S.B. No. 1565 1-1 By: Ellis, Eltife 1-2 1-3 (In the Senate - Filed March 10, 2011; March 23, 2011, read first time and referred to Committee on State Affairs; April 13, 2011, reported adversely, with favorable Committee 1-4 1-5 Substitute by the following vote: Yeas 8, Nays 0; April 13, 2011, 1-6 sent to printer.) COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR S.B. No. 1565 1-7 By: Ellis 1-8 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT 1-9 1-10 relating to encouraging public participation by citizens by protecting a person's right to petition, right of free speech, and 1-11 right of association from meritless lawsuits arising from actions 1-12 1-13 taken in furtherance of those rights. 1**-**14 1**-**15 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: SECTION 1. This Act may be cited as the Citizens 1-16 Participation Act. 1-17 SECTION 2. Subtitle B, Title 2, Civil Practice and Remedies 1-18 Code, is amended by adding Chapter 27 to read as follows: CHAPTER 27. ACTIONS INVOLVING THE EXERCISE OF CERTAIN CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS 1**-**19 1**-**20 1-21 DEFINITIONS. In this chapter: 27.001. Sec. (1) "Communication" includes the making or submitting 1-22 1-23 a statement or document in any form or medium, including oral, of visual, written, audiovisual, or electronic. (2) "Exercise of the right of 1-24 1-25 association" means а between individuals who join together to 1-26 communication 1-27 collectively express, promote, pursue, or defend common interests. "Exercise of the right of free speech" means 1-28 (3) а communication made in connection with a matter of public concern. (4) "Exercise of the right to petition" means any of 1-29 1-30 1-31 the following: 1-32 (A) a communication in or pertaining to: (i) a judicial proceeding; (ii) an official proceeding, other than a to administer the law; 1-33 1-34 1-35 judicial proceeding, 1-36 (iii) an executive or other proceeding of the state or federal government or a 1-37 before a department 1-38 subdivision of the state or federal government; (iv) a legislative proceeding, including a proceeding of a legislative committee; 1-39 1-40 (v) a proceeding before an entity that 1-41 1-42 requires by rule that public notice be given before proceedings of 1-43 that entity; (vi) a proceeding in or before a managing of an educational or eleemosynary institution supported 1-44 1-45 board directly or indirectly from public revenue; 1-46 1-47 (vii) a proceeding of the governing body of any political subdivision of this state; 1-48 1-49 (viii) a report of or debate and statements made in a proceeding described by Subparagraph (iii), (iv), (v), 1-50 1-51 (vi), or (vii); or 1-52 (ix) a public meeting dealing with a public 1-53 purpose, including statements and discussions at the meeting or other matters of public concern occurring at the meeting; (B) a communication in connection with 1-54 1-55 an issue consideration or review by a legislative, executive, 1-56 under 1-57 judicial, or other governmental body or in another governmental or official proceeding; 1-58 (C) a communication that is reasonably likely to encourage consideration or review of an issue by a legislative, 1-59 1-60 1-61 executive, judicial, or other governmental body or in another governmental or official proceeding; 1-62 1-63 (D) a communication reasonably likely to enlist

	C.S.S.B. No. 1565
-1	public participation in an effort to effect consideration of an
-2	issue by a legislative, executive, judicial, or other governmental
-3	body or in another governmental or official proceeding; and
-4	(E) any other communication that falls within the
-5 -6	protection of the right to petition government under the Constitution of the United States or the constitution of this
-7	state.
-8	(5) "Governmental proceeding" means a proceeding,
-9	other than a judicial proceeding, by an officer, official, or body
·10	of this state or a political subdivision of this state, including a
·11 ·12	board or commission, or by an officer, official, or body of the federal government.
13	(6) "Legal action" means a lawsuit, cause of action,
14	petition, complaint, cross-claim, or counterclaim or any other
·15	judicial pleading or filing that requests legal or equitable
·16 ·17	(7) "Matter of public concern" includes an issue
18	related to:
19	(A) health or safety;
20	(B) environmental, economic, or community
1 2	well-being; (C) the government:
3	(C) the government; (D) a public official or public figure; or
	(E) a good, product, or service in the
	marketplace.
	(8) "Official proceeding" means any type of
	administrative, executive, legislative, or judicial proceeding that may be conducted before a public servant.
	(9) "Public servant" means a person elected, selected,
	appointed, employed, or otherwise designated as one of the
	following, even if the person has not yet qualified for office or
	<pre>assumed the person's duties: (A) an officer, employee, or agent of government;</pre>
	(B) a juror;
	$\overline{(C)}$ an arbitrator, referee, or other person who
	is authorized by law or private written agreement to hear or
	determine a cause or controversy;
	(D) an attorney or notary public when participating in the performance of a governmental function; or
	(E) a person who is performing a governmental
	function under a claim of right but is not legally qualified to do
	SO.
	Sec. 27.002. PURPOSE. The purpose of this chapter is to encourage and safeguard the constitutional rights of persons to
	petition, speak freely, associate freely, and otherwise
	participate in government to the maximum extent permitted by law
	and, at the same time, protect the rights of a person to file
	meritorious lawsuits for demonstrable injury. Sec. 27.003. MOTION TO DISMISS. (a) If a legal action is
	based on, relates to, or is in response to a party's exercise of the
	right of free speech, right to petition, or right of association,
	that party may file a motion to dismiss the legal action.
	(b) A motion to dismiss a legal action under this section
	must be filed not later than the 60th day after the date of service
	of the legal action. The court may extend the time to file a motion under this section on a showing of good cause.
	(c) Except as provided by Section 27.006(b), on the filing
	of a motion under this section, all discovery in the legal action is
	suspended until the court has ruled on the motion to dismiss.
	Sec. 27.004. HEARING. A hearing on a motion under Section 27.003 must be set not later than the 30th day after the date of
	service of the motion unless the docket conditions of the court
	require a later hearing.
	Sec. 27.005. RULING. (a) The court must rule on a motion
	under Section 27.003 not later than the 30th day following the date
	<pre>of the hearing on the motion. (b) Except as provided by Subsection (c), on the motion of a</pre>
	party under Section 27.003, a court shall dismiss a legal action
9	against the moving party if the moving party shows by a

