By: Carona S.B. No. 782

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1 AN ACT 2 relating to uniform law on secured transactions. 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: Δ SECTION 1. Section 9.102, Business & Commerce Code, is amended by amending Subdivisions (7), (10), (50), and (71) and 5 6 adding Subdivision (68-a) to read as follows: 7 (7) "Authenticate" means: 8 (A) to sign; or 9 [to execute or otherwise adopt a symbol, or 10 encrypt or similarly process a record in whole or in part, with [the] present intent [of the authenticating person] to [identify 11 12 the person and] adopt or accept a record, to attach to or logically 13 associate with the record an electronic sound, symbol, or process. 14 (10) "Certificate of title" means a certificate of 15 title with respect to which a statute provides for the security interest in question to be indicated on the certificate as a 16 condition or result of the security interest's obtaining priority 17 over the rights of a lien creditor with respect to the collateral. 18 The term includes another record maintained as an alternative to a 19 certificate of title by the governmental unit that issues 20 certificates of title if a statute permits the security interest in 21 22 question to be indicated on the record as a condition or result of the security interest's obtaining priority over the rights of a 23

lien creditor with respect to the collateral.

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- 1 (50) "Jurisdiction of organization," with respect to a 2 registered organization, means the jurisdiction under whose law the 3 organization is <u>formed or</u> organized.
- 4 (68-a) "Public organic record" means a record that is 5 available to the public for inspection and that is:
- (A) a record consisting of the record initially
 filed with or issued by a state or the United States to form or
 organize an organization and any record filed with or issued by the
 state or the United States that amends or restates the initial
 record;
- (B) an organic record of a business trust

 consisting of the record initially filed with a state and any record

 filed with the state that amends or restates the initial record, if

 a statute of the state governing business trusts requires that the

 record be filed with the state; or
- (C) a record consisting of legislation enacted by
 the legislature of a state or the Congress of the United States that
 forms or organizes an organization, any record amending the
 legislation, and any record filed with or issued by the state or the
 United States that amends or restates the name of the
 organization.
- (71) "Registered organization" means an organization

 formed or organized solely under the law of a single state or the

 United States by the filing of a public organic record with, the

 issuance of a public organic record by, or the enactment of

 legislation by [and as to which] the state or the United States

 [must maintain a public record showing the organization to have

- 1 been organized]. The term includes a business trust that is formed
- 2 or organized under the law of a single state if a statute of the
- 3 state governing business trusts requires that the business trust's
- 4 organic record be filed with the state.
- 5 SECTION 2. Section 9.105, Business & Commerce Code, is
- 6 amended to read as follows:
- 7 Sec. 9.105. CONTROL OF ELECTRONIC CHATTEL PAPER. (a) A
- 8 secured party has control of electronic chattel paper if a system
- 9 employed for evidencing the transfer of interests in the chattel
- 10 paper reliably establishes the secured party as the person to which
- 11 the chattel paper was assigned.
- 12 (b) A system satisfies Subsection (a), and a secured party
- 13 has control of electronic chattel paper, if the record or records
- 14 comprising the chattel paper are created, stored, and assigned in
- 15 such a manner that:
- 16 (1) a single authoritative copy of the record or
- 17 records exists that is unique, identifiable, and, except as
- 18 otherwise provided in Subdivisions (4), (5), and (6), unalterable;
- 19 (2) the authoritative copy identifies the secured
- 20 party as the assignee of the record or records;
- 21 (3) the authoritative copy is communicated to and
- 22 maintained by the secured party or its designated custodian;
- 23 (4) copies or amendments [revisions] that add or
- 24 change an identified assignee of the authoritative copy can be made
- 25 only with the consent [participation] of the secured party;
- 26 (5) each copy of the authoritative copy and any copy of
- 27 a copy is readily identifiable as a copy that is not the

