By: Merritt

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A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 1 AN ACT 2 relating to the system for appraising property for ad valorem tax 3 purposes. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: 4 5 SECTION 1. Sections 5.102(c) and (d), Tax Code, are amended to read as follows: 6 7 (c) If the review results in a finding that an appraisal district is not in compliance with generally accepted appraisal 8 9 standards and practices, the comptroller shall deliver a report that details the comptroller's findings and recommendations for 10 11 improvement to: 12 (1) the county assessor-collector who governs the appraisal district [district's chief appraiser and board of 13 14 directors]; and the superintendent and board of trustees of each 15 (2) 16 school district participating in the appraisal district. (d) If the appraisal district fails to comply with the 17 recommendations in the report and the comptroller finds that the 18 county assessor-collector who governs [board of directors of] the 19 appraisal district failed to take remedial action before the first 20 21 anniversary of the date the report was issued, the comptroller shall notify the judge of each district court in the county for 22 23 which the appraisal district is established, who shall appoint a board of conservators consisting of five members to implement the 24

1 recommendations. The board of conservators shall exercise supervision and control over the operations of the appraisal 2 3 district until the comptroller determines under Section 403.302, Government Code, that in the same year the taxable value of each 4 5 school district for which the appraisal district appraises property is the local value for the school district. The appraisal district 6 shall bear the costs related to the supervision and control of the 7 8 district by the board of conservators.

9 SECTION 2. Sections 5.12(b) and (h), Tax Code, are amended 10 to read as follows:

At the written request of the governing bodies of a 11 (b) 12 majority of the taxing units participating in an appraisal district or of a majority of the group of taxing units composed of the 13 municipalities, school districts, and county participating in an 14 15 [entitled to vote on the appointment of] appraisal district [directors], the comptroller shall audit the performance of the 16 17 appraisal district. The governing bodies may request a general audit of the performance of the appraisal district or may request an 18 19 audit of only one or more particular duties, practices, functions, departments, or other appraisal district matters. 20

(h) In addition to the performance audits required by Subsections (a), (b), and (c) and the review of appraisal standards required by Section 5.102, the comptroller may audit an appraisal district to analyze the effectiveness and efficiency of the policies, management, and operations of the appraisal district. The results of the audit shall be delivered in a report that details the comptroller's findings and recommendations for improvement to

the <u>county assessor-collector who governs the</u> appraisal <u>district</u>
[district's chief appraiser and board of directors] and the
governing body of each taxing unit participating in the appraisal
district. The comptroller may require reimbursement by the
appraisal district for some or all of the costs of the audit, not to
exceed the actual costs associated with conducting the audit.

7 SECTION 3. Sections 5.13(c), (f), and (h), Tax Code, are 8 amended to read as follows:

9 The comptroller must approve the specific plan for the (c) 10 performance audit of an appraisal district. Before approving an audit plan, the comptroller must provide any interested person an 11 12 opportunity to appear before the comptroller and to comment on the Not later than the 20th day before the date the 13 proposed plan. 14 comptroller considers the plan for an appraisal district 15 performance audit, the comptroller must notify the county assessor-collector who governs [presiding officer of] 16 the appraisal district [board of directors] that the comptroller 17 intends to consider the plan. The notice must include the time, 18 19 date, and place of the meeting to consider the plan. [Immediately after receiving the notice, the presiding officer shall deliver a 20 copy of the notice to the other members of the appraisal district 21 22 board of directors.]

23 (f) The comptroller shall report the results of its audit in 24 writing to the governing body of each taxing unit that participates 25 in the appraisal district $and[\tau]$ to the <u>county assessor-collector</u> 26 <u>who governs</u> [chief appraiser, and to the presiding officer of] the 27 appraisal district [board of directors]. If the audit was

1 requested under Section 5.12(c) [of this code], the comptroller 2 shall also provide a report to a representative of the property 3 owners who requested the audit.

4 (h) At any time after the request for an audit is made, the 5 comptroller may discontinue the audit in whole or in part if 6 requested to do so by:

7 (1) the governing bodies of a majority of the taxing 8 units participating in the district, if the audit was requested by a 9 majority of those units;

10 (2) the governing bodies of a majority of the <u>group of</u> 11 taxing units <u>composed of the municipalities</u>, <u>school districts</u>, <u>and</u> 12 <u>county participating in the</u> [entitled to vote on the appointment 13 of] appraisal district [directors], if the audit was requested by a 14 majority of those units; or

15 (3) if the audit was requested under Section 5.12(c)
16 [of this code], by the taxpayers who requested the audit.

17 SECTION 4. Section 6.02(b), Tax Code, is amended to read as 18 follows:

19 (b) This section does not preclude the <u>county</u> 20 <u>assessor-collectors who govern</u> [board of directors of] two or more 21 adjoining appraisal districts from providing for the operation of a 22 consolidated appraisal district by interlocal contract.

23 SECTION 5. Section 6.03, Tax Code, is amended to read as 24 follows:

25 Sec. 6.03. <u>GOVERNANCE</u> [BOARD] OF <u>APPRAISAL DISTRICTS</u> 26 [DIRECTORS]. (a) <u>An</u> [The] appraisal district is governed by <u>the</u> 27 assessor-collector of the county for which the district is

1 established as part of the duties of the office. county assessor-collector is entitled 2 (b) The to 3 compensation for administering the appraisal district as provided by the appraisal district budget. [a board of directors. Five 4 5 directors are appointed by the taxing units that participate in the district as provided by this section. If the county 6 assessor-collector is not appointed to the board, the county 7 8 assessor-collector serves as a nonvoting director. The county assessor-collector is ineligible to serve if the board enters into 9 10 a contract under Section 6.05(b) or if the commissioners court of the county enters into a contract under Section 6.24(b). To be 11 eligible to serve on the board of directors, an individual other 12 than a county assessor-collector serving as a nonvoting director 13 14 must be a resident of the district and must have resided in the 15 district for at least two years immediately preceding the date the individual takes office. An individual who is otherwise eligible 16 17 serve on the board is not ineligible because of membership on the governing body of a taxing unit. An employee of a taxing unit that 18 participates in the district is not eligible to serve on the board 19 unless the individual is also a member of the governing body or an 20 elected official of a taxing unit that participates in the 21 district. 2.2 23 [(b) Members of the board of directors other than a county

24 assessor-collector serving as a nonvoting director serve two-year
25 terms beginning on January 1 of even-numbered years.

