By: Thompson

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	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
1	AN ACT
2	relating to intelligence data standards and protected personal
3	information.
4	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
5	SECTION 1. Chapter 421, Government Code, is amended by
6	adding Subchapter E-1 to read as follows:
7	SUBCHAPTER E-1. CRIMINAL INTELLIGENCE SYSTEMS
8	Sec. 421.101. DEFINITIONS. In this subchapter:
9	(1) "Biometric information" means DNA, iris or retinal
10	scans, palm telemetry, photographs, or facial recognition
11	measurements or any other biometric measurements. The term does
12	not include a thumbprint or signature.
13	(2) "Criminal intelligence system" means:
14	(A) the arrangements, equipment, facilities, and
15	procedures used for the receipt, storage, interagency exchange,
16	dissemination, and analysis of criminal intelligence data; or
17	(B) any entity whose mission includes
18	collecting, analyzing, or sharing intelligence data and other data
19	for law enforcement or homeland security purposes, including the
20	Texas Fusion Center operated by the Department of Public Safety and
21	all regional fusion centers in this state.
22	(3) "Noncriminal information" means any data about
23	persons, organizations, events, incidents, or objects, regardless
24	of the medium in which the information exists, where no reasonable

1 suspicion exists that a criminal activity is occurring or is about 2 to occur. 3 (4) "Personally identifiable information" means all personal data and any data element or combination of data elements 4 5 that identifies or could be used to identify an individual, including: 6 7 (A) an individual's: (i) name; 8 (ii) date of birth; 9 10 (iii) address of residence; (iv) electronic password; 11 12 (v) uniqu<u>e account number;</u> (vi) telephone number; 13 14 (vii) biometric information; 15 (viii) photograph or a description of a 16 tattoo; 17 (ix) e-mail address; 18 (x) Internet Protocol address; or 19 (xi) web address; or 20 (B) any other unique identifier of the 21 individual. 22 (5) "Protected health information" means any information about health status, provision of health care, or 23 24 payment for health care services that can be linked to a specific individual. 25 Sec. 421.102. REASONABLE SUSPICION DEFINED. For purposes 26 of this subchapter, reasonable suspicion is established only when 27

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1 information exists that establishes sufficient facts to give a trained law enforcement or criminal justice agency officer, 2 investigator, or employee a basis to believe that there is a 3 reasonable possibility that an individual or organization is 4 5 involved in a definable criminal activity or enterprise. 6 Sec. 421.103. CONDITIONS FOR TREATMENT OF INTELLIGENCE DATA AND NONCRIMINAL INFORMATION. (a) Any law enforcement or criminal 7 justice agency, including a criminal intelligence system, that 8 reviews, collects, submits, disseminates, discloses, or maintains 9 10 intelligence data shall: (1) review, collect, and maintain intelligence data or 11 12 noncriminal information concerning an individual or organization 13 only if: 14 (A) reasonable suspicion exists that the 15 individual or organization is involved in criminal conduct or 16 activity; and 17 (B) the information is relevant to that criminal 18 conduct or activity; 19 (2) disseminate intelligence data only where there is a need to know and a right to know the information in the 20 performance of a law enforcement activity; 21 (3) disseminate intelligence data only to a law 22 enforcement authority that agrees to follow procedures regarding 23 24 information receipt, maintenance, security, and dissemination that are consistent with the receipt, maintenance, security, and 25 26 dissemination limitations, requirements, and procedures applicable 27 to a criminal intelligence system;

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H.B. No. 3219 (4) provide notice to submitting criminal justice 1 agencies, law enforcement agencies, or criminal intelligence 2 systems or other submitting individuals before initiating formal 3 information exchange procedures with any federal, state, or 4 5 regional information system; 6 (5) require any agency submitting data to maintain in 7 its agency files documentation of each submission and to make that 8 documentation available for reasonable audit and inspection by the attorney general; 9 10 (6) adopt policies regarding screening, rejecting for employment, transferring, or removing personnel authorized to have 11 12 direct access to intelligence data; (7) adopt, implement, and maintain procedures to 13 ensure the maximum feasible security, confidentiality, and 14 15 integrity of personally identifiable information and similar data, including labeling that data to indicate: 16 17 (A) levels of sensitivity of the data; (B) levels of confidence in the data; and 18 19 (C) the identity of a submitting criminal justice agency, law enforcement agency, or criminal intelligence system or 20 other submitting individual; 21 (8)(A) adopt, implement, and maintain written 22 information security programs governing the collection, use, 23 24 dissemination, storage, retention, and destruction of personally identifiable information and similar data; 25 26 (B) ensure that criminal intelligence and other information is securely stored and protected against unauthorized 27

