

AN ACT

relating to decedents' estates.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1. Section 21.005, Estates Code, as effective January 1, 2014, is amended to conform to Section 2.54, Chapter 1338 (S.B. 1198), Acts of the 82nd Legislature, Regular Session, 2011, and is further amended to read as follows:

Sec. 21.005. APPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN LAWS. (a) Notwithstanding Section 21.002(b) of this code and Section 311.002, Government Code:

(1) Section 311.032(c), Government Code, applies to Subtitle [~~Subtitles~~] X [~~and Y~~], Title 2, and Subtitles Y and Z, Title 3; and

(2) Sections 311.005(4) and 311.012(b) and (c), Government Code, apply to Subtitle [~~Subtitles~~] X [~~and Y~~], Title 2, and Subtitles Y and Z, Title 3.

(b) Chapter 132, Civil Practice and Remedies Code, does not apply to Subchapter C, Chapter 251.

SECTION 2. Notwithstanding the transfer of Section 2, Texas Probate Code, to the Estates Code and redesignation as Section 2 of that code effective January 1, 2014, by Section 2, Chapter 680 (H.B. 2502), Acts of the 81st Legislature, Regular Session, 2009, Subsection (e), Section 2, Texas Probate Code, is transferred to Chapter 32, Estates Code, redesignated as Subsection (d), Section

1 32.001, Estates Code, and amended to read as follows:

2 (d) [~~(e) Nature of Proceeding.~~] The administration of the
3 estate of a decedent, from the filing of the application for probate
4 and administration, or for administration, until the decree of
5 final distribution and the discharge of the last personal
6 representative, shall be considered as one proceeding for purposes
7 of jurisdiction. The entire proceeding is a proceeding in rem.

8 SECTION 3. Section 32.006, Estates Code, as effective
9 January 1, 2014, is amended to read as follows:

10 Sec. 32.006. JURISDICTION OF STATUTORY PROBATE COURT WITH
11 RESPECT TO TRUSTS AND POWERS OF ATTORNEY. In a county in which
12 there is a statutory probate court, the statutory probate court has
13 jurisdiction of:

- 14 (1) an action by or against a trustee;
- 15 (2) an action involving an inter vivos trust,
16 testamentary trust, or charitable trust;
- 17 (3) an action by or against an agent or former agent
18 under a power of attorney arising out of the agent's performance of
19 the duties of an agent; and
- 20 (4) an action to determine the validity of a power of
21 attorney or to determine an agent's rights, powers, or duties under
22 a power of attorney.

23 SECTION 4. Section 51.203(c), Estates Code, as effective
24 January 1, 2014, is amended to read as follows:

25 (c) At the expiration of the 10-day period prescribed by
26 Subsection (a):

- 27 (1) [~~commission may issue for taking~~] the depositions

1 for which the notice was posted may be taken; and

2 (2) the judge may file cross-interrogatories if no
3 person appears.

4 SECTION 5. Section 53.104, Estates Code, as effective
5 January 1, 2014, is amended to read as follows:

6 Sec. 53.104. APPOINTMENT OF ATTORNEYS AD LITEM. (a) Except
7 as provided by Section 202.009(b), the judge of a probate court may
8 appoint an attorney ad litem in any probate proceeding to represent
9 the interests of any person, including:

10 (1) a person who has a legal disability under state or
11 federal law;

12 (2) a nonresident;

13 (3) an unborn or unascertained person; [~~or~~]

14 (4) an unknown heir;

15 (5) a missing heir; or

16 (6) an unknown or missing person for whom cash is
17 deposited into the court's registry under Section 362.011.

18 (b) An attorney ad litem appointed under this section is
19 entitled to reasonable compensation for services provided in the
20 amount set by the court. The court shall:

21 (1) tax the compensation as costs in the probate
22 proceeding and order the compensation to be paid out of the estate
23 or by any party at any time during [~~to be taxed as costs in~~] the
24 proceeding; or

25 (2) for an attorney ad litem appointed under
26 Subsection (a)(6), order that the compensation be paid from the
27 cash on deposit in the court's registry as provided by Section

1 362.011.

2 SECTION 6. Subchapter C, Chapter 53, Estates Code, as
3 effective January 1, 2014, is amended by adding Section 53.107 to
4 read as follows:

5 Sec. 53.107. INAPPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN RULES OF CIVIL
6 PROCEDURE. The following do not apply to probate proceedings:

7 (1) Rules 47(c) and 169, Texas Rules of Civil
8 Procedure; and

9 (2) the portions of Rule 190.2, Texas Rules of Civil
10 Procedure, concerning expedited actions under Rule 169, Texas Rules
11 of Civil Procedure.

12 SECTION 7. Section 54.051, Estates Code, as effective
13 January 1, 2014, is amended to read as follows:

14 Sec. 54.051. APPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN RULES RELATING TO
15 WITNESSES AND EVIDENCE. Except as provided by Section 51.203, the
16 Texas Rules of Evidence [~~rules relating to witnesses and evidence~~
17 ~~that apply in the district court~~] apply in a proceeding arising
18 under this title to the extent practicable.

19 SECTION 8. Section 102.004, Estates Code, as effective
20 January 1, 2014, is amended to read as follows:

21 Sec. 102.004. LIABILITY OF HOMESTEAD FOR DEBTS. If the
22 decedent was survived by a spouse or minor child, the [~~The~~]
23 homestead is not liable for the payment of any of the debts of the
24 estate, other than:

- 25 (1) purchase money for the homestead;
26 (2) taxes due on the homestead;
27 (3) work and material used in constructing

1 improvements on the homestead if the requirements of Section
2 50(a)(5), Article XVI, Texas Constitution, are met;

3 (4) an owelty of partition imposed against the
4 entirety of the property by a court order or written agreement of
5 the parties to the partition, including a debt of one spouse in
6 favor of the other spouse resulting from a division or an award of a
7 family homestead in a divorce proceeding;

8 (5) the refinance of a lien against the homestead,
9 including a federal tax lien resulting from the tax debt of both
10 spouses, if the homestead is a family homestead, or from the tax
11 debt of the decedent;

12 (6) an extension of credit on the homestead if the
13 requirements of Section 50(a)(6), Article XVI, Texas Constitution,
14 are met; or

15 (7) a reverse mortgage.