26 [(c) Members of the board of directors other than a county
27 assessor-collector serving as a nonvoting director are appointed by

vote of the governing bodies of the incorporated cities and towns, 1 the school districts, and, if entitled to vote, the conservation 2 and reclamation districts that participate in the district and of 3 the county. A governing body may cast all its votes for one 4 5 candidate or distribute them among candidates for any number of directorships. Conservation and reclamation districts are not 6 entitled to vote unless at least one conservation and reclamation 7 8 district in the district delivers to the chief appraiser a written request to nominate and vote on the board of directors by June 1 of 9 each odd-numbered year. On receipt of a request, the chief 10 appraiser shall certify a list by June 15 of all eligible 11 conservation and reclamation districts that are imposing taxes and 12 that participate in the district. 13

14 [(d) The voting entitlement of a taxing unit that is entitled to vote for directors is determined by dividing the total 15 dollar amount of property taxes imposed in the district by the 16 17 taxing unit for the preceding tax year by the sum of the total dollar amount of property taxes imposed in the district for that 18 19 year by each taxing unit that is entitled to vote, by multiplying the quotient by 1,000, and by rounding the product to the nearest 20 21 whole number. That number is multiplied by the number of directorships to be filled. A taxing unit participating in two or 2.2 23 more districts is entitled to vote in each district in which it 24 participates, but only the taxes imposed in a district are used to calculate voting entitlement in that district. 25

26 [(e) The chief appraiser shall calculate the number of votes
27 to which each taxing unit other than a conservation and reclamation

1	district is entitled and shall deliver written notice to each of
2	those units of its voting entitlement before October 1 of each
3	odd-numbered year. The chief appraiser shall deliver the notice:
4	[(1) to the county judge and each commissioner of the
5	county served by the appraisal district;
6	[(2) to the presiding officer of the governing body of
7	each city or town participating in the appraisal district, to the
8	city manager of each city or town having a city manager, and to the
9	city secretary or clerk, if there is one, of each city or town that
10	does not have a city manager; and
11	[(3) to the presiding officer of the governing body of
12	each school district participating in the district and to the
13	superintendent of those school districts.
14	[(f) The chief appraiser shall calculate the number of votes
15	to which each conservation and reclamation district entitled to
16	vote for district directors is entitled and shall deliver written
17	notice to the presiding officer of each conservation and
18	reclamation district of its voting entitlement and right to
19	nominate a person to serve as a director of the district before July
20	1 of each odd-numbered year.
21	[(g) Each taxing unit other than a conservation and
22	reclamation district that is entitled to vote may nominate by
23	resolution adopted by its governing body one candidate for each
24	position to be filled on the board of directors. The presiding
25	officer of the governing body of the unit shall submit the names of
26	the unit's nominees to the chief appraiser before October 15.
27	[(h) Each conservation and reclamation district entitled to

vote may nominate by resolution adopted by its governing body one 1 candidate for the district's board of directors. The presiding 2 3 officer of the conservation and reclamation district's governing body shall submit the name of the district's nominee to the chief 4 appraiser before July 15 of each odd-numbered year. Before August 5 1, the chief appraiser shall prepare a nominating ballot, listing 6 all the nominees of conservation and reclamation districts 7 8 alphabetically by surname, and shall deliver a copy of the nominating ballot to the presiding officer of the board of 9 directors of each district. The board of directors of each district 10 shall determine its vote by resolution and submit it to the chief 11 appraiser before August 15. The nominee on the ballot with the most 12 votes is the nominee of the conservation and reclamation districts 13 14 in the appraisal district if the nominee received more than 10 15 percent of the votes entitled to be cast by all of the conservation and reclamation districts in the appraisal district, and shall be 16 17 named on the ballot with the candidates nominated by the other taxing units. The chief appraiser shall resolve a tie vote by any 18 19 method of chance.

[(i) If no nominee of the conservation and reclamation 20 districts receives more than 10 percent of the votes entitled to be 21 cast under Subsection (h), the chief appraiser, before September 1, 2.2 shall notify the presiding officer of the board of directors of each 23 24 conservation and reclamation district of the failure to select a nominee. Each conservation and reclamation district may submit a 25 26 nominee by September 15 to the chief appraiser as provided hv The chief appraiser shall submit 27 Subsection (h).

nominating ballot by October 1 to the conservation and reclamation 1 districts as provided by Subsection (h). The conservation and 2 3 reclamation districts shall submit their votes for nomination before October 15 as provided by Subsection (h). The nominee on the 4 5 second nominating ballot with the most votes is the nominee of the conservation and reclamation districts in the appraisal district 6 and shall be named on the ballot with the candidates nominated by 7 8 the other taxing units. The chief appraiser shall resolve a tie vote by any method of chance. 9

10 [(j) Before October 30, the chief appraiser shall prepare a 11 ballot, listing the candidates whose names were timely submitted 12 under Subsections (g) and, if applicable, (h) or (i) alphabetically 13 according to the first letter in each candidate's surname, and 14 shall deliver a copy of the ballot to the presiding officer of the 15 governing body of each taxing unit that is entitled to vote.

[(k) The governing body of each taxing unit entitled to vote 16 17 shall determine its vote by resolution and submit it to the chief appraiser before December 15. The chief appraiser shall count the 18 19 votes, declare the five candidates who receive the largest cumulative vote totals elected, and submit the results before 20 December 31 to the governing body of each taxing unit in the 21 district and to the candidates. For purposes of determining the 2.2 23 number of votes received by the candidates, the candidate receiving 24 the most votes of the conservation and reclamation districts is considered to have received all of the votes cast by conservation 25 26 and reclamation districts and the other candidates are considered to have received any votes of the conservation 27 and reclamat

1 districts. The chief appraiser shall resolve a tie vote by any
2 method of chance.

3 [(1) If a vacancy occurs on the board of directors other than a vacancy in the position held by a county assessor-collector 4 5 serving as a nonvoting director, each taxing unit that is entitled to vote by this section may nominate by resolution adopted by its 6 governing body a candidate to fill the vacancy. The unit shall 7 8 submit the name of its nominee to the chief appraiser within 45 days after notification from the board of directors of the existence of 9 10 the vacancy, and the chief appraiser shall prepare and deliver to the board of directors within the next five days a list of the 11 nominees. The board of directors shall elect by majority vote of 12 its members one of the nominees to fill the vacancy.] 13

14 SECTION 6. Sections 6.035(a) and (b), Tax Code, are amended 15 to read as follows:

16 (a) An individual is [ineligible to serve on an appraisal 17 district board of directors and is] disqualified from employment as 18 chief appraiser if the individual:

related within 19 (1) is the second degree by consanguinity or affinity, as determined under Chapter 573, 20 Government Code, to an individual who is engaged in the business of 21 appraising property for compensation for use in proceedings under 22 23 this title or of representing property owners for compensation in 24 proceedings under this title in the appraisal district; or

(2) owns property on which delinquent taxes have been
owed to a taxing unit for more than 60 days after the date the
individual knew or should have known of the delinquency unless:

(A) the delinquent taxes and any penalties and
 interest are being paid under an installment payment agreement
 under Section 33.02; or

4 (B) a suit to collect the delinquent taxes is 5 deferred or abated under Section 33.06 or 33.065.

