 (1) without further proof or authentication, subject
- 21 to Section 503.003; and
- 22 (2) in the same manner as a deed or conveyance is
- 23 required to be recorded under the laws of this state.
- 24 (b) A copy of a will or other testamentary instrument
- 25 described by Subsection (a), along with a copy of the judgment,
- 26 order, or decree by which the instrument was admitted to probate
- 27 that has the attestation and certificate required by Section

- 1 501.002(c), is:
- 2 (1) prima facie evidence that the instrument has been
- 3 admitted to probate according to the laws of the state or country in
- 4 which it was allegedly admitted to probate; and
- 5 (2) sufficient to authorize the instrument and the
- 6 judgment, order, or decree to be recorded in the deed records in the
- 7 proper county or counties in this state. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 96
- 8 (part), 97.)
- 9 Sec. 503.002. ORIGINAL SIGNATURES NOT REQUIRED.
- 10 Notwithstanding Section 501.002(c), the original signatures
- 11 required by that section may not be required for a recordation in
- 12 the deed records in accordance with Section 503.001 or for a purpose
- 13 described by Section 503.051 or 503.052. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 14 95(c) (part).)
- 15 Sec. 503.003. CONTEST OF RECORDED FOREIGN TESTAMENTARY
- 16 INSTRUMENT PERMITTED. The validity of a will or other testamentary
- 17 instrument, a copy of which is filed and recorded as provided by
- 18 Section 503.001, may be contested in the manner and to the extent
- 19 provided by Subchapter A, Chapter 504. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 96
- 20 (part).)
- 21 [Sections 503.004-503.050 reserved for expansion]
- 22 SUBCHAPTER B. EFFECTS OF RECORDED FOREIGN
- 23 TESTAMENTARY INSTRUMENT
- Sec. 503.051. RECORDED FOREIGN TESTAMENTARY INSTRUMENT AS
- 25 CONVEYANCE. A copy of a foreign will or other testamentary
- 26 instrument described by Section 503.001 and the copy of the
- 27 judgment, order, or decree by which the instrument was admitted to

- 1 probate that are attested and proved as provided by that section and
- 2 delivered to the county clerk of the proper county in this state to
- 3 be recorded in the deed records:
- 4 (1) take effect and are valid as a deed of conveyance
- 5 of all property in this state covered by the instrument; and
- 6 (2) have the same effect as a recorded deed or other
- 7 conveyance of land beginning at the time the instrument is
- 8 delivered to the clerk to be recorded. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 98.)
- 9 Sec. 503.052. RECORDED FOREIGN TESTAMENTARY INSTRUMENT AS
- 10 NOTICE OF TITLE. A copy of a foreign will or other testamentary
- 11 instrument described by Section 503.001 and the copy of the
- 12 judgment, order, or decree by which the instrument was admitted to
- 13 probate that is attested and proved as provided by that section and
- 14 filed for recording in the deed records of the proper county in this
- 15 state constitute notice to all persons of the:
- 16 (1) existence of the instrument; and
- 17 (2) title or titles conferred by the instrument.
- 18 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 99.)
- 19 CHAPTER 504. CONTEST OF OR OTHER CHALLENGE TO FOREIGN TESTAMENTARY
- 20 INSTRUMENT
- 21 SUBCHAPTER A. CONTEST OR SETTING ASIDE PROBATE OF FOREIGN WILL IN
- 22 THIS STATE
- 23 Sec. 504.001. GROUNDS FOR CONTESTING FOREIGN WILL
- 24 PROBATED IN DOMICILIARY JURISDICTION
- 25 Sec. 504.002. GROUNDS FOR CONTESTING FOREIGN WILL
- 26 PROBATED IN NON-DOMICILIARY
- 27 JURISDICTION

- 1 Sec. 504.003. PROCEDURES AND TIME LIMITS FOR
- 2 CONTESTING FOREIGN WILL
- 3 Sec. 504.004. PROBATE OF FOREIGN WILL SET ASIDE FOR
- 4 LACK OF SERVICE
- 5 [Sections 504.005-504.050 reserved for expansion]
- 6 SUBCHAPTER B. CONTEST OR FINAL REJECTION IN FOREIGN JURISDICTION
- 7 Sec. 504.051. NOTICE OF WILL CONTEST IN FOREIGN
- 8 JURISDICTION
- 9 Sec. 504.052. EFFECT OF NOTICE
- 10 Sec. 504.053. EFFECT OF REJECTION OF TESTAMENTARY
- 11 INSTRUMENT BY FOREIGN JURISDICTION
- 12 CHAPTER 504. CONTEST OF OR OTHER CHALLENGE TO FOREIGN TESTAMENTARY
- 13 INSTRUMENT
- 14 SUBCHAPTER A. CONTEST OR SETTING ASIDE PROBATE OF FOREIGN WILL IN
- 15 THIS STATE
- 16 Sec. 504.001. GROUNDS FOR CONTESTING FOREIGN WILL PROBATED
- 17 IN DOMICILIARY JURISDICTION. (a) Subject to Subsection (b), an
- 18 interested person may contest a foreign will that has been:
- 19 (1) admitted to probate or established in the
- 20 jurisdiction in which the testator was domiciled at the time of the
- 21 testator's death; and
- 22 (2) admitted to probate in this state or filed in the
- 23 deed records of any county of this state.
- 24 (b) A will described by Subsection (a) may be contested only
- 25 on the grounds that:
- 26 (1) the proceedings in the jurisdiction in which the
- 27 testator was domiciled at the time of the testator's death were not