H.B. No. 3219 1 access, destruction, use, modification, disclosure, or loss; and 2 (C) destroy the information as soon as it is no longer needed; and 3 4 (9) adopt policies and operating procedures 5 implementing all other applicable requirements under state or federal law. 6 7 (b) Subsection (a) (3) does not limit the dissemination of an 8 assessment of intelligence data to a government official or to any other individual if necessary to avoid imminent danger to life or 9 10 property. (c) An information security program under Subsection 11 12 (a)(8)(A) must: (1) address, without limitation, administrative, 13 14 technical, and physical safeguards; 15 (2) include sanctions for unauthorized access, use, or disclosure of information stored and maintained in a criminal 16 17 intelligence system; and (3) comply with all federal and state privacy and 18 19 information security laws and regulations, including Chapter 552. Sec. 421.104. COLLECTION OF CERTAIN INTELLIGENCE DATA AND 20 NONCRIMINAL INFORMATION PROHIBITED. An agency described by Section 21 22 421.103(a), including a criminal intelligence system, may not: 23 (1) review, collect, or maintain noncriminal 24 information or criminal intelligence data about the political, religious, or social views, associations, military history, or 25 26 activities of any individual or any group, association, corporation, business, partnership, or other organization unless 27

1 the information directly relates to criminal conduct or activity and reasonable suspicion exists that the subject of the information 2 is or may be involved in criminal conduct or activity; or 3 4 (2) review, collect, or maintain protected health information, biometric information, or personally identifiable 5 information unless the information directly relates to criminal 6 7 conduct or activity and reasonable suspicion exists that the 8 subject of the information is or may be involved in criminal conduct or activity. 9 10 Sec. 421.105. REPORT. (a) Not later than September 1 of each year, any law enforcement or criminal justice agency described 11 12 by Section 421.103(a), including a criminal intelligence system, shall submit reports to the standing committees of each house of the 13 legislature with primary jurisdiction over criminal justice. Each 14 15 standing committee may hold a joint hearing to evaluate the reports of those agencies and may invite testimony by the agencies for that 16 17 purpose. (b) A report under this section must include: 18 19 (1) a list of all agencies requesting or submitting information or intelligence to the entity in question; 20 21 (2) a summary of any audit or review the entity underwent during the preceding year and, if the audit or review was 22 performed for a criminal intelligence system, a summary of the 23 24 methods used to investigate, evaluate, and analyze the operations 25 of that system; 26 (3) the total number of requests for and responses to requests for information or intelligence; and 27

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1	(4) all complaints received by the entity in relation
2	to information collection.
3	Sec. 421.106. OVERSIGHT. (a) The attorney general or a
4	designated employee of the attorney general shall provide oversight
5	of the data and privacy protection function of criminal
6	intelligence systems operating in this state, including the Texas
7	Fusion Center, with regard to the collection, maintenance, and
8	storage of personally identifiable information or intelligence
9	data and any disclosure, transfer, or dissemination of that
10	information or data.
11	(b) The attorney general or designee shall investigate,
12	evaluate, and analyze the operations of criminal intelligence
13	systems in this state, including the procedures of those systems,
14	both as written and in practice, for:
15	(1) collecting data;
16	(2) protecting the privacy and security of personally
17	identifiable information;
18	(3) responding to requests for information under
19	Chapter 552; and
20	(4) ensuring that the activities of criminal
21	intelligence systems do not infringe on the rights of freedom of
22	assembly, association, and expression guaranteed by the United
23	States Constitution and the Texas Constitution.
24	(c) The attorney general or designee shall examine the
25	compliance of each criminal intelligence system in this state with
26	this subchapter.
27	(d) The attorney general or designee shall examine the