6 A [member of an appraisal district board of directors or (b) 7 a] chief appraiser commits an offense if the [board member 8 continues to hold office or the] chief appraiser remains employed knowing that an individual related within the second degree by 9 consanguinity or affinity, as determined under Chapter 573, 10 Government Code, to the [board member or] chief appraiser is 11 engaged in the business of appraising property for compensation for 12 use in proceedings under this title or of representing property 13 14 owners for compensation in proceedings under this title in the 15 appraisal district in which the [member serves or the] chief appraiser is employed. An offense under this subsection is a Class 16 17 B misdemeanor.

SECTION 7. Sections 6.05 and 6.051, Tax Code, are amended to read as follows:

Sec. 6.05. APPRAISAL OFFICE; CHIEF APPRAISER. (a) Except as authorized by Subsection (b) [of this section], each appraisal district shall establish an appraisal office. The appraisal office must be located in the county for which the district is established. An appraisal district may establish branch appraisal offices outside the county for which the district is established.

(b) The <u>county assessor-collector who governs</u> [board of
 directors of] an appraisal district may contract with an appraisal

office in another district or with a taxing unit in the district to
 perform the duties of the appraisal office for the district.

3 (c) The <u>county assessor-collector may serve as the chief</u>
4 <u>appraiser for the appraisal district or may appoint another person</u>
5 to serve as the chief appraiser.

6 (d) A county assessor-collector who appoints another person 7 to serve ad the chief appraiser shall notify the comptroller and 8 each taxing unit that participates in the appraisal district of 9 that appointment.

10 <u>(e) An appointed chief appraiser serves at the pleasure of</u> 11 <u>the county assessor-collector and acts on behalf of the county</u> 12 <u>assessor-collector on all matters delegated to the appointed chief</u> 13 <u>appraiser by the county assessor-collector.</u>

14 (f) The chief appraiser is the chief administrator of the 15 appraisal office.

16 (g) An appointed [The chief appraiser is appointed by and 17 serves at the pleasure of the appraisal district board of 18 directors. If a taxing unit performs the duties of the appraisal 19 office pursuant to a contract, the assessor for the unit is the 20 chief appraiser.

[(d) The] chief appraiser is entitled to compensation as provided by the <u>appraisal district</u> budget <u>for performing duties</u> <u>delegated to the appointed chief appraiser by the county</u> <u>assessor-collector</u> [adopted by the board of directors]. The chief appraiser's compensation may not be directly or indirectly linked to an increase in the total market, appraised, or taxable value of property in the appraisal district.

1 (h) The chief appraiser may employ and compensate 2 professional, clerical, and other personnel as provided by the 3 budget.

4 [(e)] The chief appraiser may delegate authority to <u>the</u> 5 <u>chief appraiser's</u> [his] employees.

6 (i) The county assessor-collector may not appoint a person to serve as the chief appraiser if the person is related to the 7 8 county assessor-collector within the second degree by affinity or within the third degree by consanguinity, as determined under 9 Chapter 573, Government Code. An appointed [(f) The] chief 10 appraiser may not employ any individual related to the county 11 assessor-collector [a member of the board of directors] within the 12 second degree by affinity or within the third degree by 13 14 consanguinity, as determined under Chapter 573, Government Code. A 15 person commits an offense if the person intentionally or knowingly violates this subsection. An offense under this subsection is a 16 17 misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not less than \$100 or more than \$1,000. 18

19 <u>(j)</u> [(g)] The chief appraiser is an officer of the appraisal 20 district for purposes of the nepotism law, Chapter 573, Government 21 Code. An appraisal district may not employ or contract with an 22 individual or the spouse of an individual who is related to the 23 chief appraiser within the first degree by consanguinity or 24 affinity, as determined under Chapter 573, Government Code.

(k) A county assessor-collector who apoints another person
 to serve as the chief appraiser [(h) The board of directors of an
 appraisal district by resolution] may prescribe that specified

1 actions of the chief appraiser relating to the finances or 2 administration of the appraisal district are subject to the 3 approval of the <u>county assessor-collector</u> [board].

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4 (1) [(i)] To ensure adherence with generally accepted appraisal practices, the <u>county assessor-collector</u> [board of 5 directors of an appraisal district] shall develop biennially a 6 written plan for the periodic reappraisal of all property within 7 8 the boundaries of the district according to the requirements of Section 25.18 and shall hold a public hearing to consider the 9 10 proposed plan. Not later than the 10th day before the date of the hearing, the <u>county assessor-collector</u> [secretary of the board] 11 shall deliver to the presiding officer of the governing body of each 12 taxing unit participating in the district a written notice of the 13 14 date, time, and place for the hearing. Not later than September 15 15 of each even-numbered year, the <u>county assessor-collector</u> [board] shall hold the hearing [complete its hearings], 16 make any 17 amendments, and [by resolution] finally approve the plan. Copies of the approved plan shall be distributed to the presiding officer 18 19 of the governing body of each taxing unit participating in the district and to the comptroller within 60 days of the approval date. 20 Sec. 6.051. OWNERSHIP OR LEASE OF REAL PROPERTY. (a) The 21 county assessor-collector who governs [board of directors of] an 22 23 appraisal district may purchase or lease real property and may 24 construct improvements as necessary to establish and operate the

(b) The acquisition or conveyance of real property or theconstruction or renovation of a building or other improvement by an

appraisal office or a branch appraisal office.

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1 appraisal district must be approved by the governing bodies of three-fourths of the group of taxing units composed of the 2 municipalities, school districts, and county participating in the 3 appraisal district [entitled to vote on the appointment of board 4 5 The county assessor-collector [board of directors by members]. resolution] may propose a property transaction or other action for 6 which this subsection requires approval of the taxing units. 7 The 8 county assessor-collector [chief appraiser] shall notify the presiding officer of each governing body entitled to vote on the 9 10 approval of the proposal by delivering a copy of the proposal [board's resolution], together with information showing the costs 11 of other available alternatives to the proposal. On or before the 12 30th day after the date the presiding officer receives notice of the 13 14 proposal, the governing body of a taxing unit by resolution may 15 approve or disapprove the proposal. If a governing body fails to act on or before that 30th day or fails to file its resolution with 16 17 the county assessor-collector [chief appraiser] on or before the 10th day after that 30th day, the proposal is treated as if it were 18 19 disapproved by the governing body.

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The county assessor-collector [board of directors] may 20 (c) convey real property owned by the district, and the proceeds shall 21 be credited to each taxing unit that participates in the district in 22 proportion to the unit's allocation of the appraisal district 23 24 budget in the year in which the transaction occurs. A conveyance must be approved as provided by Subsection (b) [of this section], 25 26 and any proceeds shall be apportioned by an amendment to the annual budget made as provided by Section 6.06(c) [Subsection (c) of 27

1 Section 6.06 of this code].

2 [(d) An acquisition of real property by an appraisal 3 district before January 1, 1988, may be validated before March 1, 4 1988, in the manner provided by Subsection (b) of this section for 5 the acquisition of real property.]

