By: Ellis, Duncan S.B. No. 915

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1	AN ACT
2	relating to a qualified privilege of a journalist not to testify.
3	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
4	SECTION 1. Chapter 22, Civil Practice and Remedies Code, is
5	amended by adding Subchapter C to read as follows:
6	SUBCHAPTER C. JOURNALIST'S QUALIFIED TESTIMONIAL PRIVILEGE
7	Sec. 22.021. DEFINITIONS. In this subchapter:
8	(1) "Communication service provider" means a person or
9	the parent, subsidiary, division, or affiliate of a person who
10	transmits information chosen by a customer by electronic means,
11	including:
12	(A) a telecommunications carrier, as defined by
13	Section 3, Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. Section 153);
14	(B) a provider of information service, as defined
15	by Section 3, Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. Section 153);
16	(C) a provider of interactive computer service,
17	as defined by Section 230, Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C.
18	Section 230); and
19	(D) an information content provider, as defined
20	by Section 230, Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. Section 230).
21	(2) "Journalist" means a person, including a parent,
22	subsidiary, division, or affiliate of a person, that for a
23	substantial portion of the person's livelihood or for substantial
24	financial gain, gathers, compiles, prepares, collects,

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- 1 photographs, records, writes, edits, reports, investigates,
- 2 processes, or publishes news or information that is disseminated by
- 3 a news medium or communication service provider and includes:
- 4 (A) a person who supervises or assists in
- 5 gathering, preparing, and disseminating the news or information; or
- 6 (B) notwithstanding the foregoing, a person who
- 7 <u>is or was a journalist, scholar, or researcher employed by an</u>
- 8 institution of higher education at the time the person obtained or
- 9 prepared the requested information, or a person who at the time the
- 10 person obtained or prepared the requested information:
- (i) is earning a significant portion of the
- 12 person's livelihood by obtaining or preparing information for
- 13 dissemination by a news medium or communication service provider;
- 14 or
- (ii) was serving as an agent, assistant,
- 16 employee, or supervisor of a news medium or communication service
- 17 provider.
- 18 (3) "News medium" means a newspaper, magazine or
- 19 periodical, book publisher, news agency, wire service, radio or
- 20 television station or network, cable, satellite, or other
- 21 transmission system or carrier or channel, or a channel or
- 22 programming service for a station, network, system, or carrier, or
- 23 <u>an audio or audiovisual production company or Internet company or</u>
- 24 provider, or the parent, subsidiary, division, or affiliate of that
- 25 entity, that disseminates news or information to the public by any
- 26 means, including:
- 27 <u>(A) print;</u>

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1	(B) television;
2	(C) radio;
3	(D) photographic;
4	(E) mechanical;
5	(F) electronic; and
6	(G) other means, known or unknown, that are
7	accessible to the public.
8	(4) "Official proceeding" means any type of
9	administrative, executive, legislative, or judicial proceeding
10	that may be conducted before a public servant.
11	(5) "Public servant" means a person elected, selected,
12	appointed, employed, or otherwise designated as one of the
13	following, even if the person has not yet qualified for office or
14	assumed the person's duties:
15	(A) an officer, employee, or agent of government;
16	(B) a juror or grand juror;
17	(C) an arbitrator, referee, or other person who
18	is authorized by law or private written agreement to hear or
19	determine a cause or controversy;
20	(D) an attorney or notary public when
21	participating in the performance of a governmental function; or
22	(E) a person who is performing a governmental
23	function under a claim of right, although the person is not legally
24	qualified to do so.
25	(6) "Violent offense" has the meaning assigned by
26	Article 17.032(a), Code of Criminal Procedure, and includes crimes
27	found in Sections 22 07 /3 25 /3 26(e) and 71 022 Denal Code

- 1 Sec. 22.022. PURPOSE. The purpose of this subchapter is to
- 2 increase the free flow of information and preserve a free and active
- 3 press and, at the same time, protect the right of the public to
- 4 effective law enforcement and the fair administration of justice.
- 5 Sec. 22.023. PRIVILEGE. (a) Except as otherwise provided
- 6 by this subchapter, a judicial, legislative, administrative, or
- 7 other body with the authority to issue a subpoena or other
- 8 compulsory process may not compel a journalist to testify regarding
- 9 or to produce or disclose in an official proceeding:
- 10 (1) any confidential or nonconfidential information,
- 11 document, or item obtained or prepared while acting as a
- 12 journalist; or
- 13 (2) the source of any information, document, or item
- 14 described by Subdivision (1).
- 15 (b) A subpoena or other compulsory process may not compel
- 16 the parent, subsidiary, division, or affiliate of a communication
- 17 service provider or news medium to disclose the information,
- 18 documents, or items or the source of any information, documents, or
- 19 items that are privileged from disclosure under Subsection (a).
- Sec. 22.024. LIMITED DISCLOSURE GENERALLY. After notice
- 21 and an opportunity to be heard, a court may compel a journalist, a
- 22 journalist's employer, or a person with an independent contract
- 23 with a journalist to testify regarding or to produce or disclose any
- 24 information, document, or item or the source of any information,
- 25 document, or item obtained while acting as a journalist, other than
- 26 as described by Section 22.025, if the person seeking the
- 27 information, document, or item or the source of any information,