- 1 authoritative copy; and
- 2 (6) any <u>amendment</u> [revision] of the authoritative copy
- 3 is readily identifiable as [an] authorized or unauthorized
- 4 [revision].
- 5 SECTION 3. Subsection (f), Section 9.307, Business &
- 6 Commerce Code, is amended to read as follows:
- 7 (f) Except as otherwise provided in Subsection (i), a
- 8 registered organization that is organized under the law of the
- 9 United States and a branch or agency of a bank that is not organized
- 10 under the law of the United States or a state are located:
- 11 (1) in the state that the law of the United States
- 12 designates, if the law designates a state of location;
- 13 (2) in the state that the registered organization,
- 14 branch, or agency designates, if the law of the United States
- 15 authorizes the registered organization, branch, or agency to
- 16 designate its state of location, including by designating its main
- 17 <u>office, home office, or other comparable office;</u> or
- 18 (3) in the District of Columbia, if neither
- 19 Subdivision (1) nor Subdivision (2) applies.
- SECTION 4. Subsection (a), Section 9.311, Business &
- 21 Commerce Code, is amended to read as follows:
- 22 (a) Except as otherwise provided in Subsection (d), the
- 23 filing of a financing statement is not necessary or effective to
- 24 perfect a security interest in property subject to:
- 25 (1) a statute, regulation, or treaty of the United
- 26 States whose requirements for a security interest's obtaining
- 27 priority over the rights of a lien creditor with respect to the

- 1 property preempt Section 9.310(a);
- 2 (2) the following statutes of this state: \underline{a}
- 3 certificate of title statute of this state or rules adopted under
- 4 the statute to the extent the statute or rules provide for a
- 5 security interest to be indicated on the certificate of title as a
- 6 condition or result of perfection or such alternative to notation
- 7 as may be prescribed by those statutes or rules of this state
- 8 [Chapter 501, Transportation Code, relating to the certificates of
- 9 title for motor vehicles; Subchapter B-1, Chapter 31, Parks and
- 10 Wildlife Code, relating to the certificates of title for vessels
- 11 and outboard motors; Chapter 1201, Occupations Code, relating to
- 12 the documents of title for manufactured homes]; or Chapter 261,
- 13 relating to utility security instruments; or
- 14 (3) a [certificate of title] statute of another
- 15 jurisdiction that provides for a security interest to be indicated
- 16 on \underline{a} [the] certificate of title as a condition or result of the
- 17 security interest's obtaining priority over the rights of a lien
- 18 creditor with respect to the property.
- 19 SECTION 5. The heading to Section 9.316, Business &
- 20 Commerce Code, is amended to read as follows:
- Sec. 9.316. EFFECT OF [CONTINUED PERFECTION OF SECURITY
- 22 INTEREST FOLLOWING CHANGE IN GOVERNING LAW.
- 23 SECTION 6. Section 9.316, Business & Commerce Code, is
- 24 amended by adding Subsections (h) and (i) to read as follows:
- 25 (h) The following rules apply to collateral to which a
- 26 security interest attaches within four months after the debtor
- 27 changes its location to another jurisdiction:

- (1) A financing statement filed before the change of
 the debtor's location pursuant to the law of the jurisdiction
 designated in Section 9.301(1) or 9.305(c) is effective to perfect
 a security interest in the collateral if the financing statement
 would have been effective to perfect a security interest in the
 collateral if the debtor had not changed its location.

 (2) If a security interest that is perfected by a
 financing statement that is effective under Subdivision (1) becomes
- financing statement that is effective under Subdivision (1) becomes 8 perfected under the law of the other jurisdiction before the 9 earlier of the time the financing statement would have become 10 11 ineffective under the law of the jurisdiction designated in Section 9.301(1) or 9.305(c) or the expiration of the four-month period, it 12 13 remains perfected thereafter. If the security interest does not become perfected under the law of the other jurisdiction before the 14 earlier time or event, it becomes unperfected and is deemed never to 15 16 have been perfected as against a purchaser of the collateral for 17 value.
- (i) If a financing statement naming an original debtor is
 filed pursuant to the law of the jurisdiction designated in Section
 9.301(1) or 9.305(c) and the new debtor is located in another
 jurisdiction, the following rules apply:
- (1) The financing statement is effective to perfect a security interest in collateral in which the new debtor has or acquires rights before or within four months after the new debtor becomes bound under Section 9.203(d), if the financing statement would have been effective to perfect a security interest in the collateral had been acquired by the original