16 SECTION 9. Section 111.051, Estates Code, as effective
17 January 1, 2014, is amended by amending Subdivision (1) and adding
18 Subdivision (1-a) to read as follows:

19 (1) "Contracting third party" means a financial
20 institution, insurance company, plan custodian, plan
21 administrator, or other person who is a party to an account
22 agreement, insurance contract, annuity contract, retirement
23 account, beneficiary designation, or other similar contract the
24 terms of which control whether a nontestamentary transfer has
25 occurred or to whom property passes as a result of a possible
26 nontestamentary transfer. The term does not include a person who
27 is:

1 (A) an owner of the property subject to a
2 possible nontestamentary transfer; or

3 (B) a possible recipient of the property subject
4 to a possible nontestamentary transfer.

5 (1-a) "Employees' trust" means:

6 (A) a trust that forms a part of a stock-bonus,
7 pension, or profit-sharing plan under Section 401, Internal Revenue
8 Code of 1954 (26 U.S.C. Section 401 (1986));

9 (B) a pension trust under Chapter 111, Property
10 Code; and

11 (C) an employer-sponsored benefit plan or
12 program, or any other retirement savings arrangement, including a
13 pension plan created under Section 3, Employee Retirement Income
14 Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. Section 1002 (1986)), regardless of
15 whether the plan, program, or arrangement is funded through a
16 trust.

17 SECTION 10. Subchapter B, Chapter 111, Estates Code, is
18 amended by adding Section 111.054 to read as follows:

19 Sec. 111.054. APPLICATION OF STATE LAW TO CERTAIN
20 NONTESTAMENTARY TRANSFERS. (a) This section applies if more than
21 50 percent of the:

22 (1) assets in an account at a financial institution,
23 in a retirement account, or in another similar arrangement are
24 owned, immediately before a possible nontestamentary transfer of
25 the assets, by one or more persons domiciled in this state; or

26 (2) interests under an insurance contract, annuity
27 contract, beneficiary designation, or other similar arrangement

1 are owned, immediately before a possible nontestamentary transfer
2 of the interests, by one or more persons domiciled in this state.

3 (b) Notwithstanding a choice of law or other contractual
4 provision in an agreement prepared or provided by a contracting
5 third party, Texas law applies to determine:

6 (1) whether a nontestamentary transfer of assets or
7 interests described by Subsection (a) has occurred; and

8 (2) the ownership of the assets or interests following
9 a possible nontestamentary transfer.

10 (c) Notwithstanding a choice of law or other contractual
11 provision in an agreement prepared or provided by a contracting
12 third party, any person, including a personal representative, who
13 is asserting an ownership interest in assets or interests described
14 by Subsection (a) subject to a possible nontestamentary transfer
15 shall have access to the courts of this state for a judicial
16 determination of:

17 (1) whether a nontestamentary transfer of the assets
18 or interests has occurred; or

19 (2) the ownership of the assets or interests following
20 a possible nontestamentary transfer.

21 (d) Subsections (a), (b), and (c) do not apply to an
22 obligation:

23 (1) owed by a party to the contracting third party; or

24 (2) owed by the contracting third party to a party.

25 (e) This section applies to a community property
26 survivorship agreement governed by Chapter 112 and a multiple-party
27 account governed by Chapter 113.

1 SECTION 11. Section 201.051, Estates Code, as effective
2 January 1, 2014, is amended to read as follows:

3 Sec. 201.051. MATERNAL INHERITANCE. For purposes of
4 inheritance, a child is the child of the child's biological or
5 adopted mother, and the child and the child's issue shall inherit
6 from the child's mother and the child's maternal kindred, both
7 descendants, ascendants, and collateral kindred in all degrees, and
8 they may inherit from the child and the child's issue. However, if a
9 child has intended parents, as defined by Section 160.102, Family
10 Code, under a gestational agreement validated under Subchapter I,
11 Chapter 160, Family Code, the child is the child of the intended
12 mother and not the biological mother or gestational mother unless
13 the biological mother is also the intended mother.

14 SECTION 12. Section 201.052, Estates Code, as effective
15 January 1, 2014, is amended by adding Subsection (a-1) and amending
16 Subsection (b) to read as follows:

17 (a-1) Notwithstanding Subsection (a), if a child has
18 intended parents, as defined by Section 160.102, Family Code, under
19 a gestational agreement validated under Subchapter I, Chapter 160,
20 Family Code, the child is the child of the intended father and not
21 the biological father unless the biological father is also the
22 intended father.

23 (b) A child described by Subsection (a) or (a-1) and the
24 child's issue shall inherit from the child's father and the child's
25 paternal kindred, both descendants, ascendants, and collateral
26 kindred in all degrees, and they may inherit from the child and the
27 child's issue.

1 SECTION 13. Subchapter A, Chapter 202, Estates Code, as
2 effective January 1, 2014, is amended by adding Section 202.0025 to
3 read as follows:

4 Sec. 202.0025. ACTION BROUGHT AFTER DECEDENT'S DEATH.
5 Notwithstanding Section 16.051, Civil Practice and Remedies Code, a
6 proceeding to declare heirship of a decedent may be brought at any
7 time after the decedent's death.

8 SECTION 14. Section 202.004, Estates Code, as effective
9 January 1, 2014, is amended to read as follows:

10 Sec. 202.004. PERSONS WHO MAY COMMENCE PROCEEDING TO
11 DECLARE HEIRSHIP. A proceeding to declare heirship of a decedent
12 may be commenced and maintained under a circumstance specified by
13 Section 202.002 by:

14 (1) the personal representative of the decedent's
15 estate;

16 (2) a person claiming to be a [~~secured~~] creditor or the
17 owner of all or part of the decedent's estate;

18 (3) if the decedent was a ward with respect to whom a
19 guardian of the estate had been appointed, the guardian of the
20 estate, provided that the proceeding is commenced and maintained in
21 the probate court in which the proceedings for the guardianship of
22 the estate were pending at the time of the decedent's death;

23 (4) a party seeking the appointment of an independent
24 administrator under Section 401.003; or

25 (5) the trustee of a trust holding assets for the
26 benefit of a decedent.

