By: Berman H.B. No. 2878

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1	AN ACT
2	relating to the creation of certain criminal offenses involving
3	unauthorized aliens, to the forfeiture of property in relation to
4	criminal offenses involving unauthorized aliens, and to the
5	creation of a private cause of action for employing or contracting
6	with unauthorized aliens.
7	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
8	SECTION 1. Title 4, Civil Practice and Remedies Code, is
9	amended by adding Chapter 94 to read as follows:
10	CHAPTER 94. LIABILITY FOR EMPLOYMENT OF UNAUTHORIZED ALIEN
11	Sec. 94.001. DEFINITION. In this chapter, "unauthorized
12	alien" has the meaning assigned by Section 40.01, Penal Code.
13	Sec. 94.002. LIABILITY. (a) A person is liable as provided
14	by Subsection (b) if the person intentionally, knowingly, or
15	recklessly:
16	(1) employs an unauthorized alien; or
17	(2) contracts for the performance of labor or other
18	work with an unauthorized alien.
19	(b) A person who is liable under Subsection (a) is liable to
20	the state for actual damages and any other appropriate relief.
21	(c) It is not a defense to liability under this chapter that
22	a defendant has not been prosecuted under Section 40.02, Penal
23	Code, or has been convicted of a different type or class of offense,

24

for the conduct that is alleged to give rise to liability under this

- 1 chapter.
- 2 Sec. 94.003. QUI TAM ACTION. (a) A person may file a civil
- 3 action for violation of Section 94.002. An action brought under
- 4 this section is a qui tam action on behalf of both the person and the
- 5 state and must be brought in the name of the person and the state.
- 6 (b) A person bringing an action under this section shall
- 7 serve a copy of the petition and a written disclosure of
- 8 substantially all material evidence and information the person
- 9 possesses on the attorney general in compliance with the Texas
- 10 Rules of Civil Procedure.
- 11 <u>(c)</u> The petition shall be filed in camera and, except as
- 12 provided by Subsection (e) or (f), shall remain under seal until at
- 13 least the 180th day after the date the petition is filed or the date
- 14 on which the state elects to intervene, whichever is earlier. The
- 15 petition may not be served on the defendant until the court orders
- 16 <u>service on the defendant.</u>
- 17 (d) The state may elect to intervene and proceed with the
- 18 action not later than the 180th day after the date the attorney
- 19 general receives the petition and the material evidence and
- 20 information.
- (e) At the time the state intervenes, the attorney general
- 22 may file a motion with the court requesting that the petition remain
- 23 under seal for an extended period.
- 24 (f) The state may, for good cause shown, move the court to
- 25 extend the 180-day deadline under Subsection (c) or (d). A motion
- 26 under this subsection may be supported by affidavits or other
- 27 submissions in camera.

- 1 (g) An action under this section may be dismissed before the
- 2 end of the period during which the petition remains under seal only
- 3 if the court and the attorney general consent in writing to the
- 4 dismissal and state their reasons for consenting.
- 5 (h) A defendant is not required to file in accordance with
- 6 the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure an answer to a petition filed
- 7 under this section until the petition is unsealed and served on the
- 8 defendant.
- 9 (i) Not later than the last day of the period prescribed by
- 10 Subsection (d) or an extension of that period as provided by
- 11 Subsection (e) or (f), the state shall:
- 12 (1) proceed with the action; or
- 13 (2) notify the court that the state declines to take
- 14 over the action.
- 15 (j) If the state declines to take over the action, the
- 16 person bringing the action may proceed without the state's
- 17 participation. On request by the state, the state is entitled to be
- 18 served with copies of all pleadings filed in the action and be
- 19 provided at the state's expense with copies of all deposition
- 20 transcripts. If the person bringing the action proceeds without
- 21 the state's participation, the court, without limiting the status
- 22 and right of that person, may permit the state to intervene at a
- 23 later date on a showing of good cause.
- 24 (k) If the state proceeds with the action, the state has the
- 25 primary responsibility for prosecuting the action and is not bound
- 26 by an act of the person bringing the action. The person bringing
- 27 the action has the right to continue as a party to the action,