6 SECTION 8. Section 6.06, Tax Code, is amended by amending 7 Subsections (a) through (d) and (f) through (k) and adding 8 Subsection (1) to read as follows:

county assessor-collector 9 (a) Each year the [chief 10 appraiser] shall prepare a proposed budget for the operations of the district for the following tax year and shall submit copies to 11 each taxing unit participating in the district [and to the district 12 board of directors] before June 15. The county assessor-collector 13 [He] shall include in the budget a list showing each proposed 14 15 position, the proposed salary for the position, all benefits proposed for the position, each proposed capital expenditure, and 16 17 an estimate of the amount of the budget that will be allocated to each taxing unit. Each taxing unit [entitled to vote on the 18 19 appointment of board members] shall maintain a copy of the proposed budget for public inspection at its principal administrative 20 office. 21

(b) The <u>county assessor-collector</u> [board of directors] shall hold a public hearing to consider the budget. The <u>county</u> <u>assessor-collector</u> [secretary of the board] shall deliver to the presiding officer of the governing body of each taxing unit participating in the district not later than the 10th day before the date of the hearing a written notice of the date, time, and place

1 fixed for the hearing. The county assessor-collector [board] shall complete the [its] hearings, make necessary [any] amendments to the 2 3 proposed budget [it desires], and finally approve a budget before September 15. If governing bodies of a majority of the group of 4 taxing units composed of the municipalities, school districts, and 5 county participating in the appraisal district [taxing units 6 entitled to vote on the appointment of board members] 7 adopt 8 resolutions disapproving a budget and file them with the county assessor-collector [secretary of the board] within 30 days after 9 its adoption, the budget does not take effect, and the county 10 assessor-collector [board] shall adopt a new budget within 30 days 11 12 of the disapproval.

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13 (c) The <u>county assessor-collector</u> [board] may amend the 14 approved budget at any time, but [the secretary of the board] must 15 deliver a written copy of a proposed amendment to the presiding 16 officer of the governing body of each taxing unit participating in 17 the district not later than the 30th day before the date the <u>county</u> 18 <u>assessor-collector approves the amendment</u> [board acts on it].

19 (d) Each taxing unit participating in the district is allocated a portion of the amount of the budget equal to the 20 proportion that the total <u>taxable value</u> [dollar amount] of property 21 located [taxes imposed] in the unit [district by the unit] for the 22 tax year in which the budget proposal is prepared bears to the sum 23 24 of the total taxable value [dollar amount] of property located [taxes imposed] in each participating unit [the district by each 25 26 participating unit] for that year. For purposes of this subsection, the taxable value for each taxing unit is determined 27

separately, without regard to the inclusion of the same property in the determination of the taxable value for other taxing units. If a taxing unit participates in two or more districts, only the <u>taxable</u> value of property appraised for the unit by [taxes imposed in] a district <u>is</u> [are] used to calculate the unit's cost allocations in that district. If the number of real property parcels in a taxing unit is less than 5 percent of the total number of real property parcels in the district and the <u>total taxable value of property</u> located in the taxing unit exceeds [imposes in excess of] 25 percent

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located in the taxing unit exceeds [imposes in excess of] 25 percent 9 of the sum of the total taxable value of property in each 10 participating taxing unit [total amount of the property taxes 11 imposed in the district by all of the participating taxing units] 12 for a year, the unit's allocation may not exceed a percentage of the 13 14 appraisal district's budget equal to three times the unit's 15 percentage of the total number of real property parcels appraised by the district. 16

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(f) Payments shall be made to a depository designated by the county assessor-collector [district board of directors]. The district's funds may be disbursed only by a written check, draft, or order signed by the <u>county assessor-collector</u> [chairman and secretary of the board or, if authorized by resolution of the board, by the chief appraiser].

(g) If a taxing unit decides not to impose taxes for any tax year, the unit is not liable for any of the costs of operating the district in that year, and those costs are allocated among the other taxing units [as if that unit had not imposed taxes in the year used to calculate allocations]. However, if that unit has made any

1 payments, it is not entitled to a refund.

2 If a newly formed taxing unit or a taxing unit that did (h) 3 not impose taxes in the preceding year imposes taxes in any tax year, that unit is allocated a portion of the amount budgeted to 4 operate the district. The total taxable value for the current year 5 of property in the unit and appraised for the unit by the district 6 7 [as if it had imposed taxes in the preceding year, except that the 8 amount of taxes the unit imposes in the current year] is used to calculate its allocation. Before the total taxable value for the 9 10 current year of property in the unit and appraised for the unit by the district [amount of taxes to be imposed for the current year] is 11 12 known, the allocation may be based on an estimate to which the county assessor-collector [district board of directors] and the 13 14 governing body of the unit agree, and the payments made after that amount is known shall be adjusted to reflect the actual amount 15 [imposed]. The payments of a newly formed taxing unit that has no 16 17 source of funds are postponed until the unit has received adequate tax or other revenues. 18

The fiscal year of an appraisal district is the calendar 19 (i) year unless the governing bodies of three-fourths of the group of 20 taxing units composed of the municipalities, school districts, and 21 county participating in the appraisal district [taxing units 22 entitled to vote on the appointment of board members] adopt 23 24 resolutions proposing a different fiscal year and file them with the county assessor-collector [secretary of the board] not more 25 than 12 and not less than eight months before the first day of the 26 27 fiscal year proposed by the resolutions. If the fiscal year of an

1 appraisal district is changed under this subsection, the county <u>assessor-collector</u> [chief appraiser] shall prepare a proposed 2 3 budget for the fiscal year as provided by Subsection (a) [of this section] before the 15th day of the seventh month preceding the 4 first day of the fiscal year established by the change $[\tau]$ and [the5 board of directors] shall adopt a budget for the fiscal year as 6 provided by Subsection (b) [of this section] before the 15th day of 7 8 the fourth month preceding the first day of the fiscal year established by the change. Unless the appraisal district adopts a 9 different method of allocation under Section 6.061 [of this code], 10 the allocation of the budget to each taxing unit shall be calculated 11 as provided by Subsection (d) [of this section] using the 12 appropriate total taxable values [amount of property taxes imposed 13 14 by each participating taxing unit] in the most recent tax year preceding the fiscal year established by the change for which the 15 necessary information is available. Each taxing unit shall pay its 16 17 allocation as provided by Subsection (e) [of this section], except that the first payment shall be made before the first day of the 18 19 fiscal year established by the change and subsequent payments shall be made quarterly. The [In the year in which a change in the fiscal 20 year occurs, the] budget for the fiscal year that precedes the 21 fiscal year established by the change [that takes effect on January 22 1 of that year] may be amended as necessary as provided by 23 24 Subsection (c) [of this section in order] to accomplish the change in fiscal years. 25

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26 (j) If the total amount of the payments made or due to be 27 made by the taxing units participating in an appraisal district

1 exceeds the amount actually spent or obligated to be spent during the fiscal year for which the payments were made, the county 2 assessor-collector [chief appraiser] shall credit the excess 3 amount against each taxing unit's allocated payments for the 4 5 following year in proportion to the amount of each unit's budget allocation for the fiscal year for which the payments were made. If 6 a taxing unit that paid its allocated amount is not allocated a 7 8 portion of the district's budget for the following fiscal year, the county assessor-collector [chief appraiser] shall refund to the 9 10 taxing unit its proportionate share of the excess funds not later than the 150th day after the end of the fiscal year for which the 11 12 payments were made.

