By: Gallego

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H.B. No. 3691

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

2 relating to the provision by certain judges or community 3 supervision and corrections departments of certain programs and 4 services, including certain pretrial programs and services, and to 5 the imposition of certain sanctions against defendants supervised 6 by those departments.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

8 SECTION 1. Section 76.002, Government Code, is amended by 9 adding Subsections (a-1) and (f) and amending Subsection (e) to 10 read as follows:

11 <u>(a-1) The statutory county court judges trying criminal</u> 12 <u>cases in the county or counties served by the judicial district may</u> 13 <u>establish a pretrial victim-offender mediation program in</u> 14 <u>accordance with Subchapter A-1, Chapter 56, Code of Criminal</u> 15 <u>Procedure.</u>

16 (e) The board <u>shall</u> [may] adopt rules allowing departments 17 to contract with one another for services or facilities <u>or to</u> 18 <u>contract as provided by Subsection (f)</u>.

19 (f) In lieu of establishing a department as required by 20 Subsection (a), programs and services may be provided under this 21 chapter in a judicial district through a contract with a department 22 established for another judicial district.

23 SECTION 2. Chapter 76, Government Code, is amended by 24 adding Section 76.0021 to read as follows:

1 Sec. 76.0021. SYSTEM OF PROGRESSIVE INTERMEDIATE 2 SANCTIONS. (a) In addition to performing the duties delegated under Section 76.002, the judges described by that section shall, 3 for the district courts and county courts at law in the judicial 4 5 district that try criminal cases: 6 (1) adopt a single system of progressive intermediate 7 sanctions for violations of conditions of community supervision 8 that includes: (A) sanctions for a failure to report, to 9 participate in a program or service, to refrain from the use of 10 alcohol or a controlled substance, or to pay fines, fees, and costs; 11 12 and 13 (B) sanctions targeted for special cases or high 14 risk offenders; and 15 (2) establish a review process to follow in considering a reduction in or early termination of community 16 17 supervision. (b) In adopting a system of progressive intermediate 18 sanctions under this section, the judges described by Section 19 76.002 shall consider and may adopt the model list of intermediate 20 sanctions established under Section 509.017, Government Code. 21 SECTION 3. Section 1, Article 28.01, Code of Criminal 22 23 Procedure, is amended to read as follows: 24 Sec. 1. The court may set any criminal case for a pre-trial hearing before it is set for trial upon its merits, and direct the 25 defendant and his attorney, if any of record, and the State's 26 attorney, to appear before the court at the time and place stated in 27

H.B. No. 3691

1 the court's order for a conference and hearing. The defendant must 2 be present at the arraignment, and his presence is required during 3 any pre-trial proceeding. The pre-trial hearing shall be to 4 determine any of the following matters:

5 (1) Arraignment of the defendant, if such be 6 necessary; and appointment of counsel to represent the defendant, 7 if such be necessary;

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(2) Pleadings of the defendant;

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(3) Special pleas, if any;

10 (4) Exceptions to the form or substance of the 11 indictment or information;

12 (5) Motions for continuance either by the State or 13 defendant; provided that grounds for continuance not existing or 14 not known at the time may be presented and considered at any time 15 before the defendant announces ready for trial;

16 (6) Motions to suppress evidence--When a hearing on 17 the motion to suppress evidence is granted, the court may determine 18 the merits of said motion on the motions themselves, or upon 19 opposing affidavits, or upon oral testimony, subject to the 20 discretion of the court;

(7) Motions for change of venue by the State or the defendant; provided, however, that such motions for change of venue, if overruled at the pre-trial hearing, may be renewed by the State or the defendant during the voir dire examination of the jury;

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(8) Discovery;

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(9) Entrapment; [and]

(10) Motion for appointment of interpreter; and

<u>(11) Motion to allow the defendant to enter a pretrial</u>
 <u>victim-offender mediation program established under Section</u>
 <u>76.002, Government Code</u>.

