By: Hopson H.J.R. No. 68

## A JOINT RESOLUTION

1 proposing a constitutional amendment increasing the amount of the

- 2 residence homestead exemption from ad valorem taxation for public
- 3 school purposes from \$15,000 to \$30,000 and providing for a
- 4 reduction of the limitation on the total amount of taxes that may be
- 5 imposed for those purposes on the homestead of an elderly or
- 6 disabled person to reflect the increased exemption amount.
- 7 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
- 8 SECTION 1. Sections 1-b(c) and (d), Article VIII, Texas
- 9 Constitution, are amended to read as follows:
- 10 (c) The amount of \$30,000 [Fifteen Thousand Dollars
- 11 (\$15,000)] of the market value of the residence homestead of a
- 12 married or unmarried adult, including one living alone, is exempt
- 13 from ad valorem taxation for general elementary and secondary
- 14 public school purposes. The legislature by general law may provide
- 15 that all or part of the exemption does not apply to a district or
- 16 political subdivision that imposes ad valorem taxes for public
- 17 education purposes but is not the principal school district
- 18 providing general elementary and secondary public education
- 19 throughout its territory. In addition to this exemption, the
- 20 legislature by general law may exempt an amount not to exceed  $[\frac{Ten}{T}]$
- 21 Thousand Dollars () \$10,000[) of the market value of the residence
- 22 homestead of a person who is disabled as defined in Subsection (b)
- of this section and of a person [sixty=five () 65[+] years of age or
- 24 older from ad valorem taxation for general elementary and secondary

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1 public school purposes. The legislature by general law may base the amount of and condition eligibility for the additional exemption 2 3 authorized by this subsection for disabled persons and for persons [sixty-five () 65[) years of age or older on economic need. 4 5 eligible disabled person who is [sixty-five () 65[) years of age or older may not receive both exemptions from a school district but may 6 choose either. An eligible person is entitled to receive both the 7 8 exemption required by this subsection for all residence homesteads and any exemption adopted pursuant to Subsection (b) of this 9 10 section, but the legislature shall provide by general law whether an eligible disabled or elderly person may receive both the 11 additional exemption for the elderly and disabled authorized by 12 this subsection and any exemption for the elderly or disabled 13 14 adopted pursuant to Subsection (b) of this section. valorem tax has previously been pledged for the payment of debt, the 15 taxing officers of a school district may continue to levy and 16 17 collect the tax against the value of homesteads exempted under this subsection until the debt is discharged if the cessation of the levy 18 19 would impair the obligation of the contract by which the debt was created. The legislature shall provide for formulas to protect 20 school districts against all or part of the revenue loss incurred by 21 the implementation of this subsection, Subsection (d) of this 22 section, and Section 1-d-1 of this article [Article VIII, Sections 23 1-b(c), 1-b(d), and 1-d-1, of this constitution]. The legislature 24 by general law may define residence homestead for purposes of this 25 26 section.

(d) Except as otherwise provided by this subsection, if a

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1 person receives a residence homestead exemption prescribed by Subsection (c) of this section for homesteads of persons who are 2 3 [sixty-five () 65[) years of age or older or who are disabled, the total amount of ad valorem taxes imposed on that homestead for 4 general elementary and secondary public school purposes may not be 5 increased while it remains the residence homestead of that person 6 or that person's spouse who receives the exemption. 7 If a person 8 [sixty=five () 65[+] years of age or older dies in a year in which the person received the exemption, the total amount of ad valorem 9 10 taxes imposed on the homestead for general elementary and secondary public school purposes may not be increased while it remains the 11 12 residence homestead of that person's surviving spouse if the spouse is [fifty-five () 55[) years of age or older at the time of the 13 person's death, subject to any exceptions provided by general law. 14 15 The legislature, by general law, may provide for the transfer of all or a proportionate amount of a limitation provided by this 16 17 subsection for a person who qualifies for the limitation and establishes a different residence homestead. 18 However, taxes 19 otherwise limited by this subsection may be increased to the extent the value of the homestead is increased by improvements other than 20 improvements made to comply with governmental 21 repairs or requirements and except as may be consistent with the transfer of a 22 limitation under this subsection. For a residence homestead 23 24 subject to the limitation provided by this subsection in the 1996 tax year or an earlier tax year, the legislature shall provide for a 25 26 reduction in the amount of the limitation for the 1997 tax year and subsequent tax years in an amount equal to \$10,000 multiplied by the 27

- 1 1997 tax rate for general elementary and secondary public school
- 2 purposes applicable to the residence homestead. For a residence
- 3 homestead subject to the limitation provided by this subsection in
- 4 the 2011 tax year or an earlier tax year, the legislature shall
- 5 provide for a reduction in the amount of the limitation for the 2012
- 6 tax year and subsequent tax years in an amount equal to \$15,000
- 7 multiplied by the 2012 tax rate for general elementary and
- 8 secondary public school purposes applicable to the residence
- 9 homestead.
- 10 SECTION 2. The following temporary provision is added to
- 11 the Texas Constitution:
- 12 <u>TEMPORARY PROVISION.</u> (a) This temporary provision applies
- 13 to the constitutional amendment proposed by the 82nd Legislature,
- 14 Regular Session, 2011, increasing the amount of the residence
- 15 homestead exemption from ad valorem taxation for public school
- 16 purposes and providing for a reduction of the limitation on the
- 17 total amount of ad valorem taxes that may be imposed for those
- 18 purposes on the homesteads of the elderly or disabled to reflect the
- 19 increased exemption amount.
- 20 (b) The amendment to Sections 1-b(c) and (d), Article VIII,
- 21 of this constitution takes effect January 1, 2012, and applies only
- 22 to a tax year beginning on or after that date.
- 23 <u>(c) This temporary provision expires January 1, 2013.</u>
- 24 SECTION 3. This proposed constitutional amendment shall be
- 25 submitted to the voters at an election to be held November 8, 2011.
- 26 The ballot shall be printed to permit voting for or against the
- 27 proposition: "The constitutional amendment increasing the amount

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- 1 of the residence homestead exemption from ad valorem taxation for
- 2 public school purposes from \$15,000 to \$30,000 and providing for a
- 3 reduction of the limitation on the total amount of ad valorem taxes
- 4 that may be imposed for those purposes on the homestead of an
- 5 elderly or disabled person to reflect the increased exemption
- 6 amount."