- 1 authenticated in the manner required for ancillary probate or
- 2 recording in the deed records in this state;
- 3 (2) the will has been finally rejected for probate in
- 4 this state in another proceeding; or
- 5 (3) the probate of the will has been set aside in the
- 6 jurisdiction in which the testator was domiciled at the time of the
- 7 testator's death. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 100(a).)
- 8 Sec. 504.002. GROUNDS FOR CONTESTING FOREIGN WILL PROBATED
- 9 IN NON-DOMICILIARY JURISDICTION. A foreign will admitted to
- 10 probate or established in any jurisdiction other than the
- 11 jurisdiction in which the testator was domiciled at the time of the
- 12 testator's death may be contested on any grounds that are the basis
- 13 for the contest of a domestic will. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 100(b)
- 14 (part).)
- 15 Sec. 504.003. PROCEDURES AND TIME LIMITS FOR CONTESTING
- 16 FOREIGN WILL. (a) The probate in this state of a foreign will
- 17 probated or established in a jurisdiction other than the
- 18 jurisdiction in which the testator was domiciled at the time of the
- 19 testator's death may be contested in the manner that would apply if
- 20 the testator had been domiciled in this state at the time of the
- 21 testator's death.
- (b) A foreign will admitted to ancillary probate in this
- 23 state or filed in the deed records of any county of this state may be
- 24 contested using the same procedures and within the same time limits
- 25 applicable to the contest of a will admitted to original probate in
- 26 this state. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 95(d)(2) (part), 100(c).)
- Sec. 504.004. PROBATE OF FOREIGN WILL SET ASIDE FOR LACK OF

- 1 SERVICE. (a) The probate in this state of a foreign will shall be
- 2 set aside if:
- 3 (1) the will was probated in this state:
- 4 (A) in accordance with the procedure applicable
- 5 to the probate of a will admitted to probate in the jurisdiction in
- 6 which the testator was domiciled at the time of the testator's
- 7 death; and
- 8 (B) without the service of citation required for
- 9 a will admitted to probate in another jurisdiction that was not the
- 10 testator's domicile at the time of the testator's death; and
- 11 (2) it is proved that the foreign jurisdiction in
- 12 which the will was probated was not the testator's domicile at the
- 13 time of the testator's death.
- 14 (b) If otherwise entitled, a will the probate of which is
- 15 set aside in accordance with Subsection (a) may be:
- 16 (1) reprobated in accordance with the procedure
- 17 prescribed for the probate of a will admitted in a jurisdiction that
- 18 was not the testator's domicile at the time of the testator's death;
- 19 or
- 20 (2) admitted to original probate in this state in the
- 21 proceeding in which the ancillary probate was set aside or in a
- 22 subsequent proceeding. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 100(b) (part).)
- [Sections 504.005-504.050 reserved for expansion]
- 24 SUBCHAPTER B. CONTEST OR FINAL REJECTION IN FOREIGN JURISDICTION
- 25 Sec. 504.051. NOTICE OF WILL CONTEST IN FOREIGN
- 26 JURISDICTION. Verified notice that a proceeding to contest a will
- 27 probated or established in a foreign jurisdiction has been

- 1 commenced in that jurisdiction may be filed and recorded in the
- 2 minutes of the court in this state in which the foreign will was
- 3 probated, or in the deed records of any county of this state in
- 4 which the foreign will was recorded, within the time limits for the
- 5 contest of a foreign will in this state. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 101
- 6 (part).)
- 7 Sec. 504.052. EFFECT OF NOTICE. After a notice is filed and
- 8 recorded under Section 504.051, the probate or recording in this
- 9 state of the foreign will that is the subject of the notice has no
- 10 effect until verified proof is filed and recorded that the foreign
- 11 proceedings:
- 12 (1) have been terminated in favor of the will; or
- 13 (2) were never commenced. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 101
- 14 (part).)
- 15 Sec. 504.053. EFFECT OF REJECTION OF TESTAMENTARY
- 16 INSTRUMENT BY FOREIGN JURISDICTION. (a) Except as provided by
- 17 Subsection (b), final rejection of a will or other testamentary
- 18 instrument from probate or establishment in a foreign jurisdiction
- 19 in which the testator was domiciled at the time of the testator's
- 20 death is conclusive in this state.
- 21 (b) A will or other testamentary instrument that is finally
- 22 rejected from probate or establishment in a foreign jurisdiction in
- 23 which the testator was domiciled at the time of the testator's death
- 24 may be admitted to probate or continue to be effective in this state
- 25 if the will or other instrument was rejected solely for a cause that
- 26 is not a ground for rejection of a will of a testator who died
- 27 domiciled in this state. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 102.)