4 SECTION 4. Section 10, Article 42.12, Code of Criminal 5 Procedure, is amended by amending Subsections (a), (d), and (e) and 6 adding Subsections (d-1) and (d-2) to read as follows:

7 Only the court in which the defendant was tried may (a) 8 grant community supervision, impose conditions, revoke the community supervision, or discharge the defendant, unless the judge 9 10 has transferred jurisdiction of the case to another court with the latter's consent. Except as provided by <u>Subsections</u> [Subsection] 11 12 (d) and (d-1) of this section, only the judge may alter conditions of community supervision. In a felony case, only the judge who 13 originally sentenced the defendant may suspend execution thereof 14 15 and place the defendant under community supervision pursuant to Section 6 of this article. If the judge who originally sentenced 16 17 the defendant is deceased or disabled or if the office is vacant and the judge who originally sentenced the defendant is deceased or 18 disabled or if the office is vacant and a motion is filed in 19 accordance with Section 6 of this article, the clerk of the court 20 shall promptly forward a copy of the motion to the presiding judge 21 of the administrative judicial district for that court, who may 22 23 deny the motion without a hearing or appoint a judge to hold a 24 hearing on the motion.

(d) A judge that places a defendant on community supervision
 may authorize the supervision officer supervising the defendant [or
 a magistrate appointed by the district courts in the county that

give preference to criminal cases] to modify the conditions of 1 community supervision for the limited purpose of imposing an 2 3 intermediate sanction under Subsection (d-1) [transferring the defendant to different programs within the community supervision 4 5 continuum of programs and sanctions]. Before imposing an intermediate sanction, a supervision officer shall provide written 6 7 notice to the defendant of the nature of the violation or violations involved, the date on which each violation occurred, and the 8 intermediate sanction to be imposed. 9

H.B. No. 3691

10 (d-1) The imposition of an intermediate sanction under this section must conform with the system of progressive intermediate 11 12 sanctions adopted under Section 76.0021, Government Code. On receipt of notice under Subsection (d), the defendant shall 13 14 immediately accept or object to the imposition of the intermediate 15 sanction. A defendant who objects to the imposition of the intermediate sanction is entitled to an administrative review to be 16 17 conducted by the community supervision and corrections department supervising the defendant not later than the fifth day after the 18 date the defendant received the notice. At the conclusion of the 19 administrative review, the director of the community supervision 20 and corrections department, or the director's designee, shall 21 dismiss or affirm the imposition of the intermediate sanction. If 22 the director or director's designee, as applicable, affirms the 23 24 imposition of the intermediate sanction, the intermediate sanction becomes effective immediately. On successful completion of an 25 26 intermediate sanction, the court may not revoke community 27 supervision, proceed to an adjudication in the case, or impose any

	II.D. NO. 5051
1	other sanction based on the violation for which the intermediate
2	sanction was imposed.
3	(d-2) A supervision officer may not:
4	(1) impose an intermediate sanction under Subsection
5	(d) or (d-1) in response to a violation of the terms of community
6	supervision if the violation is based on the commission of a felony
7	offense; or
8	(2) impose as an intermediate sanction under
9	Subsection (d) or (d-1) any condition extending the term of
10	community supervision, increasing a fine, or placing a defendant in
11	a correctional facility, as defined by Section 1.07, Penal Code.
12	(e) <u>A</u> [If a] supervision officer <u>who</u> [or magistrate]
13	modifies the conditions of community supervision by imposing an
14	<u>intermediate sanction</u> [, the officer or magistrate] shall:
15	(1) deliver a copy of the modified conditions to the
16	defendant <u>;</u>
17	(2) [, shall] file a copy of the modified conditions
18	with the sentencing court $_{\boldsymbol{i}}$ $[_{\boldsymbol{\tau}}]$ and
19	(3) [shall] note the date of delivery of the copy in
20	the defendant's file. [If the defendant agrees to the modification
21	in writing, the officer or magistrate shall file a copy of the
22	modified conditions with the district clerk and the conditions
23	shall be enforced as modified. If the defendant does not agree to
24	the modification in writing, the supervision officer or magistrate
25	shall refer the case to the judge of the court for modification in
26	the manner provided by Section 22 of this article.]
27	SECTION 5. Section 11(a), Article 42.12, Code of Criminal