13 (k) For good cause shown, the <u>county assessor-collector</u> 14 [board of directors] may waive the penalty and interest on a 15 delinquent payment under Subsection (e).

(1) In this subsection, "special district or authority" 16 17 means any taxing unit other than a school district, municipality, or county and includes a junior college district or hospital 18 19 district. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, if the sum total portion of the budget of the appraisal district 20 allocated under another provision of this section to the special 21 districts or authorities that participate in the appraisal district 22 exceeds 10 percent of the budget, the sum total portion of the 23 budget that may be allocated to those special districts or 24 authorities may not exceed 10 percent. The other provisions of this 25 26 section govern the allocation of:

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(1) that portion of the budget among the special

1 districts or authorities if more than one special district or 2 authority participates in the appraisal district; and

3 (2) the remainder of the budget among the other taxing
4 units that participate in the appraisal district.

5 SECTION 9. Section 6.061, Tax Code, is amended to read as 6 follows:

Sec. 6.061. CHANGES IN METHOD OF FINANCING. (a) The county 7 8 assessor-collector who governs [board of directors of] an appraisal district, by signed order [resolution adopted and] delivered to 9 10 each taxing unit participating in the district after June 15 and before August 15, may prescribe a different method of allocating 11 12 the costs of operating the district unless the governing body of any taxing unit that participates in the district adopts a resolution 13 14 opposing the different method, and files it with the county 15 assessor-collector [board of directors] before September 1. If a [board] proposal is rejected, the <u>county assessor-collector</u> 16 17 [board] shall notify, in writing, each taxing unit participating in the district before September 15. 18

19 (b) The taxing units participating in an appraisal district may adopt a different method of allocating the costs of operating 20 the district if the governing bodies of three-fourths of the group 21 of taxing units composed of the municipalities, school districts, 22 and county participating in the appraisal district [taxing units 23 24 that are entitled to vote on the appointment of board members] adopt resolutions providing for the other method. However, a change 25 26 under this subsection is not valid if it requires any taxing unit to pay a greater proportion of the appraisal district's costs than the 27

unit would pay under Section 6.06 [of this code] without the consent
 of the governing body of that unit.

3 (c) An official copy of a resolution under this section must 4 be filed with the <u>county assessor-collector</u> [chief appraiser of the 5 appraisal district] after April 30 and before May 15 or the 6 resolution is ineffective.

7 (d) Before May 20, the <u>county assessor-collector</u> [chief 8 appraiser] shall determine whether a sufficient number of eligible 9 taxing units have filed valid resolutions proposing a change in the 10 allocation of district costs for the change to take effect. Before 11 May 25, the <u>county assessor-collector</u> [chief appraiser] shall 12 notify each taxing unit participating in the district of each 13 change that is adopted.

(e) A change in allocation of district costs made as provided by this section remains in effect until changed in a manner provided by this section or rescinded by resolution of a majority of the governing bodies <u>of the group of taxing units composed of the</u> <u>municipalities, school districts, and county participating in the</u> <u>appraisal district</u> [that are entitled to vote on appointment of <u>board members under Section 6.03 of this code</u>].

21 SECTION 10. Sections 6.062(a) and (c), Tax Code, are 22 amended to read as follows:

Not later than the 10th day before the date of the public 23 (a) 24 hearing at which the <u>county assessor-collector</u> [board of directors] considers the appraisal district 25 budget, the county 26 assessor-collector [chief appraiser] shall give notice of the public hearing by publishing the notice in a newspaper having 27

1 general circulation in the county for which the appraisal district 2 is established. The notice may not be smaller than one-quarter page 3 of a standard-size or tabloid-size newspaper and may not be 4 published in the part of the paper in which legal notices and 5 classified advertisements appear.

6 (c) The notice must state that the appraisal district is 7 supported solely by payments from the local taxing units served by the appraisal district. The notice must also contain the following 8 statement: approved by the county assessor-collector "If 9 10 [appraisal district board of directors] at the public hearing, this proposed budget will take effect automatically unless disapproved 11 12 by the governing bodies of the county, school districts, and municipalities [cities, and towns] served by the appraisal 13 14 district. A copy of the proposed budget is available for public 15 inspection in the office of each of those governing bodies."

SECTION 11. Section 6.063, Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 6.063. FINANCIAL AUDIT. (a) At least once each year, the <u>county assessor-collector who governs</u> [board of directors of] an appraisal district shall have prepared an audit of its affairs by an independent certified public accountant or a firm of independent certified public accountants.

(b) The report of the audit is a public record. A copy of the report shall be delivered to <u>the county assessor-collector</u>, the <u>county judge</u>, and the presiding officer of the governing body of each <u>municipality</u> and <u>school</u> district participating in the <u>appraisal district</u> [taxing unit eligible to vote on the appointment

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1 of district directors], and a reasonable number of copies shall be
2 available for inspection at the appraisal office.

3 SECTION 12. Sections 6.09(b) and (c), Tax Code, are amended 4 to read as follows:

5 (b) The <u>county assessor-collector who governs an</u> appraisal 6 district [board of directors] shall designate as the district 7 depository the financial institution or institutions that offer the 8 most favorable terms and conditions for the handling of the 9 district's funds.

10 (c) The <u>county assessor-collector</u> [board] shall solicit 11 bids to be designated as depository for the district. The 12 depository when designated shall serve for a term of two years and 13 until its successor is designated and has qualified. The <u>county</u> 14 <u>assessor-collector</u> [board] and the depository may agree to extend a 15 depository contract for one additional two-year period.

16 SECTION 13. Sections 6.12(a) and (d), Tax Code, are amended 17 to read as follows:

(a) The <u>county assessor-collector who governs an</u> [chief appraiser of each] appraisal district shall appoint[, with the advice and consent of the board of directors,] an agricultural advisory board composed of three or more members as determined by the <u>needs of the district</u> [board].

(d) The board shall meet at the call of the <u>county</u>
assessor-collector [chief appraiser] at least three times a year.

25 SECTION 14. Sections 6.15(a), (b), and (c), Tax Code, are 26 amended to read as follows:

27

(a) The county assessor-collector who governs [A member of

the board of directors of] an appraisal district commits an offense if the <u>county assessor-collector</u> [member] directly or indirectly communicates with the chief appraiser on any matter relating to the appraisal of property by the appraisal district, except in:

5 (1) an open meeting of the county assessor-collector [appraisal district board of directors] or another public forum; or 6 7 a closed meeting of the county assessor-collector (2) 8 [board of directors] held to consult with the county assessor-collector's [board's] attorney about pending litigation, 9 10 at which the chief appraiser's presence is necessary for full communication between the county assessor-collector [board] and 11 12 the county assessor-collector's [board's] attorney.

