1 AN ACT 2 relating to life settlements and the sale, exchange, or replacement 3 of life insurance and annuity contracts. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: 4 SECTION 1. Section 541.058(b), Insurance Code, is amended 5 to read as follows: 6 7 (b) It is not a rebate or discrimination prohibited by Section 541.056(a) or 541.057: 8 (1) for a life insurance or life annuity contract, to 9 pay a bonus to a policyholder or otherwise abate the policyholder's 10 premiums in whole or in part out of surplus accumulated from 11 12 nonparticipating insurance policies if the bonus or abatement: 13 is fair and equitable to policyholders; and (A) 14 (B) is in the best interests of the insurer and its policyholders; 15 a life insurance policy issued 16 (2) for on the industrial debit plan, to make to a policyholder who 17 has continuously for a specified period made premium payments directly 18 to the insurer's office an allowance in an amount that fairly 19 20 represents the saving in collection expenses; 21 (3) for a group insurance policy, to readjust the rate 22 of premium based on the loss or expense experience under the policy at the end of a policy year if the adjustment is retroactive for 23 only that policy year; 24

1 (4) for a life annuity contract, to waive surrender 2 charges under the contract when the contract holder exchanges that 3 contract for another annuity contract issued by the same insurer <u>or</u> 4 <u>an affiliate of the same insurer that is part of the same holding</u> 5 <u>company group if:</u>

6 <u>(A)</u> the waiver and the exchange are fully, 7 fairly, and accurately explained to the contract holder in a manner 8 that is not deceptive or misleading; <u>and</u>

9 (B) the contract holder is given credit for the 10 time that the previous contract was held when determining any 11 surrender charges under the new contract;

12 (5) in connection with an accident and health insurance policy, to provide to policy or certificate holders, in 13 14 addition to benefits under the terms of the insurance contract, 15 health-related services or health-related information, or to disclose the availability of those additional services and 16 17 information to prospective policy or certificate holders; or

connection with (6) а 18 in health maintenance 19 organization evidence of coverage, to provide to enrollees, in addition to benefits under the evidence of coverage, health-related 20 21 services or health-related information, or to disclose the availability of those additional services and information to 22 23 prospective enrollees or contract holders.

24 SECTION 2. The heading to Chapter 1111, Insurance Code, is 25 amended to read as follows:

26 CHAPTER 1111. [LIFE AND VIATICAL SETTLEMENTS AND] ACCELERATED
 27 TERM LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS

SECTION 3. Subtitle A, Title 7, Insurance Code, is amended 1 2 by adding Chapter 1111A to read as follows: 3 CHAPTER 1111A. LIFE SETTLEMENT CONTRACTS 4 Sec. 1111A.001. SHORT TITLE. This Act may be cited as the 5 Life Settlements Act. 6 Sec. 1111A.002. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter: 7 (1) "Advertisement" means a written, electronic, or 8 printed communication or a communication by means of a recorded telephone message or transmitted on radio, television, the 9 Internet, or similar communications media, including film strips, 10 motion pictures, and videos, published, disseminated, circulated, 11 12 or placed directly before the public for the purpose of creating an interest in or inducing a person to purchase or sell, assign, 13 14 devise, bequest, or transfer the death benefit or ownership of a 15 life insurance policy or an interest in a life insurance policy under a life settlement contract. 16 17 (2) "Broker" means a person who, on behalf of an owner and for a fee, commission, or other valuable consideration, offers 18 19 or attempts to negotiate a life settlement contract between an owner and a provider or estimates life expectancies for a life 20 settlement contract. A broker who offers or attempts to negotiate a 21 life settlement contract represents only the owner and owes a 22 fiduciary duty to the owner to act according to the owner's 23 24 instructions, and in the best interest of the owner, notwithstanding the manner in which the broker is compensated. A 25 26 broker does not include an attorney, certified public accountant, or financial planner retained in the type of practice customarily 27

1 performed in a professional capacity to represent the owner whose 2 compensation is not paid directly or indirectly by the provider or 3 any other person, except the owner. 4 (3) "Business of life settlements" means an activity 5 involved in, but not limited to, offering to enter into, soliciting, negotiating, procuring, effectuating, monitoring, or 6 tracking, of life settlement contracts. 7 (4) "Chronically ill" means: 8 (A) being unable to perform at least two 9 10 activities of daily living such as eating, toileting, transferring, bathing, dressing, or continence; 11 12 (B) requiring substantial supervision to protect the individual from threats to health and safety due to severe 13 14 cognitive impairment; or 15 (C) having a level of disability similar to that 16 described in Paragraph (A) as determined under rules adopted by the 17 commissioner after consideration of any applicable regulation, guideline, or determination of the United States Secretary of 18 19 Health and Human Services. 20 (5) "Financing entity" means an underwriter, placement agent, lender, purchaser of securities, purchaser of a 21 22 policy or certificate from a provider, credit enhancer, or any entity that has a direct ownership in a policy or certificate that 23 24 is the subject of a life settlement contract whose principal activity related to the transaction is providing funds to effect 25 26 the life settlement contract or purchase of a policy, and who has an 27 agreement in writing with a provider to finance the acquisition of a

1	life settlement contract. The term does not include a
2	non-accredited investor or purchaser.
3	(6) "Financing transaction" means a transaction in
4	which a licensed provider obtains financing from a financing entity
5	including secured or unsecured financing, a securitization
6	transaction, or a securities offering that is either registered or
7	exempt from registration under federal and state securities law.
8	(7) "Fraudulent life settlement act" includes:
9	(A) an act or omission committed by a person who,
10	knowingly and with intent to defraud, for the purpose of depriving
11	another of property or for pecuniary gain, commits, or permits an
12	employee or an agent to engage in, acts including:
13	(i) presenting, causing to be presented, or
14	preparing with knowledge and belief that it will be presented to or
15	by a provider, premium finance lender, broker, insurer, insurance
16	agent, or any other person, false material information, or
17	concealing material information, as part of, in support of, or
18	concerning a fact material to one or more of the following:
19	(a) an application for the issuance of
20	a life settlement contract or an insurance policy;
21	(b) the underwriting of a life
22	settlement contract or an insurance policy;
23	(c) a claim for payment or benefit
24	pursuant to a life settlement contract or an insurance policy;
25	(d) premium paid on an insurance
26	policy;
27	(e) payment for and changes in

1 ownership or beneficiary made in accordance with the terms of a life 2 settlement contract or an insurance policy; 3 (f) the reinstatement or conversion 4 of an insurance policy; 5 (g) in the solicitation, offer to enter into, or effectuation of a life settlement contract, or an 6 7 insurance policy; 8 (h) the issuance of written evidence of life settlement contracts or insurance; or 9 10 (i) an application for or the existence of or any payment related to a loan secured directly or 11 12 indirectly by an interest in a life insurance policy; (ii) failing to disclose to the insurer, if 13 the insurer has requested the disclosure, that the prospective 14 15 insured has undergone a life expectancy evaluation by any person or entity other than the insurer or its authorized representatives in 16 17 connection with the issuance of the policy; or (iii) employing a device, scheme, 18 or 19 artifice to defraud in the business of life settlements; and (B) acts or omissions in the furtherance of a 20 fraud or to prevent the detection of a fraud, or acts or omissions 21 22 that permit an employee or an agent to: (i) remove, conceal, alter, destroy, or 23 24 sequester from the commissioner the assets or records of a license holder or another person engaged in the business of life 25 26 settlements; 27 (ii) misrepresent or conceal the financial

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1 condition of a license holder, financing entity, insurer, or other 2 person; 3 (iii) transact the business of life settlements in violation of laws requiring a license, certificate 4 5 of authority, or other legal authority for the transaction of the business of life settlements; 6 7 (iv) file with the commissioner or the chief insurance regulatory official of another jurisdiction a 8 document containing false information or concealing information 9 10 about a material fact; (v) engage in embezzlement, theft, 11 12 misappropriation, or conversion of monies, funds, premiums, credits, or other property of a provider, insurer, insured, owner, 13 insurance policy owner, or any other person engaged in the business 14 15 of life settlements or insurance; 16 (vi) knowingly and with intent to defraud, 17 enter into, broker, or otherwise deal in a life settlement contract, the subject of which is a life insurance policy that was 18 obtained by presenting false information concerning any fact 19 material to the policy or by concealing that fact, for the purpose 20 of misleading another, or providing information concerning any fact 21 22 material to the policy, if the owner or the owner's agent intended to defraud the policy's issuer; 23 24 (vii) attempt to commit, assist, aid or abet in the commission of, or engage in conspiracy to commit the 25 26 acts or omissions specified in this paragraph; or 27 (viii) misrepresent the state of residence

H.B. No. 2277 of an owner to be a state or jurisdiction that does not have a law 1 substantially similar to this chapter for the purpose of evading or 2 3 avoiding the provisions of this chapter. 4 (8) "Insured" means a person covered under the policy 5 being considered for sale in a life settlement contract. 6 (9) "Life expectancy" means the arithmetic mean of the 7 number of months the insured under the life insurance policy to be 8 settled can be expected to live as determined by a life expectancy company or provider considering medical records and appropriate 9 10 experiential data. (10) "Life insurance agent" means a person licensed in 11 12 this state as a resident or nonresident insurance agent who has received qualification or authority to write life insurance 13 14 coverage under this code. 15 (11) "Life settlement contract" means a written agreement entered into between a provider and an owner establishing 16 17 the terms under which compensation or anything of value will be paid and is less than the expected death benefit of the insurance policy 18 or certificate, in return for the owner's assignment, transfer, 19 sale, devise, or bequest of the death benefit or a portion of an 20 insurance policy or certificate of insurance for compensation; 21 provided, however, that the minimum value for a life settlement 22 contract must be greater than a cash surrender value or accelerated 23 24 death benefit available at the time of an application for a life settlement contract. The term also includes the transfer for 25 26 compensation or value of ownership or beneficial interest in a trust or other entity that owns the policy if the trust or other 27

1 entity was formed or used for the principal purpose of acquiring one 2 or more life insurance contracts that insure the life of an individual residing in this state. The term also includes: 3 4 (A) a written agreement for a loan or other 5 lending transaction, secured primarily by an individual or group life insurance policy; and 6 7 (B) a premium finance loan made for a policy on or before the date of issuance of the policy if: 8 9 (i) the loan proceeds are not used solely to 10 pay premiums for the policy and any costs or expenses incurred by the lender or the borrower in connection with the financing; 11 12 (ii) the owner receives on the date of the premium finance loan a guarantee of the future life settlement 13 value of the policy; or 14 15 (iii) the owner agrees on the date of the premium finance loan to sell the policy or any portion of its death 16 17 benefit on a date following the issuance of the policy. (11-A) "Life settlement contract" does not include: 18 (A) a policy loan by a life insurance company 19 under the terms of a life insurance policy or accelerated death 20 provision contained in the life insurance policy, whether issued 21 22 with the original policy or as a rider; (B) a premium finance loan or any loan made by a 23 24 bank or other licensed financial institution, provided that neither default on the loan nor the transfer of the policy in connection 25 26 with the default is under an agreement or understanding with any other person for the purpose of evading regulation under this 27