1 document, or item makes a clear and specific showing that: 2 (1) all reasonable efforts have been exhausted to 3 obtain the information from an alternative source; 4 (2) the subpoena is not overbroad, unreasonable, or 5 oppressive and, when appropriate, will be limited to the verification of published information and the surrounding 6 7 circumstances relating to the accuracy of the published 8 information; (3) reasonable and timely notice was given of the 9 10 demand for the information, document, or item; (4) in this instance, the interest of the party 11 12 subpoenaing the information outweighs the public interest in gathering and dissemination of news, including the concerns of the 13 journalist; 14 15 (5) the subpoena or compulsory process is not being used to obtain peripheral, nonessential, or speculative 16 17 information; and (6) the information, document, or item: 18 19 (A) is relevant and material to the proper administration of the official proceeding for which the testimony, 20 production, or disclosure is sought and is essential to the 21 maintenance of a claim or defense of the person seeking the 22 testimony, production, or disclosure; or 23 24 (B) is central to the investigation prosecution of a criminal case regarding the establishment of guilt 25

or innocence and, based on something other than the assertion of the

person requesting the subpoena, reasonable grounds exist to believe

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- 1 that a crime has occurred.
- 2 Sec. 22.025. LIMITED DISCLOSURE: INFORMATION OBTAINED BY
- 3 OBSERVING CRIME OR PERSON ALLEGED TO HAVE COMMITTED CERTAIN CRIMES;
- 4 PREVENTION OF CERTAIN HARMS. (a) A journalist may be compelled to
- 5 testify regarding or to produce or disclose any information,
- 6 document, or item or the source of any information, document, or
- 7 item obtained while acting as a journalist if the person seeking the
- 8 testimony, production, or disclosure makes a clear and specific
- 9 showing that the information, document, or item or the source of any
- 10 information, document, or item:
- 11 (1) was obtained as the result of an eyewitness
- 12 observation of criminal conduct by the journalist and a court
- 13 determines by clear and specific evidence that the person
- 14 requesting the testimony, production, or disclosure has exhausted
- 15 reasonable efforts to obtain the information, document, or item
- 16 <u>from alternative sources;</u>
- 17 (2) was obtained from a person who has confessed or
- 18 admitted to the commission of a violent offense or to a crime
- 19 against a child victim younger than 14 years of age at the time the
- 20 offense was committed and a court determines by clear and specific
- 21 evidence that the person requesting the testimony, production, or
- 22 <u>disclosure</u> has exhausted reasonable efforts to obtain the
- 23 <u>information</u>, document, or item from alternative sources;
- 24 (3) was obtained from a person for whom probable cause
- 25 exists that the person has participated in a violent offense or in a
- 26 crime against a child victim younger than 14 years of age at the
- 27 time the offense was committed and a court determines by clear and

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- 1 specific evidence that the person requesting the testimony,
- 2 production, or disclosure has exhausted reasonable efforts to
- 3 obtain the information, document, or item from alternative sources;
- 4 or
- 5 (4) is reasonably necessary to stop or prevent
- 6 reasonably certain death or substantial bodily harm.
- 7 (b) If the alleged criminal conduct is the act of
- 8 communicating, receiving, or possessing the information, document,
- 9 or item and the information does not relate to conduct constituting
- 10 a violent offense under Section 22.021(6), this section does not
- 11 apply, and Section 22.024 governs the act.
- 12 (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (b), Subsection (a)(1)
- 13 applies to any information, document, or item disclosed or received
- 14 in violation of a grand jury oath given to either a juror or a
- 15 witness under Article 19.34 or 20.16, Code of Criminal Procedure.
- 16 (d) An application for a subpoena of a journalist under
- 17 Article 24.03, Code of Criminal Procedure, or a subpoena of a
- 18 journalist issued by an attorney representing the state under
- 19 Article 20.10 or 20.11, Code of Criminal Procedure, must be signed
- 20 by the elected district attorney, elected criminal district
- 21 attorney, or elected county attorney, as applicable. If the
- 22 <u>elected district attorney</u>, elected criminal district attorney, or
- 23 <u>elected county attorney has been disqualified or recused, the</u>
- 24 application for the subpoena or the subpoena must be signed by the
- 25 person succeeding the elected attorney.
- Sec. 22.026. NOTICE. An order to compel testimony,
- 27 production, or disclosure to which a journalist has asserted a

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- 1 privilege under this subchapter may be issued only after timely
- 2 notice to the journalist, the journalist's employer, or a person
- 3 who has an independent contract with the journalist and a hearing.
- 4 The order must include clear and specific findings as to the showing
- 5 made by the person seeking the testimony, production, or disclosure
- 6 and the clear and specific evidence on which the court relied in
- 7 <u>issuing the court's order.</u>
- 8 Sec. 22.027. PUBLICATION OF PRIVILEGED INFORMATION.
- 9 Publication or dissemination by a news medium or communication
- 10 <u>service provider of information, documents, or items privileged</u>
- 11 under this subchapter is not a waiver of the journalist's
- 12 privilege.
- 13 SECTION 2. Chapter 38, Code of Criminal Procedure, is
- 14 amended by adding Article 38.11 to read as follows:
- 15 Art. 38.11. JOURNALIST'S TESTIMONIAL PRIVILEGE.
- 16 Subchapter C, Chapter 22, Civil Practice and Remedies Code, applies
- 17 to a criminal proceeding.
- 18 SECTION 3. This Act applies only to information, documents,
- 19 or items or the source of any information, document, or item
- 20 obtained or prepared for publication in a news medium or
- 21 communication service provider on or after the effective date of
- 22 this Act.
- 23 SECTION 4. This Act takes effect September 1, 2009.