1	CHAPTER 505. FOREIGN PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVES, TRUSTEES, AND
2	FIDUCIARIES
3	SUBCHAPTER A. FOREIGN CORPORATE FIDUCIARY
4	Sec. 505.001. DEFINITION
5	Sec. 505.002. APPLICABILITY OF OTHER LAW
6	Sec. 505.003. AUTHORITY OF FOREIGN CORPORATE FIDUCIARY
7	TO SERVE IN FIDUCIARY CAPACITY
8	Sec. 505.004. FILING REQUIREMENTS; DESIGNATION
9	Sec. 505.005. SERVICE OF NOTICE OR PROCESS ON
10	SECRETARY OF STATE
11	Sec. 505.006. CRIMINAL PENALTY; EFFECT OF CONVICTION
12	[Sections 505.007-505.050 reserved for expansion]
13	SUBCHAPTER B. FOREIGN EXECUTORS AND TRUSTEES
14	Sec. 505.051. APPLICABILITY OF BOND REQUIREMENT
15	Sec. 505.052. POWER TO SELL PROPERTY
16	[Sections 505.053-505.100 reserved for expansion]
17	SUBCHAPTER C. RECOVERY OF DEBTS BY FOREIGN EXECUTOR OR
18	ADMINISTRATOR
19	Sec. 505.101. SUIT TO RECOVER DEBT
20	Sec. 505.102. JURISDICTION
21	Sec. 505.103. RESTRICTION ON SUIT BROUGHT BY FOREIGN
22	EXECUTOR OR ADMINISTRATOR
23	CHAPTER 505. FOREIGN PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVES, TRUSTEES, AND
24	FIDUCIARIES
25	SUBCHAPTER A. FOREIGN CORPORATE FIDUCIARY
26	Sec. 505.001. DEFINITION. In this subchapter, "foreign
27	corporate fiduciary" means a corporate fiduciary that does not have

- 1 its main office or a branch office in this state. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 2 Sec. 105A(a) (part).)
- 3 Sec. 505.002. APPLICABILITY OF OTHER LAW. (a) A foreign
- 4 corporate fiduciary acting in a fiduciary capacity in this state in
- 5 strict accordance with this subchapter:
- 6 (1) is not transacting business in this state within
- 7 the meaning of Section 9.001, Business Organizations Code; and
- 8 (2) is qualified to serve in that capacity under
- 9 Section 501.006.
- 10 (b) This subchapter is in addition to, and not a limitation
- 11 on, Subtitles F and G, Title 3, Finance Code. (Tex. Prob. Code,
- 12 Secs. 105A(c), (d).)
- 13 Sec. 505.003. AUTHORITY OF FOREIGN CORPORATE FIDUCIARY TO
- 14 SERVE IN FIDUCIARY CAPACITY. (a) Subject to Subsections (b) and
- 15 (c) and Section 505.004, a foreign corporate fiduciary may be
- 16 appointed by will, deed, agreement, declaration, indenture, court
- 17 order or decree, or otherwise and may serve in this state in any
- 18 fiduciary capacity, including as:
- 19 (1) trustee of a personal or corporate trust;
- 20 (2) executor;
- 21 (3) administrator; or
- 22 (4) guardian of the estate.
- 23 (b) A foreign corporate fiduciary appointed to serve in a
- 24 fiduciary capacity in this state must have the corporate power to
- 25 act in that capacity.
- 26 (c) This section applies only to the extent that the home
- 27 state of the foreign corporate fiduciary appointed to serve in a

- 1 fiduciary capacity in this state grants to a corporate fiduciary
- 2 whose home state is this state the authority to serve in like
- 3 fiduciary capacity. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 105A(a) (part).)
- 4 Sec. 505.004. FILING REQUIREMENTS; DESIGNATION. (a) A
- 5 foreign corporate fiduciary must file the following documents with
- 6 the secretary of state before qualifying or serving in this state in
- 7 a fiduciary capacity as authorized by Section 505.003:
- 8 (1) a copy of the fiduciary's charter, articles of
- 9 incorporation or of association, and all amendments to those
- 10 documents, certified by the fiduciary's secretary under the
- 11 fiduciary's corporate seal;
- 12 (2) a properly executed written instrument that by the
- 13 instrument's terms is of indefinite duration and irrevocable,
- 14 appointing the secretary of state and the secretary of state's
- 15 successors as the fiduciary's agent for service of process on whom
- 16 notices and processes issued by a court of this state may be served
- 17 in an action or proceeding relating to a trust, estate, fund, or
- 18 other matter within this state with respect to which the fiduciary
- 19 is acting in a fiduciary capacity, including the acts or defaults of
- 20 the fiduciary with respect to that trust, estate, or fund; and
- 21 (3) a written certificate of designation specifying
- 22 the name and address of the officer, agent, or other person to whom
- 23 the secretary of state shall forward notices and processes
- 24 described by Subdivision (2).
- 25 (b) A foreign corporate fiduciary may change the
- 26 certificate of designation under Subsection (a)(3) by filing a new
- 27 certificate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 105A(b) (part).)

- 1 Sec. 505.005. SERVICE OF NOTICE OR PROCESS ON SECRETARY OF
- 2 STATE. (a) On receipt of a notice or process described by Section
- 3 505.004(a)(2), the secretary of state shall promptly forward the
- 4 notice or process by registered or certified mail to the officer,
- 5 agent, or other person designated by the foreign corporate
- 6 fiduciary under Section 505.004 to receive the notice or process.
- 7 (b) Service of notice or process described by Section
- 8 505.004(a)(2) on the secretary of state as agent for a foreign
- 9 corporate fiduciary has the same effect as if personal service had
- 10 been had in this state on the foreign corporate fiduciary. (Tex.
- 11 Prob. Code, Sec. 105A(b) (part).)
- 12 Sec. 505.006. CRIMINAL PENALTY; EFFECT OF CONVICTION. (a)
- 13 A foreign corporate fiduciary commits an offense if the fiduciary
- 14 violates this subchapter.
- 15 (b) An offense under this section is a misdemeanor
- 16 punishable by a fine not to exceed \$5,000.
- 17 (c) On conviction, the court may prohibit a foreign
- 18 corporate fiduciary convicted of an offense under this section from
- 19 thereafter serving in any fiduciary capacity in this state. (Tex.
- 20 Prob. Code, Sec. 105A(e).)
- 21 [Sections 505.007-505.050 reserved for expansion]
- 22 SUBCHAPTER B. FOREIGN EXECUTORS AND TRUSTEES
- Sec. 505.051. APPLICABILITY OF BOND REQUIREMENT. (a) A
- 24 foreign executor is not required to give bond if the will appointing
- 25 the foreign executor provides that the executor may serve without
- 26 bond.
- 27 (b) The bond provisions of this title applicable to domestic