27 SECTION 15. Section 202.009, Estates Code, as effective

1 January 1, 2014, is amended to read as follows:

2 Sec. 202.009. ATTORNEY AD LITEM [~~REPRESENTATION OF~~
3 ~~INTERESTS OF CERTAIN PERSONS~~]. (a) The [~~If it appears to the court~~
4 ~~in a proceeding to declare heirship that there is or may be a living~~
5 ~~heir whose name or whereabouts is unknown, or that a defendant is an~~
6 ~~incapacitated person, the~~] court shall [~~may~~] appoint an attorney ad
7 litem in a proceeding to declare heirship [~~or guardian ad litem~~] to
8 represent the interests of heirs whose names or locations are
9 unknown [~~that person. The court may not appoint an attorney ad~~
10 ~~litem or guardian ad litem unless the court finds that the~~
11 ~~appointment is necessary to protect the interests of the living~~
12 ~~heir or incapacitated person~~].

13 (b) The court may expand the appointment of the [~~shall~~
14 ~~appoint an~~] attorney ad litem appointed under Subsection (a) to
15 include representation of an heir who is an incapacitated person on
16 a finding that the appointment is necessary to protect the
17 interests of the heir [~~to represent the interests of unknown~~
18 ~~heirs~~].

19 SECTION 16. Section 202.056, Estates Code, as effective
20 January 1, 2014, is amended to read as follows:

21 Sec. 202.056. WAIVER OF SERVICE OF CITATION [~~ON CERTAIN~~
22 ~~PERSONS NOT PERMITTED~~]. A parent, managing conservator, guardian,
23 attorney ad litem, or guardian ad litem of a minor distributee who:

24 (1) is younger than 12 years of age [~~or older, but~~
25 ~~younger than 19 years of age,~~] may [~~not~~] waive citation required by
26 this subchapter to be served on the distributee; and

27 (2) is 12 years of age or older may not waive citation

1 required by this subchapter to be served on the distributee.

2 SECTION 17. Subchapter B, Chapter 202, Estates Code, as
3 effective January 1, 2014, is amended by adding Section 202.057 to
4 read as follows:

5 Sec. 202.057. AFFIDAVIT OF SERVICE OF CITATION. (a) A
6 person who files an application under Section 202.005 shall file
7 with the court:

8 (1) a copy of any citation required by this subchapter
9 and the proof of delivery of service of the citation; and

10 (2) an affidavit sworn to by the applicant or a
11 certificate signed by the applicant's attorney stating:

12 (A) that the citation was served as required by
13 this subchapter;

14 (B) the name of each person to whom the citation
15 was served, if the person's name is not shown on the proof of
16 delivery; and

17 (C) the name of each person who waived citation
18 under Section 202.056.

19 (b) The court may not enter an order in the proceeding to
20 declare heirship under Subchapter E until the affidavit or
21 certificate required by Subsection (a) is filed.

22 SECTION 18. Section 202.151, Estates Code, as effective
23 January 1, 2014, is amended to read as follows:

24 Sec. 202.151. [~~WRITTEN~~] EVIDENCE IN PROCEEDING TO DECLARE
25 HEIRSHIP. (a) The court may require that [~~all or~~] any testimony
26 [~~part of the evidence~~] admitted as evidence in a proceeding to
27 declare heirship be [+]

1 ~~[(1)]~~ reduced to writing and subscribed and sworn to
2 by the witnesses, respectively [~~+~~ and

3 ~~[(2)] filed in the proceeding and recorded in the~~
4 ~~judge's probate docket].~~

5 (b) Testimony in a proceeding to declare heirship must be
6 taken in open court, by deposition in accordance with Section
7 51.203, or in accordance with the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure.

8 SECTION 19. Sections 204.151 and 204.152, Estates Code, as
9 effective January 1, 2014, are amended to read as follows:

10 Sec. 204.151. APPLICABILITY OF SUBCHAPTER. This subchapter
11 applies in a proceeding to declare heirship of a decedent only with
12 respect to an individual who~~+~~

13 ~~[(1)] petitions the court for a determination of right~~
14 ~~of inheritance as authorized by Section 201.052(c), and~~

15 ~~[(2)]~~ claims~~+~~

16 ~~[(A)]~~ to be a biological child of the decedent or
17 claims~~[, but with respect to whom a parent-child relationship with~~
18 ~~the decedent was not established as provided by Section 160.201,~~
19 ~~Family Code, or~~

20 ~~[(B)]~~ to inherit through a biological child of
21 the decedent~~[, if a parent-child relationship between the~~
22 ~~individual through whom the inheritance is claimed and the decedent~~
23 ~~was not established as provided by Section 160.201, Family Code].~~

24 Sec. 204.152. PRESUMPTION; [REQUIRED FINDINGS IN ABSENCE
25 OF] REBUTTAL [EVIDENCE]. The presumption under Section 160.505,
26 Family Code, that applies in establishing a parent-child
27 relationship also applies in determining heirship in the probate

1 court using the results of genetic testing ordered with respect to
2 an individual described by Section 204.151, and the presumption may
3 be rebutted in the same manner provided by Section 160.505, Family
4 Code. [~~Unless the results of genetic testing of another individual~~
5 ~~who is an heir of the decedent who is the subject of a proceeding to~~
6 ~~declare heirship to which this subchapter applies are admitted as~~
7 ~~rebuttal evidence, the court shall find that the individual~~
8 ~~described by Section 204.151:~~

9 ~~[(1) is an heir of the decedent, if the results of~~
10 ~~genetic testing ordered under Subchapter B identify a tested~~
11 ~~individual who is an heir of the decedent as the ancestor of the~~
12 ~~individual described by Section 204.151, or~~

13 ~~[(2) is not an heir of the decedent, if the results of~~
14 ~~genetic testing ordered under Subchapter B exclude a tested~~
15 ~~individual who is an heir of the decedent as the ancestor of the~~
16 ~~individual described by Section 204.151.]~~

17 SECTION 20. Section 253.001, Estates Code, as effective
18 January 1, 2014, is amended by adding Subsection (c) to read as
19 follows:

20 (c) Any portion of a court order that purports to prohibit a
21 person from executing a new will or a codicil to an existing will is
22 void and may be disregarded without penalty or sanction of any kind.

