Hunter, et al. (Senate Sponsor - Wentworth) 1-1 H.B. No. 4833 By: (In the Senate - Received from the House May 15, 2009; May 18, 2009, read first time and referred to Committee on Jurisprudence; May 22, 2009, reported adversely, with favorable Committee Substitute by the following vote: Yeas 5, Nays 0; 1-2 1-3 1-4 1-5 May 22, 2009, sent to printer.) 1 - 6COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR H.B. No. 4833 1-7 By: Wentworth 1-8 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 1-9 AN ACT relating to the creation of district courts and statutory county courts and to the composition of juvenile boards in certain 1-10 1-11 1-12 counties. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: 1-13 1**-**14 1**-**15 SECTION 1. (a) Effective January 1, 2011, Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by adding Section 24.575 to 1-16 read as follows: 1-17 Sec. 24.575. 431ST JUDICIAL DISTRICT (DENTON COUNTY). The 431st Judicial District is composed of Denton County. 1-18 1-19 1-20 The 431st Judicial District is created on January 1, (b) 2011. 1-21 SECTION 2. (a) Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, 1-22 is amended by adding Section 24.576 to read as follows: Sec. 24.576. 432ND JUDICIAL DISTRICT (TARRANT COUNTY). 1-23 (a) The 432nd Judicial District is composed of Tarrant County. (b) The 432nd District Court shall give preference 1-24 1-25 to 1-26 criminal matters. 1-27 (b) The 432nd Judicial District is created on the effective 1-28 date of this Act. 1-29 (a) Effective October 1, 2009, Subchapter C, SECTION 3. 1-30 Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by adding Section 24.580 to 1-31 read as follows: 1-32 Sec. 24.580. 436TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT (BEXAR COUNTY). (a) 1-33 The 436th Judicial District is composed of Bexar County. 1-34 (b) The 436th District Court shall give preference to 1-35 juvenile matters. The 436th Judicial District is created on October 1, 1-36 (b) 1-37 2009. 1-38 SECTION 4. (a) Effective December 15, 2009, Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by adding Section 24.581 to read as follows: 1-39 1-40 1-41 437TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT (BEXAR COUNTY). (a) Sec. 24.581. 1-42 The 437th Judicial District is composed of Bexar County. 1-43 (b) The 437th District Court shall give preference to criminal matters (b) The 4 1-44 The 437th Judicial District is created on December 15, 1-45 1-46 2009. 1-47 SECTION 5. (a) Effective September 1, 2010, Subchapter C, Chapter 24, Government Code, is amended by adding Section 24.582 to 1-48 1-49 read as follows: 1-50 Sec. 24.582. 438TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT (BEXAR COUNTY). (a) 1-51 The 438th Judicial District is composed of Bexar County. 1-52 The 438th District Court shall give preference to civil (b) ma<u>tters.</u> 1-53 1-54 (b) The 438th Judicial District is created on September 1, 1-55 2010. 1-56 SECTION 6. (a) Section 25.0171(b), Government Code, is 1-57 amended to read as follows: 1-58 Bexar County has the following county courts at law: (b) County Court at Law No. 1 of Bexar County, Texas; County Court at Law No. 2 of Bexar County, Texas; 1-59 (1)(2) 1-60 County Court at Law No. 3 of Bexar County, Texas; (3)1-61 County Court at Law No. 4 of Bexar County, Texas; 1-62 (4) County Court at Law No. 5 of Bexar County, Texas; 1-63 (5)

		C.S.H.B. No. 4833
2-1	(6	6) County Court at Law No. 6 of Bexar County, Texas;
2-2	(7	7) County Court at Law No. 7 of Bexar County, Texas;
2-3	( 8	3) County Court at Law No. 8 of Bexar County, Texas;
2-4	( 9	O) County Court at Law No. 9 of Bexar County, Texas;
2-5	( ]	10) County Court at Law No. 10 of Bexar County, Texas;
2-6	( ]	11) County Court at Law No. 11 of Bexar County, Texas;
2-7	[ <del>and</del> ]	
2-8	( ]	12) County Court at Law No. 12 of Bexar County, Texas;
2-9	( ]	13) County Court at Law No. 13 of Bexar County, Texas;
2-10	( ]	14) County Court at Law No. 14 of Bexar County, Texas;
2-11	and	
2-12		15) County Court at Law No. 15 of Bexar County, Texas.
2-13		ection 25.0172, Government Code, is amended by adding
2-14		-1) and amending Subsections (d), (l), (n), (o), (u),
2-15	and (v) to rea	
2-16		The County Court at Law No. 13 of Bexar County, Texas,
2-17		eference to cases prosecuted under:
2-18		1) Section 22.01, Penal Code, in which the victim is a
2-19		relationship to or association with the defendant is
2-20		Chapter 71, Family Code; and
2-21		2) Section 25.07, Penal Code.
2-22		ne County Courts at Law Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11,
2-23		14, and 15 have six terms of court beginning on the
2-24		s in January, March, May, July, September, and
2-25		ne County Court at Law No. 2 has six terms of court
2-26	beginning on	the first Mondays in February, April, June, August,

2-27 October, and December. (1) 2-28 If the judge of the County Court at Law No. 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 2-29 10, 11, [<del>or</del>] 12<u>, 13, 14, or 15</u> is absent, disabled, or disqualified 2-30 2-31 from presiding, a special judge may be appointed or elected in the manner provided by law for the appointment or election of a special county judge. A special judge must take the oath of office required by law for the regular judge. A special judge has the power and jurisdiction of the court and of the regular judge for whom the special judge is sitting and may sign orders, judgments, decrees, and other process of any kind as "Judge Presiding." A special judge is entitled to receive for services performed the same amount of compensation as the regular judge to be paid out of county funds 2-32 2-33 2-34 2-35 2-36 2-37 compensation as the regular judge, to be paid out of county funds. 2-38 2-39 The compensation paid a special judge may not be deducted from the 2-40 salary of the regular judge.

