## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

## AN ACT

relating to the rights and liabilities of the parties in a suit for dissolution of a marriage and certain post-dissolution proceedings.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: SECTION 1. Section $3.007(d)$, Family Code, is amended to read as follows:
(d) A spouse who is a participant in an employer-provided stock option plan or an employer-provided restricted stock plan has a separate property interest in the options or restricted stock granted to the spouse under the plan as follows:
(1) if the option or stock was granted to the spouse before marriage but required continued employment during marriage before the grant could be exercised or the restriction removed, the spouse's separate property interest is equal to the fraction of the option or restricted stock in which:
(A) the numerator is the period from the date the option or stock was granted until the date of marriage and, if the option or stock also required continued employment following the date of dissolution of the marriage before the grant could be exercised or the restriction removed, the period from the date of dissolution of the marriage until the date the grant could be exercised or the restriction removed; and
(B) the denominator is the period from the date
the option or stock was granted until the date the grant could be exercised or the restriction removed; and
(2) if the option or stock was granted to the spouse during the marriage but required continued employment following the date of dissolution of the [fex] marriage before the grant could be exercised or the restriction removed, the spouse's separate property interest is equal to the fraction of the option or restricted stock in which:
(A) the numerator is the period from the date of dissolution [日r termination] of the marriage until the date the grant could be exercised or the restriction removed; and
(B) the denominator is the period from the date the option or stock was granted until the date the grant could be exercised or the restriction removed.

SECTION 2. The heading to Subchapter E, Chapter 3, Family Code, is amended to read as follows:

SUBCHAPTER E. CLAIMS FOR [ECONOMIC CONTRIBUTION AND] REIMBURSEMENT
SECTION 3. Section 3.402, Family Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 3.402. CLAIM FOR REIMBURSEMENT; OFFSETS [ECONOMIC CONTRIBUTION]. (a) For purposes of this subchapter, a claim for reimbursement includes only:
(1) payment by one marital estate of the unsecured liabilities of another marital estate;
(2) inadequate compensation for the time, toil, talent, and effort of a spouse by a business entity under the control and direction of that spouse;
$\square$ ["economic contribution" is the dollar amount of:
[(1)] the reduction of the principal amount of a debt secured by a lien on property owned before marriage, to the extent the debt existed at the time of marriage;
(4) [(2)] the reduction of the principal amount of a debt secured by a lien on property received by a spouse by gift, devise, or descent during a marriage, to the extent the debt existed at the time the property was received;
(5) [(3)] the reduction of the principal amount of that part of a debt, including a home equity loan:
(A) incurred during a marriage;
(B) secured by a lien on property; and
(C) incurred for the acquisition of, or for capital improvements to, property;
(6) [(4)] the reduction of the principal amount of that part of a debt:
(A) incurred during a marriage;
(B) secured by a lien on property owned by $a$ spouse;
(C) for which the creditor agreed to look for repayment solely to the separate marital estate of the spouse on whose property the lien attached; and
(D) incurred for the acquisition of, or for capital improvements to, property;
(7) [(5)] the refinancing of the principal amount described by Subdivisions (3)-(6) [(1)-(4)], to the extent the refinancing reduces that principal amount in a manner described by

## the applicable [appropriate] subdivision; and

(8) [(6)] capital improvements to property other than by incurring debt.
(b) The court shall resolve a claim for reimbursement by using equitable principles, including the principle that claims for reimbursement may be offset against each other if the court determines it to be appropriate.
(c) Benefits for the use and enjoyment of property may be offset against a claim for reimbursement for expenditures to benefit a marital estate.
(d) Reimbursement for funds expended by a marital estate for improvements to another marital estate shall be measured by the enhancement in value to the benefited marital estate.
(e) The party seeking an offset to a claim for reimbursement has the burden of proof with respect to the offset. ["Eonomic contribution" does not include the dollar amount of:
[(1) expenditures for ordinary maintenance and repaix or for taxes, interest, or insurance; ox
[(2) the contribution by a spouse of time, toil, talent, or effort during the marriage.]

SECTION 4. Section 3.404(b), Family Code, is amended to read as follows:
(b) $\underline{A}$ [The] claim for reimbursement [ $\underline{\text { [ }}$ [onomic contribution under this subchapter does not create an ownership interest in property, but does create a claim against the property of the benefited estate by the contributing estate. The claim matures on dissolution of the marriage or the death of either

## spouse.

SECTION 5. Sections 3.406(a) and (b), Family Code, are amended to read as follows:
(a) On dissolution of a marriage, the court may [shall] impose an equitable lien on the property of a benefited marital estate to secure a claim for reimbursement against [economic contribution in] that property by a contributing [ estate.
(b) On the death of a spouse, a court may [shall], on application for a claim for reimbursement [ $\theta$ fomic contribution] brought by the surviving spouse, the personal representative of the estate of the deceased spouse, or any other person interested in the estate, as defined by Section 3, Texas Probate Code, impose an equitable lien on the property of $a$ benefited marital estate to secure a claim for reimbursement against that property [onomic contribution] by a contributing marital estate.