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H.B. No. 2277 1 chapter; 2 (C) a collateral assignment of a life insurance 3 policy by an owner; 4 (D) a loan made by a lender that does not violate 5 Chapter 651, provided that the loan is not described in Subdivision (11) and is not otherwise within the definition of life settlement 6 7 contract; 8 (E) an agreement with respect to which all the parties are closely related to the insured by blood or law or have a 9 10 lawful substantial economic interest in the continued life, health, and bodily safety of the person insured, or are trusts established 11 12 primarily for the benefit of the parties; (F) a designation, consent, or agreement by an 13 insured who is an employee of an employer in connection with the 14 purchase by the employer, or trust established by the employer, of 15 life insurance on the life of the employee; 16 17 (G) a bona fide business succession planning 18 arrangement: 19 (i) between one or more shareholders in a corporation or between a corporation and one or more of its 20 shareholders or one or more trusts established by its shareholders; 21 22 (ii) between one or more partners in a partnership or between a partnership and one or more of its partners 23 24 or one or more trusts established by its partners; or 25 (iii) between one or more members in a 26 limited liability company or between a limited liability company and one or more of its members or one or more trusts established by 27

1 its members;

2 (H) an agreement entered into by a service 3 recipient, or a trust established by the service recipient, and a service provider, or a trust established by the service provider, 4 5 who performs significant services for the service recipient's trade 6 or business; or 7 (I) any other contract, transaction, or 8 arrangement from the definition of life settlement contract that the commissioner determines is not of the type intended to be 9 10 regulated by this chapter. (12) "Net death benefit" means the amount of the life 11 12 insurance policy or certificate to be settled less any outstanding 13 debts or liens. 14 (13) "Owner" means the owner of a life insurance 15 policy or a certificate holder under a group policy, with or without a terminal illness, who enters or seeks to enter into a life 16 17 settlement contract. In this chapter, the term "owner" is not limited to an owner of a life insurance policy or a certificate 18 19 holder under a group policy that insures the life of an individual with a terminal or chronic illness or condition except as 20 specifically provided. The term does not include: 21 22 (A) a provider or other license holder under this 23 chapter; 24 (B) a qualified institutional buyer as defined by 17 C.<u>F.R. Section 230.144A, as amended;</u> 25 26 (C) a financing entity; 27 (D) a special purpose entity; or

1	(E) a related provider trust.
2	(14) "Patient identifying information" means an
3	insured's address, telephone number, facsimile number, e-mail
4	address, photograph or likeness, employer, employment status,
5	social security number, or any other information that is likely to
6	lead to the identification of the insured.
7	(15) "Policy" means an individual or group policy,
8	group certificate, contract, or arrangement of life insurance owned
9	by a resident of this state, regardless of whether delivered or
10	issued for delivery in this state.
11	(16) "Premium finance loan" is a loan made primarily
12	for the purposes of making premium payments on a life insurance
13	policy that is secured by an interest in the life insurance policy.
14	(17) "Person" means an individual or legal entity,
15	including a partnership, limited liability company, association,
16	trust, or corporation.
17	(18) "Provider" means a person, other than an owner,
18	who enters into or effectuates a life settlement contract with an
19	owner. The term does not include:
20	(A) a bank, savings bank, savings and loan
21	association, or credit union;
22	(B) a licensed lending institution or creditor or
23	secured party pursuant to a premium finance loan agreement that
24	takes an assignment of a life insurance policy or certificate
25	issued pursuant to a group life insurance policy as collateral for a
26	loan;
27	(C) the insurer of a life insurance policy or

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1	rider to the extent of providing accelerated death benefits or
2	riders under Subchapter B, Chapter 1111, or cash surrender value;
3	(D) an individual who enters into or effectuates
4	not more than one agreement in a calendar year for the transfer of a
5	life insurance policy or certificate issued pursuant to a group
6	life insurance policy, for compensation or anything of value less
7	than the expected death benefit payable under the policy;
8	(E) a purchaser;
9	(F) any authorized or eligible insurer that
10	provides stop loss coverage to a provider, purchaser, financing
11	entity, special purpose entity, or related provider trust;
12	(G) a financing entity;
13	(H) a special purpose entity;
14	(I) a related provider trust;
15	(J) a broker; or
16	(K) an accredited investor or qualified
17	institutional buyer as those terms are defined by 17 C.F.R.
18	Sections 230.501 and 230.144A, respectively, as amended, who
19	purchases a life settlement policy from a provider.
20	(19) "Purchased policy" means a policy or group
21	certificate that has been acquired by a provider pursuant to a life
22	settlement contract.
23	(20) "Purchaser" means a person who pays compensation
24	or anything of value as consideration for a beneficial interest in a
25	trust that is vested with, or for the assignment, transfer, or sale
26	of, an ownership or other interest in a life insurance policy or a
27	certificate issued pursuant to a group life insurance policy that

1	has been the subject of a life settlement contract.
2	(21) "Related provider trust" means a titling trust or
3	other trust established by a licensed provider or a financing
4	entity for the sole purpose of holding the ownership or beneficial
5	interest in purchased policies in connection with a financing
6	transaction. In order to qualify as a related provider trust, the
7	trust must have a written agreement with the licensed provider
8	under which the licensed provider is responsible for ensuring
9	compliance with all statutory and regulatory requirements and under
10	which the trust agrees to make all records and files relating to
11	life settlement transactions available to the department as if
12	those records and files were maintained directly by the licensed
13	provider.
14	(22) "Settled policy" means a life insurance policy or
15	certificate that has been acquired by a provider pursuant to a life
16	settlement contract.
17	(23) "Special purpose entity" means a corporation,
18	partnership, trust, limited liability company, or other legal
19	entity formed solely to provide either directly or indirectly
20	access to institutional capital markets:
21	(A) for a financing entity or provider; or
22	(B) in connection with a transaction in which:
23	(i) the securities in the special purpose
24	entity are acquired by the owner or by a qualified institutional
25	buyer as defined by 17 C.F.R. Section 230.144A, as amended; or
26	(ii) the securities pay a fixed rate of
27	return commensurate with established asset-backed institutional

1 capital markets.

2 (24) "Terminally ill" means having an illness or 3 sickness that can reasonably be expected to result in death not 4 later than 24 months after the date of diagnosis.

5 Sec. 1111A.003. LICENSING REQUIREMENTS; EXEMPTION. (a) A 6 person, wherever located, may not act as a provider or broker with 7 an owner who is a resident of this state, unless the person holds a 8 license from the department.

9 (b) An application for a provider or broker license must be 10 made to the department by the applicant on a form prescribed by the commissioner. The application must be accompanied by a fee in an 11 12 amount established by the commissioner by rule. The license and renewal fees for a provider license must be reasonable and the 13 license and renewal fees for a broker license may not exceed those 14 15 established for an insurance agent, as otherwise provided by this 16 chapter.

17 (c) A person who has been licensed as a life insurance agent 18 in this state or the person's home state for at least one year and is 19 licensed as a nonresident agent in this state meets the licensing 20 requirements of this section and may operate as a broker.

(d) Not later than the 30th day after the first date of operating as a broker, a life insurance agent shall notify the commissioner on a form prescribed by the commissioner that the agent is acting as a broker and shall pay any applicable fee to be determined by the commissioner by rule. Notification must include an acknowledgement by the life insurance agent that the agent will operate as a broker in accordance with this chapter.

1 (e) An insurer that issued a policy that is the subject of a 2 life settlement contract is not responsible for any act or omission 3 of a broker or provider or purchaser arising out of or in connection 4 with the life settlement transaction, unless the insurer receives 5 compensation for the placement of a life settlement contract from 6 the provider, purchaser, or broker in connection with the life 7 settlement contract.

8 (f) A person licensed as an attorney, certified public 9 accountant, or financial planner accredited by a nationally 10 recognized accreditation agency, who is retained to represent the 11 owner and whose compensation is not paid directly or indirectly by 12 the provider or purchaser, may negotiate life settlement contracts 13 for the owner without having to obtain a license as a broker.

14 (g) A license expires on the second anniversary of the date 15 of issuance. A license holder may renew the license on payment of a 16 renewal fee. As specified by Subsection (b), the renewal fee for a 17 provider license may not exceed a reasonable fee.

(h) An applicant shall provide the information that the 18 19 commissioner requires on forms adopted by the commissioner. The commissioner may, at any time, require an applicant to fully 20 disclose the identity of its stockholders, except stockholders 21 owning fewer than 10 percent of the shares of an applicant whose 22 shares are publicly traded, partners, officers and employees, and 23 24 the commissioner may, in the exercise of the commissioner's sole discretion, refuse to issue a license in the name of any person if 25 26 the commissioner is not satisfied that an officer, an employee, a stockholder, or a partner of the applicant who may materially 27

1	influence the applicant's conduct meets the standards of Sections
2	<u>1111A.001 to 1111A.018.</u>
3	(i) A license issued to a partnership, corporation, or other
4	entity authorizes each member, officer, and designated employee
5	named in the application and any supplement to the application to
6	act as a license holder under the license.
7	(j) After the filing of an application and the payment of
8	the license fee, the commissioner shall investigate each applicant
9	and may issue a license if the commissioner finds that the
10	applicant:
11	(1) if a provider, has provided a detailed plan of
12	operation;
13	(2) is competent and trustworthy and intends to
14	transact business in good faith;
15	(3) has a good business reputation and has had
16	experience, training, or education to qualify in the business for
17	which the license is applied;
18	(4) if the applicant is a legal entity, is formed or
19	organized under the laws of this state or is a foreign legal entity
20	authorized to transact business in this state, or provides a
21	certificate of good standing from the state of its domicile; and
22	(5) has provided to the commissioner an antifraud plan
23	that meets the requirements of Section 1111A.022 and includes:
24	(A) a description of the procedures for detecting
25	and investigating possible fraudulent acts and procedures for
26	resolving material inconsistencies between medical records and
27	insurance applications;