2-41 (n) The criminal district attorney shall attend the County Court at Law No. 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, [<del>or</del>] 12<u>, 13, 14, or 15</u> as required by the judge. The criminal district attorney serves the 2-42 2-43 2-44 county courts at law as provided by Section 25.0010(b).

(o) The judge of the County Court at Law No. 4 or 6 may appoint a court coordinator or administrative assistant for the court. The judge of the County Court at Law No. 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 2-45 2-46 2-47 [or] 12, 13, 14, or 15 may, with the approval of the commissioners 2-48 2-49 court, appoint a court coordinator or administrative assistant for 2-50 A court coordinator or administrative assistant the court. 2-51 performs the duties prescribed by the judge and cooperates with the 2-52 administrative judges and state agencies for the uniform and 2-53 operation of the courts and the administration of efficient The court coordinator or administrative assistant is 2-54 justice. entitled to be paid from county funds the compensation, fees, and allowances that are set by the commissioners court or as otherwise 2-55 2-56 2-57 provided by law. These provisions are in addition to the provisions in Subchapter F, Chapter 75. 2-58

2-59 (u) The official court reporter of a county court at law is entitled to receive an annual salary set by the judge and approved by the commissioners court at an amount not less than \$35,256. The 2-60 2-61 official court reporter's fee shall be taxed as costs in civil actions in County Courts at Law Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, [and] 12, 13, 14, and 15 in the same manner as that fee is taxed in district court. In County Court at Law No. 2, the clerk collects the official court reporters' fee of \$3 and pays it into the county 2-62 2-63 2-64 2-65 2-66 2-67 treasury in the same manner as district clerks are required to 2-68 collect and pay costs.

2-69 Section 25.0006(a) does not apply to County Courts at (v)

C.S.H.B. No. 4833 Law Nos. 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, [and] 12, 13, 14, and 15 of Bexar County. Section 25.0006(b) does not apply to County Courts at Law 3-1 3-2 3-3 Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, [and] 12, 13, 14, and 15 of Bexar 3-4 County. (c) The County Courts at Law Nos. 13, 14, and 15 of Bexar County, Texas, are created on the effective date of this Act. SECTION 7. (a) Effective October 1, 2009, Subchapter C, 3-5 3-6 3-7 Chapter 25, Government Code, is amended by adding Sections 25.0201 3-8 3-9 and 25.0202 to read as follows: Sec. 25.0201. BOSQUE COUNTY. Bosque County has c statutory county court, the County Court at Law of Bosque County. 3-10 one 3-11 3-12 Sec. 25.0202. BOSQUE COUNTY COURT AT LAW PROVISIONS. (a) addition to the jurisdiction provided by Section 25.0003 and 3-13 other law, a county court at law in Bosque County has concurrent jurisdiction with the district court in: (1) family law cases and proceedings; 3-14 3**-**15 3**-**16 3-17 (2) civil cases in which the matter in controversy 3-18 exceeds \$500 but does not exceed \$100,000, excluding interest, court costs, and attorney's fees; and 3-19 3-20 3-21 (3) contested probate matters under Section 5(b), Texas Probate Code. 3-22 (b) The County Court at Law of Bosque County has primary jurisdiction over juvenile matters. 3-23 (c) A county court at law has the same terms of court as the 3-24 County Court of Bosque County. (d) The judge of a county court at law may not engage in the private practice of law and must meet the qualifications 3-25 3**-**26 3-27 3-28 established by Section 25.0014. (e) The judge of a county court at law shall be paid as provided by Section 25.0005. The judge's salary shall be paid out of the county treasury on order of the commissioners court. 3-29 3-30 3-31 Notwithstanding any other law, the judge is entitled to necessary 3-32 office and operational expenses, including administrative and 3-33 clerical personnel, on the approval of the commissioners court. Administrative and clerical personnel to which a judge is entitled on approval under this subsection includes a court coordinator, 3-34 3-35 3-36 court reporter, and bailiff. 3-37 (f) If a family law case or proceeding is tried before a jury, the jury shall be composed of 12 members. In all other cases, except as otherwise required by law, the jury shall be composed of 3-38 3-39 3-40 <u>(g)</u> Jurors regularly impaneled for a week by the district 3-41 3-42 3-43 court may, on request of the county judge or the judge of a county <u>court at law, be made available and shall serve for the week in the</u> <u>county court or the county court at law.</u> (b) Effective October 1, 2009, Section 152.0241(a), Human 3-44 3-45 3-46 3-47 Resources Code, is amended to read as follows: (a) Bosque County is included in the Bosque, Comanche, and 3-48 Hamilton counties juvenile board. The juvenile board is composed 3-49 3-50 of: 3-51 the county judge in Bosque County; (1)the county judge in Comanche County; the county judge in Hamilton County; [and] 3-52 (2) 3-53 (3)the 220th Judicial District judge; and 3-54 (4)3-55 (5)the judge of the County Court at Law in Bosque 3-56 County. 3-57 (c) The County Court at Law of Bosque County is created on October 1, 2009. 3-58 SECTION 8. (a) Subchapter C, Chapter 25, Government Code, is amended by adding Sections 25.0761 and 25.0762 to read as 3-59 3-60 3-61 follows: 3-62 25.0761. FANNIN COUNTY. Sec. Fannin County has one statutory county court, the County Court at Law of Fannin County. 3-63 Sec. 25.0762. FANNIN COUNTY COURT AT LAW PROVISIONS. (a) In addition to the jurisdiction provided by Section 25.0003 and other law and except as provided by Subsection (b), a county court 3-64 3-65 3-66 at law in Fannin County has concurrent jurisdiction with the 3-67 district court in: 3-68 (1) family law cases and proceedings, including 3-69