- 1 debtor.
- 2 (2) A security interest that is perfected by the
- 3 financing statement and that becomes perfected under the law of the
- 4 other jurisdiction before the earlier of the expiration of the
- 5 four-month period or the time the financing statement would have
- 6 become ineffective under the law of the jurisdiction designated in
- 7 Section 9.301(1) or 9.305(c) remains perfected thereafter. A
- 8 security interest that is perfected by the financing statement but
- 9 that does not become perfected under the law of the other
- 10 jurisdiction before the earlier time or event becomes unperfected
- 11 and is deemed never to have been perfected as against a purchaser of
- 12 <u>the collateral for val</u>ue.
- SECTION 7. Subsections (b) and (d), Section 9.317, Business
- 14 & Commerce Code, are amended to read as follows:
- 15 (b) Except as otherwise provided in Subsection (e), a buyer,
- 16 other than a secured party, of tangible chattel paper, tangible
- 17 documents, goods, instruments, or a <u>certificated</u> security
- 18 [certificate] takes free of a security interest or agricultural
- 19 lien if the buyer gives value and receives delivery of the
- 20 collateral without knowledge of the security interest or
- 21 agricultural lien and before it is perfected.
- 22 (d) A licensee of a general intangible or a buyer, other
- 23 than a secured party, of collateral [accounts, electronic chattel
- 24 paper, electronic documents, general intangibles, or investment
- 25 property] other than tangible chattel paper, tangible documents,
- 26 goods, instruments, or a certificated security takes free of a
- 27 security interest if the licensee or buyer gives value without

- 1 knowledge of the security interest and before it is perfected.
- 2 SECTION 8. Section 9.326, Business & Commerce Code, is
- 3 amended to read as follows:
- 4 Sec. 9.326. PRIORITY OF SECURITY INTERESTS CREATED BY NEW
- 5 DEBTOR. (a) Subject to Subsection (b), a security interest that
- 6 is created by a new debtor in collateral in which the new debtor has
- 7 or acquires rights and [that is] perfected by a filed financing
- 8 statement that would be ineffective to perfect the security
- 9 <u>interest but for the application of Section 9.508 or of Sections</u>
- 10 9.508 and 9.316(i)(1) [is effective solely under Section 9.508 in
- 11 collateral in which a new debtor has or acquires rights] is
- 12 subordinate to a security interest in the same collateral that is
- 13 perfected other than by such a filed financing statement [that is
- 14 effective solely under Section 9.508].
- 15 (b) The other provisions of this subchapter determine the
- 16 priority among conflicting security interests in the same
- 17 collateral perfected by filed financing statements <u>described in</u>
- 18 Subsection (a) [that are effective solely under Section 9.508].
- 19 However, if the security agreements to which a new debtor became
- 20 bound as debtor were not entered into by the same original debtor,
- 21 the conflicting security interests rank according to priority in
- 22 time of the new debtor's having become bound.
- SECTION 9. Section 9.406, Business & Commerce Code, is
- 24 amended by amending Subsections (e) and (f) and adding Subsection
- 25 (k) to read as follows:
- (e) Subsection (d) does not apply to the sale of a payment
- 27 intangible or promissory note, other than a sale pursuant to a

- 1 disposition under Section 9.610 or an acceptance of collateral
- 2 under Section 9.620.
- 3 (f) Except as otherwise provided in Sections 2A.303 and
- 4 9.407, and subject to Subsections (h) $_{\underline{\prime}}$ [and] (i) $_{\underline{\prime}}$ and (k), a rule of
- 5 law, statute, or regulation that prohibits, restricts, or requires
- 6 the consent of a government, governmental body or official, or
- 7 account debtor to the assignment or transfer of, or creation of a
- 8 security interest in, an account or chattel paper is ineffective to
- 9 the extent that the rule of law, statute, or regulation:
- 10 (1) prohibits, restricts, or requires the consent of
- 11 the government, governmental body or official, or account debtor to
- 12 the assignment or transfer of, or the creation, attachment,
- 13 perfection, or enforcement of a security interest in, the account
- 14 or chattel paper; or
- 15 (2) provides that the assignment or transfer or the
- 16 creation, attachment, perfection, or enforcement of the security
- 17 interest may give rise to a default, breach, right of recoupment,
- 18 claim, defense, termination, right of termination, or remedy under
- 19 the account or chattel paper.
- 20 (k) An assignment under this section is subject to Section
- 21 466.410, Government Code.
- SECTION 10. Subsection (b), Section 9.408, Business 8
- 23 Commerce Code, is amended to read as follows:
- (b) Subsection (a) applies to a security interest in a
- 25 payment intangible or promissory note only if the security interest
- 26 arises out of a sale of the payment intangible or promissory note,
- 27 other than a sale pursuant to a disposition under Section 9.610 or

