SENATE AMENDMENTS

2nd Printing

By: Moody, Leibowitz, et al.

H.B. No. 2187

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

T	AN ACT

- 2 relating to the prosecution and punishment of offenses involving
- 3 coercing, inducing, or soliciting membership in a criminal street
- 4 gang.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
- 6 SECTION 1. The heading to Section 71.022, Penal Code, is
- 7 amended to read as follows:
- 8 Sec. 71.022. COERCING, INDUCING, OR SOLICITING MEMBERSHIP
- 9 IN A CRIMINAL STREET GANG.
- SECTION 2. Section 71.022, Penal Code, is amended by adding
- 11 Subsections (a-1) and (d) to read as follows:
- 12 (a-1) A person commits an offense if, with intent to coerce,
- 13 induce, or solicit a child to actively participate in the
- 14 activities of a criminal street gang, the person:
- (1) threatens the child with imminent bodily injury;
- 16 <u>or</u>
- 17 (2) causes bodily injury to the child.
- 18 (d) In this section, "child" means an individual younger
- 19 than 17 years of age.
- SECTION 3. Section 22.015, Penal Code, is repealed.
- 21 SECTION 4. (a) The change in law made by this Act in
- 22 amending Section 71.022, Penal Code, applies only to an offense
- 23 committed on or after the effective date of this Act. An offense
- 24 committed before the effective date of this Act is covered by the

H.B. No. 2187

- 1 law in effect when the offense was committed, and the former law is
- 2 continued in effect for that purpose. For purposes of this section,
- 3 an offense was committed before the effective date of this Act if
- 4 any element of the offense occurred before that date.
- 5 (b) The repeal by this Act of Section 22.015, Penal Code,
- 6 does not apply to an offense committed under that section before the
- 7 effective date of the repeal. An offense committed before the
- 8 effective date of the repeal is covered by that section as it
- 9 existed on the date on which the offense was committed, and the
- 10 former law is continued in effect for that purpose. For purposes of
- 11 this subsection, an offense is committed before the effective date
- 12 of the repeal if any element of the offense occurs before that date.
- SECTION 5. This Act takes effect September 1, 2009.

ADOPTED

MAY 2 1 2009

Actay Secretary of the Senate

By: CARONA	<u>H</u> .B.	No.	2167
Substitute the following for H.B. No. <u>2187</u> : By:			
By: Carry	с.s. <u>Н</u> .в.	No.	2187

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- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
- 6 SECTION 1. The heading to Section 71.022, Penal Code, is 7 amended to read as follows:
- 8 Sec. 71.022. <u>COERCING, INDUCING, OR</u> SOLICITING MEMBERSHIP 9 IN A CRIMINAL STREET GANG.
- SECTION 2. Section 71.022, Penal Code, is amended by adding
 11 Subsections (a-1) and (d) to read as follows:
- 12 (a-1) A person commits an offense if, with intent to coerce,
- 13 induce, or solicit a child to actively participate in the
- 14 activities of a criminal street gang, the person:
- 15 (1) threatens the child or a member of the child's
- 16 family with imminent bodily injury; or
- 17 (2) causes bodily injury to the child or a member of
- 18 the child's family.
- 19 (d) In this section:
- 20 (1) "Child" means an individual younger than 17 years
- 21 of age.
- (2) "Family" has the meaning assigned by Section
- 23 <u>71.003, Family Code.</u>
- 24 SECTION 3. Section 22.015, Penal Code, is repealed.

- section 4. (a) The change in law made by this Act in amending Section 71.022, Penal Code, applies only to an offense committed on or after the effective date of this Act. An offense committed before the effective date of this Act is covered by the law in effect when the offense was committed, and the former law is continued in effect for that purpose. For purposes of this section, an offense was committed before the effective date of this Act if any element of the offense occurred before that date.
- The repeal by this Act of Section 22.015, Penal Code, 9 does not apply to an offense committed under that section before the 10 effective date of the repeal. An offense committed before the 11 effective date of the repeal is covered by that section as it 12 existed on the date on which the offense was committed, and the 13 former law is continued in effect for that purpose. For purposes of 14 this subsection, an offense is committed before the effective date 15 of the repeal if any element of the offense occurs before that date. 16 SECTION 5. This Act takes effect September 1, 2009. 17

FISCAL NOTE, 81ST LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

May 21, 2009

TO: Honorable Joe Straus, Speaker of the House, House of Representatives

FROM: John S. O'Brien, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB2187 by Moody (Relating to the prosecution and punishment of offenses involving coercing, inducing, or soliciting membership in a criminal street gang.), As Passed 2nd House

No significant fiscal implication to the State is anticipated.

The bill would amend the Penal Code to repeal Section 22.015 and move the offense of threatening a child or a member of the child's family with imminent bodily injury or causing bodily injury to a child or a member of the child's family with the intent to coerce, induce, or solicit a child to actively participate in the activities of a criminal street gang to Section 71.022 of the Penal Code renamed Coercing, Inducing, or Soliciting Membership in a Criminal Street Gang. The bill would increase the punishment for threatening a child with imminent bodily injury from a state jail felony to a felony of the third degree. The bill would make a second or subsequent offense of threatening or causing bodily injury punishable as a felony of the second degree.

The bill would take effect on September 1, 2009 and would apply to an offense committed on or after the effective date.

