SENATE AMENDMENTS

2nd Printing

By: Coleman

H.B. No. 3485

	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
1	AN ACT
2	relating to the administration of certain county services and
3	duties, including the administration of county assistance
4	districts.
5	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
6	SECTION 1. Article 15.08, Code of Criminal Procedure, is
7	amended to read as follows:
8	Art. 15.08. WARRANT MAY BE <u>FORWARDED</u> [TELEGRAPHED]. A
9	warrant of arrest may be forwarded by <u>a method that ensures the</u>
10	transmission of a duplicate of the original warrant, including
11	secure facsimile transmission or other secure electronic means
12	[telegraph from any telegraph office to another in this State]. If
13	issued by any magistrate named in Article 15.06, the peace officer
14	receiving the same shall execute it without delay. If it be issued
15	by any other magistrate than is named in Article 15.06, the peace
16	officer receiving the same shall proceed with it to the nearest
17	magistrate of the peace officer's [his] county, who shall endorse
18	thereon, in substance, these words:
19	"Let this warrant be executed in the county of",
20	which endorsement shall be dated and signed officially by the

21 magistrate making the same.

22 SECTION 2. Article 15.09, Code of Criminal Procedure, is 23 amended to read as follows:

Art. 15.09. COMPLAINT MAY BE FORWARDED [BY TELEGRAPH]. A

1 complaint in accordance with Article 15.05, may be <u>forwarded</u>
2 [telegraphed], as provided <u>by</u> [in the preceding] Article <u>15.08</u>, to
3 any magistrate in the State; and the magistrate who receives the
4 same shall forthwith issue a warrant for the arrest of the accused;
5 and the accused, when arrested, shall be dealt with as provided in
6 this Chapter in similar cases.

7 SECTION 3. Article 15.19(a), Code of Criminal Procedure, is 8 amended to read as follows:

9 (a) If the arrested person fails or refuses to give bail, as 10 provided in Article 15.18, the arrested person shall be committed 11 to the jail of the county where the person was arrested; and the 12 magistrate committing the arrested person shall immediately 13 provide notice to the sheriff of the county in which the offense is 14 alleged to have been committed regarding:

(1) the arrest and commitment, which notice may be given by [telegraph,] mail[,] or other written means or by secure facsimile transmission or other secure electronic means; and

18 (2) whether the person was also arrested under a19 warrant issued under Section 508.251, Government Code.

20 SECTION 4. Article 26.13, Code of Criminal Procedure, is 21 amended by adding Subsection (j) to read as follows:

(j) A person who is incarcerated in a facility operated by or under contract with the Texas Department of Criminal Justice may submit a plea of guilty or plea of nolo contendere regarding a misdemeanor charge in writing, transmitted by mail, facsimile, or other means. Before accepting a plea under this subsection, the court shall make the admonitions required by this article to the

1 defendant in writing as provided by Subsection (d).

2 SECTION 5. Section 31.037, Election Code, is amended to 3 read as follows:

Sec. 31.037. <u>SUSPENSION OR</u> TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT. The employment of the county elections administrator may be <u>suspended</u>, <u>with or without pay</u>, <u>or</u> terminated at any time for good and sufficient cause on the four-fifths vote of the county election commission and approval of that action by a majority vote of the commissioners court.

10 SECTION 6. Section 61.001(f), Government Code, is amended 11 to read as follows:

(f) A reimbursement for expenses under this section is not a property right of a person who reports for jury service for purposes of Chapters 72 and 74, Property Code. If a check, instrument, or other method of payment authorized under Section 113.048, Local Government Code, [instrument] representing a reimbursement under this section is not presented for payment or redeemed before the 90th day after it is issued:

(1) the instrument <u>or other method of payment</u> isconsidered forfeited and is void; and

(2) the money represented by the instrument <u>or other</u> method of payment may be placed <u>or retained</u> in the county's jury fund, the county's general fund, or any other fund in which county funds can be legally placed, at the discretion of the commissioners court.

26 SECTION 7. Section 61.003, Government Code, is amended by 27 adding Subsection (e) to read as follows:

1 (e) Notwithstanding Subsection (a), a county that has
2 adopted a system or method of payment authorized by Section
3 <u>113.048, Local Government Code, may provide a person who reports</u>
4 for jury service in the county an opportunity to donate all, or a
5 specific part designated by the juror, of the juror's daily
6 reimbursement by completing a self-executing application on a form
7 prescribed by the commissioners court.

8 SECTION 8. Section 694.002, Health and Safety Code, is 9 amended by adding Subsections (c) and (d) to read as follows:

10 (c) If a county discovers cash in the possession of a 11 deceased pauper, the county shall place the money in a trust 12 account. A person having a claim to the money in the trust account 13 must exercise the right to collect the money not later than the 14 first anniversary of the date the money is placed in the trust 15 account.

16 (d) A county may create a fund to be used by the county to 17 pay the costs incurred in disposing of the bodies of deceased 18 paupers. If money placed in a trust account under Subsection (c) is 19 not claimed by the first anniversary of the date the money is placed 20 in the trust account, the county may transfer the money to the fund 21 created under this subsection.

22 SECTION 9. Section 716.101, Health and Safety Code, is 23 amended to read as follows:

24 Sec. 716.101. UNIDENTIFIED HUMAN REMAINS. <u>(a) Except as</u> 25 <u>provided by Subsection (b), a</u> [A] crematory establishment may not 26 accept for cremation unidentified human remains.

27 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a

1	crematory establishment may accept for cremation unidentified
2	human remains from a county on the order of:
3	(1) the county commissioners court; or
4	(2) a court located in the county.
5	SECTION 10. Subchapter C, Chapter 113, Local Government
6	Code, is amended by adding Section 113.048 to read as follows:
7	Sec. 113.048. DISBURSEMENT OF MONEY FOR JURY SERVICE. (a)
8	Notwithstanding any other provision of this subchapter or other law
9	to the contrary, a county treasurer may disburse to a person who
10	reports for jury service and discharges the person's duty the daily
11	amount of reimbursement for jury service expenses set by the
12	commissioners court under Section 61.001, Government Code, by:
13	(1) using an electronic funds transfer system in
14	accordance with Chapter 156;
15	(2) using a cash dispensing machine;
16	(3) issuing a debit card or a stored value card; or
17	(4) using any other method that the county treasurer
18	and the commissioners court determine is secure, accurate, and
19	cost-effective and that is convenient for persons who report for
20	jury service.
21	(b) A system or method of payment adopted by a county
22	treasurer under Subsection (a) may be implemented only if it is
23	approved by the commissioners court and administered in accordance
24	with the procedures established by the county auditor or by the
25	chief financial officer of a county that does not have a county
26	auditor.
27	(c) A system or method of payment authorized by this section

may be used in lieu of or in addition to the issuance of warrants or
 <u>checks authorized under this subchapter.</u>

3 SECTION 11. Subchapter Z, Chapter 157, Local Government
4 Code, is amended by adding Section 157.9031 to read as follows:

5 Sec. 157.9031. AUTHORITY TO REQUIRE REIMBURSEMENT FOR CERTAIN COVERAGE. An intergovernmental pool operating under 6 Chapter 119 of this code or its successor may, pursuant to policies 7 concerning the provision of coverage adopted by the pool's 8 governing body or by a county commissioners court obtaining 9 coverage from such a pool, require reimbursement for the provision 10 of punitive damage coverage from a person to whom the 11 12 intergovernmental pool provides coverage.

13 SECTION 12. Section 262.003(a), Local Government Code, is 14 amended to read as follows:

(a) Any law that requires a county to follow a competitive
bidding procedure in making a purchase requiring the expenditure of
\$50,000 [\$25,000] or less does not apply to the purchase of an item
available for purchase from only one supplier.

SECTION 13. Section 262.023(a), Local Government Code, is amended to read as follows:

(a) Before a county may purchase one or more items under a
contract that will require an expenditure exceeding <u>\$50,000</u>
[\$25,000], the commissioners court of the county must:

(1) comply with the competitive bidding or competitiveproposal procedures prescribed by this subchapter;

(2) use the reverse auction procedure, as defined by
 Section 2155.062(d), Government Code, for purchasing; or

(3) comply with a method described by Subchapter H,
 Chapter 271.

3 SECTION 14. Section 271.024, Local Government Code, is 4 amended to read as follows:

Sec. 271.024. COMPETITIVE BIDDING PROCEDURE APPLICABLE TO 5 CONTRACT. The bidding of [If a governmental entity is required by 6 statute to award] a contract awarded by a governmental entity for 7 8 the construction, repair, or renovation of a structure, road, highway, or other improvement or addition to real property [on the 9 basis of competitive bids, and if the contract requires the 10 expenditure of more than \$25,000 from the funds of the entity, the 11 bidding on the contract] must be accomplished in the manner 12 provided by this subchapter if: 13

14 <u>(1) a statute requires the governmental entity to</u> 15 award the contract on the basis of competitive bids; and

16 (2) the contract requires the expenditure of more 17 than:

(A) \$25,000 from the funds of a governmental
 entity other than a county; or

(B) \$50,000 from the funds of a county.

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21 SECTION 15. Section 363.156(b), Local Government Code, is 22 amended to read as follows:

(b) To the extent competitive bidding procedures in Title 8 apply, the board may not enter purchasing contracts that involve spending more than <u>\$50,000</u> [\$25,000] unless the board complies with:

27 (1) Subchapter C, Chapter 262, if the district was

1 created by a county; or

2 (2) Chapter 252, if the district was created by a3 municipality.

4 SECTION 16. Section 387.003, Local Government Code, is 5 amended by amending Subsections (a), (b), (b-1), (c), (e), (f), and 6 (h) and adding Subsections (a-1), (i), and (j) to read as follows:

7 (a) The commissioners court of the county may call an 8 election on the question of creating a county assistance district 9 under this chapter. More than one county assistance district may be 10 created in a county.

11 <u>(a-1) A district may [to]</u> perform the following functions in 12 the district:

13 (1) the construction, maintenance, or improvement of 14 roads or highways;

15 (2) the provision of law enforcement and detention 16 services;

17 (3) the maintenance or improvement of libraries,18 museums, parks, or other recreational facilities;

(4) the provision of services that benefit the public
health or welfare, including the provision of firefighting and fire
prevention services; or

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(b)

(5) the promotion of economic development and tourism. The order calling the election must:

(1) define the boundaries of the district to include
any portion of the county in which the combined tax rate of all
local sales and use taxes imposed, including the rate to be imposed
by the district if approved at the election, would not exceed the

1 maximum combined rate of sales and use taxes imposed by political 2 subdivisions of this state that is prescribed by Sections 321.101 3 and 323.101, Tax Code [two percent]; and 4 (2) call for the election to be held within those

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5 boundaries.

6 (b-1) If the proposed district includes any territory of a municipality, the commissioners court shall send notice by 7 8 certified mail to the governing body of the municipality of the commissioners court's intent to create the district. If 9 the 10 municipality has created a development corporation under Chapter 504 or 505, Local Government Code [Section 4A or 4B, Development 11 Corporation Act of 1979 (Article 5190.6, Vernon's Texas Civil 12 Statutes)], the commissioners court shall also send the notice to 13 14 the board of directors of the corporation. The commissioners court 15 must send the notice not later than the 60th day before the date the commissioners court orders the election. The governing body of the 16 17 municipality may exclude the territory of the municipality from the proposed district by sending notice by certified mail to the 18 19 commissioners court of the governing body's desire to exclude the municipal territory from the district. The governing body must 20 21 send the notice not later than the 45th day after the date the governing body receives notice from the commissioners court under 22 23 this subsection. The territory of a municipality that is excluded 24 under this subsection may subsequently be included in:

25 <u>(1)</u> the district in an election held under Subsection 26 (f) with the consent of the municipality; or

27 (2) another district after complying with the

1 requirements of this subsection and after an election under 2 Subsection (f).

3 (c) The ballot at the election must be printed to permit 4 voting for or against the proposition: "Authorizing the creation 5 of the _____ County Assistance District <u>No.___</u> (insert name of 6 district) and the imposition of a sales and use tax at the rate of 7 _____ [of _____ one] percent (insert [one-eighth, one-fourth, 8 three-eighths, or one-half, as] appropriate <u>rate</u>) for the purpose 9 of financing the operations of the district."

(e) If a majority of the votes received at the election are against the creation of the district, <u>the district is not created</u> <u>and the county at any time may call one or more elections</u> [another <u>election</u>] on the question of creating <u>one or more</u> [a] county assistance <u>districts</u> [district may not be held in the county before the first anniversary of the most recent election concerning the creation of a district].

17 (f) The commissioners court may call an election to be held in an area of the county that is not located in a district created 18 under this section to determine whether the area should be included 19 in the district and whether the district's sales and use tax should 20 be imposed in the area. An election may not be held in an area in 21 which the combined tax rate of all local sales and use taxes 22 imposed, including the rate to be imposed by the district if 23 24 approved at the election, would exceed the maximum combined rate of sales and use taxes imposed by political subdivisions of this state 25 26 that is prescribed by Sections 321.101 and 323.101, Tax Code [two percent]. 27

1 (h) If more than one election to authorize a local sales and use tax is held on the same day in the area of a proposed district or 2 an area proposed to be added to a district and if the resulting 3 approval by the voters would cause the imposition of a local sales 4 5 and use tax in any area to exceed the maximum combined rate of sales and use taxes of political subdivisions of this state that is 6 prescribed by Sections 321.101 and 323.101, Tax Code [two percent], 7 8 only a tax authorized at an election under this section may be imposed. 9

10 <u>(i)</u> In addition to the authority to include an area in a 11 district under Subsection (f), the governing body of a district by 12 order may include an area in the district on receipt of a petition 13 or petitions signed by the owner or owners of the majority of the 14 land in the area to be included in the district. If there are no 15 <u>qualified voters in the area to be included in the district, no</u> 16 <u>election is required.</u>

17 (j) The commissioners court by order may exclude an area 18 from the district if the district has no outstanding bonds payable 19 wholly or partly from sales and use taxes and the exclusion does not 20 impair any outstanding district debt or contractual obligation.

21 SECTION 17. Section 387.005, Local Government Code, is 22 amended to read as follows:

23 Sec. 387.005. GOVERNING BODY. (a) The commissioners 24 court of the county in which the district is created <u>by order shall</u> 25 <u>provide that:</u>

26 (1) the commissioners court is the governing body of 27 the district; or

1

(2) the commissioners court shall appoint a governing

2 body of the district.

A member of the governing body of the district 3 (b) [commissioners court] is not entitled to compensation for service 4 [on the governing body of the district] but is entitled to 5 reimbursement for actual and necessary expenses. 6

(c) A board of directors appointed by the commissioners 7 court under this section shall consist of five directors who serve 8 staggered terms of two years. To be eligible to serve as a 9 director, a person must be at least 18 years of age and a resident of 10 the county in which the district is located. The initial directors 11 shall draw lots to achieve staggered terms, with three of the 12 directors serving one-year terms and two of the directors serving 13 14 two-year terms.

15 SECTION 18. Section 387.006(a), Local Government Code, is 16 amended to read as follows:

17 (a)

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A district may:

perform any act necessary to the full exercise of 18 (1)the district's functions; 19

20 accept a grant or loan from: (2)

(A) the United States;

an agency or political subdivision of this 2.2 (B) 23 state; or

24 (C) a public or private person; 25 acquire, sell, lease, convey, or otherwise dispose (3) 26 of property or an interest in property under terms determined by the 27 district;

1 (4) employ necessary personnel; [and] 2 (5) adopt rules to govern the operation of the 3 district and its employees and property; and 4 (6) enter into agreements with municipalities necessary or convenient to achieve the district's purposes, 5 including agreements regarding the duration, rate, and allocation 6 between the district and the municipality of sales and use taxes. 7

8 SECTION 19. Section 387.007, Local Government Code, is 9 amended by amending Subsection (b) and adding Subsection (c) to 10 read as follows:

(b) A district may not adopt a sales and use tax under this chapter if the adoption of the tax would result in a combined tax rate of all local sales and use taxes <u>that would exceed the maximum</u> <u>combined rate prescribed by Sections 321.101 and 323.101, Tax Code,</u> [<u>of more than two percent</u>] in any location in the district.

16 (c) A district may define areas in the district to pay for 17 improvements, facilities, or services that primarily benefit that 18 area and do not generally and directly benefit the district as a 19 whole. The district may impose different rates of sales and use tax 20 in each defined area, provided that the sales and use tax rate does 21 not exceed the rate approved at an election held under Section 22 <u>387.003.</u>

23 SECTION 20. Section 387.009, Local Government Code, is 24 amended to read as follows:

25 Sec. 387.009. TAX RATE. The rate of a tax adopted under 26 this chapter must be <u>in increments of</u> one-eighth[, one-fourth, 27 three-eighths, or one-half] of one percent.

SECTION 21. Sections 387.010(a), (b), and (c), Local 1 Government Code, are amended to read as follows: 2 3 (a) A district that has adopted a sales and use tax under this chapter may, by order and subject to Section 387.007(b): 4 5 (1) reduce [, change] the rate of the tax or repeal the tax without an election, except that the district may not repeal the 6 sales and use tax or reduce the rate of the sales and use tax below 7 the amount pledged to secure payment of an outstanding district 8 debt or contractual obligation; 9 (2) increase the rate of the sales and use tax, if the 10 increased rate of the sales and use tax will not exceed the rate 11 12 approved at an election held under Section 387.003; or (3) increase the rate of the sales and use tax to a 13 14 rate that exceeds the rate approved at an election held under Section 387.003 after [if] the increase [change or repeal] is 15 approved by a majority of the votes received in the district at an 16 17 election held for that purpose. The tax may be changed under Subsection (a) in one or 18 (b)

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10 (b) The tax may be changed under subsection (a) Th one of 19 more increments of one-eighth of one percent [to a maximum of 20 one-half of one percent].

(c) The ballot for an election to <u>increase</u> [change] the tax shall be printed to permit voting for or against the proposition: "The <u>increase</u> [change] of a sales and use tax for the _____ County Assistance District <u>No. ___</u> (insert name of district) from the rate of _____ [of one] percent (insert [one=fourth, three=eighths, or <u>one=half, as</u>] appropriate <u>rate</u>) to the rate of _____ [of one] percent (insert [one=fourth, three=eighths, or one=half, as] appropriate

1 <u>rate</u>)."

2 SECTION 22. Section 387.012, Local Government Code, is 3 amended to read as follows:

4 Sec. 387.012. EFFECTIVE DATE OF TAX. The adoption of the 5 tax, the increase or reduction [change] of the tax rate, or the repeal of the tax takes effect on the first day of the first 6 calendar quarter occurring after the expiration of the first 7 8 complete quarter occurring after the date the comptroller receives a copy of the order of the district's governing body [notice of the 9 results of the election] adopting, 10 increasing, reducing [changing], or repealing the tax. 11

SECTION 23. Section 1702.104(b), Occupations Code, is amended to read as follows:

14 (b) For purposes of Subsection (a)(1), "obtaining or 15 furnishing information <u>"</u> includes information obtained or furnished through the review and analysis of, and the investigation into the 16 17 content of, computer-based data not available to the public. "Obtaining or furnishing information" does not include information 18 19 obtained or furnished by an information technology professional who is an employee of a county and who is: 20

21 (1) in the course and scope of employment, installing 22 or repairing computer equipment belonging to the county or is 23 examining the cause for required repair; and

24 (2) not performing any other act that requires a 25 license under this chapter.