- 1 an acceptance of collateral under Section 9.620.
- 2 SECTION 11. Subsection (c), Section 9.502, Business &
- 3 Commerce Code, is amended to read as follows:
- 4 (c) A record of a mortgage is effective, from the date of
- 5 recording, as a financing statement filed as a fixture filing or as
- 6 a financing statement covering as-extracted collateral or timber to
- 7 be cut only if:
- 8 (1) the record indicates the goods or accounts that it
- 9 covers;
- 10 (2) the goods are or are to become fixtures related to
- 11 the real property described in the record or the collateral is
- 12 related to the real property described in the record and is
- 13 as-extracted collateral or timber to be cut;
- 14 (3) the record satisfies the requirements for a
- 15 financing statement in this section, but:
- 16 (A) the record need not indicate [other than an
- 17 indication that it is to be filed in the real property records; and
- 18 (B) the record sufficiently provides the name of
- 19 a debtor who is an individual if it provides the individual name of
- 20 the debtor or the surname and first personal name of the debtor,
- 21 even if the debtor is an individual to whom Section 9.503(a)(4) or
- 22 <u>(5) applies; and</u>
- 23 (4) the record is duly recorded.
- SECTION 12. Section 9.503, Business & Commerce Code, is
- 25 amended by amending Subsections (a) and (b) and adding Subsections
- 26 (f), (g), and (h) to read as follows:
- 27 (a) A financing statement sufficiently provides the name of

the debtor: 1

- except as otherwise provided in Subdivision (3), 2 if the debtor is a registered organization or the collateral is held 3 in a trust that is a registered organization, only if the financing 4 statement provides the name that is stated to be the registered 5 organization's name [of the debtor indicated] on the public organic 6 7 record most recently filed with or issued or enacted by [debtor's formation documents that are filed of public record in] the 8 registered organization's [debtor's] jurisdiction of organization 9 10 [to create the registered organization and] that purports to state, 11 amend, or restate the registered organization's [show the debtor have been organized, including any amendments to those documents 12 13 for the express purpose of amending the debtor's name; subject to Subsection (f), if the collateral is 14 15 being administered by the personal representative of a decedent 16 [debtor is a decedent's estate], only if the financing statement provides, as the name of the debtor, the name of the decedent and, 17 in a separate part of the financing statement, indicates that the 18 collateral is being administered by a personal representative 19 20 [debtor is an estate]; if the <u>collateral</u> [debtor] is <u>held in</u> a trust <u>that</u> 21 22 is not a registered organization [or a trustee acting with respect to property held in trust], only if the financing statement: 23 provides, as the name of the debtor:
- 24
- 25 (i) if the organic record of the trust specifies a name [the name specified] for the trust, the name so [in 26
- 27 its organic documents or, if no name is] specified; or

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                         (ii) if the organic record of the trust does
 2
   not specify a name for the trust, [provides] the name of the settlor
   or testator [and additional information sufficient to distinguish
 3
 4
   the debtor from other trusts having one or more of the same
5
   settlors]; and
6
                    (B)
                         in a separate part of the financing
7
   statement:
                         (i) if the name is provided in accordance
8
   with Paragraph (A)(i), indicates [, in the debtor's name or
9
   otherwise,
] that the collateral [debtor] is held in a trust; or
10
11
                         (ii) if the name is provided in accordance
   with Paragraph (A)(ii), provides additional information sufficient
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13
   to distinguish the trust from other trusts having one or more of the
   same settlors or the same testator and indicates that the
14
   collateral is held in a trust, unless the additional information so
15
   indicates [or is a trustee acting with respect to property held in
16
   trust];
17
18
               (4)
                    subject to Subsection (g), if the debtor is an
   individual to whom this state has issued a driver's license that has
19
20
   not expired or to whom the agency of this state that issues driver's
   licenses has issued, in lieu of a driver's license, a personal
21
   identification card that has not expired, only [\tau] if the financing
22
   statement provides the [individual's] name of the individual that
23
   is indicated [shown] on the [individual's] driver's license or
24
   personal
              identification card
25
                                      [certificate issued by the
   individual's state of residence];
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(5) if the debtor is an individual to whom Subdivision

