#### HOUSE VERSION

SECTION 1. Section 121.007, Human Resources Code, is transferred to Chapter 552, Transportation Code, renumbered as Section 552.010, and amended to read as follows:

Sec. <u>552.010</u> [<del>121.007</del>]. BLIND [AND DISABLED</del>] PEDESTRIANS. (a) No person may carry a white cane on a public street or highway unless the person is totally or partially blind.

(b) The driver of a vehicle approaching an intersection or crosswalk where a pedestrian guided by an assistance animal or carrying a white cane is crossing or attempting to cross shall take necessary precautions to avoid injuring or endangering the pedestrian. The driver shall bring the vehicle to a full stop if injury or danger can be avoided only by that action.

(c) If it is shown on the trial of an offense under this section that as a result of the commission of the offense a collision occurred causing serious bodily injury or death to a blind person, the offense is a misdemeanor punishable by:

(1) a fine of not more than \$500; and

(2) 30 hours of community service to an organization or agency that primarily serves visually impaired or disabled persons, to be completed in not less than six months and not more than one year.

(A) A portion of the community service required under Subsection (2) shall include sensitivity training. [The failure of a totally or partially blind or otherwise disabled person to carry a white cane or be guided or aided by an

#### SENATE VERSION

SECTION 1. Section 121.007, Human Resources Code, is transferred to Chapter 552, Transportation Code, renumbered as Section 552.010, and amended to read as follows:

Sec. <u>552.010</u> [<del>121.007</del>]. BLIND [<del>AND DISABLED</del>] PEDESTRIANS. (a) No person may carry a white cane on a public street or highway unless the person is totally or partially blind.

(b) The driver of a vehicle approaching an intersection or crosswalk where a pedestrian guided by an assistance animal or carrying a white cane is crossing or attempting to cross shall take necessary precautions to avoid injuring or endangering the pedestrian. The driver shall bring the vehicle to a full stop if injury or danger can be avoided only by that action.

(c) <u>If it is shown on the trial of an offense under this</u> section that as a result of the commission of the offense a collision occurred causing serious bodily injury or death to a blind person, the offense is a misdemeanor punishable by:

(1) a fine of not more than \$500; and

(2) 30 hours of community service to an organization or agency that primarily serves visually impaired or disabled persons, to be completed in not less than six months and not more than one year.

(c-1) A portion of the community service required under Subsection (c)(2)shall include sensitivity training. [The failure of a totally or partially blind or otherwise disabled person to carry a white cane or be guided or aided by an

#### HOUSE VERSION

SENATE VERSION

# rights and privileges conferred by law on pedestrians crossing streets or highways and does not constitute evidence of contributory negligence.] (d) For the purposes of this section: (1) "Assistance animal" has the meaning assigned by Section 121.002, Human Resources Code. (2) "White cane" has the meaning assigned by Section 121.002, Human Resources Code. [A person who violates this section commits a Class C misdemeanor.]

assistance animal does not deprive the person of the

SECTION 2. Section 552.003, Transportation Code, is amended by adding Subsections (d) and (e) to read as follows:

(d) If it is shown on the trial of an offense under Subsection (a) that as a result of the commission of the offense a collision occurred causing serious bodily injury or death to a visually impaired or disabled person, the offense is a misdemeanor punishable by:
(1) a fine of not more than \$500; and
(2) 30 hours of community service to an organization or

agency that primarily serves visually impaired or disabled persons, to be completed in not less than six months and not more than one year. assistance animal does not deprive the person of the rights and privileges conferred by law on pedestrians crossing streets or highways and does not constitute evidence of contributory negligence.]
(d) For the purposes of this section:

(1) "Assistance animal" has the meaning assigned by Section 121.002, Human Resources Code.
(2) "White cane" has the meaning assigned by Section 121.002, Human Resources Code.
(a) For this section commits a Class C misdemeanor.]
(e) If conduct constituting an offense under this section also constitutes an offense under another section of this code or the Penal Code, the actor may be prosecuted under either section or both sections.

SECTION 2. Section 552.003, Transportation Code, is amended by adding Subsections (d), (d-1), (e), and (f) to read as follows:

(d) If it is shown on the trial of an offense under Subsection (a) that as a result of the commission of the offense a collision occurred causing serious bodily injury or death to a visually impaired or disabled person, the offense is a misdemeanor punishable by:

(1) a fine of not more than \$500; and

(2) 30 hours of community service to an organization or agency that primarily serves visually impaired or disabled persons, to be completed in not less than six months and not more than one year.