26 SECTION 24. Section 632(f)(1), Texas Probate Code, is 27 amended to read as follows:

1 (1)In cases in which it is provided that personal service shall be had with respect to a citation or notice, the 2 3 citation or notice must be served on the attorney of record for the person who is being cited or notified. Notwithstanding the 4 5 requirement of personal service, service may be made on the attorney by any method specified under this chapter for service on 6 If there is no attorney of record in the proceeding 7 an attorney. 8 for the person who is being cited or notified, or if an attempt to make service on the attorney was unsuccessful, a citation or notice 9 10 directed to a person within this state must be served [in person by the sheriff or constable] on the person who is being cited or 11 12 notified by delivering to the person a true copy of the citation or notice at least 10 days before the return day on the citation or 13 14 notice, exclusive of the date of service. If the person who is 15 being cited or notified is absent from the state or is a nonresident, the citation or notice may be served 16 by а 17 disinterested person competent to make oath of the fact. The citation or notice served by a disinterested person shall be 18 returnable at least 10 days after the date of service, exclusive of 19 the date of service. The return of the person serving the citation 20 or notice shall be endorsed on or attached to the citation or 21 notice. The return must show the time and place of service, certify 22 23 that a true copy of the citation or notice was delivered to the 24 person directed to be served, be subscribed and sworn to before an officer authorized by the laws of this state to take affidavits, 25 26 under the hand and official seal of the officer, and returned to the county clerk who issued the citation or notice. If the citation or 27

1 notice is returned with the notation that the person sought to be 2 served, whether or not within this state, cannot be found, the clerk 3 shall issue a new citation or notice directed to the person sought 4 to be served and service shall be by publication.

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5 SECTION 25. Section 633(c), Texas Probate Code, is amended 6 to read as follows:

7 (c) The sheriff, constable, or other person authorized by
8 <u>law</u> [officer] shall personally serve citation to appear and answer
9 the application for guardianship on:

10 (1) a proposed ward who is 12 years of age or older; 11 (2) the parents of a proposed ward if the whereabouts 12 of the parents are known or can be reasonably ascertained;

13 (3) any court-appointed conservator or person having
14 control of the care and welfare of the proposed ward;

(4) a proposed ward's spouse if the whereabouts of thespouse are known or can be reasonably ascertained; and

17 (5) the person named in the application to be18 appointed guardian, if that person is not the applicant.

SECTION 26. Section 875(e), Texas Probate Code, is amended to read as follows:

21 (e) On the filing of an application for temporary guardianship, the clerk shall issue citation to be served in any 22 manner authorized by law [notice that shall be served] on the 23 24 respondent, the respondent's appointed attorney, and the proposed temporary guardian named in the application, if that person is not 25 26 the applicant. The citation [notice] must describe the rights of 27 the parties and the date, time, place, purpose, and possible

1 consequences of a hearing on the application. A copy of the 2 application must be attached to the citation [notice].

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SECTION 27. (a) Article 26.13(j), Code of Criminal 3 Procedure, as added by this Act, applies only to an offense 4 5 committed on or after the effective date of this Act. An offense committed before the effective date of this Act is governed by the 6 law in effect at the time the offense was committed, and the former 7 8 law is continued in effect for that purpose. For purposes of this section, an offense was committed before the effective date of this 9 10 Act if any element of the offense occurred before that date.

(b) Section 61.001(f), Government Code, as amended by this Act, applies only to a disbursement for the reimbursement for jury service expenses on or after the effective date of this Act.

(c) The changes in law made by Sections 262.003, 262.023, 271.024, and 363.156, Local Government Code, as amended by this Act, apply only to a purchase made or contract executed on or after the effective date of this Act. A purchase made or contract executed before the effective date of this Act is governed by the law in effect immediately before that date, and the former law is continued in effect for that purpose.

SECTION 28. The changes in law made by this Act to Sections 632(f)(1), 633(c), and 875(e), Texas Probate Code, apply to a guardianship proceeding that is pending or commenced on or after the effective date of this Act.

25 SECTION 29. Section 387.010(d), Local Government Code, is 26 repealed.

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SECTION 30. This Act takes effect September 1, 2009.

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By:	<u> 7</u> .b. No. <u>3485</u>
Substitute the following for <u>H</u> .B. No. <u>348</u> : By:	с.s. <u>H</u> .в. No. <u>3485</u>

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

2 relating to the administration of certain county services and 3 duties, including the administration of county assistance 4 districts.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

6 SECTION 1. Article 15.08, Code of Criminal Procedure, is 7 amended to read as follows:

Art. 15.08. WARRANT MAY BE FORWARDED [TELEGRAPHED]. 8 Α warrant of arrest may be forwarded by <u>a method that ensures the</u> 9 transmission of a duplicate of the original warrant, including 10 secure facsimile transmission or other secure electronic means 11 [telegraph-from any telegraph office to another in this State]. If 12 13 issued by any magistrate named in Article 15.06, the peace officer 14 receiving the same shall execute it without delay. If it be issued by any other magistrate than is named in Article 15.06, the peace 15 16 officer receiving the same shall proceed with it to the nearest 17 magistrate of the peace officer's [his] county, who shall endorse 18 thereon, in substance, these words:

19 "Let this warrant be executed in the county of", 20 which endorsement shall be dated and signed officially by the 21 magistrate making the same.

22 SECTION 2. Article 15.09, Code of Criminal Procedure, is 23 amended to read as follows:

24 Art. 15.09. COMPLAINT MAY BE FORWARDED [BY TELEGRAPH]. A

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1 complaint in accordance with Article 15.05, may be <u>forwarded</u> 2 [telegraphed], as provided <u>by</u> [in the preceding] Article <u>15.08</u>, to 3 any magistrate in the State; and the magistrate who receives the 4 same shall forthwith issue a warrant for the arrest of the accused; 5 and the accused, when arrested, shall be dealt with as provided in 6 this Chapter in similar cases.

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7 SECTION 3. Article 15.19(a), Code of Criminal Procedure, is 8 amended to read as follows:

9 (a) If the arrested person fails or refuses to give bail, as 10 provided in Article 15.18, the arrested person shall be committed 11 to the jail of the county where the person was arrested; and the 12 magistrate committing the arrested person shall immediately 13 provide notice to the sheriff of the county in which the offense is 14 alleged to have been committed regarding:

(1) the arrest and commitment, which notice may be
given by [telegraph,] mail[,] or other written means or by secure
<u>facsimile transmission or other secure electronic means</u>; and

18 (2) whether the person was also arrested under a19 warrant issued under Section 508.251, Government Code.

20 SECTION 4. Article 20.011(a), Code of Criminal Procedure, 21 is amended to read as follows:

(a) Only the following persons may be present in a grandjury room while the grand jury is conducting proceedings:

- 24 (1) grand jurors;
- 25 (2) bailiffs;

26 (3) the attorney representing the state;

27 (4) witnesses while being examined or when necessary

× 20

to assist the attorney representing the state in examining other
 witnesses or presenting evidence to the grand jury;

4 (6) a stenographer or person operating an electronic
5 recording device, as provided by Article 20.012; and

interpreters, if necessary; [and]

6 (7) a person operating a video teleconferencing system 7 for use under Article 20.151.

8 SECTION 5. Article 20.02(b), Code of Criminal Procedure, is 9 amended to read as follows:

A grand juror, bailiff, interpreter, stenographer or 10 (b) 11person operating an electronic recording device, [or] person preparing a typewritten transcription of a stenographic or 12 electronic recording, or person operating a video teleconferencing 13 system for use under Article 20.151 who discloses anything 14 15 transpiring before the grand jury, regardless of whether the thing transpiring is recorded, in the course of the official duties of the 16 grand jury, is [shall-be] liable to a fine as for contempt of the 17 court, not exceeding \$500 [five hundred dollars], imprisonment not 18 19 exceeding 30 [thirty] days, or both the [such] fine and 20 imprisonment.

21 SECTION 6. Chapter 20, Code of Criminal Procedure, is 22 amended by adding Article 20.151 to read as follows:

Art. 20.151. CERTAIN TESTIMONY BY VIDEO TELECONFERENCING. (a) With the consent of the foreman of the grand jury and the attorney representing the state, a peace officer summoned to testify before the grand jury may testify through the use of a closed circuit video teleconferencing system that provides an

\$ 21

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(5)

1 <u>encrypted</u>, <u>simultaneous</u>, <u>compressed</u> full <u>motion</u> <u>video</u> <u>and</u> 2 <u>interactive communication of image and sound between the peace</u> 3 <u>officer</u>, the attorney representing the state, and the grand jury. 4 <u>(b)</u> <u>In addition to being administered the oath described by</u> 5 <u>Article 20.16(a)</u>, before being interrogated, a peace officer 6 testifying through the use of a closed circuit video

7 <u>teleconferencing system under this article shall affirm that:</u>
8 (1) no person other than a person in the grand jury
9 room is capable of hearing the peace officer's testimony; and

10 (2) the peace officer's testimony is not being 11 recorded or otherwise preserved by any person at the location from 12 which the peace officer is testifying.

(c) Testimony received from a peace officer under this
 article shall be recorded and preserved.

15 SECTION 7. Article 27.18, Code of Criminal Procedure, is 16 amended by amending Subsection (c) and adding Subsection (c-1) to 17 read as follows:

(c) A recording of the communication shall be made and
preserved until all appellate proceedings have been disposed of. <u>A</u>
<u>court reporter or court recorder is not required to take a</u>
transcription of a plea taken under this article.

22 (c-1) The defendant may obtain a copy of <u>a</u> [the] recording 23 <u>made under Subsection (c)</u> on payment of a reasonable amount to cover 24 the costs of reproduction or, if the defendant is indigent, the 25 court shall provide a copy to the defendant without charging a cost 26 for the copy. <u>The loss or destruction of or failure to make a video</u> 27 recording of <u>a plea</u> entered under this article is not alone 1 sufficient grounds for a defendant to withdraw the defendant's plea
2 or to request the court to set aside a conviction or sentence based
3 on the plea.

4 SECTION 8. Article 38.073, Code of Criminal Procedure, is 5 amended to read as follows:

6 Art. 38.073. TESTIMONY OF INMATE WITNESSES. Τn а proceeding in the prosecution of a criminal offense in which an 7 inmate in the custody of the Texas Department of Criminal Justice is 8 9 required to testify as a witness, any deposition or testimony of the 10 inmate witness may be conducted by a video teleconferencing system in the manner described by Article 27.18 [electronic means, in the 11 12 same manner as permitted in civil cases under Section 30.012, Civil 13 Practice and Remedies Code].

14 SECTION 9. Section 31.037, Election Code, is amended to 15 read as follows:

Sec. 31.037. <u>SUSPENSION OR</u> TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT. The employment of the county elections administrator may be <u>suspended</u>, <u>with or without pay</u>, <u>or</u> terminated at any time for good and sufficient cause on the four-fifths vote of the county election commission and approval of that action by a majority vote of the commissioners court.

22 SECTION 10. Section 61.001(f), Government Code, is amended 23 to read as follows:

(f) A reimbursement for expenses under this section is not a property right of a person who reports for jury service for purposes of Chapters 72 and 74, Property Code. If a check, instrument, or other method of payment authorized under Section 113.048, Local

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1 <u>Government Code</u>, [instrument] representing a reimbursement under 2 this section is not presented for payment or redeemed before the 3 90th day after it is issued:

4 (1) the instrument <u>or other method of payment</u> is 5 considered forfeited and is void; and

6 (2) the money represented by the instrument <u>or other</u> 7 <u>method of payment</u> may be placed <u>or retained</u> in the county's jury 8 fund, the county's general fund, or any other fund in which county 9 funds can be legally placed, at the discretion of the commissioners 10 court.

SECTION 11. Section 61.003, Government Code, is amended by adding Subsection (e) to read as follows:

(e) Notwithstanding Subsection (a), a county that has adopted a system or method of payment authorized by Section 113.048, Local Government Code, may provide a person who reports for jury service in the county an opportunity to donate all, or a specific part designated by the juror, of the juror's daily reimbursement by completing a self-executing application on a form prescribed by the commissioners court.

20 SECTION 12. Section 694.002, Health and Safety Code, is 21 amended by adding Subsections (c) and (d) to read as follows:

(c) If a county discovers cash in the possession of a deceased pauper, the county shall place the money in a trust account. A person having a claim to the money in the trust account must exercise the right to collect the money not later than the first anniversary of the date the money is placed in the trust account.

(d) A county may create a fund to be used by the county to 1 pay the costs incurred in disposing of the bodies of deceased 2 paupers. If money placed in a trust account under Subsection (c) is 3 not claimed by the first anniversary of the date the money is placed 4 in the trust account, the county may transfer the money to the fund 5 created under this subsection. 6 SECTION 13. Section 716.101, Health and Safety Code, is 7 amended to read as follows: 8 Sec. 716.101. UNIDENTIFIED HUMAN REMAINS. 9 (a) Except as provided by Subsection (b), a [A] crematory establishment may not 10 11 accept for cremation unidentified human remains. (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a 12 crematory establishment may accept for cremation unidentified 13 14 human remains from a county on the order of: (1) the county commissioners court; or 15 16 (2) a court located in the county. 17 SECTION 14. Subchapter C, Chapter 113, Local Government Code, is amended by adding Section 113.048 to read as follows: 18 19 Sec. 113.048. DISBURSEMENT OF MONEY FOR JURY SERVICE. (a) 20 Notwithstanding any other provision of this subchapter or other law to the contrary, a county treasurer may disburse to a person who 21 22 reports for jury service and discharges the person's duty the daily amount of reimbursement for jury service expenses set by the 23 commissioners court under Section 61.001, Government Code, by: 24 25 (1) using an electronic funds transfer system in 26 accordance with Chapter 156; 27 (2) using a cash dispensing machine;

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1	(3) issuing a debit card or a stored value card; or
2	(4) using any other method that the county treasurer
3	and the commissioners court determine is secure, accurate, and
4	cost-effective and that is convenient for persons who report for
5	jury service.
6	(b) A system or method of payment adopted by a county
7	treasurer under Subsection (a) may be implemented only if it is
8	approved by the commissioners court and administered in accordance
9	with the procedures established by the county auditor or by the
10	chief financial officer of a county that does not have a county
11	auditor.
12	(c) A system or method of payment authorized by this section
13	may be used in lieu of or in addition to the issuance of warrants or
14	checks authorized under this subchapter.
15	SECTION 15. Sections 155.002(a) and (b), Local Government
16	Code, are amended to read as follows:
17	(a) A request for a payroll deduction must:
18	(1) be in writing;
19	(2) be submitted to the county auditor <u>unless the</u>
20	deduction is processed through an automated payroll system
21	maintained by the county; and
22	(3) state the amount to be deducted and the entity to
23	which the amount is to be transferred.
24	(b) A request remains in effect until:
25	(1) the county auditor receives a written notice of
26	revocation signed by the employee <u>; or</u>
27	(2) the deduction is revoked by the employee through

1	an automated payroll system maintained by the county.
2	SECTION 16. Subchapter 2, Chapter 157, Local Government
3	Code, is amended by adding Section 157.9031 to read as follows:
4	Sec. 157.9031. AUTHORITY TO REQUIRE REIMBURSEMENT FOR
5	CERTAIN COVERAGE. A commissioners court of a self-insuring county
6	or an intergovernmental pool operating under Chapter 119 may,
7	pursuant to policies concerning the provision of coverage adopted
8	by the commissioners court or the pool's governing body, require
9	reimbursement for the provision of punitive damage coverage from a
10	person to whom the intergovernmental pool provides coverage.
11	SECTION 17. Section 262.003(a), Local Government Code, is
12	amended to read as follows:
13	(a) Any law that requires a county to follow a competitive
14	bidding procedure in making a purchase requiring the expenditure of
15	<u>\$50,000</u> [\$25,000] or less does not apply to the purchase of an item
16	available for purchase from only one supplier.
17	SECTION 18. Section 262.023(a), Local Government Code, is
18	amended to read as follows:
19	(a) Before a county may purchase one or more items under a
20	contract that will require an expenditure exceeding <u>\$50,000</u>
21	[\$25,000], the commissioners court of the county must:
22	(1) comply with the competitive bidding or competitive
23	proposal procedures prescribed by this subchapter;
24	(2) use the reverse auction procedure, as defined by
25	Section 2155.062(d), Government Code, for purchasing; or
26	(3) comply with a method described by Subchapter H,
27	Chapter 271.

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1 SECTION 19. Section 270.007(f), Local Government Code, is
2 amended to read as follows:

(f) Except as provided by Subsection (b), [upon-request of 3 any-person_r] a county may [shall] sell or license software under 4 this section for a price negotiated between the county and the 5 person, including another governmental entity [, not to exceed the 6 developmental cost to the county. Developmental cost shall only 7 include costs incurred under a contract to procure the software or 8 direct employee costs incurred to develop the software. This 9 10 subsection does not apply to any county software that protects county computer systems from unauthorized use or access]. 11

SECTION 20. Section 271.024, Local Government Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 271.024. COMPETITIVE BIDDING PROCEDURE APPLICABLE TO 14 15 CONTRACT. The bidding of [If a governmental entity is required by statute to award] a contract awarded by a governmental entity for 16 the construction, repair, or renovation of a structure, road, 17 highway, or other improvement or addition to real property [on the 18 basis of competitive bids, and if the contract requires the 19 expenditure of more than \$25,000 from the funds of the entity, the 20 bidding on the contract] must be accomplished in the manner 21 provided by this subchapter if: 22

(1) a statute requires the governmental entity to
 award the contract on the basis of competitive bids; and

25 (2) the contract requires the expenditure of more
26 than:

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(A) \$25,000 from the funds of a governmental

1 entity other than a county; or (B) \$50,000 from the funds of a county. 2 SECTION 21. Section 363.156(b), Local Government Code, is 3 amended to read as follows: 4 To the extent competitive bidding procedures in Title 8 5 (b) apply, the board may not enter purchasing contracts that involve 6 7 spending more than \$50,000 [\$25,000] unless the board complies 8 with: Subchapter C, Chapter 262, if the district was 9 (1)created by a county; or 10 Chapter 252, if the district was created by a 11(2)12 municipality. SECTION 22. Section 387.003, Local Government Code, 13 is amended by amending Subsections (a), (b), (b-1), (c), (e), (f), and 14(h) and adding Subsections (a-1), (i), and (j) to read as follows: 15 The commissioners court of the county may call an 16 (a) 17 election on the question of creating a county assistance district under this chapter. More than one county assistance district may be 18 19 created in a county, but not more than one county assistance district may be created in a commissioner's precinct. 20 (a-1) A district may [to] perform the following functions in 21 the district: 22 23 the construction, maintenance, or improvement of (1)24 roads or highways; 25 (2) the provision of law enforcement and detention 26 services; 27 (3)the maintenance or improvement of libraries,

1 museums, parks, or other recreational facilities;

2 (4) the provision of services that benefit the public
3 health or welfare, including the provision of firefighting and fire
4 prevention services; or

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(b)

(5) the promotion of economic development and tourism.The order calling the election must:

(1) define the boundaries of the district to include
any portion of the county in which the combined tax rate of all
local sales and use taxes imposed, including the rate to be imposed
by the district if approved at the election, would not exceed <u>the</u>
<u>maximum combined rate of sales and use taxes imposed by political</u>
<u>subdivisions of this state that is prescribed by Sections 321.101</u>
and 323.101, Tax Code [two percent]; and

14 (2) call for the election to be held within those15 boundaries.

(b-1) If the proposed district includes any territory of a 16 municipality, the commissioners court shall send notice by 17 certified mail to the governing body of the municipality of the 18 commissioners court's intent to create the district. If the 19 municipality has created a development corporation under Chapter 20 504 or 505, Local Government Code [Section 4A or 4B, Development 21 Corporation Act of 1979 (Article 5190.6, Vernon's Texas Civil 22 Statutes)], the commissioners court shall also send the notice to 23 the board of directors of the corporation. The commissioners court 24 must send the notice not later than the 60th day before the date the 25 commissioners court orders the election. The governing body of the 26 municipality may exclude the territory of the municipality from the 27

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1 proposed district by sending notice by certified mail to the 2 commissioners court of the governing body's desire to exclude the 3 municipal territory from the district. The governing body must 4 send the notice not later than the 45th day after the date the 5 governing body receives notice from the commissioners court under 6 this subsection. The territory of a municipality that is excluded 7 under this subsection may subsequently be included in:

8 (1) the district in an election held under Subsection 9 (f) with the consent of the municipality; or

10 (2) another district after complying with the 11 requirements of this subsection and after an election under 12 <u>Subsection (f)</u>.

