## **SENATE AMENDMENTS**

## 2<sup>nd</sup> Printing

	By: Thompson, Pitts, Rodriguez, Lucio III, H.B. No. 1451 Branch, et al.
	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
1	AN ACT
2	relating to the licensing and regulation of certain dog and cat
3	breeders; providing penalties.
4	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
5	SECTION 1. The heading to Title 4, Occupations Code, is
6	amended to read as follows:
7	TITLE 4. PROFESSIONS RELATED TO ANIMALS [ANIMAL HEALTH]
8	SECTION 2. Title 4, Occupations Code, is amended by adding
9	Chapter 802 to read as follows:
10	CHAPTER 802. DOG OR CAT BREEDERS
11	SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS
12	Sec. 802.001. SHORT TITLE. This chapter may be cited as the
13	Dog or Cat Breeders Act.
14	Sec. 802.002. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter:
15	(1) "Adult animal" means an animal six months of age or
16	older.
17	(2) "Animal" means a dog or a cat.
18	(3) "Cat" means a mammal that is wholly or partly of
19	the species Felis domesticus.
20	(4) "Commission" means the Texas Commission of
21	Licensing and Regulation under Chapter 51.
22	(5) "Controlling person" means an individual who:
23	(A) is a partner, manager, director, officer, or
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	member of a dog or cat breeder;
	member of a dog of cat breeder;

- (B) possesses the authority to set policy or direct management of a dog or cat breeder; or

  (C) possesses a direct or indirect control of 25

  percent or more of a dog or cat breeder.

  (6) "Department" means the Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation under Chapter 51.

  (7) "Dog" means a mammal that is wholly or partly of
- 8 the species Canis familiaris.
- 9 (8) "Dog or cat breeder" means a person who possesses

  10 11 or more adult intact female animals and is engaged in the

  11 business of breeding those animals for direct or indirect sale or
- 12 <u>for exchange in return for consideration</u>.
- 13 (9) "Facility" means the premises used by a dog or cat
  14 breeder for keeping or breeding animals. The term includes all
  15 buildings, property, and confinement areas used to conduct the
- 16 <u>breeding business.</u>
- 17 (10) "Federal regulations" means the specifications
- 18 for the humane handling, care, treatment, and transportation of
- 19 dogs and cats set forth in 9 C.F.R. Part 3, Subpart A.
- 20 (11) "Intact female animal" means a female animal that
- 21 has not been spayed and is capable of reproduction.
- 22 (12) "Kitten" means a cat less than six months old.
- 23 (13) "Licensed breeder" means a dog or cat breeder who
- 24 holds a license issued under this chapter.
- 25 (14) "Possess" means to have custody of or control
- 26 <u>over.</u>
- 27 (15) "Primary enclosure" means any structure used to

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   restrict an animal to a limited amount of space. The term includes
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   a room, pen, run, cage, or compartment.
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               (16) "Puppy" means a dog less than six months old.
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                     "Third-party inspector" means any of the
               (17)
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   following entities with which the department contracts under
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   Section 802.062, including an employee of the entity:
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                    (A) a state agency; or
                    (B) a local law enforcement agency or fire
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   department.
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               (18) "Veterinarian" means a veterinarian in good
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   standing and licensed to practice veterinary medicine in this
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   state.
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         Sec. 802.003. APPLICABILITY OF CHAPTER. (a) This chapter
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   does not affect the applicability of any other law, rule, order,
   ordinance, or other legal requirement of the federal government,
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   this state, or a political subdivision of this state.
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         (b) This chapter does not prevent a municipality or county
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   from prohibiting or further regulating by order or ordinance the
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   possession, breeding, or selling of dogs or cats.
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         (c) This chapter does not apply to an animal regulated under
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   the Texas Racing Act (Article 179e, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes).
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         Sec. 802.004. PRESUMPTION OF USE FOR BREEDING.
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   purposes of this chapter, each adult intact female animal possessed
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   by a person engaged in the business of breeding animals for direct
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   or indirect sale or for exchange in return for consideration is
   presumed to be used for breeding purposes unless the person
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   establishes to the satisfaction of the department, based on the
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1 person's breeding records or other evidence reasonably acceptable 2 to the department, that the animal is not used for breeding. 3 [Sections 802.005-802.050 reserved for expansion] SUBCHAPTER B. POWERS AND DUTIES OF COMMISSION AND DEPARTMENT 4 5 Sec. 802.051. GENERAL POWERS AND DUTIES; RULES. (a) The 6 department shall administer and enforce this chapter. 7 (b) The commission shall adopt rules necessary to administer and enforce this chapter. 8 9 Sec. 802.052. FEES. The commission by rule shall establish reasonable and necessary fees in amounts sufficient to cover the 10 11 costs of administering and enforcing this chapter. In setting the 12 fee for inspecting or licensing a facility, the commission may consider the number of adult intact female animals used for 13 breeding at the facility. 14 Sec. 802.053. PERSONNEL. The department may employ 15 16 personnel necessary to carry out the functions and duties of the 17 department under this chapter. 18 Sec. 802.054. EXPENSES. The department may authorize disbursements necessary to implement this chapter, including 19 20 disbursements for office expenses, equipment costs, and other 21 necessary facilities.

Sec. 802.055. CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECKS. The department

(1) examine any criminal conviction, guilty plea, or

shall conduct a criminal background check on each applicant who

submits an application for a license under this chapter and on any

controlling person of the applicant. The department may, as

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permitted by law:

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- 1 deferred adjudication of the applicant or controlling person; and
- 2 (2) obtain any criminal history or record of the
- 3 applicant or controlling person.
- 4 Sec. 802.056. DIRECTORY. (a) The department shall
- 5 maintain a directory of licensed breeders and of third-party
- 6 <u>inspectors registered under this chapter.</u>
- 7 (b) The department shall make the directory available to the
- 8 public.
- 9 Sec. 802.057. DISCIPLINARY DATABASE. (a) The department
- 10 shall maintain a database of dog or cat breeders who have been
- 11 subject to disciplinary action as provided by Subchapter F.
- 12 (b) The department shall make the information maintained in
- 13 the database available to the public.
- 14 Sec. 802.058. CONSUMER INTEREST INFORMATION. (a) The
- 15 department shall prepare information of consumer interest
- 16 describing:
- 17 (1) the functions performed by the department under
- 18 this chapter; and
- 19 (2) the rights of a consumer affected by this chapter.
- 20 (b) The information must describe the procedure by which a
- 21 consumer complaint is filed with and resolved by the department.
- (c) The department shall make the information available to
- 23 the public.
- Sec. 802.059. DOG OR CAT BREEDER TRAINING AND ENFORCEMENT
- 25 ACCOUNT. (a) The dog or cat breeder training and enforcement
- 26 account is an account in the general revenue fund. Administrative
- 27 penalties collected under Subchapter F shall be deposited to the

- 1 credit of the account.
- 2 (b) Funds in the account may be appropriated only to the
- 3 department for:
- 4 (1) promoting consumer awareness of this chapter and
- 5 rules adopted under this chapter;
- 6 (2) supporting educational seminars, training
- 7 <u>activities</u>, or other projects designed to benefit the department's
- 8 ability to administer this chapter;
- 9 (3) paying for information resulting in disciplinary
- 10 <u>action under Subchapter F against a person for acting as a dog or</u>
- 11 cat breeder without holding a license issued under this chapter;
- 12 and
- 13 (4) taking any other action to improve the
- 14 department's ability to investigate violations of and enforce this
- 15 <u>chapter</u>.
- (c) The commission by rule may provide for a system to pay
- 17 for information described by Subsection (b)(3). Rules adopted
- 18 under this subsection must ensure that a public purpose is
- 19 accomplished through the use of the payment system.
- 20 (d) The department may solicit and accept gifts, grants, and
- 21 other donations from any source for deposit into the account.
- (e) The account is exempt from the application of Section
- 23 403.095, Government Code.
- Sec. 802.060. REGULATION OF THIRD-PARTY INSPECTORS. The
- 25 commission by rule shall establish:
- 26 (1) training requirements for a third-party
- 27 <u>inspector;</u>

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- 1 (2) registration procedures for a third-party
- 2 inspector; and
- 3 (3) policies governing the acts of a third-party
- 4 inspector in conducting an inspection or investigation.
- 5 Sec. 802.061. REGISTRATION OF CERTAIN EMPLOYEES OF LICENSED
- 6 BREEDERS. The commission by rule may establish registration
- 7 procedures for any person whose duties and responsibilities include
- 8 the handling of or caring for an animal in a licensed breeder's
- 9 facility.
- Sec. 802.062. CONTRACTS FOR ENFORCEMENT. The department
- 11 may contract with a third-party inspector to enforce or assist in
- 12 the enforcement of this chapter and rules adopted under this
- 13 chapter, including the performance of inspections and
- 14 <u>investigations required under this chapter.</u>
- Sec. 802.063. INSPECTIONS. (a) The department shall
- 16 <u>inspect</u> each facility of a licensed breeder at least once in every
- 17 <u>18-month period</u> and at other times as necessary to ensure
- 18 compliance with this chapter and rules adopted under this chapter.
- 19 <u>(b)</u> The inspection must be conducted during the facility's
- 20 <u>normal business hours</u>, and the licensed breeder or a representative
- 21 of the licensed breeder may be present during the inspection.
- (c) The department or third-party inspector may not provide
- 23 <u>advance notice to</u> the licensed breeder or a representative of the
- 24 licensed breeder before arriving at the facility. The licensed
- 25 breeder or its representative shall, on request of an inspector,
- 26 assist the inspector in performing the inspection.
- 27 (d) In conducting an inspection under this section, an

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- 1 inspector may not enter or access any portion of a private residence
- 2 of a licensed breeder except as necessary to access animals,
- 3 documents, records, or other property relevant to the inspection.
- 4 (e) The inspector shall submit an inspection report to the
- 5 department not later than the 10th day after the date of the
- 6 inspection on a form prescribed by the department and provide a copy
- 7 of the report to the licensed breeder or its representative.
- 8 Sec. 802.064. INVESTIGATIONS. On receipt of a complaint
- 9 alleging a violation of this chapter or a rule adopted under this
- 10 chapter, the department or a third-party inspector designated by
- 11 the department shall investigate the alleged violation.
- 12 Sec. 802.065. REPORTING ANIMAL CRUELTY. A person
- 13 conducting an inspection under Section 802.063 or 802.103 or an
- 14 investigation under Section 802.064 shall notify the appropriate
- 15 local law enforcement agency not later than 24 hours after
- 16 discovering evidence of animal cruelty or neglect during the
- 17 <u>inspection or investigation</u>.
- Sec. 802.066. ADVISORY COMMITTEE. (a) The commission
- 19 shall establish an advisory committee to advise the commission and
- 20 make recommendations on matters related to the administration and
- 21 enforcement of this chapter, including licensing fees and standards
- 22 adopted under Subchapter E.
- 23 (b) The advisory committee consists of nine members
- 24 appointed by the presiding officer of the commission with the
- 25 approval of the commission as follows:
- 26 (1) two members who are licensed breeders;
- 27 (2) two members who are veterinarians;

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               (3)
                                   who
                    two
                          members
                                         represent animal_
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   organizations;
               (4) two members who represent the public; and
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               (5) one member who is an animal control officer as
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   defined in Section 829.001, Health and Safety Code.
          (c) Members of the advisory committee serve staggered
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   four-year terms. The terms of four or five members expire on
   February 1 of each odd-numbered year. If a vacancy occurs during a
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   member's term, the presiding officer of the commission, with the
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   approval of the commission, shall appoint a replacement member to
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   serve for the remainder of the unexpired term.
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          (d) The presiding officer of the commission shall designate
   one member of the advisory committee to serve as presiding officer
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   of the advisory committee for a two-year term. A member may serve
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   more than one term as presiding officer.
          (e) The advisory committee shall meet annually and at the
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   call of the presiding officer of the advisory committee, the
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   presiding officer of the commission, or the executive director of
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   the department.
          (f) Except for the members described by Subsection (b)(1), a
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   person may not be a member of the advisory committee if the person
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   or a member of the person's household:
               (1) is required to be licensed under this chapter;
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               (2) is an officer, employee, or paid consultant of an
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    entity required to be licensed under this chapter;
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               (3) owns or controls, either directly or indirectly,
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   more than a 10 percent interest in an entity required to be licensed
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- 1 under this chapter; or
- 2 (4) is required to register as a lobbyist under
- 3 Chapter 305, Government Code, because of the person's activities
- 4 for compensation on behalf of an entity required to be licensed
- 5 under this chapter.
- 6 (g) The presiding officer of the commission may remove from
- 7 the advisory committee a member who is ineligible for membership
- 8 <u>under Subsection (f).</u>
- 9 (h) A member may not receive compensation for service on the
- 10 advisory committee. Subject to the department's budget and any
- 11 <u>limitation provided by the General Appropriations Act, a committee</u>
- 12 member may receive reimbursement for the actual and necessary
- 13 <u>expenses incurred</u> while performing advisory committee duties.
- (i) A decision of the advisory committee is effective only
- on a majority vote of the members present.
- (j) Chapter 2110, Government Code, does not apply to the
- 17 size, composition, or duration of the advisory committee or to the
- 18 appointment of the committee's presiding officer.
- [Sections 802.067-802.100 reserved for expansion]
- SUBCHAPTER C. LICENSING OF DOG OR CAT BREEDERS
- Sec. 802.101. LICENSE REQUIRED. (a) A person may not act
- 22 <u>as, offer to act as, or represent that the person is a dog or cat</u>
- 23 breeder in this state unless the person holds a license under this
- 24 chapter for each facility that the person owns or operates in this
- 25 state. A license for a single facility may cover more than one
- 26 building on the same premises.
- (b) The commission by rule may establish requirements for

