SENATE AMENDMENTS

2nd Printing

By: Maldonado, Olivo, Martinez, Farias, H.B. No. 1789 Alvarado, et al.

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1	AN ACT
2	relating to the use of municipal hotel occupancy tax revenue to
3	enhance and upgrade sports facilities in certain municipalities.
4	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
5	SECTION 1. Section 351.101(a), Tax Code, is amended to read
6	as follows:
7	(a) Revenue from the municipal hotel occupancy tax may be

- 8 used only to promote tourism and the convention and hotel industry,
 9 and that use is limited to the following:
- 10 (1) the acquisition of sites for and the construction, 11 improvement, enlarging, equipping, repairing, operation, and 12 maintenance of convention center facilities or visitor information 13 centers, or both;
- (2) the furnishing of facilities, personnel, and materials for the registration of convention delegates or registrants;
- 17 (3) advertising and conducting solicitations and 18 promotional programs to attract tourists and convention delegates 19 or registrants to the municipality or its vicinity;
- 20 (4) the encouragement, promotion, improvement, and application of the arts, including instrumental and vocal music, dance, drama, folk art, creative writing, architecture, design and allied fields, painting, sculpture, photography, graphic and craft arts, motion pictures, radio, television, tape and sound recording,

- 1 and other arts related to the presentation, performance, execution,
- 2 and exhibition of these major art forms;
- 3 (5) historical restoration and preservation projects
- 4 or activities or advertising and conducting solicitations and
- 5 promotional programs to encourage tourists and convention
- 6 delegates to visit preserved historic sites or museums:
- 7 (A) at or in the immediate vicinity of convention
- 8 center facilities or visitor information centers; or
- 9 (B) located elsewhere in the municipality or its
- 10 vicinity that would be frequented by tourists and convention
- 11 delegates;
- 12 (6) for a municipality located in a county with a
- 13 population of one million or less, expenses, including promotion
- 14 expenses, directly related to a sporting event in which the
- 15 majority of participants are tourists who substantially increase
- 16 economic activity at hotels and motels within the municipality or
- 17 its vicinity; [and]
- 18 (7) subject to Section 351.1076, the promotion of
- 19 tourism by the enhancement and upgrading of existing sports
- 20 facilities or fields, including facilities or fields for baseball,
- 21 softball, soccer, and flag football, if:
- 22 (A) the municipality owns the facilities or
- 23 fields;
- 24 (B) the municipality:
- (i) has a population of 80,000 or more and
- 26 is located in a county that has a population of 350,000 or less;
- (ii) has a population of at least 65,000 but

- 1 not more than 70,000 and is located in a county that has a
- 2 population of 155,000 or less; [ex]
- 3 (iii) has a population of at least 34,000
- 4 but not more than 36,000 and is located in a county that has a
- 5 population of 90,000 or less;
- 6 (iv) has a population of at least 13,000 but
- 7 less than 39,000 and is located in a county that has a population of
- 8 at least 200,000; or
- 9 (v) has a population of at least 65,000 but
- 10 less than 80,000 and no part of which is located in a county with a
- 11 population greater than 150,000; and
- 12 (C) the sports facilities and fields have been
- 13 used, in the preceding calendar year, a combined total of more than
- 14 10 times for district, state, regional, or national sports
- 15 tournaments; and
- 16 (8) for a municipality with a population of at least
- 17 65,000 but less than 80,000, no part of which is located in a county
- 18 with a population greater than 150,000, the construction,
- 19 improvement, enlarging, equipping, repairing, operation, and
- 20 maintenance of a coliseum or multiuse facility.
- 21 SECTION 2. This Act takes effect immediately if it receives
- 22 a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as
- 23 provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If this
- 24 Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate effect, this
- 25 Act takes effect September 1, 2009.

