1-1 By: Madden (Senate Sponsor - Williams) H.C.R. No. 42 1-2 (In the Senate - Received from the House May 4, 2011; 1-3 May 12, 2011, read first time and referred to Committee on 1-4 Transportation and Homeland Security; May 20, 2011, reported 1-5 favorably by the following vote: Yeas 9, Nays 0; May 20, 2011, sent 1-6 to printer.)

1-7

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

1-8 WHEREAS, The DNA testing backlog in Texas is estimated to be 1-9 several thousand cases despite the investment of millions of 1-10 taxpayer dollars to expedite the process; moreover, evidence from 1-11 tens of thousands of rape cases has not even been submitted to the 1-12 crime lab for testing and is currently in police storage; and

1-12 crime lab for testing and is currently in police storage; and 1-13 WHEREAS, Law enforcement officials depend on DNA technology 1-14 to help identify the guilty and protect victims' rights to justice 1-15 and due process, but current FBI guidelines for forensic DNA 1-16 testing laboratories create significant obstacles to efficient DNA 1-17 testing; and

1-18 WHEREAS, Private laboratories must meet the exact same 1-19 accreditation and quality assurance standards as government-run 1-20 labs, yet the FBI requires that all private lab data also be 1-21 rechecked by public labs, even though no such independent review of 1-22 public lab data is required; and

1-23 WHEREAS, Often, the burden for public labs to verify private 1-24 lab data has resulted in a decision not to enter into public-private 1-25 partnerships, in spite of the fact that such partnerships could 1-26 substantially reduce the backlog of cases awaiting analysis; and 1-27 WHEREAS, The City of Los Angeles, whose public lab is perhaps

1-27 WHEREAS, The City of Los Angeles, whose public lab is perhaps 1-28 the largest user of private lab assistance, has testified that it 1-29 does not find any meaningful errors in its review of private lab 1-30 analyses that would justify the current requirement; and

1-30 analyses that would justify the current requirement; and 1-31 WHEREAS, In order to remain competitive in the marketplace, 1-32 private labs perform testing at a substantially lower cost than 1-33 public labs and are constantly investing in improvements that go 1-34 above and beyond minimum accreditation standards; still, this 1-35 cost-effective resource is underutilized; and

1-36 WHEREAS, Creating guidelines that facilitate public-private 1-37 partnerships is an inexpensive way to reduce the backlog, bring 1-38 justice to victims, protect taxpayer dollars, and help law 1-39 enforcement officers do their job; now, therefore, be it

1-40 RESOLVED, That the 82nd Legislature of the State of Texas 1-41 hereby express support for the current FBI effort to reevaluate 1-42 existing policies, standards, and protocols for forensic DNA 1-43 testing laboratories, including the requirement that private lab 1-44 data be reviewed by public laboratories, and express its support 1-45 for any new policies, standards, and protocols that would hold 1-46 public and private labs to the same standards, audits, and review 1-47 process; and, be it further

1-48 RESOLVED, That the legislature respectfully urge the 1-49 Congress of the United States to pass any necessary federal 1-50 legislation that ensures continued quality in forensic science 1-51 while holding public and private lab DNA analysis to the same 1-52 standards, audits, and review process; and, be it further

1-53 RESOLVED, That the legislature further encourage Texas law 1-54 enforcement agencies at the state, county, and municipal levels to 1-55 use efficient forensic science review methods that will reduce and 1-56 eliminate DNA testing backlogs, thereby ensuring swift justice and 1-57 relief for the taxpayers in this state; and, be it further

1-58 RESOLVED, That the Texas secretary of state forward official 1-59 copies of this resolution to the president of the United States, to 1-60 the president of the Senate and the speaker of the House of 1-61 Representatives of the United States Congress, and to all the 1-62 members of the Texas delegation to Congress with the request that 1-63 this resolution be entered in the Congressional Record as a 1-64 memorial to the Congress of the United States of America.

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