(c) The ballot at the election must be printed to permit voting for or against the proposition: "Authorizing the creation of the _____ County Assistance District <u>No.____</u> (insert name of district) and the imposition of a sales and use tax at the rate of <u>_____</u> [of _____ one] percent (insert [one-eighth, one-fourth, three-eighths, or one-half, as] appropriate <u>rate</u>) for the purpose of financing the operations of the district."

(e) If a majority of the votes received at the election are against the creation of the district, <u>the district is not created</u> and the county at any time may call one or more elections [another election] on the question of creating <u>one or more</u> [a] county assistance <u>districts</u> [district may not be held in the county before the first anniversary of the most recent election concerning the creation of a district].

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(f) The commissioners court may call an election to be held

in an area of the county that is not located in a district created 1 under this section to determine whether the area should be included 2 3 in the district and whether the district's sales and use tax should 4 be imposed in the area. An election may not be held in an area in which the combined tax rate of all local sales and use taxes 5 imposed, including the rate to be imposed by the district if 6 approved at the election, would exceed the maximum combined rate of 7 sales and use taxes imposed by political subdivisions of this state 8 9 that is prescribed by Sections 321.101 and 323.101, Tax Code [two 10 percent].

If more than one election to authorize a local sales and 11 (h) 12 use tax is held on the same day in the area of a proposed district or an area proposed to be added to a district and if the resulting 13 14 approval by the voters would cause the imposition of a local sales and use tax in any area to exceed the maximum combined rate of sales 15 16 and use taxes of political subdivisions of this state that is prescribed by Sections 321.101 and 323.101, Tax Code [two percent], 17 only a tax authorized at an election under this section may be 18 imposed. 19

(i) In addition to the authority to include an area in a district under Subsection (f), the governing body of a district by order may include an area in the district on receipt of a petition or petitions signed by the owner or owners of the majority of the land in the area to be included in the district. If there are no gualified voters in the area to be included in the district, no election is required.

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(j) The commissioners court by order may exclude an area

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from the district if the district has no outstanding bonds payable 1 wholly or partly from sales and use taxes and the exclusion does not 2 impair any outstanding district debt or contractual obligation. 3 SECTION 23. Section 387.005, Local Government Code, is 4 amended to read as follows: 5 Sec. 387.005. GOVERNING BODY. (a) The commissioners 6 7 court of the county in which the district is created by order shall provide that: 8 (1) the commissioners court is the governing body of 9 10 the district; or 11 (2) the commissioners court shall appoint a governing body of the district. 12 (b) A member of the governing body of the district 13 [commissioners-court] is not entitled to compensation for service 14 15 [on the governing body of the district] but is entitled to 16 reimbursement for actual and necessary expenses. 17 (c) A board of directors appointed by the commissioners 18 court under this section shall consist of five directors who serve staggered terms of two years. To be eligible to serve as a 19 director, a person must be at least 18 years of age and a resident of 20 the county in which the district is located. The initial directors 21 shall draw lots to achieve staggered terms, with three of the 22 directors serving one-year terms and two of the directors serving 23 24 two-year terms. 25 SECTION 24. Section 387.006(a), Local Government Code, is 26 amended to read as follows: 27 (a) A district may:

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1 (1) perform any act necessary to the full exercise of 2 the district's functions; 3 (2) accept a grant or loan from: 4 (A) the United States; 5 (B) an agency or political subdivision of this 6 state; or 7 a public or private person; (C) 8 (3) acquire, sell, lease, convey, or otherwise dispose 9 of property or an interest in property under terms determined by the 10 district; (4) employ necessary personnel; [and] 11 adopt rules to govern the operation of the 12 (5) district and its employees and property; and 13 (6) enter into agreements with municipalities 14 necessary or convenient to achieve the district's purposes, 15 including agreements regarding the duration, rate, and allocation 16 between the district and the municipality of sales and use taxes. 17 SECTION 25. Section 387.007, Local Government Code, is 18 amended by amending Subsection (b) and adding Subsection (c) to 19 20 read as follows: (b) A district may not adopt a sales and use tax under this 21 22 chapter if the adoption of the tax would result in a combined tax rate of all local sales and use taxes that would exceed the maximum 23 combined rate prescribed by Sections 321.101 and 323.101, Tax Code, 24 [of more than two percent] in any location in the district. 25 26 (c) A district may define areas in the district to pay for improvements, facilities, or services that primarily benefit that 27

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area and do not generally and directly benefit the district as a 1 whole. The district may impose different rates of sales and use tax 2 in each defined area, provided that the sales and use tax rate does 3 not exceed the rate approved at an election held under Section 4 387.003. 5 SECTION 26. Section 387.009, Local Government Code, 6 is 7 amended to read as follows: Sec. 387.009. TAX RATE. The rate of a tax adopted under 8 this chapter must be in increments of one-eighth[, one-fourth, 9 three-eighths, or one-half] of one percent. 10 SECTION 27. Sections 387.010(a), (b), and (c), Local 11 Government Code, are amended to read as follows: 12 A district that has adopted a sales and use tax under 13 (a) this chapter may, by order and subject to Section 387.007(b): 14 (1) reduce [, change] the rate of the tax or repeal the 15 tax without an election, except that the district may not repeal the 16 sales and use tax or reduce the rate of the sales and use tax below 17 the amount pledged to secure payment of an outstanding district 18 debt or contractual obligation; 19 20 (2) increase the rate of the sales and use tax, if the 21 increased rate of the sales and use tax will not exceed the rate approved at an election held under Section 387.003; or 22 23 (3) increase the rate of the sales and use tax to a rate that exceeds the rate approved at an election held under 24 25 Section 387.003 after [if] the increase [change or repeal] is approved by a majority of the votes received in the district at an 26 27 election held for that purpose.

(b) The tax may be changed under Subsection (a) in one or
 more increments of one-eighth of one percent [to a maximum of
 one-half of one percent].

4 (c) The ballot for an election to increase [change] the tax shall be printed to permit voting for or against the proposition: 5 6 "The increase [change] of a sales and use tax for the ____ County Assistance District No. ____ (insert name of district) from the rate 7 8 of ____ [of one] percent (insert [one-fourth, three-eighths, or one-half, as] appropriate <u>rate</u>) to the rate of _____ [of-one] percent 9 10 (insert [one-fourth, three-eighths, or one-half, as] appropriate 11 rate)."

SECTION 28. Section 387.012, Local Government Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 387.012. EFFECTIVE DATE OF TAX. The adoption of the 14 tax, the <u>increase or reduction</u> [change] of the tax rate, or the 15 repeal of the tax takes effect on the first day of the first 16 calendar quarter occurring after the expiration of the first 17 complete guarter occurring after the date the comptroller receives 18 a copy of the order of the district's governing body [notice of the 19 results of the election] adopting, increasing, reducing 20 [changing], or repealing the tax. 21

22 SECTION 29. Section 1702.104(b), Occupations Code, is 23 amended to read as follows:

(b) For purposes of Subsection (a)(1), <u>"obtaining or</u> furnishing information<u>"</u> includes information obtained or furnished through the review and analysis of, and the investigation into the content of, computer-based data not available to the public.

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"Obtaining or furnishing information" does not include information 1 obtained or furnished by an information technology professional who 2 3 is an employee of a county and who is: (1) in the course and scope of employment, installing 4 or repairing computer equipment belonging to the county or is 5 examining the cause for required repair; and 6 7 (2) not performing any other act that requires a 8 license under this chapter. 9 SECTION 30. Chapter 51, Property Code, is amended by adding Section 51.0022 to read as follows: 10 Sec. 51.0022. FORECLOSURE DATA COLLECTION. 11 (a) In this 12 section, "department" means the Texas Department of Housing and 13 Community Affairs. (b) A person filing a notice of sale of residential property 14 15 under Section 51.002(b) must submit to the county clerk a completed 16 form that provides the zip code for the property. 17 (c) On completion of a sale of real property, the trustee or sheriff shall submit to the county clerk a completed form that 18 19 contains information on whether the property is residential and the 20 zip code of the property. 21 (d) Not later than the 30th day after the date of receipt of 22 a form under this section, the county clerk shall transmit the form 23 to the department. 24 (e) The board of the department shall prescribe the forms 25 required under this section. The forms may only request 26 information on whether the property is residential and the zip code 27 of the property.

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(f) The department shall report the information received
 under this section quarterly to the legislature in a format
 established by the board of the department by rule.

4 SECTION 31. Articles 20.011(a) and 20.02(b), Code of 5 Criminal Procedure, as amended by this Act, and Article 20.151, 6 Code of Criminal Procedure, as added by this Act, apply only to 7 testimony before a grand jury that is impaneled on or after the 8 effective date of this Act.

9 SECTION 32. Article 27.18, Code of Criminal Procedure, as 10 amended by this Act, applies to a plea of guilty or nolo contendere 11 entered on or after the effective date of this Act, regardless of 12 whether the offense with reference to which the plea is entered is 13 committed before, on, or after that date.

SECTION 33. Article 38.073, Code of Criminal Procedure, as amended by this Act, applies only to the testimony of an inmate witness that is taken on or after the effective date of this Act.

17 SECTION 34. (a) Section 61.001(f), Government Code, as 18 amended by this Act, applies only to a disbursement for the 19 reimbursement for jury service expenses on or after the effective 20 date of this Act.

(b) The changes in law made by Sections 262.003, 262.023, 271.024, and 363.156, Local Government Code, as amended by this Act, apply only to a purchase made or contract executed on or after the effective date of this Act. A purchase made or contract executed before the effective date of this Act is governed by the law in effect immediately before that date, and the former law is continued in effect for that purpose.

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1 (c) The board of the Texas Department of Housing and 2 Community Affairs shall adopt the forms and rules required by 3 Section 51.0022, Property Code, as added by this Act, not later than 4 January 1, 2010.

(d) The change in law made by Section 51.0022, Property
Code, as added by this Act, applies only to a notice of sale filed on
or after January 1, 2010. A notice of sale filed before January 1,
2010, is governed by the law in effect immediately before that date,
and the former law is continued in effect for that purpose.

SECTION 35. Section 387.010(d), Local Government Code, is 11 repealed.

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12 SECTION 36. This Act takes effect September 1, 2009.

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FLOOR AMENDMENT NO.

Amend C.S.H.B. 3485 (Senate Committee Printing) by adding the following SECTIONS and renumbering subsequent SECTIONS appropriately:

4 SECTION _____ Subsection (a), Section 250.003, Local 5 Government Code, is amended to read as follows:

6 (a) An individual who is an employee of the owner of real 7 property for which a citation for a violation of a county or 8 municipal rule or ordinance is issued, or of a company that 9 manages the property on behalf of the property owner, is not 10 personally liable for criminal or civil penalties resulting from 11 the violation if, not later than five calendar days after the 12 date the citation is issued, the individual provides the 13 property owner's name, current street address, and telephone 14number to the enforcement official who issues the citation or 15 the official's superior.

16 SECTION _____ Section 250.004, Local Government Code, is 17 amended to read as follows:

18 Sec. 250.004. AGENT FOR SERVICE; NOTICE OF CITATION. 19 (a) The [If the property owner's street address is not in this 20 state, the] employee of the owner or management company to whom 21 a citation described by Section 250.003 is issued is considered 22 the owner's agent for accepting service of the citation for the 23 violation of the county or municipal rule or ordinance. Service 24 of the citation on the agent has the same legal effect as 25 service on the owner for the purpose of fines against the owner 26 or the property, including a warrant or capias.

27 (b) The county or municipality issuing the citation shall 28 mail notice of the citation to the property owner at the address 29 most recently provided to the county or municipality by the

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property owner or by the employee of the owner or management
company under Section 250.003(a). This subsection does not
require a county or municipality to mail notice using a service
that provides delivery confirmation.
SECTION ____ The change in law made by Section 250.003 and
250.004, Local Government Code, is effective on or after January

7 1, 2010.

ADOPTED

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Letay A FLOOR AMENDMENT NO

BY:

Amend C.S.H.B. No. 3485 (senate committee printing) by adding 1 2 the following appropriately numbered SECTIONS to the bill and renumbering subsequent SECTIONS of the bill accordingly: 3 SECTION _____. Subchapter A, Chapter 372, Local Government 4 Code, is amended to read as follows: 5 6 SUBCHAPTER A. PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS 7 Sec. 372.001. SHORT TITLE. This subchapter may be cited as 8 the Public Improvement District Assessment Act. 9 Sec. 372.0015. DEFINITIONS [DEFINITION]. In this 10 subchapter: 11 (1) "Authorized instrumentality" means a public facility corporation created by the governing body of a 12 13 municipality or county under Chapter 303 or a local government corporation created by the governing body of a municipality or 1415 county under Subchapter D, Chapter 431, Transportation Code. (2) "Extraterritorial[, 16 jurisdiction" means extraterritorial jurisdiction of a 17 municipality as determined under Chapter 42. 18 (3) "Public improvement district" or "district" means 19 20 an area defined by the governing body of a municipality or county 21 that: (A) consists of one or 22 more contiguous or noncontiguous tracts of land; and 23 (B) will be specially benefited as determined by 24 the municipality or county by any or all of the public improvements 25 26 or services. (4) "Qualified costs" means the costs and expenses 27 incurred in establishing, administering, managing, and operating a 28

29 <u>public improvement district, including:</u>

(A) costs and expenses of or related to the 1 construction of an improvement project; 2 (B) financing of an improvement project by a 3 municipality, county, or authorized instrumentality, including the 4 debt service requirements owed or to be owed under installment 5 purchase or reimbursement contracts, temporary notes, time 6 warrants, revenue bonds, special assessment bonds, or certificates 7 of obligation, including reserve funds and capitalized interest; 8 (C) costs and expenses of or related to the 9 negotiation, development, and execution of the obligations 10 11 described by Paragraph (B); (D) costs and expenses of or related to credit 12 and interest rate management agreements entered into under Chapter 13 14 1371, Government Code; (E) costs of attorneys and other professional 15 16 advisors, including consultants; and 17 (F) costs related to the administrative oversight of public improvements, services, and operations of the 18 19 public improvement district. 20 (5) "Revenue bonds" means bonds, notes, or other 21 securities issued by a municipality, county, or authorized instrumentality that are payable from and secured by liens on all or 22 23 part, or a combination of, the revenue derived from installment 24 payments of special assessments plus any other revenues, donations, 25 grants, or income described by Section 372.026(e). 26 (6) "Special assessment bonds" means bonds, notes, or 27 other securities issued by a municipality, county, or authorized 28 instrumentality that are payable solely from and secured by special assessments levied by the governing body of the municipality or 29 30 county in a public improvement district. 31 (7) "Special district" means a political subdivision

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1 of this state with a limited geographic area created by local law or 2 under general law for a special purpose.

3 Sec. 372.002. EXERCISE OF POWERS. (a) A public
4 improvement district is not a separate body politic or corporate
5 from the municipality or county that created the district.

6 (b) Subject to Section 372.010(c), powers [Powers] granted 7 under this subchapter in an area comprising a public improvement 8 district may be exercised by a municipality or county <u>on and after</u> 9 <u>the date</u> [in which] the governing body of the municipality or county 10 [initiates or] receives a petition requesting the establishment of 11 a public improvement district <u>that complies</u>[. A petition must 12 <u>comply</u>] with the requirements of Section 372.005.

13 (c) The powers granted under this subchapter may be exercised by the governing body of any other political subdivision 14 15 if the law creating or governing the political subdivision grants the political subdivision authority described by this subchapter. 16 17 The governing body of the political subdivision has the same powers and is subject to the same limitations as are applicable to the 18 governing body of a municipality or a county under this subchapter 19 20 unless and except as modified by the law creating or governing the political subdivision. 21

AND Sec. 372.003. AUTHORIZED 22 IMPROVEMENTS SERVICES. If the governing body of a municipality or county finds that it 23 (a) promotes the interests of the municipality or county, the governing 24 25 body may create one or more public improvement districts under this subchapter and undertake one or more [an] improvement projects 26 [project] that confer [confers] a special benefit on the property 27 28 located in the public improvement district [a definable part of the municipality or county or the municipality's extraterritorial 29 30 jurisdiction]. A project may be undertaken within or outside the 31 district in the municipality or county or in the municipality's

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extraterritorial jurisdiction if the project benefits the 1 district. 2 A public improvement project may include: 3 (b) (1)landscaping; 4 erection of fountains, distinctive lighting, and 5 (2)6 signs; acquiring, constructing, improving, repairing, 7 (3) widening, narrowing, closing, or rerouting of sidewalks or of 8 streets, roads, highways, bridges, culverts, water retention 9 10 walls, [any other roadways,] or related [their] rights-of-way owned by or to be conveyed to the municipality, the county, the federal 11 government, or another political subdivision or entity exercising 12 13 powers granted under this subchapter; (4) construction or improvement of pedestrian malls; 14 15 (5) acquisition and installation of pieces of art; (6) acquisition, construction, or improvement 16 of 17 [libraries; 18 [(7) acquisition, construction, or improvement of] 19 off-street parking facilities; 20 (7) [(8)] acquisition, construction, or improvement [τ or rerouting] of mass transportation facilities, including light 21 rail mass transit, streetcar, or similar systems, and related 22 vehicle parking facilities; 23 (8) [(9)] acquisition, construction, or improvement 24 of water, wastewater, or drainage facilities or improvements; 25 26 (9) [(10)] the establishment or improvement of parks_L 27 playgrounds, lakes, and open spaces, including paths, trails, boat docks, and wharves; 28 (10) acquisition, construction, or improvement of 29 other public projects that are determined by the municipality or 30 county to promote the interests of the municipality or county and to 31

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1	be of a special benefit to the public improvement district,
2	including:
3	(A) community centers, recreation centers, and
4	recreation facilities;
5	(B) libraries;
6	(C) facilities for police, sheriffs, or
7	firefighters;
8	(D) municipal or county administration centers;
9	and
10	(E) other governmental buildings for the
11	provision of governmental services;
12	(11) acquisition, construction, or improvement of
13	other public projects, facilities, or services required by a
14	development agreement, interlocal agreement, zoning regulation, or
15	permit issued by a municipality or county having jurisdiction in
16	the public improvement district;
17	(12) acquisition, construction, maintenance, or
18	improvement of buildings and other facilities commonly used for
19	teaching, research, or the preservation of knowledge by an
20	institution of higher education as defined by Section 372.0045 or
21	for auxiliary purposes of the institution, including
22	administration, student services and housing, athletics,
23	performing arts, and alumni support;
24	(13) [(11) projects similar to those listed in
25	Subdivisions (1)-(10)+
26	[(12)] acquisition, by purchase or otherwise, of real
27	property in connection with an authorized improvement; <u>and</u>
28	<u>(14)</u> [(13)] special supplemental services for
29	improvement and promotion of the district, including services
30	relating to <u>:</u>
31	(A) advertising;

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(B) [7] promotion; 1 [₇] health and sanitation; 2 (C) (D) [r] water and wastewater; 3 enhanced fire protection, police, sheriff, (E) 4 and other [7] public safety and [7] security; 5 (F) [7] business recruitment; 6 (G) 7 [7] development; $[\tau]$ recreation; $[\tau]$ and 8 (H) 9 (I) cultural enhancement[, and [(14) payment of expenses incurred 10 <u>-in</u> the establishment, administration, and operation of the district]. 11 (b-1) The legislature finds that a purpose described by 12 Subsection (b)(12), including an auxiliary purpose, is an 13 authorized economic development purpose of a county or municipality 14 under Section 52-a, Article III, Texas Constitution. 15 (c) A public improvement project may include or may be 16 limited to the provision of <u>all or any part of</u> the services 17 18 described by Subsection (b)(14) [(b)(13)]. 19 A municipality that exercises powers under this (d) subchapter may establish a public improvement district in the 20 corporate limits or the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the 21 A county or other political subdivision that 22 municipality. exercises powers under this subchapter may establish a public 23 improvement district in the county or the area of the political 24 subdivision, including in the corporate limits or the 25 extraterritorial jurisdiction of a municipality unless within 30 26 days after the date notice is provided to the municipality of an [a 27 county's] action to approve [such] a public improvement district, 28 the [a home rule] municipality objects to the district's [its] 29 establishment within the municipality's corporate limits 30 or extraterritorial jurisdiction. 31

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1 Sec. 372.004. COMBINED IMPROVEMENTS. <u>A public</u> [An] 2 improvement project may consist of an improvement on more than one 3 street or of more than one type of improvement. <u>An improvement</u> [A] 4 project described by this section may be included in one proceeding 5 and financed as one improvement project.