(B) a description of the procedures for reporting
raudulent insurance acts to the commissioner;
(C) a description of the plan for antifraud
ducation and training of its underwriters and other personnel; and
(D) a written description or chart outlining the
rrangement of the antifraud personnel who are responsible for the
nvestigation and reporting of possible fraudulent insurance acts
nd the investigation of unresolved material inconsistencies
etween medical records and insurance applications.
(k) The commissioner may not issue a license to a
onresident applicant unless a written designation of an agent for
ervice of process is filed and maintained with the department or
nless the applicant has filed with the department the applicant's
ritten irrevocable consent that any action against the applicant
ay be commenced by service of process on the commissioner.
(1) A license holder shall file with the department not
ater than March 1 of each year an annual statement containing the
nformation as the commissioner by rule prescribes.
(m) A provider may not allow any person to perform the
unctions of a broker unless the person holds a current, valid
icense as a broker, and as provided in this section.
(n) A broker may not allow any person to perform the
unctions of a provider unless the person holds a current, valid
icense as a provider, and as provided in this section.
(o) A provider or broker shall provide to the commissioner
ew or revised information about officers, stockholders described
y Subsection (h), partners, directors, members, or designated

1 employees within 30 days of the change. 2 (p) An individual licensed as a broker shall complete on a 3 biennial basis 15 hours of training related to life settlements and life settlement transactions, as required by the commissioner. A 4 5 life insurance agent who is operating as a broker under this section is not subject to the requirements of this subsection. 6 7 (q) The business of life settlements constitutes the 8 business of insurance. 9 Sec. 1111A.004. LICENSE SUSPENSION, REVOCATION, OR REFUSAL 10 TO RENEW. (a) The commissioner may suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew the license of a license holder if the commissioner finds 11 12 that: 13 (1) there was a material misrepresentation in the 14 application for the license; 15 (2) the license holder or an officer, partner, member, 16 or director of the license holder has been guilty of fraudulent or 17 dishonest practices, is subject to a final administrative action, or is otherwise shown to be untrustworthy or incompetent to act as a 18 19 license holder; (3) the license holder is a provider and demonstrates 20 a pattern of unreasonably withholding payments to policy owners; 21 22 (4) the license holder no longer meets the requirements for initial licensure; 23 24 (5) the license holder or any officer, partner, member, or director of the license holder has been convicted of a 25 26 felony, or of any misdemeanor with respect to which criminal fraud 27 is an element, or has pleaded guilty or nolo contendere with respect

H.B. No. 2277 1 to a felony or a misdemeanor with respect to which criminal fraud or 2 moral turpitude is an element, regardless of whether a judgment of 3 conviction has been entered by the court; 4 (6) the license holder is a provider and has entered 5 into a life settlement contract using a form that has not been 6 approved under this chapter; 7 (7) the license holder is a provider and has failed to 8 honor contractual obligations in a life settlement contract; 9 (8) the license holder is a provider and has assigned, 10 transferred, or pledged a settled policy to a person other than a provider licensed in this state, a purchaser, an accredited 11 12 investor or qualified institutional buyer as defined respectively in 17 C.F.R. Section 230.144A, as amended, a financing entity, a 13 special purpose entity, or a related provider trust; or 14 15 (9) the license holder or any officer, partner, member, or key management personnel of the license holder has 16 17 violated this chapter. (b) The commissioner may deny a license application or 18 19 suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew the license of a license holder in accordance with Chapter 2001, Government Code. 20 21 Sec. 1111A.005. REQUIREMENTS FOR CONTRACT FORMS, DISCLOSURE FORMS, AND ADVERTISEMENTS. (a) A person may not use 22 any form of life settlement contract in this state unless the form 23 24 has been filed with and approved, if required, by the commissioner in a manner that conforms with the filing procedures and any time 25 26 restrictions or deeming provisions for life insurance forms, 27 policies, and contracts.

1 (b) An insurer may not, as a condition of responding to a request for verification of coverage or in connection with the 2 transfer of a policy pursuant to a life settlement contract, 3 require that the owner, insured, provider, or broker sign any form, 4 5 disclosure, consent, waiver, or acknowledgment that has not been expressly approved by the commissioner for use in connection with 6 7 life settlement contracts. 8 (c) A person may not use a life settlement contract form or provide to an owner a disclosure statement form unless the form is 9 10 first filed with and approved by the commissioner. The commissioner shall disapprove a life settlement contract form or

11 commissioner shall disapprove a life settlement contract form or 12 disclosure statement form if, in the commissioner's opinion, the 13 contract or contract provisions fail to meet the requirements of 14 Sections 1111A.011, 1111A.012, 1111A.014, and 1111A.023(b), or are 15 unreasonable, contrary to the interests of the public, or otherwise 16 misleading or unfair to the owner.

17 (d) At the commissioner's discretion, the commissioner may 18 require the submission of advertisements.

19 Sec. 1111A.006. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS AND PRIVACY. (a) For a policy settled not later than the fifth anniversary of 20 the date of policy issuance, each provider shall file with the 21 commissioner not later than March 1 of each year an annual statement 22 containing the information that the commissioner prescribes by 23 24 rule. In addition to any other requirements, the annual statement must specify the total number, aggregate face amount, and life 25 26 settlement proceeds of policies settled during the immediately preceding calendar year, together with a breakdown of the 27

1 information by policy issue year. The annual statement must also 2 include the names of each insurance company whose policies have 3 been settled and the brokers that have settled the policies.

4 (b) The information required under Subsection (a) is 5 limited to only those transactions in which the insured is a 6 resident of this state and may not include individual transaction 7 data regarding the business of life settlements or information if 8 there is a reasonable basis to find that the information could be 9 used to identify the owner or the insured.

10 (c) A provider that wilfully fails to file an annual statement as required in this section, or wilfully fails to reply 11 12 not later than the 30th day after the date the provider receives a written inquiry from the department about the filing of the annual 13 statement, shall, in addition to other penalties provided by this 14 15 chapter, after notice and opportunity for hearing be subject to a penalty of up to \$250 for each day of delay, not to exceed \$25,000 in 16 17 the aggregate, for the failure to file or respond.

(d) Except as otherwise allowed or required by law, a 18 provider, broker, insurance company, insurance agent, information 19 bureau, rating agency or company, or any other person with actual 20 knowledge of an insured's identity, may not disclose the identity 21 22 of an insured or information that there is a reasonable basis to believe could be used to identify the insured or the insured's 23 24 financial or medical information to any other person unless the 25 disclosure is:

26 (1) necessary to effect a life settlement contract 27 between the owner and a provider and the owner and insured have

1	provided prior written consent to the disclosure;
2	(2) necessary to effectuate the sale of a life
3	settlement contract, or interests in the contract, as an
4	investment, provided the sale is conducted in accordance with
5	applicable state and federal securities law and provided further
6	that the owner and the insured have both provided prior written
7	consent to the disclosure;
8	(3) provided in response to an investigation or
9	examination by the commissioner or another governmental officer or
10	agency or under Section 1111A.018;
11	(4) a term or condition of the transfer of a policy by
12	one provider to another licensed provider, in which case the
13	receiving provider shall comply with the confidentiality
14	requirements of this subsection;
15	(5) necessary to allow the provider or broker or the
16	provider's or broker's authorized representative to make contact
17	for the purpose of determining health status provided that in this
18	subdivision, authorized representative does not include a person
19	who has or may have a financial interest in the settlement contract
20	other than a provider, licensed broker, financing entity, related
21	provider trust, or special purpose entity and that the provider or
22	broker requires the authorized representative to agree in writing
23	to adhere to the privacy provisions of this chapter; or
24	(6) required to purchase stop loss coverage.
25	(e) Nonpublic personal information solicited or obtained in
26	connection with a proposed or actual life settlement contract is
27	subject to the provisions applicable to financial institutions

1 under the federal Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act (Pub. L. No. 106-102), and 2 any other state and federal laws relating to confidentiality of 3 nonpublic personal information. 4 Sec. 1111A.007. EXAMINATION. Subchapter B, Chapter 401, 5 applies to a person engaged in the business of life settlements. 6 Sec. 1111A.008. IMMUNITY FROM LIABILITY. (a) No cause of 7 action shall arise nor shall any liability be imposed against the commissioner, the commissioner's authorized representatives, or 8 any examiner appointed by the commissioner for a statement made or 9 10 conduct performed in good faith while carrying out this chapter. 11 (b) No cause of action shall arise, nor shall any liability 12 be imposed against any person for the act of communicating or delivering information to the commissioner or the commissioner's 13 authorized representative or examiner pursuant to an examination 14 15 made under this chapter, if the act of communication or delivery was performed in good faith and without fraudulent intent or the intent 16 17 to deceive. This subsection does not abrogate or modify in any way any common law or statutory privilege or immunity enjoyed by any 18 19 person identified in Subsection (a). 20 Sec. 1111A.009. INVESTIGATIVE AUTHORITY OF THECOMMISSIONER. The commissioner may investigate a suspected 21 22 fraudulent life settlement act and a person engaged in the business 23 of life settlements. 24 Sec. 1111A.010. COST OF EXAMINATIONS. The reasonable and necessary cost of an examination under this chapter is to be 25 26 assessed against the person being examined in accordance with

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27 <u>Section 751.208.</u>

1	Sec. 1111A.011. ADVERTISING. (a) A broker or provider
2	licensed pursuant to this chapter may conduct or participate in an
3	advertisement in this state. The advertisement must comply with
4	all advertising and marketing laws under Chapter 541 and rules
5	adopted by the commissioner that are applicable to life insurers or
6	to license holders under this chapter.
7	(b) Advertisements shall be accurate, truthful, and not
8	misleading in fact or by implication.
9	(c) A person may not:
10	(1) market, advertise, solicit, or otherwise promote
11	the purchase of a policy for the sole purpose of or with an emphasis
12	on settling the policy; or
13	(2) use the words "free," "no cost," or words of
14	similar import in the marketing, advertising, or soliciting of, or
15	otherwise promoting, the purchase of a policy.
16	Sec. 1111A.012. DISCLOSURES TO OWNERS. (a) The broker, or
17	the provider if no broker is involved in the application, shall
18	provide in writing, in a separate document that is signed by the
19	owner, the following information to the owner not later than the
20	date of application for a life settlement contract:
21	(1) the fact that possible alternatives to life
22	settlement contracts exist, including accelerated benefits offered
23	by the issuer of the life insurance policy;
24	(2) the fact that some or all of the proceeds of a life
25	settlement contract may be taxable and that assistance should be
26	sought from a professional tax advisor;
27	(3) the fact that the proceeds from a life settlement

