A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
AN ACT
relating to the Texas Code of Military Justice.
BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
SECTION 1. Section 432.001, Government Code, is amended by
amending Subdivisions (3), (12), (13), and (16) and adding
Subdivisions (4-a) and (4-b) to read as follows:
(3) "Commanding officer" includes commissioned
officers and warrant officers of the state military forces who
either have been appointed to command by a superior authority or
have lawfully assumed command[, as applicable].
(4-a) "Day" means a calendar day and is not synonymous
with unit training assembly or any other accounting for training. A
punishment authorized under this chapter that is measured in terms
of days means calendar days.
(4-b) "Duty" means any presence or performance of any
service with or on behalf of the state military forces.
(12) "Officer" means a commissioned or warrant officer
of the state military forces.
(13) "Officer candidate" means a <u>candidate</u> [cadet] of
the state officer candidate school.
(16) "State military forces" means the National Guard
of this state, as defined in <u>Title 32, United States Code</u> [32 U.S.C.
Sections 101(3), (4) and (6)], and other militia or military forces
organized under the laws of this state.

By: Rodriguez

1 SECTION 2. Section 432.002, Government Code, is amended to 2 read as follows:

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3 Sec. 432.002. PERSONS SUBJECT TO CHAPTER. This chapter 4 applies to all members of the state military forces who are not in 5 federal service <u>under Title 10</u>, <u>United States Code</u>.

6 SECTION 3. Section 432.014, Government Code, is amended to 7 read as follows:

RESTRAINT OF PERSONS CHARGED WITH OFFENSES. 8 Sec. 432.014. A person subject to this chapter charged with an offense under this 9 chapter shall be ordered into arrest or confinement, 10 as circumstances may require, but if charged with only an offense 11 12 normally tried by a summary court-martial, the person may not ordinarily be placed in confinement. If a person subject to this 13 14 chapter is placed in arrest or confinement before trial, immediate 15 steps shall be taken to inform the person [him] of the specific wrong of which the person [he] is accused and to try the person 16 17 [him] or to dismiss the charges and release the person [him]. А person confined other than in a guardhouse, whether before, during, 18 19 or after trial by a military court, shall be confined in a civilian [civil] jail. 20

21 SECTION 4. Section 432.021, Government Code, is amended to 22 read as follows:

Sec. 432.021. COMMANDING OFFICER'S NONJUDICIAL PUNISHMENT.
(a) Under regulations <u>as</u> [that the governor] may <u>be prescribed</u>, any
<u>commanding officer may impose disciplinary punishments for minor</u>
offenses without the intervention of a court-martial in accordance
with this subchapter. There is no right to trial by court-martial

the governor, the adjutant general, or an officer of a general or 2 flag rank in command may delegate the powers under this section to a 3 principal assistant who is a member of the state military forces. 4 5 (b) Any accused person who is facing discipline under this section [prescribe, limitations may be placed on the powers granted 6 by this section with respect to the kind and amount of punishment 7 8 authorized, the categories of commanding officers and warrant officers exercising command authorized to exercise those powers, 9 10 the applicability of this section to an accused who demands trial by court-martial, and the kinds of courts-martial to which the case 11 may be referred on such a demand. However, except in the case of a 12 member attached to or embarked in a vessel, punishment may not be 13 imposed on a member of the state military forces under this section 14 15 if the member, before the imposition of the punishment, has demanded trial by court-martial in lieu of the punishment. Under 16 17 similar regulations, rules may be prescribed with respect to the suspension of punishments authorized by this section. 18 19 authorized by regulations of the governor, the governor or an officer of general rank in command may delegate the governor's or 20 officer's powers under this section to a principal assistant. If 21 disciplinary punishment other than admonition or reprimand is to be 22 imposed, the accused] shall be afforded the opportunity to be 23 24 represented by defense counsel having the qualifications prescribed under Section 432.046(b), if 25 such a counsel is 26 reasonably available. Otherwise, the accused shall be afforded the opportunity to be represented by any available commissioned officer 27

S.B. No. 1766 <u>in lieu of nonjudicial punishment imposed under this section. Only</u> <u>the governor, the adjutant general, or an officer of a general or</u> <u>flag rank in command may delegate the powers under this section to a</u>

of <u>the accused's</u> [his] choice. The accused may also <u>be represented</u> <u>by</u> [employ] civilian counsel [of his own choosing] at <u>no</u> [his own] expense <u>to the state</u>. In all proceedings, the accused is allowed three duty days, or longer on written justification, to reply to the notification of intent to impose punishment under this section.