<u>Sec. 372.0045. AUTHORIZED HIGHER EDUCATION FACILITIES;</u>
<u>LEASE TO INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION.</u> (a) In this section,
<u>"institution of higher education" has the meaning assigned by</u>
<u>Section 61.003, Education Code.</u>

10 (b) The governing body of a municipality or county that 11establishes a public improvement district to finance a public 12 improvement project described by Section 372.003(b)(12) may enter 13 into a memorandum of understanding with an institution of higher education that provides educational services in the municipality or 14 15 county under which the municipality or county leases the public 16 improvement project to the institution, at a nominal rate, for use 17 by the institution in providing teaching, research, public service, 18 or auxiliary enterprise activities to students of the institution.

19 (c) A memorandum of understanding entered into by a 20 municipality or county under this section must include adequate 21 controls to ensure that the lease of the public improvement project 22 promotes the municipality's or county's interests and provides a 23 public benefit to the area served by the district.

24 Sec. 372.005. PETITION. (a) A petition for the 25 establishment of a public improvement district must state:

26 (1) the general nature of the proposed <u>improvements</u>
27 [<u>improvement</u>];

28 (2) the estimated <u>qualified costs</u> [cost] of the 29 <u>improvements</u> [improvement];

30 (3) the boundaries of the proposed [assessment]
31 district;

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the proposed method of assessment, which may (4) 1 specify included or excluded classes of assessable property; 2 [the proposed apportionment of cost between the 3 (5)public improvement district and the municipality or county as a 4 5 whole; [-(6)] whether the management of the district is to be 6 7 by: the municipality; 8 (A) (B) 9 <u>the</u> [or] county; (C) an authorized instrumentality; 10 (D) $[\tau]$ the private sector; $[\tau]$ or 11 a partnership between the private sector and (E) 12 one of the entities described by Paragraphs (A)-(C) [municipality 13 or county and the private sector]; 14 15 (6) [(7)] that the persons signing the petition request or concur with the establishment of the district; and 16 (7) [(8)] that an advisory body may be established or 17 an authorized instrumentality may be incorporated to develop and 18 recommend an improvement plan to the governing body of the 19 20 municipality or county. 21 The petition is sufficient if signed by: (b) 22 (1) owners of taxable real property representing more 23 than 50 percent of the appraised value of taxable real property 24 liable for assessment under the proposal, as determined by the current roll of the appraisal district in which the property is 25 located; and 26 27 (2)record owners of real property liable for 28 assessment under the proposal who: 29 (A) constitute more than 50 percent of all record owners of property that is liable for assessment under the 30 31 proposal; or

1 (B) own taxable real property that constitutes 2 more than 50 percent of the area of all taxable real property that 3 is liable for assessment under the proposal.

(c) A [The] petition filed with the municipality may be 4 filed with the municipal secretary or other officer performing the 5 functions of the municipal secretary. A petition filed with the 6 7 county may be filed with the county clerk or other officer designated by the commissioners court. A petition filed with any 8 other political subdivision exercising powers under this 9 subchapter may be filed with the political subdivision's governing 10 11 body.

12 Sec. 372.006. FINDINGS. <u>(a)</u> If a petition that complies 13 with this subchapter is filed, the governing body of the 14 municipality or county may make findings by resolution as to:

(1) the advisability of the proposed <u>improvements;</u>

16 (2) the [improvement, its] estimated qualified costs
17 of the proposed improvements; and

18 (3) [cost₇] the method of assessment[, and the 19 apportionment of cost between the proposed improvement district and 20 the municipality or county as a whole].

21 (b) The governing body's findings under this section are 22 conclusive.

23 Sec. 372.007. FEASIBILITY REPORT. (a) Before holding the 24 hearing required by Section 372.009, the governing body of the 25 municipality may use the services of municipal employees, the 26 governing body of the county may use the services of county employees, or the governing body of the municipality or county may 27 employ consultants to prepare a report to determine whether 28 29 improvements [an improvement] should be made as proposed by 30 petition or otherwise or whether <u>improvements</u> [the improvement] 31 should be made in combination with other improvements authorized

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1 under this subchapter. The governing body may also require that a 2 preliminary estimate of the <u>qualified costs</u> [cost] of <u>improvements</u> 3 [the improvement] or <u>a</u> combination of improvements be made.

(b) For the purpose of determining the feasibility and
desirability of <u>a public</u> [an] improvement district, the governing
body may take other preliminary steps before the hearing required
by Section 372.009 <u>and</u>[7] before establishing a public improvement
district[7 or before entering into a contract].

9 Sec. 372.008. ADVISORY BODY. (a) <u>The</u> [After receiving a 10 petition that complies with Section 372.005, the] governing body of 11 the municipality or county, on the governing body's own initiative 12 or after receiving a petition that complies with Section 372.005, 13 may appoint an advisory body with the responsibility of developing 14 and recommending an improvement plan to the governing body.

15 (b) The composition of <u>an</u> [the] advisory body, <u>if</u> 16 <u>established</u>, must include:

(1) owners of taxable real property representing more than 50 percent of the appraised value of taxable real property liable for assessment under the proposal, as determined by the current roll of the appraisal district in which the property is located; and

(2) record owners or real property liable for
 assessment under the proposal who:

(A) constitute more than 50 percent of all record
owners of property that is liable for assessment under the
proposal; or

(B) own taxable real property that constitutes
more than 50 percent of the area of all taxable real property that
is liable for assessment under the proposal.

30 (c) The members of the advisory body serve at the will of the 31 governing body of the municipality or county creating the public

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1 improvement district and may be removed at any time.

2 Sec. 372.009. HEARING. (a) A public improvement district 3 may be established and improvements provided by the district may be 4 financed under this subchapter only after the governing body of the 5 municipality or county holds a public hearing on the advisability 6 of the improvements [improvement].

7 (b) The hearing may be adjourned from time to time until the8 governing body makes findings by resolution as to:

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the advisability of <u>each</u> [the] improvement;

10 (2) the nature of <u>each</u> [the] improvement;

11 (3) the estimated <u>qualified_costs</u> [cost] of <u>each</u> [the]
12 improvement;

13 (4) the boundaries of the [public improvement] 14 district; and

15

(5) the method of assessment[; and

16 [(6) the apportionment of costs between the district
17 and the municipality or county as a whole].

18 Notice of the hearing must be given in a newspaper of (c) 19 general circulation in the municipality or county. If any part of 20 improvement district is located thepublic to be in the 21 municipality's extraterritorial jurisdiction or if any part of the undertaken 22 improvements is to be in the municipality's extraterritorial jurisdiction, the notice must also be filed with 23 the municipal secretary or other officer performing the duties of 24 the municipal secretary and published [given] in a newspaper of 25 26 general circulation in the part of the extraterritorial jurisdiction in which the district is to be located or in which the 27 improvements are to be undertaken. The final publication of notice 28 29 must be made before the 15th day before the date of the hearing. The notice must state: 30

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the time and place of the hearing;

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(2) the general nature of the proposed <u>improvements</u>
 [improvement];

3 (3) the estimated <u>qualified costs</u> [cost] of the 4 proposed improvements [improvement];

5 (4) the boundaries of the proposed <u>public improvement</u>
6 [assessment] district; <u>and</u>

(5) the proposed method of assessment[; and

8 [(6) the proposed apportionment of cost between the 9 improvement district and the municipality or county as a whole].

(d) Written notice containing the information required by Subsection (c) must be mailed before the 15th day before the date of the hearing. The notice must be addressed to "Property Owner" and mailed to the current address of the owner, as reflected on tax rolls, of property subject to assessment under the proposed public improvement district.

Sec. 372.010. IMPROVEMENT ORDER. (a) During the six-month 16 period after the date of the final adjournment of the hearing under 17 Section 372.009, the governing body of the municipality or county 18 19 may authorize the creation of a public [an] improvement district subject to Section 372.012 if, by majority vote of all members of 20 21 the governing body, the governing body adopts [members adopt] a resolution authorizing the district in accordance with its finding 22 23 as to the advisability of the improvements [improvement].

An authorization takes effect when it has been published 24 (b) one time in a newspaper of general circulation in the municipality 25 or county. If any part of the [improvement] district is located in 26 27 the municipality's extraterritorial jurisdiction or if any part of the improvements is to be undertaken in the municipality's 28 extraterritorial jurisdiction, the authorization does not take 29 effect until the notice is also given one time in a newspaper of 30 31 general circulation in the part of the extraterritorial

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jurisdiction in which the district is located or in which the
 improvements are to be undertaken.

(c) Actual construction of <u>improvements</u> [an improvement] 3 may not begin, and acquisition of existing improvements may not 4 occur, until after the 20th day after the date the authorization 5 takes effect and may not begin if during that 20-day period written 6 protests signed by at least two-thirds of the owners of record of 7 property within the [improvement] district or by the owners of 8 record of property comprising at least two-thirds of the total area 9 10 of the district are filed with the municipal [or-county] secretary or other officer performing the duties of the municipal [or county] 11 secretary or the county clerk or other officer designated by the 12 commissioners court. A person whose name appears on a protest may 13 14 withdraw the name from the protest at any time before the governing body of the municipality or county convenes to determine the 15 sufficiency of the protest. 16

17 (d) Before the levy of assessments under Section 372.017, the property owners in the district who signed the original 18 19 petition may petition the governing body to amend the resolution creating the district adopted under Subsection (a) to amend the 20 estimated qualified costs of the improvements, including adding or 21 deleting improvement projects. The governing body shall provide 22 notice of the owners' petition and hold a public hearing as provided 23 by Section 372.009 to make findings, by amended resolution, of the 24 25 nature and estimated qualified costs of each improvement. A county or other entity that proposes to amend a resolution under this 26 27 subsection in the corporate boundaries or extraterritorial jurisdiction of a municipality shall provide notice to the 28 29 municipality on or before the 30th day before the date the entity amends the resolution. 30

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Sec. 372.011. DISSOLUTION. <u>(a)</u> A public hearing may be

[called and] held after giving notice in the same manner as a 1 hearing under Section 372.009 for the purpose of dissolving a 2 district if a petition requesting dissolution is filed and the 3 petition contains the signatures of at least enough property owners 4 in the district to make a petition sufficient under Section 5 372.005(b). If the district is dissolved, the district nonetheless 6 shall remain in effect for the purpose of meeting obligations of 7 indebtedness for improvements. 8

9 (b) A district may be dissolved at the discretion of the 10 governing body without a petition only if no assessments have been 11 levied on property in the district or if assessments previously 12 levied have been paid in full and the district has no other 13 outstanding obligations. A dissolution under this subsection may 14 not occur until after the governing body holds a hearing and gives 15 notice in the manner required by Section 372.009.

16 Sec. 372.012. AREA OF DISTRICT. The area of a public 17 improvement district to be assessed according to the findings of 18 the governing body of the municipality or county establishing the boundaries may include contiguous and noncontiguous tracts of land 19 and may be less than the area described in the proposed boundaries 20 21 stated by the notice under Section 372.009. The area to be assessed 22 may not include property not described by the notice as being within 23 the proposed boundaries of the district unless a hearing is held to include the property and notice for the hearing is given in the same 24 25 manner as notice under Section 372.009.

Sec. 372.013. SERVICE PLAN. (a) The advisory body shall prepare an ongoing service plan and present the plan to the governing body of the municipality or county for review and approval. The governing body may assign responsibility for the plan to <u>the employees of the governing body or an authorized</u> <u>instrumentality or to</u> another entity <u>instead</u> [<u>in the absence</u>] of an

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1 advisory body.

2 (b) The plan must cover a period of at least five years and 3 must also define the annual indebtedness and the projected 4 <u>qualified</u> costs for improvements.

5 (c) The plan shall be reviewed and updated annually for the 6 purpose of determining the annual budget for improvements. As part 7 of the annual update, a revised assessment roll must be prepared to 8 reflect any division of parcels and any reallocation of assessments 9 based on the division.

10 Sec. 372.014. ASSESSMENT PLAN; PAYMENT BY EXEMPT 11 JURISDICTIONS. (a) An assessment plan must be included in the 12 annual service plan prepared under Section 372.013.

(b) The municipality or county is responsible for payment of assessments against exempt municipal or county property in the district <u>if any assessments are levied</u>. Payment of assessments by other exempt jurisdictions must be established by contract.

17 (c) The assessment plan may require the district to be divided into development phases and, subject to Sections 372.016 18 and 372.017, may levy assessments periodically in separate 19 20 development phases or may stagger the collection of assessments, with different development phases in the district assigned 21 22 different payment and collection dates. The development phases and staggered collection dates may be coordinated with the installation 23 of the improvements or with the maturity dates of installation 24 purchase or reimbursement contract obligations or with temporary 25 notes, time warrants, or bonds [An assessment paid by the 26 27 municipality or county under this subsection is considered to have been paid by special assessment for the purposes of Subsection 28 (a)]. 29

30 Sec. 372.015. DETERMINATION OF ASSESSMENT. (a) The 31 governing body of the municipality or county shall apportion the

1 <u>qualified costs</u> [cost] of an improvement to be assessed against 2 property in <u>a public</u> [an] improvement district. The apportionment 3 shall be made on the basis of special benefits accruing to the 4 property because of the improvement.

5 (b) <u>The qualified costs</u> [Cost] of an improvement may be 6 assessed:

7 (1) equally per front foot or square foot;

8 (2) according to the value of the property as 9 determined by the governing body, with or without regard to 10 improvements on the property; or

11 (3) in any other manner that results in imposing equal 12 shares of the <u>qualified costs</u> [cost] on property similarly 13 benefitted.

14 (c) The governing body may establish by ordinance or order:
15 (1) reasonable classifications and formulas for the
16 apportionment of the qualified costs [cost] between the

17 municipality or county and the area to be assessed; and

18 (2) the methods of assessing the special benefits for19 various classes of improvements.

(d) The amount of assessment for each property owner may be:
 (1) adjusted following the annual review of the
 service plan; and

23 (2) reallocated, but not increased, if an assessed
24 parcel has been divided.

25 (e) Notice of any reallocation of assessments shall be given
26 to the property owner of the divided parcel.

27 (f) The findings, determinations, and assessments made by
 28 the governing body under this section are conclusive.

29 Sec. 372.016. ASSESSMENT ROLL. (a) <u>The</u> [After the total 30 cost of an improvement is determined, the governing body of the] 31 municipality or county shall prepare a proposed assessment roll 1 <u>based on the estimated qualified costs of the improvements</u>. The 2 roll must state the assessment against each parcel of land in the 3 district <u>and</u>[, as determined by] the method of assessment [chosen 4 by the municipality or county under this subchapter].

(b) The [governing body-shall-file-the] proposed assessment 5 6 roll must be filed with the municipal secretary or other officer 7 performing the functions of the municipal secretary or in a district formed by a county, the county tax assessor-collector. 8 The proposed assessment roll is subject to public inspection. When 9 the assessment roll is filed, the appropriate designated officer 10 11 described by this subsection shall [The governing body shall require the municipal secretary or other officer or county tax 12 assessor-collector to] publish notice of the governing body's 13 14 intention to consider the proposed assessments at a public hearing. 15 The notice must be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the municipality or county before the 10th day before the date of 16 If any part of the public improvement district is 17 the hearing. located in the municipality's extraterritorial jurisdiction or if 18 the improvements is to be undertaken in the 19 any part of municipality's extraterritorial jurisdiction, the notice must also 20 be published, before the 10th day before the date of the hearing, in 21 of 22 newspaper of general circulation in the part the а extraterritorial jurisdiction in which the district is located or 23 24 in which the improvements are to be undertaken. The notice must 25 state:

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the date, time, and place of the hearing;

27 (2) the general nature of the <u>improvements</u> 28 [improvement];

29 (3) the <u>qualified costs</u> [cost] of the <u>improvements</u> 30 [improvement];

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(4) the boundaries of the [assessment] district; and

(5) that written or oral objections will be considered
 at the hearing.

When the assessment roll is filed under Subsection (b), 3 (c) the appropriate designated [municipal secretary or other] officer 4 shall mail to the owners of property liable for assessment a notice 5 of the hearing. The notice must contain the information required by 6 Subsection (b) and the appropriate designated [secretary or other] 7 officer shall mail the notice to the last known address of the 8 property owner. The failure of a property owner to receive notice 9 does not invalidate the proceeding. 10

Sec. 372.017. LEVY OF <u>ASSESSMENTS</u> [ASSESSMENT]. (a) At or on the adjournment of the hearing referred to by Section 372.016 on proposed assessments, the governing body of the municipality or county must hear and pass on any objection to a proposed assessment. The governing body may:

16 amend a proposed assessment on any parcel; and (1) 17 (2) initially or by amendment, provide for reductions 18 of the amount of the annual assessment installments if and to the 19 extent other revenues of the municipality or county of any of the 20 types described by Section 372.026(e) are pledged or become 21 available to pay all or part of installment purchase or 22 reimbursement contract obligations or temporary notes, time 23 warrants, revenue bonds, special assessment bonds, or certificates 24 of obligation that are payable in whole or in part from the 25 assessment installments.

(b) After all objections have been heard and the governing body has passed on the objections, the governing body by ordinance or order shall levy the assessment <u>in the amount required to pay</u> <u>qualified costs</u> as a special assessment on the property. The governing body by ordinance or order shall specify the method of payment of the assessment. The governing body may provide that

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assessments be paid in periodic installments. The installments may 1 2 be in equal or different annual amounts, but must be in amounts each year necessary to meet annual qualified costs. The installments 3 [for-improvements and] must continue for a period and be in amounts 4 necessary to retire any [the] indebtedness or obligation to pay or 5 6 reimburse for the qualified costs, including the proper 7 administration of the district [on the improvements]. The 8 obligation to pay installments may be conditioned on the occurrence 9 of a future event or condition if the first periodic installment 10 payment of the assessment occurs on a date not later than the fifth 11 anniversary of the date the assessment was levied.

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(c) The governing body may:

13 (1) levy multiple assessments on property in the 14 district to finance all or part of public improvements and must 15 comply with Section 372.016 for each assessment;

16 (2) execute and deliver installment purchase or 17 reimbursement contracts or temporary notes or time warrants or 18 issue revenue bonds, special assessment bonds, or certificates of 19 obligation to pay the qualified costs or to refund previously 20 executed installment purchase or reimbursement contracts or 21 temporary notes or time warrants; and

22 (3) secure the obligations described by Subdivision
23 (2) by pledging one or more of the assessments levied under this
24 subchapter.