1 contract could be subject to the claims of creditors; 2 (4) the fact that receipt of proceeds from a life 3 settlement contract may adversely affect the recipients' 4 eligibility for public assistance or other government benefits or 5 entitlements and that advice should be obtained from the 6 appropriate agency; 7 (5) the fact that the owner has a right to terminate a 8 life settlement contract within 15 days of the date the contract is executed by all parties and the owner has received the disclosures 9 10 described in this section, that rescission, if exercised by the owner, is effective only if both notice of the rescission is given 11 12 and the owner repays all proceeds and any premiums, loans, and loan interest paid on account of the provider during the rescission 13 period, and that if the insured dies during the rescission period, 14 the contract is considered rescinded subject to repayment by the 15 owner or the owner's estate of all proceeds and any premiums, loans, 16 17 and loan interest to the provider; (6) the fact that proceeds will be sent to the owner 18 19 within three business days after the provider has received the 20 insurer or group administrator's acknowledgement that ownership of the policy or interest in the certificate has been transferred and 21 22 the beneficiary has been designated in accordance with the terms of the life settlement contract; 23 24 (7) the fact that entering into a life settlement 25 contract may cause the owner to forfeit other rights or benefits, 26 including conversion rights and waiver of premium benefits that may 27 exist under the policy or certificate of a group policy, and that

1 assistance should be sought from a professional financial advisor; 2 (8) the amount and method of calculating the compensation, including anything of value, paid or given, or to be 3 paid or given, to the broker, or any other person acting for the 4 5 owner in connection with the transaction; 6 (9) the date by which the funds will be available to 7 the owner and the identity of the transmitter of the funds; 8 (10) the fact that the commissioner requires delivery of a buyer's guide or a similar consumer advisory package in the 9 form prescribed by the commissioner to owners during the 10 solicitation process; 11 12 (11) the following language: "All medical, financial, or personal information solicited or obtained by a provider or 13 broker about an insured, including the insured's identity or the 14 identity of family members or a spouse or a significant other, may 15 be disclosed as necessary to effect the life settlement contract 16 17 between the owner and provider. If you are asked to provide this information, you will be asked to consent to the disclosure. The 18 19 information may be provided to someone who buys the policy or provides funds for the purchase. You may be asked to renew your 20 permission to share information every two years."; 21 22 (12) the fact that the commissioner requires providers and brokers to print separate signed fraud warnings on the 23 24 applications and on the life settlement contracts as follows: "Any person who knowingly presents false information in an application 25 26 for insurance or a life settlement contract is guilty of a crime and 27 may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.";

1 (13) the fact that the insured may be contacted by either the provider or broker or an authorized representative of 2 3 the provider or broker for the purpose of determining the insured's health status or to verify the insured's address and that this 4 5 contact is limited to once every three months if the insured has a life expectancy of more than one year, and not more than once per 6 7 month if the insured has a life expectancy of one year or less; (14) the affiliation, if any, between the provider and 8 the issuer of the insurance policy to be settled; 9 10 (15) that a broker represents exclusively the owner, and not the insurer or the provider or any other person, and owes a 11 12 fiduciary duty to the owner, including a duty to act according to the owner's instructions and in the best interest of the owner; 13 14 (16) the name, address, and telephone number of the 15 provider; (17) the name, business address, and telephone number 16 17 of the independent third party escrow agent, and the fact that the owner may inspect or receive copies of the relevant escrow or trust 18 19 agreements or documents; and (18) the fact that a change of ownership could in the 20 future limit the insured's ability to purchase future insurance on 21 22 the insured's life because there is a limit to how much coverage 23 insurers will issue on one life. 24 (b) The written disclosures described by Subsection (a) must be conspicuously displayed in a life settlement contract 25 26 furnished to the owner by a provider, including any affiliations or contractual arrangements between the provider and the broker. 27

H.B. No. 2277 1 (c) A broker shall provide the owner and the provider with at least the following disclosures not later than the date on which 2 the life settlement contract is signed by all parties and which must 3 be conspicuously displayed in the life settlement contract or in a 4 5 separate document signed by the owner: 6 (1) the name, business address, and telephone number of the broker; 7 8 (2) a full, complete, and accurate description of all the offers, counter-offers, acceptances, and rejections relating 9 10 to the proposed life settlement contract; (3) a written disclosure of any affiliations or 11 12 contractual arrangements between the broker and any person making an offer in connection with the proposed life settlement contract; 13 14 (4) the name of each broker who receives compensation 15 and the amount of compensation, including anything of value, paid or given to the broker in connection with the life settlement 16 17 contract; and (5) a complete reconciliation of the gross offer or 18 19 bid by the provider to the net amount of proceeds or value to be 20 received by the owner. 21 (d) For the purpose of this section, "gross offer or bid" 22 means the total amount or value offered by the provider for the purchase of one or more life insurance policies, inclusive of 23 24 commissions and fees. 25 (e) The failure to provide the disclosures or rights 26 described in this section is an unfair method of competition or an 27 unfair or deceptive act or practice.

Sec. 1111A.013. DISCLOSURE TO INSURER. (a) Without 1 2 limiting the ability of an insurer to assess the insurability of a 3 policy applicant and to determine whether to issue the policy, and in addition to other questions an insurance carrier may lawfully 4 5 pose to a life insurance applicant, an insurer may inquire in the application for insurance whether the proposed owner intends to pay 6 7 premiums with the assistance of financing from a lender that will 8 use the policy as collateral to support the financing.

9 (b) If, as described in Sections 1111A.002(11) and (11-A), 10 the loan provides funds that can be used for a purpose other than 11 paying for the premiums, costs, and expenses associated with 12 obtaining and maintaining the life insurance policy and loan, and 13 notwithstanding any other law, the application must be rejected as 14 a violation of Section 1111A.017.

15 (c) If the financing does not violate Section 1111A.017, the 16 insurance carrier:

17 (1) may make disclosures, not later than the date of 18 the delivery of the policy, to the applicant and the insured, either 19 on the application or on an amendment to the application that 20 include the following or substantially similar statements:

21 "If you have entered into a loan arrangement in which the policy is 22 used as collateral, and the policy does change ownership at some 23 point in the future in satisfaction of the loan, the following may 24 <u>be true:</u> 25 (A) a change of ownership could lead to a

26 stranger owning an interest in the insured's life;

27 (B) a change of ownership could in the future

1 limit your ability to purchase future insurance on the insured's life because there is a limit to how much coverage insurers will 2 3 issue on one life; 4 (C) should there be a change of ownership and you 5 wish to obtain more insurance coverage on the insured's life in the future, the insured's higher issue age, a change in health status, 6 7 or other factors may reduce the ability to obtain coverage or may 8 result in significantly higher premiums; and 9 (D) you should consult a professional advisor, 10 since a change in ownership in satisfaction of the loan may result in tax consequences to the owner, depending on the structure of the 11 12 loan."; 13 (2) may require certifications, such as the following, from the applicant or the insured: 14 15 (A) "I have not entered into any agreement or 16 arrangement providing for the future sale of this life insurance policy"; 17 18 (B) "My loan arrangement for this policy provides 19 funds sufficient to pay for some or all of the premiums, costs, and expenses associated with obtaining and maintaining my life 20 insurance policy, but I have not entered into any agreement by which 21 22 I am to receive consideration in exchange for procuring this policy"; and 23 24 "The borrower has an insurable interest in (C) 25 the insured." 26 Sec. 1111A.014. GENERAL RULES. (a) Before entering into a 27 life settlement contract with an owner of a policy with respect to

1 which the insured is terminally or chronically ill, the provider 2 must obtain:

3 (1) if the owner is the insured, a written statement 4 from a licensed attending physician that the owner is of sound mind 5 and under no constraint or undue influence to enter into a 6 settlement contract; and

7 (2) a document in which the insured consents to the 8 release of medical records to a provider, settlement broker, or 9 insurance agent and, if the policy was issued less than two years 10 after the date of application for a settlement contract, to the 11 insurance company that issued the policy.

12 (b) An insurer shall respond to a request for verification of coverage submitted by a provider, settlement broker, or life 13 insurance agent not later than the 30th calendar day after the date 14 15 the request is received. The request for verification of coverage must be made on a form approved by the commissioner. The insurer 16 17 shall complete and issue the verification of coverage or indicate in which respects the insurer is unable to respond. 18 In the 19 response, the insurer shall indicate whether at the time of the response, based on the medical evidence and documents provided, the 20 21 insurer intends to pursue an investigation about the validity of 22 the insurance contract.

23 (c) On or before the date of execution of the life 24 settlement contract, the provider shall obtain a witnessed document 25 in which the owner consents to the settlement contract, represents 26 that the owner has a full and complete understanding of the 27 settlement contract and of the benefits of the policy, acknowledges

H.B. No. 2277 1 that the owner is entering into the settlement contract freely and voluntarily, and, for persons with a terminal or chronic illness or 2 3 condition, acknowledges that the insured has a terminal or chronic illness and that the terminal or chronic illness or condition was 4 5 diagnosed after the policy was issued. 6 (d) The insurer may not unreasonably delay effecting change 7 of ownership or beneficiary with any life settlement contract 8 lawfully entered into in this state or with a resident of this state. 9 10 (e) If a settlement broker or life insurance agent performs any of these activities required of the provider, the provider is 11 12 deemed to have fulfilled the requirements of this section. (f) If a broker performs the verification of coverage 13 activities required of the provider, the provider is deemed to have 14 fulfilled the requirements of Section 1111A.012. 15 (g) Not later than the 20th day after the date that an owner 16 17 executes the life settlement contract, the provider shall give written notice to the insurer that issued that insurance policy 18 19 that the policy has become subject to a life settlement contract. The notice shall be accompanied by the documents required by 20 Section 1111A.013(c). 21 22 (h) Medical information solicited or obtained by a license holder is subject to the applicable provision of state law relating 23 24 to confidentiality of medical information, if not otherwise 25 provided in this chapter. 26 (i) A life settlement contract entered into in this state 27 must provide that the owner may rescind the contract on or before 15

1 days after the date the contract is executed by all parties to the contract. Rescission, if exercised by the owner, is effective only 2 if notice of the rescission is given and the owner repays all 3 proceeds and any premiums, loans, and loan interest paid on account 4 5 of the provider within the rescission period. If the insured dies during the rescission period, the contract is rescinded subject to 6 7 repayment by the owner or the owner's estate of all proceeds and any premiums, loans, an<u>d loan interest to the provider.</u> 8

9 (j) Not later than the third business day after the date the provider receives from the owner the documents to effect the 10 transfer of the insurance policy, the provider shall pay the 11 12 proceeds of the settlement into an escrow or trust account managed by a trustee or escrow agent in a state or federally chartered 13 financial institution pending acknowledgement of the transfer by 14 15 the issuer of the policy. The trustee or escrow agent shall transfer to the owner the proceeds due to the owner not later than 16 17 the third business day after the date the trustee or escrow officer receives from the insurer acknowledgment of the transfer of the 18 19 insurance policy.