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- 1 issuance or renewal of a license issued to a dog or cat breeder
- 2 under this chapter.
- 3 Sec. 802.102. APPLICATION. An applicant for a license
- 4 under this chapter must:
- 5 (1) submit to the department a completed application
- 6 on a form prescribed by the department;
- 7 (2) submit to the department the information regarding
- 8 the applicant's facilities and operations requested by the
- 9 <u>department;</u>
- 10 (3) demonstrate that the applicant has satisfied the
- 11 requirements of this chapter and rules adopted under this chapter;
- 12 and
- 13 (4) pay to the department the required fee.
- 14 Sec. 802.103. PRELICENSE INSPECTION. (a) Except as
- 15 provided by Subsection (e), the department must inspect a facility
- 16 before a license is issued for the facility.
- 17 (b) The department may not issue a license to a dog or cat
- 18 breeder until the department receives a prelicense inspection
- 19 report from the inspector in a format approved by the department
- 20 certifying that the facility meets the requirements of this chapter
- 21 and rules adopted under this chapter.
- (c) Before the prelicense inspection may be conducted, each
- 23 applicant must pay to the department the required inspection fee to
- 24 be used to pay third-party inspectors and the reasonable expenses
- 25 of the department related to its licensing and inspection duties
- 26 under this chapter.
- 27 (d) An applicant whose facility does not meet the

- 1 requirements of this chapter and rules adopted under this chapter
- 2 as revealed by a prelicense inspection may, after correcting
- 3 <u>deficiencies noted</u> in the inspection report, request another
- 4 prelicense inspection by paying the required fee to the department.
- 5 <u>(e) The department may not require a prelicense inspection</u>
- 6 of a facility for an applicant who:
- 7 (1) holds a current Class A animal dealers license
- 8 <u>issued under the Animal Welfare Act (7 U.S.C. Section 2131 et seq.);</u>
- 9 and
- 10 (2) submits to the department:
- 11 (A) a copy of the license; and
- 12 (B) on a form prescribed by the department, a
- 13 statement certifying that the facility meets the requirements of
- 14 this chapter and rules adopted under this chapter.
- Sec. 802.104. INITIAL LICENSE. The department shall issue
- 16 <u>a license to each dog or cat breeder who:</u>
- 17 <u>(1) meets the requirements of this chapter and rules</u>
- 18 adopted under this chapter;
- (2) applies to the department on the form prescribed
- 20 by the department; and
- 21 <u>(3) pays the required fee.</u>
- Sec. 802.105. TERM; NONTRANSFERABILITY. A license issued
- 23 under this chapter is valid until the first anniversary of the date
- 24 of issuance and is nontransferable. The department shall include
- 25 the expiration date on each license issued under this chapter.
- Sec. 802.106. LICENSE RENEWAL. (a) A licensed breeder may
- 27 renew the person's license by:

- 1 (1) submitting a renewal application to the department
- 2 on the form prescribed by the department;
- 3 (2) complying with any other renewal requirements
- 4 adopted by the department; and
- 5 (3) paying the required fee.
- 6 (b) A person whose license has expired may not engage in
- 7 activities that require a license until the license has been
- 8 renewed.
- 9 (c) The department may not renew the license of a person if
- 10 the person is in violation of this chapter or any rule adopted under
- 11 this chapter at the time of renewal.
- 12 <u>Sec. 802.107.</u> LICENSE DENIAL, REVOCATION, AND SUSPENSION.
- 13 (a) The department shall deny issuance of a license to, or refuse
- 14 to renew the license of, a person if the person or a controlling
- 15 person of the dog or cat breeder has pled guilty to, been convicted
- 16 of, or received deferred adjudication for animal cruelty or neglect
- 17 in this state or any other jurisdiction in the five years preceding
- 18 the person's initial or renewal application for a license.
- 19 <u>(b) The department shall revoke a license if, after the</u>
- 20 license is issued, the person or a controlling person of the dog or
- 21 cat breeder pleads guilty to, is convicted of, or receives deferred
- 22 adjudication for animal cruelty or neglect in this state or any
- 23 other jurisdiction.
- 24 (c) The department may deny issuance of a license to, refuse
- 25 to renew the license of, or revoke or suspend a license held by a
- 26 person who:
- 27 (1) fails to meet the requirements of this chapter and

1 rules adopted under this chapter; 2 (2) has had a similar license issued by a federal, 3 state, or local authority denied, revoked, or suspended; 4 (3) has falsified any material information requested by the department; 5 6 (4) has failed to meet a standard adopted by rule under 7 this chapter; or 8 (5) has failed to comply with any corrective action 9 required under an inspection report in the time provided by the 10 report. 11 [Sections 802.108-802.150 reserved for expansion] 12 SUBCHAPTER D. PRACTICE BY LICENSED BREEDER Sec. 802.151. DISPLAY OF LICENSE; APPLICABLE LAWS AND 13 RULES; INCLUSION OF LICENSE NUMBER AND DEPARTMENT INFORMATION. A 14 15 licensed breeder shall: (1) prominently display a copy of the license at the 16 17 breeder's facility; 18 (2) maintain at the breeder's facility a printed copy 19 of this chapter and rules adopted under this chapter as made 20 available by the department; (3) include the license number in each advertisement 21 22 of the licensed breeder; and 23 (4) include in each contract for the sale or transfer of an animal by the licensed breeder: 24 25 (A) the license number; and (B) the following statement: "Dog and cat 26

breeders are regulated by the Texas Department of Licensing and

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- 1 Regulation, P.O. Box 12157, Austin, Texas 78711, 1-800-803-9202,
- 2 512-463-6599, www.license.state.tx.us" or a similar statement
- 3 adopted by commission rule that includes the department's name,
- 4 mailing address, telephone numbers, and Internet website address.
- 5 Sec. 802.152. CHANGE IN LICENSE INFORMATION. A licensed
- 6 breeder shall notify the department in a manner prescribed by the
- 7 department not later than the 10th day after the date any change
- 8 occurs in the address, name, management, or controlling person of
- 9 the business or operation.
- Sec. 802.153. ANNUAL INVENTORY. (a) Not later than
- 11 February 1 of each year, a licensed breeder shall submit to the
- 12 department, on a form prescribed by the department, an accounting
- 13 of all animals held at the facility at any time during the preceding
- 14 calendar year.
- (b) The licensed breeder shall keep copies of the items
- 16 described by Subsection (a) at the licensed breeder's facility and
- 17 shall make them available on request to the department or a
- 18 third-party inspector designated by the department.
- 19 (c) A licensed breeder that has more than one facility
- 20 <u>shall:</u>
- (1) keep separate records for each facility; and
- 22 (2) submit a separate accounting of animals for each
- 23 facility.
- Sec. 802.154. ANIMAL RECORDS. (a) A licensed breeder shall
- 25 maintain a separate record for each animal in the breeder's
- 26 facility documenting the animal's care.
- 27 (b) The record must include:

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1	(1) the date the animal entered the facility;
2	(2) if applicable, the name, address, and telephone
3	number of the person from whom the animal was purchased or obtained;
4	(3) a description of the animal, including the
5	animal's breed, sex, color, identifying marks, and weight;
6	(4) the date of birth of the animal or approximate age
7	if the date of birth is unknown;
8	(5) any tattoo, microchip, or other identification
9	number carried by or appearing on the animal;
10	(6) if the animal is a breeding female:
11	(A) breeding dates;
12	(B) dates the animal gave birth to a litter;
13	(C) number of puppies or kittens for each litter
14	of the animal; and
15	(D) the name and identification of the sire or
16	<pre>tom for each litter;</pre>
17	(7) all veterinary care provided for the animal,
18	including a record of all inoculations, medications, and other
19	veterinary medical treatment received by the animal while in the
20	possession of the licensed breeder; and
21	(8) for an animal that was at the facility but is no
22	<pre>longer at the facility:</pre>
23	(A) the date of disposition or death of the
24	animal; and
25	(B) as applicable:
26	(i) the name and address of the person to
27	whom the animal was transferred; or

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1	(ii) the animal's cause of death.
2	(c) The licensed breeder shall make the animal records
3	available on request to the department or a third-party inspector
4	designated by the department.
5	(d) The commission by rule shall establish the retention
6	period for records required under this section.
7	[Sections 802.155-802.200 reserved for expansion]
8	SUBCHAPTER E. STANDARDS OF CARE AND CONFINEMENT
9	Sec. 802.201. ADOPTION OF STANDARDS. (a) The commission
LO	shall adopt rules establishing minimum standards for the humane
L1	handling, care, housing, and transportation of dogs and cats by a
12	dog or cat breeder to ensure the overall health, safety, and
L3	well-being of each animal in the breeder's possession.
L <b>4</b>	(b) The standards adopted under this section must:
L5	(1) at a minimum, meet federal regulations;
L6	(2) require that, unless otherwise certified by a
L7	veterinarian in the manner prescribed by the department, a licensed
L8	breeder, if applicable, provide each dog 12 weeks of age and older
L9	with at least one hour of daily exercise in an area that:
20	(A) has a surface that has adequate drainage and
21	that will not adversely affect the dog's health or well-being, and
22	that may be composed of natural turf or soil;
23	(B) provides adequate protection against harsh
24	weather, including exposure to the sun; and
25	(C) has at least three times more square feet
26	than the dog's primary enclosure;
27	(3) require that an adequate period consistent with

- 1 breed standards elapse between the breeding cycles of each adult
- 2 intact female animal;
- 3 (4) require that a dog or cat breeder provide basic
- 4 grooming to each animal, including bathing and nail trimming, as
- 5 needed to prevent any condition that adversely affects the animal's
- 6 health and cleanliness;
- 7 (5) require that all primary enclosures:
- 8 (A) be composed of materials that are safe for
- 9 the animal based on the animal's breed, size, and age;
- 10 (B) have adequate space to allow the animal to
- 11 comfortably stand, sit, turn around, and lie down in a natural
- 12 position;
- (C) have adequate drainage; and
- (D) if any portion of the floor surface is
- 15 composed of wire or a slatted material, be free from any protruding,
- 16 sharp surfaces and be designed so the animal's paws are unable to
- 17 extend through, or become caught in, the floor;
- 18 (6) prohibit the placement of a primary enclosure of
- 19 an animal on top of the primary enclosure of another animal, unless
- 20 an impervious barrier designed to prevent the transfer of any
- 21 liquid or animal waste from one enclosure to the other is placed
- 22 between the enclosures;
- 23 (7) prohibit the stacking of the primary enclosures of
- 24 dogs above three vertical levels;
- 25 (8) require at <u>least one regular veterinary</u>
- 26 examination a year for a breeding animal;
- 27 (9) require that a dog or cat breeder maintain at each

- 1 of the breeder's facilities a written health care management
- 2 protocol that addresses routine and preventive care;
- 3 (10) ensure that necessary routine and preventive care
- 4 is provided to each animal and that each animal receives
- 5 appropriate care and treatment for any disease or illness that
- 6 affects the animal's health or well-being;
- 7 (11) prohibit a person from euthanizing an animal or
- 8 performing a surgical birth of an animal unless the person is a
- 9 veterinarian;
- 10 (12) require appropriate training for any person whose
- 11 <u>duties</u> and responsibilities include the handling of or caring for
- 12 an animal in a dog or cat breeder's facility; and
- 13 (13) prohibit a dog or cat breeder from selling,
- 14 trading, or giving away an animal before the animal is eight weeks
- 15 <u>of age.</u>
- 16 (c) The commission by rule may modify existing standards and
- 17 <u>establish additional standards or requirements as necessary to</u>
- 18 protect or improve the health and well-being of animals or to
- 19 protect the health and safety of the public.
- [Sections 802.202-802.250 reserved for expansion]
- SUBCHAPTER F. ENFORCEMENT
- Sec. 802.251. DISCIPLINARY ACTION; ADMINISTRATIVE PENALTY.
- 23 If a person violates this chapter or a rule adopted under this
- 24 chapter, the person is subject to any action or penalty under
- 25 Subchapter F or G, Chapter 51.
- 26 SECTION 3. Not later than January 1, 2012, the presiding
- 27 officer of the Texas Commission of Licensing and Regulation shall

- 1 appoint the members of the advisory committee established under
- 2 Section 802.066, Occupations Code, as added by this Act.
- 3 SECTION 4. Not later than March 31, 2012, the Texas
- 4 Commission of Licensing and Regulation shall adopt the rules,
- 5 standards, procedures, and fees necessary to implement Chapter 802,
- 6 Occupations Code, as added by this Act, and Section 5 of this Act.
- 7 SECTION 5. Notwithstanding Chapter 802, Occupations Code,
- 8 as added by this Act, a dog or cat breeder is not required to:
- 9 (1) hold a license under that chapter to act as a dog
- 10 or cat breeder before September 1, 2012; or
- 11 (2) comply with the standards adopted under Subchapter
- 12 E, Chapter 802, Occupations Code, as added by this Act, before
- 13 September 1, 2012.
- SECTION 6. This Act takes effect immediately if it receives
- 15 a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as
- 16 provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If this
- 17 Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate effect, this
- 18 Act takes effect September 1, 2011.