23 SECTION 21. The heading to Section 256.052, Estates Code,
24 as effective January 1, 2014, is amended to read as follows:

25 Sec. 256.052. CONTENTS OF APPLICATION FOR PROBATE OF
26 [WRITTEN] WILL [GENERALLY].

27 SECTION 22. Section 256.052(a), Estates Code, as effective

1 January 1, 2014, is amended to read as follows:

2 (a) An application for the probate of a ~~[written]~~ will must
3 state and aver the following to the extent each is known to the
4 applicant or can, with reasonable diligence, be ascertained by the
5 applicant:

6 (1) each applicant's name and domicile;

7 (2) the testator's name, domicile, and, if known, age,
8 on the date of the testator's death;

9 (3) the fact, time, and place of the testator's death;

10 (4) facts showing that the court with which the
11 application is filed has venue;

12 (5) that the testator owned property, including a
13 statement generally describing the property and the property's
14 probable value;

15 (6) the date of the will;

16 (7) the name, state of residence, and physical address
17 where service can be had ~~[residence]~~ of the ~~[+~~

18 ~~[(A) any]~~ executor named in the will or other ~~[,~~
19 ~~if no executor is named, of the]~~ person to whom the applicant
20 desires that letters be issued; ~~[and]~~

21 (8) the name of ~~[(B)]~~ each subscribing witness to the
22 will, if any;

23 (9) ~~[(8)]~~ whether one or more children born to or
24 adopted by the testator after the testator executed the will
25 survived the testator and, if so, the name of each of those
26 children;

27 (10) ~~[(9)]~~ whether a marriage of the testator was ever

1 dissolved after the will was made and, if so, when and from whom;

2 (11) [~~(10)~~] whether the state, a governmental agency
3 of the state, or a charitable organization is named in the will as a
4 devisee; and

5 (12) [~~(11)~~] that the executor named in the will, the
6 applicant, or another person to whom the applicant desires that
7 letters be issued is not disqualified by law from accepting the
8 letters.

9 SECTION 23. The heading to Section 256.053, Estates Code,
10 as effective January 1, 2014, is amended to read as follows:

11 Sec. 256.053. FILING OF [~~WRITTEN~~] WILL WITH APPLICATION FOR
12 PROBATE GENERALLY REQUIRED.

13 SECTION 24. Section 256.053(a), Estates Code, as effective
14 January 1, 2014, is amended to read as follows:

15 (a) An applicant for the probate of a [~~written~~] will shall
16 file the will with the application if the will is in the applicant's
17 control.

18 SECTION 25. Section 256.054, Estates Code, as effective
19 January 1, 2014, is amended to read as follows:

20 Sec. 256.054. ADDITIONAL APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS WHEN NO
21 [~~WRITTEN~~] WILL IS PRODUCED. In addition to the requirements for an
22 application under Section 256.052, if an applicant for the probate
23 of a [~~written~~] will cannot produce the will in court, the
24 application must state:

- 25 (1) the reason the will cannot be produced;
- 26 (2) the contents of the will, as far as known; and
- 27 (3) the name, age, marital status, and address, if

1 known, and the relationship to the testator, if any, of:

2 (A) each devisee;

3 (B) each person who would inherit as an heir of
4 the testator in the absence of a valid will; and

5 (C) in the case of partial intestacy, each heir
6 of the testator.

7 SECTION 26. Section 256.152(c), Estates Code, as effective
8 January 1, 2014, is amended to read as follows:

9 (c) As an alternative to Subsection (b) [~~For purposes of~~
10 ~~Subsection (b)~~], a will executed in another state or a foreign
11 country is considered self-proved without further evidence of the
12 law of the other state or foreign country if the will, or an
13 affidavit of the testator and attesting witnesses attached or
14 annexed to the will, provides that:

15 (1) the testator declared that the testator signed the
16 instrument as the testator's will, the testator signed it willingly
17 or willingly directed another to sign for the testator, the
18 testator executed the will as the testator's free and voluntary act
19 for the purposes expressed in the instrument, the testator is of
20 sound mind and under no constraint or undue influence, and the
21 testator is eighteen years of age or over or, if under that age, was
22 or had been lawfully married, or was then a member of the armed
23 forces of the United States, an auxiliary of the armed forces of the
24 United States, or the United States Maritime Service; and

25 (2) the witnesses declared that the testator signed
26 the instrument as the testator's will, the testator signed it
27 willingly or willingly directed another to sign for the testator,

1 each of the witnesses, in the presence and hearing of the testator,
2 signed the will as witness to the testator's signing, and to the
3 best of their knowledge the testator was of sound mind and under no
4 constraint or undue influence, and the testator was eighteen years
5 of age or over or, if under that age, was or had been lawfully
6 married, or was then a member of the armed forces of the United
7 States, an auxiliary of the armed forces of the United States, or
8 the United States Maritime Service.

9 SECTION 27. Section 256.153, Estates Code, as effective
10 January 1, 2014, is amended to read as follows:

11 Sec. 256.153. PROOF OF EXECUTION OF ~~[AUTHORIZED METHODS OF~~
12 ~~PROVING]~~ ATTESTED ~~[WRITTEN]~~ WILL. (a) An attested ~~[written]~~ will
13 produced in court that is not self-proved as provided by this title
14 may be proved in the manner provided by this section.

15 (b) A will described by Subsection (a) may be proved by the
16 sworn testimony or affidavit of one or more of the subscribing
17 witnesses to the will taken in open court.

18 (c) If all the witnesses to a will described by Subsection
19 (a) are nonresidents of the county or the witnesses who are
20 residents of the county are unable to attend court, the will may be
21 proved:

22 (1) by the sworn testimony of one or more of the
23 witnesses by written or oral deposition taken in accordance with
24 Section 51.203 or the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure ~~[in the same~~
25 ~~manner and under the same rules as depositions are taken in other~~
26 ~~civil actions]~~;

27 (2) if no opposition in writing to the will is filed on

1 or before the date set for the hearing on the will, by the sworn
2 testimony or affidavit of two witnesses taken in open court, or by
3 deposition as provided by Subdivision (1), to the signature or the
4 handwriting evidenced by the signature of:

5 (A) one or more of the attesting witnesses; or

6 (B) the testator, if the testator signed the
7 will; or

8 (3) if it is shown under oath to the court's
9 satisfaction that, after a diligent search was made, only one
10 witness can be found who can make the required proof, by the sworn
11 testimony or affidavit of that witness taken in open court, or by
12 deposition as provided by Subdivision (1), to a signature, or the
13 handwriting evidenced by a signature, described by Subdivision (2).