(b) A chief appraiser commits an offense if the chief appraiser directly or indirectly communicates with <u>the county</u> <u>assessor-collector who governs</u> [<u>a member of the board of directors</u> <u>of</u>] the appraisal district on any matter relating to the appraisal of property by the appraisal district, except in:

18 (1) an open meeting of the <u>county assessor-collector</u>
19 [board of directors] or another public forum; or

(2) a closed meeting of the county assessor-collector 20 [board of directors] held to consult 21 with the county assessor-collector's [board's] attorney about pending litigation, 22 at which the chief appraiser's presence is necessary for full 23 24 communication between the county assessor-collector [board] and the county assessor-collector's [board's] attorney. 25

26 (c) Subsections (a) and (b) do not apply to a routine 27 communication between the chief appraiser and the county

1 assessor-collector that relates to the administration of an 2 appraisal roll, including a communication made in connection with 3 the certification, correction, or collection of an account[7 4 regardless of whether the county assessor-collector was appointed 5 to the board of directors of the appraisal district or serves as a 6 nonvoting director].

SECTION 15. Subchapter A, Chapter 6, Tax Code, is amended byadding Section 6.16 to read as follows:

9 <u>Sec. 6.16. CONTRACTS WITH TAXING UNITS.</u> The county 10 <u>assessor-collector who governs an appraisal district may contract</u> 11 <u>with the governing body of a taxing unit that participates in the</u> 12 <u>appraisal district to consolidate employee benefit plans, vendor</u> 13 <u>contracts, leases, or purchases if the consolidation will reduce</u> 14 <u>the costs of those items for the appraisal district and the taxing</u> 15 <u>unit.</u>

16 SECTION 16. Sections 6.24(a) and (b), Tax Code, are amended 17 to read as follows:

(a) The governing body of a taxing unit other than a county
 may contract as provided by <u>Chapter 791, Government Code, for the</u>
 <u>performance of duties relating to the assessment or collection of</u>
 <u>taxes fur the taxing unit</u> [the Interlocal Cooperation Act] with:

22 <u>(1)</u> the governing body of another <u>taxing</u> unit [or with 23 the board of directors of an appraisal district] for the other unit 24 [or the district] to perform <u>those</u> duties<u>; or</u>

25 (2) the county assessor-collector who governs an 26 appraisal district for the appraisal district to perform those

27 <u>duties</u> [relating to the assessment or collection of taxes].

1 (b) The commissioners court of a county with the approval of the county assessor-collector may contract as provided by Chapter 2 3 791, Government Code, [the Interlocal Cooperation Act] with the governing body of another taxing unit in the county [or with the 4 board of directors of the appraisal district] for the other unit [or 5 the district] to perform duties relating to the assessment or 6 collection of taxes for the county. The commissioners court may 7 contract as provided by Chapter 791, Government Code, with the 8 county assessor-collector for the appraisal district established 9 for the county to perform duties relating to the assessment or 10 collection of taxes for the county. If a county contracts to have 11 12 its taxes assessed and collected by another taxing unit or by the appraisal district, except as provided by Subsection (c), the 13 contract shall require the other unit or the district to assess and 14 15 collect all taxes the county is required to assess and collect.

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SECTION 17. Section 6.26(f), Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:

If a majority of the qualified voters voting on the 18 (f) 19 question in the election favor the proposition, the entity or office named by the ballot shall perform the functions named by the 20 ballot beginning with the next time property taxes are assessed or 21 collected, as applicable, that is more than 90 days after the date 22 23 of the election. If the governing bodies, [+] and the county assessor-collector who governs the appraisal district [board of 24 directors] when the district is involved, [-+] agree, a function may 25 26 be consolidated when performance of the function begins in less than 90 days after the date of the election. 27

SECTION 18. Sections 6.41(b), (d), (e), and (f), Tax Code, are amended to read as follows:

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3 (b) The board consists of three members. However, the 4 <u>county assessor-collector who governs the appraisal</u> district 5 [board of directors by resolution of a majority of its members] may 6 increase the size of the appraisal review board to the number of 7 members the <u>county assessor-collector</u> [board of directors] 8 considers appropriate.

9 (d) Members of the board are appointed <u>by the county</u> 10 <u>assessor-collector who governs the appraisal district</u> [by 11 <u>resolution of a majority of the appraisal district board of</u> 12 <u>directors</u>]. A vacancy on the board is filled in the same manner for 13 the unexpired portion of the term.

Members of the board hold office for terms of two years 14 (e) 15 beginning January 1. The county assessor-collector [appraisal district board of directors by resolution] shall provide for 16 17 staggered terms, so that the terms of as close to one-half of the members as possible expire each year. In making the initial or 18 subsequent appointments, the county assessor-collector [board of 19 directors] shall designate those members who serve terms of one 20 year as needed to comply with this subsection. 21

(f) A member of the board may be removed from the board by the county assessor-collector who governs [a majority vote of] the appraisal district [board of directors]. Grounds for removal are: (1) a violation of Section 6.412, 6.413, 41.66(f), or 41.69; or

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(2) good cause relating to the attendance of members

1 at called meetings of the board as established by written policy 2 adopted by <u>the county assessor-collector</u> [a majority of the 3 appraisal district board of directors].

4 SECTION 19. Sections 6.412(c) and (d), Tax Code, are 5 amended to read as follows:

(c) A person is ineligible to serve on the appraisal review
board if the person is <u>the county assessor-collector</u> [a member of
the board of directors], an officer[7] or employee of the appraisal
district, an employee of the comptroller, or a member of the
governing body, <u>an</u> officer, or <u>an</u> employee of a taxing unit.

11 (d) A person is ineligible to serve on the appraisal review 12 board of an appraisal district established for a county having a 13 population of more than 100,000:

14

(1) if the person:

(A) has served for all or part of three previous
terms as a board member or auxiliary board member on the appraisal
review board; or

(B) is a former <u>county assessor-collector who</u>
<u>governed the appraisal district or a former</u> [member of the board of
<u>directors</u>] officer[₇] or employee of the appraisal district; [or]

(2) if the person served as a member of the governing body or <u>as an</u> officer of a taxing unit for which the appraisal district appraises property, until the fourth anniversary of the date the person ceased to be a member or officer; or

(3) if the person has ever appeared before theappraisal review board for compensation.