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6 <u>(c) Any</u> [(b) Subject to Subsection (a), a] commanding 7 officer may[, in addition to or in lieu of admonition or reprimand,] 8 impose <u>on enlisted members in the officer's</u> [one or more of the 9 following disciplinary punishments for minor offenses without the 10 intervention of a court-martial:

[(1) on officers of his] command:

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(1) a reprimand;

13 (2) [(A) restriction to certain specified limits 14 with or without suspension from duty, for not more than 30 days; or 15 [(B) if imposed by the governor, or an officer of 16 general rank in command:

17 [(i) arrest in quarters for not more than 30
18 days;
19 [(ii) forfeiture of not more than half of

20 one month's pay a month for two months or] a fine equal to an amount 21 that is [of] not more than seven days' pay [\$75]; and

22 (3) a reduction to the next inferior pay grade.

23 (d) Any [(iii) restriction to certain specified limits, 24 with or without suspension from duty, for not more than 60 days; or 25 [(iv) detention of not more than half of one 26 month's pay a month for three months; and

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27 [(2) on other personnel of his command:

S.B. No. 1766 [(A) if imposed on a person attached to or 1 embarked in a vessel, confinement for not more than three days; 2 [(B) correctional custody for not more than seven 3 4 days; [(C) forfeiture of not more than seven days' pay 5 a fine of not more than \$50; 6 7 [(D) reduction of not more than two pay grades, 8 if imposed by a] commanding officer of the grade of O-4 [colonel] or above may impose on enlisted members in the officer's command: 9 10 (1) a reprimand; (2) [, or reduction of not more than one pay grade, if 11 imposed by a commanding officer of a grade lower than colonel; 12 [(E) extra duties including fatigue or other 13 duties, for not more than 30 days, which need not be consecutive, 14 and for not more than two hours a day, holidays included; 15 16 [(F) restriction to certain specified limits, 17 th or without suspension from duty for not more than 14 days; [(C) detention of not more than 14 days' pay; or 18 [(H) if imposed by an officer of the grade of 19 20 major or above: 21 [(i) the punishment authorized under Subsection (b)(2)(A); 2.2 23 [(ii) correctional custody for not more 24 than 30 days; 25 [(iii) forfeiture of not more than half of 26 one month's pay a month for two months or] a fine equal to an amount that is [of] not more than one month's pay [\$100]; and 27

(3) a [(iv)] reduction to 1 the lowest or any intermediate pay grade, [if the grade from which demoted is within 2 the promotion authority of the officer imposing the reduction or an 3 officer subordinate to the one who imposes the reduction,] but an 4 5 enlisted member in a pay grade above E-4 may not be reduced more than two pay grades[+ 6 [(v) extra duties, including fatigue or 7 8 other duties, for not more than 45 days which need not be consecutive and for not more than two hours a day, holidays 9 10 included; [(vi) restriction to certain specified 11 limits with or without suspension from duty, for not more than 60 12 13 days; or 14 [(vii) detention of not more than half of one month's pay a month for three months. 15 [(c) Detention of pay shall be for a stated period of not 16 more than one year, but if the offender's term of service expires 17 earlier, the detention shall terminate on that expiration. No two 18 or more of the punishments of arrest in quarters, correctional 19 custody, extra duties, and restriction may be combined to run 20 consecutively in the maximum amount imposable for each. If any of 21 those punishments are combined to run consecutively, there must be 22 an apportionment. In addition, fine or forfeiture of pay may not be 23 24 combined with detention of pay without an apportionment. For the purposes of this section "correctional custody" means the physical 25 26 restraint of a person during duty or nonduty hours and may include extra duties, fatique duties, or hard labor. If practicable, 27

1	correctional custody may not be required to be served in immediate
2	association with persons awaiting trial or held in confinement
3	pursuant to trial by courts-martial.
4	[(d) An officer in charge may impose on enlisted members
5	assigned to the unit of which he is in charge those of the
6	punishments authorized under Subsections (b)(2)(A)-(C) that the
7	governor specifically prescribes by regulation].
8	(e) The governor, the adjutant general, an officer
9	exercising general court-martial convening authority, or an
10	officer of a general or flag rank in command may impose:
11	(1) on officers in the officer's command:
12	(A) a reprimand; and
13	(B) a fine equal to an amount that is not more
14	than one month's pay; and
15	(2) on enlisted members in the officer's command, any
16	punishment authorized under Subsection (d).
17	(f) The officer who imposes the punishment authorized in
18	this section [Subsection (b)] or the officer's [his] successor in
19	command may at any time suspend, set aside, reduce, or remit
20	[probationally] any part or amount of the [unexecuted] punishment
21	[imposed and may suspend probationally a reduction in grade or fine
22	or forfeiture imposed under Subsection (b), whether or not
23	executed. In addition, the officer may, at any time, remit or
24	mitigate any part or amount of the unexecuted punishment imposed
25	and may set aside in whole or in part the punishment, whether
26	executed or unexecuted,] and restore all rights, privileges, and
27	property affected. The [officer may also mitigate reduction in