	C.S.H.B. No. 4833
4-1	proceedings under Chapter 262, Family Code; and
4-2	(2) proceedings under Title 3, Family Code.
4 <b>-</b> 3	(b) A county court at law does not have jurisdiction of
4-4	proceedings under:
4-5	(1) Section 262.201, Family Code; or
4-6	(2) Section 54.03 or 54.04, Family Code.
4-7	(c) A county court at law shall transfer a family law case or
4-8	proceeding instituted under Chapter 262, Family Code, from that
4-9	court to the district court before a hearing governed by Section
4-10	262.201, Family Code, is commenced. A case or proceeding
4-11	transferred as required by this subsection shall be completed under
4-12	the same cause number and in the same manner as if the case or
4-13	proceeding were originally filed in the district court. The
4-14	district court may not transfer the case or proceeding back to the
4-15	county court at law, except as provided by Section 262.203(a),
4-16	Family Code.
4-17	(d) A county court at law shall transfer a juvenile case or
4-18	proceeding instituted under Title 3, Family Code, from that court
4-19	to another court designated as a juvenile court under Section
4-20	51.04, Family Code, before a hearing governed by Section 54.03,
4-21	Family Code, is commenced. A case or proceeding transferred as
4-22	required by this subsection shall be completed under the same cause
4-23	number and in the same manner as if the case or proceeding were
4 <b>-</b> 24	originally filed in the juvenile court. The juvenile court may not
4-25	transfer the case or proceeding back to the county court at law.
4 <b>-</b> 26	(b) The County Court at Law of Fannin County is created on
4-27	the effective date of this Act.
4-28	SECTION 9. (a) Effective September 1, 2011, Section
4-29	25.1101(a), Government Code, is amended to read as follows:
4-29 4 <b>-</b> 30	(a) Hidalgo County has the following statutory county
4-31	courts:
4-31 4 <b>-</b> 32	(1) County Court at Law No. 1 of Hidalgo County;
4-32 4 <b>-</b> 33	(2) County Court at Law No. 2 of Hidalgo County;
4-33 4 <b>-</b> 34	(3) County Court at Law No. 2 of Hidalgo County;
4-34 4-35	
	(4) County Court at Law No. 5 of Hidalgo County; [and]
4-36 4-37	(5) County Court at Law No. 6 of Hidalgo County;
	(6) County Court at Law No. 7 of Hidalgo County; and
4-38	(7) County Court at Law No. 8 of Hidalgo County.
4-39	(b) The County Court at Law No. 7 of Hidalgo County is
4-40	created on September 1, 2011.
4-41	(c) Notwithstanding Section 25.1101(a)(7), Government
4-42	Code, as added by this Act, the County Court at Law No. 8 of Hidalgo
4-43	County is created on September 1, 2012.
4-44	SECTION 10. (a) Section 25.1182, Government Code, is
4-45	amended by adding Subsections (a) and (a-1) to read as follows:
4-46	(a) In addition to the jurisdiction provided by Section
4-47	25.0003 and other law, a county court at law in Hunt County has
4-48	concurrent jurisdiction with the district court in:
4-49	(1) civil cases in which the matter in controversy
4-50	does not exceed \$250,000; and
4-51	(2) family law cases and proceedings.
4-52	(a-1) A county court at law does not have jurisdiction
4-53	of felony cases.
4-54	(b) Sections 152.1221(a), (b), and (d), Human Resources
4-55	Code, are amended to read as follows:
4-56	(a) The Hunt County Juvenile Board is composed of the county
4-57	judge, the district judges in Hunt County, and the judges [judge] of
4-58	the county <u>courts</u> [ <del>court</del> ] at law.
4-59	(b) The board shall designate a juvenile court judge as [is]
4-60	the chairman of the board and its chief administrative officer.
4-61	(d) Each judge on the board <u>may</u> [shall] appoint one citizen
4-62	to serve on the advisory council. Members of the advisory council
4-63	serve without compensation.
4-64	SECTION 11. (a) Effective January 1, 2011, Section
4-65	25.1671, Government Code, is amended to read as follows:
4-66	Sec. 25.1671. MIDLAND COUNTY. Midland County has the
4-67	following statutory county courts:
4-68	(1) County Court at Law of Midland County; [and]
4-69	(2) County Court at Law No. 2 of Midland County; and