1 Procedure, is amended to read as follows:

The judge of the court having jurisdiction of the case 2 (a) 3 shall determine the conditions of community supervision and may, at any time during the period of community supervision, alter or 4 5 modify the conditions. The judge may impose any reasonable condition that is designed to protect or restore the community, 6 protect or restore the victim, or punish, rehabilitate, or reform 7 8 the defendant. Conditions of community supervision may include, but shall not be limited to, the conditions that the defendant 9 shall: 10

(1) Commit no offense against the laws of this State or
of any other State or of the United States;

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Avoid injurious or vicious habits;

14 (3) Avoid persons or places of disreputable or harmful
15 character, including any person, other than a family member of the
16 defendant, who is an active member of a criminal street gang;

17 (4) Report to the supervision officer as directed by the judge or supervision officer, [and] obey all rules and 18 19 regulations of the community supervision and corrections department, and comply with any intermediate sanction imposed by 20 the supervision officer under Section 10, unless the condition is 21 dismissed by the director of the community supervision and 22 corrections department or by the director's designee; 23

24 (5) Permit the supervision officer to visit the25 defendant at the defendant's home or elsewhere;

26 (6) Work faithfully at suitable employment as far as27 possible;

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(7) Remain within a specified place;

2 (8) Pay the defendant's fine, if one is assessed, and
3 all court costs whether a fine is assessed or not, in one or several
4 sums;

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(9) Support the defendant's dependents;

6 (10) Participate, for a time specified by the judge,
7 in any community-based program, including a community-service work
8 program under Section 16 of this article;

9 (11) Reimburse the county in which the prosecution was 10 instituted for compensation paid to appointed counsel for defending 11 the defendant in the case, if counsel was appointed, or if the 12 defendant was represented by a county-paid public defender, in an 13 amount that would have been paid to an appointed attorney had the 14 county not had a public defender;

15 (12) Remain under custodial supervision in a community 16 corrections facility, obey all rules and regulations of the 17 facility, and pay a percentage of the defendant's income to the 18 facility for room and board;

19 (13) Pay a percentage of the defendant's income to the 20 defendant's dependents for their support while under custodial 21 supervision in a community corrections facility;

22 (14) Submit to testing for alcohol or controlled 23 substances;

24 (15) Attend counseling sessions for substance abusers 25 or participate in substance abuse treatment services in a program 26 or facility approved or licensed by the Texas Commission on Alcohol 27 and Drug Abuse;

(16) With the consent of the victim of a misdemeanor
 offense or of any offense under Title 7, Penal Code, participate in
 victim-defendant mediation;

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(17) Submit to electronic monitoring;

5 (18) Reimburse the compensation to victims of crime 6 fund for any amounts paid from that fund to or on behalf of a victim, 7 as defined by Article 56.32, of the defendant's offense or if no 8 reimbursement is required, make one payment to the compensation to 9 victims of crime fund in an amount not to exceed \$50 if the offense 10 is a misdemeanor or not to exceed \$100 if the offense is a felony;

(19) Reimburse a law enforcement agency for the analysis, storage, or disposal of raw materials, controlled substances, chemical precursors, drug paraphernalia, or other materials seized in connection with the offense;

15 (20) Pay all or part of the reasonable and necessary 16 costs incurred by the victim for psychological counseling made 17 necessary by the offense or for counseling and education relating 18 to acquired immune deficiency syndrome or human immunodeficiency 19 virus made necessary by the offense;

(21) Make one payment in an amount not to exceed \$50 to
a crime stoppers organization as defined by Section 414.001,
Government Code, and as certified by the Texas Crime Stoppers
Council;

(22) Submit a DNA sample to the Department of Public
Safety under Subchapter G, Chapter 411, Government Code, for the
purpose of creating a DNA record of the defendant;