25 Sec. 372.018. INTEREST ON ASSESSMENT; LIEN. (a) An assessment bears interest at the rate and for the period specified 26 by the governing body of the municipality or county, but may not 27 exceed a rate that is [one-half of] one percent higher than the 28 interest rate paid on any installment purchase or 29 actual reimbursement contract obligation or temporary note or time warrant 30 31 [the public debt] used to finance or to evidence an obligation to

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pay for the improvement. If revenue bonds, special assessment 1 bonds, or certificates of obligation are issued to pay or refund any 2 of the obligations described by this subsection, the annual 3 interest rate is adjusted to a rate not to exceed one percent higher 4 than the actual rate paid on the bonds or certificates, if the rate 5 is lower than the rate on the obligations. Interest on the 6 assessment between the effective date of the ordinance or order 7 levying the assessment and the date the first installment is 8 payable shall be added to the first installment. The interest on 9 any delinquent installment shall be added to each subsequent 10 installment until all delinquent installments are paid. The added 11interest payable on an installment purchase or reimbursement 12 contract or a temporary note, time warrant, or bond under this 13 subsection may be used by a municipality or county to pay qualified 14 costs of improvements or the costs of administration of the 15 district, including the enforcement of assessments or the payment 16 or prepayment of obligations. 17

An assessment or reassessment, with interest, the 18 (b) 19 expense of collection, and reasonable attorney's fees, if incurred, is a first and prior lien against the property assessed, superior to 20 all other liens and claims except liens or claims for [state,] 21 22 county, <u>special</u> [school] district, or municipality ad valorem taxes, and is a personal liability of and charge against the owners 23 of the property regardless of whether the owners are named. 24 The lien is effective from the date of the ordinance or order levying 25 the assessment until the assessment is paid in full and may be 26 enforced by the governing body in the same manner that an ad valorem 27 tax lien against real property may be enforced by the governing 28 body. On the sale of assessed property, any installment or portion 29 of an assessment that is or will be payable for the property during 30 the year of the sale shall be prorated between the buyer and the 31

seller in the same manner as ad valorem taxes are prorated between a
 buyer and seller. Delinquent installments of the assessment shall
 incur interest, penalties, and [attorney's] fees in the same manner
 as delinquent ad valorem taxes.

5 (c) A district assessment on property under this subchapter 6 runs with the land. Any portion of an assessment payment obligation 7 that is not yet due is not eliminated by the foreclosure of an ad 8 valorem tax lien. Any purchaser of property at a foreclosure sale 9 under an ad valorem tax lien takes the property subject to any 10 assessment payment obligation that is not yet due and to the terms 11 of payment under the applicable assessment ordinance or order.

12 (d) The owner of assessed property may pay at any time <u>on any</u> 13 <u>parcel or lot</u> the entire assessment, with interest that:

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(1) has accrued on the assessment; and

15 (2) will accrue on the assessment until the next 16 scheduled prepayment or redemption date on the installment purchase 17 or reimbursement contract or temporary note, time warrant, revenue 18 bond, special assessment bond, or certificate of obligation that 19 secured the assessment[7 on any lot or parcel].

Sec. 372.019. SUPPLEMENTAL ASSESSMENTS. After notice and a hearing, the governing body of the municipality or county may make supplemental assessments to correct omissions or mistakes in the assessment relating to the <u>qualified costs</u> [total cost] of the improvement. Notice must be given and the hearing held under this section in the same manner as required by Sections 372.016 and 372.017.

27 Sec. 372.020. REASSESSMENT. The governing body of the 28 municipality or county may make a reassessment or new assessment of 29 a parcel of land if:

30 (1) a court [of competent jurisdiction] sets aside an
 31 assessment against the parcel;

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the governing body determines that the original (2) 1 assessment is excessive; or 2

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on the written advice of counsel, the governing (3) body determines that the original assessment is invalid. 4

SPECIAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT FUND. Sec. 372.021. (a) А 5 municipality or county that intends to create a public improvement 6 district may by ordinance or order establish a special improvement 7 8 district fund in the municipal or county treasury or in a bank designated by the municipality or county to serve as a depository 9 10 bank for the district's funds.

(b) The municipality or county annually may levy a tax to 11 support the fund established under this section. 12

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(c) The fund may be used to:

14 pay the <u>qualified</u> costs of improvements [planning, (1)15 administration, and an improvement authorized by this subchapter];

16 (2) prepare preliminary plans, studies, and 17 engineering reports to determine the feasibility of improvements 18 [an improvement]; and

19 (3) if ordered by the governing body of the 20 municipality or county, pay the initial qualified costs of 21 improvements [cost of the improvement] until installment purchase 22 contracts or reimbursement contracts are entered into or temporary 23 notes $or[\tau]$ time warrants are issued or revenue bonds, special assessment bonds, or certificates of obligation are [7 - 0r]24 improvement-bonds have been] issued and sold. 25

(d) The fund is not required to be budgeted for expenditure 26 27 during any year, but the amount of the fund must be stated in the municipality's or county's annual budget. The amount of the fund 28 must be based on an annual service plan that describes the public 29 improvements for the fiscal year. 30

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[(e) A grant-in-aid or contribution made to the

22 (57)

municipality or county for the planning and preparation of plans 1 for an improvement authorized under this subchapter may be credited 2 to the special improvement district fund.] 3 Sec. 372.022. SEPARATE FUNDS. 4 (a) A separate public improvement district fund shall be created in the municipal or 5 6 county treasury or in a designated depository bank as provided by 7 Section 372.021 for each district. 8 (b) The following revenues shall be deposited to the fund: (1) special assessments; 9 10 (2) money, if any, contributed by the municipality or county to pay qualified costs; 11 12 (3) proceeds [Proceeds] from the sale of revenue 13 bonds, if payable in part from special assessments; 14(4) proceeds from the sale of special assessment bonds 15 or certificates of obligation; [, temporary notes, and time warrants,] and 16 17 (5) any other sums appropriated to the fund by the 18 governing body of the municipality or county for the district 19 [shall be credited to the fund]. 20 (c) The fund may be used solely to pay: 21 (1) qualified costs of improvement; 22 (2) _____amounts due on an installment purchase contract or reimbursement amounts owed under a reimbursement contract, 23 24 temporary note, or time warrant; or 25 (3) any revenue bonds, special assessment bonds, or 26 certificates of obligation that are payable in whole or in part from 27 special assessments levied under this subchapter [incurred in making_an_improvement]. 28 29 (d) When an improvement is completed and all of the 30 obligations are paid in full, the balance on deposit in the special 31 improvement district fund that was derived from special

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assessments, if any, [of the part of the assessment that is for 1 2 improvements] shall be transferred to a [the] fund established for the retirement of bonds that are payable in whole or in part from 3 4 assessments. 5 Sec. 372.023. PAYMENT OF QUALIFIED COSTS. (a) The qualified costs [cost] of an improvement made under this subchapter 6 7 may [must] be paid by a method or by a combination of methods 8 described by [in accordance with] this section and Section 372.024. 9 The [A cost-payable by the] municipality or county [as a (b) 10 whole] may, on its own or under an installment purchase, reimbursement, or other contract with a third party: 11 (1) erect, acquire, construct, improve, repair, 12 establish, install, or equip improvements; and 13 14 (2) pay all or part of the qualified costs of the 15 improvements [be paid] from: 16 (A) general funds or other revenues available for that [the] purpose; 17 18 (B) special assessments; or 19 (C) the issuance and sale of general obligation 20 bonds, certificates of obligation, revenue bonds, or special 21 assessment bonds [other available general funds]. 22 (c) The municipality or county may enter into and execute an 23 installment purchase or reimbursement contract with or may deliver 24 a nonnegotiable but transferable temporary note or time warrant to 25 a third party under which: 26 (1) the third party agrees to: 27 (A) erect, acquire, construct, improve, repair, 28 establish, install, or equip public improvements; and (B) dedicate or sell the improvements to the 29 30 municipality, county, or authorized instrumentality; and 31 (2) the municipality, county, or authorized

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instrumentality agrees to pay or reimburse the third party for the qualified costs by paying accumulated amounts due under the installment purchase or reimbursement contract, temporary note, or time warrant from any and all of the sources described by Subsection (b)(2) [A-cost payable from a special assessment that has been paid in full-shall be paid from that assessment].

7 Subject to Section 372.018, an installment purchase or (d) reimbursement contract, temporary note, or time warrant may bear 8 interest at a rate and for a period determined by the governing body 9 of the municipality or county [A cost payable from a special 10 assessment that is to be paid in installments and a cost payable by 11the municipality or county as a whole but not payable from available 12 13 general funds or other available general improvement funds shall be paid by the issuance and sale of revenue or general obligation 14 bonds]. 15

16 (e) An installment purchase or reimbursement contract, temporary note, or time warrant that is payable from installments 17 of assessments is subject to prepayment and redemption at any time 18 from the proceeds of prepayment of assessments made by a property 19 owner under Section 372.018(d) [While an improvement is in 20 progress, the governing body of the municipality or county may 21 issue temporary notes or time warrants to pay for the costs of the 22 improvement and, on completion of the improvement, issue revenue or 23 general obligation bonds. 24

25 [(f) The cost of more than one improvement may be paid from a
26 single issue and sale of bonds without other consolidation
27 proceedings before the bond issue.

28 [(g) The costs of any improvement include all costs incurred 29 in connection with the issuance of bonds under Section 372.024 and 30 may be included in the assessments against the property in the 31 improvement district as provided by this subchapter].

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Sec. 372.024. GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, [AND] REVENUE AND 1 SPECIAL ASSESSMENT BONDS, CERTIFICATES OF OBLIGATION, AND BONDS 2 ISSUED BY AUTHORIZED INSTRUMENTALITY. (a) The governing body of a 3 municipality or county may issue: 4 (1) general [General] obligation bonds [issued to pay 5 costs-under -Section - 372.023(d) must be issued] under [the 6 provisions of] Subtitles A and C, Title 9, Government Code; 7 (2) revenue bonds or special assessment bonds in one 8 9 or more series; and (3) certificates of obligation under Subchapter C, 10 11 Chapter 271. (b) A bond or obligation described by Subsection (a) may be 12 13 issued to: (1) pay qualified costs under Section 372.023(b), 14 including the costs of issuing bonds; and 15 (2) pay or refund obligations executed or issued under 16 Section 372.023(c). 17 (c) Certificates of obligation may be payable from and 18 secured by installment payments of special assessments levied under 19 20 this subchapter. (d) The governing body of the municipality or county or the 21 authorized instrumentality may include any term or provision 22 consistent with this subchapter in a revenue bond or a special 23 assessment bond issued under this section. 24 25 (e) The governing body of a municipality or county may incorporate an authorized instrumentality to act on its behalf to 26 issue revenue bonds or special assessment bonds under this section. 27 The governing body may enter into agreements and contracts with the 28 authorized instrumentality to transfer pledged revenues, funds, 29 and special assessments to or for the account of the authorized 30 instrumentality at the times and as required by the terms of the 31

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1 resolution authorizing the issuance of the revenue bonds or special assessment bonds. Any bonds issued by an authorized 2 instrumentality must be approved by the governing body of the 3 4 municipality or county before issuance and delivery to the 5 purchaser. 6 (f) To the extent consistent with this subchapter, an 7 authorized instrumentality shall issue revenue bonds or special 8 assessment bonds under: 9 (1) Chapter 303, if the authorized instrumentality is 10 a public facility corporation; or 11 (2) Subchapter D, Chapter 431, Transportation Code, if the authorized instrumentality is a local government corporation 12 13 [Revenue bonds issued to pay costs under that subsection may be issued from time to time in one or more series and are to be payable 14 15 from and secured by liens on all or part of the revenue derived from improvements authorized under this subchapter, including revenue 16 17 derived from installment payments of special assessments]. Sec. 372.0241. SPECIAL ASSESSMENT PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT 18 DISTRICT MANAGEMENT POLICY. (a) The governing body of a 19 20 municipality or county may develop, adopt, and amend a special 21 assessment public improvement district management policy. (b) The policy may establish the general requirements and 22 23 standards for and the preconditions to: (1) the creation of a public improvement district 24 25 under this subchapter; (2) the execution and issuance of installment purchase 26 27 or reimbursement contracts or temporary notes or time warrants; and (3) the issuance of any bonds or certificates of 28 obligation payable in whole or in part from special assessments. 29

30 (c) If a management policy is adopted, compliance with the 31 terms of the policy, including any amendments to the policy, is

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1	required for:
2	(1) the execution of any installment purchase or
3	reimbursement contracts or temporary notes or time warrants;
4	(2) the issuance of any revenue bonds or special
5	assessment bonds by the municipality or county or by an authorized
6	instrumentality; and
7	(3) the issuance of any certificates of obligation by
8	a municipality or county.
9	Sec. 372.025. TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF BONDS. (a) <u>Revenue</u>
10	bonds and special assessment bonds_issued under Section 372.024
11	must be authorized by:
12	(1) ordinance, if issued by a municipality;
13	(2) order, if issued by a county; and
14	(3) resolution, if issued by an authorized
15	instrumentality.
16	(b) Revenue bonds and special assessment bonds may be issued
17	to mature serially or in any other manner but must mature not later
18	than 40 years after their date. A provision may be made for the
19	subsequent issuance of additional parity bonds or subordinate lien
20	bonds secured in whole or in part by any assessments or any other
21	revenues authorized by this subchapter under terms and conditions
22	specified in the ordinance, [or] order, or resolution authorizing
23	the issuance of the bonds.
24	(c) Revenue bonds, special assessment bonds, and
25	certificates of obligation may be subject to redemption before
26	maturity at the option of the issuer and at the times and in the
27	manner provided by the ordinance, order, or resolution authorizing
28	the issuance. Revenue bonds and certificates of obligation that
29	are secured in part by a pledge of special assessments and all
30	special assessment bonds are subject to mandatory redemption at
31	least semiannually from funds provided by assessed parties, if any,

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1 as prepayment of installments of special assessments under Section 2 <u>372.018(d).</u>

3 (d) Revenue bonds and special assessment bonds shall be
4 executed in the manner and by the persons required by the ordinance,
5 order, or resolution authorizing the issuance.

6 <u>(e) Revenue bonds and special assessment</u> [(b) The] bonds 7 [shall be executed and the bonds] and any interest coupons 8 appertaining to <u>the bonds</u> [them] are negotiable instruments within 9 the meaning and for all purposes of the Uniform Commercial Code 10 (Section 1.101 et seq., Business & Commerce Code).

11 (f) The ordinance, [or] order, or resolution authorizing 12 the issuance of the revenue bonds or special assessment bonds must 13 specify:

14 (1) whether the bonds <u>may be registered</u> [are issued 15 registrable] as to principal alone or as to both principal and 16 interest;

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(2) whether the bonds are redeemable before maturity;

(3) the form, denomination, and manner of issuance;

(4) the terms, conditions, and other details applying
to the bonds including the price, terms, and interest rates on the
bonds; and

22

(5) the manner of sale of the bonds.

23 (g) [(c)] The ordinance, [or] order, or resolution
24 authorizing the issuance of the bonds may specify that the proceeds
25 from the sale of the bonds:

(1) be used to pay interest on the bonds during and
after the period of acquisition or construction of an improvement
financed through the sale of the bonds;

(2) be used for creating a reserve fund for payment of
the principal of and interest on the bonds and for creating other
funds; [and]

(3) <u>be used for the payment of any other qualified</u>
 <u>costs as determined by the governing body of the municipality or</u>
 <u>county or by the authorized instrumentality; and</u>

4 (4) may be placed in time deposit or invested, until
5 needed.

6 Sec. 372.026. PLEDGES. (a) For the payment of [bonds 7 issued under this subchapter and the payment of] principal, 8 interest, and any other amounts <u>payable on or with respect to any</u> 9 <u>bonds issued</u> by a municipality or county under this subchapter 10 [required or permitted in connection with the bonds], the governing 11 body of the municipality or county may pledge:

12 (1) all or part of the income from improvements 13 financed under this subchapter, including income received in 14 installment payments <u>from special assessments</u>; and

15 (2) if the payment is for the payment of revenue bonds, 16 any other revenue described by Subsection (e) [under Section 17 372.023].

18 (b) For the payment of principal, interest, and any other 19 amounts payable on or with respect to bonds issued by an authorized instrumentality under this subchapter, the authorized 20 instrumentality may pledge all or part of the assessments or other 21 revenues, if any, that are to be transferred and paid to the 22 authorized instrumentality by the municipality or county under an 23 agreement entered into between the parties under Section 24 25 372.024(e).

26 (c) Pledged income must be [fixed and collected in amounts] 27 sufficient, with other pledged resources, if any, to pay principal, 28 interest, and other expenses related to the bonds, and to the extent 29 required by the ordinance, [or] order, or resolution authorizing 30 the bonds, to pay for the operation, maintenance, and other 31 expenses related to improvements authorized by this subchapter.

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(d) Bonds issued by a municipality or county [(c) The 1 bonds] may also be secured by mortgages or deeds of trust on any 2 real property related to the facilities authorized under this 3 subchapter that are owned or are to be acquired by the municipality 4 5 or county and by chattel mortgages, liens, or security interests on any personal property appurtenant to that real property. 6 The 7 governing body may authorize the execution of trust indentures, mortgages, deeds of trust, or other forms of encumbrances as 8 9 evidence of the security interest of the holders of the bonds in the related property [indebtedness]. 10

11 (e) [(d)] The governing body may pledge to the payment of certificates of obligation issued by the governing body or to the 12 payment of revenue bonds issued by the governing body or by an 13 authorized instrumentality all or part of a grant, donation, 14revenue, or income received or to be received from the government of 15 the United States or any other public or private source, whether or 16 not it is received pursuant to an agreement or otherwise, including 17 impact fees and incremental ad valorem tax revenues collected by a 18 municipality or by another taxing unit and municipal sales tax 19 collected by a municipality from all or part of a tax increment 20 reinvestment zone created under Chapter 311, Tax Code. 21

Sec. 372.027. REFUNDING BONDS. (a) Revenue bonds and 22 special assessment bonds issued under this subchapter 23 and certificates of obligation payable solely from special assessments 24 may be refunded or refinanced by the issuance of refunding bonds, 25 under terms or conditions provided [set_forth] in the ordinance, 26 order, or resolution authorizing the issuance [ordinances or 27 orders] of the [municipality or county issuing the] bonds. The 28 provisions of this subchapter applying generally to revenue bonds 29 and special assessment bonds, including provisions related to the 30 issuance of those bonds, apply to refunding bonds of like kind 31

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1 authorized by this section. The refunding bonds may be sold and 2 delivered in amounts necessary <u>to pay</u> [for] the principal, 3 interest, and any redemption premium of the bonds [to be refunded], 4 on the date of the maturity of the <u>bonds</u> [bond] or any redemption 5 date of the <u>bonds</u> [bond].

6 (b) Refunding bonds may be issued for exchange with the 7 bonds they are refunding. The comptroller of public accounts shall 8 register refunding bonds described by this subsection and deliver 9 the bonds to holders of bonds being refunded in accordance with the 10 ordinance, [or] order, or resolution authorizing the issuance of 11 refunding bonds. The exchange may be made in one delivery or 12 several installment deliveries.

13 (c) General obligation bonds <u>and certificates of obligation</u> 14 issued under this subchapter may be refunded in the manner provided 15 by law.

Sec. 372.028. APPROVAL AND REGISTRATION. (a) 16 Revenue bonds and special assessment bonds issued under this subchapter and 17 a record of the proceedings authorizing their issuance must be 18 19 submitted to the attorney general for examination. If revenue bonds state that they are secured by a pledge of revenue or rentals 20 from a contract or lease, a copy of the contract or lease and a 21 22 description of the proceedings authorizing the contract or lease must also be submitted to the attorney general. 23

(b) If the attorney general determines that the bonds were authorized and the contracts or leases related to the bonds were made in accordance with the law, the attorney general shall approve the bonds and the contract or lease. <u>After</u> [On the approval of] the attorney general <u>approves the bonds and the contract or lease</u>, the comptroller of public accounts shall register the bonds.