5-1	C.S.H.B. No. 4833 (3) County Court at Law No. 3 of Midland County.
5-2	(b) Effective January 1, 2011, Section 25.1672, Government
5-3	Code, is amended by amending Subsection (a) and adding Subsection
5-4	(h) to read as follows:
5-5	(a) In addition to the jurisdiction provided by Section
5-6	25.0003 and other law, the County Court at Law of Midland County and
5-7	the County Court at Law No. 2 of Midland County have [a county court
5 <b>-</b> 8 5 <b>-</b> 9	at law in Midland County has] concurrent jurisdiction with the district court in:
5-10	(1) family law cases and proceedings; and
5-11	(2) civil cases in which the matter in controversy
5-12	exceeds \$500 but does not exceed \$500,000, excluding interest,
5 <b>-</b> 13	statutory or punitive damages and penalties, and attorney's fees
5-14	and costs, as alleged on the face of the petition.
5-15	(h) In addition to the jurisdiction provided by Section
5 <b>-</b> 16 5 <b>-</b> 17	25.0003 and other law, the County Court at Law No. 3 of Midland County has concurrent jurisdiction with the district court in:
5-17	(1) civil cases in which the matter in controversy
5-19	does not exceed \$250,000;
5-20	(2) family law cases and proceedings; and
5-21	(3) state jail felony cases.
5-22	(c) The County Court at Law No. 3 of Midland County is
5-23	created on January 1, 2011.
5 <b>-</b> 24 5 <b>-</b> 25	SECTION 12. (a) Subchapter C, Chapter 25, Government Code, is amended by adding Sections 25.1771 and 25.1772 to read as
5-25 5-26	follows:
5-27	Sec. 25.1771. NAVARRO COUNTY. Navarro County has one
5-28	statutory county court, the County Court at Law of Navarro County.
5-29	Sec. 25.1772. NAVARRO COUNTY COURT AT LAW PROVISIONS. (a)
5-30	In addition to the jurisdiction provided by Section 25.0003 and
5-31	other law, and except as limited by Subsection (b), a county court
5-32 5-33	at law in Navarro County has concurrent jurisdiction with the district court in:
5 <b>-</b> 34	(1) felony cases to:
5-35	(A) conduct arraignments;
5-36	(B) conduct pretrial hearings;
5 <b>-</b> 36 5 <b>-</b> 37	(B) conduct pretrial hearings; (C) accept guilty pleas; and
5-36 5-37 5-38	(B) conduct pretrial hearings; (C) accept guilty pleas; and (D) conduct jury trials on assignment of a
5-36 5-37 5-38 5-39	(B) conduct pretrial hearings; (C) accept guilty pleas; and (D) conduct jury trials on assignment of a district judge presiding in Navarro County and acceptance of the
5-36 5-37 5-38	(B) conduct pretrial hearings; (C) accept guilty pleas; and (D) conduct jury trials on assignment of a district judge presiding in Navarro County and acceptance of the assignment by the judge of the county court at law;
5-36 5-37 5-38 5-39 5-40 5-41 5-42	(B) conduct pretrial hearings; (C) accept guilty pleas; and (D) conduct jury trials on assignment of a district judge presiding in Navarro County and acceptance of the assignment by the judge of the county court at law;
5-36 5-37 5-38 5-39 5-40 5-41 5-42 5-43	(B) conduct pretrial hearings; (C) accept guilty pleas; and (D) conduct jury trials on assignment of a district judge presiding in Navarro County and acceptance of the assignment by the judge of the county court at law; (2) Class A and Class B misdemeanor cases; (3) family law matters; (4) juvenile matters;
5-36 5-37 5-38 5-39 5-40 5-41 5-42 5-43 5-43 5-44	(B) conduct pretrial hearings; (C) accept guilty pleas; and (D) conduct jury trials on assignment of a district judge presiding in Navarro County and acceptance of the assignment by the judge of the county court at law; (2) Class A and Class B misdemeanor cases; (3) family law matters; (4) juvenile matters; (5) probate matters; and
5-36 5-37 5-38 5-39 5-40 5-41 5-42 5-43 5-43 5-44 5-45	(B) conduct pretrial hearings; (C) accept guilty pleas; and (D) conduct jury trials on assignment of a district judge presiding in Navarro County and acceptance of the assignment by the judge of the county court at law; (2) Class A and Class B misdemeanor cases; (3) family law matters; (4) juvenile matters; (5) probate matters; and (6) appeals from the justice and municipal courts.
5-36 5-37 5-38 5-40 5-41 5-42 5-43 5-43 5-44 5-45 5-46	(B) conduct pretrial hearings; (C) accept guilty pleas; and (D) conduct jury trials on assignment of a district judge presiding in Navarro County and acceptance of the assignment by the judge of the county court at law; (2) Class A and Class B misdemeanor cases; (3) family law matters; (4) juvenile matters; (5) probate matters; and (6) appeals from the justice and municipal courts. (b) A county court at law does not have general supervisory
5-36 5-37 5-38 5-39 5-40 5-41 5-42 5-43 5-43 5-44 5-45	(B)conduct pretrial hearings; (C)(C)accept guilty pleas; and (D)(D)conduct jury trials on assignment of a (D)district judge presiding in Navarro County and acceptance of the assignment by the judge of the county court at law;(2)Class A and Class B misdemeanor cases; (3)(3)family law matters; (4)(4)juvenile matters; (5)(5)probate matters; and (6)(6)appeals from the justice and municipal courts. (b)(b)A county court at law does not have general supervisory control or appellate review of the commissioners court or
5-36 5-37 5-38 5-40 5-41 5-42 5-43 5-43 5-44 5-45 5-46 5-47	(B) conduct pretrial hearings; (C) accept guilty pleas; and (D) conduct jury trials on assignment of a district judge presiding in Navarro County and acceptance of the assignment by the judge of the county court at law; (2) Class A and Class B misdemeanor cases; (3) family law matters; (4) juvenile matters; (5) probate matters; and (6) appeals from the justice and municipal courts. (b) A county court at law does not have general supervisory
5-36 5-37 5-38 5-40 5-41 5-42 5-43 5-44 5-45 5-45 5-46 5-47 5-48 5-49 5-50	(B) conduct pretrial hearings; (C) accept guilty pleas; and (D) conduct jury trials on assignment of a district judge presiding in Navarro County and acceptance of the assignment by the judge of the county court at law; (2) Class A and Class B misdemeanor cases; (3) family law matters; (4) juvenile matters; (5) probate matters; and (6) appeals from the justice and municipal courts. (b) A county court at law does not have general supervisory control or appellate review of the commissioners court or jurisdiction of: (1) suits on behalf of this state to recover penalties or escheated property;
