By: VillarrealH.B. No. 1056Substitute the following for H.B. No. 1056:C.S.H.B. No. 1056By: VillarrealC.S.H.B. No. 1056

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1	AN ACT									
2	relating to the ad valorem taxation of property used to provide									
3	low-income or moderate-income housing.									
4	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:									
5	SECTION 1. Section 11.182(a), Tax Code, is amended by									
6	amending Subdivision (2) and adding Subdivisions (3) and (4) to									
7	read as follows:									
8	(2) "Community housing development organization" has									
9	the meaning assigned by 24 C.F.R. Section 92.2, except that the									
10	term also includes an organization that otherwise qualifies as a									
11	community housing development organization under that section but									
12	that:									
13	(A) does not receive HOME funds as defined by									
14	that section; or									
15	(B) is governed by a board all of the members of									
16	which are appointed by a state or local government [42 U.S.C.									
17	Section 12704].									
18	(3) "Control" includes:									
19	(A) with respect to a limited partnership, the									
20	control, directly or through a wholly controlled subsidiary, of 100									
21	percent of the general partner interest; and									
22	(B) with respect to a limited liability company,									
23	serving as the sole manager or managing member of the company.									
24	(4) "Department" means the Texas Department of Housing									

## 1 <u>a:</u> 2

and Community Affairs or its successor agency.

2 SECTION 2. Section 11.182, Tax Code, is amended by adding 3 Subsections (a-1), (b-1), (b-2), (j-1), (1), (m), (n), (o), (p), 4 (q), (r), and (s) and amending Subsections (e), (g), (h), (i), and 5 (k) to read as follows:

(a-1) An organization is considered to own property for 6 7 purposes of this section and the provisions of Section 2, Article VIII, Texas Constitution, authorizing the legislature by general 8 law to exempt from taxation property owned by an institution 9 engaged primarily in public charitable functions, if the 10 organization has legal or equitable title to the property. By way 11 12 of example, an organization has equitable title to property if it has a present right to compel legal title to the property to be 13 conveyed to it in accordance with law, such as by means of an option 14 to acquire the property. For purposes of eligibility for an 15 exemption under this section, property owned by a tax credit 16 17 partnership or limited liability company is considered to be owned by a community housing development organization if the general 18 19 partner of the tax credit partnership or the manager of the limited liability company is, or is controlled by, the community housing 20 development organization and the community housing development 21 22 organization holds equitable title to the property pursuant to an option to acquire the property on terms negotiated between the 23 24 parties.

25 (b-1) Notwithstanding Subsection (b), if the legal owner of 26 property is not an organization described by that subsection, the 27 legal owner is entitled to an exemption from taxation of property

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1	under this section if the property otherwise qualifies for the
2	exemption and the legal owner is:
3	(1) an entity 100 percent of the interest in which is
4	owned by an organization that meets the requirements of Subsection
5	<u>(b); or</u>
6	(2) an entity controlled by an organization that meets
7	the requirements of Subsection (b).
8	(b-2) A reference in this section to an organization
9	includes an entity described by Subsection (b-1)(1) or (2).
10	(e) In addition to meeting the <u>other</u> applicable
11	requirements of <u>this section</u> [ <del>Subsections (b) and (c)</del> ], to receive
12	an exemption under Subsection (b) for improved real property that
13	includes a housing project constructed after December 31, 2001, and
14	financed with qualified 501(c)(3) bonds issued under Section 145 of
15	the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, tax-exempt private activity
16	bonds subject to volume cap, or low-income housing tax credits, the
17	organization must:
18	(1) [ <del>control 100 percent of the interest in the</del>
19	general partner if the project is owned by a limited partnership;
20	$\left[\frac{(2)}{2}\right]$ comply with all rules of and laws administered by
21	the <u>department</u> [ <del>Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs</del> ]
22	applicable to community housing development organizations; and
23	(2) [ <del>(3)</del> ] submit annually to the <u>department</u> , if the
24	property is a multifamily rental property consisting of more than
25	four dwelling units, or to the chief appraiser of the appraisal
26	district in which the property subject to the exemption is located,
27	if the property is not such a property, [Texas Department of Housing

and Community Affairs and to the governing body of each taxing unit 1 for which the project receives an exemption for the housing 2 3 project] evidence demonstrating that the organization spent an amount equal to at least 90 percent of the project's cash flow in 4 5 the preceding fiscal year as determined by the audit required by Subsection (g), for eligible persons in the county in which the 6 property is located, on social, educational, or 7 economic 8 development services, capital improvement projects, or rent reduction. 9