ADOPTE

MAY 2 3 2011

Latay Secretary of the Senate

HB. No. 1451

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 1 AN ACT relating to the licensing and regulation of certain dog and cat 2 breeders; providing penalties. 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: 4 SECTION 1. The heading to Title 4, Occupations Code, is 5 amended to read as follows: TITLE 4. PROFESSIONS RELATED TO ANIMALS [ANIMAL HEALTH] 7 SECTION 2. Title 4, Occupations Code, is amended by adding 8 Chapter 802 to read as follows: 9 CHAPTER 802. DOG OR CAT BREEDERS 10 SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS 11 Sec. 802.001. SHORT TITLE. This chapter may be cited as the 12 Dog or Cat Breeders Act. 13 Sec. 802.002. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter: 14 (1) "Adult animal" means an animal six months of age or 15 16 older. (2) "Animal" means a dog or a cat. 17 18 (3) "Cat" means a mammal that is wholly or partly of 19 the species Felis domesticus. (4) "Commission" means the Texas Commission of 20 21 Licensing and Regulation under Chapter 51. 22 (5) "Controlling person" means an individual who: (A) is a partner, manager, director, officer, or 23 24 member of a dog or cat breeder;

```
1
                     (B) possesses the authority to set policy or
 2
    direct management of a dog or cat breeder; or
 3
                     (C) possesses a direct or indirect control of 25
 4
    percent or more of a dog or cat breeder.
 5
               (6)
                   "Department" means the Texas Department
 6
    Licensing and Regulation under Chapter 51.
                    "Dog" means a mammal that is wholly or partly of
 7
 8
    the species Canis familiaris.
 9
               (8) "Dog or cat breeder" means a person who possesses
    11 or more adult intact female animals and is engaged in the
10
    business of breeding those animals for direct or indirect sale or
11
12
    for exchange in return for consideration.
                   "Facility" means the premises used by a dog or cat
13
               (9)
    breeder for keeping or breeding animals. The term includes all
14
    buildings, property, and confinement areas used to conduct the
15
    breeding business.
16
17
               (10) "Federal regulations" means the specifications
    for the humane handling, care, treatment, and transportation of
18
19
    dogs and cats set forth in 9 C.F.R. Part 3, Subpart A.
20
               (11) "Intact female animal" means a female animal that
   has not been spayed and is capable of reproduction.
21
22
               (12) "Kitten" means a cat less than six months old.
                     "Licensed breeder" means a dog or cat breeder who
               (13)
23
   holds a license issued under this chapter.
24
                     "Possess" means to have custody of or control
25
```

(15)

26

27

over.

"Primary enclosure" means any structure used to

```
restrict an animal to a limited amount of space. The term includes
 1
 2
    a room, pen, run, cage, or compartment.
 3
               (16)
                     "Puppy" means a dog less than six months old.
               (17) "Third-party inspector" means any of the
 4
 5
    following entities with which the department contracts under
    Section 802.062, including an employee of the entity:
 6
 7
                    (A)
                        a state agency; or
 8
                    (B)
                           local law enforcement agency or fire
 9
    department.
10
               (18) "Veterinarian" means a veterinarian in good
    standing and licensed to practice veterinary medicine in this
11
12
    state.
          Sec. 802.003. APPLICABILITY OF CHAPTER. (a) This chapter
13
    does not affect the applicability of any other law, rule, order,
14
15
   ordinance, or other legal requirement of the federal government,
    this state, or a political subdivision of this state.
16
17
          (b) This chapter does not prevent a municipality or county
18
    from prohibiting or further regulating by order or ordinance the
19
   possession, breeding, or selling of dogs or cats.
20
          (c) This chapter does not apply to an animal regulated under
21
   the Texas Racing Act (Article 179e, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes).
22
          Sec. 802.004. PRESUMPTION OF USE FOR BREEDING.
                                                                  For
23
   purposes of this chapter, each adult intact female animal possessed
   by a person engaged in the business of breeding animals for direct
24
25
   or indirect sale or for exchange in return for consideration is
   presumed to be used for breeding purposes unless the person
26
```

27

establishes to the satisfaction of the department, based on the

```
person's breeding records or other evidence reasonably acceptable
1
   to the department, that the animal is not used for breeding.
2
         Sec. 802.005. EXEMPTION FOR CERTAIN PERSONS WHO BREED DOGS.
3
4
   (a) This section applies only to a dog bred to be used exclusively
5
  for:
              (1) herding livestock, as defined by Section 1.003,
6
```

- 7 Agriculture Code, or other agricultural uses;
- (2) hunting, including pointing, flushing, 8
- 9 retrieving game; or
- 10 (3) competing in field trials.
- 11 This chapter does not apply to a person to the extent the
- person breeds dogs described by Subsection (a) for: 12
- 13 (1) personal use; and
- 14 incidental direct or indirect sale or exchange in (2)
- 15 return for consideration.
- (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (b), a person described by 16
- Subsection (b) may be subject to the requirements of this chapter 17
- based on the person's activities with respect to animals other than 18
- 19 dogs that are bred and used as described by this section.
- [Sections 802.006-802.050 reserved for expansion] 20
- SUBCHAPTER B. POWERS AND DUTIES OF COMMISSION AND DEPARTMENT 21
- 22 Sec. 802.051. GENERAL POWERS AND DUTIES; RULES. (a) The
- 23 department shall administer and enforce this chapter.
- (b) The commission shall adopt rules necessary to 24
- administer and enforce this chapter. 25
- Sec. 802.052. FEES. The commission by rule shall establish 26
- 27 reasonable and necessary fees in amounts sufficient to cover the

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1 costs of administering and enforcing this chapter. In setting the
```

- 2 fee for inspecting or licensing a facility, the commission may
- 3 consider the number of adult intact female animals used for
- 4 breeding at the facility.
- 5 Sec. 802.053. PERSONNEL. The department may employ
- 6 personnel necessary to carry out the functions and duties of the
- 7 <u>department under this chapter.</u>
- 8 Sec. 802.054. EXPENSES. The department may authorize
- 9 disbursements necessary to implement this chapter, including
- 10 disbursements for office expenses, equipment costs, and other
- 11 necessary facilities.
- 12 Sec. 802.055. CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECKS. The department
- 13 shall conduct a criminal background check on each applicant who
- 14 submits an application for a license under this chapter and on any
- 15 controlling person of the applicant. The department may, as
- 16 permitted by law:
- (1) examine any criminal conviction, guilty plea, or
- 18 deferred adjudication of the applicant or controlling person; and
- 19 (2) obtain any criminal history or record of the
- 20 applicant or controlling person.
- Sec. 802.056. DIRECTORY. (a) The department shall
- 22 maintain a directory of licensed breeders and of third-party
- 23 inspectors registered under this chapter.
- 24 (b) The department shall make the directory available to the
- 25 public.
- Sec. 802.057. DISCIPLINARY DATABASE. (a) The department
- 27 shall maintain a database of dog or cat breeders who have been

```
1 subject to disciplinary action as provided by Subchapter F.
```

- 2 (b) The department shall make the information maintained in
- 3 the database available to the public.
- 4 Sec. 802.058. CONSUMER INTEREST INFORMATION. (a) The
- 5 department shall prepare information of consumer interest
- 6 <u>describing:</u>
- 7 (1) the functions performed by the department under
- 8 this chapter; and
- 9 (2) the rights of a consumer affected by this chapter.
- 10 (b) The information must describe the procedure by which a
- 11 consumer complaint is filed with and resolved by the department.
- 12 (c) The department shall make the information available to
- 13 the public.
- 14 Sec. 802.059. DOG OR CAT BREEDER TRAINING AND ENFORCEMENT
- 15 ACCOUNT. (a) The dog or cat breeder training and enforcement
- 16 <u>account is an account in the general revenue fund. Administrative</u>
- 17 penalties collected under Subchapter F shall be deposited to the
- 18 credit of the account.
- (b) Funds in the account may be appropriated only to the
- 20 department for:
- 21 (1) promoting consumer awareness of this chapter and
- 22 rules adopted under this chapter;
- 23 (2) supporting educational seminars, training
- 24 activities, or other projects designed to benefit the department's
- 25 <u>ability to administer this chapter;</u>
- 26 (3) paying for information resulting in disciplinary
- 27 action under Subchapter F against a person for acting as a dog or

```
1 cat breeder without holding a license issued under this chapter;
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- 2 and
- 3 (4) taking any other action to improve the
- 4 department's ability to investigate violations of and enforce this
- 5 <u>chapter</u>.
- 6 (c) The commission by rule may provide for a system to pay
- 7 for information described by Subsection (b)(3). Rules adopted
- 8 under this subsection must ensure that a public purpose is
- 9 accomplished through the use of the payment system.
- 10 (d) The department may solicit and accept gifts, grants, and
- 11 other donations from any source for deposit into the account.
- (e) The account is exempt from the application of Section
- 13 403.095, Government Code.
- Sec. 802.060. REGULATION OF THIRD-PARTY INSPECTORS. The
- 15 <u>commission by rule shall establish:</u>
- (1) training requirements for a third-party
- 17 inspector;
- (2) registration procedures for a third-party
- 19 inspector; and
- 20 (3) policies governing the acts of a third-party
- 21 <u>inspector in conducting an inspection or investigation.</u>
- 22 <u>Sec. 802.061. REGISTRATION OF CERTAIN EMPLOYEES OF LICENSED</u>
- 23 BREEDERS. The commission by rule may establish registration
- 24 procedures for any person whose duties and responsibilities include
- 25 the handling of or caring for an animal in a licensed breeder's
- 26 facility.
- Sec. 802.062. CONTRACTS FOR ENFORCEMENT. The department

- 1 may contract with a third-party inspector to enforce or assist in
- 2 the enforcement of this chapter and rules adopted under this
- 3 chapter, including the performance of inspections and
- 4 investigations required under this chapter.
- 5 Sec. 802.063. INSPECTIONS. (a) The department shall
- 6 inspect each facility of a licensed breeder at least once in every
- 7 <u>18-month period and at other times as necessary to ensure</u>
- 8 compliance with this chapter and rules adopted under this chapter.
- 9 (b) The inspection must be conducted during the facility's
- 10 normal business hours, and the licensed breeder or a representative
- 11 of the licensed breeder may be present during the inspection.
- (c) The department or third-party inspector may not provide
- 13 advance notice to the licensed breeder or a representative of the
- 14 licensed breeder before arriving at the facility. The licensed
- 15 breeder or its representative shall, on request of an inspector,
- 16 <u>assist the inspector in performing the inspection.</u>
- 17 (d) In conducting an inspection under this section, an
- 18 inspector may not enter or access any portion of a private residence
- 19 of a licensed breeder except as necessary to access animals,
- 20 documents, records, or other property relevant to the inspection.
- 21 (e) The inspector shall submit an inspection report to the
- 22 department not later than the 10th day after the date of the
- 23 inspection on a form prescribed by the department and provide a copy
- 24 of the report to the licensed breeder or its representative.
- Sec. 802.064. INVESTIGATIONS. On receipt of a complaint
- 26 alleging a violation of this chapter or a rule adopted under this
- 27 chapter, the department or a third-party inspector designated by

```
the department shall investigate the alleged violation.
 1
 2
          Sec. 802.065. REPORTING
                                    ANIMAL CRUELTY.
                                                          A person
 3
    conducting an inspection under Section 802.063 or 802.103 or an
   investigation under Section 802.064 shall notify the appropriate
 4
 5
    <u>local law enforcement agency not later than 24 hours after</u>
    discovering evidence of animal cruelty or neglect during the
 6
 7
    inspection or investigation.
          Sec. 802.066. ADVISORY COMMITTEE. (a) The commission
 8
 9
    shall establish an advisory committee to advise the commission and
10
    make recommendations on matters related to the administration and
11
    enforcement of this chapter, including licensing fees and standards
12
    adopted under Subchapter E.
13
          (b)
             The advisory committee consists of nine members
14
    appointed by the presiding officer of the commission with the
15
    approval of the commission as follows:
16
               (1)
                   two members who are licensed breeders;
17
               (2)
                   two members who are veterinarians;
18
               (3)
                                 who represent animal
                                                             welfare
                   two
                         members
19
   organizations;
20
               (4) two members who represent the public; and
21
               (5) one member who is an animal control officer as
22
   defined in Section 829.001, Health and Safety Code.
         (c) Members of the advisory committee serve staggered
23
24
   four-year terms. The terms of four or five members expire on
25
   February 1 of each odd-numbered year. If a vacancy occurs during a
26
   member's term, the presiding officer of the commission, with the
```