- 1 representatives apply to a foreign executor if the will appointing
- 2 the foreign executor does not exempt the foreign executor from
- 3 giving bond. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 106.)
- 4 Sec. 505.052. POWER TO SELL PROPERTY. (a) If a foreign
- 5 will has been recorded in the deed records of a county in this state
- 6 in the manner provided by this subtitle and the will gives an
- 7 executor or trustee the power to sell property located in this
- 8 state:
- 9 (1) an order of a court of this state is not necessary
- 10 to authorize the executor or trustee to make the sale and execute
- 11 proper conveyance; and
- 12 (2) any specific directions the testator gave in the
- 13 foreign will respecting the sale of the estate property must be
- 14 followed unless the directions have been annulled or suspended by
- 15 an order of a court of competent jurisdiction.
- 16 (b) Notwithstanding Section 501.002(c), the original
- 17 signatures required by that section may not be required for
- 18 purposes of this section. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs. 95(c) (part),
- 19 107.)
- [Sections 505.053-505.100 reserved for expansion]
- 21 SUBCHAPTER C. RECOVERY OF DEBTS BY FOREIGN EXECUTOR OR
- 22 ADMINISTRATOR
- Sec. 505.101. SUIT TO RECOVER DEBT. (a) On giving notice
- 24 by registered or certified mail to all creditors of a decedent in
- 25 this state who have filed a claim against the decedent's estate for
- 26 a debt due to the creditor, a foreign executor or administrator of a
- 27 person who was a nonresident at the time of death may maintain a

- 1 suit in this state for the recovery of debts due to the decedent.
- 2 (b) The plaintiff's letters testamentary or of
- 3 administration granted by a competent tribunal, properly
- 4 authenticated, must be filed with the suit. (Tex. Prob. Code, Secs.
- 5 107A(a), (b).)
- 6 Sec. 505.102. JURISDICTION. (a) A foreign executor or
- 7 administrator who files a suit authorized by Section 505.101
- 8 submits personally to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state
- 9 in a proceeding relating to the recovery of a debt owed to a
- 10 resident of this state by the decedent whose estate the executor or
- 11 administrator represents.
- 12 (b) Jurisdiction under this section is limited to the amount
- 13 of money or value of personal property recovered in this state by
- 14 the foreign executor or administrator. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec.
- 15 107A(c).)
- 16 Sec. 505.103. RESTRICTION ON SUIT BROUGHT BY FOREIGN
- 17 EXECUTOR OR ADMINISTRATOR. A suit may not be maintained in this
- 18 state by a foreign executor or administrator for a decedent's
- 19 estate under this subchapter if there is:
- 20 (1) an executor or administrator of the decedent's
- 21 estate qualified by a court of this state; or
- 22 (2) a pending application in this state for the
- 23 appointment of an executor or administrator of the decedent's
- 24 estate. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 107A(d).)
- 25 [Chapters 506-550 reserved for expansion]

SUBTITLE L. PAYMENT OF ESTATES INTO TREASURY 1 2 CHAPTER 551. PAYMENT OF CERTAIN ESTATES TO STATE SUBCHAPTER A. PAYMENT OF CERTAIN FUNDS TO STATE 3 Sec. 551.001. PAYMENT OF CERTAIN SHARES OF ESTATE TO 5 STATE 6 Sec. 551.002. PAYMENT OF PORTION THAT IS IN MONEY 7 Sec. 551.003. PAYMENT OF PORTION THAT IS NOT IN MONEY Sec. 551.004. COMPENSATION TO EXECUTOR OR 9 ADMINISTRATOR 10 Sec. 551.005. COMPTROLLER INDISPENSABLE PARTY 11 Sec. 551.006. COMPTROLLER'S RECEIPT 12 [Sections 551.007-551.050 reserved for expansion] SUBCHAPTER B. RECOVERY OF FUNDS PAID TO STATE 13 14 Sec. 551.051. RECOVERY OF FUNDS 15 Sec. 551.052. ACTION FOR RECOVERY 16 Sec. 551.053. JUDGMENT 17 Sec. 551.054. PAYMENT OF COSTS 18 Sec. 551.055. REPRESENTATION OF COMPTROLLER 19 [Sections 551.056-551.100 reserved for expansion] SUBCHAPTER C. PENALTIES; ENFORCEMENT 20 21 Sec. 551.101. LIABILITY OF COURT CLERK; PENALTY 22 Sec. 551.102. DAMAGES FOR FAILURE TO MAKE PAYMENTS 23 Sec. 551.103. ENFORCEMENT OF PAYMENT AND DAMAGES; 24 RECOVERY ON BOND

CHAPTER 551. PAYMENT OF CERTAIN ESTATES TO STATE

SUBCHAPTER A. PAYMENT OF CERTAIN FUNDS TO STATE

Sec. 551.001. PAYMENT OF CERTAIN SHARES OF ESTATE TO STATE.