SECTION 6. Section 7.007, Family Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 7.007. DISPOSITION OF CLAIM FOR [ECONOMIC CONTRIBUTION OR CLAIM FOR] REIMBURSEMENT. [(a) In a decree of divorce ox annulment, the court shall determine the rights of both spouses in a flaim fox economic contribution as provided by subchaptex $E_{1}$ Chapter 3, and in mannex that the court considexs just and right, having due regard for the rights of each party and any children of the maxriage, shall:
[(1) order a division of a claim for economic

## contribution of the community marital estate to the separate <br> marital estate of one of the spousesi <br> $[(2)$ ordex that a claim for an economic contribution <br> by one separate maxital estate of a spouse to the community maxital <br> estate of the spouses be awarded to the owner of the contributing <br> separate marital estate; and

[(3) order that a claim for economic contribution of one separate marital estate in the separate marital estate of the other spouse be awarded to the owner of the contributing marital estate.
[(b)] In a decree of divorce or annulment, the court shall determine the rights of both spouses in a claim for reimbursement as provided by Subchapter E, Chapter 3, and shall apply equitable principles to:
(1) determine whether to recognize the claim after taking into account all the relative circumstances of the spouses; and
(2) order a division of the claim for reimbursement, if appropriate, in a manner that the court considers just and right, having due regard for the rights of each party and any children of the marriage.

SECTION 7. Section 9.014, Family Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 9.014. ATTORNEY'S FEES. The court may award reasonable attorney's fees [asest in a proceeding under this subchapter. The court may order the attorney's fees to be paid directly to the attorney, who may enforce the order for fees in the attorney's own name by any means available for the enforcement of a judgment for debt.

SECTION 8. Subchapter B, Chapter 9, Family Code, is amended by adding Section 9.106 to read as follows:

Sec. 9.106. ATTORNEY'S FEES. In a proceeding under this subchapter, the court may award reasonable attorney's fees incurred by a party to a divorce or annulment against the other party to the divorce or annulment. The court may order the attorney's fees to be paid directly to the attorney, who may enforce the order for fees in the attorney's own name by any means available for the enforcement of a judgment for debt.

SECTION 9. Section 9.205, Family Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 9.205. ATTORNEY'S FEES. In a proceeding to divide property previously undivided in a decree of divorce or annulment as provided by this subchapter, the court may award reasonable attorney's fees [ascosts]. The court may order the attorney's fees to be paid directly to the attorney, who may enforce the order in the attorney's own name by any means available for the enforcement of a judgment for debt.

SECTION 10. The following laws are repealed:
(1) Sections $3.007(a),(b)$, and (f), Family Code;
(2) Sections 3.401(1), (2), and (3), Family Code; and
(3) Sections 3.403, 3.406(c), 3.407, 3.408, and 3.410, Family Code.

SECTION 11. The changes in law made by this Act to Section 3.007, Family Code, apply to:
(1) a suit for dissolution of a marriage pending before a trial court on or filed on or after the effective date of this Act; and
(2) the estate of a person who dies on or after the effective date of this Act.

SECTION 12. (a) In regard to a claim under Subchapter E, Chapter 3, Family Code, that arises from a suit for dissolution of a marriage, the changes in law made by this Act to that subchapter apply only to a claim made in a suit filed on or after the effective date of this Act. A claim made in a suit filed before the effective date of this Act is governed by the law in effect on the date the suit was filed, and the former law is continued in effect for that purpose.
(b) In regard to a claim under Subchapter E, Chapter 3, Family Code, that arises from the death of a spouse, the changes in law made by this Act to that subchapter apply only to a claim arising from a death that occurs on or after the effective date of this Act. A claim arising from a death that occurs before the effective date of this Act is governed by the law in effect on the date of death, and the former law is continued in effect for that purpose.

SECTION 13. The changes in law made by this Act to Chapter 9, Family Code, apply only to a proceeding commenced under that chapter on or after the effective date of this Act. A proceeding commenced under Chapter 9, Family Code, before the effective date of this Act is governed by the law in effect immediately before that date, and the former law is continued in effect for that purpose.