27

approval of the commission, shall appoint a replacement member to

- 1 serve for the remainder of the unexpired term.
- 2 (d) The presiding officer of the commission shall designate
- 3 one member of the advisory committee to serve as presiding officer
- 4 of the advisory committee for a two-year term. A member may serve
- 5 more than one term as presiding officer.
- 6 (e) The advisory committee shall meet annually and at the
- 7 call of the presiding officer of the advisory committee, the
- 8 presiding officer of the commission, or the executive director of
- 9 the department.
- (f) Except for the members described by Subsection (b)(1), a
- 11 person may not be a member of the advisory committee if the person
- 12 or a member of the person's household:
- 13 (1) is required to be licensed under this chapter;
- 14 (2) is an officer, employee, or paid consultant of an
- 15 entity required to be licensed under this chapter;
- 16 (3) owns or controls, either directly or indirectly,
- 17 more than a 10 percent interest in an entity required to be licensed
- 18 under this chapter; or
- 19 <u>(4) is required to register as a lobbyist under</u>
- 20 Chapter 305, Government Code, because of the person's activities
- 21 for compensation on behalf of an entity required to be licensed
- 22 under this chapter.
- 23 (g) The presiding officer of the commission may remove from
- 24 the advisory committee a member who is ineligible for membership
- 25 under Subsection (f).
- 26 (h) A member may not receive compensation for service on the
- 27 advisory committee. Subject to the department's budget and any

```
1 limitation provided by the General Appropriations Act, a committee
2 member may receive reimbursement for the actual and necessary
3 expenses incurred while performing advisory committee duties.
```

- 4 (i) A decision of the advisory committee is effective only
- 5 on a majority vote of the members present.
- (j) Chapter 2110, Government Code, does not apply to the size, composition, or duration of the advisory committee or to the appointment of the committee's presiding officer.
- 9 [Sections 802.067-802.100 reserved for expansion]

  10 SUBCHAPTER C. LICENSING OF DOG OR CAT BREEDERS
- SUBCHAPTER C. LICENSING OF DOG OR CAT BREEDERS

  Sec. 802.101. LICENSE REQUIRED. (a) A person may not act
- 12 as, offer to act as, or represent that the person is a dog or cat
- 13 breeder in this state unless the person holds a license under this
- 14 chapter for each facility that the person owns or operates in this
- 15 state. A license for a single facility may cover more than one
- 16 <u>building on the same premises.</u>
- (b) The commission by rule may establish requirements for
- 18 <u>issuance or renewal of a license issued to a dog or cat breeder</u>
- 19 under this chapter.
- Sec. 802.102. APPLICATION. An applicant for a license
- 21 <u>under this chapter must:</u>
- (1) submit to the department a completed application
- 23 on a form prescribed by the department;
- 24 (2) submit to the department the information regarding
- 25 the applicant's facilities and operations requested by the
- 26 department;
- 27 (3) demonstrate that the applicant has satisfied the

```
requirements of this chapter and rules adopted under this chapter;
 1
 2
   and
 3
               (4) pay to the department the required fee.
          Sec. 802.103. PRELICENSE INSPECTION. (a) Except as
 4
   provided by Subsection (e), the department must inspect a facility
   before a license is issued for the facility.
 6
 7
          (b) The department may not issue a license to a dog or cat
   breeder until the department receives a prelicense inspection
8
 9
   report from the inspector in a format approved by the department
   certifying that the facility meets the requirements of this chapter
10
    and rules adopted under this chapter.
11
          (c) Before the prelicense inspection may be conducted, each
12
    applicant must pay to the department the required inspection fee to
13
   be used to pay third-party inspectors and the reasonable expenses
14
   of the department related to its licensing and inspection duties
15
   under this chapter.
16
          (d) An applicant whose facility does not meet the
17
    requirements of this chapter and rules adopted under this chapter
18
   as revealed by a prelicense inspection may, after correcting
19
    deficiencies noted in the inspection report, request another
20
   prelicense inspection by paying the required fee to the department.
21
          (e) The department may not require a prelicense inspection
22
23
   of a facility for an applicant who:
24
               (1) holds a current Class A animal dealers license
25
   issued under the Animal Welfare Act (7 U.S.C. Section 2131 et seq.);
26
   and
```

27

(2) submits to the department:

_	diff a copy of the fittender, and
2	(B) on a form prescribed by the department, a
3	statement certifying that the facility meets the requirements of
4	this chapter and rules adopted under this chapter.
5	Sec. 802.104. INITIAL LICENSE. The department shall issue
6	a license to each dog or cat breeder who:
7	(1) meets the requirements of this chapter and rules
8	adopted under this chapter;
9	(2) applies to the department on the form prescribed
10	by the department; and
11	(3) pays the required fee.
12	Sec. 802.105. TERM; NONTRANSFERABILITY. A license issued
13	under this chapter is valid until the first anniversary of the date
14	of issuance and is nontransferable. The department shall include
15	the expiration date on each license issued under this chapter.
16	Sec. 802.106. LICENSE RENEWAL. (a) A licensed breeder may
17	renew the person's license by:
18	(1) submitting a renewal application to the department
19	on the form prescribed by the department;
20	(2) complying with any other renewal requirements
21	adopted by the department; and
22	(3) paying the required fee.
23	(b) A person whose license has expired may not engage in
24	activities that require a license until the license has been
25	renewed.
26	(c) The department may not renew the license of a person if
27	the person is in violation of this chapter or any rule adopted under

- 1 this chapter at the time of renewal.
- 2 Sec. 802.107. LICENSE DENIAL, REVOCATION, AND SUSPENSION.
- 3 (a) The department shall deny issuance of a license to, or refuse
- 4 to renew the license of, a person if the person or a controlling
- 5 person of the dog or cat breeder has pled guilty to, been convicted
- 6 of, or received deferred adjudication for animal cruelty or neglect
- 7 in this state or any other jurisdiction in the five years preceding
- 8 the person's initial or renewal application for a license.
- 9 (b) The department shall revoke a license if, after the
- 10 license is issued, the person or a controlling person of the dog or
- 11 cat breeder pleads guilty to, is convicted of, or receives deferred
- 12 adjudication for animal cruelty or neglect in this state or any
- 13 other jurisdiction.
- 14 (c) The department may deny issuance of a license to, refuse
- 15 to renew the license of, or revoke or suspend a license held by a
- 16 person who:
- 17 (1) fails to meet the requirements of this chapter and
- 18 rules adopted under this chapter;
- (2) has had a similar license issued by a federal,
- 20 state, or local authority denied, revoked, or suspended;
- 21 (3) has falsified any material information requested
- 22 by the department;
- (4) has failed to meet a standard adopted by rule under
- 24 this chapter; or
- (5) has failed to comply with any corrective action
- 26 required under an inspection report in the time provided by the
- 27 <u>report.</u>

```
[Sections 802.108-802.150 reserved for expansion]
 1
               SUBCHAPTER D. PRACTICE BY LICENSED BREEDER
 2
 3
          Sec. 802.151. DISPLAY OF LICENSE; APPLICABLE LAWS AND
   RULES; INCLUSION OF LICENSE NUMBER AND DEPARTMENT INFORMATION.
 4
 5
    licensed breeder shall:
               (1) prominently display a copy of the license at the
 6
 7
   breeder's facility;
               (2) maintain at the breeder's facility a printed copy
8
 9
   of this chapter and rules adopted under this chapter as made
10
    available by the department;
               (3) include the license number in each advertisement
11
12
   of the licensed breeder; and
               (4) include in each contract for the sale or transfer
13
14
   of an animal by the licensed breeder:
15
                    (A) the license number; and
                        the following statement: "Dog and cat
16
                    (B)
17
   breeders are regulated by the Texas Department of Licensing and
18
   Regulation, P.O. Box 12157, Austin, Texas 78711, 1-800-803-9202,
   512-463-6599, www.license.state.tx.us" or a similar statement
19
   adopted by commission rule that includes the department's name,
20
21
   mailing address, telephone numbers, and Internet website address.
         Sec. 802.152. CHANGE IN LICENSE INFORMATION. A licensed
22
23
   breeder shall notify the department in a manner prescribed by the
24
   department not later than the 10th day after the date any change
   occurs in the address, name, management, or controlling person of
25
26
   the business or operation.
27
          Sec. 802.153. ANNUAL INVENTORY. (a)
                                                   Not later than
```

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1 February 1 of each year, a licensed breeder shall submit to the
```

- 2 department, on a form prescribed by the department, an accounting
- 3 of all animals held at the facility at any time during the preceding
- 4 <u>calendar year</u>.
- 5 (b) The licensed breeder shall keep copies of the items
- 6 described by Subsection (a) at the licensed breeder's facility and
- 7 shall make them available on request to the department or a
- 8 third-party inspector designated by the department.
- 9 (c) A licensed breeder that has more than one facility
- 10 shall:
- (1) keep separate records for each facility; and
- 12 (2) submit a separate accounting of animals for each
- 13 facility.
- Sec. 802.154. ANIMAL RECORDS. (a) A licensed breeder shall
- 15 maintain a separate record for each animal in the breeder's
- 16 facility documenting the animal's care.
- 17 (b) The record must include:
- 18 (1) the date the animal entered the facility;
- 19 (2) if applicable, the name, address, and telephone
- 20 number of the person from whom the animal was purchased or obtained;
- 21 (3) a description of the animal, including the
- 22 animal's breed, sex, color, identifying marks, and weight;
- 23 (4) the date of birth of the animal or approximate age
- 24 if the date of birth is unknown;
- 25 (5) any tattoo, microchip, or other identification
- 26 number carried by or appearing on the animal;
- 27 (6) if the animal is a breeding female:

1	(A) breeding dates;
2	(B) dates the animal gave birth to a litter;
3	(C) number of puppies or kittens for each litter
4	of the animal; and
5	(D) the name and identification of the sire or
6	tom for each litter;
7	(7) all veterinary care provided for the animal,
8	including a record of all inoculations, medications, and other
9	veterinary medical treatment received by the animal while in the
10	possession of the licensed breeder; and
11	(8) for an animal that was at the facility but is no
12	longer at the facility:
13	(A) the date of disposition or death of the
14	animal; and
15	(B) as applicable:
16	(i) the name and address of the person to
17	whom the animal was transferred; or
18	(ii) the animal's cause of death.
19	(c) The licensed breeder shall make the animal records
20	available on request to the department or a third-party inspector
21	designated by the department.
22	(d) The commission by rule shall establish the retention
23	period for records required under this section.
24	[Sections 802.155-802.200 reserved for expansion]
25	SUBCHAPTER E. STANDARDS OF CARE AND CONFINEMENT
26	Sec. 802.201. ADOPTION OF STANDARDS. (a) The commission
27	shall adopt rules establishing minimum standards for the humane

```
handling, care, housing, and transportation of dogs and cats by a
 1
    dog or cat breeder to ensure the overall health, safety, and
 2
    well-being of each animal in the breeder's possession.
 3
 4
               The standards adopted under this section must:
          (b)
 5
               (1) at a minimum, meet federal regulations;
 6
               (2) require that, unless otherwise certified by a
 7
    veterinarian in the manner prescribed by the department, a licensed
    breeder, if applicable, provide each dog 12 weeks of age and older
 8
    with at least one hour of daily exercise in an area that:
 9
                     (A) has a surface that has adequate drainage and
10
    that will not adversely affect the dog's health or well-being, and
11
12
    that may be composed of natural turf or soil;
                     (B) provides adequate protection against harsh
13
14
    weather, including exposure to the sun; and
                     (C) has at least three times more square feet
15
16
    than the dog's primary enclosure;
               (3) require that an adequate period consistent with
17
18
    breed standards elapse between the breeding cycles of each adult
19
    intact female animal;
20
               (4) require that a dog or cat breeder provide basic
    grooming to each animal, including bathing and nail trimming, as
21
    needed to prevent any condition that adversely affects the animal's
22
    health and cleanliness;
23
24
               (5) require that all primary enclosures:
25
                     (A) be composed of materials that are safe for
   the animal based on the animal's breed, size, and age;
26
27
                     (B) have adequate space to allow the animal to
```