27 (23) In any manner required by the judge, provide

1 public notice of the offense for which the defendant was placed on community supervision in the county in which the offense was 2 3 committed; and 4 (24) Reimburse the county in which the prosecution was 5 instituted for compensation paid to any interpreter in the case. 6 SECTION 6. Chapter 56, Code of Criminal Procedure, is 7 amended by adding Subchapter A-1 to read as follows: 8 SUBCHAPTER A-1. PRETRIAL VICTIM-OFFENDER MEDIATION PROGRAM Art. 56.21. AUTHORITY TO ESTABLISH PROGRAM. 9 (a) А 10 statutory county court judge may establish a pretrial victim-offender mediation program under Section 76.002, Government 11 12 Code, for persons who: (1) have been arrested for or charged with a 13 misdemeanor under Title 7, Penal Code, in a statutory county court 14 15 in this state; and 16 (2) have not previously been convicted of a felony or a 17 misdemeanor, other than a misdemeanor regulating traffic and punishable by fine only. 18 19 (b) A statutory county court that implements a program under this subchapter may adopt administrative rules as necessary or 20 21 convenient to implement or operate the program, including additional criteria related to a defendant's eligibility to enter 22 23 the program. 24 (c) The judge of a statutory county court that establishes a pretrial victim-offender mediation program under this subchapter 25 26 may: (1) allow for the referral to the program of arrested 27

H.B. No. 3691

1 persons who have not yet been indicted or otherwise formally 2 charged; and 3 (2) adopt administrative procedures as necessary to implement and operate the program, including additional program 4 5 requirements that have been approved by the attorney representing 6 the state. Art. 56.22. PROGRAM. (a) A pretrial victim-offender 7 mediation program established under Section 76.002, Government 8 Code, is coordinated by the attorney representing the state and 9 10 must require: 11 (1) the attorney representing the state: 12 (A) to identify defendants who are eligible to participate in the program, including a consideration by the 13 attorney representing the state of whether the defendant meets any 14 15 additional locally developed eligibility criteria; and 16 (B) to the extent feasible, to provide to each 17 victim of an offense described by Article 56.21(a)(1) information and literature indicating that a victim-offender mediation program 18 19 may be available in the criminal case if certain eligibility criteria are met by the defendant; 20 21 (2) the consent of the victim, the defendant, and the attorney representing the state to be obtained before the case may 22 proceed to pretrial victim-offender mediation; and 23 24 (3) the defendant to enter into a binding mediation agreement in accordance with Article 56.24 that: 25 26 (A) includes an apology by the defendant; and 27 (B) requires the defendant to:

	H.B. No. 3691
1	(i) pay restitution to the victim; or
2	(ii) perform community service.
3	(b) All communications made in a pretrial victim-offender
4	mediation program are confidential and may not be introduced into
5	evidence except in a proceeding involving a question concerning the
6	meaning of a mediation agreement.
7	(c) A pretrial victim-offender mediation program may
8	require the staff and other resources of pretrial services
9	departments and community supervision correction departments to
10	assist in monitoring the defendant's compliance with a mediation
11	agreement reached through the program.
12	(d) A pretrial victim-offender mediation may be conducted
13	by a court-appointed mediator who meets the training requirements
14	provided by Sections 154.052(a) and (b), Civil Practice and
15	Remedies Code, or by any other appropriate person designated by the
16	court. Neither the attorney representing the state nor the
17	attorney representing the defendant in the criminal action may
18	serve as a mediator under the pretrial victim-offender mediation
19	program.
20	(e) If a defendant enters a pretrial victim-offender
21	mediation program, the court may defer the proceedings without
22	accepting a plea of guilty or nolo contendere or entering an
23	adjudication of guilt. The court may not require the defendant to
24	admit guilt or enter a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to enter
25	the program.
26	(f) The case must be returned to the docket and proceed
27	through the regular criminal justice system if:

