By: Callegari H.B. No. 1009

Substitute the following for H.B. No. 1009:

By: Gallego C.S.H.B. No. 1009

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1 AN ACT

2 relating to procedures for obtaining informed consent before

- 3 certain postmortem examinations or autopsies.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
- 5 SECTION 1. This Act shall be known as the Jerry Carswell
- 6 Memorial Act.
- 7 SECTION 2. Chapter 49, Code of Criminal Procedure, is
- 8 amended by adding Subchapter C to read as follows:
- 9 SUBCHAPTER C. INFORMED CONSENT FOR POSTMORTEM EXAMINATION OR
- 10 AUTOPSY
- 11 Art. 49.31. APPLICABILITY. This subchapter does not apply
- 12 to an autopsy that:
- 13 (1) is ordered by the Texas Department of Criminal
- 14 Justice or an authorized official of the department in accordance
- 15 with Section 501.055, Government Code; or
- 16 (2) a justice of the peace or medical examiner
- 17 determines is required under this chapter or other law.
- Art. 49.32. CONSENT TO POSTMORTEM EXAMINATION OR AUTOPSY.
- 19 (a) Except as provided by Subsection (b) of this article, a
- 20 physician may not perform, or assist in the performance of, a
- 21 postmortem examination or autopsy on the body of a deceased person
- 22 unless the physician obtains the written informed consent of a
- 23 person authorized to provide consent under Article 49.33 of this
- 24 code. The consent must be provided on the form prescribed under

- 1 Article 49.34 of this code.
- 2 (b) If, after due diligence, a physician is unable to
- 3 identify or contact a person authorized to give consent under
- 4 Article 49.33 of this code, the physician may, as authorized by a
- 5 medical examiner, justice of the peace, or county judge, as
- 6 appropriate, perform a postmortem examination or autopsy on the
- 7 body of a deceased person not less than 24 hours and not more than 48
- 8 hours from the time of the decedent's death or the time the
- 9 physician or other person took possession of the body.
- 10 Art. 49.33. PERSONS AUTHORIZED TO CONSENT TO POSTMORTEM
- 11 EXAMINATION OR AUTOPSY. (a) Subject to Subsections (b) and (c) of
- 12 this article, consent for a postmortem examination or autopsy may
- 13 be given by any member of the following classes of persons who is
- 14 reasonably available, in the order of priority listed:
- 15 <u>(1) the spouse of the decedent;</u>
- 16 (2) the person acting as guardian of the person of the
- 17 decedent at the time of death or the executor or administrator of
- 18 the decedent's estate;
- 19 (3) the adult children of the decedent;
- 20 (4) the parents of the decedent; and
- 21 (5) the adult siblings of the decedent.
- (b) If there is more than one member of a class listed in
- 23 Subsection (a)(2), (3), (4), or (5) of this article entitled to give
- 24 consent to a postmortem examination or autopsy, consent may be
- 25 given by a member of the class unless that member knows of an
- 26 objection by another member of the class. If an objection is known,
- 27 the consent may be given only by a majority of the members of the

- 1 class who are reasonably available.
- 2 (c) A person may not give consent under this article if, at
- 3 the time of the decedent's death, a person in a class granted higher
- 4 priority under Subsection (a) of this article is reasonably
- 5 available to give consent or to object to a postmortem examination
- 6 or autopsy.
- 7 Art. 49.34. POSTMORTEM EXAMINATION OR AUTOPSY CONSENT FORM.
- 8 The commissioner of state health services, in consultation with the
- 9 Texas Medical Board, shall prescribe a standard written consent
- 10 form for a postmortem examination or autopsy. The form must:
- 11 (1) include the name of the hospital or other
- 12 institution and the department that will perform the examination or
- 13 autopsy;
- 14 (2) include a statement that the removal from the
- 15 deceased person's body and retention by the physician of organs,
- 16 fluids, prosthetic devices, or tissue may be required for purposes
- 17 of comprehensive evaluation or accurate determination of a cause of
- 18 death;
- 19 (3) provide the family of the deceased person with an
- 20 opportunity to place restrictions or special limitations on the
- 21 examination or autopsy;
- 22 (4) include a separate section regarding the
- 23 disposition of organs, fluids, prosthetic devices, or tissue after
- 24 the examination or autopsy, including a prioritized list of the
- 25 persons authorized to control that disposition, as provided by
- 26 Chapter 692A, Health and Safety Code;
- 27 (5) provide for documented and witnessed consent;

- 1 (6) allow authorization for the release of human
- 2 remains to a funeral home or individual designated by the person
- 3 giving consent for the postmortem examination or autopsy;
- 4 (7) include information regarding the rights
- 5 described by Article 49.35 of this code;
- 6 (8) list the circumstances under which a medical
- 7 examiner is required by law to conduct an investigation, inquest,
- 8 or autopsy under Article 49.25 of this code;
- 9 (9) include a statement that the form is required by
- 10 state law; and
- 11 (10) be written in plain language designed to be
- 12 easily understood by the average person.
- Art. 49.35. RIGHT TO NONAFFILIATED PHYSICIAN. (a) A person
- 14 authorized to consent to a postmortem examination or autopsy under
- 15 Article 49.33 of this code may request that a physician who is not
- 16 <u>affiliated with the hospital or other institution where the</u>
- 17 deceased person died:
- 18 (1) perform the postmortem examination or autopsy at
- 19 another hospital or institution; or
- 20 (2) review the postmortem examination or autopsy
- 21 conducted by a physician affiliated with the hospital or other
- 22 institution where the deceased person died.
- 23 (b) A representative of the hospital or other institution
- 24 shall inform the person of the person's right to request the
- 25 performance or review of a postmortem examination or autopsy by a
- 26 nonaffiliated physician under Subsection (a) before the person
- 27 consents to the postmortem examination or autopsy.

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- 1 (c) A person requesting a nonaffiliated physician to
- 2 perform or review a postmortem examination or autopsy shall bear
- 3 the additional costs incurred as a result of the nonaffiliated
- 4 physician's performance or review of the examination or autopsy
- 5 under Subsection (a) of this article.
- 6 SECTION 3. Section 501.055(d), Government Code, is amended
- 7 to read as follows:
- 8 (d) If the next of kin consents to the autopsy or does not
- 9 within eight hours of the time of death object to the department
- 10 about the autopsy, the department or an authorized official of the
- 11 department shall order an autopsy to be conducted on the inmate.
- 12 The order of an autopsy under this subsection constitutes consent
- 13 to an autopsy for the purposes of Article 49.32 [49.13(b)], Code of
- 14 Criminal Procedure.
- 15 SECTION 4. Article 49.13, Code of Criminal Procedure, is
- 16 repealed.
- SECTION 5. (a) Not later than December 31, 2011, the
- 18 Department of State Health Services shall prescribe the written
- 19 consent form required under Article 49.34, Code of Criminal
- 20 Procedure, as added by this Act.
- 21 (b) Notwithstanding Subchapter C, Chapter 49, Code of
- 22 Criminal Procedure, as added by this Act, a physician is not
- 23 required to comply with the requirements of that subchapter until
- 24 January 1, 2012.
- 25 SECTION 6. (a) Except as provided by Subsection (b) of this
- 26 section, this Act takes effect September 1, 2011.
- (b) Sections 3 and 4 of this Act take effect January 1, 2012.