- 1 <u>subject to the limitations in this section.</u>
- 2 (1) The state may dismiss the action notwithstanding the
- 3 <u>objections of the person bringing the action if:</u>
- 4 (1) the attorney general notifies the person that the
- 5 state has filed a motion to dismiss; and
- 6 (2) the court provides the person with an opportunity
- 7 for a hearing on the motion.
- 8 (m) The state may settle the action with the defendant
- 9 notwithstanding the objections of the person bringing the action if
- 10 the court determines, after a hearing, that the proposed settlement
- 11 is fair, adequate, and reasonable under all the circumstances. On a
- 12 showing of good cause, the hearing may be held in camera.
- 13 (n) On a showing by the state that unrestricted
- 14 participation during the course of the litigation by the person
- 15 bringing the action would interfere with or unduly delay the
- 16 state's prosecution of the case, or would be repetitious,
- 17 irrelevant, or for purposes of harassment, the court may impose
- 18 limitations on the person's participation, including:
- 19 (1) limiting the number of witnesses the person may
- 20 call;
- 21 (2) limiting the length of the testimony of witnesses
- 22 called by the person;
- 23 (3) limiting the person's cross-examination of
- 24 witnesses; or
- 25 (4) otherwise limiting the participation by the person
- 26 in the <u>litigation</u>.
- 27 <u>(o) On a showing by the defe</u>ndant that unrestricted

- 1 participation during the course of the litigation by the person
- 2 bringing the action would be for purposes of harassment or would
- 3 cause the defendant undue burden or unnecessary expense, the court
- 4 may limit the participation by the person in the litigation.
- 5 (p) A person bringing an action under this section may
- 6 recover an amount not greater than half of the amount that the state
- 7 recovers as a result of the person bringing the action, excluding
- 8 attorney's fees and other expenses, interest, and costs, not to
- 9 exceed one-third of any judgment or award.
- SECTION 2. Article 59.01(2), Code of Criminal Procedure, as
- 11 amended by Chapters 153 (S.B. 2225), 1130 (H.B. 2086), and 1357
- 12 (S.B. 554), Acts of the 81st Legislature, Regular Session, 2009, is
- 13 reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- 14 (2) "Contraband" means property of any nature,
- 15 including real, personal, tangible, or intangible, that is:
- 16 (A) used in the commission of:
- 17 (i) any first or second degree felony under
- 18 the Penal Code;
- 19 (ii) any felony under Section 15.031(b),
- 20 20.05, 21.11, 38.04, Subchapter B of Chapter 43, or Chapter 29, 30,
- 21 31, 32, 33, 33A, or 35, Penal Code;
- 22 (iii) any felony under The Securities Act
- 23 (Article 581-1 et seq., Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes); or
- 24 (iv) any offense under Chapter 49, Penal
- 25 Code, that is punishable as a felony of the third degree or state
- 26 jail felony, if the defendant has been previously convicted three
- 27 times of an offense under that chapter;

```
H.B. No. 2878
 1
                    (B)
                         used or intended to be used in the commission
 2
   of:
 3
                               any felony under Chapter 481, Health
   and Safety Code (Texas Controlled Substances Act);
 4
 5
                          (ii) any felony under Chapter 483, Health
 6
   and Safety Code;
 7
                          (iii) a felony under Chapter 153, Finance
8
   Code;
 9
                          (iv) any felony under Chapter 34, Penal
10
   Code;
                          (v) a Class A misdemeanor under Subchapter
11
12
   B, Chapter 365, Health and Safety Code, if the defendant has been
   previously convicted twice of an offense under that subchapter;
13
14
                          (vi) any felony under Chapter 152, Finance
   Code;
15
16
                          (vii) any felony under Chapter 32, Human
   Resources Code, or Chapter 31, 32, 35A, or 37, Penal Code, that
```

- (viii) a Class B misdemeanor under Chapter 19
- 522, Business & Commerce Code; 20
- (ix) a Class A misdemeanor under Section 21
- 306.051, Business & Commerce Code; [ex] 22

involves the state Medicaid program;

- (x) any offense under Section 42.10, Penal 23
- 24 Code;

17

18

- 25 (xi) [(x)] any offense under Section
- 46.06(a)(1) or 46.14, Penal Code; or 26
- (xii)  $[\frac{(x)}{(x)}]$  any offense under Chapter 71, 27