	H.B. No. 3691
1	(1) a pretrial victim-offender mediation does not
2	result in a mediation agreement; or
3	(2) the defendant fails to successfully fulfill the
4	terms of the mediation agreement by the date specified in the
5	mediation agreement.
6	(g) If a case is returned to the docket under Subsection
7	(f), the defendant retains all of the rights that the defendant
8	possessed before entering the pretrial victim-offender mediation
9	program under this subchapter. Notwithstanding any other law, for
10	purposes of determining the duration and expiration of an
11	applicable statute of limitation under Chapter 12, the running of
12	the period of limitation is tolled while the defendant is enrolled
13	in a program under this subchapter.
14	(h) The court on the motion of the attorney representing the
15	state shall dismiss the indictment or information charging the
16	defendant with the commission of the offense, if the defendant:
17	(1) successfully completes the mediation agreement as
18	determined by the attorney representing the state; and
19	(2) either:
20	(A) pays all court costs; or
21	(B) enters a payment plan approved by the court
22	or the attorney representing the state for such payment.
23	(i) The attorney representing the state or the court may
24	extend the initial compliance period granted to the defendant. A
25	determination by the court regarding whether the mediation
26	agreement has been successfully completed is final and may not be
27	appealed.

(j) If the defendant is not arrested or convicted of a 1 subsequent felony or misdemeanor other than a misdemeanor 2 regulating traffic and punishable by fine only on or before the 3 first anniversary of the date the defendant successfully completed 4 5 a mediation agreement under this subchapter, on the motion of the defendant, the court shall enter an order of nondisclosure under 6 7 Section 411.081, Government Code, as if the defendant had received a discharge and dismissal under Section 5(c), Article 42.12, with 8 respect to all records and files related to the defendant's arrest 9 for the offense for which the defendant entered the pretrial 10 victim-offender mediation program. 11 12 Art. 56.23. MOTION AND HEARING. (a) The court on its own

12 <u>Art. 50.25. Morion AND MEAKING. (d) The court of its own</u> 13 <u>motion may, and on the motion of either party shall, hold a pretrial</u> 14 <u>hearing to determine whether to allow an eligible defendant to</u> 15 <u>enter a pretrial victim-offender mediation program under this</u> 16 <u>subchapter.</u>

17 (b) The court shall conduct a pretrial hearing under this
 18 article in accordance with Chapter 28 and the rules of evidence.

19 (c) At a pretrial hearing under this article, either party 20 may present any evidence relevant to the defendant's eligibility 21 under Article 56.22 and other additional locally developed 22 eligibility criteria to enter a pretrial victim-offender mediation 23 program.

24Art. 56.24. MEDIATION AGREEMENT.(a)A mediation25agreement under this subchapter must be:

26 (1) signed by the defendant and the victim; and
 27 (2) ratified by the attorney representing the state in

1 <u>a request for a court order documenting and approving the mediation</u>
2 <u>agreement.</u>

3 (b) A mediation agreement under this subchapter may require 4 testing, counseling, and treatment of the defendant to address 5 alcohol abuse, abuse of controlled substances, mental health, or 6 anger management or any other service that is reasonably related to 7 the offense for which the defendant was arrested or charged.

8 (c) A mediation agreement under this subchapter is not valid 9 for more than one year after the date on which the mediation 10 agreement is ratified unless the court and the attorney 11 representing the state approve the extension of the agreement.

12 (d) A mediation agreement under this subchapter does not
 13 constitute a plea or legal admission of responsibility.

Art. 56.25. OVERSIGHT. (a) The lieutenant governor and the speaker of the house of representatives may assign to appropriate legislative committees duties relating to the oversight of pretrial victim-offender mediation programs established under this subchapter.

19 (b) A legislative committee or the governor may request the 20 state auditor to perform a management, operations, or financial or 21 accounting audit of a pretrial victim-offender mediation program 22 established under this subchapter.

