1-1 By: Averitt S.B. No. 2049

1-2 (In the Senate - Filed March 12, 2009; March 31, 2009, read 1-3 first time and referred to Committee on Natural Resources; 1-4 April 21, 2009, reported adversely, with favorable Committee 1-5 Substitute by the following vote: Yeas 9, Nays 0; April 21, 2009,

1-6 sent to printer.)

1-12

1-13 1-14 1-15

1-16

1-17 1-18 1-19 1-20 1-21

1**-**22 1**-**23

1-24 1-25 1-26

1 - 27

1-28 1-29 1-30 1-31

1-32 1-33 1-34

1-35

1-36

1-37 1-38

1-39 1-40

1**-**41 1**-**42

1-43 1-44 1-45 1-46

1-47

1-48 1-49 1-50

1-51

1-52

1**-**53 1**-**54

1-55

1-56

1-57

1-58

1-59 1-60 1-61

1-62

1-63

1-7 COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR S.B. No. 2049 By: Averitt

1-8 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

1-10 relating to the authority of the state to acquire, sell, or exchange 1-11 certain land.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1. Section 31.065, Natural Resources Code, is amended by amending Subsections (a) and (c) and adding Subsections (d) and (e) to read as follows:

(a) In the absence of any law to the contrary, the

- (a) In the absence of any law to the contrary, the commissioner may, if the commissioner [he] determines it to be in the best interest of the state, accept grants, gifts, devises, or bequests, either absolutely or in trust, of money or real or personal property on behalf of the state. Real property so acquired by the state becomes public free school land unless the person making the grant, gift, devise, or bequest provides that the real property is to be possessed, administered, or used by a particular state agency, board, commission, department, or other particular state entity or provides that it is to be held in some other manner by the state.
- (c) If the commissioner determines that the real property acquired by the state by grant, gift, devise, or bequest is not suitable for the purpose for which the grant, gift, devise, or bequest was originally made, the commissioner together with the agency, board, commission, department, or other state entity, if any, designated to possess, administer, or use the real property may exchange the real property for real property that is suitable for such purpose.
- d) If real property acquired by grant, gift, devise, or bequest is not held as part of the permanent school fund or possessed, administered, or used by a particular state agency, board, commission, department, or other particular state entity, the commissioner may manage that real property or sell or exchange the real property under terms and conditions the commissioner determines to be in the best interest of the state. Real property sold under this subsection must be sold in accordance with Section 31.158. Proceeds of the sale that are not required for the management of real property under this subsection shall be deposited in the Texas farm and ranch lands conservation fund established under Chapter 183. Real property acquired under this subsection may be dedicated by the commissioner to any state agency, board, commission, or department, a political subdivision or other governmental entity of this state, or the federal government, for the benefit and use of the public in exchange for nonmonetary consideration, if the commissioner determines that the exchange is in the best interest of the state.
- (e) The commissioner may adopt rules necessary to implement this section.
- SECTION 2. Section 31.066, Natural Resources Code, is amended by amending Subsections (a) and (c) and adding Subsection (d) to read as follows:
- (a) If it is necessary for the United States government to acquire real property in this state to conduct remedial action at a site listed on the National Priorities List under the federal Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. Section 9601 et seq.), the commissioner [land office] may accept transfer on behalf of the state of the title and

C.S.S.B. No. 2049

interest in the real property from the United States government. The commissioner [land office] may accept a transfer following completion of remedial action at a site only on the condition that the state will not incur any liability under that federal law solely

by acquiring the title and interest in the real estate.

(c) Any title and interest in real property acquired by the commissioner [land office] under this section shall be held in the name of the state. Title or interest acquired under this section does not become a part of the permanent school fund or any other fund created by the Texas Constitution.

(d) The commissioner may sell any title or interest acquired the state under this section in accordance with Section 31.158. Proceeds of the sale shall be deposited in the Texas farm and ranch

lands conservation fund established under Chapter 183.

SECTION 3. Section 31.167, Natural Resources Code, is amended by amending Subsection (c) and adding Subsections (d) and (e) to read as follows:

(c) The special board of review must file a copy of the development plan in the deed records of the county in which the real property is located. Revisions to the development plan that are requested after the later of the 10th anniversary of the date on which the development plan was promulgated by the special board of review or the date on which the state no longer holds a financial or property interest in the real property subject to the plan are

governed by local development policies and procedures.
(d) After issuance of an order establishing a development plan for real property that is not part of the permanent school fund or in which the permanent school fund does not have a financial interest, the composition of any future special board of review called to consider revision of that order must consist of:

(1) the presiding officer of the governing board of

or institution possessing the real property or the the agency presiding officer's designated representative;

(2) two members who are employed by the agency or institution possessing the real property, appointed by the presiding officer of the governing board of the agency or institution or the presiding officer's designated representative;

(3) the county judge of the county in which the real

property is located; and

2-1

2-2 2-3

2-4

2**-**5 2-6 2-7 2-8

2-9 2**-**10 2**-**11

2-12

2-13

2-14 2**-**15 2**-**16 2-17

2-18

2-19 2**-**20 2**-**21

2-22

2-23 2-24

2**-**25 2**-**26

2-27

2-28

2-29 2-30 2-31 2-32

2-33

2-34 2-35 2-36

2-37

2-38

2-39

2-40

2-41

2-42 2-43

2-44 2-45

2-46

2-47

2-48 2-49

2-50

2-51

2-52 2-53

2-54

2-55 2-56 2-57

2-58

2-59

2-60

2-61

2-62

2-63

2-64 2-65 2-66 2-67

2-68

2-69

(4) if the real property is located withi boundaries or extraterritorial jurisdiction if within corporate а municipality, the mayor of the municipality.

(e) The member described by Subsection (d)(1) serves as the presiding officer of the special board of review.

Subsection (a). Section 183.058,

Natural Resources Code, is amended to read as follows:

(a) The Texas farm and ranch lands conservation fund is an

account in the general revenue fund that may be appropriated only to the land office to be used as provided by Subsection (b). The fund may not be used for grants to purchase or acquire any right or interest in property by eminent domain. The fund consists of:

(1) money appropriated by the legislature to the fund;

(2) public or private grants, gifts, donations, or contributions; [and]

 $\,$ (3) funds from any other source, including proceeds from the sale of bonds, state or federal mitigation funds, or funds from any local, state, or federal program;

(4) proceeds of the sale of real property not required for the management of real property under Section 31.065(d); and

οf of proceeds the sale real property Section 31.066(d).

SECTION 5. This Act does not make an appropriation. provision in this Act that creates a new governmental program, creates a new entitlement, or imposes a new duty on a governmental entity is not mandatory during a fiscal period for which the legislature has not made a specific appropriation to implement the provision.

SECTION 6. This Act takes effect immediately if it receives a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as

C.S.S.B. No. 2049
3-1 provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If this
3-2 Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate effect, this
3-3 Act takes effect September 1, 2009.

* * * * * 3-4