5-36 5-37 5-38 5-40 5-41 5-42 5-42 5-43 5-44 5-45 5-46 5-47 5-48 5-49 5-50 5-51	(B)conduct pretrial hearings; (C)(C)accept guilty pleas; and (D)(D)conduct jury trials on assignment of a assignment by the judge of the county court at law;(2)Class A and Class B misdemeanor cases; (3)(3)family law matters; (4)(4)juvenile matters; (5)(5)probate matters; and (6)(6)appeals from the justice and municipal courts. (b)(b)A county court at law does not have general supervisory control or appellate review of the commissioners court or jurisdiction of: (1)(1)suits on behalf of this state to recover penalties or escheated property; (2)(2)felony cases involving capital murder;
5-36 5-37 5-38 5-40 5-41 5-42 5-43 5-44 5-45 5-46 5-47 5-48 5-49 5-50 5-51 5-52	(B)conduct pretrial hearings; (C)(C)accept guilty pleas; and (D)(D)conduct jury trials on assignment of a assignment by the judge of the county court at law;(2)Class A and Class B misdemeanor cases; (3) family law matters; (4) (5)(4)juvenile matters; (5)(5)probate matters; and (6) appeals from the justice and municipal courts. (b)(b)A county court at law does not have general supervisory control or appellate review of the commissioners court or jurisdiction of: (1)(1)suits on behalf of this state to recover penalties or escheated property; (3) (3) misdemeanors involving capital murder; (3) misdemeanors involving official misconduct; or
5-36 5-37 5-38 5-40 5-41 5-42 5-43 5-44 5-45 5-46 5-47 5-48 5-49 5-51 5-52 5-53	(B)conduct pretrial hearings; (C)(C)accept guilty pleas; and (D)(D)conduct jury trials on assignment of a assignment by the judge of the county court at law;(2)Class A and Class B misdemeanor cases; (3)(3)family law matters; (4)(4)juvenile matters; (5)(5)probate matters; and (6)(6)appeals from the justice and municipal courts.(b)A county court at law does not have general supervisory control or appellate review of the commissioners court or jurisdiction of: (1)(1)suits on behalf of this state to recover penalties or escheated property;(2)felony cases involving capital murder; (3) misdemeanors involving official misconduct; or (4) contested elections.
5-36 5-37 5-39 5-40 5-41 5-42 5-43 5-43 5-44 5-45 5-46 5-47 5-48 5-49 5-50 5-51 5-52 5-53 5-54	(B)conduct pretrial hearings; (C)(C)accept guilty pleas; and (D)(D)conduct jury trials on assignment of adistrict judge presiding in Navarro County and acceptance of the assignment by the judge of the county court at law;(2)Class A and Class B misdemeanor cases; (3)(3)family law matters; (4)(4)juvenile matters; (5)(5)probate matters; and (6)(6)appeals from the justice and municipal courts. (b)(b)A county court at law does not have general supervisory control or appellate review of the commissioners court or jurisdiction of: (1)(1)suits on behalf of this state to recover penalties or escheated property;(2)felony cases involving capital murder; (3) misdemeanors involving official misconduct; or (4) contested elections. (c)(c)The judge of a county court at law must have the same
5-36 5-37 5-38 5-40 5-41 5-42 5-42 5-43 5-44 5-45 5-46 5-47 5-48 5-51 5-52 5-51 5-52 5-55 5-55	(B)   conduct pretrial hearings;     (C)   accept guilty pleas; and     (D)   conduct jury trials on assignment of a     district judge presiding in Navarro County and acceptance of the     assignment by the judge of the county court at law;     (2)   Class A and Class B misdemeanor cases;     (3)   family law matters;     (4)   juvenile matters;     (5)   probate matters; and     (6)   appeals from the justice and municipal courts.     (b)   A county court at law does not have general supervisory     control or appellate review of the commissioners court or     jurisdiction of:     (1)   suits on behalf of this state to recover penalties     or escheated property;     (2)   felony cases involving capital murder;     (3)   misdemeanors involving official misconduct; or     (4)   contested elections.     (c)   The judge of a county court at law must have the same     qualifications as those required by law for a district judge.     (d)   The judge of a county court at law shall be paid a total
5-36 5-37 5-38 5-40 5-41 5-42 5-43 5-44 5-45 5-46 5-47 5-48 5-51 5-52 5-55 5-55 5-57	(B)   conduct pretrial hearings;     (C)   accept guilty pleas; and     (D)   conduct jury trials on assignment of a     district judge presiding in Navarro County and acceptance of the     assignment by the judge of the county court at law;     (2)   Class A and Class B misdemeanor cases;     (3)   family law matters;     (4)   juvenile matters;     (5)   probate matters; and     (6)   appeals from the justice and municipal courts.     (b)   A county court at law does not have general supervisory     control or appellate review of the commissioners court or     jurisdiction of:     (1)   suits on behalf of this state to recover penalties     or escheated property;     (2)   felony cases involving capital murder;     (3)   misdemeanors involving official misconduct; or     (4)   contested elections.     (c)   The judge of a county court at law must have the same     qualifications as those required by law for a district judge.     (d)   The judge of a county court at law shall be paid a total     annual   salary set by the commissioners court at an amount that is
5-36 5-37 5-38 5-40 5-41 5-42 5-43 5-44 5-45 5-46 5-47 5-46 5-47 5-48 5-51 5-52 5-51 5-55 5-57 5-58	(B)conduct pretrial hearings; (C)(C)accept guilty pleas; and (D)(D)conduct(D)conduct(D)conduct(D)conduct(D)conduct(D)conduct(D)conduct(E)class A and Class B misdemeanor cases; (3)(3)family law matters; (4)(4)juvenile matters; (5)(5)probate matters; and (6)(6)appeals from the justice and municipal courts.(b)A county court at law does not have general supervisory control or appellate review of the commissioners court or jurisdiction of: (1)(1)suits on behalf of this state to recover penalties or escheated property;(2)felony cases involving capital murder; (3) misdemeanors involving official misconduct; or (4) contested elections. (2)(c)The judge of a county court at law must have the same qualifications as those required by law for a district judge. (d) The judge of a county court at law shall be paid a total annual salary set by the commissioners court at an amount that is not less than \$1,000 less than the total annual salary received by a