To receive an exemption under Subsection (b) or (f), an 10 (q) organization must annually have an audit prepared by an independent 11 The audit must include a detailed report on the 12 auditor. organization's sources and uses of funds. A copy of the audit must 13 14 be delivered to the department, if the property is a multifamily 15 rental property consisting of more than four dwelling units, or [Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs and] to the 16 17 chief appraiser of the appraisal district in which the property subject to the exemption is located, if the property is not such a 18 19 multifamily rental property.

20 (h) Subsections (d) and <u>(e)(2)</u> [<del>(e)(3)</del>] do not apply to 21 property owned by an organization if:

(1) the entity that provided the financing for theacquisition or construction of the property:

(A) requires the organization to make payments in
25 lieu of taxes to the school district in which the property is
26 located; or

27

(B) restricts the amount of rent the organization

1 may charge for dwelling units on the property; or

2 (2) the organization has entered into an agreement 3 with each taxing unit for which the property receives an exemption 4 to spend in each tax year for the purposes provided by Subsection 5 (d) or (e)(2) [(e)(3)] an amount equal to the total amount of taxes 6 imposed on the property in the tax year preceding the year in which 7 the organization acquired the property.

8 (i) If any property owned by an organization receiving an exemption under this section has been acquired or sold during the 9 10 preceding year, the [such] organization shall file by March 31 of the following year with the <u>department</u>, for multifamily rental 11 properties consisting of more than four dwelling units, or with the 12 chief appraiser in the county in which the relevant properties are 13 14 [property is] located, for properties that are not such multifamily 15 rental properties, on a form promulgated by the comptroller of public accounts, a list of such properties acquired or sold during 16 17 the preceding year.

18 (j-1) Notwithstanding Subsection (j), an organization may 19 not receive an exemption under Subsection (b) or (f) for property 20 for the 2012 tax year or a subsequent tax year if:

(1) the organization did not claim an exemption under Subsection (b) or (f) for the property for the 2010 tax year; or (2) the organization claimed an exemption under Subsection (b) or (f) for the property for the 2010 tax year and the organization is finally determined to be ineligible for the exemption for the property for that tax year.

27 (k) Notwithstanding Subsection (j) of this section and

1 Sections 11.43(a) and (c), an exemption under Subsection (b) or (f) does not terminate because of a change in the ownership of the 2 3 property if the property is sold at a foreclosure sale and, not later than the 30th day after the date of the sale, the owner of the 4 property submits to the department, if the property is a 5 multifamily rental property consisting of more than four dwelling 6 units, or the chief appraiser, if the property is not such a 7 8 multifamily rental property, evidence that the property is owned by an organization that meets the requirements of Subsections (b)(1), 9 10 (2), and (4). If the owner of the property submits the evidence required by this subsection, the exemption continues to apply to 11 12 the property for the remainder of the current tax year and for 13 subsequent tax years until the owner ceases to qualify the property 14 for the exemption. This subsection does not prohibit the chief appraiser or the department, as applicable, from requiring the 15 owner to file a new application to confirm the owner's current 16 qualification for the exemption as provided by Section 11.43(c). 17

(1) This subsection applies only to a multifamily rental 18 19 property consisting of more than four dwelling units. If the chief appraiser of the appraisal district in which the property is 20 located cancels the exemption or requires the organization that 21 owns the property to file a new application to confirm the 22 organization's current qualification for the exemption, the 23 24 organization must file a new application for the exemption with the department. The provisions of this code governing the filing of an 25 26 application under Section 11.43, action on the application, and the effect of the granting of the application by a chief appraiser apply 27

1 to an application filed with the department under this subsection,
2 except as otherwise provided by this section.