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- 1 (a) The court, by written order, shall require the executor or
- 2 administrator of an estate to pay to the comptroller as provided by
- 3 this subchapter the share of that estate of a person entitled to
- 4 that share who does not demand the share from the executor or
- 5 administrator within six months after the date of, as applicable:
- 6 (1) a court order approving the report of the
- 7 commissioners of partition made under Section 360.154; or
- 8 (2) the settlement of the final account of the
- 9 executor or administrator.
- 10 (b) This section does not apply to the share of an estate to
- 11 which a resident minor without a guardian is entitled. (Tex. Prob.
- 12 Code, Sec. 427 (part).)
- 13 Sec. 551.002. PAYMENT OF PORTION THAT IS IN MONEY. The
- 14 executor or administrator shall pay the portion of the share
- 15 subject to Section 551.001 that is in money to the comptroller.
- 16 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 427 (part).)
- 17 Sec. 551.003. PAYMENT OF PORTION THAT IS NOT IN MONEY. (a)
- 18 The court's order under Section 551.001 must require the executor
- 19 or administrator to:
- 20 (1) sell, on terms determined best by the court, the
- 21 portion of a share subject to that section that is in property other
- 22 than money; and
- 23 (2) on collection of the proceeds of the sale, pay the
- 24 proceeds to the comptroller.
- 25 (b) An action to recover the proceeds of a sale under this
- 26 section is governed by Subchapter B. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 427
- 27 (part).)

- 1 Sec. 551.004. COMPENSATION TO EXECUTOR OR ADMINISTRATOR.
- 2 The executor or administrator is entitled to reasonable
- 3 compensation for services performed under Section 551.003. (Tex.
- 4 Prob. Code, Sec. 427 (part).)
- 5 Sec. 551.005. COMPTROLLER INDISPENSABLE PARTY. (a) The
- 6 comptroller is an indispensable party to a judicial or
- 7 administrative proceeding concerning the disposition and handling
- 8 of any share of an estate that is or may be payable to the
- 9 comptroller under Section 551.001.
- 10 (b) The clerk of a court that orders an executor or
- 11 administrator to pay funds to the comptroller under Section 551.001
- 12 shall serve on the comptroller, by personal service of citation, a
- 13 certified copy of the court order not later than the fifth day after
- 14 the date the order is issued. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 428.)
- 15 Sec. 551.006. COMPTROLLER'S RECEIPT. (a) An executor or
- 16 administrator who pays to the comptroller under this subchapter any
- 17 funds of the estate represented by the executor or administrator
- 18 shall:
- 19 (1) obtain from the comptroller a receipt for the
- 20 payment, with official seal attached; and
- 21 (2) file the receipt with the clerk of the court that
- 22 orders the payment.
- 23 (b) The court clerk shall record the comptroller's receipt
- 24 in the minutes of the court. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 430.)
- 25 [Sections 551.007-551.050 reserved for expansion]
- 26 SUBCHAPTER B. RECOVERY OF FUNDS PAID TO STATE
- Sec. 551.051. RECOVERY OF FUNDS. If funds of an estate have

- 1 been paid to the comptroller under this chapter, an heir or devisee
- 2 or an assignee of an heir or devisee may recover the share of the
- 3 funds to which the heir, devisee, or assignee is entitled. (Tex.
- 4 Prob. Code, Sec. 433(a) (part).)
- 5 Sec. 551.052. ACTION FOR RECOVERY. (a) A person claiming
- 6 funds under Section 551.051 must bring an action, on or before the
- 7 fourth anniversary of the date of the order requiring payment under
- 8 this chapter to the comptroller, by filing a petition in the
- 9 district court of Travis County against the comptroller. The
- 10 petition must set forth:
- 11 (1) the plaintiff's right to the funds; and
- 12 (2) the amount claimed by the plaintiff.
- 13 (b) On the filing of a petition under Subsection (a), the
- 14 court clerk shall issue a citation for the comptroller to appear and
- 15 represent the interest of this state in the action. The citation
- 16 must be served by personal service.
- 17 (c) Proceedings in an action brought under this section are
- 18 governed by the rules applicable to other civil actions. (Tex.
- 19 Prob. Code, Secs. 433(a) (part), (b) (part), (c) (part).)
- Sec. 551.053. JUDGMENT. (a) If a plaintiff establishes the
- 21 plaintiff's right to funds claimed under this subchapter, the court
- 22 shall award a judgment that specifies the amount to which the
- 23 plaintiff is entitled.
- 24 (b) A certified copy of the judgment constitutes sufficient
- 25 authority for the comptroller to pay the judgment. (Tex. Prob.
- 26 Code, Sec. 433(c) (part).)
- Sec. 551.054. PAYMENT OF COSTS. The costs of an action

- 1 brought under this subchapter shall be adjudged against the
- 2 plaintiff. The plaintiff may be required to secure the costs.
- 3 (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 433(d).)
- 4 Sec. 551.055. REPRESENTATION OF COMPTROLLER. As the
- 5 comptroller elects and with the approval of the attorney general,
- 6 the attorney general, the county attorney or criminal district
- 7 attorney for the county, or the district attorney for the district
- 8 shall represent the comptroller in an action brought under this
- 9 subchapter. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 433(b) (part).)
- 10 [Sections 551.056-551.100 reserved for expansion]
- 11 SUBCHAPTER C. PENALTIES; ENFORCEMENT
- 12 Sec. 551.101. LIABILITY OF COURT CLERK; PENALTY. (a) A
- 13 court clerk who fails to timely comply with Section 551.005(b) is
- 14 liable for a \$100 penalty.
- 15 (b) The penalty under Subsection (a) shall be recovered
- 16 through an action brought in the name of this state, after personal
- 17 service of citation, on the information of any resident. Half of
- 18 the penalty shall be paid to the informer and the other half to this
- 19 state. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 429.)
- Sec. 551.102. DAMAGES FOR FAILURE TO MAKE PAYMENTS. (a) An
- 21 executor or administrator who fails to pay funds of an estate to the
- 22 comptroller as required by an order under Section 551.001 on or
- 23 before the 30th day after the date of the order is liable, after
- 24 personal service of citation charging that failure and after proof
- 25 of the failure, for damages. The damages:
- 26 (1) accrue at the rate of five percent of the amount of
- 27 the funds per month for each month or fraction of a month after the