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1	involvement of entities other than law enforcement or criminal
2	justice agencies in criminal intelligence system activities and
3	shall assess the impact of that involvement on the data and privacy
4	protection function of criminal intelligence systems in this state.
5	Sec. 421.107. OVERSIGHT BOARD. (a) Each criminal
6	intelligence system in this state shall establish and maintain an
7	oversight board.
8	(b) The members of an oversight board established under this
9	section must include:
10	(1) representatives from industry, law enforcement,
11	and other related fields; and
12	(2) at least one privacy advocate.
13	Sec. 421.108. LIMITATIONS ON DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION.
14	Information subject to regulation by this subchapter may not be
15	disclosed under Chapter 552 if the disclosure would:
16	(1) interfere with an ongoing criminal investigation
17	or other law enforcement proceeding;
18	(2) constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of
19	personal privacy;
20	(3) disclose the identity of a confidential source; or
21	(4) endanger the life or physical safety of any
22	individual.
23	SECTION 2. Subchapter F, Chapter 421, Government Code, is
24	redesignated as Subchapter G, Chapter 421, Government Code, and
25	amended to read as follows:

SUBCHAPTER \underline{G} [\underline{F}]. GOVERNOR'S INTEROPERABLE RADIO COMMUNICATIONS 1 2 PROGRAM Sec. 421.121 [421.095]. DEFINITIONS. In this subchapter: 3 "First responder" means a public safety employee 4 (1)5 or volunteer whose duties include responding rapidly to an emergency. The term includes: 6 7 peace officer whose (A) а duties include 8 responding rapidly to an emergency; 9 (B) fire protection personnel under Section 419.021; 10 (C) a volunteer firefighter who is: 11 12 (i) certified by the Texas Commission on Fire Protection or by the State Firemen's and Fire Marshalls' 13 14 Association of Texas; or 15 (ii) a member of an organized volunteer fire-fighting unit as described by Section 615.003; and 16 17 (D) an individual certified as emergency medical services personnel by the Department of State Health Services. 18 "Infrastructure equipment" means the underlying 19 (2) 20 permanent equipment required to establish interoperable communication between radio systems used by local, state, and 21 federal agencies and first responders. 22 Sec. 421.122 [421.096]. INTEROPERABILITY OF RADIO SYSTEMS. 23 24 The office of the governor shall: (1) develop and administer a strategic plan to design 25 26 and implement a statewide integrated public safety radio

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communications system that promotes interoperability within and

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1 between local, state, and federal agencies and first responders;

2 (2) develop and administer a plan in accordance with
3 Subdivision (1) to purchase infrastructure equipment for state and
4 local agencies and first responders;

5 (3) advise representatives of entities in this state 6 that are involved in homeland security activities with respect to 7 interoperability; and

8 (4) use appropriated money, including money from 9 relevant federal homeland security grants, for the purposes of 10 designing, implementing, and maintaining a statewide integrated 11 public safety radio communications system.

Sec. <u>421.123</u> [<u>421.097</u>]. ASSISTANCE. The office of the governor may consult with a representative of an entity described by Section <u>421.122(3)</u> [<u>421.096(3)</u>] to obtain assistance or information necessary for the performance of any duty under this subchapter.

Sec. <u>421.124</u> [421.098]. REPORT. Not later than September 1 of each year, the office of the governor shall provide to the legislature a report on the status of its duties under this subchapter.

21 SECTION 3. Section 74.151(a), Civil Practice and Remedies
22 Code, is amended to read as follows:

(a) A person who in good faith administers emergency care is
 not liable in civil damages for an act performed during the
 emergency unless the act is wilfully or wantonly negligent,
 including a person who:

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(1) administers emergency care using an automated

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1 external defibrillator; or

2 (2) administers emergency care as a volunteer who is a
3 first responder as the term is defined under Section <u>421.121</u>
4 [421.095], Government Code.

5 SECTION 4. This Act takes effect immediately if it receives 6 a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as 7 provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If this 8 Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate effect, this 9 Act takes effect September 1, 2011.