By: Callegari, Turner of Collin, Gooden, Carter, Zerwas Substitute the following for H.B. No. 260: By: Herrero C.S.H.B. No. 260

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

## AN ACT

2 relating to requiring the use of an ignition interlock device on 3 conviction of certain intoxication offenses as a condition of 4 community supervision; imposing a fee.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
6 SECTION 1. This Act shall be known as the Todd Levin
7 Memorial Act.

8 SECTION 2. Section 13, Article 42.12, Code of Criminal 9 Procedure, is amended by amending Subsection (i) and adding 10 Subsection (i-1) to read as follows:

If a defendant [person] convicted of an offense under 11 (i) Sections 49.04-49.08, Penal Code, is placed on 12 community supervision, the court may require as a condition of community 13 14 supervision that the defendant have a device installed, on each [the] motor vehicle owned by the defendant or on the vehicle most 15 regularly driven by the defendant, that uses a deep-lung breath 16 analysis mechanism to make impractical the operation of the motor 17 vehicle if ethyl alcohol is detected in the breath of the operator 18 and that the defendant not operate any motor vehicle that is not 19 equipped with that device. If it is shown on the trial of the 20 21 offense that an analysis of a specimen of the defendant's [person's] blood, breath, or urine showed an alcohol concentration level of 22 23 0.15 or more at the time the analysis was performed or that at the 24 time of the offense the defendant refused a request of a peace

1

officer to provide a specimen of the defendant's breath or blood for 1 alcohol testing, or if the defendant [person] is convicted of [an 2 offense under Sections 49.04-49.06, Penal Code, and punished under 3 Section 49.09(a) or (b), Penal Code, or of] a second or subsequent 4 5 offense under Sections 49.04-49.08 [Section 49.07 or 49.08], Penal Code, and [the person after conviction of either offense] is placed 6 on community supervision after conviction of the offense, the court 7 8 shall require as a condition of community supervision that the defendant have a [the] device described by this subsection 9 10 installed on <u>each motor</u> [the appropriate] vehicle owned by the defendant or on the vehicle most regularly driven by the defendant 11 12 and that the defendant not operate any motor vehicle that [unless 13 the vehicle] is not equipped with that device. Before placing on 14 community supervision a person convicted of an offense under Sections 49.04-49.08, Penal Code, the court shall determine from 15 criminal history record information maintained by the Department of 16 17 Public Safety whether the defendant [person] has one or more previous convictions that result in restricting the defendant to 18 19 the operation of a motor vehicle equipped with a device described by this subsection. If the defendant is not otherwise restricted to 20 the operation of a motor vehicle equipped with a device described by 21 this subsection, the court shall order the appropriate supervision 22 officer to use an empirically validated risk assessment screening 23 24 instrument to determine the risk that the defendant will commit a subsequent offense under Sections 49.04-49.08, Penal Code. If the 25 26 assessment shows that the defendant is at medium to high risk for committing a subsequent offense under one of those sections, [or 27

has one previous conviction under Sections 49.04-49.07, Penal Code, 1 or one previous conviction under Section 49.08, Penal Code. If it 2 is shown on the trial of the offense that an analysis of a specimen 3 of the person's blood, breath, or urine showed an alcohol 4 5 concentration level of 0.15 or more at the time the analysis was performed, or if the court determines that the person has one or 6 more such previous convictions, ] the court shall require as a 7 8 condition of community supervision that the defendant have a [that] device described by this subsection installed on each [the] motor 9 vehicle owned by the defendant or on the vehicle most regularly 10 driven by the defendant and that the defendant not operate any motor 11 12 vehicle that [unless the vehicle] is not equipped with that [the] device [described in this subsection]. If the court requires the 13 defendant to have the device installed, the [The] court shall 14 15 require the defendant to obtain the device at the defendant's own cost before the 30th day after the date of conviction unless the 16 17 court finds that to do so would not be in the best interest of justice and enters its findings on record. The court shall require 18 19 the defendant to provide evidence to the court within the 30-day period that the device has been installed on the appropriate 20 vehicle and order the device to remain installed on that vehicle for 21 a period not less than 50 percent of the supervision period. If the 22 23 court determines the <u>defendant</u> [offender] is unable to pay for the 24 device, the court may impose a reasonable payment schedule not to exceed twice the period of the court's order. The Department of 25 26 Public Safety shall approve devices for use under this subsection. Section 521.247, Transportation Code, applies to the 27

1 approval of a device under this subsection and the consequences of that approval. Notwithstanding [the provisions of] 2 this 3 subsection [section], if a defendant [person] is required to operate a motor vehicle in the course and scope of the defendant's 4 5 [person's] employment and if the vehicle is owned by the employer, defendant [person] may operate that vehicle without 6 the installation of an approved ignition interlock device if the 7 8 employer has been notified of that driving privilege restriction and if proof of that notification is with the vehicle. 9 This 10 employment exemption does not apply, however, if the business entity that owns the vehicle is owned or controlled by the defendant 11 12 [person] whose driving privilege has been restricted. A previous conviction may not be used for purposes of restricting a defendant 13 14 [person] to the operation of a motor vehicle equipped with a [an 15 interlock ignition] device described by [under] this subsection if:

(1) the previous conviction was a final conviction
under Section 49.04, 49.045, 49.05, 49.06, <u>49.065</u>, 49.07, or 49.08,
Penal Code, and was for an offense committed more than 10 years
before the instant offense for which the <u>defendant</u> [person] was
convicted and placed on community supervision; and

(2) the <u>defendant</u> [person] has not been convicted of
an offense under Section 49.04, 49.045, 49.05, 49.06, <u>49.065</u>,
49.07, or 49.08 of that code, committed within 10 years before the
date on which the instant offense for which the <u>defendant</u> [person]
was convicted and placed on community supervision.

26 <u>(i-1) The vendor of ignition interlock devices who installs</u>
27 <u>a device under Subsection (i) shall pay to the local community</u>

1 supervision and corrections department a fee of \$2 for each day the
2 device remains installed to help defray the cost of monitoring
3 compliance with a court order issued under Subsection (i).

4 SECTION 3. (a) The Legislative Budget Board shall perform 5 or contract for the performance of a study to analyze the efficacy 6 of this Act in reducing recidivism and promoting public safety 7 during the three-year period following the passage of this Act.

8 (b) The Legislative Budget Board shall submit to the 9 legislature two reports on the study conducted under this section 10 along with any recommendations based on the results of the study. 11 The first report must be submitted not later than December 1, 2014, 12 and the second report must be submitted not later than December 1, 13 2016.

14

(c) This section expires January 1, 2017.

15 SECTION 4. The change in law made by this Act applies only to an offense committed on or after the effective date of this Act. 16 An offense committed before the effective date of this Act is 17 governed by the law in effect when the offense was committed, and 18 the former law is continued in effect for that purpose. 19 For purposes of this section, an offense was committed before the 20 effective date of this Act if any element of the offense was 21 committed before that date. 22

23

SECTION 5. This Act takes effect September 1, 2013.