3 (m) The department shall prescribe the contents of the 4 exemption application form for purposes of Subsection (1). The 5 provisions of Section 11.43 governing the contents of an 6 application form prescribed by the comptroller apply to an 7 exemption application form prescribed by the department to the 8 extent those provisions may be made applicable.

9 (n) Not later than the 60th day after the date an 10 organization submits a complete application to the department under Subsection (1), the executive director of the department shall 11 12 determine whether the organization is entitled to an exemption for the property under Subsection (b) or (f). In making a 13 14 determination, the executive director may rely on the conclusions 15 in any audit or legal opinion provided to the department or any determination letter issued by the United States Internal Revenue 16 17 Service regarding the organization's status under Section 501, Internal Revenue Code of 1986. 18

19 (o) The executive director may request that an organization 20 that files an application under Subsection (1) provide additional 21 information. If the executive director makes such a request, the 22 application is considered to be complete for purposes of Subsection 23 (n) on the date on which all additional information requested by the 24 executive director has been received by the department.

25 (p) Not later than the fifth day after the date the 26 executive director makes a determination under Subsection (n), the 27 executive director shall issue a letter to the applicant

1 organization stating the executive director's determination. If 2 the executive director determines that the organization is not entitled to an exemption for the property under Subsection (b) or 3 (f), the letter must include the reasons for the determination and a 4 5 description of the procedure for appealing the determination. The executive director shall send a copy of the letter by regular mail 6 7 to the chief appraiser of each appraisal district that appraises the property. If the executive director determines that the 8 organization is entitled to an exemption for the property under 9 Subsection (b) or (f), the chief appraiser shall grant the 10 exemption. If the executive director determines that the 11 12 organization is not entitled to an exemption for the property under Subsection (b) or (f), the chief appraiser shall deny the 13 14 exemption. 15 (q) The applicant organization or a taxing unit in which the property to which the application applies is located may appeal the 16 17 executive director's determination under Subsection (p) to the governing board of the department in the manner provided by 18 19 department rule. The organization may be represented in an appeal by an agent in accordance with Section 1.111. The organization or 20 taxing unit may appeal under Chapter 42 a final determination by the 21 22 governing board of the department in the same manner as provided by law for the appeal of a determination by an appraisal review board, 23 24 except that the petition for review must be brought against the

25 department rather than the appraisal district.

26 (r) The department shall employ sufficient personnel to 27 process any applications received under Subsection (1) and may

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1	charge an organization filing an application a reasonable fee not
2	to exceed the lesser of:
3	(1) \$2,500; or
4	(2) the direct and indirect administrative costs of
5	processing the application and issuing a determination under
6	Subsection (n).
7	(s) The department shall adopt rules to implement its duties
8	under this section. The rules must:
9	(1) establish procedures for considering exemption
10	applications; and
11	(2) be sufficiently specific to ensure that
12	determinations are equal and uniform.
13	SECTION 3. Section 11.1825, Tax Code, is amended by
14	amending Subsections (a), (c), (d), (i), (j), (l), (s), (t), (u),
15	(v), and (y) and adding Subsections (a-1), (a-2), (e-1), (z), (aa),
16	(bb), (cc), (dd), (ee), (ff), and (gg) to read as follows:
17	(a) <u>In this section:</u>
18	(1) "Control" includes:
19	(A) with respect to a limited partnership, the
20	control, directly or through a wholly controlled subsidiary, of 100
21	percent of the general partner interest; and
22	(B) with respect to a limited liability company,
23	serving as the sole manager or managing member of the company.
24	(2) "Department" means the Texas Department of Housing
25	and Community Affairs or its successor agency.
26	(a-1) An organization is considered to own property for
27	purposes of this section and the provisions of Section 2, Article