grade to fine or forfeiture or detention of pay. If mitigating 1 arrest in quarters to restriction or extra duties to restriction, 2 3 the] mitigated punishment may not be for a greater amount [period] than the punishment mitigated. When [If mitigating forfeiture of 4 pay to detention of pay, the amount of the detention may not be 5 greater than the amount of the forfeiture. If] mitigating 6 reduction in grade to <u>a</u> fine, [forfeiture, or detention of pay,] the 7 8 amount of the fine[, forfeiture, or detention] may not be greater than the amount that could have been imposed initially under this 9 10 section by the officer who imposed the punishment mitigated.

11 (g) [(f)] A person punished under this section who 12 considers the punishment unjust or disproportionate to the offense may, through the proper channel, appeal to the next superior 13 authority not later than the 15th day after the date the punishment 14 15 is either announced or sent to the accused, as the commanding officer determines [through the proper channel]. The appeal shall 16 be promptly forwarded and decided, but the person punished may in 17 the meantime be required to undergo the punishment adjudged. 18 The 19 superior authority may exercise the same powers with respect to the punishment imposed as may be exercised under Subsection (f) [(e)] 20 by the officer who imposed the punishment. Before acting on an 21 appeal from a punishment [of arrest in quarters for more than seven 22 23 days, correctional custody for more than seven days, forfeiture of more than seven days' pay, reduction of one or more pay grades from 24 the fourth or a higher pay grade, extra duties for more than 14 25 26 days, restriction of more than 14 days' pay, or detention of more than 14 days' pay], the authority who is to act on the appeal may 27

[shall] refer the case to a judge advocate [or legal officer of the state military forces] for consideration and advice[, and may similarly refer the case on appeal from a punishment imposed under Subsection (b)].

5 (h) [(g)] The imposition and enforcement of disciplinary punishment under this section for <u>any</u> [an] act or omission is not a 6 bar to trial by court-martial or a civilian court of competent 7 8 jurisdiction for a serious crime or offense growing out of the same act or omission and not properly punishable under this section, but 9 10 the fact that a disciplinary punishment has been enforced may be shown by the accused on trial and, when shown, shall be considered 11 12 in determining the measure of punishment to be adjudged in the event of a finding of guilty. 13

14 (i) Regulations [(h) The governor by regulation] may 15 prescribe the form of records to be kept of proceedings under this 16 section and [may require] that certain categories of those 17 proceedings <u>shall</u> be in writing.

18 [(i) A commanding officer may delegate authority to make a 19 reduction in pay grade under Subsection (b)(2)(D) to the commanding 20 officer's executive officer, chief of staff, or vice commander.]

21 SECTION 5. Section 432.031, Government Code, is amended to 22 read as follows:

Sec. 432.031. COURTS-MARTIAL CLASSIFIED. The three kinds
 of courts-martial in each of the state military forces are:

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(1)

26 (A) a military judge and not fewer than five 27 members; or

general court-martial, consisting of:

(B) only a military judge, if before the court is assembled the accused, knowing the identity of the military judge and after consultation with defense counsel, requests in writing a court composed only of a military judge and the military judge approves;

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(2) special court-martial, consisting of:

(A) [not fewer than three members; or

8 [(B)] a military judge and not fewer than three
9 members; or

10 (B) [(C)] only a military judge, if one has been 11 detailed to the court, and the accused under the same conditions as 12 those prescribed in Subdivision (1)(B) requests; and

13 (3) summary court-martial, consisting of one officer, 14 who must be a military judge or an attorney licensed to practice law 15 in this state.