20 (k) Failure to tender the life settlement contract proceeds
21 to the owner on or before the date disclosed to the owner renders
22 the contract voidable by the owner for lack of consideration until
23 the time the proceeds are tendered to and accepted by the owner. A
24 failure to give written notice of the right of rescission under this
25 subsection tolls the right of rescission for 30 days after the date
26 the written notice of the right of rescission has been given.

27 (1) A fee paid by a provider, an owner, or other person to a

1 broker in exchange for services provided to the owner pertaining to 2 a life settlement contract must be computed as a percentage of the offer obtained, not the face value of the policy. Nothing in this 3 section prohibits a broker from voluntarily reducing the broker's 4 fee to less than a percentage of the offer obtained. 5 (m) A broker shall disclose to the owner anything of value 6 7 paid or given to a broker that relates to a life settlement 8 contract. 9 (n) A person, at any time prior to or at the time of the application for, or issuance of, a policy, or during a two-year 10 period beginning on the date of issuance of the policy, may not 11 12 enter into a life settlement contract regardless of the date the compensation is to be provided and regardless of the date the 13 assignment, transfer, sale, devise, bequest, or surrender of the 14 policy is to occur. This prohibition does not apply if: 15 (1) the owner certifies to the provider that the 16 17 policy was issued on the owner's exercise of conversion rights arising out of a group or individual policy, provided the total of 18 19 the time covered under the conversion policy plus the time covered under the prior policy is at least 24 months; or 20 21 (2) the owner submits independent evidence to the

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21 <u>(2) the owner submits independent evidence to the</u> 22 provider that one or more of the following conditions have been met 23 during the two-year period described by this subsection:

24(A) the owner or insured is terminally or25chronically ill;26(B) the owner or insured disposes of the owner's

27 or insured's ownership interests in a closely held corporation,

1	pursuant to the terms of a buyout or other similar agreement in
2	effect at the time the insurance policy was initially issued;
3	(C) the owner's spouse dies;
4	(D) the owner divorces the owner's spouse;
5	(E) the owner retires from full-time employment;
6	(F) the owner becomes physically or mentally
7	disabled and a physician determines that the disability prevents
8	the owner from maintaining full-time employment; or
9	(G) a final order, judgment, or decree is entered
10	by a court of competent jurisdiction, on the application of a
11	creditor of the owner, adjudicating the owner bankrupt or
12	insolvent, or approving a petition seeking reorganization of the
13	owner or appointing a receiver, trustee, or liquidator to all or a
14	substantial part of the owner's assets.
15	(o) For the purposes of Subsection (n)(1), time covered
16	under a group policy must be calculated without regard to a change
17	in insurance carriers, provided the coverage has been continuous
18	and under the same group sponsorship.
19	(p) Copies of the independent evidence described by
20	Subsection (n)(2) must be submitted to the insurer at the time the
21	provider submits a request to the insurer for verification of
22	coverage. The copies must be accompanied by a letter of attestation
23	from the provider that the copies are true and correct copies of the
24	documents received by the provider. This section does not prohibit
25	an insurer from exercising its right to contest the validity of a
26	policy.
27	(q) If the provider submits to the insurer a copy of

1 independent evidence provided for Subsection (n)(2)(A) at the time 2 the provider submits a request to the insurer to effect the transfer 3 of the policy to the provider, the copy is deemed to establish that 4 the settlement contract satisfies the requirements of this section. 5 Sec. 1111A.015. AUTHORITY TO ADOPT RULES. (a) The commissioner may adopt rules implementing this chapter and 6 7 regulating the activities and relationships of providers, brokers, 8 insurers, and their authorized representatives.

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9 <u>(b) The commissioner may not adopt a rule establishing a</u> 10 price or fee for the sale or purchase of a life settlement contract. 11 This subsection does not prohibit the commissioner from adopting a 12 rule relating to an unjust price or fee for the sale or purchase of a 13 life settlement contract.

14 (c) The commissioner may not adopt a rule that regulates the 15 actions of an investor providing money to a life or viatical 16 settlement company.

17 Sec. 1111A.016. CONFLICT OF LAWS. (a) If there is more than one owner on a single policy, and the owners are residents of 18 19 different states, the life settlement contract is governed by the law of the state in which the owner having the largest percentage 20 ownership resides or, if the owners hold equal ownership, the state 21 22 of residence of one owner agreed on in writing by all of the owners. The law of the state of the insured shall govern in the event that 23 24 equal owners fail to agree in writing on a state of residence for 25 jurisdictional purposes.

26 (b) A provider licensed in this state who enters into a life
27 settlement contract with an owner who is a resident of another state

that has enacted statutes or adopted rules governing life 1 settlement contracts is governed in the effectuation of that life 2 3 settlement contract by the statutes and rules of the owner's state of residence. If the state in which the owner is a resident has not 4 5 enacted statutes or adopted rules governing life settlement contracts, the provider shall give the owner notice that neither 6 7 state regulates the transaction on which the owner is entering. For 8 transactions in those states, however, the provider shall maintain all records required by this chapter if the transactions were 9 executed in this state. The forms used in those states need not be 10 approved by the department. 11 12 (c) If there is a conflict in the laws that apply to an owner and a purchaser in any individual transaction, the laws of the state 13 that apply to the owner shall take precedence and the provider shall 14 15 comply with those laws. Sec. 1111A.017. PROHIBITED PRACTICES. (a) A person may 16 17 not: (1) enter into a life settlement contract if the 18 19 person knows or reasonably should have known that the life insurance policy was obtained by means of a false, deceptive, or 20 misleading application for the policy; 21 22 (2) engage in a transaction, practice, or course of business if the person knows or reasonably should have known that 23 24 the intent of engaging in the transaction, practice, or course of business is to avoid the notice requirements of this chapter; 25 26 (3) engage in a fraudulent act or practice in 27 connection with a transaction relating to any settlement involving

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1 an owner who is a resident of this state; 2 (4) issue, solicit, market, or otherwise promote the purchase of an insurance policy for the purpose of, or with an 3 emphasis on, settling the policy; 4 (5) if providing premium financing, receive any 5 proceeds, fee, or other consideration from the policy or owner in 6 7 addition to the amounts required to pay principal, interest, and 8 any reasonable costs or expenses incurred by the lender or borrower in connection with the premium finance agreement, except in event 9 of a default, unless either the default on the loan or transfer of 10 the policy occurs pursuant to an agreement or understanding with 11 12 any other person for the purpose of evading regulation under this 13 chapter; 14 (6) with respect to any settlement contract or 15 insurance policy and to a broker, knowingly solicit an offer from, effectuate a life settlement contract with, or make a sale to any 16 17 provider, financing entity, or related provider trust that is controlling, controlled by, or under common control with the broker 18 19 unless the relationship is fully disclosed to the owner; (7) with respect to any life settlement contract or 20 insurance policy and a provider, knowingly enter into a life 21 settlement contract with an owner if, in connection with the life 22 settlement contract, anything of value will be paid to a broker that 23 24 is controlling, controlled by, or under common control with the provider or the financing entity or related provider trust that is 25 26 involved in such settlement contract, unless the relationship is fully disclosed to the owner; 27

1	(8) with respect to a provider, enter into a life
2	settlement contract unless the life settlement promotional,
3	advertising, and marketing materials, as may be prescribed by rule,
4	have been filed with the commissioner, provided that in no event may
5	any marketing materials expressly reference that the insurance is
6	free for any period of time; or
7	(9) with respect to any life insurance agent,
8	insurance company, broker, or provider, make any statement or
9	representation to the applicant or policyholder in connection with
10	the sale or financing of a life insurance policy to the effect that
11	the insurance is free or without cost to the policyholder for any
12	period of time unless provided in the policy.
13	(b) A violation of this section is a fraudulent life
14	settlement act.
15	Sec. 1111A.018. FRAUD PREVENTION AND CONTROL. (a) A
16	person may not commit a fraudulent life settlement act.
17	(b) A person may not interfere with the enforcement of this
18	chapter or an investigation of a suspected or actual violation of
19	this chapter.
20	(c) A person in the business of life settlements may not
21	knowingly or intentionally permit a person convicted of a felony
22	involving dishonesty or breach of trust to participate in the
23	business of life settlements.
24	(d) A life settlement contract and an application for a life
25	settlement contract, regardless of the form of transmission, must
26	contain the following, or a substantially similar, statement: "Any
27	person who knowingly presents false information in an application

1	for insurance or a life settlement contract is guilty of a crime and
2	may be subject to fines and confinement in prison."
3	(e) The failure to include a statement as required in
4	Subsection (d) is not a defense in any prosecution for a fraudulent
5	life settlement act.
6	Sec. 1111A.019. MANDATORY REPORTING OF FRAUDULENT LIFE
7	SETTLEMENT ACTS. A person engaged in the business of life
8	settlements has a duty under Section 701.051 to report a fraudulent
9	life settlement act.
10	Sec. 1111A.020. CONFIDENTIALITY. (a) The documents and
11	evidence obtained by the commissioner in an investigation of a
12	suspected or an actual fraudulent life settlement act are
13	privileged and confidential, are not a public record, and are not
14	subject to discovery or subpoena in a civil or criminal action.
15	(b) Subsection (a) does not prohibit release by the
16	commissioner of documents and evidence obtained in an investigation
17	of a suspected or an actual fraudulent life settlement act:
18	(1) in an administrative or judicial proceeding to
19	enforce a provision of this code or another insurance law of this
20	<pre>state;</pre>
21	(2) to a federal, state, or local law enforcement or
22	regulatory agency, to an organization established for the purpose
23	of detecting and preventing a fraudulent life settlement act, or to
24	the National Association of Insurance Commissioners; or
25	(3) at the discretion of the commissioner, to a person
26	in the business of life settlements that is aggrieved by a
27	fraudulent life settlement act.

