By: Shapleigh Nelson, West

S.B. No. 203

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 1 AN ACT 2 relating to the reporting of health care-associated infections in 3 certain health care facilities. Δ BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: SECTION 1. Subsections (a), (b), and (c), Section 98.103, 5 Health and Safety Code, as added by Chapter 359 (S.B. 288), Acts of 7 the 80th Legislature, Regular Session, 2007, are amended to read as follows: 8 A health care facility, other than a pediatric and 9 10 adolescent hospital, shall report to the department the incidence of surgical site infections, including the causative pathogen if 11 the infection is laboratory-confirmed, occurring in the following 12 13 procedures: 14 (1)colon surgeries; 15 (2) hip arthroplasties; knee arthroplasties; 16 (3) abdominal hysterectomies; 17 (4)vaginal hysterectomies; 18 (5) 19 coronary artery bypass grafts; and (6)

(7) vascular procedures.

(b) A pediatric and adolescent hospital shall report the incidence of surgical site infections, including the causative pathogen if the infection is laboratory-confirmed, occurring in the following procedures to the department:

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- 1 (1) cardiac procedures, excluding thoracic cardiac
- 2 procedures;
- 3 (2) ventriculoperitoneal shunt procedures; and
- 4 (3) spinal surgery with instrumentation.
- 5 (c) A general hospital shall report the following to the 6 department:
- 7 (1) the incidence of laboratory-confirmed central
- 8 line-associated primary bloodstream infections, including the
- 9 <u>causative pathogen</u>, occurring in any special care setting in the
- 10 hospital; and
- 11 (2) the incidence of respiratory syncytial virus
- 12 occurring in any pediatric inpatient unit in the hospital.
- SECTION 2. This Act takes effect September 1, 2009.