VIII, Texas Constitution, authorizing the legislature by general 1 law to exempt from taxation property owned by an institution 2 engaged primarily in public charitable functions, if the 3 organization has legal or equitable title to the property. By way 4 of example, an organization has equitable title to property if it 5 has a present right to compel legal title to the property to be 6 7 conveyed to it in accordance with law, such as by means of an option to acquire the property. For purposes of eligibility for an 8 exemption under this section, property owned by a tax credit 9 partnership or limited liability company is considered to be owned 10 by an organization if the general partner of the tax credit 11 12 partnership or the manager of the limited liability company is, or is controlled by, the organization and the organization holds 13 equitable title to the property pursuant to an option to acquire the 14 15 property on terms negotiated between the parties.

16 <u>(a-2)</u> An organization is entitled to an exemption from 17 taxation of real property owned by the organization that the 18 organization constructs or rehabilitates and uses to provide 19 housing to individuals or families meeting the income eligibility 20 requirements of this section.

(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (b), <u>if the legal</u> [<del>an</del>] owner of real property [<del>that</del>] is not an organization described by that subsection, <u>the legal owner</u> is entitled to an exemption from taxation of property under this section if the property otherwise gualifies for the exemption and the <u>legal</u> owner is:

26 (1) <u>an entity 100 percent of the interest in which is</u> 27 <u>owned by</u> [<del>a limited partnership of which</del>] an organization that

meets the requirements of Subsection (b) [controls 100 percent of 1 the general partner interest]; or 2 3 (2) an entity controlled by [the parent of which is] an organization that meets the requirements of Subsection (b). 4 5 If the legal owner of the property is an entity (d) described by Subsection (c)[, the entity must]: 6 7 (1)the legal owner must be organized under the laws of 8 this state [+] and 9 [(2)] have its principal place of business in this 10 state; and (2) the organization that owns 100 percent of the 11 12 interest in or controls the legal owner as described by Subsection (c) must have equitable title to the property. 13 14 (e-1) An application for an exemption under this section for 15 a multifamily rental housing project consisting of more than four dwelling units may be filed with the chief appraiser or the 16 17 department, except that if the legal owner of the property is an entity described by Subsection (c)(2), the application must be 18 19 filed with the department. Property owned for the purpose of constructing or 20 (i) rehabilitating a housing project on the property is exempt under 21 this section only if: 22 (1) the property is used to provide housing to 23 24 individuals or families described by Subsection (f) and the housing project was under active construction or rehabilitation at the time 25 26 the organization initially filed an application for the exemption; 27 or

C.S.H.B. No. 1056 (2) the housing project is under active construction 2 or rehabilitation or other physical preparation.

(j) For purposes of Subsection (i)(2), a housing project is under physical preparation if the organization has engaged in architectural or engineering work, soil testing, land clearing activities, or site improvement work necessary for the construction <u>or rehabilitation</u> of the project or has conducted an environmental or land use study relating to the construction <u>or rehabilitation</u> of the project.

10 (1) If the property is owned for the purpose of 11 rehabilitating a housing project on the property:

(1) the original construction of the housing project must have been completed at least 10 years before the date the organization began actual rehabilitation of the project;

(2) the person from whom the organization acquired the project must have owned the project for at least five years, if the organization is not the original owner of the project, unless the organization acquired the project from a person that acquired the project by foreclosing on the project or receiving a deed or other instrument in lieu of foreclosure that conveyed the project to the person;

(3) the organization must provide to the <u>department or</u> the chief appraiser, as applicable, and, if the project was financed with bonds, the issuer of the bonds a written statement prepared by a certified public accountant stating that the organization has spent on rehabilitation costs at least the greater of \$5,000 or the amount required by the financial lender for each

1 dwelling unit in the project; and

2 (4) the organization must maintain a reserve fund for3 replacements:

4 (A) in the amount required by the financial 5 lender; or

6 (B) if the financial lender does not require a 7 reserve fund for replacements, in an amount equal to \$300 per unit 8 per year.

9 (s) Unless otherwise provided by the governing body of a 10 taxing unit any part of which is located in a county with a 11 population of at least 1.8 [1.4] million under Subsection (x), for 12 property described by Subsection (f)(1), the amount of the 13 exemption under this section from taxation is 50 percent of the 14 appraised value of the property.