30 (c) Bonds and contracts or leases approved and registered
 31 under this section are:

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1 (1) valid and binding obligations for all purposes in 2 accordance with their terms; and

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(2) [are] incontestable in any court or other forum.

4 (d) General obligation bonds <u>and certificates of obligation</u>
5 issued under this subchapter shall be approved and registered as
6 provided by law.

Sec. 372.029. AUTHORIZED INVESTMENTS; SECURITY.
8 (a) Bonds issued under this subchapter are legal and authorized
9 investments for:

10 (1) banks, trust companies, and savings and loan 11 associations;

12

(2) all insurance companies;

13

(3) fiduciaries, trustees, and guardians; and

14 (4) interest funds, sinking funds, and other public
15 funds of the state or of an agency, subdivision, or instrumentality
16 of the state, including a county, municipality, school district, or
17 other district, public agency, or body politic.

(b) Bonds issued under this subchapter may be security for deposits of public funds of the state or of an agency, subdivision, or instrumentality of the state, including a county, municipality, school district, or other district, public agency, or body politic, to the extent of the market value of the bonds, if accompanied by any appurtenant [unmatured] interest coupons that have not matured.

Sec. 372.030. SUBCHAPTER NOT EXCLUSIVE. This subchapter is an alternative to other methods by which a municipality may finance public improvements <u>under applicable law</u> [by assessing property owners].

28 SECTION ____. Section 61.0572, Education Code, is amended 29 by adding Subsection (f) to read as follows:

30 (f) Approval of the board is not required for buildings or 31 other facilities financed by a public improvement district under

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1 Subchapter A, Chapter 372, Local Government Code. SECTION _____. Section 61.058, Education Code, is amended by 2 3 adding Subsection (c) to read as follows: (c) This section does not apply to construction, repair, or 4 rehabilitation of buildings or other facilities financed by a 5 public improvement district under Subchapter A, Chapter 372, Local 6 Government Code. 7 8 SECTION ____. All governmental acts and proceedings of a 9 governmental body of a municipality or county under Subchapter A, Chapter 372, Local Government Code, as that subchapter existed 10 before the effective date of this Act, to establish a public 11 12 improvement district, designate improvements, levy assessments, 13 and finance costs of improvements in response to a petition filed with the governing body that conformed to the requirements of 14 Section 372.005, Local Government Code, as that section existed 15 before the effective date of this Act, are validated and confirmed 16 17 in all respects.

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FLOOR AMENDMENT NO.

ADOPTED

MAY 2 6 20098Y: _

Amend H.B. 3485 (senate committee report) as follows:

(1) Insert the following appropriately numbered SECTIONS to the bill:

SECTION ____. (a) Section 372.1011, Local Government Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 372.1011. APPLICABILITY. This subchapter applies only to:

(1) a county with a population of <u>1.2 million</u> [825,000] or more, other than a county that:

(A) borders on the Gulf of Mexico or a bay or inlet of the gulf; or

(B) has two municipalities located wholly or partly in its boundaries each having a population of 300,000 or more; or

(2) a county with a population of 70,000 or more that is adjacent to a county described by Subdivision (1) in which a municipality with a population of 35,000 or more is primarily situated and includes all or a part of the extraterritorial jurisdiction of a municipality with a population of 1.1 million or more.

(b) This section takes effect only if the Act of the 81st Legislature, Regular Session, 2009, relating to nonsubstantive additions to and corrections in enacted codes does not become law. If the Act of the 81st Legislature, Regular Session, 2009, relating to nonsubstantive additions to and corrections in enacted codes becomes law, this section has no effect.

SECTION ____. Subchapter C, Chapter 372, Local Government Code, is amended by adding Section 372.1245 to read as follows:

Sec. 372.1245. ANNEXATION OR EXCLUSION OF LAND. (a) A district may annex or exclude land from the district as provided by Subchapter J, Chapter 49, Water Code.

(b) Before a district may adopt an order adding or excluding land, the district must obtain the consent of:

excluding land, the district must obtain the consent of: (1) the county that created the district by a resolution of the county commissioners court; and

(2) a municipality in which the district is located, or in whose extraterritorial jurisdiction the district is located, by a resolution adopted by the municipality's governing body.

SECTION ____. Subsection (c), Section 372.127, Local Government Code, is amended to read as follows:

(c) A county must adopt an order providing whether a district has the authority to impose a hotel occupancy tax, sales and use tax, or ad valorem tax, and must provide the <u>maximum</u> rate at which the district may impose the tax. [A tax rate approved by the commissioners court and pledged to secure bonds, notes, grant agreements, or development agreements may not be reduced until the obligations of those instruments have been satisfied.]

SECTION ____. (a) Section 382.002, Local Government Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 382.002. APPLICABILITY. This chapter applies only to:

(1) a county with a population of <u>1.2 million</u> [825,000] or more, other than a county that:

(A) borders on the Gulf of Mexico or a bay or inlet of the gulf; or

1.

(B) has two municipalities located wholly or partly in its boundaries each having a population of 300,000 or more; or

(2) a county with a population of 70,000 or more that is adjacent to a county described by Subdivision (1) in which a municipality with a population of 35,000 or more is primarily situated and includes all or a part of the extraterritorial jurisdiction of a municipality with a population of 1.1 million or more.

(b) This section takes effect only if the Act of the 81st Legislature, Regular Session, 2009, relating to nonsubstantive additions to and corrections in enacted codes becomes law. If the Act of the 81st Legislature, Regular Session, 2009, relating to nonsubstantive additions to and corrections in enacted codes does not become law, this section has no effect.

SECTION ____. Subchapter C, Chapter 382, Local Government Code, is amended by adding Section 382.113 to read as follows:

Sec. 382.113. ANNEXATION OR EXCLUSION OF LAND. (a) A district may annex or exclude land from the district as provided by Subchapter J, Chapter 49, Water Code.

(b) Before a district may adopt an order adding or excluding land, the district must obtain the consent of:

(1) the county that created the district by a resolution of the county commissioners court; and

(2) a municipality in which the district is located, or in whose extraterritorial jurisdiction the district is located, by a resolution adopted by the municipality's governing body.

SECTION ____. Subsection (c), Section 382.153, Local Government Code, is amended to read as follows:

(c) A county must adopt an order providing whether a district has the authority to impose a hotel occupancy tax, sales and use tax, or ad valorem tax, and must provide the <u>maximum</u> rate at which the district may impose the tax. [A tax rate approved by the commissioners court and pledged to secure bonds, notes, grant agreements, or development agreements may not be reduced until the obligations of those instruments have been satisfied.]

SECTION _____. (a) The legislature validates and confirms all governmental acts and proceedings before the effective date of this Act of a district created under Subchapter C, Chapter 372, Local Government Code, as that chapter existed before the effective date of this Act, including acts of the district's board of directors.

(b) Subsection (a) of this section does not apply to a matter that on the effective date of this Act:

(1) is involved in litigation, if the litigation ultimately results in the matter being held invalid by a final court judgment; or

(2) has been held invalid by a final court judgment.

SECTION ______. (a) The Sections of this Act amending Chapter 372, Local Government Code, take effect only if the Act of the 81st Legislature, Regular Session, 2009, relating to nonsubstantive additions to and corrections in enacted codes does not become law. If the Act of the 81st Legislature, Regular Session, 2009, relating to nonsubstantive additions to and corrections in enacted codes becomes law, the Sections of this Act amending Chapter 372, Local Government Code, have no effect.

(b) The Sections of this Act amending Chapter 382, Local Government Code, take effect only if the Act of the 81st Legislature, Regular Session, 2009, relating to nonsubstantive additions to and corrections in enacted codes becomes law. If the Act of the 81st Legislature, Regular Session, 2009, relating to nonsubstantive additions to and corrections in enacted codes does not become law, the Sections of this Act amending Chapter 382, Local Government Code, have no effect.

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(2) Renumber SECTIONS of the bill appropriately.

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ADOPTED

MAY 2 6 2009

FLOOR AMENDMENT NO

Secretary of the Senate BY: Robert Du

Amend C.S.H.B. No. 3485 (senate committee printing) by 1 adding the following appropriately numbered SECTIONS to the bill 2 and renumbering subsequent SECTIONS of the bill accordingly: 3 SECTION ____. Subchapter B, Chapter 281, Health and Safety 4 5 Code, is amended by adding Section 281.0282 to read as follows: Sec. 281.0282. DALLAS COUNTY HOSPITAL DISTRICT; EMPLOYMENT 6 OF HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS AND PHYSICIANS. (a) The board of the 7 Dallas County Hospital District may appoint, contract for, or 8 employ physicians, dentists, and other health care providers as 9 10 the board considers necessary for the efficient operation of the 11 district. (b) The term of an employment contract entered into under 12 13 this section may not exceed four years. 14 (c) This section may not be construed as authorizing the board of the Dallas County Hospital District to supervise or 15 16 control the practice of medicine, as prohibited by Subtitle B, 17 Title 3, Occupations Code. 18 (d) The authority granted to the board of the Dallas 19 County Hospital District under Subsection (a) to employ 20 physicians shall apply only as necessary for the district to 21 fulfill the district's statutory mandate to provide medical care for the indigent and needy residents of the district as provided 22 by Section 281.046. 23 24 (e) The Dallas County Hospital District shall establish a 25 committee consisting of at least five actively practicing 26 physicians who provide care in the district. The committee shall approve existing policies or adopt new policies, if no 27 policies exist, to ensure that a physician who is employed by 28 29 the district is exercising the physician's independent medical 30 judgment in providing care to patients.

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1	(f) The chair of the committee must be a member of the
2	executive committee of the Dallas County Hospital District's
3	medical_staff.
4	(q) The policies adopted or approved by the committee
5	shall include policies relating to credentialing, quality
6	assurance, utilization review, peer review, medical decision-
7	making, governance of the committee, and due process.
8	(h) Each member of a committee shall provide biennially to
9	the chief medical officer of the Dallas County Hospital District
10	a signed, verified statement indicating that the committee
11	member:
12	(1) is licensed by the Texas Medical Board;
13	(2) will exercise independent medical judgment in all
14	committee matters, including matters relating to credentialing,
15	quality assurance, utilization review, peer review, medical
16	decision-making, and due process;
17	(3) will exercise the committee member's best efforts
18	to ensure compliance with the Dallas County Hospital District's
19	policies that are adopted or established by the committee; and
20	(4) will report immediately to the Texas Medical
21	Board any action or event that the committee member reasonably
22	and in good faith believes constitutes a compromise of the
23	independent medical judgment of a physician in caring for a
24	patient.
25	(i) The committee shall adopt rules requiring the
26	disclosure of financial conflicts of interest by a committee
27	member.
28	(j) For all matters relating to the practice of medicine,
29	each physician employed by the board shall ultimately report to
30	the chief medical officer of the Dallas County Hospital
31	District.

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SECTION ____. Chapter 311, Health and Safety Code, is 1 amended by adding Subchapter E to read as follows: 2 SUBCHAPTER E. EMPLOYMENT OF PHYSICIANS BY CERTAIN HOSPITALS 3 Sec. 311.061. APPLICABILITY OF SUBCHAPTER. This 4 subchapter applies only to a hospital located in a county with a 5 population of 50,000 or less and operated by a governmental 6 7 <u>entity.</u> Sec. 311.062. EMPLOYMENT OF PHYSICIAN PERMITTED. (a) A 8 9 hospital may employ a physician and retain all or part of the 10 professional income generated by the physician for medical 11 services provided at the hospital if the hospital: (1) is certified by the Texas Medical Board under 12 13 Section 162.001(d), Occupations Code; (2) satisfies the requirements of Subchapter A, 14 15 Chapter 162, Occupations Code, including Texas Medical Board 16 rules; and 17 (3) satisfies the requirements of this subchapter. (b) A hospital subject to this subchapter may continue to 18 employ any physicians employed by the hospital on or before the 19 date of release of a federal decennial census that shows the 20 21 county's population exceeds 50,000. The hospital may not employ 22 a new physician after that date. (c) The requirements of this subchapter and Subchapter A, 23 Chapter 162, Occupations Code, may not be voided or waived by 24 25 contract. 26 Sec. 311.063. HOSPITAL POLICIES. (a) A hospital shall adopt, maintain, and enforce policies to ensure that a physician 27 28 employed under this subchapter whose professional income is retained under Section 311.062 exercises independent medical 29 judgment when providing care to patients at the hospital. 30 31 (b) The policies adopted under this section must include 32 policies relating to:

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1	(1) credentialing and privileges;
2	(2) quality assurance;
3	<pre>(3) utilization review;</pre>
4	(4) peer review;
5	(5) medical decision-making; and
6	(6) due process.
7	(c) The policies adopted under this section, including any
8	amendments to the policies, must be approved by the hospital
9	governing board after input from the medical staff as
10	appropriate.
11	(d) The policies adopted under this section must include
12	the implementation of a complaint mechanism for processing and
13	resolving complaints regarding interference or attempted
14	interference with the physician's independent medical judgment.
15	The policies must address the manner in which the public can
16	access board complaint procedures.
17	(e) The policies of the hospital must be drafted and
18	interpreted in a manner that reserves to physicians, including
19	physicians employed and physicians not employed by the hospital,
20	the sole authority to engage in the practice of medicine.
21	Sec. 311.064. CREDENTIALING AND PRIVILEGES. (a) A
22	physician employed by a hospital under this subchapter is
23	subject to the same standards and procedures regarding
24	credentialing, peer review, quality of care, and privileges as a
25	physician not employed by the hospital.
26	(b) A hospital shall give equal consideration regarding
27	the issuance of credentials and privileges to physicians
28	employed by the hospital and physicians not employed by the
29	hospital.
30	Sec. 311.065. OTHER HOSPITAL-PHYSICIAN RELATIONSHIPS.
31	This subchapter may not be construed as altering, voiding, or
32	prohibiting any relationship between a hospital and a physician,
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including a contract or arrangement with an approved nonprofit 1 health corporation that is certified under Section 162.001(b), 2 Occupations Code, and that holds a certificate of authority 3 issued under Chapter 844, Insurance Code. 4 5 Sec. 311.066. MEDICAL STAFF BYLAWS. The medical staff bylaws of a hospital may not discriminate against or favor a 6 7 physician based solely on the physician's employment status with the hospital, including emergency call or charity care 8 9 obligations. 10 Sec. 311.067. FAIR PROCESS; PEER REVIEW. (a) Termination 11 of a physician's employment by a hospital is subject to a fair 12 review process. 13 (b) A hospital that employs physicians shall provide peer review and quality assurance through a multi-hospital peer 14 review agreement, an external independent peer review 15 16 organization, or an internal peer review process approved by the hospital governing board with appropriate input from the medical 17 18 staff. Sec. 311.068. REFERRAL OF PATIENTS. (a) In this section, 19 "referral" means referral for admissions, diagnostic tests and 20 procedures, surgeries, or other health care services. 21 22 (b) An employment agreement entered into between a 23 physician and a hospital under this subchapter: 24 (1) must state that the hospital may not set goals 25 regarding referrals; and 26 (2) may not set, as a condition of employment, the 27 volume or number of referrals that must be made. Sec. 311.069. NONRETALIATION REQUIREMENTS. (a) A hospital 28 may not terminate, retaliate against, or otherwise penalize a 29 30 person who reports in good faith to the hospital or the Texas Medical Board a violation or attempted violation of this 31

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1 subchapter, Subchapter A, Chapter 162, Occupations Code, or 2 Texas Medical Board rules. (b) A hospital may not prohibit, restrict, or discourage a 3 physician from communicating with the hospital or advocating for 4 5 a patient regarding medically appropriate health care. 6 (c) A physician who makes a report under this section: 7 (1) is immune from civil liability for a report made 8 in good faith; and 9 (2) may not be disciplined by the Texas Medical Board 10 for any corporate practice of medicine violation related to the 11 reported action, event, or policy. 12 Sec. 311.070. LIABILITY. (a) In this section: 13 (1) "Governmental unit" has the meaning assigned by 14 Section 101.001, Civil Practice and Remedies Code. 15 (2) "Governmental hospital" means a hospital that is 16 owned or operated by a governmental unit. 17 (3) "Health care liability claim" has the meaning 18 assigned by Section 74.001, Civil Practice and Remedies Code. (b) Chapters 101 and 108, Civil Practice and Remedies 19 20 Code, do not apply in an action in which final judgment is 21 rendered in a health care liability claim against a physician 22 employed under this subchapter by a governmental hospital. 23 (c) A physician's civil liability is limited to a maximum 24 amount of \$250,000 for each single occurrence of bodily injury 25 or death in an action in which final judgment is rendered in a 26 health care liability claim against a physician employed under 27 this subchapter by a governmental hospital. 28 (d) A governmental hospital shall maintain professional 29 liability insurance or a plan of self-insurance covering each 30 physician employed by the hospital in the amount of \$250,000 for 31 each single occurrence of bodily injury or death.

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by amending Subsection (a) and adding Subsection (d) to read as 2 3 follows: (a) The board by rule shall certify a health organization 4 5 that: 6 (1) applies for certification on a form approved by 7 the board; [and] (2) 8 presents proof satisfactory to the board that the 9 organization meets the requirements of Subsection (b)_L [or] (c)_L or (d); and 10 11 (3) states that the health organization has consulted with the organization's medical staff before filing an 12 application for certification under Subsection (d), if 13 14 appropriate. 15 (d) The board shall certify a health organization to employ physicians licensed by the board if the organization is 16 in compliance with Subchapter E, Chapter 311, Health and Safety 17 18 Code, and this subchapter, including board rules. SECTION ____. Subchapter A, Chapter 162, Occupations Code, 19 is amended by adding Sections 162.004-162.007 to read as 20 21 follows: 22 Sec. 162.004. EMPLOYER AND EMPLOYEE REQUIREMENTS. The

SECTION ____. Section 162.001, Occupations Code, is amended

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23 <u>following requirements apply to an organization certified under</u>
24 <u>Section 162.001(d) that employs physicians:</u>

25 (1) the organization shall ensure that each physician
26 retains independent medical judgment in providing care to
27 patients at the organization and may not be penalized for
28 reasonably advocating for patient care;

29 (2) the organization shall provide a certain portion 30 of medical services free of charge, or at a reduced fee 31 commensurate with a patient's ability to pay;



1	(3) a physician employed by the organization shall
2	participate in the provision of services under Subdivision (2);
3	(4) an organization may not include or enforce a
4	noncompete clause in a physician employment contract or
5	condition privileges on the continuation or termination of an
6	employment contract; and
7	(5) a physician who has privileges at the
8	organization and is employed by the hospital and a physician who
9	is not employed by the hospital must be given equal
10	consideration and treatment in the creation and execution of all
11	medical staff bylaw provisions regardless of the physician's
12	employer.
13	Sec. 162.005. FEES; ENFORCEMENT. (a) The board may
14	charge a reasonable fee as necessary for the certification of an
15	organization under Section 162.001(d) and for the investigation,
16	review, and enforcement of the organization's compliance with
17	this subchapter and Subchapter E, Chapter 311, Health and Safety
18	Code.
19	(b) The board may adopt and impose fines and
20	administrative remedies, including the revocation of
21	certification under Section 162.003, for a violation of this
22	subchapter or Subchapter E, Chapter 311, Health and Safety Code.
23	Sec. 162.006. BIENNIAL COMPLIANCE STATEMENT. When an
24	organization applies for certification, and every two years
25	after that date, an organization seeking certification under
26	Section 162.001(d) shall provide to the board a compliance
27	statement signed by the organization's chief executive officer
28	attesting that the organization is in compliance with all
29	requirements for certification and continued certification,
30	including the requirements of this subchapter and Subchapter E,
31	Chapter 311, Health and Safety Code.