It is assumed the number of persons convicted under this statute would not result in a significant impact on programs and workload of state corrections agencies or on the demand for resources and services of those agencies.

Local Government Impact

No significant fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source Agencies: 696 Department of Criminal Justice

LBB Staff: JOB, SD, KJG, ESi, GG, TMP

FISCAL NOTE, 81ST LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

May 11, 2009

TO: Honorable John Carona, Chair, Senate Committee on Transportation & Homeland Security

FROM: John S. O'Brien, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB2187 by Moody (Relating to the prosecution and punishment of offenses involving coercing, inducing, or soliciting membership in a criminal street gang.), Committee Report 2nd House, Substituted

No significant fiscal implication to the State is anticipated.

The bill would amend the Penal Code to repeal Section 22.015 and move the offense of threatening a child or a member of the child's family with imminent bodily injury or causing bodily injury to a child or a member of the child's family with the intent to coerce, induce, or solicit a child to actively participate in the activities of a criminal street gang to Section 71.022 of the Penal Code renamed Coercing, Inducing, or Soliciting Membership in a Criminal Street Gang. The bill would increase the punishment for threatening a child with imminent bodily injury from a state jail felony to a felony of the third degree. The bill would make a second or subsequent offense of threatening or causing bodily injury punishable as a felony of the second degree.

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Source Agencies: 696 Department of Criminal Justice

LBB Staff: JOB, KJG, ESi, GG, TMP

FISCAL NOTE, 81ST LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

May 7, 2009

TO: Honorable John Carona, Chair, Senate Committee on Transportation & Homeland Security

FROM: John S. O'Brien, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB2187 by Moody (Relating to the prosecution and punishment of offenses involving coercing, inducing, or soliciting membership in a criminal street gang.), As Engrossed

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The bill would take effect on September 1, 2009 and would apply to an offense committed on or after the effective date.

It is assumed the number of persons convicted under this statute would not result in a significant impact on programs and workload of state corrections agencies or on the demand for resources and services of those agencies.

Local Government Impact

No significant fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source Agencies: 696 Department of Criminal Justice

LBB Staff: JOB, KJG, ESi, GG, TMP

FISCAL NOTE, 81ST LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

March 16, 2009

TO: Honorable Pete Gallego, Chair, House Committee on Criminal Jurisprudence

FROM: John S. O'Brien, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB2187 by Moody (Relating to the prosecution and punishment of offenses involving coercing, inducing, or soliciting membership in a criminal street gang.), As Introduced

No significant fiscal implication to the State is anticipated.

The bill would amend the Penal Code to repeal Section 22.015 and move the offense of threatening a child with imminent bodily injury or causing bodily injury to a child with the intent to coerce, induce, or solicit a child to actively participate in the activities of a criminal street gang to Section 71.022 of the Penal Code renamed Coercing, Inducing, or Soliciting Membership in a Criminal Street Gang. The bill would increase the punishment for threatening a child with imminent bodily injury from a state jail felony to a felony of the third degree. The bill would make a second or subsequent offense of threatening or causing bodily injury punishable as a felony of the second degree.

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It is assumed the number of persons convicted under this statute would not result in a significant impact on programs and workload of state corrections agencies or on the demand for resources and services of those agencies.

Local Government Impact

No significant fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source Agencies: 696 Department of Criminal Justice

LBB Staff: JOB, ESi, GG, TMP

CRIMINAL JUSTICE IMPACT STATEMENT

81ST LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

March 16, 2009

TO: Honorable Pete Gallego, Chair, House Committee on Criminal Jurisprudence

FROM: John S. O'Brien, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB2187 by Moody (Relating to the prosecution and punishment of offenses involving coercing, inducing, or soliciting membership in a criminal street gang.), As Introduced

The bill would amend the Penal Code to repeal Section 22.015 and move the offense of threatening a child with imminent bodily injury or causing bodily injury to a child with the intent to coerce, induce, or solicit a child to actively participate in the activities of a criminal street gang to Section 71.022 of the Penal Code renamed Coercing, Inducing, or Soliciting Membership in a Criminal Street Gang. The bill would increase the punishment for threatening a child with imminent bodily injury from a state jail felony to a felony of the third degree. The bill would make a second or subsequent offense of threatening or causing bodily injury punishable as a felony of the second degree.

A state jail felony is punishable by confinement in a state jail for any term of not more than two years or less than 180 days, or, in addition to confinement, a fine not to exceed \$10,000.

A felony of the third degree is punishable by imprisonment in the institutional division for any term of not more than 10 years or less than 2 years, or, in addition to confinement, a fine not to exceed \$10,000.

A felony of the second degree is punishable by imprisonment in the institutional division for any term of not more than 20 years or less than 2 years, or, in addition to confinement, a fine not to exceed \$10,000.

Increasing the penalty for any criminal offense is expected to result in increased demands upon the correctional resources of counties or of the State due to longer terms of community supervision, or, longer terms of confinement in county jails or prison. A review of Texas Department of Criminal Justice community supervision and incarceration data indicate less than 10 people per year would be affected by the provisions of the bill. Assuming the same number of offenders in future years, implementation of the provisions of the bill is not expected to have a significant impact on programs and workload of state corrections agencies or on the demand for resources and services of those agencies.

Source Agencies:

LBB Staff: JOB, TMP