SECTION 6. Section 432.032, Government Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 432.032. JURISDICTION OF COURT-MARTIAL IN GENERAL. 18 19 Each force of the state military forces has court-martial jurisdiction over a member of the force who is subject to this 20 chapter. The Texas Army National Guard and the Texas Air National 21 Guard have court-martial jurisdiction over all enlisted members 22 23 [all persons] subject to this chapter. The exercise of jurisdiction by one force over personnel of another force shall be 24 in accordance with regulations prescribed by the governor. 25

26 SECTION 7. Section 432.033(a), Government Code, is amended 27 to read as follows:

S.B. No. 1766 (a) Subject to Section 432.032, a general court-martial has 1 jurisdiction to try a person subject to this chapter for any offense 2 made punishable by this chapter and may, under limitations the 3 governor prescribes, adjudge any of the following punishments: 4 5 (1)reprimand; (2) forfeiture of pay and allowances; 6 a fine of not more than \$10,000; 7 (3) 8 (4) reduction of any enlisted member to any lower 9 rank; 10 (5) [\$1,000 or] confinement for not more than five 11 years; 12 (6) [360 days; [(2) forfeiture of pay and allowances; 13 14 [(3) reprimand; 15 [(4)] dismissal or bad conduct dishonorable or 16 discharge[+ 17 [(5) reduction -noncommissioned ranks]; or 18 (7) [(6)] any combination of those punishments. 19 SECTION 8. Section 432.034, Government Code, is amended to 20 21 read as follows: Sec. 432.034. JURISDICTION OF SPECIAL COURT-MARTIAL. 22 (a) Subject to Section 432.032, a special court-martial 23 has 24 jurisdiction to try a person subject to this chapter, except a commissioned officer, for any offense [for which he may be 25 26 punished] under this chapter. A special court-martial has the same powers of punishment as a general court-martial, except that a 27

special court-martial may not impose more than a \$4,000 [\$500] fine
and [or] confinement of not more than one year [180 days] for a
single offense.

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4 (b) A dismissal or bad conduct [dishonorable] discharge may 5 not be adjudged unless a complete record of the proceedings and testimony is made, counsel having the qualifications prescribed 6 under Section 432.046(b) is detailed to represent the accused, and 7 8 a military judge is detailed to the trial, except in a case in which a military judge cannot be detailed to the trial because of physical 9 10 conditions or military exigencies. In a case in which a military judge is not detailed to the trial, the convening authority shall 11 make a detailed written statement, to be appended to the record, 12 stating the reason a military judge could not be detailed. 13

SECTION 9. Sections 432.035(a) and (c), Government Code, are amended to read as follows:

(a) Subject to Section 432.032, a summary court-martial has
jurisdiction to try persons subject to this chapter, except
officers, for any offense <u>under</u> [made punishable by] this chapter.

(c) A summary court-martial may sentence a person to pay a fine of not more than <u>\$1,000 and</u> [\$200 or] confinement for not more than 90 days for a single offense, to <u>forfeit</u> [forfeiture of] pay and allowances, and to reduction of a noncommissioned officer to <u>any lower rank</u> [the ranks].

24 SECTION 10. Section 432.042, Government Code, is amended to 25 read as follows:

26 Sec. 432.042. WHO MAY CONVENE SPECIAL COURT-MARTIAL. In 27 the state military forces not in federal service, any commander in

1 the grade of <u>0-5</u> [lieutenant colonel] or [in a] higher [grade] may 2 convene a special court-martial.

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3 SECTION 11. Section 432.043, Government Code, is amended to 4 read as follows:

5 Sec. 432.043. WHO MAY CONVENE SUMMARY COURT-MARTIAL. In 6 the state military forces not in federal service, any commander in 7 the grade of <u>O-4</u> [major] or [in a] higher [grade] may convene a 8 summary court-martial.

9 SECTION 12. Sections 432.044(a), (c), and (d), Government 10 Code, are amended to read as follows:

11 (a) <u>Any</u> [A] state commissioned officer in a duty status is 12 eligible to serve on a court-martial [for the trial of a person who 13 may lawfully be brought before the court for trial].

14 (c) An enlisted member of the state military forces in a 15 duty status who is not a member of the same unit as the accused is eligible to serve on general and special courts-martial for the 16 17 trial of an enlisted member of the state military forces who may lawfully be brought before the court for trial if, before the 18 19 conclusion of a session called by the military judge under Section 432.064(a) before trial or, in the absence of such a session, before 20 the court is assembled for the trial of the accused, the accused 21 personally has requested in writing that enlisted members serve on 22 23 it. After such a request, the accused may not be tried by a general 24 or special court-martial the membership of which does not include enlisted members in a number comprising at least one-third of the 25 26 total membership of the court, unless eligible members cannot be obtained because of physical conditions or military exigencies. If 27

a sufficient number of enlisted members cannot be obtained, the 1 court may be convened and the trial held without them, but the 2 3 convening authority shall make a detailed written statement, to be appended to the record, stating why they could not be obtained. 4 In 5 this subsection, "unit" means a regularly organized body of the state military forces not larger than a company, squadron, division 6 of the naval militia, or body corresponding to a company, squadron, 7 8 or division.

