## **BILL ANALYSIS**

Senate Research Center

S.B. 173 By: West Intergovernmental Relations 7/18/2011 Enrolled

## **AUTHOR'S / SPONSOR'S STATEMENT OF INTENT**

Health and safety violations in multi-family and single-family rental properties have increased in recent years. Although many municipalities have increased enforcement actions against those properties that habitually violate habitability standards, loopholes within existing statutes have allowed property owners to avoid these penalties by transferring the property to other entities. S.B. 173 closes these loopholes by clarifying statute to ensure that actions required by a municipality to remedy code violations are not nullified upon sale.

S.B. 173 amends current law relating to civil remedy of violations of certain municipal and safety ordinances.

## **RULEMAKING AUTHORITY**

This bill does not expressly grant any additional rulemaking authority to a state officer, institution, or agency.

## **SECTION BY SECTION ANALYSIS**

SECTION 1. Amends Section 54.018(b), Local Government Code, as follows:

(b) Authorizes a municipality, in an action under this section (relating to an action for the repair or demolition of a structure), to bring a claim for civil penalties under Section 54.017 (Civil Penalty) and an action in rem against the structure that may result in a judgment against the structure as well as a judgment against the defendant.

SECTION 2. Amends Sections 214.003(a), (b), (c), and (i), Local Government Code, as follows:

- (a) Authorizes a home-rule municipality to bring an action in district court against an owner of property that is not in substantial compliance with a municipal ordinance described by Section 54.012(1), (2), (5)-(7), or (9) (relating to various authorizations for a municipality to bring a civil action for the enforcement of an ordinance). Makes conforming and nonsubstantive changes.
- (b) Authorizes the court, except as provided by Subsection (c), to appoint a nonprofit organization or an individual with a demonstrated record of rehabilitating properties as a receiver for the property, if the court finds that certain requirements have been met, including that a public hearing as required by Section 214.001(b), rather than Section 214.001(d), has been conducted.
- (c) Authorizes a receiver appointed under Subsection (b) to act as a receiver for any property, including historic property subject to Section 214.00111 (Additional Authority to Preserve Substandard Building as Historic Property). Deletes existing text setting forth certain court findings as necessary preconditions for appointment of a receiver for historic property subject to Section 214.00111. Makes conforming changes.
- (i) Makes a conforming change.

SECTION 3. Effective date: September 1, 2011.