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- 1 (4) does not apply, only if the financing statement provides the
- 2 <u>individual</u> name of the debtor or the surname and first personal name
- 3 of the debtor; and
- 4 (6) $\left[\frac{(5)}{(5)}\right]$ in other cases:
- 5 (A) if the debtor has a name, only if it [the
- 6 financing statement] provides the [individual or] organizational
- 7 name of the debtor; and
- 8 (B) if the debtor does not have a name, only if it
- 9 [the financing statement] provides the names of the partners,
- 10 members, associates, or other persons comprising the debtor, in a
- 11 manner that each name provided would be sufficient if the person
- 12 named were the debtor.
- 13 (b) A financing statement that provides the name of the
- 14 debtor in accordance with Subsection (a) is not rendered
- 15 ineffective by the absence of:
- 16 (1) a trade name or other name of the debtor; or
- 17 (2) unless required under Subsection (a)(6)(B)
- 18 $[\frac{(a)(4)(B)}{(B)}]$, names of partners, members, associates, or other
- 19 persons comprising the debtor.
- 20 (f) The name of the decedent indicated on the order
- 21 appointing the personal representative of the decedent issued by
- 22 the court having jurisdiction over the collateral is sufficient as
- 23 the "name of the decedent" under Subsection (a)(2).
- 24 (g) If this state has issued to an individual more than one
- 25 driver's license or, if none, more than one identification card, of
- 26 <u>a kind described in Subsection (a)(4), the driver's license or</u>
- 27 identification card, as applicable, that was issued most recently

- 1 is the one to which Subsection (a)(4) refers.
- 2 (h) The "name of the settlor or testator" means:
- 3 (1) if the settlor is a registered organization, the
- 4 name of the registered organization indicated on the public organic
- 5 record filed with or issued or enacted by the registered
- 6 organization's jurisdiction of organization; or
- 7 (2) in other cases, the name of the settlor or testator
- 8 <u>indicated in the trust's organic record.</u>
- 9 SECTION 13. Subsection (c), Section 9.507, Business &
- 10 Commerce Code, is amended to read as follows:
- 11 (c) If the [a debtor so changes its] name that a filed
- 12 financing statement provides for a debtor becomes insufficient as
- 13 the name of the debtor under Section 9.503(a) so that the financing
- 14 statement becomes seriously misleading under Section 9.506:
- 15 (1) the financing statement is effective to perfect a
- 16 security interest in collateral acquired by the debtor before, or
- 17 within four months after, the <u>filed financing statement becomes</u>
- 18 seriously misleading [change]; and
- 19 (2) the financing statement is not effective to
- 20 perfect a security interest in collateral acquired by the debtor
- 21 more than four months after the filed financing statement becomes
- 22 <u>seriously misleading</u> [change], unless an amendment to the financing
- 23 statement that renders the financing statement not seriously
- 24 misleading is filed within four months after that event [the
- 25 change].
- SECTION 14. Subsection (f), Section 9.515, Business &
- 27 Commerce Code, is amended to read as follows:

- 1 (f) If a debtor is a transmitting utility and a filed
- 2 <u>initial</u> financing statement so indicates, the financing statement
- 3 is effective until a termination statement is filed.
- 4 SECTION 15. Subsection (b), Section 9.516, Business &
- 5 Commerce Code, is amended to read as follows:
- 6 (b) Filing does not occur with respect to a record that a
- 7 filing office refuses to accept because:
- 8 (1) the record is not communicated by a method or
- 9 medium of communication authorized by the filing office;
- 10 (2) an amount equal to or greater than the applicable
- 11 filing fee is not tendered;
- 12 (3) the filing office is unable to index the record
- 13 because:
- 14 (A) in the case of an initial financing
- 15 statement, the record does not provide a name for the debtor;
- 16 (B) in the case of an amendment or <u>information</u>
- 17 [correction] statement, the record:
- 18 (i) does not identify the initial financing
- 19 statement as required by Section 9.512 or 9.518, as applicable; or
- 20 (ii) identifies an initial financing
- 21 statement whose effectiveness has lapsed under Section 9.515;
- (C) in the case of an initial financing statement
- 23 that provides the name of a debtor identified as an individual or an
- 24 amendment that provides a name of a debtor identified as an
- 25 individual that was not previously provided in the financing
- 26 statement to which the record relates, the record does not identify
- 27 the debtor's surname [last name]; or

- 1 (D) in the case of a record filed or recorded in
- 2 the filing office described in Section 9.501(a)(1), the record does
- 3 not provide the name of the debtor and a sufficient description of
- 4 the real property to which it relates;
- 5 (4) in the case of an initial financing statement or an
- 6 amendment that adds a secured party of record, the record does not
- 7 provide a name and mailing address for the secured party of record;
- 8 (5) in the case of an initial financing statement or an
- 9 amendment that provides a name of a debtor that was not previously
- 10 provided in the financing statement to which the amendment relates,
- 11 the record does not:
- 12 (A) provide a mailing address for the debtor;
- 13 (B) indicate whether the debtor is an individual
- 14 or an organization; or
- 15 (C) if the financing statement indicates that the
- 16 debtor is an organization, provide:
- 17 (i) a type of organization for the debtor;
- 18 (ii) a jurisdiction of organization for the
- 19 debtor; or
- 20 (iii) an organizational identification
- 21 number for the debtor or indicate that the debtor has none;
- 22 (6) in the case of an assignment reflected in an
- 23 initial financing statement under Section 9.514(a) or an amendment
- 24 filed under Section 9.514(b), the record does not provide a name and
- 25 mailing address for the assignee;
- 26 (7) in the case of a continuation statement, the
- 27 record is not filed within the six-month period prescribed by