```
comfortably stand, sit, turn around, and lie down in a natural
 1
 2
   position;
                    (C) have adequate drainage; and
 3
 4
                    (D)
                        if any portion of the floor surface is
    composed of wire or a slatted material, be free from any protruding,
 5
    sharp surfaces and be designed so the animal's paws are unable to
 6
 7
    extend through, or become caught in, the floor;
               (6) prohibit the placement of a primary enclosure of
 8
 9
   an animal on top of the primary enclosure of another animal, unless
    an impervious barrier designed to prevent the transfer of any
10
11
    liquid or animal waste from one enclosure to the other is placed
    between the enclosures;
12
               (7) prohibit the stacking of the primary enclosures of
13
14
   dogs above three vertical levels;
               (8) require at least one regular veterinary
15
16
    examination a year for a breeding animal;
17
               (9) require that a dog or cat breeder maintain at each
   of the breeder's facilities a written health care management
18
19
   protocol that addresses routine and preventive_care;
20
               (10) ensure that necessary routine and preventive care
   is provided to each animal and that each animal receives
21
   appropriate care and treatment for any disease or illness that
22
23
   affects the animal's health or well-being;
24
               (11) prohibit a person from euthanizing an animal or
25
   performing a surgical birth of an animal unless the person is a
26
   veterinarian;
27
               (12) require appropriate training for any person whose
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- 1 duties and responsibilities include the handling of or caring for
- 2 <u>an animal in a dog or cat breeder's facility; and</u>
- 3 (13) prohibit a dog or cat breeder from selling,
- 4 trading, or giving away an animal before the animal is eight weeks
- 5 of age.
- 6 (c) The commission by rule may modify existing standards as
- 7 necessary to protect or improve the health and well-being of
- 8 animals or to protect the health and safety of the public.
- 9 [Sections 802.202-802.250 reserved for expansion]
- 10 <u>SUBCHAPTER F. ENFORCEMENT</u>
- 11 Sec. 802.251. DISCIPLINARY ACTION; ADMINISTRATIVE PENALTY.
- 12 If a person violates this chapter or a rule adopted under this
- 13 chapter, the person is subject to any action or penalty under
- 14 Subchapter F or G, Chapter 51.
- SECTION 3. Not later than January 1, 2012, the presiding
- 16 officer of the Texas Commission of Licensing and Regulation shall
- 17 appoint the members of the advisory committee established under
- 18 Section 802.066, Occupations Code, as added by this Act.
- 19 SECTION 4. Not later than March 31, 2012, the Texas
- 20 Commission of Licensing and Regulation shall adopt the rules,
- 21 standards, procedures, and fees necessary to implement Chapter 802,
- 22 Occupations Code, as added by this Act, and Section 5 of this Act.
- SECTION 5. Notwithstanding Chapter 802, Occupations Code,
- 24 as added by this Act, a dog or cat breeder is not required to:
- 25 (1) hold a license under that chapter to act as a dog
- 26 or cat breeder before September 1, 2012; or
- 27 (2) comply with the standards adopted under Subchapter

- 1 E, Chapter 802, Occupations Code, as added by this Act, before
- 2 September 1, 2012.

- 3 SECTION 6. This Act takes effect immediately if it receives
- 4 a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as
- 5 provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If this
- 6 Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate effect, this
- 7 Act takes effect September 1, 2011.

## **ADOPTED**

	FLOOR AMENDMENT NO. / MAY 2 3 2011  BY: Whitmire
	Secretary of the Senate
1	Amend C.S.H.B. No 1451 (senate committee report) as
2	follows:
3	(1) In SECTION 2 of the bill, in proposed Section
4	802.002(8), Occupations Code (page 1, line 44), between
5	"consideration" and the period, insert "and who sells or
6	exchanges, or offers to sell or exchange, not fewer than 20
7	animals in a calendar year"
8	(2) In SECTION 2 of the bill, strike proposed Section
9	802.005, Occupations Code (page 2, lines 26 through 42), and
10	substitute the following:
11	Sec. 802.005. EXEMPTION FOR CERTAIN PERSONS WHO BREED
12	SPECIAL PURPOSE DOGS. (a) This section applies only to a dog
13	bred with the intent that it be used primarily for:
14	(1) herding livestock, as defined by Section 1.003,
15	Agriculture Code, or other agricultural uses;
16	(2) hunting, including tracking, chasing, pointing,
17	flushing, or retrieving game; or
18	(3) competing in field trials, hunting tests, or
19	similar organized performance events.
20	(b) This chapter does not apply to a person to the extent
21	the person breeds dogs described by Subsection (a) for personal
22	use. A person described by this subsection may conduct direct
23	or indirect sales or exchanges in return for consideration of
24	dogs described by Subsection (a).
25	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (b), a person described by
26	Subsection (b) may be subject to the requirements of this
27	chapter based on the person's activities with respect to animals

11.143.7 MAW

other than dogs that are bred and used as described by this

28

29

section.

- 1 (d) Dogs described by Subsection (a) may not be counted
- 2 for purposes of determining the number of adult intact female
- 3 <u>animals possessed</u> by a person as described by Section
- 4 802.002(8).
- 5 (3) In SECTION 2 of the bill, in proposed Section
- 6 802.059(b)(2), Occupations Code (page 3, line 32), strike
- 7 "projects" and substitute "actions".
- 8 (4) In SECTION 2 of the bill, in proposed Section
- 9 802.059(b)(2), Occupations Code (page 3, line 33), strike "this
- 10 <u>chapter;</u> and substitute "and enforce this chapter; and".
- 11 (5) In SECTION 2 of the bill, in proposed Section
- 12 802.059(b)(3), Occupations Code (page 3, lines 36 and 37),
- 13 strike "; and" and substitute an underlined period.
- 14 (6) In SECTION 2 of the bill, strike proposed Section
- 15 802.059(b)(4), Occupations Code (page 3, lines 38 through 40).
- 16 (7) In SECTION 2 of the bill, following proposed Section
- 17 802.059(e), Occupations Code (page 3, between lines 48 and 49),
- 18 insert the following:
- 19 <u>(f) The executive director of the department must approve</u>
- 20 any expenditure from the account.
- 21 (g) The department shall report its use of the account in
- 22 <u>its quarterly financial report to the commission.</u>
- 23 (8) In SECTION 2 of the bill, strike proposed Section
- 24 802.061, Occupations Code (page 3, lines 57 through 61), and
- 25 renumber subsequent proposed sections of Subchapter B, Chapter
- 26 .802, Occupations Code, accordingly.
- 27 (9) In SECTION 2 of the bill, in proposed Section
- 28 802.063(b), Occupations Code (page 4, line 4), strike "may" and
- 29 substitute "must be given a reasonable opportunity to".
- 30 (10) In SECTION 2 of the bill, in proposed Section
- 31 802.063(c), Occupations Code (page 4, line 5), strike "The 2 11.143.7 MAW

- 1 department or third-party inspector may not" and substitute "If
- 2 <u>necessary to adequately perform the inspection, the department</u>
- 3 or third-party inspector may determine it is appropriate to
- 4 not".
- 5 (11) In SECTION 2 of the bill, strike proposed Section
- 6 802.063(d), Occupations Code (page 4, lines 10 through 13), and
- 7 substitute the following:
- 8 (d) In conducting an inspection under this section, an
- 9 <u>inspector may not enter or access any portion of a private</u>
- 10 residence of a licensed breeder except as necessary to access
- 11 animals or other property relevant to the care of the animals.
- 12 The inspector may request that relevant documents or records be
- 13 provided for inspection.
- 14 (12) In SECTION 2 of the bill, in proposed Section
- 15 802.066(b)(3), Occupations Code (page 4, line 39), between
- 16 "organizations" and the underlined semicolon, insert "each of
- 17 which has an office based in this state".
- 18 (13) In SECTION 2 of the bill, in proposed Section
- 19 802.154(a), Occupations Code (page 7, line 16), between "(a)"
- 20 and "A", insert "The commission shall adopt rules establishing
- 21 the minimum information that a licensed breeder must maintain
- 22 for each animal in the breeder's facility.".
- 23 (14) In SECTION 2 of the bill, strike proposed Section
- 24 802.154(b), Occupations Code (page 7, lines 19 through 47), and
- 25 renumber subsequent proposed subsections of Section 802.154,
- 26 Occupations Code, accordingly.
- 27 (15) In SECTION 2 of the bill, in proposed Section
- 28 802.201(b)(4), Occupations Code (page 8, lines 8 through 10),
- 29 strike "as needed to prevent any condition that adversely
- 30 affects the animal's health and cleanliness" and substitute "to
- 31 the extent required to maintain the animal in a state of good
  3 11.143.7 MAW

- 1 <u>health</u>".
- 2 (16) In SECTION 2 of the bill, in proposed Section
- 3 802.201(b)(10), Occupations Code (page 8, lines 36 through 37),
- 4 . strike "that affects the animal's health or well-being" and
- 5 substitute ", to the extent required to maintain the animal in a
- 6 state of good health".

FLOOR AMENDMENT NO. 4

- 1 Amend CSHB 1451 (Senate committee printing) in SECTION 2 of
- 2 the bill, in Section 802.021(b)(11), Occupations Code (page 8,
- 3 line 38), between "an" and "animal", insert "adult".

ADOPTED

MAY 2 3 2011

Latary Secretary of the Senate

## FISCAL NOTE, 82ND LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

#### May 24, 2011

TO: Honorable Joe Straus, Speaker of the House, House of Representatives

FROM: John S O'Brien, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB1451 by Thompson (Relating to the licensing and regulation of certain dog and cat

breeders; providing penalties.), As Passed 2nd House

**Estimated Two-year Net Impact to General Revenue Related Funds** for HB1451, As Passed 2nd House: an impact of \$0 through the biennium ending August 31, 2013.

The bill would make no appropriation but could provide the legal basis for an appropriation of funds to implement the provisions of the bill.

#### **General Revenue-Related Funds, Five-Year Impact:**

Fiscal Year	Probable Net Positive/(Negative) Impact to General Revenue Related Funds
2012	\$0
2013	\$0
2014	\$0
2015	\$0
2016	\$0

#### All Funds, Five-Year Impact:

Fiscal Year	Probable Savings/(Cost) from General Revenue Fund 1	Probable Revenue Gain/ (Loss) from General Revenue Fund 1	Change in Number of State Employees from FY 2011
2012	(\$565,242)	\$565,242	6.0
2013	(\$565,242)	\$565,242	6.0
2014	(\$565,242)	\$565,242	6.0
2015	(\$565,242)	\$565,242	6.0
2016	(\$565,242)	\$565,242	6.0

### **Fiscal Analysis**

The bill would require the Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation (TDLR) to license and regulate dog and cat breeders and dealers, defined as a person who possesses 11 or more adult intact female animals, providing exemptions. The bill would require TDLR to establish eligibility requirements for licenses, to conduct criminal background checks on applicants, and to annually inspect each facility of a licensed breeder. The bill would require TDLR to establish qualifications and training for registered breeder inspectors employed by the agency. The bill would also require TDLR to inspect a facility before an initial breeder license is issued for the facility. The bill would establish an advisory committee. The bill would authorize TDLR to set a licensing fee and a nonrefundable inspection fee. Licensing fees generated under the provisions of the bill for the purposes of funding the regulation of licensed dog and cat breeders and dealers would be deposited to the credit of the General

#### Revenue Fund.

The bill would establish a new Dog or Cat Breeder Training and Enforcement Account as a separate account in the General Revenue Fund for the purposes defined in the bill. The bill would require administrative penalties collected under Chapter 51, Subchapter F, related to the regulation of dog and cat breeders and dealers to be deposited to the credit of the new account.

This legislation would do one or more of the following: create or recreate a dedicated account in the General Revenue Fund, create or recreate a special or trust fund either with or outside of the Treasury, or create a dedicated revenue source. Legislative policy, implemented as Government Code 403.094, consolidated special funds (except those affected by constitutional, federal, or other restrictions) into the General Revenue Fund as of August 31, 1993 and eliminated all applicable statutory revenue dedications as of August 31, 1995. Each subsequent Legislature has reviewed bills that affect funds consolidation. The fund, account, or revenue dedication included in this bill would be subject to funds consolidation review by the current Legislature.

The bill would require TDLR to maintain a directory of licensed breeders to prepare information of consumer interest regarding the regulation of licensed breeders and the rights of a consumer. The bill would require TDLR to adopt, with the advice of the advisory committee, standards of care to ensure the overall health and welfare of each animal in the licensed breeder's facility. The bill would establish a civil penalty for any violation and would authorize the executive director of TDLR to issue a cease and desist or emergency order as necessary to enforce the regulations.

The bill would take effect immediately upon receiving a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house; otherwise, the bill would take effect September 1, 2011.

#### Methodology

Based on information provided by TDLR, the estimated population of commercial dog and cat breeders within the state of Texas is 600 and the number of third party inspectors to 50. Also based on the analysis of TDLR, it is assumed that an additional 6.0 FTEs would be required to license, regulate and enforce the provisions of the bill. This would include: 1.0 - Investigator IV: to investigate and document complaints; 1.0 - Legal Assistant II: to review complaints to determine if jurisdiction applies; 1.0 - Program Specialist IV: to determine compliance with statute and rules; interact with industry, municipalities, and public, and to coordinate and improve program; 2.0 - Inspector IV: to answer inquiries; assist with enforcement investigations; audit the Third party inspectors and conduct inspections; 1.0 - Customer Service Representative III to answer phone calls and e-mail. For purposes of this analysis, it is assumed that required inspections and investigations would be performed by state employees of TDLR that qualify as registered breeder inspectors.