H.B. No. 2277 1 (c) Release of documents and evidence under Subsection (b) does not abrogate or modify the privilege granted in Subsection 2 3 (a). 4 Sec. 1111A.021. OTHER LAW ENFORCEMENT OR REGULATORY 5 AUTHORITY. This chapter does not: 6 (1) preempt the authority or relieve the duty of 7 another law enforcement or regulatory agency to investigate, 8 examine, and prosecute a suspected violation of law; 9 (2) preempt, supersede, or limit any provision of any state securities law or any rule, order, or notice issued under the 10 11 law; 12 (3) prevent or prohibit a person from disclosing voluntarily information concerning life settlement fraud to a law 13 14 enforcement or regulatory agency other than the department; or 15 (4) limit the powers granted by the laws of this state to the commissioner or an insurance fraud unit to investigate and 16 17 examine a possible violation of law and to take appropriate action against wrongdoers. 18 19 Sec. 1111A.022. LIFE SETTLEMENT ANTIFRAUD INITIATIVES. (a) A provider or broker shall implement antifraud initiatives 20 21 reasonably calculated to detect, prosecute, and prevent fraudulent life settlement acts. At the discretion of the commissioner, the 22 commissioner may order, or a license holder may request and the 23 24 commissioner may grant, a modification of the following required initiatives as necessary to ensure an effective antifraud program. 25 26 A modification granted under this section may be more or less restrictive than the required initiatives so long as 27 the

1	modification may reasonably be expected to accomplish the purpose
2	of this section. Antifraud initiatives must include:
3	(1) fraud investigators, who may be provider or broker
4	employees or independent contractors; and
5	(2) an antifraud plan, which must be submitted to the
6	commissioner and must include:
7	(A) a description of the procedures for detecting
8	and investigating possible fraudulent life settlement acts and
9	procedures for resolving material inconsistencies between medical
10	records and insurance applications;
11	(B) a description of the procedures for reporting
12	possible fraudulent life settlement acts to the commissioner;
13	(C) a description of the plan for antifraud
14	education and training of underwriters and other personnel; and
15	(D) a description or chart outlining the
16	organizational arrangement of the antifraud personnel who are
17	responsible for the investigation and reporting of possible
18	fraudulent life settlement acts and investigating unresolved
19	material inconsistencies between medical records and insurance
20	applications.
21	(b) An antifraud plan submitted to the commissioner is
22	privileged and confidential, is not subject to disclosure under
23	Chapter 552, Government Code, and is not subject to discovery or
24	subpoena in a civil action.
25	Sec. 1111A.023. INJUNCTION; CIVIL REMEDIES; CEASE AND
26	DESIST ORDERS. (a) In addition to the penalties and other
27	enforcement provisions of this chapter, if any person violates this

1 chapter or any rule implementing this chapter, the commissioner may 2 seek an injunction in a court in the county where the person resides 3 or has a principal place of business and may apply for temporary and permanent orders that the commissioner determines necessary to 4 5 restrain the person from further committing the violation. 6 (b) The commissioner may issue a cease and desist order 7 against a person who violates any provision of this chapter, any 8 rule or order adopted by the commissioner, or any written agreement entered into with the commissioner, in accordance with Chapter 82. 9

10 (c) If the commissioner finds that an action in violation of 11 this chapter presents an immediate danger to the public and 12 requires an immediate final order, the commissioner may issue an 13 emergency cease and desist order under Chapter 83.

14 (d) The provisions of this chapter may not be waived by 15 agreement. No choice of law provision may prevent the application 16 of this chapter to any settlement.

Sec. 1111A.024. PENALTIES. (a) It is a violation of this chapter for any person, provider, broker, or any other party related to the business of life settlements to commit a fraudulent life settlement act.

21 (b) A person who knowingly, recklessly, or intentionally 22 commits a fraudulent life settlement act commits a criminal offense 23 and is subject to penalties under Chapter 35, Penal Code.

24 (c) Subtitle B, Title 2, applies to a violation of this
25 <u>chapter.</u>

26 <u>Sec. 1111A.025. APPLICABILITY OF OTHER INSURANCE LAWS. The</u> 27 following laws apply to a person engaged in the business of life

settlements:
(1) Chapters 82, 83, 84, 101, 481, and 701;
(2) Sections 31.002, 32.021, 32.023, 32.041, 38.001,
81.004, 86.001, 86.051, 86.052, 201.004, 401.051, 401.054,
401.151(a), 521.003, 521.004, 543.001(c), 801.056, and 862.052;
(3) Subchapter A, Chapter 32;
(4) Subchapter C, Chapter 36;
(5) Subchapter B, Chapter 404; and
(6) Subchapter B, Chapter 491.
Sec. 1111A.026. APPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS TO LIFE
EXPECTANCY ESTIMATORS. (a) The following provisions do not apply
to a broker who acts solely as a life expectancy estimator:
(1) Section 1111A.003(p);
(2) Section 1111A.012; and
(3) Sections 1111A.014(1) and (m).
(b) The commissioner may exempt a broker who acts only as a
life expectancy estimator from other provisions of this chapter if
the commissioner finds that the application of those provisions to
the broker is not necessary for the public welfare.
SECTION 4. Section 1114.004(a), Insurance Code, is amended
to read as follows:
(a) Except as otherwise specifically provided by this
chapter, this chapter does not apply to transactions involving:
<pre>(1) credit life insurance;</pre>
(2) group life insurance or group annuities for which
there is no direct solicitation of individuals by an agent;
(3) [group] life insurance and annuities used to fund

H.B. No. 2277 prepaid funeral benefits contracts, as defined by Chapter 154, 1 Finance Code; 2 3 (4)an application to: 4 exercise a contractual change or a conversion (A) 5 privilege made to the insurer that issued the existing policy or 6 contract; 7 (B) replace an existing policy or contract by the 8 insurer that issued the existing policy or contract under a program filed with and approved by the commissioner; or 9 10 (C) exercise a term conversion privilege among corporate affiliates; 11 12 (5) life insurance proposed to replace life insurance under a binding or conditional receipt issued by the same insurer; 13 14 (6) a policy or contract used to fund: 15 (A) an employee pension benefit plan or employee welfare benefit plan that is covered by the Employee Retirement 16 17 Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. Section 1001 et seq.); (B) a plan described by Section 401(a), 401(k), 18 or 403(b), Internal Revenue Code of 1986, if established or 19 20 maintained by an employer; 21 (C) a government or church plan, as defined by Section 414, Internal Revenue Code of 1986, a government or church 22 23 welfare benefit plan, or a deferred compensation plan of a state or 24 local government or tax exempt organization described under Section 457, Internal Revenue Code of 1986; or 25 26 (D) a nonqualified deferred compensation 27 arrangement established or maintained by an employer or plan

1 sponsor;

2 (7) new coverage provided under a life insurance
3 policy or contract if the cost is borne wholly by the insured's
4 employer or by an association of which the insured is a member;

5 (8) an existing life insurance policy that is a 6 nonconvertible term life insurance policy scheduled to expire in 7 five years or less and that cannot be renewed;

8 (9) immediate annuities purchased with proceeds from9 an existing contract; or

10

(10) structured settlements.

SECTION 5. Subchapter B, Chapter 1114, Insurance Code, is amended by adding Section 1114.057 to read as follows:

Sec. 1114.057. DISCLOSURE OF AVAILABILITY OF WAIVER OF SURRENDER CHARGES. An insurer that offers to waive surrender charges as described by Section 541.058(b)(4) shall provide reasonable notice of that offer to the insurer's prospective or current contract holders. The notice may be provided by any available means, including a disclosure document or by display on a link that is prominently placed on the insurer's Internet website.

20 SECTION 6. Section 1115.001, Insurance Code, is amended to 21 read as follows:

Sec. 1115.001. PURPOSE. The purpose of this chapter is to establish standards and procedures regarding recommendations made to a consumer that result in a transaction involving annuity products, and to require insurers to establish a system to supervise those recommendations, to ensure that the insurance needs and financial objectives of the consumer as of the time of the

1 transaction are appropriately addressed.

2 SECTION 7. Section 1115.002, Insurance Code, is amended by 3 amending Subdivisions (2), (3), and (4) and adding Subdivisions 4 (2-a), (5), and (6) to read as follows:

(2) "Annuity" means <u>an</u> [a fixed, variable, or modified
guaranteed] annuity <u>that is an insurance product under the laws of</u>
<u>this state</u> that is individually solicited, whether <u>the product is</u>
classified as an individual annuity or group annuity.

9 <u>(2-a) "Continuing education provider" means a person</u>
10 <u>authorized to offer continuing education courses under Chapter</u>
11 <u>4004.</u>

12 (3) "Insurer" means <u>a</u> [an insurance] company 13 authorized to engage in the business of life insurance and 14 annuities in this state.

(4) "Recommendation" means advice provided by an
agent, or an insurer <u>if no agent is involved</u>, to an individual
consumer that results in a purchase, [or] exchange, or replacement
of an annuity made in accordance with that advice.

19 <u>(5) "Replacement" means a transaction in which a new</u> 20 policy or contract is to be purchased and the proposing agent, or 21 the proposing insurer if an agent is not involved, knows or should 22 know that, by reason of the transaction, an existing policy or 23 contract has been or is to be:

24 (A) lapsed, forfeited, surrendered or partially 25 surrendered, assigned to the replacing insurer, or otherwise 26 terminated;

27 (B) converted to reduced paid-up insurance,

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1	continued as extended term insurance, or otherwise reduced in value
2	by the use of nonforfeiture benefits or other policy values;
3	(C) amended so as to effect either a reduction in
4	benefits or in the term for which coverage would otherwise remain in
5	force or for which benefits would be paid;
6	(D) reissued with any reduction in cash value; or
7	(E) used in a financed purchase.
8	(6) "Suitability information" means information that
9	is reasonably appropriate to determine the suitability of a
10	recommendation, including the following:
11	(A) age;
12	(B) annual income;
13	(C) financial situation and needs, including the
14	financial resources used for the funding of the annuity;
15	(D) financial experience;
16	(E) financial objectives;
17	(F) intended use of the annuity;
18	(G) financial time horizon;
19	(H) existing assets, including investment and
20	life insurance holdings;
21	(I) liquidity needs;
22	(J) liquid net worth;
23	(K) risk tolerance; and
24	(L) tax status.
25	SECTION 8. Section 1115.003, Insurance Code, is amended to
26	read as follows:
27	Sec. 1115.003. APPLICABILITY; EXEMPTIONS. (a) This

1 chapter applies to any recommendation to purchase, replace, or 2 exchange an annuity that:

3 (1) is made to a consumer by an agent, or <u>an</u> insurer <u>if</u>
4 <u>an agent is not involved</u>; and

5 (2) results in the recommended purchase, replacement,
6 or exchange.