(t) Notwithstanding Section 11.43(c), an exemption under this section does not terminate because of a change in ownership of the property if:

(1) the property is foreclosed on for any reason and,
not later than the 30th day after the date of the foreclosure sale,
the owner of the property submits to the <u>department or the</u> chief
appraiser, as applicable, evidence that the property is owned by:

(A) an organization that meets the requirementsof Subsection (b); or

(B) an entity that meets the requirements ofSubsections (c) and (d); or

26 (2) in the case of property owned by an entity 27 described by Subsections (c) and (d), the organization meeting the

requirements of Subsection (b) that owns 100 percent of the 1 interest in or controls the [general partner interest of or is the 2 3 parent of the] entity as described by Subsection (c) ceases to serve in that capacity and, not later than the 30th day after the date the 4 5 cessation occurs, the owner of the property submits evidence to the department or the chief appraiser, as applicable, that the 6 7 organization has been succeeded in that capacity by another 8 organization that meets the requirements of Subsection (b).

9 (u) The <u>department or the</u> chief appraiser<u>, as applicable</u>, 10 may extend the deadline provided by Subsection (t)(1) or (2), as 11 applicable, for good cause shown.

(v) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, an organization may not receive an exemption from taxation of property described by Subsection (f)(1) by a taxing unit any part of which is located in a county with a population of at least <u>1.8</u> [<del>1.4</del>] million unless the exemption is approved by the governing body of the taxing unit in the manner provided by law for official action.

(y) Not later than the fifth day after the date the 18 governing body of the taxing unit takes action under Subsection 19 (x), the taxing unit shall issue a letter to the organization 20 stating the governing body's action and, if the governing body 21 denied the exemption, stating whether the denial was based on a 22 determination under Subsection (x)(3)(A) or (B) and the basis for 23 24 the determination. The taxing unit shall send a copy of the letter by regular mail to the chief appraiser of each appraisal district 25 26 that appraises the property for the taxing unit and to the department, if applicable. The governing body may charge the 27

organization a fee not to exceed the administrative costs of 1 processing the request of the organization, approving or denying 2 3 the exemption, and issuing the letter required by this subsection. If the chief appraiser or the department, as applicable, determines 4 5 that the property qualifies for an exemption under this section and the governing body of the taxing unit approves the exemption, the 6 7 chief appraiser or the department, as applicable, shall grant the 8 exemption in the amount approved by the governing body.

9 (z) This subsection applies only to an application for an 10 exemption under this section filed with the department as 11 authorized or required by Subsection (e-1). The provisions of this 12 code governing the filing of an application under Section 11.43, 13 action on the application, and the effect of the granting of the 14 application by a chief appraiser apply to an application filed with 15 the department, except as otherwise provided by this section.

16 (aa) The department shall prescribe the contents of the 17 exemption application form for purposes of Subsection (z). The 18 provisions of Section 11.43 governing the contents of an 19 application form prescribed by the comptroller apply to an 20 exemption application form prescribed by the department to the 21 extent those provisions may be made applicable.

(bb) Not later than the 60th day after the date an organization submits a complete application to the department under Subsection (z), the executive director of the department shall determine whether the organization is entitled to an exemption for the property under this section. In making a determination, the executive director may rely on the conclusions in any audit or legal

1 opinion provided to the department or any determination letter issued by the United States Internal Revenue Service regarding the 2 organization's status under Section 501, Internal Revenue Code of 3 4 1986. 5 (cc) The executive director may request that an organization that files an application under Subsection (z) provide 6 7 additional information. If the executive director makes such a 8 request, the application is considered to be complete for purposes of Subsection (bb) on the date on which all additional information 9 10 requested by the executive director has been received by the department. 11 12 (dd) Not later than the fifth day after the date the executive director makes a determination under Subsection (bb), the 13 executive director shall issue a letter to the applicant 14 organization stating the executive director's determination. If 15 the executive director determines that the organization is not 16 17 entitled to an exemption for the property under this section, the letter must include the reasons for the determination and a 18 19 description of the procedure for appealing the determination. The executive director shall send a copy of the letter by regular mail 20 to the chief appraiser of each appraisal district that appraises 21 the property. If the executive director determines that the 22 organization is entitled to an exemption for the property under 23 24 this section, the chief appraiser shall grant the exemption. If the executive director determines that the organization is not entitled 25 26 to an exemption for the property under this section, the chief appraiser shall deny the exemption. 27