ADOPTED

MAY 1 8 2009

Secretary of the Senate

By: MALDONADU/OGDEN

H.B. No. 1789

Substitute the following for H.B. No. 1789:

By: April Portion

c.s.<u>H</u>.B. No. <u>1789</u>

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1 AN ACT

2 relating to the use of municipal hotel occupancy tax revenue to

3 enhance and upgrade sports facilities, coliseums, and multiuse

4 facilities in certain municipalities.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

6 SECTION 1. Section 351.101(a), Tax Code, is amended to read

7 as follows:

8 (a) Revenue from the municipal hotel occupancy tax may be

used only to promote tourism and the convention and hotel industry,

10 and that use is limited to the following:

- 11 (1) the acquisition of sites for and the construction,
- 12 improvement, enlarging, equipping, repairing, operation, and
- 13 maintenance of convention center facilities or visitor information
- 14 centers, or both;
- 15 (2) the furnishing of facilities, personnel, and
- 16 materials for the registration of convention delegates or
- 17 registrants;
- 18 (3) advertising and conducting solicitations and
- 19 promotional programs to attract tourists and convention delegates
- 20 or registrants to the municipality or its vicinity;
- 21 (4) the encouragement, promotion, improvement, and
- 22 application of the arts, including instrumental and vocal music,
- 23 dance, drama, folk art, creative writing, architecture, design and
- 24 allied fields, painting, sculpture, photography, graphic and craft

- 1 arts, motion pictures, radio, television, tape and sound recording,
- 2 and other arts related to the presentation, performance, execution,
- 3 and exhibition of these major art forms;
- 4 (5) historical restoration and preservation projects
- 5 or activities or advertising and conducting solicitations and
- 6 promotional programs to encourage tourists and convention
- 7 delegates to visit preserved historic sites or museums:
- 8 (A) at or in the immediate vicinity of convention
- 9 center facilities or visitor information centers; or
- 10 (B) located elsewhere in the municipality or its
- 11 vicinity that would be frequented by tourists and convention
- 12 delegates;
- 13 (6) for a municipality located in a county with a
- 14 population of one million or less, expenses, including promotion
- 15 expenses, directly related to a sporting event in which the
- 16 majority of participants are tourists who substantially increase
- 17 economic activity at hotels and motels within the municipality or
- 18 its vicinity; [and]
- 19 (7) subject to Section 351.1076, the promotion of
- 20 tourism by the enhancement and upgrading of existing sports
- 21 facilities or fields, including facilities or fields for baseball,
- 22 softball, soccer, and flag football, if:
- (A) the municipality owns the facilities or
- 24 fields;
- 25 (B) the municipality:
- 26 (i) has a population of 80,000 or more and
- 27 is located in a county that has a population of 350,000 or less;

- 1 (ii) has a population of at least 65,000 but
- 2 not more than 70,000 and is located in a county that has a
- 3 population of 155,000 or less; [ex]
- 4 (iii) has a population of at least 34,000
- 5 but not more than 36,000 and is located in a county that has a
- 6 population of 90,000 or less;
- 7 (iv) has a population of at least 13,000 but
- 8 less than 39,000 and is located in a county that has a population of
- 9 at least 200,000; or
- 10 (v) has a population of at least 65,000 but
- 11 less than 80,000 and no part of which is located in a county with a
- 12 population greater than 150,000; and
- 13 (C) the sports facilities and fields have been
- 14 used, in the preceding calendar year, a combined total of more than
- 15 10 times for district, state, regional, or national sports
- 16 tournaments; and
- 17 (8) for a municipality with a population of at least
- 18 65,000 but less than 80,000, no part of which is located in a county
- 19 with a population greater than 150,000, the construction,
- 20 improvement, enlarging, equipping, repairing, operation, and
- 21 maintenance of a coliseum or multiuse facility.
- 22 SECTION 2. Section 351.003, Tax Code, is amended by adding
- 23 Subsection (d) to read as follows:
- 24 (d) The rate for a municipality with a population of at
- 25 <u>least 65,000</u> but less than 80,000, no part of which is located in a
- 26 county with a population greater than 150,000, that intends to
- 27 construct, improve, enlarge, equip, repair, operate, and maintain a

- 1 coliseum or multiuse facility may not exceed nine percent of the
- 2 price paid for a room. Projects funded with said rate shall be
- 3 <u>determined to have a substantial impact on hotel activity.</u>
- 4 SECTION 3. This Act takes effect immediately if it receives
- 5 a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as
- 6 provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If this
- 7 Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate effect, this
- 8 Act takes effect September 1, 2009.