5-36 5-37 5-39 5-40 5-41 5-42 5-42 5-43 5-44 5-45 5-46 5-47 5-47 5-51 5-57 5-57 5-57 5-57 5-59	(B)   conduct pretrial hearings;     (C)   accept guilty pleas; and     (D)   conduct jury trials on assignment of a     district judge presiding in Navarro County and acceptance of the     assignment by the judge of the county court at law;     (2)   Class A and Class B misdemeanor cases;     (3)   family law matters;     (4)   juvenile matters;     (5)   probate matters; and     (6)   appeals from the justice and municipal courts.     (b)   A county court at law does not have general supervisory     control or appellate review of the commissioners court or     jurisdiction of:     (1)   suits on behalf of this state to recover penalties     or escheated property;     (2)   felony cases involving capital murder;     (3)   misdemeanors involving official misconduct; or     (4)   contested elections.     (c)   The judge of a county court at law must have the same     qualifications as those required by law for a district judge.     (d)   The judge of a county court at law shall be paid a total     annual salary set by the commissioners court at an amount that is     not less than \$1,000 less than the total annual salary received by a
5-36 5-37 5-38 5-40 5-42 5-42 5-42 5-43 5-44 5-45 5-46 5-47 5-47 5-57 5-57 5-57 5-57 5-57 5-57 5-59 5-60	(B)   conduct pretrial hearings;     (C)   accept guilty pleas; and     (D)   conduct jury trials on assignment of a     district judge presiding in Navarro County and acceptance of the     assignment by the judge of the county court at law;     (2)   Class A and Class B misdemeanor cases;     (3)   family law matters;     (4)   juvenile matters; and     (5)   probate matters; and     (6)   appeals from the justice and municipal courts.     (b)   A county court at law does not have general supervisory     control or appellate review of the commissioners court or     jurisdiction of:     (1)   suits on behalf of this state to recover penalties     or escheated property;     (2)   felony cases involving capital murder;     (3)   misdemeanors involving official misconduct; or     (4)   contested elections.     (c)   The judge of a county court at law must have the same     gualifications as those required by law for a district judge.     (d)   The judge of a county court at law shall be paid a total     annual salary set by the commissioners court at an amount that is     not less than \$1,000 less than the total annual salary received by a
5-36 5-37 5-38 5-40 5-42 5-42 5-42 5-43 5-44 5-45 5-46 5-47 5-51 5-52 5-57 5-57 5-57 5-57 5-57 5-57 5-57 5-57 5-57 5-60 5-61	(B)   conduct pretrial hearings;     (C)   accept guilty pleas; and     (D)   conduct jury trials on assignment of a     district judge presiding in Navaro County and acceptance of the     assignment by the judge of the county court at law;     (2)   Class A and Class B misdemeanor cases;     (3)   family law matters;     (4)   juvenile matters;     (5)   probate matters; and     (6)   appeals from the justice and municipal courts.     (b)   A county court at law does not have general supervisory     control or appellate review of the commissioners court or     jurisdiction of:     (1)   suits on behalf of this state to recover penalties     or escheated property;     (2)   felony cases involving capital murder;     (3)   misdemeanors involving official misconduct; or     (4)   contested elections.     (c)   The judge of a county court at law must have the same     qualifications as those required by law for a district judge.     (d)   The judge of a county court at law shall be paid a total     annual salary set by the commissioners court at an amount that is     not less than \$1,000 less than the total annual salary received by a <
5-36 5-37 5-38 5-40 5-42 5-42 5-42 5-43 5-44 5-45 5-46 5-47 5-47 5-57 5-57 5-57 5-57 5-57 5-57 5-59 5-60	(B)conduct pretrial hearings; (C)(C)accept guilty pleas; and (D)(D)conduct jury trials on assignment of adistrict judge presiding in Navaro County and acceptance of the assignment by the judge of the county court at law;(2)Class A and Class B misdemeanor cases; (3)(3)family law matters; (4)(4)juvenile matters; and (6)(5)probate matters; and (6)(6)appeals from the justice and municipal courts. (b)(b)A county court at law does not have general supervisory control or appellate review of the commissioners court or jurisdiction of: (1)(1)suits on behalf of this state to recover penalties or escheated property;(2)felony cases involving capital murder; (3)(2)felony cases involving official misconduct; or (4) contested elections.(c)The judge of a county court at law must have the same qualifications as those required by law for a district judge. (d) The judge of a county court at law shall be paid a total annual salary set by the commissioners court at an amount that is not less than \$1,000 less than the total annual salary received by a district judge in the county. A district judge's or statutory county court judge's total annual salary does not include contributions and supplements paid by a county. (e)(e)The judge of a county court at law may not engage in the private practice of law.
5-36 5-37 5-39 5-40 5-42 5-42 5-43 5-44 5-44 5-445 5-445 5-46 5-46 5-57 5-57 5-57 5-57 5-57 5-57 5-601 5-63 5-64	(B) conduct pretrial hearings; (C) accept guilty pleas; and (D) conduct jury trials on assignment of a district judge presiding in Navaro County and acceptance of the assignment by the judge of the county court at law; (2) Class A and Class B misdemeanor cases; (3) family law matters; (4) juvenile matters; (5) probate matters; (5) probate matters; and (6) appeals from the justice and municipal courts. (b) A county court at law does not have general supervisory control or appellate review of the commissioners court or jurisdiction of: (1) suits on behalf of this state to recover penalties or escheated property; (2) felony cases involving capital murder; (3) misdemeanors involving official misconduct; or (4) contested elections. (c) The judge of a county court at law must have the same gualifications as those required by law for a district judge. (d) The judge of a county court at law shall be paid a total annual salary set by the commissioners court at a amount that is not less than \$1,000 less than the total annual salary received by a district judge in the county. A district judge's or statutory county court judge's total annual salary does not include contributions and supplements paid by a county. (e) The judge of a county court at law may not engage in the private practice of law. (f) The district clerk serves as clerk of a county court at take and the serves as clerk of a county court at take and the serves as clerk of a county court at take and the serves as clerk of a county court at take and the serves as clerk of a county court at take and the serves as clerk of a county court at take and the serves as clerk of a county court at take and the serves as clerk of a county court at take and the serves as clerk of a county court at take and the serves as clerk of a county court at take and the serves as clerk of a county court at take and the serves as clerk of a county court at take and the serves as clerk of a county court at take and the serves as clerk as an and the serves as clerk as an and the serv