- 1 Section 9.515(d); or
- 2 (8) the record is not on an industry standard form,
- 3 including a national standard form or a form approved by the
- 4 International Association of Commercial Administrators, adopted by
- 5 rule by the secretary of state.
- 6 SECTION 16. Section 9.518, Business & Commerce Code, is
- 7 amended to read as follows:
- 8 Sec. 9.518. CLAIM CONCERNING INACCURATE OR WRONGFULLY FILED
- 9 RECORD. (a) Any person named as a debtor or a secured party may
- 10 file an information [a correction] statement with respect to a
- 11 record if the person believes that the record is inaccurate or was
- 12 wrongfully filed.
- 13 (b) An information [A correction] statement must:
- 14 (1) identify the record to which it relates by the file
- 15 number assigned to the initial financing statement to which the
- 16 record relates;
- 17 (2) indicate that it is <u>an information</u> [a correction]
- 18 statement; and
- 19 (3) provide the basis for the person's belief that the
- 20 record is inaccurate and indicate the manner in which the person
- 21 believes the record should be amended to cure any inaccuracy or
- 22 provide the basis for the person's belief that the record was
- 23 wrongfully filed.
- (c) The filing of <u>an information</u> [a correction] statement
- 25 does not affect the effectiveness of an initial financing statement
- 26 or other filed record.
- 27 (d) Filing of an information [a correction] statement is not

- 1 effective as an amendment to a filed financing statement and is not
- 2 sufficient to effect a change in the manner in which the filing
- 3 office has indexed a financing statement or information contained
- 4 in a financing statement.
- 5 SECTION 17. Subsection (b), Section 9.607, Business &
- 6 Commerce Code, is amended to read as follows:
- 7 (b) If necessary to enable a secured party to exercise under
- 8 Subsection (a)(3) the right of a debtor to enforce a mortgage
- 9 nonjudicially, the secured party may record in the office in which a
- 10 record of the mortgage is recorded:
- 11 (1) a copy of the security agreement that creates or
- 12 provides for a security interest in the obligation secured by the
- 13 mortgage; and
- 14 (2) the secured party's sworn affidavit in recordable
- 15 form stating that:
- 16 (A) a default has occurred with respect to the
- 17 <u>obligation secured by the mortgage</u>; and
- 18 (B) the secured party is entitled to enforce the
- 19 mortgage nonjudicially.
- 20 SECTION 18. Chapter 9, Business & Commerce Code, is amended
- 21 by adding Subchapter H to read as follows:
- 22 SUBCHAPTER H. TRANSITION PROVISIONS FOR 2013 AMENDMENTS
- Sec. 9.801. EFFECTIVE DATE OF AMENDMENTS. (a) In this
- 24 subchapter, "2013 amendments" means the amendments to this chapter
- 25 enacted by the Act of the 82nd Legislature, Regular Session, 2011,
- 26 that enacted this subchapter.
- 27 (b) The 2013 amendments take effect July 1, 2013.

- 1 Sec. 9.802. SAVING CLAUSE. (a) Except as otherwise
- 2 provided in this subchapter, the 2013 amendments apply to a
- 3 transaction or lien within its scope, even if the transaction or
- 4 lien was entered into or created before July 1, 2013.
- 5 (b) The 2013 amendments do not affect an action, case, or
- 6 proceeding commenced before July 1, 2013.
- 7 Sec. 9.803. SECURITY INTEREST PERFECTED BEFORE EFFECTIVE
- 8 DATE. (a) A security interest that is a perfected security
- 9 interest immediately before July 1, 2013, is a perfected security
- 10 interest under this chapter, as amended by the 2013 amendments, if,
- 11 when the 2013 amendments take effect, the applicable requirements
- 12 for attachment and perfection under this chapter, as amended by the
- 13 2013 amendments, are satisfied without further action.
- 14 (b) Except as otherwise provided in Section 9.805, if,
- 15 immediately before July 1, 2013, a security interest is a perfected
- 16 <u>security interest</u>, but the applicable requirements for perfection
- 17 under this chapter, as amended by the 2013 amendments, are not
- 18 satisfied when the 2013 amendments take effect, the security
- 19 interest remains perfected thereafter only if the applicable
- 20 requirements for perfection under this chapter, as amended by the
- 21 2013 amendments, are satisfied within one year after the 2013
- 22 <u>amendments take effect.</u>
- Sec. 9.804. SECURITY INTEREST UNPERFECTED BEFORE EFFECTIVE
- 24 DATE. A security interest that is an unperfected security interest
- 25 immediately before July 1, 2013, becomes a perfected security
- 26 interest:
- 27 (1) without further action, when the 2013 amendments

