By: Burkett, Naishtat,
 N. Gonzalez of El Paso

H.B. No. 1947

C.S.H.B. No. 1947

Substitute the following for H.B. No. 1947:

By: Fallon

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1 AN ACT

2 relating to the criteria for commitment of a person with mental

- 3 illness.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
- 5 SECTION 1. Section 571.003, Health and Safety Code, is
- 6 amended by adding Subdivision (7-a) to read as follows:
- 7 <u>(7-a) "Gravely disabled" means a person who, as a</u>
- 8 result of mental illness, is:
- 9 (A) suffering severe and ongoing mental,
- 10 emotional, or physical distress;
- 11 (B) in danger of serious physical harm or serious
- 12 illness due to the person's inability to function independently,
- 13 which is exhibited by the person's inability due to mental illness,
- 14 except for reasons of indigence, to provide for the person's basic
- 15 needs, including food, clothing, shelter, medical care, health, or
- 16 safety; and
- 17 <u>(C)</u> unable to make a rational and informed
- 18 decision as to whether to submit to treatment.
- 19 SECTION 2. Section 573.001, Health and Safety Code, is
- 20 amended to read as follows:
- Sec. 573.001. APPREHENSION BY PEACE OFFICER WITHOUT
- 22 WARRANT. (a) A peace officer, without a warrant, may take a person
- 23 into custody if the officer:
- 24 (1) has reason to believe and does believe that:

- 1 (A) the person is mentally ill; and
- 2 (B) because of that mental illness there is a
- 3 substantial risk of serious harm to the person or to others unless
- 4 the person is immediately restrained; and
- 5 (2) believes that there is not sufficient time to
- 6 obtain a warrant before taking the person into custody.
- 7 (b) A substantial risk of serious harm to the person or
- 8 others under Subsection (a)(1)(B) may be demonstrated by:
- 9 (1) the person's behavior; or
- 10 (2) the person being gravely disabled [evidence of
- 11 severe emotional distress and deterioration in the proposed
- 12 patient's mental condition] to the extent that the person cannot
- 13 remain at liberty.
- 14 (c) The peace officer may form the belief that the person
- 15 meets the criteria for apprehension:
- 16 (1) from a representation of a credible person; or
- 17 (2) on the basis of the conduct of the apprehended
- 18 person or the circumstances under which the apprehended person is
- 19 found.
- 20 (d) A peace officer who takes a person into custody under
- 21 Subsection (a) shall immediately transport the apprehended person
- 22 to:
- 23 (1) the nearest appropriate inpatient mental health
- 24 facility; or
- 25 (2) a mental health facility deemed suitable by the
- 26 local mental health authority, if an appropriate inpatient mental
- 27 health facility is not available.

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- 1 (e) A jail or similar detention facility may not be deemed
- 2 suitable except in an extreme emergency.
- 3 (f) A person detained in a jail or a nonmedical facility
- 4 shall be kept separate from any person who is charged with or
- 5 convicted of a crime.
- 6 SECTION 3. Section 574.022, Health and Safety Code, is
- 7 amended to read as follows:
- 8 Sec. 574.022. ISSUANCE OF ORDER. (a) The judge or
- 9 designated magistrate may issue a protective custody order if the
- 10 judge or magistrate determines:
- 11 (1) that a physician has stated his opinion and the
- 12 detailed reasons for his opinion that the proposed patient is
- 13 mentally ill; and
- 14 (2) the proposed patient presents a substantial risk
- 15 of serious harm to himself or others if not immediately restrained
- 16 pending the hearing.
- 17 (b) The determination that the proposed patient presents a
- 18 substantial risk of serious harm may be demonstrated by the
- 19 proposed patient's behavior or by the person being gravely disabled
- 20 [evidence of severe emotional distress and deterioration in the
- 21 proposed patient's mental condition] to the extent that the
- 22 proposed patient cannot remain at liberty.
- (c) The judge or magistrate may make a determination that
- 24 the proposed patient meets the criteria prescribed by Subsection
- 25 (a) from the application and certificate alone if the judge or
- 26 magistrate determines that the conclusions of the applicant and
- 27 certifying physician are adequately supported by the information

- 1 provided.
- 2 (d) The judge or magistrate may take additional evidence if
- 3 a fair determination of the matter cannot be made from
- 4 consideration of the application and certificate only.
- 5 (e) The judge or magistrate may issue a protective custody
- 6 order for a proposed patient who is charged with a criminal offense
- 7 if the proposed patient meets the requirements of this section and
- 8 the facility administrator designated to detain the proposed
- 9 patient agrees to the detention.
- SECTION 4. Section 574.034(a), Health and Safety Code, is
- 11 amended to read as follows:
- 12 (a) The judge may order a proposed patient to receive
- 13 court-ordered temporary inpatient mental health services only if
- 14 the judge or jury finds, from clear and convincing evidence, that:
- 15 (1) the proposed patient is mentally ill; and
- 16 (2) as a result of that mental illness the proposed
- 17 patient:
- 18 (A) is likely to cause serious harm to himself;
- 19 (B) is likely to cause serious harm to others; or
- 20 (C) is gravely disabled[÷
- 21 [(i) suffering severe and abnormal mental,
- 22 emotional, or physical distress;
- 23 [(ii) experiencing substantial mental or
- 24 physical deterioration of the proposed patient's ability to
- 25 function independently, which is exhibited by the proposed
- 26 patient's inability, except for reasons of indigence, to provide
- 27 for the proposed patient's basic needs, including food, clothing,

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   health, or safety; and
                          [(iii) unable to make a rational and
 2
 3
    informed decision as to whether or not to submit to treatment].
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          SECTION 5. Section 574.035(a), Health and Safety Code, is
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   amended to read as follows:
          (a) The judge may order a proposed patient to receive
 6
   court-ordered extended inpatient mental health services only if the
 7
    jury, or the judge if the right to a jury is waived, finds, from
    clear and convincing evidence, that:
10
               (1)
                    the proposed patient is mentally ill;
                    as a result of that mental illness the proposed
11
               (2)
12
   patient:
                         is likely to cause serious harm to himself;
13
                    (A)
14
                    (B)
                         is likely to cause serious harm to others; or
15
                    (C)
                         is gravely disabled [+
16
                          (i) suffering severe and abnormal mental,
17
    emotional, or physical distress;
                          [(ii) experiencing substantial mental or
18
   physical deterioration of the proposed patient's ability to
19
   function independently, which is exhibited by the proposed
20
   patient's inability, except for reasons of indigence, to provide
21
   for the proposed patient's basic needs, including food, clothing,
22
   health, or safety; and
23
24
                          [(iii) unable to make a rational and
25
   informed decision as to whether or not to submit to treatment];
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               (3) the proposed patient's condition is expected to
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continue for more than 90 days; and

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- 1 (4) the proposed patient has received court-ordered
- 2 inpatient mental health services under this subtitle or under
- 3 Chapter 46B, Code of Criminal Procedure, for at least 60
- 4 consecutive days during the preceding 12 months.
- 5 SECTION 6. This Act takes effect September 1, 2013.