Sec. 162.007. DOCUMENTS IN SUPPORT OF CERTIFICATION AND BIENNIAL COMPLIANCE STATEMENTS. (a) An organization shall submit to the board at the time application for certification under Section 162.001(d) is made a copy of the hospital's policies, bylaws, and medical staff bylaws that demonstrate compliance with the requirements of this subchapter and Subchapter E, Chapter 311, Health and Safety Code.

8 (b) An organization certified under Section 162.001(d) 9 shall submit to the board as part of the organization's biennial 10 compliance statement copies of any changes or amendments to the 11 hospital's bylaws, policies, and medical staff bylaws that were 12 submitted to the board after the organization's initial approved 13 application for certification.

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 $(\begin{subarray}{c} \end{subarray} \end{subarray} \end{subarray} \end{subarray} \end{subarray}$ FLOOR AMENDMENT NO.

1	Amend C.S.H.B. No. 3485 (senate committee printing) by adding
2	the following appropriately numbered SECTIONS to the bill and
3	renumbering subsequent SECTIONS of the bill accordingly:
4	SECTION Article 49.01, Code of Criminal Procedure, is
5	amended to read as follows:
6	Art. 49.01. DEFINITIONS. In this <u>chapter</u> [article]:
7	(1) "Autopsy" means a post mortem examination of the
8	body of a person, including an external examination of the body
9	[X-rays] and an examination of the internal organs [and structures
10	after dissection], to determine the cause and manner of death or the
11	nature of any pathological changes that may have contributed to the
12	death or to obtain information or material for evidentiary or
13	identification purposes. The forensic pathologist or physician
14	performing the autopsy may limit the individuals in attendance at
15	the examination and may vary the extent of the examination. The
16	examination may include:
17	(A) radiographs;
18	(B) a microscopic examination;
19	(C) retention of an organ part or whole organ;
20	(D) an anthropologic examination;
21	(E) a dental examination;
22	(F) any other procedure considered necessary by
23	the examining forensic pathologist or physician; or
24	(G) at the discretion of the medical examiner,
25	the medical_examiner's designee, or the justice of the peace, as
26	appropriate, an in-person examination of the scene of death or
27	injury or an examination of the scene through reports or
28	photographs related to the injury or death.
29	<u>(1-a) "Forensic pathologist" means a physician who is</u>

board certified in anatomic and forensic pathology by the American Board of Pathology.

3 (2) "Inquest" means an investigation into the cause 4 and circumstances of the death of a person, and a determination, 5 made with or without a formal court hearing, as to whether the death 6 was caused by an unlawful act or omission. <u>The term includes each</u> 7 <u>level of investigation, from rudimentary information gathering to a</u> 8 <u>complete autopsy examination and formal hearing.</u>

9 (3) "Inquest hearing" means a formal court hearing 10 held to determine whether the death of a person was caused by an 11 unlawful act or omission and, if the death was caused by an unlawful 12 act or omission, to obtain evidence to form the basis of a criminal 13 prosecution.

(4) "Institution" means any place where health care
services are rendered, including a hospital, clinic, health
facility, nursing home, extended-care facility, out-patient
facility, foster-care facility, and retirement home.

(5) "Physician" means a practicing doctor of medicine
or doctor of osteopathic medicine who is licensed by the Texas
[State Board of] Medical Board [Examiners] under Subtitle B, Title
3, Occupations Code.

22 SECTION ____. Section 1, Article 49.25, Code of Criminal 23 Procedure, is amended to read as follows:

OFFICE AUTHORIZED. Subject to the provisions of 24 Sec. 1. this Article [Act], the Commissioners Court of any county having a 25 population of more than one million [and not having a reputable 26 medical school as defined in Articles 4501 and 4503, Revised Civil 27 Statutes of Texas,] shall establish and maintain the office of 28 medical examiner, and the Commissioners Court of any county may 29 establish and provide for the maintenance of the office of medical 30 examiner. Population shall be according to the last preceding 31

1 federal census.

2 SECTION _____. Subsection (b), Section 1-a, Article 49.25,
3 Code of Criminal Procedure, is amended to read as follows:

4 There may be only one chief medical examiner in a (b) medical examiners district, although the chief medical examiner 5 6 [he] may employ, within the district, necessary staff personnel, 7 including deputy medical examiners. When a county becomes a part of 8 a medical examiners district, the effect is the same within the 9 county as if the office of medical examiner had been established in 10 that county alone. A [The] district medical examiner has all the 11 powers and duties within the district that a medical examiner who 12 serves in a single county has within that county.

13 SECTION _____. Section 2, Article 49.25, Code of Criminal 14 Procedure, is amended to read as follows:

15 Sec. 2. APPOINTMENTS AND QUALIFICATIONS. <u>(a)</u> The 16 commissioners court shall appoint the <u>chief</u> medical examiner, who 17 <u>serves</u> [shall serve] at the pleasure of the commissioners court. 18 <u>The chief medical examiner must be:</u>

19 (1) board certified in anatomic_and forensic pathology
 20 by the American Board of Pathology; and

21 (2) [No person shall be appointed medical examiner 22 unless he is] a physician licensed by the <u>Texas</u> [State Board of] 23 Medical <u>Board</u> [Examiners. To the greatest extent possible, the 24 medical examiner shall be appointed from persons having training 25 and experience in pathology, toxicology, histology and other 26 medico-legal sciences].

27 (b) The <u>chief</u> medical examiner shall devote <u>the</u> [so much of 28 his] time and energy [as is] necessary <u>to perform</u> [in the 29 performance of] the duties conferred by this Article.

30 SECTION _____. Section 3, Article 49.25, Code of Criminal 31 Procedure, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 3. ASSISTANTS. (a) The <u>chief</u> medical examiner may, subject to the approval of the commissioners court, employ <u>the</u> [such] deputy <u>medical</u> examiners, <u>medical</u>, <u>dental</u>, <u>or anthropologic</u> <u>consultants</u>, scientific experts, trained technicians, officers, and employees [as may be] necessary to <u>properly perform</u> [the proper performance of] the duties imposed by this Article <u>on</u> [upon] the <u>chief</u> medical examiner.

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(b) A deputy medical examiner must:

9 <u>(1) be board certified in anatomic and forensic</u> 10 <u>pathology; or</u>

11 (2) have satisfactorily completed accredited 12 residency and fellowship training programs in anatomic and forensic 13 pathology and, not later than the third anniversary of the date the 14 training programs were completed, obtain board certification in 15 anatomic and forensic pathology.

16 SECTION _____. Section 4, Article 49.25, Code of Criminal 17 Procedure, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 4. SALARIES. The commissioners court shall establish and pay the salaries and compensations of the <u>chief</u> medical examiner and <u>the chief medical examiner's</u> [his] staff.

21 SECTION ____. Section 6, Article 49.25, Code of Criminal 22 Procedure, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 6. DEATH INVESTIGATIONS. (a) <u>A chief</u> [Any] medical examiner, or <u>the chief medical examiner's</u> [his] duly authorized deputy <u>medical examiner</u>, shall [be authorized, and it shall be his duty, to] hold inquests with or without a jury <u>in the</u> [within his] county <u>in which the office is established</u>[τ] in the following cases:

29 <u>(1)</u> [1.] When a person <u>dies</u> [shall die] within 30 twenty-four hours after <u>the person is:</u>

31 (A) admitted [admission] to a hospital or

1 institution;

2 (B) confined [or] in prison or in jail; or 3 placed in law enforcement custody; (C) 4 (2) [2.] When any person: 5 is killed; (A) 6 (B) [or] from any cause dies an unnatural death, 7 except under sentence of the law; 8 (C) [or] dies in the absence of one or more good 9 witnesses; or 10 (D) dies as a result of medical treatment or 11 therapy; 12 (3) [3.] When the body or a body part of a person is 13 found and $[\tau]$ the cause or circumstances of death are unknown $[\tau - and \cdot$ 14 [(A) the person is identified; or 15 [(B) the person is unidentified]; 16 (4) [4.] When the circumstances of the death of any 17 person [are-such-as to] lead to suspicion that the person died [he came to his death] by unlawful means; 18 19 (5) [5.] When any person commits suicide, or the circumstances of the person's [his] death [are-such-as to] lead to 20 21 suspicion that the person [he] committed suicide; 22 (6) [6.] When a person dies who has not [without 23 having] been attended during the preceding year by a duly licensed and practicing physician $[\tau - and the - local health officer or$ 24 25 registrar required to report the cause of death under Section 26 193.005, Health and Safety Code, does not know the cause of death. When the local health officer or registrar of vital statistics 27 28 whose duty it is to certify the cause of death does not know the 29 cause of death, he-shall so notify the medical examiner of the 30 county in which the death occurred and request an inquest]; 31 (7) [7.] When the person is a child [who is] younger

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than six years of age and the death is reported under Chapter 264,
 Family Code; [and]

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(8) When an unidentified person dies; and

4 (9) [8.] When a person dies who has been attended 5 immediately preceding <u>the person's</u> [his] death by a duly licensed 6 and practicing physician or physicians[7] and <u>the</u> [such] physician 7 or physicians [are not certain as to the cause of death and] are 8 unable to certify <u>to a reasonable degree of medical probability</u> 9 [with certainty] the cause of death as required by Section <u>193.005</u> 10 [<u>193.004</u>], Health and Safety Code.

11 <u>(a-1) If a physician is unable to certify the cause of death</u> 12 <u>to a reasonable degree of medical probability</u>, [In case of such 13 <u>uncertainty</u>] the attending physician or physicians, or the 14 superintendent or general manager of the hospital or institution in 15 which the deceased [shall have] died, shall [so] report <u>the</u> 16 <u>inability</u> to the medical examiner of the county in which the death 17 occurred[₇] and request an inquest.

18 (a-2) If a medical examiner determines after performing an 19 inquest that the death is due to natural causes and the deceased 20 person was attended by a physician at the time of death or during 21 the preceding year, the medical examiner may waive the medical 22 examiner's authority to further investigate the case. If the 23 medical examiner waives the authority to further investigate the 24 case, the attending physician shall certify the cause of death.

(b) The inquests authorized and required by this Article
shall be held by the <u>chief</u> medical examiner of the county in which
the death occurred.

(c) In making such investigations and holding such inquests, the <u>chief</u> medical examiner or an authorized deputy <u>medical examiner</u> may administer oaths and take affidavits. In the absence of next of kin or legal representatives of the deceased, the

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<u>chief</u> medical examiner or authorized deputy <u>medical examiner</u> shall
 take charge of the body and all property found with it.

3 (d) A medical examiner may subpoena medical records, law
 4 enforcement records, or other types of records required to perform
 5 the duties imposed under this section.

6 SECTION ____. Section 6a, Article 49.25, Code of Criminal 7 Procedure, is amended to read as follows:

8 Sec. 6a. ORGAN TRANSPLANT DONORS; NOTICE; INQUESTS. . 9 (a) When death occurs to an individual designated a prospective 10 organ donor for transplantation by a licensed physician under 11circumstances requiring the chief medical examiner of the county in 12 which death occurred, or the chief medical examiner's authorized 13 deputy medical examiner, to hold an inquest, the chief medical 14 examiner, or a member of the chief medical examiner's [his] staff, 15 shall [will] be [so] notified by the administrative head of the 16 facility in which the prospective donor is located [transplantation 17 is to be performed].

(b) When notified pursuant to Subsection (a) of this
Section, the <u>chief</u> medical examiner or the <u>chief</u> medical examiner's
deputy <u>medical examiner</u> shall perform an inquest on the deceased
prospective organ donor.

(c) Subject to the procedures and requirements established
 by Section 693.002, Health and Safety Code, a medical examiner may:

(1) determine before or after the medical examiner
examines the body of the deceased that the release of organs or
tissues for transplant purposes will likely hinder the
determination of the cause or manner of death or compromise an
evidentiary aspect of the examination; and

29 (2) based on the determination, prohibit or limit the
 30 extent of the organ or tissue removal.

31 SECTION ____. Subsection (b), Section 7, Article 49.25,

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1 Code of Criminal Procedure, is amended to read as follows:

2 (b) A person investigating <u>the</u> [a] death <u>of an unidentified</u> 3 <u>person</u> [described by Subdivision 3(B) of Section 6(a)] shall report 4 the death to the missing children and missing persons information 5 clearinghouse of the Department of Public Safety and the national 6 crime information center not later than the 10th working day after 7 the date the investigation began.

8 SECTION ____. Section 8, Article 49.25, Code of Criminal 9 Procedure, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 8. REMOVAL OF BODIES. 10 When any death under 11 circumstances set out in Section 6 of this Article occurs [shall 12 have occurred], the body shall not be disturbed or removed from the position in which it is found by any person without authorization 13 from the chief medical examiner or an authorized deputy medical 14examiner, except for the purpose of preserving the [such] body from 15 loss or destruction or maintaining the flow of traffic on a highway, 16 railroad, or airport. 17

18 SECTION _____. Section 9, Article 49.25, Code of Criminal 19 Procedure, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 9. AUTOPSY. (a) If the cause of death is [shall be] 20 determined beyond a reasonable doubt as а result of the 21 investigation, the medical examiner shall prepare [file] a report 22 on the investigation [thereof] setting forth specifically the cause 23 of death and file the report with the district attorney or criminal 24 district attorney, or in a county in which there is no district 25 attorney or criminal district attorney with the county attorney, of 26 the county in which the death occurred. 27

(b) If in the opinion of the medical examiner an autopsy is
 necessary to determine the cause or manner of death, to better
 determine any pathological or injurious process present, or to
 obtain evidence for a potential legal proceeding or for

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identification purposes, or if the autopsy [such] is requested by 1 2 the district attorney or criminal district attorney, or county 3 attorney where there is no district attorney or criminal district 4 attorney, the autopsy shall be [immediately] performed by the chief 5 medical examiner or a duly authorized deputy medical examiner. In 6 [those] cases where a complete autopsy is considered [deemed] unnecessary by the medical examiner to ascertain the cause of 7 8 death, the medical examiner may perform a limited autopsy or 9 <u>external inspection of the body that may include [involving the]</u> 10 taking [of] blood samples or any other samples of body fluids, 11 12 whether a crime has been committed.

13 (c) If [In] the identity [case] of a body of a human being 14 [whose identity] is unknown, the medical examiner may authorize the 15 [such] investigative and laboratory tests and processes [as are] 16 required to determine the [its] identity and [as well as] the cause 17 of death.

18 (d) The extent of an autopsy is solely at the discretion of
 19 the medical examiner.

(e) A medical examiner is not required to notify or seek any
 approval from a deceased person's next of kin to perform an autopsy
 or any other type of examination related to an autopsy.

23 (f) On [In performing an autopsy the medical examiner or 24 authorized deputy may use the facilities of any city or county 25 hospital within the county or such other facilities as are made 26 available. Upon] completion of the autopsy, the medical examiner 27 shall prepare [file] a report setting forth the findings in detail 28 and file the report with the office of the district attorney or 29 criminal district attorney of the county, or if there is no district 30 attorney or criminal district attorney, with the county attorney of the county. 31

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1 (g) [(b)] A medical examination on an unidentified person 2 shall include the following information to enable a timely and accurate identification of the person: 3 4 (1)all available fingerprints and palm prints; dental charts and radiographs (X-rays) of the 5 (2)person's teeth; 6 7 [frontal and lateral] facial photographs with (3) scale indicated; 8 (4)notation [and photographs, with-scale indicated,] 9 of a significant scar, mark, tattoo, or item of clothing or other 10 personal effect found with or near the body; 11 notation of any identified antemortem medical (5) 12 13 conditions; and (6) 14 notation of observations pertinent the to estimation of time of death[; and 15 16 [(7) precise documentation of the location of burial 17 of the remains]. (h) [(c)] A medical examination on an unidentified person 18 may include the following information to enable a timely and 19 accurate identification of the person: 20 full body radiographs (X-rays); and (1) 21 specimens from the body for DNA 22 (2)[hair] characterization and comparison [with roots]. 23 (i) A medical examiner performing an autopsy of a deceased 24 person may retain an organ or part of an organ if the medical 25 examiner determines that retaining the organ or organ part is 26 necessary for further examination and testing. After completing 27 the examination or testing on the organ or organ part, the medical 28 examiner shall: 29 (1) retain the organ or organ part as required by law 30

31 or by published professional or accreditation standards;

1	(2) dispose of the organ or organ part as a hazardous
2	biological specimen; or
3	(3) release the organ or organ part to the funeral
4	establishment or crematory under Subsection (m)(2).
5	(j) A medical examiner may not be required to perform an
6	autopsy on a person whose death resulted from a highly infectious
7	disease or a chemical or radiological agent that presents a hazard
8	to the medical examiner, the medical examiner's staff, or the
9	public.
10	(k) Except as provided by Subsection (1), a medical examiner
11	may not perform an autopsy on a deceased person if the medical
12	examiner receives before the performance of the autopsy a notarized
13	affidavit signed by the person before the person's death that
14	states the person's objection for religious reasons to the
15	performance of an autopsy on the person after the person's death.
16	(1) A medical examiner may perform an autopsy on a deceased
17	person following receipt of a notarized affidavit under Subsection
18	(k) if the chief medical examiner determines a compelling public
19	necessity exists to perform the autopsy on the deceased person
20	despite the objection.
21	(m) If the medical examiner performs the autopsy despite
22	receipt of a notarized affidavit under Subsection (k), the medical
23	examiner shall:
24	(1) use the least invasive means possible in the
25	performance of the autopsy; and
26	(2) notwithstanding Subsection (i), release to the
27	funeral establishment or crematory any organ or organ part retained
28	by the medical examiner, except as required by law or by published
29	professional or accreditation standards.
30	(n) In this section, "compelling public necessity" means:
31	(1) a criminal homicide investigation in which the

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1 deceased person is the victim; 2 (2) an immediate and substantial threat to public 3 health; 4 (3) the death of a child under 12 years of age for which the cause of death is not apparent and neglect or a threat to 5 public health was suspected; 6 7 (4) the cause or manner of death of the deceased person 8 is not apparent after a diligent investigation by the medical 9 examiner; or 10 (5) the autopsy is required by law. 11 SECTION _____. Section 10, Article 49.25, Code of Criminal Procedure, is amended to read as follows: 12 Sec. 10. DISINTERMENTS AND CREMATIONS. 13 (a) The [When a 14 body upon which an inquest ought to have been held has been 15 interred, the] medical examiner may cause a body that has been interred and on which an inquest should have been held [it] to be 16 disinterred for the purpose of holding the [such] inquest. 17 (b) A [Before any] body on[, upon] which an inquest is 18 authorized by [the-provisions of] this Article may not[, can] be 19 [lawfully] cremated unless[7] an examination is [autopsy shall be] 20 performed on the body [thereon] as provided in this Article[τ] or a 21 certificate that the examination [no autopsy] was not necessary is 22 [shall be] furnished by the medical examiner. 23 (c) Before <u>a</u> [any] dead body <u>may</u> [can] be [lawfully] 24 cremated, the owner or operator of the crematory shall demand and be 25 furnished with a certificate, signed by the medical examiner of the 26 county in which the death occurred stating [showing] that: 27 an <u>examination</u> [autopsy] was performed on the (1) 28 29 [said] body; or (2) an examination on the body [that no autopsy 30 thereon] was not necessary. 31

1 (d) The [It shall be the duty of the] medical examiner shall 2 [to] determine whether or not, from all the circumstances 3 surrounding the death, an <u>examination</u> [autopsy] is necessary prior 4 to issuing a certificate under [the provisions of] this section.

5 (e) The owner or operator of a crematory requesting 6 authorization to cremate a body shall provide the medical examiner 7 with a legible and properly completed death certificate.