- 1 take effect if the applicable requirements for perfection under
- 2 this chapter, as amended by the 2013 amendments, are satisfied
- 3 before or at that time; or
- 4 (2) when the applicable requirements for perfection
- 5 are satisfied if the requirements are satisfied after that time.
- 6 Sec. 9.805. EFFECTIVENESS OF ACTION TAKEN BEFORE EFFECTIVE
- 7 DATE. (a) The filing of a financing statement before the 2013
- 8 amendments take effect is effective to perfect a security interest
- 9 to the extent the filing would satisfy the applicable requirements
- 10 for perfection under this chapter, as amended by the 2013
- 11 <u>amendments.</u>
- 12 (b) The 2013 amendments do not render ineffective an
- 13 effective financing statement that, before July 1, 2013, is filed
- 14 and satisfies the applicable requirements for perfection under the
- 15 law of the jurisdiction governing perfection as provided in this
- 16 chapter as it existed before amendment. However, except as
- otherwise provided in Subsections (c) and (d) and Section 9.806,
- 18 the financing statement ceases to be effective:
- 19 (1) if the financing statement is filed in this state,
- 20 at the time the financing statement would have ceased to be
- 21 effective had the 2013 amendments not taken effect; or
- 22 (2) if the financing statement is filed in another
- 23 jurisdiction, at the earlier of:
- (A) the time the financing statement would have
- 25 ceased to be effective under the law of that jurisdiction; or
- 26 <u>(B) June 30, 2018.</u>
- 27 (c) The filing of a continuation statement after the 2013

- 1 amendments take effect does not continue the effectiveness of the 2 financing statement filed before July 1, 2013. However, on the 3 timely filing of a continuation statement after the 2013 amendments 4 take effect and in accordance with the law of the jurisdiction 5 governing perfection as provided in this chapter, as amended by the 2013 amendments, the effectiveness of a financing statement filed 6 7 in the same office in that jurisdiction before the 2013 amendments 8 take effect continues for the period provided by the law of that 9 jurisdiction.
- 10 Subsection (b)(2)(B) applies to a financing statement 11 that, before July 1, 2013, is filed against a transmitting utility and satisfies the applicable requirements for perfection under the 12 13 law of the jurisdiction governing perfection as provided in this chapter as it existed before amendment, only to the extent that this 14 chapter, as amended by the 2013 amendments, provides that the law of 15 a jurisdiction other than the jurisdiction in which the financing 16 statement is filed governs perfection of a security interest in 17 collateral covered by the financing statement. 18
- 19 (e) A financing statement that includes a financing 20 statement filed before the 2013 amendments take effect and a continuation statement filed after the 2013 amendments take effect 21 is effective only to the extent that it satisfies the requirements 22 23 of Subchapter E, as amended by the 2013 amendments, for an initial financing statement. A financing statement that indicates that the 24 debtor is a decedent's estate indicates that the collateral is 25 26 being administered by a personal representative within the meaning 27 of Section 9.503(a)(2), as amended by the 2013 amendments. A

- 1 financing statement that indicates that the debtor is a trust or is
- 2 a trustee acting with respect to property held in trust indicates
- 3 that the collateral is held in a trust within the meaning of Section
- 4 9.503(a)(3), as amended by the 2013 amendments.
- 5 Sec. 9.806. WHEN INITIAL FINANCING STATEMENT SUFFICES TO
- 6 CONTINUE EFFECTIVENESS OF FINANCING STATEMENT. (a) The filing of
- 7 an initial financing statement in the office specified in Section
- 8 9.501 continues the effectiveness of a financing statement filed
- 9 before July 1, 2013, if:
- 10 (1) the filing of an initial financing statement in
- 11 that office would be effective to perfect a security interest under
- 12 this chapter, as amended by the 2013 amendments;
- 13 (2) the pre-effective-date financing statement was
- 14 filed in an office in another state; and
- 15 (3) the initial financing statement satisfies
- 16 Subsection (c).
- 17 (b) The filing of an initial financing statement under
- 18 Subsection (a) continues the effectiveness of the
- 19 pre-effective-date financing statement:
- 20 (1) if the initial financing statement is filed before
- 21 July 1, 2013, for the period provided in unamended Section 9.515
- 22 with respect to an initial financing statement; and
- 23 (2) if the initial financing statement is filed after
- 24 the 2013 amendments take effect, for the period provided in Section
- 9.515, as amended by the 2013 amendments, with respect to an initial
- 26 financing statement.
- 27 (c) To be effective for purposes of Subsection (a), an