5-36 5-37 5-39 5-41 5-42 5-42 5-44 5-44 5-44 5-44 5-44 5-44 5-44 5-44 5-44 5-44 5-44 5-44 5-44 5-44 5-44 5-55 5-55 5-55 5-55 5-55 5-6612345 5-6545 5-65455 5-65555 5-655555 5-655555555555555555555555555555555555	(B) conduct pretrial hearings; (C) accept guilty pleas; and (D) conduct jury trials on assignment of a district judge presiding in Navaro County and acceptance of the assignment by the judge of the county court at law; (2) Class A and Class B misdemeanor cases; (3) family law matters; (4) juvenile matters; (4) juvenile matters; (5) probate matters; and (6) appeals from the justice and municipal courts. (b) A county court at law does not have general supervisory control or appellate review of the commissioners court or jurisdiction of: (1) suits on behalf of this state to recover penalties or escheated property; (2) felony cases involving capital murder; (3) misdemeanors involving official misconduct; or (4) contested elections. (b) The judge of a county court at law must have the same gualifications as those required by law for a district judge. (d) The judge of a county court at law shall be paid a total annual salary set by the commissioners court at an amount that is not less than \$1,000 less than the total annual salary received by a district judge in the county. A district judge's or statutory county court judge's total annual salary does not include contributions and supplements paid by a county. (e) The judge of a county court at law may not engage in the private practice of law. (f) The district clerk serves as clerk of a county court at law in matters of concurrent jurisdiction with the district court,
5-36 5-37 5-39 5-41 5-42 5-42 5-44 5-44 5-44 5-44 5-44 5-44 5-44 5-44 5-44 5-44 5-447 5-55 5-55 5-55 5-55 5-55 5-55 5-55 5-661 2345 5-661 5-665 5-655 5-655 5-655 5-655 5-655 5-655 5-655 5-6555 5-6555 5-655555 5-655555555555555555555555555555555555	(B)   conduct pretrial hearings;     (C)   accept guilty pleas; and     (D)   conduct jury trials on assignment of a     district judge presiding in Navaro County and acceptance of the     assignment by the judge of the county court at law;     (2)   Class A and Class B misdemeanor cases;     (3)   family law matters;     (4)   juvenile matters; and     (6)   appeals from the justice and municipal courts.     (b)   A county court at law does not have general supervisory     control or appellate review of the commissioners court or     jurisdiction of:   (1)     (2)   felony cases involving capital murder;     (3)   misdemeanors involving official misconduct; or     (4)   contested elections.     (c)   The judge of a county court at law must have the same     qualifications as those required by law for a district judge.     (d)   The judge of a county court at law shall be paid a total     annual salary set by the commissioners court at a amount that is     not less than \$1,000 less than the total annual salary received by a     district judge in the county. A district judge's or statutory     county court judge's total annual salary does not include     c
5-36 5-37 5-38 5-41 5-42 5-44 5-44 5-44 5-44 5-44 5-44 5-44 5-44 5-44 5-44 5-44 5-55 5-55 5-55 5-55 5-55 5-55 5-55 5-55 5-55 5-55 5-55 5-55 5-55 5-55 5-661 2345 5-667 5-665 5-667 5-67 5-75 5-7	(B)     conduct pretrial hearings;       (C)     accept guilty pleas; and       (D)     conduct jury trials on assignment of a       district judge presiding in Navaro County and acceptance of the       assignment by the judge of the county court at law;       (2)     Class A and Class B misdemeanor cases;       (3)     family law matters;       (4)     juvenile matters;       (5)     probate matters; and       (6)     appellate review of the commissioners court or       jurisdiction of:     (1)       (1)     suits on behalf of this state to recover penalties       or escheated property;     (2)       (2)     felony cases involving capital murder;       (3)     misdemeanors involving capital murder;       (3)     misdemeanors involving capital murder;       (4)     contested elections.       (c)     The judge of a county court at law must have the same       gualifications as those required by law for a district judge.       (4)     The judge of a county court at law shall be paid a total       annual salary set by the commissioners court at an amount that is       not less than \$1,000 less than the total annual salary received by a <t< td=""></t<>
5-36 5-37 5-39 5-41 5-42 5-42 5-44 5-44 5-44 5-44 5-44 5-44 5-44 5-44 5-44 5-44 5-447 5-55 5-55 5-55 5-55 5-55 5-55 5-55 5-661 2345 5-661 5-665 5-655 5-655 5-655 5-655 5-655 5-655 5-655 5-6555 5-6555 5-655555 5-655555555555555555555555555555555555	(B)conduct pretrial hearings; (C)(C)accept guilty pleas; and (D)(D)conduct jury trials on assignment of a district judge presiding in Navaro County and acceptance of the assignment by the judge of the county court at law; (2)(2)Class A and Class B misdemeanor cases; (3) family law matters; (4) juvenile matters; (5) probate matters; and (6)(6)appeals from the justice and municipal courts. (b) A county court at law does not have general supervisory control or appellate review of the commissioners court or jurisdiction of: (1) suits on behalf of this state to recover penalties or escheated property;(2)felony cases involving capital murder; (3) misdemeanors involving official misconduct; or (4) contested elections.(c)The judge of a county court at law shall be paid a total annual salary set by the commissioners court at an amount that is not less than \$1,000 less than the total annual salary received by a district judge in the county. A district judge's or statutory county court judge's total annual salary does not include contributions and supplements paid by a county. (e) The judge of a county court at law may not engage in the private practice of law. (f) The district clerk serves as clerk of a county court at law in matters of concurrent jurisdiction with the district court, and the county clerk shall serve as clerk of a county court at law in matters of concurrent jurisdiction with the district court, and the county clerk shall serve as clerk of a county court at law in matters of concurrent jurisdiction with the district court, and the county clerk shall serve as clerk of a county court at law in matters of concurrent jurisdiction with the district court, and the c