1	Penal Code;
2	(C) the proceeds gained from the commission of a
3	felony listed in Paragraph (A) or (B) of this subdivision, a
4	misdemeanor listed in Paragraph $(B)(viii)$ , $(x)$ , $(xi)$ , or $(xii)$
5	$[\frac{(B)(viii) \text{ or }(x)}{(x)}]$ of this subdivision, or a crime of violence;
6	(D) acquired with proceeds gained from the
7	commission of a felony listed in Paragraph (A) or (B) of this
8	subdivision, a misdemeanor listed in Paragraph (B)(viii), (x),
9	(xi), or $(xii)$ $[(B)(viii)$ or $(x)$ ] of this subdivision, or a crime of
10	violence; [ <del>or</del> ]
11	(E) used to facilitate or intended to be used to
12	facilitate the commission of a felony under Section 15.031 or
13	43.25, Penal Code; or
14	(F) located within this state and owned by a
15	person convicted of an offense under one or more of the following
16	provisions of the Penal Code, regardless of whether the property
17	was used or intended to be used in the commission of the offense or
18	offenses:
19	(i) Section 30.055, Penal Code;
20	(ii) Section 40.02, Penal Code; or
21	(iii) Section 38.05, Penal Code, if the
22	person who is harbored or concealed, provided with a means of
23	avoiding arrest or effecting escape, or warned of impending
24	discovery or apprehension:
25	(a) is a citizen of any country other
26	than the United States; and
27	(b) entered or remained on or in any

- 1 public or private property in this state in violation of 8 U.S.C.
- 2 Section 1325 or 1326.
- 3 SECTION 3. Chapter 30, Penal Code, is amended by adding
- 4 Section 30.055 to read as follows:
- 5 Sec. 30.055. CRIMINAL TRESPASS BY UNAUTHORIZED ALIEN. (a)
- 6 A person commits an offense if the person:
- 7 (1) is a citizen of any country other than the United
- 8 States; and
- 9 (2) enters or remains on or in any public or private
- 10 property in this state in violation of 8 U.S.C. Section 1325 or
- 11 1326.
- 12 (b) An offense under this section is a felony of the third
- 13 degree.
- 14 SECTION 4. The heading to Title 8, Penal Code, is amended to
- 15 read as follows:
- 16 TITLE 8. OFFENSES AGAINST PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND THE
- ADMINISTRATION OF CERTAIN LAWS
- SECTION 5. Title 8, Penal Code, is amended by adding Chapter
- 19 40 to read as follows:
- 20 CHAPTER 40. CERTAIN EMPLOYMENT OR CONTRACTS PROHIBITED UNDER
- 21 <u>FEDERAL LAW</u>
- Sec. 40.01. DEFINITION. In this chapter, "unauthorized
- 23 alien" has the meaning assigned by 8 U.S.C. Section 1324a(h)(3).
- Sec. 40.02. EMPLOYING OR CONTRACTING WITH UNAUTHORIZED
- 25 ALIEN. (a) A person commits an offense if the person
- 26 intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly:
- 27 (1) employs an unauthorized alien; or

- 1 (2) contracts for the performance of labor or other
- 2 work with an unauthorized alien.
- 3 (b) An offense under this section is a felony of the third
- 4 degree.
- 5 Sec. 40.03. EXCEPTION. It is an exception to the
- 6 application of Section 40.02 that the actor attempted to verify the
- 7 unauthorized alien's immigration status or work authorization and
- 8 had no knowledge of the unauthorized alien's actual immigration
- 9 status or work authorization.
- 10 SECTION 6. The change in law made by this Act in amending
- 11 Article 59.01(2), Code of Criminal Procedure, applies only to the
- 12 forfeiture of property in relation to an offense committed on or
- 13 after the effective date of this Act. Forfeiture of property in
- 14 relation to an offense committed before the effective date of this
- 15 Act is governed by the law in effect when the offense was committed,
- 16 and the former law is continued in effect for that purpose. For
- 17 purposes of this section, an offense was committed before the
- 18 effective date of this Act if any element of the offense occurred
- 19 before that date.
- 20 SECTION 7. To the extent of any conflict, this Act prevails
- 21 over another Act of the 82nd Legislature, Regular Session, 2011,
- 22 relating to nonsubstantive additions to and corrections in enacted
- 23 codes.
- SECTION 8. This Act takes effect September 1, 2011.