27 SECTION 20. Subchapter B, Chapter 22, Tax Code, is amended

1	by adding Section 22.31 to read as follows:
2	Sec. 22.31. NOTICE TO COMPTROLLER REGARDING COMPLIANCE WITH
3	FILING REQUIREMENT. (a) A person who owns tangible personal
4	property used for the production of income and who is audited by the
5	comptroller for any purpose shall notify the comptroller regarding
6	whether the person filed a rendition statement or property report
7	required by this chapter with the chief appraiser for the most
8	recent tax year in which the person was required to file the
9	statement or report.
10	(b) The comptroller shall forward to the chief appraiser the
11	notice received by the comptroller under Subsection (a).
12	SECTION 21. Sections 23.23(a), (b), (c), (d), and (f), Tax
13	Code, are amended to read as follows:
14	(a) The appraised value of a residence homestead for the
15	first tax year after the year in which the owner acquires the
16	property is the market value of the property. Notwithstanding
17	Section 23.01, the appraised value of the property in each
18	subsequent tax year until the end of the tax year in which the
19	ownership of the property changes shall be the sum of:
20	(1) the appraised value of the property for the
21	preceding tax year as adjusted for the current tax year to reflect
22	the change from the preceding tax year in the purchasing power of
23	the dollar for consumers in this state; and
24	(2) the market value of all new improvements to the
25	property [Notwithstanding the requirements of Section 25.18 and
26	regardless of whether the appraisal office has appraised the
27	property and determined the market value of the property for the tax

H.B. No. 4038 year, an appraisal office may increase the appraised value of a 1 residence homestead for a tax year to an amount not to exceed the 2 3 lesser of: 4 [(1) the market value of the property for the most recent tax year that the market value was determined by the 5 appraisal office; or 6 7 $\left[\frac{(2) \text{ the sum of:}}{(2) \text{ the sum of:}}\right]$ 8 [(A) 10 percent of the appraised value of the property for the preceding tax year; 9 10 [(B) the appraised value of the property for the preceding tax year; and 11 12 [(C) the market value of all new improvements to 13 the property]. For each tax year, using regional indexes that the 14 (b) 15 comptroller considers to most accurately report changes in the purchasing power of the dollar for consumers in this state, the 16 17 comptroller shall determine and publicize the percentage by which the appraised value of residence homesteads may be increased under 18 Subsection (a)(1). The tax assessor-collector shall use the 19 percentage determined by the comptroller under this subsection to 20 21 determine the maximum appraised valued under Subsection (a) of residence homesteads appraised by that chief appraiser [When 22 appraising a residence homestead, the chief appraiser shall: 23 24 [(1) appraise the property at its market value; and 25 [(2) include in the appraisal records both the market 26 value of the property and the amount computed under Subsection

27 (a)(2)].

1 (c) When appraising a residence homestead, the chief
2 appraiser shall:

3 (1) determine the market value of the property; and 4 (2) include in the appraisal records both the market value of the property and the maximum appraised value of the 5 property calculated under Subsection (a) [The limitation provided 6 by Subsection (a) takes effect as to a residence homestead on 7 8 January 1 of the tax year following the first tax year the owner qualifies the property for an exemption under Section 11.13. The 9 10 limitation expires on January 1 of the first tax year that neither the owner of the property when the limitation took effect nor the 11 12 owner's spouse or surviving spouse qualifies for an exemption under Section 11.13]. 13

14 (d) This section does not apply to property appraised under 15 Subchapter C, D, E, F, [or] G, or H.

(f) For purposes of this section, the owner of a residence 16 homestead on January 1, 2010, is considered to have acquired the 17 property in the 2009 tax year [Notwithstanding Subsections (a) and 18 (e) and except as provided by Subdivision (2), an improvement to 19 20 property that would otherwise constitute a new improvement is not treated as a new improvement if the improvement is a replacement 21 structure for a structure that was rendered uninhabitable or 2.2 unusable by a casualty or by mold or water damage. For purposes of 23 24 appraising the property in the tax year in which the structure would have constituted a new improvement: 25

26 [(1) the last year in which the property was appraised
27 for taxation before the casualty or damage occurred is considered

1 to be the last year in which the property was appraised for taxation
2 for purposes of Subsection (a)(2)(A); and

3 [(2) the replacement structure is considered to be a 4 new improvement only to the extent it is a significant improvement 5 over the replaced structure as that structure existed before the 6 casualty or damage occurred].

7 SECTION 22. Section 23.55(n), Tax Code, is amended to read 8 as follows:

9 Within one year of the conclusion of the two fiscal (n) bienniums for which the comptroller issued a letter as provided 10 under Subsection (m), the county assessor-collector who governs 11 12 [board of directors of] the appraisal district[, by official board action,] may direct the chief appraiser to request the comptroller 13 14 to determine if the amount of revenues was equal to or exceeded 20 15 times the amount of taxes and interest that would have been imposed under Subsection (a). The comptroller shall issue a finding as to 16 17 whether the amount of revenue met the projected increases. The chief appraiser shall review the results of the comptroller's 18 finding and shall make a determination as to whether sanctions 19 under Subsection (a) should be imposed. If the chief appraiser 20 21 determines that the sanctions provided by Subsection (a) shall be imposed, the sanctions shall be based on the date of the transfer of 22 23 the property under Subsection (f)(4).

24 SECTION 23. Section 25.01(b), Tax Code, is amended to read 25 as follows:

(b) The <u>county assessor-collector who governs the appraisal</u>
 <u>district</u> [chief appraiser with the approval of the board of

directors of the district] may contract with a private appraisal firm to perform appraisal services for the district, subject to <u>the</u> county assessor-collector's [his] approval. A contract for private appraisal services is void if the amount of compensation to be paid the private appraisal firm is contingent on the amount of or increase in appraised, assessed, or taxable value of property appraised by the appraisal firm.

8 SECTION 24. Sections 25.18(a) and (b), Tax Code, are 9 amended to read as follows:

10 (a) Each appraisal office shall implement the plan for 11 periodic reappraisal of property approved by the <u>county</u> 12 <u>assessor-collector</u> [board of directors] under Section <u>6.05(1)</u> 13 [6.05(i)].