TDLR also anticipates receiving 600 complaints per year resulting in 27 hearings per year and conducting 600 pre-licensure inspections in fiscal year 2012. In addition, TDLR anticipates a cost of \$625 for each controlling person requiring a criminal history background check and \$625 in costs for issuing plastic credit card type licenses for the controlling persons and third party inspectors. TDLR assumes 50 inspectors, who are either employed by a state agency, local law enforcement or local fire department would register as third party inspectors. Based on information provided by TDLR, this analyis also assumes that the agency would contract with third party inspectors in the amounts of \$150,000 each year to implement the provisions of the bill.

In addition to salary and benefit costs in the amount of \$330,922 each year, it is assumed that the agency would incur other costs of \$16,200 each year in rent for space for the additional FTEs in non-state-owned buildings, \$19,000 each year in annual travel costs, \$38,870 in FY 2012 for equipment costs, \$1,250 each year in professional services and \$9,000 each year for other operating expenses.

This analysis assumes that any increased costs to the agency, which is statutorily required to generate sufficient revenue to cover its costs of operation, would be offset by an increase in fee generated revenue. For the purposes of this analysis, no estimate is included for revenue gains or costs to the newly created Dog or Cat Breeder Training and Enforcement Account in the General Revenue Fund because administrative penalties that would be assessed subsequent to the implementation of the bill

can not be determined.
Local Government Impact
No significant fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.
Source Agencies: 452 Department of Licensing and Regulation, 304 Comptroller of Public Accounts LBB Staff: JOB, ESi, AG, MW, CWS, SD

#### FISCAL NOTE, 82ND LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

#### May 18, 2011

TO: Honorable John Whitmire, Chair, Senate Committee on Criminal Justice

FROM: John S O'Brien, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB1451 by Thompson (Relating to the licensing and regulation of certain dog and cat breeders; providing penalties.), Committee Report 2nd House, Substituted

Estimated Two-year Net Impact to General Revenue Related Funds for HB1451, Committee Report 2nd House, Substituted: an impact of \$0 through the biennium ending August 31, 2013.

The bill would make no appropriation but could provide the legal basis for an appropriation of funds to implement the provisions of the bill.

### General Revenue-Related Funds, Five-Year Impact:

Fiscal Year	Probable Net Positive/(Negative) Impact to General Revenue Related Funds
2012	\$0
2013	\$0
2014	\$0
2015	\$0
2016	\$0

## All Funds, Five-Year Impact:

Fiscal Year	Probable Savings/(Cost) from General Revenue Fund 1	Probable Revenue Gain/ (Loss) from General Revenue Fund 1	Change in Number of State Employees from FY 2011
2012	(\$565,242)	\$565,242	6.0
2013	(\$565,242)	\$565,242	6.0
2014	(\$565,242)	\$565,242	6.0
2015	(\$565,242)	\$565,242	6.0
2016	(\$565,242)	\$565,242	6.0

### **Fiscal Analysis**

The bill would require the Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation (TDLR) to license and regulate dog and cat breeders and dealers, defined as a person who possesses 11 or more adult intact female animals, providing exemptions. The bill would require TDLR to establish eligibility requirements for licenses, to conduct criminal background checks on applicants, and to annually inspect each facility of a licensed breeder. The bill would require TDLR to establish qualifications and training for registered breeder inspectors employed by the agency. The bill would also require TDLR to inspect a facility before an initial breeder license is issued for the facility. The bill would establish an advisory committee. The bill would authorize TDLR to set a licensing fee and a nonrefundable inspection fee. Licensing fees generated under the provisions of the bill for the purposes of funding the regulation of licensed dog and cat breeders and dealers would be deposited to the credit of the General

#### Revenue Fund.

The bill would establish a new Dog or Cat Breeder Training and Enforcement Account as a separate account in the General Revenue Fund for the purposes defined in the bill. The bill would require administrative penalties collected under Chapter 51, Subchapter F, related to the regulation of dog and cat breeders and dealers to be deposited to the credit of the new account.

This legislation would do one or more of the following: create or recreate a dedicated account in the General Revenue Fund, create or recreate a special or trust fund either with or outside of the Treasury, or create a dedicated revenue source. Legislative policy, implemented as Government Code 403.094, consolidated special funds (except those affected by constitutional, federal, or other restrictions) into the General Revenue Fund as of August 31, 1993 and eliminated all applicable statutory revenue dedications as of August 31, 1995. Each subsequent Legislature has reviewed bills that affect funds consolidation. The fund, account, or revenue dedication included in this bill would be subject to funds consolidation review by the current Legislature.

The bill would require TDLR to maintain a directory of licensed breeders to prepare information of consumer interest regarding the regulation of licensed breeders and the rights of a consumer. The bill would require TDLR to adopt, with the advice of the advisory committee, standards of care to ensure the overall health and welfare of each animal in the licensed breeder's facility. The bill would establish a civil penalty for any violation and would authorize the executive director of TDLR to issue a cease and desist or emergency order as necessary to enforce the regulations.

The bill would take effect immediately upon receiving a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house; otherwise, the bill would take effect September 1, 2011.

### Methodology

Based on information provided by TDLR, the estimated population of commercial dog and cat breeders within the state of Texas is 600 and the number of third party inspectors to 50. Also based on the analysis of TDLR, it is assumed that an additional 6.0 FTEs would be required to license, regulate and enforce the provisions of the bill. This would include: 1.0 - Investigator IV: to investigate and document complaints; 1.0 - Legal Assistant II: to review complaints to determine if jurisdiction applies; 1.0 - Program Specialist IV: to determine compliance with statute and rules; interact with industry, municipalities, and public, and to coordinate and improve program; 2.0 - Inspector IV: to answer inquiries; assist with enforcement investigations; audit the Third party inspectors and conduct inspections; 1.0 - Customer Service Representative III to answer phone calls and e-mail. For purposes of this analysis, it is assumed that required inspections and investigations would be performed by state employees of TDLR that qualify as registered breeder inspectors.

TDLR also anticipates receiving 600 complaints per year resulting in 27 hearings per year and conducting 600 pre-licensure inspections in fiscal year 2012. In addition, TDLR anticipates a cost of \$625 for each controlling person requiring a criminal history background check and \$625 in costs for issuing plastic credit card type licenses for the controlling persons and third party inspectors. TDLR assumes 50 inspectors, who are either employed by a state agency, local law enforcement or local fire department would register as third party inspectors. Based on information provided by TDLR, this analyis also assumes that the agency would contract with third party inspectors in the amounts of \$150,000 each year to implement the provisions of the bill.

In addition to salary and benefit costs in the amount of \$330,922 each year, it is assumed that the agency would incur other costs of \$16,200 each year in rent for space for the additional FTEs in non-state-owned buildings, \$19,000 each year in annual travel costs, \$38,870 in FY 2012 for equipment costs, \$1,250 each year in professional services and \$9,000 each year for other operating expenses.

This analysis assumes that any increased costs to the agency, which is statutorily required to generate sufficient revenue to cover its costs of operation, would be offset by an increase in fee generated revenue. For the purposes of this analysis, no estimate is included for revenue gains or costs to the newly created Dog or Cat Breeder Training and Enforcement Account in the General Revenue Fund because administrative penalties that would be assessed subsequent to the implementation of the bill

can not be determined.

## **Local Government Impact**

No significant fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source Agencies: 452 Department of Licensing and Regulation, 304 Comptroller of Public Accounts

LBB Staff: JOB, ESi, AG, MW, CWS, SD

### FISCAL NOTE, 82ND LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

#### May 10, 2011

TO: Honorable John Whitmire, Chair, Senate Committee on Criminal Justice

FROM: John S O'Brien, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB1451 by Thompson (Relating to the licensing and regulation of certain dog and cat breeders; providing penalties.), As Engrossed

Estimated Two-year Net Impact to General Revenue Related Funds for HB1451, As Engrossed: an impact of \$0 through the biennium ending August 31, 2013.

The bill would make no appropriation but could provide the legal basis for an appropriation of funds to implement the provisions of the bill.

### General Revenue-Related Funds, Five-Year Impact:

Fiscal Year	Probable Net Positive/(Negative) Impact to General Revenue Related Funds
2012	\$0
2013	\$0
2014	\$0
2015	\$0
2016	\$0

#### All Funds, Five-Year Impact:

Fiscal Year	Probable Savings/(Cost) from General Revenue Fund 1	Probable Revenue Gain/ (Loss) from General Revenue Fund 1	Change in Number of State Employees from FY 2011
2012	(\$1,342,755)	\$1,342,755	14.5
2013	(\$1,258,403)	\$1,258,403	14.5
2014	(\$1,258,403)	\$1,258,403	14.5
2015	(\$1,258,403)	\$1,258,403	14.5
2016	(\$1,258,403)	\$1,258,403	14.5

## **Fiscal Analysis**

The bill would require the Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation (TDLR) to license and regulate dog and cat breeders and dealers, defined as a person who possesses 11 or more adult intact female animals. The bill would require TDLR to establish eligibility requirements for licenses, to conduct criminal background checks on applicants, and to annually inspect each facility of a licensed breeder. The bill would require TDLR to establish qualifications and training for registered breeder inspectors employed by the agency. The bill would also require TDLR to inspect a facility before an initial breeder license is issued for the facility. The bill would establish an advisory committee. The bill would authorize TDLR to set a licensing fee and a nonrefundable inspection fee. Licensing fees generated under the provisions of the bill for the purposes of funding the regulation of licensed dog and cat breeders and dealers would be deposited to the credit of the General Revenue Fund.

The bill would establish a new Dog or Cat Breeder Training and Enforcement Account as a separate account in the General Revenue Fund for the purposes defined in the bill. The bill would require administrative penalties collected under Chapter 51, Subchapter F, related to the regulation of dog and cat breeders and dealers to be deposited to the credit of the new account.

This legislation would do one or more of the following: create or recreate a dedicated account in the General Revenue Fund, create or recreate a special or trust fund either with or outside of the Treasury, or create a dedicated revenue source. Legislative policy, implemented as Government Code 403.094, consolidated special funds (except those affected by constitutional, federal, or other restrictions) into the General Revenue Fund as of August 31, 1993 and eliminated all applicable statutory revenue dedications as of August 31, 1995. Each subsequent Legislature has reviewed bills that affect funds consolidation. The fund, account, or revenue dedication included in this bill would be subject to funds consolidation review by the current Legislature.

The bill would require TDLR to maintain a directory of licensed breeders to prepare information of consumer interest regarding the regulation of licensed breeders and the rights of a consumer. The bill would require TDLR to adopt, with the advice of the advisory committee, standards of care to ensure the overall health and welfare of each animal in the licensed breeder's facility. The bill would establish a civil penalty for any violation and would authorize the executive director of TDLR to issue a cease and desist or emergency order as necessary to enforce the regulations.

The bill would take effect immediately upon receiving a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house; otherwise, the bill would take effect September 1, 2011.

#### Methodology

Based on information provided by TDLR, the estimated population of commercial dog and cat breeders within the state of Texas is 1,000 and the estimated population of controlling persons who are the employees of breeders is estimated to be 2,000. Also based on the analysis of TDLR, it is assumed that an additional 14.5 FTEs would be required to license, regulate and enforce the provisions of the bill. This would include: 2.0 - Investigator IV: to investigate and document complaints; 1.5 - Attorney IV: to finalize Notices of Alleged Violations and prosecute complaints; 3.0 - Legal Assistant III: to assist the prosecutor and issue Notices of Alleged Violations; 1.5 - Administrative Assistant III: to field general enforcement questions and process initial submission of complaints; 2.0 - Legal Assistant II: to review complaints to determine if jurisdiction applies; 1.0 - Program Specialist IV: to determine compliance with statute and rules; interact with industry, municipalities, and public, and to coordinate and improve program; 2.0 - Inspector IV: to answer inquiries; assist with enforcement investigations; audit the Third party inspectors and conduct inspections; 0.5 - Systems Analyst IV: to create and maintain computer program to process new and renewal licenses; 1.0 - General Counsel III: to draft rules and provide legal interpretations to the agency and the public. For purposes of this analysis, it is assumed that required inspections and investigations would be performed by state employees of TDLR that qualify as registered breeder inspectors.

TDLR also anticipates receiving 1,000 complaints per year resulting in 45 hearings per year and conducting 965 pre-licensure inspections in fiscal year 2012. In addition, TDLR anticipates a cost of \$2,000 for each controlling person requiring a criminal history background check and \$2,181 in costs for issuing plastic credit card type licenses for the controlling persons and third party inspectors. TDLR assumes 181 inspectors, who are either employed by a state agency, local law enforcement or local fire department would register as third party inspectors. Based on information provided by TDLR, this analyis also assumes that the agency would contract with third party inspectors in the amounts of \$223,000 in 2012 and \$230,000 in each subsequent year to implement the provisions of the bill.

In addition to salary and benefit costs in the amount of \$937,446 each year, it is assumed that the agency would incur other costs of \$39,150 each year in rent for space for the additional FTEs in non-state-owned buildings, \$25,875 each year in annual travel costs, \$91,352.50 in FY 2012 for equipment costs, \$4,181 each year in professional services, and \$21,750 each year for other operating expenses.