8 (f) A medical examiner is not required to perform an 9 examination [No autopsy shall be required by the medical examiner] 10 as a prerequisite to cremation <u>if the</u> [in case] death <u>was</u> [is] 11 caused by [the] pestilential <u>or highly infectious</u> diseases [of 12 Asiatic cholera, bubonic plague, typhus fever, or smallpox].

13 (g) All certificates furnished to the owner or operator of a 14 crematory by any medical examiner, under the terms of this Article, 15 shall be preserved by <u>the</u> [such] owner or operator <u>until the second</u> 16 <u>anniversary</u> of [such crematory for a period of two years from] the 17 date of the <u>body's</u> cremation [of said body].

(h) A medical examiner is not required to perform an autopsy
 on the body of a deceased person whose death was caused by a
 communicable disease during a public health disaster.

21 SECTION _____. Section 10a, Article 49.25, Code of Criminal 22 Procedure, is amended to read as follows:

23 Sec. 10a. <u>WAITING PERIOD BETWEEN DEATH AND CREMATION.</u> 24 <u>(a)</u> The body of a deceased person shall not be cremated within 48 25 hours after the time of death as indicated on the regular death 26 certificate, unless:

27 (1) the death certificate indicates death was caused
 28 by [the] pestilential or highly infectious diseases; [of Asiatic
 29 cholera, bubonic plague, typhus fever, or smallpox,] or

30 · (2) [unless] the time requirement is waived in writing
 31 by the county medical examiner or, in counties without [not having]

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1 a county medical examiner, a justice of the peace.

2 (b) In a public health disaster, the commissioner of <u>state</u> 3 [public] health <u>services</u> may designate other communicable diseases 4 for which cremation within 48 hours of the time of death is 5 authorized.

6 SECTION ____. Section 11, Article 49.25, Code of Criminal 7 Procedure, is amended to read as follows:

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Sec. 11. RECORDS. (a) The medical examiner shall:

9 (1) keep full and complete records properly indexed 10 <u>that include</u>[, giving] the name if known of every person whose death 11 is investigated, the place where the body was found, the date, <u>and</u> 12 the cause and manner of death; $[\tau]$ and

13 (2) [shall] issue a death certificate.

(b) The full report and detailed findings of the autopsy, if
 any, shall be a part of the record.

[Copies of all records shall promptly be delivered to (c) 16 the proper district, county, or criminal district attorney in any 17 case where further investigation is advisable.] The records are 18 subject to required public disclosure in accordance with Chapter 19 20 552, Government Code, except that a photograph or x-ray of a body taken during a medical examiner investigation [an autopsy] is 21 excepted from required public disclosure in accordance with Chapter 22 552, Government Code, but is subject to disclosure: 23

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under a subpoena or authority of other law; or

(2) if the photograph or x-ray is of the body of a
person who died while in the custody of law enforcement.

27 SECTION ____. Section 12, Article 49.25, Code of Criminal 28 Procedure, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 12. TRANSFER OF DUTIES OF JUSTICE OF PEACE. When the commissioners court of any county <u>establishes</u> [shall-establish] the office of medical examiner, all powers and duties of justices of the

peace in the [such] county relating to the investigation of deaths 1 and inquests [shall] vest in the office of the medical examiner. 2 Any subsequent General Law pertaining to the duties of justices of 3 the peace in death investigations and inquests [shall] apply to the 4 medical examiner in the county [such counties as] to the extent not 5 inconsistent with this Article, and all laws or parts of laws 6 otherwise in conflict with this Article [herewith] are [hereby] 7 declared [to be] inapplicable to this Article. 8

9 SECTION ____. Subsection (a), Section 14, Article 49.25, 10 Code of Criminal Procedure, is amended to read as follows:

(a) A person commits an offense if the person knowingly
 violates this article or knowingly provides false information to a
 <u>medical examiner in the performance by the medical examiner of an</u>
 <u>investigation under this article</u>.

15 SECTION _____. Section 13, Article 49.25, Code of Criminal 16 Procedure, is repealed.

SECTION _____. Article 49.25, Code of Criminal Procedure, is
 amended by adding Sections 13A and 13B to read as follows:

Sec. 13A. FEES. A medical examiner may charge reasonable
 fees for services provided by the medical examiner's office under
 this Article, including cremation approvals, court testimonies,
 consultations, and depositions.

23 <u>Sec. 13B. EDUCATION AND RESEARCH. (a) A medical examiner</u> 24 <u>may use for educational or teaching purposes photographs taken</u> 25 <u>during a death investigation.</u>

(b) A medical examiner's office may engage in educational
 and research activities that do not interfere with the performance
 of the duties imposed on the office under this Article.

29 SECTION _____. Notwithstanding Sections 2 and 3, Article 30 49.25, Code of Criminal Procedure, as amended by this Act, a person 31 serving as the chief medical examiner or a deputy medical examiner

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1 for a medical examiners district or county in this state on the 2 effective date of this Act is not required to be board certified in 3 anatomic and forensic pathology by the American Board of Pathology 4 to continue to hold that position of chief medical examiner or 5 deputy medical examiner for that district or county.

LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD Austin, Texas

FISCAL NOTE, 81ST LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

May 28, 2009

TO: Honorable Joe Straus, Speaker of the House, House of Representatives

FROM: John S. O'Brien, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB3485 by Coleman (Relating to the administration of certain county services and duties, including the administration of county assistance districts.), As Passed 2nd House

No significant fiscal implication to the State is anticipated.

The bill would amend the Code of Criminal Procedure, Election Code, Government Code, Health and Safety Code, Local Government Code, and Occupations Code relating to administration of various county services and duties. Included in amendments to the Code of Criminal Procedure would be changes relating to the use of video teleconferencing systems in certain criminal proceedings.

The bill would amend various sections of the Code of Criminal Procedure relating to requirements for justices of the peace and medical examiners regarding autopsies and investigations. Among the changes that would have a fiscal impact would be the requirement that a chief medical examiner hold an inquest when a person dies within 24 hours after the person was placed into law enforcement custody or dies as a result of medical treatment or therapy. Various reporting requirements by medical examiners to county officials under current statute would be removed.

The bill would also add Subchapter C to Article 49 of the Code of Criminal Procedure to establish procedures for obtaining informed consent prior to the conduct of an autopsy. The commissioner of the Department of State Health Services (DSHS) in consultation with the Texas Medical Board (TMB) would be required to develop an informed autopsy consent form that includes information stated in the bill.

The bill would amend Chapter 61, Education Code, to stipulate that approval by the Higher Education Coordinating Board would not be required for buildings or other facilities financed by a public improvement district under Chapter 372, Local Government Code.

The bill would amend Chapter 281, Health and Safety Code, regarding the Dallas County Hospital District and its employment of health care providers and physicians.

The bill would add Subchapter E to Chapter 311 of the Health and Safety Code to authorize certain hospitals to employ a physician and retain all or part of the professional income generated by the physician for medical services provided at the hospital. The bill would set forth policies and bylaws required of the hospitals, including requirements related to liability insurance.

The bill would amend Section 157 of the Local Government Code to authorize an intergovernmental pool operating under Chapter 119 or its successor, pursuant to certain policies, to require reimbursement for the provision of punitive damage coverage from a person to whom the pool provides coverage.

The bill would amend Chapter 250, Local Government Code, to require a county or municipality issuing a citation for a violation of a county or municipal rule or ordinance related to real property to mail notice of the citation to the property owner at the address most recently provided to the county or municipality by the property owner or by the employee of the owner or management company.

The bill would amend Subchapter C, Chapter 372, Local Government Code, relating to the powers and duties of certain public improvement districts regarding procedures for annexing or excluding land from the district. The bill would adjust the population criteria regarding the counties to which Subchapter C would apply.

The bill would amend Chapter 372 of the Local Government Code to expand the methods that can be used to fund public improvement projects, to add projects that qualify for funding as a public improvement project, and to provide for additional uses of public improvement district funds. In addition, the bill would make changes to operational procedures of a district such as those relating to posting and filing notices, dissolving a district, revising assessment rolls, and revising assessments.

Provisions of the bill specify that a public improvement district is not a separate body politic or corporate from the municipality or county that created it.

All governmental acts and proceedings conducted under Chapter 372, Local Government Code, prior to the effective date of the bill related to establishing a public improvement district, designating improvements, levying assessments, and financing costs of improvements in response to a petition filed that conform with Section 372.005, Local Government Code, as it existed prior to the effective date of the bill would be validated and confirmed.

The bill would amend Section 387 of the Local Government Code to authorize the creation of more than one county assistance district in a county and sets out procedures for creating more than one district. The bill would also amend statutes regarding powers, duties, operations, elections, and sales and use tax change of a county assistance district. Under current statute, if an election is held and the vote is against the creation of a district, another election may not be held prior to the first anniversary of the most recent election concerning the creation. Under the proposed change in statute, one or more elections may be held, and the limit on when the election could be held would be removed.

The bill would amend Chapter 162, Occupations Code, related to requirements of the Texas Medical Board regarding certification of a health organization and would allow the board to charge a reasonable fee as necessary for the certification of an organization and for the investigation, review, and enforcement of the organization's compliance with applicable statutes.

The bill would add Section 51.0022 to the Property Code to require, beginning with a sale on or after January 1, 2010, a person filing a notice of sale of foreclosed residential property to submit to the county clerk a completed form that provides the zip code of the property. On completion of the sale of real property, the trustee or sheriff would be required to submit a form to the county clerk that contains certain information. Not later than the 30th day after receipt of a form under the section, the county clerk would be required to transmit the form to the Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs (TDHCA). By not later than January 1, 2010, TDHCA would be required to prescribe the forms required under the section and to report the information received from the county clerks to the legislature on a quarterly basis.

Proposed changes to Section 250.003, Local Government Code, would take effect on or after January 1, 2010. Otherwise, the bill would take effect September 1, 2009.

Based on analysis by affected agencies, it is anticipated that any costs associated with implementing provisions of the bill could be absorbed within existing resources.

Local Government Impact

It is anticipated that the proposed changes in the Code of Criminal Procedure, Election Code, Government Code, Health and Safety Code, Local Government Code, and Occupations Code relating to administration of various county services and duties would provide a positive fiscal impact for counties that would vary by county.

It is anticipated that the proposed amendments to the Code of Criminal Procedure regarding video teleconferencing systems would create a savings related to court proceedings if a system is already in place.

The fiscal impact to local governments under Article 49, Code of Criminal Procedure, regarding inquests of deaths of persons in law enforcement custody or as a result of medical treatment or therapy would depend on the number of such deaths that occur. The costs are not anticipated to be significant. As an example of potential impact, Midland County (2000 U.S. Census population of 116,009) reports that the current cost of performing an autopsy is \$2,000.

It is anticipated that the proposed addition to Chapter 157, Local Government Code, would provide a positive fiscal impact that would depend on the costs associated with punitive damage coverage.

Under proposed changes to Chapter 250, Local Government Code, a county or municipality would incur costs that would vary depending on how many citations are issued.

A municipality or county that has created or would create a public improvement district under provisions of chapter 372, Local Government Code, would benefit from the additional methods of financing. The positive fiscal impact would vary depending on decisions made by the governing body. Procedural changes are not anticipated to have significant fiscal implications.

Based on analysis provided from the Texas Association of Counties (TAC), the costs to implement the changes in Section 387 of the Local Government Code would vary by county depending on if an associated election coincides with other elections previously determined to take place in the county or if an election is held alone. As an example, TAC cited special election costs for Waller County at \$20,920 and Kaufman County at \$35,000. (Election costs vary depending not only on the type of election, but also on the number of eligible voters and number of precincts.)

Costs associated with requirements for gathering and submitting foreclosure data would vary by county and would depend on the number of foreclosures; however, based on information provided by TAC, those costs are not expected to be significant.

According to the Texas Hospital Association, provisions of the bill under Chapters 281 and 311, Health and Safety Code, and Chapter 162, Occupations Code, would provide a significant positive fiscal impact to the applicable hospitals.

Source Agencies: 332 Department of Housing and Community Affairs, 503 Texas Medical Board, 537 State Health Services, Department of, 781 Higher Education Coordinating Board

LBB Staff: JOB, DB

FISCAL NOTE, 81ST LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

May 22, 2009

TO: Honorable Royce West, Chair, Senate Committee on Intergovernmental Relations

FROM: John S. O'Brien, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB3485 by Coleman (Relating to the administration of certain county services and duties, including the administration of county assistance districts.), Committee Report 2nd House, Substituted

No significant fiscal implication to the State is anticipated.

The bill would amend the Code of Criminal Procedure, Election Code, Government Code, Health and Safety Code, Local Government Code, and Occupations Code relating to administration of various county services and duties.

Included in amendments to the Code of Criminal Procedure would be changes relating to the use of video teleconferencing systems in certain criminal proceedings. The bill would permit a peace officer to provide testimony to a grand jury and allow certain defendants to waive the right of trial by jury from a remote site by means of a teleconferencing system.

The bill would amend Section 157 of the Local Government Code to authorize an intergovernmental pool operating under Chapter 119 or its successor, pursuant to certain policies, to require reimbursement for the provision of punitive damage coverage from a person to whom the pool provides coverage.

Additionally, the bill would amend Section 387 of the Local Government Code to authorize the creation of more than one county assistance district in a county and sets out procedures for creating more than one district. The bill would also amend statutes regarding powers, duties, operations, elections, and sales and use tax change of a county assistance district. Under current statute, if an election is held and the vote is against the creation of a district, another election may not be held prior to the first anniversary of the most recent election concerning the creation. Under the proposed change in statute, one or more elections may be held, and the limit on when the election could be held would be removed.

The bill would add Section 51.0022 to the Property Code to require, beginning with a sale on or after January 1, 2010, a person filing a notice of sale of foreclosed residential property to submit to the county clerk a completed form that provides the zip code of the property. On completion of the sale of real property, the trustee or sheriff would be required to submit a form to the county clerk that contains certain information. Not later than the 30th day after receipt of a form under the section, the county clerk would be required to transmit the form to the Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs (TDHCA). By not later than January 1, 2010, TDHCA would be required to prescribe the forms required under the section and to report the information received from the county clerks to the legislature on a quarterly basis.

The bill would take effect September 1, 2009.

Based on analysis by TDHCA, it is anticipated that any costs associated with implementing provisions of the bill could be absorbed within existing resources.

Local Government Impact

It is anticipated that the proposed changes in the Code of Criminal Procedure, Election Code, Government Code, Health and Safety Code, Local Government Code, and Occupations Code relating to administration of various county services and duties would provide a positive fiscal impact for counties that would vary by county.

It is anticipated that the proposed amendments to the Code of Criminal Procedure regarding video teleconferencing systems would create a savings related to court proceedings if a system is already in place.

It is anticipated that the proposed addition to Chapter 157, Local Government Code, would provide a positive fiscal impact that would depend on the costs associated with punitive damage coverage.

Based on analysis provided from the Texas Association of Counties (TAC), the costs to implement the changes in Section 387 of the Local Government Code would vary by county depending on if an associated election coincides with other elections previously determined to take place in the county or if an election is held alone. As an example, TAC cited special election costs for Waller County at \$20,920 and Kaufman County at \$35,000. (Election costs vary depending not only on the type of election, but also on the number of eligible voters and number of precincts.)

Costs associated with requirements for gathering and submitting foreclosure data would vary by county and would depend on the number of foreclosures; however, based on information provided by TAC, those costs are not expected to be significant.

Source Agencies: 332 Department of Housing and Community Affairs **LBB Staff:** JOB, DB, NV, KJG, TP

FISCAL NOTE, 81ST LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

May 18, 2009

TO: Honorable Royce West, Chair, Senate Committee on Intergovernmental Relations

FROM: John S. O'Brien, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB3485 by Coleman (Relating to the administration of certain county services and duties, including the administration of county assistance districts.), As Engrossed

No fiscal implication to the State is anticipated.

The bill would amend the Code of Criminal Procedure, Election Code, Government Code, Health and Safety Code, Local Government Code, Occupations Code, Probate Code, and Tax Code relating to administration of various county services and duties.

The bill would also amend Section 157 of the Local Government Code to authorize an intergovernmental pool operating under Chapter 119 or its successor, pursuant to certain policies, to require reimbursement for the provision of punitive damage coverage from a person to whom the pool provides coverage.

Additionally, the bill would amend Section 387 of the Local Government Code to authorize the creation of more than one county assistance district in a county and sets out procedures for creating more than one district. The bill would also amend statutes regarding powers, duties, operations, elections, and sales and use tax change of a county assistance district. Under current statute, if an election is held and the vote is against the creation of a district, another election may not be held prior to the first anniversary of the most recent election concerning the creation. Under the proposed change in statute, one or more elections may be held, and the limit on when the election could be held would be removed.

Local Government Impact

It is anticipated that the proposed changes in the Code of Criminal Procedure, Election Code, Government Code, Health and Safety Code, Local Government Code, Occupations Code, Probate Code, and Tax Code relating to administration of various county services and duties would provide a positive fiscal impact for counties that would vary by county.

It is anticipated that the proposed addition to Chapter 157, Local Government Code, would provide a positive fiscal impact that would depend on the costs associated with punitive damage coverage.

Based on analysis provided from the Texas Association of Counties (TAC), the costs to implement the changes in Section 387 of the Local Government Code would vary by county depending on if an associated election coincides with other elections previously determined to take place in the county or if an election is held alone. As an example, TAC cited special election costs for Waller County at \$20,920 and Kaufman County at \$35,000. (Election costs vary depending not only on the type of election, but also on the number of eligible voters and number of precincts.)

Source Agencies: LBB Staff: JOB, DB, KJG, TP

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FISCAL NOTE, 81ST LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

April 28, 2009

TO: Honorable Garnet Coleman, Chair, House Committee on County Affairs

FROM: John S. O'Brien, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB3485 by Coleman (Relating to the administration of certain county services and duties, including the administration of county assistance districts.), Committee Report 1st House, Substituted

No fiscal implication to the State is anticipated.

The bill would amend the Code of Criminal Procedure, Election Code, Government Code, Health and Safety Code, Local Government Code, Occupations Code, and Tax Code relating to administration of various county services and duties.

Additionally, the bill specifically would amend Section 387 of the Local Government Code to authorize the creation of more than one county assistance district in a county and sets out procedures for creating more than one district. The bill would also amend statutes regarding powers, duties, operations, elections, and sales and use tax change of a county assistance district. Under current statute, if an election is held and the vote is against the creation of a district, another election may not be held prior to the first anniversary of the most recent election concerning the creation. Under the proposed change in statute, one or more election may be held, and the limit on when the election could be held would be removed.

Local Government Impact

It is anticipated that the proposed changes in the Code of Criminal Procedure, Election Code, Government Code, Health and Safety Code, Local Government Code, Occupations Code, and Tax Code relating to administration of various county services and duties would provide a positive fiscal impact for counties that would vary by county.

Based on analysis provided from the Texas Association of Counties (TAC), the costs to implement the changes in Section 387 of the Local Government Code would vary by county depending on if an associated election coincides with other elections previously determined to take place in the county or if an election is held alone. As an example, TAC cited special election costs for Waller County at \$20,920 and Kaufman County at \$35,000. (Election costs vary depending not only on the type of election, but also on the number of eligible voters and number of precincts.)

Source Agencies: LBB Staff: JOB, DB, KJG, TP

FISCAL NOTE, 81ST LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

April 16, 2009

TO: Honorable Garnet Coleman, Chair, House Committee on County Affairs

FROM: John S. O'Brien, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB3485 by Coleman (Relating to the administration of certain county services and duties.), As Introduced

No fiscal implication to the State is anticipated.

The bill would amend the Code of Criminal Procedure, Election Code, Government Code, Health and Safety Code, Local Government Code, Occupations Code, and Tax Code relating to administration of various county services and duties.

Local Government Impact

It is anticipated that the proposed changes would provide a positive fiscal impact for counties that would vary by county.

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Source Agencies: LBB Staff: JOB, DB

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