- 1 30th day after the date of the order that the executor or
- 2 administrator fails to make the payment; and
- 3 (2) must be paid to the comptroller out of the
- 4 executor's or administrator's own estate.
- 5 (b) Damages under this section may be recovered in any court
- 6 of competent jurisdiction. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 431.)
- 7 Sec. 551.103. ENFORCEMENT OF PAYMENT AND DAMAGES; RECOVERY
- 8 ON BOND. (a) The comptroller may apply in the name of this state to
- 9 the court that issued an order for the payment of funds of an estate
- 10 under this chapter to enforce the payment of:
- 11 (1) funds the executor or administrator has failed to
- 12 pay to the comptroller under the order; and
- 13 (2) any damages that have accrued under Section
- 14 551.102.
- 15 (b) The court shall enforce the payment under Subsection (a)
- 16 in the manner prescribed for enforcement of other payment orders.
- 17 (c) In addition to the action under Subsection (a), the
- 18 comptroller may bring an action in the name of this state against
- 19 the executor or administrator and the sureties on the executor's or
- 20 administrator's bond for the recovery of the funds ordered to be
- 21 paid and any accrued damages.
- 22 (d) The county attorney or criminal district attorney for
- 23 the county, the district attorney for the district, or the attorney
- 24 general, at the election of the comptroller and with the approval of
- 25 the attorney general, shall represent the comptroller in all
- 26 proceedings under this section, and shall also represent the
- 27 interests of this state in all other matters arising under this

code. (Tex. Prob. Code, Sec. 432.) 1 [Chapters 552-600 reserved for expansion] 2 SUBTITLE M. DURABLE POWERS OF ATTORNEY 3 [Chapters 601-650 reserved for expansion] [Subtitles N-W reserved for expansion] 5 6 SUBTITLE X. TEXAS PROBATE CODE: SCOPE, JURISDICTION, AND COURTS 7 CHAPTER I. GENERAL PROVISIONS 8 [Reserved for expansion] SUBTITLE Y. TEXAS PROBATE CODE: INDEPENDENT ADMINISTRATION 9 CHAPTER VI. SPECIAL TYPES OF ADMINISTRATION 10 PART 4. INDEPENDENT ADMINISTRATION 11 [Reserved for expansion] 12 SUBTITLE Z. TEXAS PROBATE CODE: DURABLE POWERS OF ATTORNEY 13 14 [Reserved for expansion] 15 [Titles 3-24 reserved for expansion] 16 TITLE 25. TEXAS PROBATE CODE: GUARDIANSHIP 17 [Reserved for expansion] SECTION 2. TRANSFER AND REDESIGNATION. Sections 2, 4, 5, 18 5A, 5B, 5C, 6, and 8, Texas Probate Code, are transferred to Chapter 19 I, Subtitle X, Title 2, Estates Code, as added by Section 1 of this 20 Act, and redesignated as Sections 2, 4, 5, 5A, 5B, 5C, 6, and 8, 21 22 Estates Code, respectively. 23 SECTION 3. TRANSFER AND REDESIGNATION. Sections 145 24 through 154A, Texas Probate Code, are transferred to Part 4, Chapter VI, Subtitle Y, Title 2, Estates Code, as added by Section 1 25 26 of this Act, and redesignated as Sections 145 through 154A, Estates 27 Code, respectively.

- 1 SECTION 4. TRANSFER AND REDESIGNATION. Chapter XII, Texas
- 2 Probate Code, is transferred to Subtitle Z, Title 2, Estates Code,
- 3 as added by Section 1 of this Act, and Sections 481 through 506 of
- 4 that chapter are redesignated as Sections 481 through 506, Estates
- 5 Code, respectively.
- 6 SECTION 5. TRANSFER AND REDESIGNATION. Chapter XIII, Texas
- 7 Probate Code, is transferred to Title 25, Estates Code, as added by
- 8 Section 1 of this Act, and redesignated as Chapter XIII of that
- 9 title, and Sections 601 through 905 of that chapter are
- 10 redesignated as Sections 601 through 905, Estates Code,
- 11 respectively.
- 12 SECTION 6. CONFORMING AMENDMENT. Section 2, Texas Probate
- 13 Code, redesignated as Section 2, Estates Code, by Section 2 of this
- 14 Act, is amended to read as follows:
- 15 Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE AND APPLICATION. [(a) Effective Date.
- 16 This Code shall take effect and be in force on and after January 1,
- 17 1956. The procedure herein prescribed shall govern all probate
- 18 proceedings in county and probate courts brought after the
- 19 effective date of this Act, and also all further procedure in
- 20 proceedings in probate then pending, except to the extent that in
- 21 the opinion of the court, with respect to proceedings in probate
- 22 then pending, its application in particular proceedings or parts
- 23 thereof would not be feasible or would work injustice, in which
- 24 event the former procedure shall apply.
- 25 [(b) Rights Not Affected. No act done in any proceeding
- 26 commenced before this Code takes effect, and no accrued right,
- 27 shall be impaired by the provisions of this Code. When a right is

acquired, extinguished, or barred upon the expiration of a prescribed period of time which has commenced to run by the provision of any statute in force before this Code takes effect, such provision shall remain in force and be deemed a part of this Code with respect to such right. All things properly done under any previously existing statute prior to the taking effect of this Code shall be treated as valid. Where citation or other process or notice is issued and served in compliance with existing statutes prior to the taking effect of this Code, the party upon whom such citation or other process has been served shall have the time provided for under such previously existing statutes in which to comply therewith.