14 (d) If none of the witnesses to a will described by
15 Subsection (a) are living, or if each of the witnesses is a member
16 of the armed forces or the armed forces reserves of the United
17 States, an auxiliary of the armed forces or armed forces reserves,
18 or the United States Maritime Service and is beyond the court's
19 jurisdiction, the will may be proved:

20 (1) by two witnesses to the handwriting of one or both
21 of the subscribing witnesses to the will or the testator, if the
22 testator signed the will, by:

23 (A) sworn testimony or affidavit taken in open
24 court; or

25 (B) written or oral deposition taken in
26 accordance with Section 51.203 or the Texas Rules of Civil
27 Procedure [~~in the same manner and under the same rules as~~

1 ~~depositions are taken in other civil actions]; or~~

2 (2) if it is shown under oath to the court's
3 satisfaction that, after a diligent search was made, only one
4 witness can be found who can make the required proof, by the sworn
5 testimony or affidavit of that witness taken in open court, or by
6 deposition as provided by Subdivision (1), to a signature or the
7 handwriting described by Subdivision (1).

8 (e) A witness being deposed for purposes of proving the will
9 as provided by Subsection (c) or (d) may testify by referring to a
10 certified copy of the will, without the judge requiring the
11 original will to be removed from the court's file and shown to the
12 witness.

13 SECTION 28. Section 256.154, Estates Code, as effective
14 January 1, 2014, is amended to read as follows:

15 Sec. 256.154. PROOF OF EXECUTION [~~AUTHORIZED METHODS~~] OF
16 [~~PROVING~~] HOLOGRAPHIC WILL. (a) A will wholly in the handwriting of
17 the testator that is not self-proved as provided by this title may
18 be proved by two witnesses to the testator's handwriting. The
19 evidence may be by:

20 (1) sworn testimony or affidavit taken in open court;
21 or

22 (2) if the witnesses are nonresidents of the county or
23 are residents who are unable to attend court, written or oral
24 deposition taken in accordance with Section 51.203 or the Texas
25 Rules of Civil Procedure [~~in the same manner and under the same~~
26 ~~rules as depositions are taken in other civil actions]~~.

27 (b) A witness being deposed for purposes of proving the will

1 as provided by Subsection (a)(2) may testify by referring to a
2 certified copy of the will, without the judge requiring the
3 original will to be removed from the court's file and shown to the
4 witness.

5 SECTION 29. Section 256.155(a), Estates Code, as effective
6 January 1, 2014, is amended to read as follows:

7 (a) This section, rather than Sections 256.153(c) and (d)
8 and 256.154 regarding the taking of depositions [~~under the same~~
9 ~~rules as depositions in other civil actions~~], applies if no contest
10 has been filed with respect to an application for the probate of a
11 will.

12 SECTION 30. Section 256.156, Estates Code, as effective
13 January 1, 2014, is amended to read as follows:

14 Sec. 256.156. PROOF OF [~~WRITTEN~~] WILL NOT PRODUCED IN
15 COURT. (a) A [~~written~~] will that cannot be produced in court must
16 be proved in the same manner as provided in Section 256.153 for an
17 attested [~~written~~] will or Section 256.154 for a holographic will,
18 as applicable. The same amount and character of testimony is
19 required to prove the [~~written~~] will not produced in court as is
20 required to prove a [~~written~~] will produced in court.

21 (b) In addition to the proof required by Subsection (a):

22 (1) the cause of the nonproduction of a [~~written~~] will
23 not produced in court must be proved, which must be sufficient to
24 satisfy the court that the will cannot by any reasonable diligence
25 be produced; and

26 (2) the contents of the will must be substantially
27 proved by the testimony of a credible witness who has read either

1 the original or a copy of the will, has heard the will read, or can
2 identify a copy of the will.

3 SECTION 31. Section 256.203, Estates Code, as effective
4 January 1, 2014, is amended to read as follows:

5 Sec. 256.203. ESTABLISHING CONTENTS OF WILL NOT IN COURT'S
6 CUSTODY. If for any reason a [~~written~~] will is not in the court's
7 custody, the court shall find the contents of the will by written
8 order. Certified copies of the contents as established by the
9 order may be:

10 (1) recorded in other counties; and

11 (2) used in evidence, as certified copies of [~~written~~]
12 wills in the custody of the court may be used.

13 SECTION 32. Section 257.052, Estates Code, as effective
14 January 1, 2014, is amended to read as follows:

15 Sec. 257.052. FILING OF [~~WRITTEN~~] WILL WITH APPLICATION
16 GENERALLY REQUIRED. (a) An applicant for the probate of a
17 [~~written~~] will as a muniment of title shall file the will with the
18 application if the will is in the applicant's control.

19 (b) A will filed under Subsection (a) must remain in the
20 custody of the county clerk unless removed from the clerk's custody
21 by court order.

22 SECTION 33. Section 257.053, Estates Code, as effective
23 January 1, 2014, is amended to read as follows:

24 Sec. 257.053. ADDITIONAL APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS WHEN NO
25 [~~WRITTEN~~] WILL IS PRODUCED. In addition to the requirements for an
26 application under Section 257.051, if an applicant for the probate
27 of a [~~written~~] will as a muniment of title cannot produce the will

1 in court, the application must state:

- 2 (1) the reason the will cannot be produced;
- 3 (2) the contents of the will, to the extent known; and
- 4 (3) the name, age, marital status, and address, if
- 5 known, and the relationship to the testator, if any, of:
 - 6 (A) each devisee;
 - 7 (B) each person who would inherit as an heir of
 - 8 the testator in the absence of a valid will; and
 - 9 (C) in the case of partial intestacy, each heir
 - 10 of the testator.

11 SECTION 34. Subchapter D, Chapter 301, Estates Code, as
12 effective January 1, 2014, is amended by adding Section 301.155 to
13 read as follows:

14 Sec. 301.155. AUTHORIZED METHODS OF PROOF. A fact
15 contained in an application for issuance of letters testamentary or
16 of administration or any other fact required to be proved by this
17 subchapter may be proved by the sworn testimony of a witness with
18 personal knowledge of the fact that is:

- 19 (1) taken in open court; or
- 20 (2) if proved under oath to the satisfaction of the
21 court that the witness is unavailable, taken by deposition on
22 written questions in accordance with Section 51.203 or the Texas
23 Rules of Civil Procedure.