C.S.H.B. No. 1056 (ee) The applicant organization or a taxing unit in which 1 the property to which the application applies is located may appeal 2 the executive director's determination under Subsection (dd) to the 3 governing board of the department in the manner provided by 4 5 department rule. The organization may be represented in an appeal by an agent in accordance with Section 1.111. The organization or 6 7 taxing unit may appeal under Chapter 42 a final determination by the 8 governing board of the department in the same manner as provided by law for the appeal of a determination by an appraisal review board. 9 (ff) The department shall employ sufficient personnel to 10 process any applications received by the department under 11 12 Subsection (e-1) and may charge an organization filing an application a reasonable fee not to exceed the lesser of: 13 14 (1) \$2,500; or 15 (2) the direct and indirect administrative costs of processing the application and issuing a determination under 16 17 Subsection (bb). (gg) The department shall adopt rules to implement its 18 duties under this section. The rules must: 19 (1) establish procedures for issuing preliminary 20 determination letters and considering applications for exemptions; 21 22 and (2) be sufficiently specific to ensure 23 that 24 determinations are equal and uniform. 25 SECTION 4. Section 11.1826, Tax Code, is amended by amending Subsections (c) and (d) and adding Subsection (e-1) to 26 read as follows: 27

1 (c) Not later than the 180th day after the last day of the 2 organization's most recent fiscal year, the organization must 3 deliver a copy of the audit to the department <u>or</u> [<del>and</del>] the chief 4 appraiser of the appraisal district in which the property is 5 located, whichever determines whether the property qualifies in the 6 <u>current tax year for the exemption for which the audit is conducted</u>.

7 (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, if 8 the property contains not more than 36 dwelling units, the 9 organization may deliver to the department <u>or</u> [<del>and</del>] the chief 10 appraiser, as applicable, a detailed report and certification as an 11 alternative to an audit.

12 (e-1) If an application for an exemption under Section 11.182 or 11.1825 has been filed with the department, the executive 13 14 director of the department shall monitor eligibility for the 15 exemption. If the executive director learns of any reason indicating that an exemption previously allowed should be canceled, 16 the executive director shall investigate. If the executive 17 director determines that the property is not eligible for the 18 19 exemption, the executive director shall notify the chief appraiser and the chief appraiser shall cancel the exemption and deliver 20 written notice of the cancellation within five days after the date 21 the chief appraiser makes the cancellation. If the executive 22 23 director discovers that an exemption has been erroneously allowed 24 by the department in any one of the five preceding years, the executive director shall notify the chief appraiser and the chief 25 26 appraiser shall add the property or appraised value that was erroneously exempted for each year to the appraisal roll as 27

1	provided by Section 25.21 for other property that escapes taxation.								
2	If an exemption that was erroneously allowed did not apply to all								
3	taxing units in which the property was located, the chief appraiser								
4	shall note on the appraisal records, for each prior year, the taxing								
5	units to which the exemption applied and that are entitled to impose								
6	taxes on the property or appraised value that escaped taxation.								
7	SECTION 5. Section 303.042, Local Government Code, is								
8	amended by adding Subsections (f), (g), (h), (i), (j), and (k) to								
9	read as follows:								
10	(f) A corporation that owns multifamily rental property								
11	used to provide housing for low-income individuals or families is								
12	engaged exclusively in the performance of governmental functions,								
13	and the corporation and the property are exempt from taxation by								
14	this state or a municipality or other political subdivision of this								
15	state.								
16	(g) Notwithstanding Subsection (f), if the legal owner of								
17	property described by that subsection is not a corporation, the								
18	legal owner is entitled to an exemption from taxation of the								
19	property under this section if the property otherwise qualifies for								
20	the exemption and the legal owner is:								
21	(1) an entity 100 percent of the interest in which is								
22	owned by a corporation; or								
23	(2) an entity controlled by a corporation.								
24	(h) If the legal owner of property described by Subsection								
25	(f) is an entity described by Subsection (g)(1) or (2):								
26	(1) the legal owner must be organized under the laws of								
27	this state and have its principal place of business in this state;								