#### House Bill 1343 Senate Amendments

### Senate Amenuments

Section-by-Section Analysis

# HOUSE VERSION

# SENATE VERSION

#### CONFERENCE

(A) A portion of the community service required under
Subsection (2) shall include sensitivity training.
(e) For the purposes of this section:
(1) "Visually impaired" has the meaning assigned by
Section 91.002, Human Resources Code.
(2) "Disabled" means a person who cannot walk without
the use or assistance of:
(A) a device, including a brace, cane, crutch, prosthesis,
or wheelchair; or
(B) another person.

SECTION 3. (a) The change in law made by this Act applies only to an offense committed on or after the effective date of this Act. For purposes of this section, an offense is committed before the effective date of this Act if any element of the offense occurs before that date. (b) An offense committed before the effective date of this Act is covered by the law in effect when the offense was committed, and the former law is continued in effect for that purpose.

SECTION 4. This Act takes effect September 1, 2009.

(d-1) A portion of the community service required under Subsection (d)(2)shall include sensitivity training.
(e) For the purposes of this section:
(1) "Visually impaired" has the meaning assigned by Section 91.002, Human Resources Code.
(2) "Disabled" means a person who cannot walk without the use or assistance of:
(A) a device, including a brace, cane, crutch, prosthesis, or wheelchair; or
(B) another person.
(f) If conduct constituting an offense under this section also constitutes an offense under another section of this code or the Penal Code, the actor may be prosecuted under either section or both sections.

Same as House version.

Same as House version.

HOUSE VERSION	SENATE VERSION	CONFERENCE
	The following rows were presented as the language of Senate Bill 2082, relating to determining a student's eligibility for a school district's special education program on the basis of the student's visual impairment.	
No equivalent provision.	<ul> <li>SECTION Section 30.002, Education Code, is amended by adding Subsections (c-1) and (c-2) to read as follows:</li> <li>(c-1) To implement Subsection (c)(1) and to determine a child's eligibility for a school district's special education program on the basis of a visual impairment, the full individual and initial evaluation of the student required by Section 29.004 must, in accordance with commissioner rule:</li> <li>(1) include an orientation and mobility evaluation conducted:</li> <li>(A) by a person who is appropriately certified as an orientation and mobility specialist, as determined under commissioner rule; and</li> <li>(B) in a variety of settings, including in the student's home, school, and community and in settings unfamiliar to the student; and</li> <li>(2) provide for a person who is appropriately certified as an orientation and mobility specialist to participate, as part of the multidisciplinary team, in evaluating data on which the determination of the child's eligibility is based. (c-2) Any reevaluation by a school district of a student</li> </ul>	

HOUSE VERSION	SENATE VERSION	CONFERENCE
	who has been determined, after the full individual and initial evaluation, to be eligible for the district's special education program on the basis of a visual impairment must, in accordance with commissioner rule, include an orientation and mobility evaluation conducted by a person described by Subsection $(c-1)(1)(A)$ .	
No equivalent provision.	<ul> <li>SECTION (a) Not later than January 1, 2010, the commissioner of education shall adopt rules necessary to implement Subsections (c-1) and (c-2), Section 30.002, Education Code, as added by this Act.</li> <li>(b) Not later than the beginning of the 2010-2011 school year, Subsections (c-1) and (c-2), Section 30.002, Education Code, as added by this Act, shall be implemented.</li> </ul>	
No equivalent provision.	SECTION This Act takes effect immediately if it receives a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If this Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate effect, this Act takes effect September 1, 2009.	
	The following row was presented as the language of Senate Bill 1389, relating to the penalty for the offense of reckless driving.	

#### House Bill 1343 Senate Amendments

# Section-by-Section Analysis

# HOUSE VERSION

# No equivalent provision.

#### SENATE VERSION

SECTION . Section 545.401, Transportation Code, is amended by amending Subsection (b) and adding Subsections (e), (f), (g), and (h) to read as follows:

(b) Except as provided by Subsection (e), an [An] offense under this section is a misdemeanor punishable by:

(1) a fine not to exceed \$200;

(2) confinement in county jail for not more than 30 days; or

(3) both the fine and the confinement.

(e) If an offense under this section results in the serious bodily injury or death of an operator or passenger of another motor vehicle, the offense is a Class B misdemeanor.

(f) The court may:

(1) order that the driver's license of a person convicted of an offense under Subsection (e) be suspended for not less than 30 days beginning on the date of conviction; and

(2) require the person to attend and present proof that the person successfully completed a driving safety course approved under Chapter 1001, Education Code, before the person's driver's license may be reinstated.

(g) A judge, acting under Article 42.12, Code of Criminal Procedure, who elects to place a defendant on community supervision under that article may require the defendant to attend and present proof that the defendant successfully completed a driving safety course approved under Chapter 1001, Education Code.

HOUSE VERSION

SENATE VERSION

CONFERENCE

(h) A person who is subject to prosecution under both this section and another section of this or any other code may be prosecuted under either or both sections.