9 (d) When [If] it can be avoided, a person subject to this 10 chapter may not be tried by a court-martial [, a member] of which any member is junior to the accused [him] in rank or grade. 11 On 12 convening a court-martial, the convening authority shall detail as members of the court-martial members of the state military forces 13 14 that, in the convening authority's [his] opinion, are best 15 qualified for the duty because of age, education, training, experience, length of service, and judicial temperament. A member 16 17 of the state military forces is not eligible to serve as a member of a general or special court-martial if the member is the accuser, is 18 19 [or] a witness, [for the prosecution] or has acted as investigating officer or counsel in the same case. 20

21 SECTION 13. Section 432.045(d), Government Code, is amended 22 to read as follows:

(d) A person who is the accuser, is [or] a witness, [for the
prosecution] or has acted as investigating officer or counsel in a
case is not eligible to act as military judge in the <u>same</u> case.

26 SECTION 14. Section 432.046, Government Code, is amended by 27 adding Subsection (b-1) to read as follows:

1 (b-1) Trial counsel or defense counsel detailed for a
2 general court-martial may not be under the supervision or command
3 of the other counsel unless the accused and the prosecution
4 expressly waive this restriction.

5 SECTION 15. Section 432.062(d), Government Code, is amended 6 to read as follows:

7 (d) In the preparation of an effectiveness, fitness, or 8 efficiency report, or another report or document used in whole or 9 part for determining whether a member of the state military forces 10 is qualified to be advanced in grade, in determining the assignment 11 or transfer of a member of the state military forces, or in 12 determining whether a member of the state military forces should be 13 retained on duty, a person subject to this chapter may not:

14 (1) consider or evaluate the performance of duty of 15 the member as a member of a court-martial <u>or a witness in a</u> 16 <u>court-martial</u>; or

17 (2) give a less favorable rating or evaluation of a 18 member of the state military forces because of the zeal with which 19 the member, as counsel, represented an accused before a 20 court-martial.

21 SECTION 16. Subchapter J, Chapter 432, Government Code, is 22 amended by adding Section 432.1225 to read as follows:

23 <u>Sec. 432.1225. PENAL CODE OFFENSES. A person subject to</u> 24 <u>this chapter who commits an offense under the Penal Code is</u> 25 <u>considered to violate this chapter and is subject to punishment</u> 26 <u>under this chapter.</u>

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SECTION 17. Section 432.183, Government Code, is amended to

1 read as follows:

2 Sec. 432.183. CHAPTER [SECTIONS] TO BE EXPLAINED. This chapter [Sections 432.002, 432.003, 432.011-432.017, 3 432.021. 432.044, 432.046, 432.052, 432.062, 432.063, 432.091, 4 5 432.121-432.167, and 432.183-432.185] shall be carefully explained to every enlisted member at the time of or not later than the 30th 6 day after the date of the member's [his] enlistment, transfer, or 7 8 induction into, or the member's [his] order to duty in or with, any of the state military forces. It [They] shall also be explained 9 10 annually to each unit of the state military forces. A complete text of this chapter and of the regulations prescribed by the governor 11 under this chapter shall be made available to any member of the 12 state military forces, on the member's [his] request, for the 13 14 member's [his] personal examination.

15 SECTION 18. Section 432.190(b), Government Code, is amended 16 to read as follows:

(b) A fine or forfeiture imposed by <u>nonjudicial punishment</u> or a special or summary court-martial shall be paid to the officer <u>imposing nonjudicial punishment or</u> ordering the court or <u>to</u> the officer commanding at that time. The officer, not later than the fifth day after the date of the payment's receipt, shall place it to the credit of the military unit fund of the unit of which the person fined was a member when the fine was imposed.

SECTION 19. The change in law made by this Act applies only to an offense committed on or after the effective date of this Act. For purposes of this section, an offense is committed before the effective date of this Act if any element of the offense occurs

1 before the effective date. An offense committed before the 2 effective date of this Act is covered by the law in effect when the 3 offense was committed, and the former law is continued in effect for 4 that purpose.

5 SECTION 20. This Act takes effect September 1, 2011.