7 (b) Unless otherwise specifically included, this chapter
8 does not apply to <u>transactions</u> [recommendations] involving:

9 (1) direct response solicitations if there is no 10 recommendation based on information collected from the consumer 11 under this chapter; or

12 (2) contracts used to fund:

(A) an employee pension benefit plan or employee
welfare benefit plan covered by the Employee Retirement Income
Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. Section 1001 et seq.);

(B) a plan described by Section 401(a), 401(k), 403(b), 408(k), or 408(p), Internal Revenue Code of 1986, if established or maintained by an employer;

(C) a government or church plan, as defined by Section 414, Internal Revenue Code of 1986, a government or church welfare benefit plan, or a deferred compensation plan of a state or local government or tax exempt organization described under Section 457, Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

(D) a nonqualified deferred compensation
 arrangement established or maintained by an employer or plan
 sponsor;

27 (E) settlements of or assumptions of liabilities

1 associated with personal injury litigation or any dispute or claim resolution process; or 2 3 (F) prepaid funeral benefits contracts, as defined by Chapter 154, Finance Code. 4 5 SECTION 9. Section 1115.051, Insurance Code, is amended to read as follows: 6 7 Sec. 1115.051. SUITABILITY OF ANNUITY PRODUCT REQUIRED. 8 In recommending to a consumer the purchase of an annuity or the (a) exchange of an annuity that results in another insurance 9 10 transaction or series of insurance transactions, the agent, or the insurer if an agent is not involved, must have a reasonable basis to 11 12 believe that: 13 (1) the recommendation is suitable for the consumer on the basis of the facts disclosed by the consumer as to the 14 consumer's investments and other insurance products and as to the 15 consumer's financial situation and needs, including the consumer's 16 17 suitability information; (2) the consumer has been reasonably informed of 18 various features of the annuity, such as the potential surrender 19 period and the surrender charge, any potential tax penalty if the 20 consumer sells, exchanges, surrenders, or annuitizes the annuity, 21 mortality and expense fees, investment advisory fees, potential 22 charges for and features of riders, limitations on interest 23 24 returns, insurance and investment components, and market risk; (3) the consumer would benefit from certain features 25 26 of the annuity, such as tax-deferred growth, annuitization, or a 27 death or living benefit;

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H.B. No. 2277 1 (4) the particular annuity as a whole, the underlying 2 subaccounts to which funds are allocated at the time of the purchase or exchange of the annuity, and any riders or similar product 3 enhancements are suitable, and, in the case of an exchange or 4 5 replacement, the transaction as a whole is suitable, for the particular consumer based on the consumer's suitability 6 7 information; and 8 (5) in the case of an exchange or replacement of an annuity, the exchange or replacement is suitable, including taking 9 10 into consideration whether the consumer: (A) will incur a surrender charge, be subject to 11 12 the commencement of a new surrender period, lose existing benefits such as death, living, or other contractual benefits, or be subject 13 to increased fees, investment advisory fees, or charges for riders 14 15 or similar product enhancements; 16 (B) would benefit from product enhancements and 17 improvements; and 18 (C) has had another annuity exchange or 19 replacement, and in particular, an exchange or replacement in the preceding 36 months. 20 21 (b) Before the execution of a purchase, exchange, or replacement of an annuity resulting from a recommendation, an 22 agent, or an insurer if an agent is not involved, shall make 23 24 reasonable efforts to obtain the consumer's suitability 25 information. 26 (c) Except as permitted by Subsection (d), an insurer may not issue an annuity recommended to a consumer unless the insurer 27

H.B. No. 2277 1 has a reasonable basis to believe the annuity is suitable based on 2 the consumer's suitability information. 3 (d) Subject to Subsection (e), an agent or insurer does not 4 have any obligation to a consumer related to an annuity transaction 5 if: 6 (1) the consumer refuses to provide suitability 7 information requested by the agent or insurer; 8 (2) the agent or insurer does not make a recommendation; 9 10 (3) the agent or insurer makes a recommendation later found to have been prepared based on inaccurate material 11 12 information provided by the consumer; or (4) the consumer decides to enter into a transaction 13 14 that is not based on a recommendation of the agent or insurer. 15 (e) An insurer's issuance of an annuity under circumstances described by Subsection (d) must be reasonable under all 16 17 circumstances actually known to the insurer at the time the annuity is issued. 18 19 (f) An agent, or an insurer if an agent is not involved, shall at the time of sale of an annuity: 20 21 (1) make a record of any recommendation made by the 22 agent or insurer that is subject to Subsection (a); (2) obtain a customer-signed statement documenting 23 24 the customer's refusal, if any, to provide suitability information; 25 and 26 (3) obtain a customer-signed statement acknowledging that an annuity transaction is not recommended if the customer 27

1	decides to enter into an annuity transaction that is not based on
2	the agent's or insurer's recommendation. [Before the execution of a
3	purchase or exchange of an annuity resulting from a recommendation,
4	an agent, or the insurer if an agent is not involved, must make
5	reasonable efforts to obtain:
6	[(1) information from the consumer concerning:
7	[(A) the consumer's financial status;
8	[(B) the consumer's tax status; and
9	[(C) the consumer's investment objectives; and
10	[(2) other relevant information used or considered to
11	be reasonable by the agent or that insurer in making
12	recommendations to consumers.
13	[(b) In a recommendation to a consumer regarding the
14	purchase of an annuity or the exchange of an annuity that results in
15	another insurance transaction or series of insurance transactions,
16	an agent or the insurer, if an agent is not involved, has reasonable
17	grounds for believing that the recommendation is suitable for that
18	consumer based on the facts disclosed by the consumer regarding the
19	consumer's:
20	[(1) investments and other insurance products; and
21	[(2) financial situation and needs.
22	[(c) An agent, or an insurer if an agent is not involved, has
23	no obligation to a consumer related to a recommendation if the
24	consumer:
25	[(1) refuses to provide relevant information
26	requested by the agent or insurer;
27	[(2) fails to provide complete or accurate information

1 on the request of the agent or insurer; or

2 [(3) decides to enter into a transaction that is not
3 based on a recommendation of the agent or insurer.

4 [(d) An agent's or insurer's recommendation subject to 5 Subsection (a) must be reasonable under all the circumstances 6 actually known to the agent or insurer at the time of the 7 recommendation.]

8 SECTION 10. Section 1115.052, Insurance Code, is amended to 9 read as follows:

10 Sec. 1115.052. <u>SUPERVISION</u> [COMPLIANCE] SYSTEM. (a) Each 11 insurer shall <u>establish supervision</u> [operate a system,] that is 12 reasonably designed to achieve <u>the insurer's and the insurer's</u> 13 <u>agents'</u> compliance with this chapter[, to supervise 14 recommendations].

(b) An insurer may comply with Subsection (a) [by complying with Subsections (c)=(e) or] by establishing and maintaining the insurer's own <u>supervision</u> [compliance] system <u>under which, at a</u> <u>minimum, the insurer</u> [that complies with Subsection (c). Each agent and independent agency shall adopt an insurer's compliance system or shall establish and maintain such a system.

21 [(c) A compliance system established under Subsection
22 (b) must include]:

(1) <u>maintains reasonable procedures to inform the</u> insurer's agents of the requirements of this chapter and incorporates the requirements of this chapter into relevant agent training manuals [maintenance of written procedures]; [and]

27 (2) <u>establishes standards for agent product training</u>

H.B. No. 2277 1 and maintains reasonable procedures to require the insurer's agents to comply with the requirements of Section 1115.056; 2 3 (3) provides product-specific training and training materials that explain all material features of the insurer's 4 5 annuity products to the insurer's agents; 6 (4) maintains procedures to review each 7 recommendation electronically, physically, or otherwise before the 8 issuance of an annuity that: (A) are designed to ensure that there is a 9 10 reasonable basis to determine that a recommendation is suitable; 11 and 12 (B) may: (i) include the application of a screening 13 14 system to identify selected transactions for additional review; and 15 (ii) be designed to require additional review only of those transactions identified for additional review 16 17 by the selection criteria; (5) maintains reasonable procedures, 18 such as confirmation of consumer suitability <u>information</u>, systematic 19 customer surveys, interviews, confirmation letters, and programs 20 of internal monitoring, to detect recommendations that are not 21 22 suitable, which may involve applying sampling procedures or confirming suitability information after the issuance or delivery 23 24 of the annuity; and 25 (6) annually provides a report to the insurer's senior 26 management, including to the senior manager responsible for audit 27 functions, that details a review, with appropriate testing,

reasonably designed to determine the effectiveness of the 1 2 supervision system, the exceptions found, and any corrective action taken or recommended [periodic reviews of the insurer's or agent's 3 records in a manner reasonably designed to assist in detecting and 4 5 preventing violations of this chapter]. (c) This subsection does not prohibit an insurer from 6 7 contracting for the performance of a function, including maintenance of procedures, required by Subsection (b). 8 An insurer's supervision system under Subsection (b) must include the 9 supervision of contractual performance under this subsection that 10 includes, at a minimum [(d) An agent or insurer may contract with a 11 12 third party, including an agent or independent agency, to establish and maintain a compliance system with respect to agents under 13 14 contract with or employed by the third party. The agent or insurer shall make reasonable inquiries sufficient to ensure that the third 15 party is performing the functions required under Subsection (a), 16 and shall take any action reasonable under the circumstances 17 enforce the contractual obligation to perform those functions. 18 An 19 agent or insurer may comply with the obligation to make reasonable 20 inquiries by]: 21 (1) annually obtaining certification that complies with Section 1115.053 from a senior manager who represents that the 22 contracted function is properly performed [of the third party that 23 24 the third party is performing the required functions]; and

(2) <u>monitoring and, as appropriate, conducting audits</u>
 to ensure that the contracted function is properly performed
 [periodically selecting third parties, based on reasonable]

1	selection criteria, for a review to determine whether the third
2	parties are performing the required functions].
3	<u>(d)</u> [(e) An agent or insurer shall adopt procedures for
4	conducting a review under Subsection (d)(2) that are reasonable
5	under the circumstances. An insurer that contracts with a third
6	party under Subsection (d) and that complies with the requirements
7	to supervise under Subsection (d) is deemed to have complied with
8	the insurer's responsibilities under Subsection (b).
9	[(f)] An insurer[, agent, or independent agency] is not
10	required by this section to [+
11	[(1) review, or provide for review of, all
12	agent-solicited transactions; or
13	[(2)] include in the <u>supervision</u> [compliance] system
14	an agent's recommendations to consumers of products other than the
15	annuities offered by the insurer[, agent, or independent agency].
16	(e) An agent may not dissuade, or attempt to dissuade, a
17	consumer from:
18	(1) truthfully responding to an insurer's request for
19	confirmation or suitability information;
20	(2) filing a complaint; or
21	(3) cooperating with the investigation of a complaint.
22	SECTION 11. Section 1115.053, Insurance Code, is amended to
23	read as follows:
24	Sec. 1115.053. CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS. [(a) On
25	request by an insurer, an agent or independent agency that
26	contracts with an insurer under Section 1115.052(d) shall promptly
27	obtain a certification as described under Section 1115.052(d)(1) or

1 give a clear statement that it is unable to meet the certification
2 criteria.