- 1 initial financing statement must:
- 2 (1) satisfy the requirements of Subchapter E, as
- 3 amended by the 2013 amendments, for an initial financing statement;
- 4 (2) identify the pre-effective-date financing
- 5 statement by indicating the office in which the financing statement
- 6 was filed and providing the dates of filing and file numbers, if
- 7 any, of the financing statement and of the most recent continuation
- 8 statement filed with respect to the financing statement; and
- 9 <u>(3) indicate that the pre-effective-date financing</u>
- 10 statement remains effective.
- 11 Sec. 9.807. AMENDMENT OF PRE-EFFECTIVE-DATE FINANCING
- 12 STATEMENT. (a) In this section, "pre-effective-date financing
- 13 statement" means a financing statement filed before July 1, 2013.
- 14 (b) After the 2013 amendments take effect, a person may add
- 15 or delete collateral covered by, continue or terminate the
- 16 effectiveness of, or otherwise amend the information provided in, a
- 17 pre-effective-date financing statement only in accordance with the
- 18 law of the jurisdiction governing perfection as provided in this
- 19 chapter, as amended by the 2013 amendments. However, the
- 20 effectiveness of a pre-effective-date financing statement also may
- 21 be terminated in accordance with the law of the jurisdiction in
- 22 which the financing statement is filed.
- (c) Except as otherwise provided in Subsection (d), if the
- 24 law of this state governs perfection of a security interest, the
- 25 information in a pre-effective-date financing statement may be
- 26 amended after the 2013 amendments take effect only if:
- 27 (1) the pre-effective-date financing statement and an

- 1 amendment are filed in the office specified in Section 9.501;
- 2 (2) an amendment is filed in the office specified in
- 3 Section 9.501 concurrently with, or after the filing in that office
- 4 of, an initial financing statement that satisfies Section 9.806(c);
- 5 or
- 6 (3) an initial financing statement that provides the
- 7 <u>information as amended and satisfies Section 9.806(c) is filed in</u>
- 8 the office specified in Section 9.501.
- 9 <u>(d) If the law of this state governs perfection of a</u>
- 10 security interest, the effectiveness of a pre-effective-date
- 11 financing statement may be continued only under Sections 9.805(c)
- 12 and (e) or Section 9.806.
- (e) Whether or not the law of this state governs perfection
- 14 of a security interest, the effectiveness of a pre-effective-date
- 15 financing statement filed in this state may be terminated after the
- 16 2013 amendments take effect by filing a termination statement in
- 17 the office in which the pre-effective-date financing statement is
- 18 filed, unless an initial financing statement that satisfies Section
- 19 9.806(c) has been filed in the office specified by the law of the
- 20 jurisdiction governing perfection as provided in this chapter, as
- 21 amended by the 2013 amendments, as the office in which to file a
- 22 <u>financing statement.</u>
- 23 <u>Sec. 9.808. PERSON ENTITLED TO FILE INITIAL FINANCING</u>
- 24 STATEMENT OR CONTINUATION STATEMENT. A person may file an initial
- 25 financing statement or a continuation statement under this
- 26 subchapter if:
- 27 (1) the secured party of record authorizes the filing;

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- 1 and
- 2 (2) the filing is necessary under this subchapter:
- 3 (A) to continue the effectiveness of a financing
- 4 statement filed before July 1, 2013; or
- 5 (B) to perfect or continue the perfection of a
- 6 <u>security interest.</u>
- 7 Sec. 9.809. PRIORITY. The 2013 amendments determine the
- 8 priority of conflicting claims to collateral. However, if the
- 9 relative priorities of the claims were established before July 1,
- 10 2013, this chapter as it existed before amendment determines
- 11 priority.
- 12 SECTION 19. Chapter 11, Business & Commerce Code, is
- 13 repealed.
- 14 SECTION 20. This Act takes effect July 1, 2013.