24 SECTION 35. Section 304.001(c), Estates Code, as effective
25 January 1, 2014, is amended to read as follows:

26 (c) If persons [~~applicants for letters testamentary or of~~
27 ~~administration~~] are equally entitled to letters testamentary or of

1 administration [~~the letters~~], the court:

2 (1) shall grant the letters to the person [~~applicant~~]
3 who, in the judgment of the court, is most likely to administer the
4 estate advantageously; or

5 (2) may grant the letters to two or more of those
6 persons [~~applicants~~].

7 SECTION 36. Section 305.002(a), Estates Code, as effective
8 January 1, 2014, is amended to read as follows:

9 (a) A personal representative, other than an executor
10 described by Subsection (b), is considered to have qualified when
11 the representative has:

12 (1) taken and filed the oath prescribed by Subchapter
13 B;

14 (2) filed [~~given~~] the required bond with the clerk;
15 and

16 (3) obtained the judge's approval of the bond [~~and~~
17 [~~(4) filed the bond with the clerk~~].

18 SECTION 37. Section 305.003, Estates Code, as effective
19 January 1, 2014, is amended to read as follows:

20 Sec. 305.003. PERIOD FOR TAKING OATH [~~AND GIVING BOND~~]. An
21 oath may be taken and subscribed [~~and a bond may be given and~~
22 ~~approved~~] at any time before:

23 (1) the 21st day after the date of the order granting
24 letters testamentary or of administration, as applicable; or

25 (2) the letters testamentary or of administration, as
26 applicable, are revoked for a failure to qualify within the period
27 allowed.

1 SECTION 38. Subchapter A, Chapter 305, Estates Code, as
2 effective January 1, 2014, is amended by adding Section 305.004 to
3 read as follows:

4 Sec. 305.004. PERIOD FOR GIVING BOND. (a) A bond may be
5 filed with the clerk at any time before:

6 (1) the 21st day after:

7 (A) the date of the order granting letters
8 testamentary or of administration, as applicable; or

9 (B) the date of any order modifying the bond
10 requirement; or

11 (2) the date letters testamentary or of
12 administration, as applicable, are revoked for a failure to qualify
13 within the period allowed.

14 (b) The court shall act promptly to review a bond filed as
15 provided by Subsection (a) and, if acceptable, shall approve the
16 bond.

17 (c) If no action has been taken by the court on the bond
18 before the 21st day after the date the bond is filed, the person
19 appointed personal representative may file a motion requiring the
20 judge of the court in which the bond was filed to specify on the
21 record the reason or reasons for the judge's failure to act on the
22 bond. The hearing on the motion must be held before the 11th day
23 after the date the motion is filed.

24 SECTION 39. Section 308.054(b), Estates Code, as effective
25 January 1, 2014, is amended to read as follows:

26 (b) Notice given under Subsection (a) must:

27 (1) expressly state that the creditor must present the

1 claim before the 121st day [~~within four months~~] after the date of
2 the receipt of the notice or the claim is barred, if the claim is not
3 barred by the general statutes of limitation; and

4 (2) include:

5 (A) the date the letters testamentary or of
6 administration held by the personal representative were issued to
7 the representative;

8 (B) the address to which the claim may be
9 presented; and

10 (C) an instruction of the representative's
11 choice that the claim be addressed in care of:

12 (i) the representative;

13 (ii) the representative's attorney; or

14 (iii) "Representative, Estate of _____"

15 (naming the estate).

16 SECTION 40. Section 309.051(a), Estates Code, as effective
17 January 1, 2014, is amended to read as follows:

18 (a) Except as provided by Subsection (c) or Section 309.056
19 or unless a longer period is granted by the court, before the 91st
20 day after the date the personal representative qualifies, the
21 representative shall prepare and file with the court clerk a single
22 written instrument that contains a verified, full, and detailed
23 inventory of all estate property that has come into the
24 representative's possession or of which the representative has
25 knowledge. The inventory must:

26 (1) include:

27 (A) all estate real property located in this

1 state; and

2 (B) all estate personal property regardless of
3 where the property is located; and

4 (2) specify which portion of the property, if any, is
5 separate property and which, if any, is community property.

6 SECTION 41. Section 309.056, Estates Code, as effective
7 January 1, 2014, is amended by amending Subsection (b) and adding
8 Subsection (d) to read as follows:

9 (b) Notwithstanding Sections 309.051 and 309.052, or any
10 contrary provision in a decedent's will that does not specifically
11 prohibit the filing of an affidavit described by this subsection,
12 if there are no unpaid debts, except for secured debts, taxes, and
13 administration expenses, at the time the inventory is due,
14 including any extensions, an independent executor may file with the
15 court clerk, in lieu of the inventory, appraisement, and list of
16 claims, an affidavit stating that all debts, except for secured
17 debts, taxes, and administration expenses, are paid and that all
18 beneficiaries have received a verified, full, and detailed
19 inventory and appraisement. The affidavit in lieu of the
20 inventory, appraisement, and list of claims must be filed within
21 the 90-day period prescribed by Section 309.051(a), unless the
22 court grants an extension.

23 (d) An independent executor is not liable for choosing to
24 file:

25 (1) an affidavit under this section in lieu of filing
26 an inventory, appraisement, and list of claims, if permitted by
27 law; or

1 (2) an inventory, appraisalment, and list of claims in
2 lieu of filing an affidavit under this section.

3 SECTION 42. Subchapter B, Chapter 309, Estates Code, as
4 effective January 1, 2014, is amended by adding Section 309.057 to
5 read as follows:

6 Sec. 309.057. PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO TIMELY FILE INVENTORY,
7 APPRAISEMENT, AND LIST OF CLAIMS OR AFFIDAVIT IN LIEU OF. (a) This
8 section applies only to a personal representative, including an
9 independent executor or administrator, who does not file an
10 inventory, appraisalment, and list of claims or affidavit in lieu of
11 the inventory, appraisalment, and list of claims, as applicable,
12 within the period prescribed by Section 309.051 or any extension
13 granted by the court.

14 (b) Any person interested in the estate on written
15 complaint, or the court on the court's own motion, may have a
16 personal representative to whom this section applies cited to file
17 the inventory, appraisalment, and list of claims or affidavit in
18 lieu of the inventory, appraisalment, and list of claims, as
19 applicable, and show cause for the failure to timely file.

20 (c) If the personal representative does not file the
21 inventory, appraisalment, and list of claims or affidavit in lieu of
22 the inventory, appraisalment, and list of claims, as applicable,
23 after being cited or does not show good cause for the failure to
24 timely file, the court on hearing may fine the representative in an
25 amount not to exceed \$1,000.