1 <u>and</u>

2 (2) the corporation that owns 100 percent of the 3 interest in or exclusively controls the legal owner as described by 4 Subsection (g) must have equitable title to the property.

5 (i) A person is considered to own property described by Subsection (f) for purposes of this section and the provisions of 6 Section 2, Article VIII, Texas Constitution, authorizing the 7 8 legislature by general law to exempt from taxation public property used for public purposes, if the person has legal or equitable title 9 to the property. By way of example, a person has equitable title to 10 property described by Subsection (f) if the person has a present 11 12 right to compel legal title to the property to be conveyed to the person in accordance with law, such as by means of an option to 13 acquire the property. For purposes of eligibility of property 14 15 described by Subsection (f) for an exemption under this section, property owned by a tax credit partnership or limited liability 16 17 company is considered to be owned by a corporation if the general partner of the tax credit partnership or the manager of the limited 18 liability company is, or is controlled by, the corporation and the 19 corporation holds equitable title to the property pursuant to an 20 option to acquire the property on terms negotiated between the 21 22 parties.

23 (j) For purposes of Subsections (g), (h), and (i), "control"
24 means having the power to manage, direct, superintend, restrict,
25 regulate, govern, administer, or oversee. For purposes of those
26 subsections, "control" includes:

27

(1) with respect to a limited partnership, the

1	<u>control, di</u>	rectl	Ly or t	hrough a	whol	ly	controlled	l subsidiar	y, of	100
2	percent of t	the g	eneral	partner	inter	es	st; and			
3		(2)	with	respect	to	a	limited	liability	compa	any,

4 <u>serving as the sole manager or managing member of the company.</u>
5 (k) A corporation or other person claiming an exemption

under this section for property described by Subsection (f) may 6 7 file an application for the exemption with the chief appraiser of 8 the appraisal district in which the property is located or the Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs or its successor 9 10 agency. Sections 11.1825(z)-(gg), Tax Code, apply to an application filed under this subsection with the Texas Department 11 12 of Housing and Community Affairs or its successor agency to the extent those provisions can be made applicable. 13

14 SECTION 6. (a) Except as provided by Subsection (b) of this 15 section, this Act applies only to ad valorem taxes imposed for a tax 16 year beginning on or after the effective date of this Act.

17 (b) This Act applies to ad valorem taxes imposed on property for a tax year beginning before the effective date of this Act if on 18 19 the effective date of this Act the property is the subject of a protest under Chapter 41, Tax Code, or an appeal under Chapter 42 of 20 that code, the protest or appeal relates to the exemption of the 21 property under Section 11.182 or 11.1825, Tax Code, or under 22 23 Section 303.042, Local Government Code, the protest or appeal is pending on the effective date, and before the protest or appeal is 24 finally determined the owner of the property notifies the appraisal 25 26 review board or court in which the protest or appeal is pending that the owner elects to have this Act apply to the determination of the 27

1 protest or appeal.

(c) If a property owner elects to have this Act apply to the 2 determination of a protest or appeal regarding ad valorem taxes 3 4 imposed on the property for a tax year beginning before the effective date of this Act as authorized by Subsection (b) of this 5 6 section and the owner has paid all or part of the taxes imposed on the property for that tax year, the owner is not entitled to a 7 refund of the amount of taxes paid if the property is finally 8 determined to have been eligible for the exemption for that tax 9 year. 10

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SECTION 7. This Act takes effect January 1, 2012.