C.S.S.B. No. 1565 preponderance of the evidence that the legal action is based on, 3-1 relates to, or is in response to the party's exercise of: 3-2 the right of free speech; 3-3 (1)(2) the right to petition; or
(3) the right of association.
The court may not dismiss a legal action under this 3-4 3-5 3-6 (c) section if the party bringing the legal action establishes by clear 3-7 3-8 and specific evidence a prima facie case for each essential element 3-9 of the claim in question. Sec. 27.006. EVIDENCE. (a) In determining whether a legal action should be dismissed under this chapter, the court shall consider the pleadings and supporting and opposing affidavits 3-10 3-11 3-12 stating the facts on which the liability or defense is based. 3-13 (b) On a motion by a party or on the court's own motion and 3-14 3**-**15 3**-**16 on a showing of good cause, the court may allow specified and limited discovery relevant to the motion. 3-17 Sec. 27.007. ADDITIONAL FINDINGS. (a) At the request of a party making a motion under Section 27.003, the court shall issue 3-18 findings regarding whether the legal action was brought to deter or 3-19 3-20 prevent the moving party from exercising constitutional rights and 3-21 is brought for an improper purpose, including to harass or to cause 3-22 unnecessary delay or to increase the cost of litigation. (b) The court must issue findings under Subsection (a) not 3-23 later than the 30th day after the date a request under that subsection is made. 3-24 3-25 3-26 Sec. 27.008. APPEAL. (a) If a court does not rule on 3-27 motion to dismiss under Section 27.003 in the time prescribed by 3-28 Section 27.005, the motion is considered to have been denied by 3-29

3-29 <u>operation of law and the moving party may appeal.</u>
3-30 (b) An appellate court shall expedite an appeal or other
3-31 writ, whether interlocutory or not, from a trial court order on a
3-32 motion to dismiss a legal action under Section 27.003 or from a
3-33 trial court's failure to rule on that motion in the time prescribed
3-34 by Section 27.005.

3-35 (c) An appeal or other writ under this section must be filed 3-36 on or before the 60th day after the date the trial court's order is 3-37 signed or the time prescribed by Section 27.005 expires, as 3-38 applicable.

3-39 <u>Sec. 27.009. DAMAGES AND COSTS. (a) If the court orders</u> 3-40 <u>dismissal of a legal action under this chapter, the court shall</u> 3-41 <u>award to the moving party:</u>

3-42 (1) court costs, reasonable attorney's fees, and other 3-43 expenses incurred in defending against the legal action as justice 3-44 and equity may require; and

3-44 and equity may require; and 3-45 (2) sanctions against the party who brought the legal action as the court determines sufficient to deter the party who 3-47 brought the legal action from bringing similar actions described in 3-48 this chapter.

3-49 (b) If the court finds that a motion to dismiss filed under 3-50 this chapter is frivolous or solely intended to delay, the court may 3-51 award court costs and reasonable attorney's fees to the responding 3-52 party.

3-53 Sec. 27.010. EXEMPTIONS. (a) This chapter does not apply 3-54 to an enforcement action that is brought in the name of this state 3-55 or a political subdivision of this state by the attorney general, a 3-56 district attorney, a criminal district attorney, or a county 3-57 attorney.

3-58 (b) This chapter does not apply to a legal action brought 3-59 against a person primarily engaged in the business of selling or 3-60 leasing goods or services, if the statement or conduct arises out of 3-61 the sale or lease of goods, services, or an insurance product or a 3-62 commercial transaction in which the intended audience is an actual 3-63 or potential buyer or customer. 3-64 (c) This chapter does not apply to a legal action seeking

3-64 (c) This chapter does not apply to a legal action seeking 3-65 recovery for bodily injury, wrongful death, or survival or to 3-66 statements made regarding that legal action.

3-67	Sec	. 27.011.	CONSTR	RUCTION	. (a)	This	chapter	does	not
3-68	abrogate	or lessen	any	other	defense,	reme	ly, imm	unity,	or
3-69	privilege	available	under	other	constitut	ional,	statut	ory, c	ase,

C.S.S.B. No. 1565

4-1

or common law or rule provisions. (b) This chapter shall be construed liberally to effectuate 4-2 4-3

its purpose and intent fully. SECTION 3. The change in law made by this Act applies only to a legal action filed on or after the effective date of this Act. A legal action filed before the effective date of this Act is governed by the law in effect immediately before that date, and that 4 - 44-5 4-6 4-7 law is continued in effect for that purpose. 4-8

SECTION 4. This Act takes effect immediately if it receives a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If this Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate effect, this 4-9 4-10 4-11 4-12 Act takes effect September 1, 2011. 4-13

4-14

* * * * *