26 (d) The personal representative and the representative's
27 sureties, if any, are liable for any fine imposed under this section

1 and for all damages and costs sustained by the representative's
2 failure. The fine, damages, and costs may be recovered in any court
3 of competent jurisdiction.

4 SECTION 43. Sections 309.103(a) and (b), Estates Code, as
5 effective January 1, 2014, are amended to read as follows:

6 (a) Any interested person who considers an inventory,
7 appraisement, or list of claims or an affidavit in lieu of the
8 inventory, appraisement, and list of claims [~~filed for the estate~~]
9 to be erroneous or unjust in any particular may:

10 (1) file a written complaint setting forth the alleged
11 erroneous or unjust item; and

12 (2) have the personal representative cited to appear
13 before the court and show cause why the item should not be
14 corrected.

15 (b) On the hearing of the complaint, if the court is
16 satisfied from the evidence that the inventory, appraisement, or
17 list of claims or an affidavit in lieu of the inventory,
18 appraisement, and list of claims is erroneous or unjust as alleged
19 in the complaint, the court shall enter an order:

20 (1) specifying the erroneous or unjust item and the
21 corrections to be made; and

22 (2) if the complaint relates to an inventory,
23 appraisement, or list of claims, appointing appraisers to make a
24 new appraisement correcting the erroneous or unjust item and
25 requiring the filing of the new appraisement before the 21st day
26 after the date of the order.

27 SECTION 44. Section 353.101(d), Estates Code, as effective

1 January 1, 2014, is amended to read as follows:

2 (d) A family allowance may not be made for:

3 (1) the decedent's surviving spouse, if the surviving
4 spouse has separate property adequate for the surviving spouse's
5 maintenance;

6 (2) the decedent's minor children, if the minor
7 children have property in their own right adequate for the
8 children's maintenance; or

9 (3) any of the decedent's adult incapacitated
10 children, if:

11 (A) the adult incapacitated child has property in
12 the person's own right adequate for the person's maintenance; or

13 (B) at the time of the decedent's death, the
14 decedent was not supporting the adult incapacitated child.

15 SECTION 45. Section 355.060, Estates Code, as effective
16 January 1, 2014, is amended to read as follows:

17 Sec. 355.060. UNSECURED CLAIMS BARRED UNDER CERTAIN
18 CIRCUMSTANCES. If a personal representative gives a notice
19 permitted by Section 308.054 to an unsecured creditor for money and
20 the creditor's claim is not presented before the 121st day [~~within~~
21 ~~four months~~] after the date of receipt of the notice, the claim is
22 barred.

23 SECTION 46. Section 361.155, Estates Code, as effective
24 January 1, 2014, is amended by amending Subsection (b) and adding
25 Subsection (c) to read as follows:

26 (b) Except as otherwise provided by this subsection, an
27 appointee who files an inventory, appraisal, and list of claims

1 under Subsection (a) shall set out in the inventory the appointee's
2 appraisement of the fair market value of each item in the inventory
3 on the date of the appointee's qualification. If an inventory,
4 appraisement, and list of claims has not been filed by any former
5 personal representative, the appointee shall set out the inventory
6 as provided by Sections 309.051 and 309.052.

7 (c) On the application of any person interested in the
8 estate, the court shall, in an order appointing a successor
9 representative of an estate, appoint appraisers as in an original
10 appointment.

11 SECTION 47. Section 362.005, Estates Code, as effective
12 January 1, 2014, is amended to read as follows:

13 Sec. 362.005. CITATION AND NOTICE ON PRESENTATION OF
14 ACCOUNT. (a) On the presentation of an account for final settlement
15 by a temporary or permanent personal representative, the county
16 clerk shall issue citation to the persons and in the manner provided
17 by Subsection (b) [~~Subsections (c) and (d)~~].

18 (b) Citation issued under Subsection (a) must:

19 (1) contain:

20 (A) [~~(1)~~] a statement that an account for final
21 settlement has been presented;

22 (B) [~~(2)~~] the time and place the court will
23 consider the account; and

24 (C) [~~(3)~~] a statement requiring the person cited
25 to appear and contest the account, if the person wishes to contest
26 the account; and

27 (2) be given[-

1 ~~[(c) The personal representative shall give notice]~~ to each
2 heir or beneficiary of the decedent by certified mail, return
3 receipt requested, unless the court by written order directs
4 another method of service ~~[type of notice]~~ to be given~~[-. The notice~~
5 ~~must include a copy of the account for final settlement]~~.

6 (c) The personal representative shall also provide to each
7 person entitled to citation under Subsection (b) a copy of the
8 account for final settlement either by:

9 (1) certified mail, return receipt requested; or

10 (2) electronic delivery, including facsimile or
11 e-mail.

12 (d) The court by written order shall require additional
13 notice if the court considers the additional notice necessary.

14 (e) The court may allow the waiver of citation ~~[notice]~~ of
15 an account for final settlement in a proceeding concerning a
16 decedent's estate.

17 (f) The personal representative shall file an affidavit
18 sworn to by the personal representative or a certificate signed by
19 the personal representative's attorney stating:

20 (1) that the citation was given as required by this
21 section;

22 (2) the name of each person to whom the citation was
23 given, if the person's name is not shown on the proof of delivery;

24 (3) the name of each person executing a waiver of
25 citation; and

26 (4) that each person entitled to citation was provided
27 a copy of the account for final settlement, indicating the method of

1 delivery for each person.

2 SECTION 48. Section 362.011, Estates Code, as effective
3 January 1, 2014, is amended to read as follows:

4 Sec. 362.011. PARTITION AND DISTRIBUTION OF ESTATE; DEPOSIT
5 IN COURT'S REGISTRY. (a) If, on final settlement of an estate, any
6 of the estate remains in the personal representative's possession,
7 the court shall order that a partition and distribution be made
8 among the persons entitled to receive that part of the estate.

9 (b) The court shall order the personal representative to
10 convert into money any remaining nonmonetary assets to which a
11 person who is unknown or missing is entitled. The procedures in
12 Chapter 356 apply to the conversion of nonmonetary assets under
13 this subsection.

