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              McClendon (Senate Sponsor - Deuell)
                                                                                             H.B. No. 577
       (In the Senate - Received from the House May 6, 2011; May 9, 2011, read first time and referred to Committee on Health
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       and Human Services; May 18, 2011, reported favorably by the following vote: Yeas 9, Nays 0; May 18, 2011, sent to printer.)
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A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

1-8 relating to emergency prehospital care provided by emergency 1-9 services personnel. 1-10 1-11

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1. Section 166.102(b), Health and Safety Code, is amended to read as follows:

- (b) When responding to a call for assistance, emergency medical services personnel:
- (1) shall honor only a properly executed or issued out-of-hospital DNR order or prescribed DNR identification device in accordance with this subchapter; and
- (2) have no duty to review, examine, interpret, or honor a person's other written directive, including a written directive in the form prescribed by Section 166.033.

 SECTION 2. Subchapter A, Chapter 773, Health and Safety

Code, is amended by adding Section 773.016 to read as follows:

- Sec. 773.016. DUTIES OF EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES PERSONNEL; CERTAIN EMERGENCY PREHOSPITAL CARE SITUATIONS. (a) In this section, "cardiopulmonary resuscitation" has the meaning assigned by Section 166.002.
- (b) Emergency medical services personnel who are providing emergency prehospital care to a person are subject to Chapter 166, including Section 166.102.
- (c) If a person's personal physician is present and assumes responsibility for the care of the person under the applicable requirements of Chapter 197, Title 22, Texas Administrative Code, while the person is receiving emergency prehospital care, the physician may order the termination of cardiopulmonary resuscitation only if, based on the physician's professional medical judgment, the physician determines that resuscitation should be discontinued.
- (d) If a person's personal physician is not present or does not assume responsibility for the care of the person while the person is receiving emergency prehospital care, the emergency medical services system's medical director or online physician:
- (1) shall be responsible for directing the emergency medical services personnel who are providing emergency prehospital care to the person; and
- (2) may order the termination of cardiopulmonary resuscitation only if, based on the medical director's or online physician's professional medical judgment, the medical director or online physician determines that resuscitation should discontinued.
- SECTION 3. This Act takes effect immediately if it receives a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as 1-50 1-51 provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If this 1-52 Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate effect, this 1-53 1-54 Act takes effect September 1, 2011.

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