This analysis assumes that any increased costs to the agency, which is statutorily required to generate

sufficient revenue to cover its costs of operation, would be offset by an increase in fee generated revenue. For the purposes of this analysis, no estimate is included for revenue gains or costs to the newly created Dog or Cat Breeder Training and Enforcement Account in the General Revenue Fund because administrative penalties that would be assessed subsequent to the implementation of the bill can not be determined.

#### **Local Government Impact**

No significant fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source Agencies: 452 Department of Licensing and Regulation, 304 Comptroller of Public Accounts

LBB Staff: JOB, ESi, AG, MW, CWS, SD

## FISCAL NOTE, 82ND LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION Revision 2

### **April 15, 2011**

**TO:** Honorable Mike Hamilton, Chair, House Committee on Licensing & Administrative Procedures

FROM: John S O'Brien, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB1451 by Thompson (Relating to the licensing and regulation of certain dog and cat breeders; providing penalties.), Committee Report 1st House, Substituted

Estimated Two-year Net Impact to General Revenue Related Funds for HB1451, Committee Report 1st House, Substituted: an impact of \$0 through the biennium ending August 31, 2013.

The bill would make no appropriation but could provide the legal basis for an appropriation of funds to implement the provisions of the bill.

#### General Revenue-Related Funds, Five-Year Impact:

Fiscal Year	Probable Net Positive/(Negative) Impact to General Revenue Related Funds
2012	\$0
2013	\$0
2014	\$0
2015	\$0
2016	\$0

#### All Funds, Five-Year Impact:

Fiscal Year	Probable Savings/(Cost) from General Revenue Fund 1	Probable Revenue Gain/ (Loss) from General Revenue Fund 1	Change in Number of State Employees from FY 2011
2012	(\$1,342,755)	\$1,342,755	14.5
2013	(\$1,258,403)	\$1,258,403	14.5
2014	(\$1,258,403)	\$1,258,403	14.5
2015	(\$1,258,403)	\$1,258,403	14.5
2016	(\$1,258,403)	\$1,258,403	14.5

## Fiscal Analysis

The bill would require the Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation (TDLR) to license and regulate dog and cat breeders and dealers, defined as a person who possesses 11 or more adult intact female animals. The bill would require TDLR to establish eligibility requirements for licenses, to conduct criminal background checks on applicants, and to annually inspect each facility of a licensed breeder. The bill would require TDLR to establish qualifications and training for registered breeder inspectors employed by the agency. The bill would also require TDLR to inspect a facility before an initial breeder license is issued for the facility. The bill would establish an advisory committee. The bill would authorize TDLR to set a licensing fee and a nonrefundable inspection fee. Licensing fees

generated under the provisions of the bill for the purposes of funding the regulation of licensed dog and cat breeders and dealers would be deposited to the credit of the General Revenue Fund.

The bill would establish a new Dog or Cat Breeder Training and Enforcement Account as a separate account in the General Revenue Fund for the purposes defined in the bill. The bill would require administrative penalties collected under Chapter 51, Subchapter F, related to the regulation of dog and cat breeders and dealers to be deposited to the credit of the new account.

This legislation would do one or more of the following: create or recreate a dedicated account in the General Revenue Fund, create or recreate a special or trust fund either with or outside of the Treasury, or create a dedicated revenue source. Legislative policy, implemented as Government Code 403.094, consolidated special funds (except those affected by constitutional, federal, or other restrictions) into the General Revenue Fund as of August 31, 1993 and eliminated all applicable statutory revenue dedications as of August 31, 1995. Each subsequent Legislature has reviewed bills that affect funds consolidation. The fund, account, or revenue dedication included in this bill would be subject to funds consolidation review by the current Legislature.

The bill would require TDLR to maintain a directory of licensed breeders to prepare information of consumer interest regarding the regulation of licensed breeders and the rights of a consumer. The bill would require TDLR to adopt, with the advice of the advisory committee, standards of care to ensure the overall health and welfare of each animal in the licensed breeder's facility. The bill would establish a civil penalty for any violation and would authorize the executive director of TDLR to issue a cease and desist or emergency order as necessary to enforce the regulations.

The bill would take effect immediately upon receiving a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house; otherwise, the bill would take effect September 1, 2011.

## Methodology

Based on information provided by TDLR, the estimated population of commercial dog and cat breeders within the state of Texas is 1,000 and the estimated population of controlling persons who are the employees of breeders is estimated to be 2,000. Also based on the analysis of TDLR, it is assumed that an additional 14.5 FTEs would be required to license, regulate and enforce the provisions of the bill. This would include: 2.0 - Investigator IV: to investigate and document complaints; 1.5 - Attorney IV: to finalize Notices of Alleged Violations and prosecute complaints; 3.0 - Legal Assistant III: to assist the prosecutor and issue Notices of Alleged Violations; 1.5 - Administrative Assistant III: to field general enforcement questions and process initial submission of complaints; 2.0 - Legal Assistant II: to review complaints to determine if jurisdiction applies; 1.0 - Program Specialist IV: to determine compliance with statute and rules; interact with industry, municipalities, and public, and to coordinate and improve program; 2.0 - Inspector IV: to answer inquiries; assist with enforcement investigations; audit the Third party inspectors and conduct inspections; 0.5 - Systems Analyst IV: to create and maintain computer program to process new and renewal licenses; 1.0 - General Counsel III: to draft rules and provide legal interpretations to the agency and the public. For purposes of this analysis, it is assumed that required inspections and investigations would be performed by state employees of TDLR that qualify as registered breeder inspectors.

TDLR also anticipates receiving 1,000 complaints per year resulting in 45 hearings per year and conducting 965 pre-licensure inspections in fiscal year 2012. In addition, TDLR anticipates a cost of \$2,000 for each controlling person requiring a criminal history background check and \$2,181 in costs for issuing plastic credit card type licenses for the controlling persons and third party inspectors. TDLR assumes 181 inspectors, who are either employed by a state agency, local law enforcement or local fire department would register as third party inspectors. Based on information provided by TDLR, this analyis also assumes that the agency would contract with third party inspectors in the amounts of \$223,000 in 2012 and \$230,000 in each subsequent year to implement the provisions of the bill.

In addition to salary and benefit costs in the amount of \$937,446 each year, it is assumed that the agency would incur other costs of \$39,150 each year in rent for space for the additional FTEs in non-state-owned buildings, \$25,875 each year in annual travel costs, \$91,352.50 in FY 2012 for equipment

costs, \$4,181 each year in professional services, and \$21,750 each year for other operating expenses.

This analysis assumes that any increased costs to the agency, which is statutorily required to generate sufficient revenue to cover its costs of operation, would be offset by an increase in fee generated revenue. For the purposes of this analysis, no estimate is included for revenue gains or costs to the newly created Dog or Cat Breeder Training and Enforcement Account in the General Revenue Fund because administrative penalties that would be assessed subsequent to the implementation of the bill can not be determined.

#### **Local Government Impact**

No significant fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source Agencies: 452 Department of Licensing and Regulation, 304 Comptroller of Public Accounts

LBB Staff: JOB, AG, MW, CWS, SD

## FISCAL NOTE, 82ND LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION Revision 1

### **April 14, 2011**

**TO:** Honorable Mike Hamilton, Chair, House Committee on Licensing & Administrative Procedures

FROM: John S O'Brien, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB1451 by Thompson (Relating to the licensing and regulation of certain dog and cat breeders; providing penalties.), Committee Report 1st House, Substituted

Estimated Two-year Net Impact to General Revenue Related Funds for HB1451, Committee Report 1st House, Substituted: an impact of \$0 through the biennium ending August 31, 2013.

The bill would make no appropriation but could provide the legal basis for an appropriation of funds to implement the provisions of the bill.

#### General Revenue-Related Funds, Five-Year Impact:

Fiscal Year	Probable Net Positive/(Negative) Impact to General Revenue Related Funds
2012	\$0
2013	\$0
2014	\$0
2015	\$0
2016	\$0

## All Funds, Five-Year Impact:

Fiscal Year	Probable Savings/(Cost) from General Revenue Fund 1	Probable Revenue Gain/ (Loss) from General Revenue Fund 1	Change in Number of State Employees from FY 2011
2012	(\$1,342,755)	\$1,342,755	14.5
2013	(\$1,258,403)	\$1,258,403	14.5
2014	(\$1,258,403)	\$1,258,403	14.5
2015	(\$1,258,403)	\$1,258,403	14.5
2016	(\$1,258,403)	\$1,258,403	14.5

## Fiscal Analysis

The bill would require the Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation (TDLR) to license and regulate dog and cat breeders and dealers, defined as a person who possesses 11 or more adult intact female animals. The bill would require TDLR to establish eligibility requirements for licenses, to conduct criminal background checks on applicants, and to annually inspect each facility of a licensed breeder. The bill would require TDLR to establish qualifications and training for registered breeder inspectors employed by the agency. The bill would also require TDLR to inspect a facility before an initial breeder license is issued for the facility. The bill would establish an advisory committee. The bill would authorize TDLR to set a licensing fee and a nonrefundable inspection fee. Licensing fees

generated under the provisions of the bill for the purposes of funding the regulation of licensed dog and cat breeders and dealers would be deposited to the credit of the General Revenue Fund.

The bill would establish a new Dog or Cat Breeder Training and Enforcement Account as a separate account in the General Revenue Fund for the purposes defined in the bill. The bill would require administrative penalties collected under Chapter 51, Subchapter F, related to the regulation of dog and cat breeders and dealers to be deposited to the credit of the new account.

This legislation would do one or more of the following: create or recreate a dedicated account in the General Revenue Fund, create or recreate a special or trust fund either with or outside of the Treasury, or create a dedicated revenue source. Legislative policy, implemented as Government Code 403.094, consolidated special funds (except those affected by constitutional, federal, or other restrictions) into the General Revenue Fund as of August 31, 1993 and eliminated all applicable statutory revenue dedications as of August 31, 1995. Each subsequent Legislature has reviewed bills that affect funds consolidation. The fund, account, or revenue dedication included in this bill would be subject to funds consolidation review by the current Legislature.

The bill would require TDLR to maintain a directory of licensed breeders to prepare information of consumer interest regarding the regulation of licensed breeders and the rights of a consumer. The bill would require TDLR to adopt, with the advice of the advisory committee, standards of care to ensure the overall health and welfare of each animal in the licensed breeder's facility. The bill would establish a civil penalty for any violation and would authorize the executive director of TDLR to issue a cease and desist or emergency order as necessary to enforce the regulations.

The bill would take effect immediately upon receiving a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house; otherwise, the bill would take effect September 1, 2011.

### Methodology

Based on information provided by TDLR, the estimated population of commercial dog and cat breeders within the state of Texas is 1,000 and the estimated population of controlling persons who are the employees of breeders is estimated to be 2,000. Also based on the analysis of TDLR, it is assumed that an additional 14.5 FTEs would be required to license, regulate and enforce the provisions of the bill. This would include: 2.0 - Investigator IV: to investigate and document complaints; 1.5 - Attorney IV: to finalize Notices of Alleged Violations and prosecute complaints; 3.0 - Legal Assistant III: to assist the prosecutor and issue Notices of Alleged Violations; 1.5 - Administrative Assistant III: to field general enforcement questions and process initial submission of complaints; 2.0 - Legal Assistant II: to review complaints to determine if jurisdiction applies; 1.0 - Program Specialist IV: to determine compliance with statute and rules; interact with industry, municipalities, and public, and to coordinate and improve program; 2.0 - Inspector IV: to answer inquiries; assist with enforcement investigations; audit the Third party inspectors and conduct inspections; 0.5 - Systems Analyst IV: to create and maintain computer program to process new and renewal licenses; 1.0 - General Counsel III: to draft rules and provide legal interpretations to the agency and the public. For purposes of this analysis, it is assumed that required inspections and investigations would be performed by state employees of TDLR that qualify as registered breeder inspectors.

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In addition to salary and benefit costs in the amount of \$937,446 each year, it is assumed that the agency would incur other costs of \$39,150 each year in rent for space for the additional FTEs in non-

state-owned buildings, \$25,875 each year in annual travel costs, \$91,352.50 in FY 2012 for equipment costs, \$4,181 each year in professional services, and \$21,750 each year for other operating expenses.

This analysis assumes that any increased costs to the agency, which is statutorily required to generate sufficient revenue to cover its costs of operation, would be offset by an increase in fee generated revenue. For the purposes of this analysis, no estimate is included for revenue gains or costs to the newly created Dog or Cat Breeder Training and Enforcement Account in the General Revenue Fund because administrative penalties that would be assessed subsequent to the implementation of the bill can not be determined.

### **Local Government Impact**

No significant fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source Agencies: 452 Department of Licensing and Regulation, 304 Comptroller of Public Accounts

LBB Staff: JOB, AG, MW, CWS, SD

#### FISCAL NOTE, 82ND LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

#### **April 7, 2011**

**TO:** Honorable Mike Hamilton, Chair, House Committee on Licensing & Administrative Procedures

FROM: John S O'Brien, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB1451 by Thompson (Relating to the licensing and regulation of certain dog and cat breeders; providing penalties.), Committee Report 1st House, Substituted

Estimated Two-year Net Impact to General Revenue Related Funds for HB1451, Committee Report 1st House, Substituted: an impact of \$0 through the biennium ending August 31, 2013.