ADOPTED

1

FLOOR AMENDMENT NO. MAY 182009

Amend C.S.H.B. No. 1789, in SECTION 2 of the bill, on page

2 2, by striking lines 20-26. ADOPTED

FLOOR AMENDMENT NO.

MAY 1 8 2009

Actay Daw

1789 1 Amend C.S.H.B. No. (senate committee report) 2 SECTION 1 of the bill as follows: (1) In amended Section 351.101(a)(7)(B)(iv), Tax Code (page 3 2, line 5), following the semicolon, strike "or". (2) In amended Section 351.101(a)(7)(B)(v), Tax Code (page 5 6 2, line 8), following the semicolon, strike "and" and substitute 7 "or". 8 (3) At the end of amended Section 351.101(a)(7)(B), Tax Code (page 2, between lines 8 and 9), insert the following: 9 10 (vi) is located in a county that: 11 (a) is adjacent to the Texas-Mexico 12 border; 13 (b) has a population of at least 500,000; and 14

(c) does not have a municipality with a

15

FISCAL NOTE, 81ST LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

May 19, 2009

TO: Honorable Joe Straus, Speaker of the House, House of Representatives

FROM: John S. O'Brien, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB1789 by Maldonado (Relating to the use of municipal hotel occupancy tax revenue to enhance and upgrade sports facilities, coliseums, and multiuse facilities in certain municipalities.), As Passed 2nd House

No fiscal implication to the State is anticipated.

The bill would amend Section 351.101 of the Tax Code to add certain municipalities to the entities authorized to use revenue from a municipal hotel occupancy tax for the promotion of tourism by the enhancement and upgrading of existing sports facilities or fields if the municipality owns the facilities or fields.

Local Government Impact

For a municipality affected by the proposed change to Section 351.101, an additional usage of hotel occupancy tax revenue would have no direct fiscal impact, although indirectly, it could create a savings if another revenue source had been used for enhancing and upgrading existing sports facilities or fields.

Source Agencies: 304 Comptroller of Public Accounts

LBB Staff: JOB, SD, DB, JRO, JB, MN

FISCAL NOTE, 81ST LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

May 13, 2009

TO: Honorable Chris Harris, Chair, Senate Committee on Economic Development

FROM: John S. O'Brien, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB1789 by Maldonado (Relating to the use of municipal hotel occupancy tax revenue to enhance and upgrade sports facilities, coliseums, and multiuse facilities in certain municipalities.), Committee Report 2nd House, Substituted

No fiscal implication to the State is anticipated.

The bill would amend Section 351.101 of the Tax Code to add certain municipalities to the entities authorized to use revenue from a municipal hotel occupancy tax for the promotion of tourism by the enhancement and upgrading of existing sports facilities or fields if the municipality owns the facilities or fields.

The bill would also amend Section 351.003, Tax Code, to authorize a certain municipality to impose a rate for a local hotel tax not to exceed 9 percent of the price paid for the room.

Local Government Impact

For a municipality affected by the proposed change to Section 351.101, an additional usage of hotel occupancy tax revenue would have no direct fiscal impact, although indirectly, it could create a savings if another revenue source had been used for enhancing and upgrading existing sports facilities or fields.

Based on applicability of the criteria within the proposed change to Section 351.003, the change would apply only to the City of Longview. Because that portion of the bill would not have statewide impact on units of local government of the same type or class, no comment from this office is required by the rules of the House/Senate as to its probable fiscal implication on units of local government.

Source Agencies: 304 Comptroller of Public Accounts

LBB Staff: JOB, DB, JRO, JB, MN

FISCAL NOTE, 81ST LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

May 8, 2009

TO: Honorable Chris Harris, Chair, Senate Committee on Economic Development

FROM: John S. O'Brien, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB1789 by Maldonado (Relating to the use of municipal hotel occupancy tax revenue to enhance and upgrade sports facilities in certain municipalities.), As Engrossed

No fiscal implication to the State is anticipated.