[(c) Subdivisions Have No Legal Effect. The division of this Code into Chapters, Parts, Sections, Subsections, and Paragraphs is solely for convenience and shall have no legal effect.

[(d) Severability. If any provision of this Code, or the application thereof to any person or circumstance, is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of the Code which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this Code are declared to be severable, and the Legislature hereby states that it would have enacted such portions of the Code which can lawfully be given effect regardless of the possible invalidity of other provisions of the Code.]

(e) Nature of Proceeding. The administration of the estate of a decedent, from the filing of the application for probate and administration, or for administration, until the decree of final

- 1 distribution and the discharge of the last personal representative,
- 2 shall be considered as one proceeding for purposes of jurisdiction.
- 3 The entire proceeding is a proceeding in rem.
- 4 SECTION 7. CONFORMING AMENDMENT. Section 145(q), Texas
- 5 Probate Code, redesignated as Section 145(q), Estates Code, by
- 6 Section 3 of this Act, is amended to read as follows:
- 7 (q) Absent proof of fraud or collusion on the part of a
- 8 judge, no judge may be held civilly liable for the commission of
- 9 misdeeds or the omission of any required act of any person, firm, or
- 10 corporation designated as an independent executor or independent
- 11 administrator under Subsections (c), (d), and (e) of the section.
- 12 [Section 36 of this code does not apply to the appointment of an
- 13 independent executor or administrator under Subsection (c), (d), or
- 14 (e) of this section.
- 15 SECTION 8. CONFORMING AMENDMENT. Section 154A(i), Texas
- 16 Probate Code, redesignated as Section 154A(i), Estates Code, by
- 17 Section 3 of this Act, is amended to read as follows:
- 18 (i) Absent proof of fraud or collusion on the part of a
- 19 judge, the judge may not be held civilly liable for the commission
- 20 of misdeeds or the omission of any required act of any person, firm,
- 21 or corporation designated as a successor independent executor under
- 22 this section. [Section 36 of this code does not apply to an
- 23 appointment of a successor independent executor under this
- 24 section.
- 25 SECTION 9. CONFORMING AMENDMENT. Section 490(a), Texas
- 26 Probate Code, redesignated as Section 490(a), Estates Code, by
- 27 Section 4 of this Act, is amended to read as follows:

- 1 (a) The following form is known as a "statutory durable power of attorney." A person may use a statutory durable power of 2 3 attorney to grant an attorney in fact or agent powers with respect to a person's property and financial matters. A power of attorney 4 5 in substantially the following form has the meaning and effect prescribed by this chapter. The validity of a power of attorney as 6 meeting the requirements of a statutory durable power of attorney 7 8 is not affected by the fact that one or more of the categories of optional powers listed in the form are struck or the form includes 9 specific limitations on or additions to the attorney in fact's or 10 11 agent's powers.
- The following form is not exclusive, and other forms of power of attorney may be used.
- 14 STATUTORY DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY
- 15 NOTICE: THE POWERS GRANTED BY THIS DOCUMENT ARE BROAD AND SWEEPING.
- 16 THEY ARE EXPLAINED IN THE DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY ACT, CHAPTER
- 17 XII, ESTATES [TEXAS PROBATE] CODE. IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS ABOUT
- 18 THESE POWERS, OBTAIN COMPETENT LEGAL ADVICE. THIS DOCUMENT DOES NOT
- 19 AUTHORIZE ANYONE TO MAKE MEDICAL AND OTHER HEALTH-CARE DECISIONS
- 20 FOR YOU. YOU MAY REVOKE THIS POWER OF ATTORNEY IF YOU LATER WISH TO
- 21 DO SO.
- 22 I, _____ (insert your name and address), appoint
- 23 _____ (insert the name and address of the person appointed) as
- 24 my agent (attorney-in-fact) to act for me in any lawful way with
- 25 respect to all of the following powers except for a power that I
- 26 have crossed out below.
- 27 TO WITHHOLD A POWER, YOU MUST CROSS OUT EACH POWER

1 WITHHELD. Real property transactions; 2 3 Tangible personal property transactions; Stock and bond transactions; Commodity and option transactions; 5 Banking and other financial institution transactions; 6 Business operating transactions; 7 8 Insurance and annuity transactions; Estate, trust, and other beneficiary transactions; 9 10 Claims and litigation; 11 Personal and family maintenance; 12 Benefits from social security, Medicare, Medicaid, or other 13 governmental programs or civil or military service; 14 Retirement plan transactions; 15 Tax matters. IF NO POWER LISTED ABOVE IS CROSSED OUT, THIS DOCUMENT SHALL 16 BE CONSTRUED AND INTERPRETED AS A GENERAL POWER OF ATTORNEY AND MY 17 AGENT (ATTORNEY IN FACT) SHALL HAVE THE POWER AND AUTHORITY TO 18

21 SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS:

WERE PERSONALLY PRESENT.