The bill would make no appropriation but could provide the legal basis for an appropriation of funds to implement the provisions of the bill.

#### General Revenue-Related Funds, Five-Year Impact:

Fiscal Year	Probable Net Positive/(Negative) Impact to General Revenue Related Funds
2012	\$0
2013	\$0
2014	\$0
2015	\$0
2016	\$0

## All Funds, Five-Year Impact:

Fiscal Year	Probable Savings/(Cost) from General Revenue Fund 1	Probable Revenue Gain/ (Loss) from General Revenue Fund 1	Change in Number of State Employees from FY 2011
2012	(\$1,342,755)	\$1,342,755	14.5
2013	(\$1,258,403)	\$1,258,403	14.5
2014	(\$1,258,403)	\$1,258,403	14.5
2015	(\$1,258,403)	\$1,258,403	14.5
2016	(\$1,258,403)	\$1,258,403	14.5

## Fiscal Analysis

The bill would require the Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation (TDLR) to license and regulate dog and cat breeders and dealers, defined as a person who possesses 11 or more adult intact female animals. The bill would require TDLR to establish eligibility requirements for licenses, to conduct criminal background checks on applicants, and to annually inspect each facility of a licensed breeder. The bill would require TDLR to establish qualifications and training for registered breeder inspectors employed by the agency. The bill would also require TDLR to inspect a facility before an initial breeder license is issued for the facility. The bill would establish an advisory committee. The bill would authorize TDLR to set a licensing fee and a nonrefundable inspection fee. Licensing fees generated under the provisions of the bill for the purposes of funding the regulation of licensed dog

and cat breeders and dealers would be deposited to the credit of the General Revenue Fund.

The bill would establish a new Dog or Cat Breeder Training and Enforcement Account as a separate account in the General Revenue Fund for the purposes defined in the bill. The bill would require administrative penalties collected under Chapter 51, Subchapter F, related to the regulation of dog and cat breeders and dealers to be deposited to the credit of the new account.

This legislation would do one or more of the following: create or recreate a dedicated account in the General Revenue Fund, create or recreate a special or trust fund either with or outside of the Treasury, or create a dedicated revenue source. Legislative policy, implemented as Government Code 403.094, consolidated special funds (except those affected by constitutional, federal, or other restrictions) into the General Revenue Fund as of August 31, 1993 and eliminated all applicable statutory revenue dedications as of August 31, 1995. Each subsequent Legislature has reviewed bills that affect funds consolidation. The fund, account, or revenue dedication included in this bill would be subject to funds consolidation review by the current Legislature.

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The bill would take effect immediately upon receiving a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house; otherwise, the bill would take effect September 1, 2011.

### Methodology

Based on information provided by TDLR, the estimated population of commercial dog and cat breeders within the state of Texas is 1,000 and the estimated population of controlling persons who are the employees of breeders is estimated to be 2,000. Also based on the analysis of TDLR, it is assumed that an additional 14.5 FTEs would be required to license, regulate and enforce the provisions of the bill. This would include: 2.0 - Investigator IV: to investigate and document complaints; 1.5 - Attorney IV: to finalize Notices of Alleged Violations and prosecute complaints; 3.0 - Legal Assistant III: to assist the prosecutor and issue Notices of Alleged Violations; 1.5 - Administrative Assistant III: to field general enforcement questions and process initial submission of complaints; 2.0 - Legal Assistant II: to review complaints to determine if jurisdiction applies; 1.0 - Program Specialist IV: to determine compliance with statute and rules; interact with industry, municipalities, and public, and to coordinate and improve program; 2.0 - Inspector IV: to answer inquiries; assist with enforcement investigations; audit the Third party inspectors and conduct inspections; 0.5 - Systems Analyst IV: to create and maintain computer program to process new and renewal licenses; 1.0 - General Counsel III: to draft rules and provide legal interpretations to the agency and the public. For purposes of this analysis, it is assumed that required inspections and investigations would be performed by state employees of TDLR that qualify as registered breeder inspectors.

TDLR also anticipates receiving 1,000 complaints per year resulting in 45 hearings per year and conducting 965 pre-licensure inspections in fiscal year 2012. In addition, TDLR anticipates a cost of \$2,000 for each controlling person requiring a criminal history background check and \$2,181 in costs for issuing plastic credit card type licenses for the controlling persons and third party inspectors. TDLR assumes 150 (or 5 percent) of the 3,000 animal control officers in Texas would register as third party inspectors and that another 31 inspectors, who are either employed by a state agency, local law enforcement or local fire department would also register, totaling 181 third party inspectors. Based on information provided by TDLR, this analyis also assumes that the agency would contract with third party inspectors in the amounts of \$223,000 in 2012 and \$230,000 in each subsequent year to implement the provisions of the bill.

In addition to salary and benefit costs in the amount of \$937,446 each year, it is assumed that the agency would incur other costs of \$39,150 each year in rent for space for the additional FTEs in non-state-owned buildings, \$25,875 each year in annual travel costs, \$91,352.50 in FY 2012 for equipment

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This analysis assumes that any increased costs to the agency, which is statutorily required to generate sufficient revenue to cover its costs of operation, would be offset by an increase in fee generated revenue. For the purposes of this analysis, no estimate is included for revenue gains or costs to the newly created Dog or Cat Breeder Training and Enforcement Account in the General Revenue Fund because administrative penalties that would be assessed subsequent to the implementation of the bill can not be determined.

### **Local Government Impact**

No significant fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source Agencies: 452 Department of Licensing and Regulation, 304 Comptroller of Public Accounts

LBB Staff: JOB, AG, MW, CWS

## FISCAL NOTE, 82ND LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION Revision 1

### **April 14, 2011**

**TO:** Honorable Mike Hamilton, Chair, House Committee on Licensing & Administrative Procedures

FROM: John S O'Brien, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB1451 by Thompson (Relating to the licensing and regulation of commercial dog and cat breeders; providing penalties.), As Introduced

Estimated Two-year Net Impact to General Revenue Related Funds for HB1451, As Introduced: an impact of \$0 through the biennium ending August 31, 2013.

The bill would make no appropriation but could provide the legal basis for an appropriation of funds to implement the provisions of the bill.

#### General Revenue-Related Funds, Five-Year Impact:

Fiscal Year	Probable Net Positive/(Negative) Impact to General Revenue Related Funds	
2012	\$0	
2013	\$0	
2014	\$0	
2015	\$0	
2016	\$0	

#### All Funds, Five-Year Impact:

Fiscal Year	Probable Savings/(Cost) from General Revenue Fund 1	Probable Revenue Gain/ (Loss) from General Revenue Fund 1	Change in Number of State Employees from FY 2011
2012	(\$1,342,755)	\$1,342,755	14.5
2013	(\$1,258,403)	\$1,258,403	14.5
2014	(\$1,258,403)	\$1,258,403	14.5
2015	(\$1,258,403)	\$1,258,403	14.5
2016	(\$1,258,403)	\$1,258,403	14.5

#### **Fiscal Analysis**

The bill would require the Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation (TDLR) to license and regulate commercial dog and cat breeders and dealers, defined as a person who possesses 11 adult intact female animals. The bill would require TDLR to establish eligibility requirements for licenses, to conduct criminal background checks on applicants, and to annually inspect each facility of a licensed commercial breeder. The bill would require TDLR to establish qualifications and training for registered breeder inspectors employed by the agency. The bill would also require TDLR to inspect a facility before an initial commercial breeder license is issued for the facility. The bill would authorize TDLR to set a licensing fee and a nonrefundable inspection fee. Licensing fees generated under the

provisions of the bill for the purposes of funding the regulation of commercial dog and cat breeders and dealers would be deposited to the credit of the General Revenue Fund.

The bill would establish a new Commercial Breeder Training and Enforcement Account as a separate account in the General Revenue Fund for the purposes defined in the bill. The bill would require administrative penalties collected under Chapter 51, Subchapter F, related to the regulation of commercial dog and cat breeders and dealers to be deposited to the credit of the new account.

This legislation would do one or more of the following: create or recreate a dedicated account in the General Revenue Fund, create or recreate a special or trust fund either with or outside of the Treasury, or create a dedicated revenue source. Legislative policy, implemented as Government Code 403.094, consolidated special funds (except those affected by constitutional, federal, or other restrictions) into the General Revenue Fund as of August 31, 1993 and eliminated all applicable statutory revenue dedications as of August 31, 1995. Each subsequent Legislature has reviewed bills that affect funds consolidation. The fund, account, or revenue dedication included in this bill would be subject to funds consolidation review by the current Legislature.

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#### Methodology

Based on information provided by TDLR, the estimated population of commercial dog and cat breeders within the state of Texas is 1,000 and the estimated population of controlling persons who are the employees of breeders is estimated to be 2,000. Also based on the analysis of TDLR, it is assumed that an additional 14.5 FTEs would be required to license, regulate and enforce the provisions of the bill. This would include: 2.0 - Investigator IV: to investigate and document complaints; 1.5 - Attorney IV: to finalize Notices of Alleged Violations and prosecute complaints; 3.0 - Legal Assistant III: to assist the prosecutor and issue Notices of Alleged Violations; 1.5 - Administrative Assistant III: to field general enforcement questions and process initial submission of complaints; 2.0 - Legal Assistant II: to review complaints to determine if jurisdiction applies; 1.0 - Program Specialist IV: to determine compliance with statute and rules; interact with industry, municipalities, and public, and to coordinate and improve program; 2.0 - Inspector IV: to answer inquiries; assist with enforcement investigations; audit the Third party inspectors and conduct inspections; 0.5 - Systems Analyst IV: to create and maintain computer program to process new and renewal licenses; 1.0 - General Counsel III: to draft rules and provide legal interpretations to the agency and the public. For purposes of this analysis, it is assumed that required inspections and investigations would be performed by state employees of TDLR that qualify as registered breeder inspectors.

TDLR also anticipates receiving 1,000 complaints per year resulting in 45 hearings per year and conducting 965 pre-licensure inspections in fiscal year 2012. In addition, TDLR anticipates a cost of \$2,000 for each controlling person requiring a criminal history background check and \$2,181 in costs for issuing plastic credit card type licenses for the controlling persons and third party inspectors. TDLR assumes 150 (or 5 percent) of the 3,000 animal control officers in Texas would register as third party inspectors and that another 31 inspectors, who are either employed by a state agency, local law enforcement or local fire department would also register, totaling 181 third party inspectors. Based on information provided by TDLR, this analyis also assumes that the agency would contract with third party inspectors in the amounts of \$223,000 in 2012 and \$230,000 in each subsequent year to implement the provisions of the bill.

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agency would incur other costs of \$39,150 each year in rent for space for the additional FTEs in non-state-owned buildings, \$25,875 each year in annual travel costs, \$91,352.50 in FY 2012 for equipment costs, \$4,181 each year in professional services, and \$21,750 each year for other operating expenses.

This analysis assumes that any increased costs to the agency, which is statutorily required to generate sufficient revenue to cover its costs of operation, would be offset by an increase in fee generated revenue. For the purposes of this analysis, no estimate is included for revenue gains or costs to the newly created Commercial Breeder Training and Enforcement Account in the General Revenue Fund because administrative penalties that would be assessed subsequent to the implementation of the bill can not be determined.

### **Local Government Impact**

No significant fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source Agencies: 304 Comptroller of Public Accounts, 452 Department of Licensing and Regulation

LBB Staff: JOB, AG, MW, CWS, SD

#### FISCAL NOTE, 82ND LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

#### March 14, 2011

**TO:** Honorable Mike Hamilton, Chair, House Committee on Licensing & Administrative Procedures

FROM: John S O'Brien, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB1451 by Thompson (Relating to the licensing and regulation of commercial dog and cat breeders; providing penalties.), As Introduced

Estimated Two-year Net Impact to General Revenue Related Funds for HB1451, As Introduced: an impact of \$0 through the biennium ending August 31, 2013.

The bill would make no appropriation but could provide the legal basis for an appropriation of funds to implement the provisions of the bill.

## General Revenue-Related Funds, Five-Year Impact:

Fiscal Year	Probable Net Positive/(Negative) Impact to General Revenue Related Funds	
2012	\$0	
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#### Fiscal Analysis

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This analysis assumes that any increased costs to the agency, which is statutorily required to generate sufficient revenue to cover its costs of operation, would be offset by an increase in fee generated revenue. For the purposes of this analysis, no estimate is included for revenue gains or costs to the newly created Commercial Breeder Training and Enforcement Account in the General Revenue Fund because administrative penalties that would be assessed subsequent to the implementation of the bill can not be determined.

## **Local Government Impact**

No significant fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source Agencies: 304 Comptroller of Public Accounts, 452 Department of Licensing and Regulation

LBB Staff: JOB, AG, MW, CWS