C.S.H.B. No. 4833

entitled to receive a salary set by the judge of the county court at 6-1 law with the approval of the commissioners court. 6-2

6-3 (h) Jurors summoned for a county court at law or a district court in the county may by order of the judge of the court to which 6-4 they are summoned be transferred to another court for service and 6-5 may be used as if summoned for the court to which they are 6-6 6-7 transferred.

6-8 (b) Notwithstanding Section 25.1771, Government Code, as added by this section, the County Court at Law of Navarro County is 6-9 6**-**10 6**-**11 created on January 1, 2011, or on an earlier date determined by the Commissioners Court of Navarro County by an order entered in its 6-12 minutes.

6-13

SECTION 13. (a) Effective January 1, 2011, Subchapter C, Chapter 25, Government Code, is amended by adding Section 25.2362 6-14 6**-**15 6**-**16 to read as follows: VAN ZANDT COUNTY COURT AT LAW PROVISIONS. Sec. 25.2362. (a)

6-17 In addition to the jurisdiction provided by Section 25.0003 and 6-18 other law, a county court at law in Van Zandt County has concurrent jurisdiction with the district court in: 6-19

6-20 6-21 (1)civil cases in which the matter in controversy does not exceed \$250,000; and 6-22

(2) family law cases and proceedings.

6-23 (b) A county court at law does not have jurisdiction of felony cases. 6-24

(b) Effective January 1, 2011, Section 152.2401(a), Human Resources Code, is amended to read as follows: (a) The Van Zandt County Juvenile Board is composed of the 6-25 6-26

6-27 county judge, the criminal district attorney of Van Zandt County, 6-28 [and] the judge of the 294th Judicial District, and the judge of the 6-29 6-30 county court at law.

(c) Notwithstanding Section 25.0009, Government Code, the 6-31 6-32 initial vacancy in the office of judge of the County Court at Law of Van Zandt County shall be filled by election. The office exists for 6-33 6-34 purposes of the primary and general elections in 2010. A vacancy 6-35 after the initial vacancy is filled as provided by Section 25.0009, 6-36 Government Code. 6-37

This section takes effect January 1, 2011. (d)

SECTION 14. This Act takes effect September 1, 2009.

6-39

6-38

\* \* \* \* \*