(b) The plan shall provide for the following reappraisal activities for all <u>residence homesteads in the district in the same</u> year once every 10 years and for all other real and personal property in the district at least once every three years:

(1) identifying properties to be appraised through
physical inspection or by other reliable means of identification,
including deeds or other legal documentation, aerial photographs,
land-based photographs, surveys, maps, and property sketches;

(2) identifying and updating relevant characteristicsof each property in the appraisal records;

24 (3) defining market areas in the district;
25 (4) identifying property characteristics that affect
26 property value in each market area, including:
27 (A) the location and market area of property;

H.B. No. 4038 1 (B) physical attributes of property, such as size, age, and condition; 2 3 (C) legal and economic attributes; and 4 easements, covenants, leases, reservations, (D) contracts, declarations, special assessments, ordinances, or legal 5 restrictions; 6 developing an appraisal model that reflects the 7 (5) 8 relationship among the property characteristics affecting value in each market area and determines the contribution of individual 9 10 property characteristics; 11 (6) applying the conclusions reflected in the model to 12 the characteristics of the properties being appraised; and 13 (7) reviewing the appraisal results to determine 14 value. 15 SECTION 25. Section 25.19(e), Tax Code, is amended to read 16 as follows: 17 (e) The chief appraiser, with the approval of the county assessor-collector who governs the appraisal district [appraisal 18 19 district board of directors], may dispense with the notice required 20 by Subsection (a)(1) if the amount of increase in appraised value is \$1,000 or less. 21 SECTION 26. Section 25.25(b), Tax Code, is amended to read 22 23 as follows: 24 (b) The chief appraiser may change the appraisal roll at any time to correct a name or address, a determination of ownership, a 25 26 description of property, multiple appraisals of a property, or a clerical error or other inaccuracy as prescribed by board rule that 27

1 does not increase the amount of tax liability. Before the 10th day after the end of each calendar quarter, the chief appraiser shall 2 3 submit to the appraisal review board and to the county 4 assessor-collector who governs [board of directors of] the appraisal district a written report of each change made under this 5 subsection that decreases the tax liability of the owner of the 6 property. The report must include: 7

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- 9

(1) a description of each property; and

(2) the name of the owner of that property.

10 SECTION 27. Section 41.66(g), Tax Code, is amended to read 11 as follows:

12 (q) At the beginning of a hearing on a protest, each member of the appraisal review board hearing the protest must sign an 13 14 affidavit stating that the board member has not communicated with 15 another person in violation of Subsection (f). If a board member has communicated with another person in violation of Subsection 16 17 (f), the member must be recused from the proceeding and may not hear, deliberate on, or vote on the determination of the protest. 18 19 The county assessor-collector who governs [board of directors of] the appraisal district shall adopt and implement a policy 20 concerning the temporary replacement of an appraisal review board 21 member who has communicated with another person in violation of 22 23 Subsection (f).

SECTION 28. Section 42.02, Tax Code, is amended by amending Subsections (a) and (c) and adding Subsection (d) to read as follows:

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(a) The [On written approval of the board of directors of

H.B. No. 4038 1 the appraisal district, the] chief appraiser is entitled to appeal 2 an order of the appraisal review board determining:

3 (1) a taxpayer protest as provided by Subchapter C,
4 Chapter 41, subject to Subsection (b); or

5 (2) a taxpayer's motion to change the appraisal roll 6 filed under Section 25.25.

7 The [On written approval of the board of directors of (c) 8 the appraisal district, the] chief appraiser may appeal an order of the appraisal review board determining a taxpayer protest otherwise 9 10 prohibited by Subsection (b) $[\tau]$ if the chief appraiser alleges that the taxpayer or a person acting on behalf of the taxpayer committed 11 12 fraud, made a material misrepresentation, or presented fraudulent evidence in the hearing before the board. 13 In an appeal under this 14 subsection, the court shall first consider whether the taxpayer or 15 a person acting on behalf of the taxpayer committed fraud, made a material misrepresentation, or presented fraudulent evidence to 16 17 the appraisal review board. If the court does not find by a preponderance of the evidence that the taxpayer or a person acting 18 19 on behalf of the taxpayer committed fraud, made a material misrepresentation, or presented fraudulent evidence to the 20 appraisal review board, the court shall: 21

22

(1) dismiss the appeal; and

23 (2) award court costs and reasonable attorney's fees24 to the taxpayer.

25 (d) The county assessor-collector must approve an appeal
 26 under this section in writing.

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SECTION 29. Subchapter Z, Chapter 152, Local Government

1 Code, is amended by adding Section 152.908 to read as follows: 2 152.908. COMPENSATION OF COUNTY Sec. TAX ASSESSOR-COLLECTOR. In setting the amount of the compensation of 3 the county tax assessor-collector, the commissioners court of the 4 county may not take into account the compensation the county tax 5 assessor-collector receives for administering the appraisal 6 district establ<u>ished for the county.</u> 7 8 SECTION 30. Section 1151.004(a), Occupations Code, is amended to read as follows: 9 10 (a) <u>A county assessor-collector</u> [An appraisal district 11 board of directors] or a governing body may not, as a necessity for 12 employment, require an appraiser, assessor, or collector to: act in an unprofessional manner; or 13 (1)14 (2) violate this chapter. 15 SECTION 31. The heading to Section 1151.151, Occupations Code, is amended to read as follows: 16 17 Sec. 1151.151. REGISTRATION REQUIRED; EXEMPTIONS [EXEMPTION]. 18 SECTION 32. Section 1151.151, Occupations Code, is amended 19 by amending Subsection (b) and adding Subsections (c) and (d) to 20 read as follows: 21 A county assessor-collector is not required to register 22 (b) with the board as an assessor, assessor-collector, or collector if 23 24 the county, by contract entered into under Section 6.24(b), Tax Code, has its taxes assessed and collected by another taxing unit 25 26 [or an appraisal district]. 27 (c) A county assessor-collector is not required to register

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1	with the board as an appraiser if the duties of the appraisal office
2	for the appraisal district established for the county are performed
3	by another appraisal district or by a taxing unit under a contract
4	authorized by Section 6.05(b), Tax Code.
5	(d) The exemption under Subsection (c) exists only while a
6	contract under Section 6.05(b), Tax Code, is in effect.
7	SECTION 33. The following provisions of the Tax Code are
8	repealed:
9	(1) Section 6.031;
10	(2) Section 6.033;
11	(3) Section 6.034;
12	(4) Section 6.036;
13	(5) Section 6.037;
14	(6) Section 6.04;
15	(7) Section 6.052;
16	(8) Section 6.10; and
17	(9) Section 31.03(c).
18	SECTION 34. (a) On the effective date of this Act, the tax
19	assessor-collector of each county begins to govern the appraisal
20	district established for that county and begins to serve as the
21	chief appraiser of the appraisal district, and the board of
22	directors of each appraisal district ceases to exist. On that date,
23	the appraisal district as governed by the county tax

24 assessor-collector succeeds to all the rights, duties, privileges, 25 property, obligations, and liabilities of the appraisal district as 26 governed by the board of directors.

27

(b) A measure taken or adopted by an appraisal district

board of directors before the effective date of this Act that is in effect on the effective date continues in effect after the effective date of this Act until superseded by a measure taken or adopted by the county tax assessor-collector governing the district.

6 (c) The amendment by this Act of Section 6.41, Tax Code,
7 does not affect the term of a member of an appraisal review board
8 appointed before the effective date of this Act.

SECTION 35. This Act takes effect January 1, 2010, but only 9 if the constitutional amendment proposed by the 81st Legislature, 10 Regular Session, 2009, authorizing the legislature to limit 11 increases in the appraised value of a residence homestead for ad 12 valorem tax purposes based on the inflation rate and to limit the 13 frequency of reappraisals of residence homesteads is approved by 14 15 the voters. If that amendment is not approved by the voters, this 16 Act has no effect.