3 [(b)] A person may not provide a certification under Section 4 1115.052(c)(1) [1115.052(d)(1)] unless the person:

5 (1) is a senior manager with responsibility for the6 delegated functions; and

7 (2) has a reasonable basis for making the 8 certification.

9 SECTION 12. Section 1115.054, Insurance Code, is amended to 10 read as follows:

Sec. 1115.054. COMPLIANCE WITH CERTAIN NATIONAL STANDARDS. 11 Subject to Subsection (c), sales made in compliance 12 (a) [Compliance] with the conduct rules of the Financial Industry 13 14 Regulatory Authority (FINRA) relating to suitability and supervision of annuity transactions, or the rules of another 15 national organization recognized by the commissioner, satisfy 16 17 [satisfies] the requirements of [under] this chapter. This section applies to FINRA member broker-dealer sales of variable annuities 18 and fixed annuities if the suitability and supervision conduct 19 rules are similar to those applied to variable annuity sales [for 20 21 the recommendation of annuities registered under the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. Section 77a et seq.) or rules or regulations 22 23 adopted under that Act].

(b) This section does not affect or limit the commissioner's
ability to enforce <u>or investigate under</u> this chapter.

26 (c) Subsection (a) applies only if the insurer:
 27 (1) monitors the FINRA member broker-dealer using

information collected in the normal course of the insurer's 1 business; and 2 3 (2) provides to the FINRA member broker-dealer information and reports that are reasonably appropriate to assist 4 5 the broker-dealer to maintain the broker-dealer's supervision 6 system. 7 SECTION 13. Section 1115.056, Insurance Code, is amended to 8 read as follows: 9 Sec. 1115.056. AGENT TRAINING [EDUCATION] REQUIREMENTS. 10 (a) An agent may not solicit the sale of an annuity product unless the agent has adequate knowledge of the product to recommend the 11 12 annuity and is in compliance with the insurer's standards for product training. An agent may rely on insurer-provided, 13 product-specific training standards and materials to comply with 14 15 this subsection. (b) An agent who engages in the sale of annuity products 16 17 must complete a one-time training course approved by the department and provided by a continuing education provider. 18 19 (c) The training required by Subsection (b) must be of a length sufficient to qualify for at least four continuing education 20 credits, as determined by the commissioner in accordance with 21 22 Chapter 4004 and any rules adopted under that chapter, but may be longer. The training required by Subsection (b) may be used to 23 24 satisfy the continuing education requirements under Subchapters B and E, Chapter 4004, and is not in addition to the continuing 25 26 education requirements in Section 4004.202. 27 (d) The training required by Subsection (b) must include

1	information on the following topics:
2	(1) the types of annuities and various classifications
3	<u>of annuities;</u>
4	(2) identification of the parties to an annuity;
5	(3) how fixed, variable, and indexed annuity contract
6	provisions affect consumers;
7	(4) the application of income taxation of qualified
8	and nonqualified annuities;
9	(5) the primary uses of annuities; and
10	(6) appropriate sales practices, replacement, and
11	disclosure requirements.
12	(e) A provider of a course intended to comply with
13	Subsection (b) must cover all topics listed in Subsection (d) and
14	may not present any marketing information, provide training on
15	sales techniques, or provide specific information about a
16	particular insurer's products. Additional topics may be offered in
17	conjunction with and in addition to the required topics.
18	(f) A provider of a course intended to comply with
19	Subsection (b) must register as a continuing education provider in
20	this state and comply with the rules and guidelines applicable to
21	agent continuing education courses provided by Chapter 4004.
22	(g) An annuity training course may be conducted and
23	completed by classroom or self-study methods in accordance with
24	Chapter 4004.
25	(h) A provider of annuity training under Subsection (b) must
26	comply with the reporting requirements and issue certificates of
27	completion in accordance with Chapter 4004.

1	(i) The satisfaction of the training requirements of
2	another state that are substantially similar to the provisions of
3	this section is considered to satisfy the training requirements of
4	this section.
5	(j) An insurer must verify that an agent has completed the
6	annuity training course required by this section before allowing
7	the agent to sell an annuity product for that insurer. An insurer
8	may satisfy the insurer's responsibility under this section by:
9	(1) obtaining a certificate of completion of the
10	training course or obtaining an appropriate report provided by the
11	department;
12	(2) using a department-sponsored database or vendor;
13	<u>or</u>
14	(3) using a reasonably reliable commercial database
15	vendor that has a reporting arrangement with approved insurance
16	education providers. [A resident agent that intends to sell,
17	solicit, or negotiate a contract for an annuity in this state or to
18	represent an insurer in relation to such an annuity must submit
19	evidence satisfactory to the department of completion of at least
20	four hours of training relating to annuities before soliciting
21	individual consumers for the purpose of selling annuities.
22	[(b) The training required under Subsection (a) may be used
23	to satisfy the continuing education requirements imposed under this
24	code and rules adopted under this code for issuance of a license
25	under this code.]
26	SECTION 14. Section 1115.101, Insurance Code, is amended to
27	read as follows:

Sec. 1115.101. MITIGATION. An insurer is responsible for 1 compliance with this chapter. If a violation occurs because of the 2 action or inaction of the insurer or the insurer's agent, the [The] 3 commissioner may: 4 5 (1) order: 6 (A) the [(1) an] insurer to take reasonable 7 appropriate corrective action for any consumer harmed by the 8 insurer or by the insurer's agent because of a violation of this chapter; or 9 (B) a general agency, independent agency, or the 10 [(2) an] agent to take reasonably appropriate corrective action 11 12 for any consumer harmed by the agent's violation of this chapter; and 13 14 (2) impose appropriate sanctions as provided by 15 Section 1115.102 [(3) a managing general agent or independent agency that employs or contracts with an agent to sell, or solicit 16 17 the sale of, annuities to consumers to take reasonably appropriate corrective action for any consumer harmed by the agent's violation 18 of this chapter]. 19 SECTION 15. Section 1115.102(b), Insurance Code, is amended 20 21 to read as follows: The commissioner shall [may] reduce or eliminate a 22 (b) sanction for a violation of this chapter otherwise applicable if: 23 24 (1) corrective action for the consumer was taken promptly by the agent or insurer after a violation was discovered; 25 26 or 27 (2) the violation was not part of a pattern or

1 practice.

2 SECTION 16. Section 1551.255(a), Insurance Code, is amended 3 to read as follows:

4 (a) In this section, "viatical settlement" has the meaning
5 assigned to "life settlement contract" by Section <u>1111A.002</u>
6 [<u>1111.001</u>].

7 SECTION 17. Subchapter A, Chapter 1111, Insurance Code, is8 repealed.

9 SECTION 18. (a) Section 541.058(b), Insurance Code, as 10 amended by this Act, applies only to an exchange of life annuity 11 contracts on or after the effective date of this Act. An exchange 12 of life annuity contracts before the effective date of this Act is 13 governed by the law in effect immediately before the effective date 14 of this Act, and that law is continued in effect for that purpose.

(b) Section 1114.004(a), Insurance Code, as amended by this Act, applies only to a transaction involving a life insurance or annuity policy or contract occurring on or after the effective date of this Act. A transaction involving a policy or contract occurring before the effective date of this Act is governed by the law in effect immediately before the effective date of this Act, and that law is continued in effect for that purpose.

(c) Except as provided by this section, Chapter 1115, Insurance Code, as amended by this Act, applies only to a recommendation to purchase, exchange, or replace an annuity contract made on or after June 1, 2012, and any transaction arising from that recommendation. A recommendation made before June 1, 27 2012, and a transaction arising from that recommendation are

1 governed by the law in effect immediately before the effective date 2 of this Act, and that law is continued in effect for that purpose.

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3 (d) An insurance agent who becomes licensed under Chapter 4054, Insurance Code, on or after the effective date of this Act is 4 5 subject to Section 1115.056, Insurance Code, as amended by this Act. An agent licensed under Chapter 4054, Insurance Code, before 6 the effective date of this Act is not subject to Section 1115.056, 7 8 Insurance Code, as amended by this Act, before March 1, 2012. On and after the effective date of this Act and before March 1, 2012, 9 an insurance agent licensed under Chapter 4054, Insurance Code, 10 before the effective date of this Act is subject to Section 11 12 1115.056, Insurance Code, as that section existed immediately before the effective date of this Act, and that law is continued in 13 14 effect for that purpose.

15 SECTION 19. (a) A provider lawfully transacting business in this state before the effective date of this Act may continue to 16 17 do so pending approval or disapproval of the person's application for a license as long as the application is filed with the 18 19 commissioner of insurance not later than 30 days after the date of the publication by the commissioner of an application form and 20 21 instructions for licensure of providers. If the publication of the application form and instructions is before the effective date of 22 23 this Act, then the filing of the application may not be later than 24 30 days after the effective date of this Act and the applicant may use any form of life settlement contract that has been filed with 25 26 the commissioner pending approval, provided that the form is otherwise in compliance with the provisions of this Act. A person 27

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A person who has lawfully negotiated a life settlement 3 (b) contract between an owner residing in this state and one or more 4 5 providers for at least one year immediately before the effective date of this Act may continue to do so pending approval or 6 disapproval of the person's application for a license provided that 7 8 the application is filed with the commissioner of insurance not later than the 30th day after the date of publication by the 9 commissioner of an application form and instructions for licensure 10 of brokers. If the publication of the application form and 11 instructions is before the effective date of this Act, then the 12 filing of the application may not be later than the 30th day after 13 14 the effective date of this Act. Any person transacting business in 15 this state under this provision shall comply with all other requirements of this Act. 16

17

SECTION 20. This Act takes effect September 1, 2011.

President of the Senate

Speaker of the House

I certify that H.B. No. 2277 was passed by the House on April 26, 2011, by the following vote: Yeas 148, Nays 0, 2 present, not voting; and that the House concurred in Senate amendments to H.B. No. 2277 on May 26, 2011, by the following vote: Yeas 134, Nays 7, 2 present, not voting.

Chief Clerk of the House

I certify that H.B. No. 2277 was passed by the Senate, with amendments, on May 23, 2011, by the following vote: Yeas 30, Nays 0.

Secretary of the Senate

APPROVED: _____

Date

Governor