The bill would amend the Tax Code to add certain municipalities to the entities authorized to use revenue from a municipal hotel occupancy tax for the promotion of tourism by the enhancement and upgrading of existing sports facilities or fields if the municipality owns the facilities or fields.

Local Government Impact

For an applicable municipality, an additional usage of hotel occupancy tax revenue would have no direct fiscal impact, although indirectly, it could create a savings if another revenue source had been used for enhancing and upgrading existing sports facilities or fields.

Source Agencies: 304 Comptroller of Public Accounts

LBB Staff: JOB, JRO, JB, MN, DB

FISCAL NOTE, 81ST LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

April 4, 2009

TO: Honorable Rene Oliveira, Chair, House Committee on Ways & Means

FROM: John S. O'Brien, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB1789 by Maldonado (Relating to the use of municipal hotel occupancy tax revenue to enhance and upgrade sports facilities in certain municipalities.), Committee Report 1st House, Substituted

No fiscal implication to the State is anticipated.

The bill would amend the Tax Code to add a municipality with a population of at least 13,000 but less than 39,000 that is located in a county that has a population of at least 200,000 to the entities authorized to use revenue from a municipal hotel occupancy tax for the promotion of tourism by the enhancement and upgrading of existing sports facilities or fields if the municipality owns the facilities or fields.

Local Government Impact

For an applicable municipality, an additional usage of hotel occupancy tax revenue would have no direct fiscal impact, although indirectly, it could create a savings if another revenue source had been used for enhancing and upgrading existing sports facilities or fields.

Source Agencies: 304 Comptroller of Public Accounts

LBB Staff: JOB, MN, DB

FISCAL NOTE, 81ST LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

March 31, 2009

TO: Honorable Rene Oliveira, Chair, House Committee on Ways & Means

FROM: John S. O'Brien, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB1789 by Maldonado (Relating to the use of municipal hotel occupancy tax revenue to enhance and upgrade sports facilities in certain municipalities.), As Introduced

No fiscal implication to the State is anticipated.

The bill would amend the Tax Code to add a municipality with a population of at least 13,000 but less than 34,000 that is located in a county that has a population of at least 200,000 to the entities authorized to use revenue from a municipal hotel occupancy tax for the promotion of tourism by the enhancement and upgrading of existing sports facilities or fields if the municipality owns the facilities or fields.

Local Government Impact

For an applicable municipality, an additional usage of hotel occupancy tax revenue would have no direct fiscal impact, although indirectly, it could create a savings if another revenue source had been used for enhancing and upgrading existing sports facilities or fields.

Source Agencies: 304 Comptroller of Public Accounts

LBB Staff: JOB, MN, DB

TAX/FEE EQUITY NOTE

81ST LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

April 5, 2009

TO: Honorable Rene Oliveira, Chair, House Committee on Ways & Means

FROM: John S. O'Brien, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB1789 by Maldonado (Relating to the use of municipal hotel occupancy tax revenue to enhance and upgrade sports facilities in certain municipalities.), Committee Report 1st House, Substituted

Because the bill would not create or impact a state tax or fee, no comment from this office is required by the rules of the House as to the general effects of the proposal on the distribution of tax and fee burdens among individuals and businesses.

Source Agencies:

LBB Staff: JOB, MN



TAX/FEE EQUITY NOTE

81ST LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

March 31, 2009

TO: Honorable Rene Oliveira, Chair, House Committee on Ways & Means

FROM: John S. O'Brien, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB1789 by Maldonado (Relating to the use of municipal hotel occupancy tax revenue to enhance and upgrade sports facilities in certain municipalities.), As Introduced

Because the bill would not create or impact a state tax or fee, no comment from this office is required by the rules of the House as to the general effects of the proposal on the distribution of tax and fee burdens among individuals and businesses.

Source Agencies:

LBB Staff: JOB, MN