19

20

22 Special instructions applicable to gifts (initial in front of

PERFORM OR UNDERTAKE ANY ACTION I COULD PERFORM OR UNDERTAKE IF I

- 23 the following sentence to have it apply):
- I grant my agent (attorney in fact) the power to apply my
- 25 property to make gifts, except that the amount of a gift to an
- 26 individual may not exceed the amount of annual exclusions allowed
- 27 from the federal gift tax for the calendar year of the gift.

	11.5. 10. 2302		
1	ON THE FOLLOWING LINES YOU MAY GIVE SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS		
2	LIMITING OR EXTENDING THE POWERS GRANTED TO YOUR AGENT.		
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11			
12	UNLESS YOU DIRECT OTHERWISE ABOVE, THIS POWER OF ATTORNEY IS		
13	EFFECTIVE IMMEDIATELY AND WILL CONTINUE UNTIL IT IS REVOKED.		
14	CHOOSE ONE OF THE FOLLOWING ALTERNATIVES BY CROSSING OUT THE		
15	ALTERNATIVE NOT CHOSEN:		
16	(A) This power of attorney is not affected by my subsequent		
17	disability or incapacity.		
18	(B) This power of attorney becomes effective upon my		
19	disability or incapacity.		
20	YOU SHOULD CHOOSE ALTERNATIVE (A) IF THIS POWER OF ATTORNEY		
21	IS TO BECOME EFFECTIVE ON THE DATE IT IS EXECUTED.		
22	IF NEITHER (A) NOR (B) IS CROSSED OUT, IT WILL BE ASSUMED THAT		
23	YOU CHOSE ALTERNATIVE (A).		
24	If Alternative (B) is chosen and a definition of my		
25	disability or incapacity is not contained in this power of		

attorney, I shall be considered disabled or incapacitated for

27 purposes of this power of attorney if a physician certifies in

26

1	writing at a date later than the date this power of attorney is			
2	executed that, based on the physician's medical examination of me,			
3	I am mentally incapable of managing my financial affairs. I			
4	authorize the physician who examines me for this purpose to			
5	disclose my physical or mental condition to another person for			
6	purposes of this power of attorney. A third party who accepts this			
7	power of attorney is fully protected from any action taken under			
8	this power of attorney that is based on the determination made by a			
9	physician of my disability or incapacity.			
10	I agree that any third party who receives a copy of this			
11	document may act under it. Revocation of the durable power of			
12	attorney is not effective as to a third party until the third party			
13	receives actual notice of the revocation. I agree to indemnify the			
14	third party for any claims that arise against the third party			
15	because of reliance on this power of attorney.			
16	If any agent named by me dies, becomes legally disabled,			
17	resigns, or refuses to act, I name the following (each to act alone			
18	and successively, in the order named) as successor(s) to that			
19	agent:			
20	Signed this day of, [19]			
21				
22	(your signature)			
23	State of			
24	County of			
25	This document was acknowledged before me on(date) by			
26				
2.7	(name of principal)			

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1
 2
                                      (signature of notarial officer)
    (Seal, if any, of notary) _
 3
 4
                                      (printed name)
 5
                                My commission expires: __
          THE ATTORNEY IN FACT OR AGENT, BY ACCEPTING OR ACTING UNDER
 6
 7
         APPOINTMENT,
                                   THE
                                         FIDUCIARY
    THE
                        ASSUMES
                                                     AND
                                                          OTHER
                                                                  LEGAL
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    RESPONSIBILITIES OF AN AGENT.
          SECTION 10. REPEALER. (a) Sections 3, 9, 10, 10A, 10B, 10C,
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    11, 11A, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 17A, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25,
    26, 27, 28, 29, 31, 32, 33, 34, 34A, 35, 36, 36B, 36C, 36D, 36E, 36F,
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    58a, 58b, 58c, 59, 59A, 60, 61, 62, 63, 67, 68, 69, 69A, 70, 70A, 71,
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- H.B. No. 2502
- 1 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 301, 302, 303, 304,
- 2 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318,
- 3 319, 320, 320A, 321, 322, 322A, 322B, 323, 324, 326, 328, 329, 331,
- 4 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 344, 345,
- 5 345A, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357,
- 6 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370,
- 7 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 377, 378, 378A, 378B, 379, 380, 381, 382,
- 8 384, 385, 386, 387, 398A, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 405A,
- 9 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 412, 414, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432,
- 10 433, 436, 437, 438, 438A, 439, 439A, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445,
- 11 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458,
- 12 459, 460, 461, 462, 471, 472, and 473, Texas Probate Code, are
- 13 repealed.
- 14 (b) Section 248, Texas Probate Code, as amended by Chapters
- 15 701 (S.B. 347) and 765 (H.B. 3434), Acts of the 79th Legislature,
- 16 Regular Session, 2005, is repealed.
- 17 SECTION 11. LEGISLATIVE INTENT. This Act is enacted under
- 18 Section 43, Article III, Texas Constitution. This Act is intended
- 19 as a recodification only, and no substantive change in law is
- 20 intended by this Act.
- 21 SECTION 12. EFFECTIVE DATE. This Act takes effect January
- 22 1, 2014.

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Preside	nt of the Senate	Speaker of the House			
I cer	tify that H.B. No. 250	2 was passed by the House on April			
24, 2009, b	y the following vote:	Yeas 138, Nays 0, 1 present, not			
voting.					
		Chief Clerk of the House			
I cer	tify that H.B. No. 250)2 was passed by the Senate on May			
26, 2009, by the following vote: Yeas 31, Nays 0.					
		Secretary of the Senate			
APPROVED:					
	Date				
	Governor				