23Art. 56.26. FEES.(a)A pretrial victim-offender24mediation program established under this subchapter may collect25from a defendant in the program:

26 (1) a reasonable program participation fee not to 27 <u>exceed \$500; and</u>

(2) an alcohol or controlled substance testing, 1 counseling, and treatment fee in an amount necessary to cover the 2 costs of the testing, counseling, or treatment if such testing, 3 counseling, or treatment is required by the mediation agreement. 4 (b) Fees collected under this article may be paid on a 5 periodic basis or on a deferred payment schedule at the discretion 6 7 of the judge, magistrate, or program director administering the pretrial victim-offender mediation program. The fees must be: 8 (1) based on the defendant's ability to pay; and 9 (2) used only for purposes specific to the program. 10 SECTION 7. Subchapter A, Chapter 102, Code of Criminal 11 12 Procedure, is amended by adding Article 102.0179 to read as follows: 13 14 Art. 102.0179. COSTS ATTENDANT TO PRETRIAL VICTIM-OFFENDER 15 MEDIATION. (a) A defendant who participates in a pretrial victim-offender mediation program established under Section 16 17 76.002, Government Code, on successful completion of the terms of the defendant's mediation agreement or on conviction, shall pay as 18 19 court costs \$15 plus an additional program participation fee as described by Article 56.26 in the amount prescribed by that 20 article. 21 (b) The court clerk shall collect the costs imposed under 22 this article. The clerk shall keep a separate record of any money 23 24 collected under this article and shall pay any money collected to the county treasurer or to any other official who discharges the 25 26 duties commonly delegated to the county treasurer for deposit in a fund to be known as the county pretrial victim-offender mediation 27

H.B. No. 3691

1 program fund.

2 (c) A county that collects court costs under this article
3 shall use the money in a fund described by Subsection (b)
4 exclusively for the maintenance of the pretrial victim-offender
5 mediation program operated in the county.

6 SECTION 8. Subchapter B, Chapter 102, Government Code, is 7 amended by adding Section 102.0216 to read as follows:

8 Sec. 102.0216. ADDITIONAL COURT COSTS: CODE OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE. A defendant who participates in a pretrial 9 10 victim-offender mediation program established under Section 76.002 shall pay on successful completion of the terms of the defendant's 11 12 mediation agreement or on conviction, in addition to all other costs, to help fund pretrial victim-offender mediation programs 13 established under that section (Art. 102.0179, Code of Criminal 14 15 Procedure) . . . \$15 plus an additional program participation fee in a<u>n amount not to exceed \$500.</u> 16

SECTION 9. Chapter 509, Government Code, is amended by adding Section 509.017 to read as follows:

19 <u>Sec. 509.017. MODEL LIST OF PROGRESSIVE INTERMEDIATE</u>
20 <u>SANCTIONS. The division shall establish a model list of</u>
21 <u>progressive intermediate sanctions that may be adopted in a</u>
22 judicial district under Section 76.0021.

SECTION 10. (a) The change in law made by this Act in adding Section 76.002(a-1), Government Code, and Subchapter A-1, Chapter 56, Code of Criminal Procedure, applies to a defendant who enters a pretrial victim-offender mediation program under that subchapter regardless of whether the defendant committed the

1 offense for which the defendant enters the program before, on, or 2 after the effective date of this Act.

H.B. No. 3691

3 (b) The change in law made by this Act in adding Article 102.0179, Code of Criminal Procedure, and Section 102.0216, 4 5 Government Code, applies only to an offense committed on or after the effective date of this Act. An offense committed before the 6 effective date of this Act is governed by the law in effect when the 7 offense was committed, and the former law is continued in effect for 8 that purpose. For purposes of this subsection, an offense was 9 committed before the effective date of this Act if any element of 10 the offense was committed before that date. 11

12 SECTION 11. (a) The judges described by Section 76.002, 13 Government Code, shall adopt the system and establish the review 14 process required by Section 76.0021, Government Code, as added by 15 this Act, not later than January 1, 2012.

(b) The community justice assistance division of the Texas Department of Criminal Justice shall adopt the model list of progressive intermediate sanctions as required by Section 509.017, Government Code, as added by this Act, not later than November 1, 20 2011.

21 SECTION 12. This Act takes effect immediately if it 22 receives a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each 23 house, as provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. 24 If this Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate 25 effect, this Act takes effect September 1, 2011.