14 (c) The court shall order the personal representative to
15 deposit in an account in the court's registry all money, including
16 the proceeds of any conversion under Subsection (b), to which a
17 person who is unknown or missing is entitled. The court shall hold
18 money deposited in an account under this subsection until the court
19 renders:

20 (1) an order requiring money in the account to be paid
21 to the previously unknown or missing person who is entitled to the
22 money; or

23 (2) another order regarding the disposition of the
24 money.

25 SECTION 49. Section 362.013, Estates Code, as effective
26 January 1, 2014, is amended to read as follows:

27 Sec. 362.013. DISCHARGE OF PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE WHEN

1 ESTATE FULLY ADMINISTERED. The court shall enter an order
2 discharging a personal representative from the representative's
3 trust and declaring the estate closed when:

4 (1) the representative has fully administered the
5 estate in accordance with this title and the court's orders;

6 (2) the representative's account for final settlement
7 has been approved; and

8 (3) the representative has:

9 (A) delivered all of the estate remaining in the
10 representative's possession to the person or persons entitled to
11 receive that part of the estate; and

12 (B) with respect to the portion of the estate
13 distributable to an unknown or missing person, complied with an
14 order of the court under Section 362.011.

15 SECTION 50. Section 401.001(a), Estates Code, as effective
16 January 1, 2014, is amended to read as follows:

17 (a) Any person capable of making a will may provide in the
18 person's will that no other action shall be had in the probate court
19 in relation to the settlement of the person's estate than the
20 probating and recording of the will and the return of any required
21 ~~an~~ inventory, appraisement, and list of claims of the person's
22 estate.

23 SECTION 51. Section 401.004(d), Estates Code, as effective
24 January 1, 2014, is amended to read as follows:

25 (d) If a trust is created in the decedent's will or if the
26 decedent's will devises property to a trustee as described by
27 Section 254.001, the person or class of persons entitled to receive

1 property outright from the trust on the decedent's death and those
2 first eligible to receive the income from the trust, when
3 determined as if the trust were to be in existence on the date of the
4 decedent's death, shall, for the purposes of Section 401.002, be
5 considered to be the distributee or distributees on behalf of the
6 trust, and any other trust or trusts coming into existence on the
7 termination of the trust, and are authorized to apply for
8 independent administration on behalf of the trusts without the
9 consent or agreement of the trustee or any other beneficiary of the
10 trust, or the trustee or any beneficiary of any other trust which
11 may come into existence on the termination of the trust. If a trust
12 beneficiary who is considered to be a distributee under this
13 subsection is an incapacitated person, the trustee or cotrustee may
14 file the application or give the consent, provided that the trustee
15 or cotrustee is not the person proposed to serve as the independent
16 executor.

17 SECTION 52. Section 401.006, Estates Code, as effective
18 January 1, 2014, is amended to read as follows:

19 Sec. 401.006. GRANTING POWER OF SALE BY AGREEMENT. In a
20 situation in which a decedent does not have a will, or a decedent's
21 will does not contain language authorizing the personal
22 representative to sell [~~real~~] property or contains language that is
23 not sufficient to grant the representative that authority, the
24 court may include in an order appointing an independent executor
25 under Section 401.002 or 401.003 any general or specific authority
26 regarding the power of the independent executor to sell [~~real~~]
27 property that may be consented to by the beneficiaries who are to

1 receive any interest in the [~~real~~] property in the application for
2 independent administration or in their consents to the independent
3 administration. The independent executor, in such event, may sell
4 the [~~real~~] property under the authority granted in the court order
5 without the further consent of those beneficiaries.

6 SECTION 53. Section 403.055, Estates Code, as effective
7 January 1, 2014, is amended to read as follows:

8 Sec. 403.055. CERTAIN UNSECURED CLAIMS; BARRING OF CLAIMS.
9 An unsecured creditor who has a claim for money against an estate
10 and who receives a notice under Section 308.054 shall give to the
11 independent executor notice of the nature and amount of the claim
12 before the 121st [~~not later than the 120th~~] day after the date the
13 notice is received or the claim is barred.

14 SECTION 54. Section 403.056(a), Estates Code, as effective
15 January 1, 2014, is amended to read as follows:

16 (a) Notice to the independent executor required by Sections
17 403.052 and 403.055 must be contained in:

18 (1) a written instrument that complies with Section
19 355.004 and is hand-delivered with proof of receipt, or mailed by
20 certified mail, return receipt requested with proof of receipt, to
21 the independent executor or the executor's attorney;

22 (2) a pleading filed in a lawsuit with respect to the
23 claim; or

24 (3) a written instrument that complies with Section
25 355.004 or a pleading filed in the court in which the administration
26 of the estate is pending.

27 SECTION 55. Section 404.001(a), Estates Code, as effective

1 January 1, 2014, is amended to read as follows:

2 (a) At any time after the expiration of 15 months after the
3 date that the court clerk first issues letters testamentary or of
4 administration to any personal representative of an estate [~~an~~
5 ~~independent administration was created and the order appointing an~~
6 ~~independent executor was entered by the probate court~~], any person
7 interested in the estate may demand an accounting from the
8 independent executor. The independent executor shall furnish to
9 the person or persons making the demand an exhibit in writing, sworn
10 and subscribed by the independent executor, setting forth in
11 detail:

12 (1) the property belonging to the estate that has come
13 into the executor's possession as executor;

14 (2) the disposition that has been made of the property
15 described by Subdivision (1);

16 (3) the debts that have been paid;

17 (4) the debts and expenses, if any, still owing by the
18 estate;

19 (5) the property of the estate, if any, still
20 remaining in the executor's possession;

21 (6) other facts as may be necessary to a full and
22 definite understanding of the exact condition of the estate; and

23 (7) the facts, if any, that show why the
24 administration should not be closed and the estate distributed.

25 SECTION 56. Chapter 404, Estates Code, as effective January
26 1, 2014, is amended by amending Section 404.003 and adding Sections
27 404.0035, 404.0036, and 404.0037 to read as follows:

1 Sec. 404.003. REMOVAL OF INDEPENDENT EXECUTOR WITHOUT
2 NOTICE. The probate court, on the court's own motion or on the
3 motion of any interested person, and without notice, may remove an
4 independent executor appointed under this subtitle when:

5 (1) the independent executor cannot be served with
6 notice or other processes because:

7 (A) the independent executor's whereabouts are
8 unknown;

9 (B) the independent executor is eluding service;
10 or

11 (C) the independent executor is a nonresident of
12 this state without a designated resident agent; or

13 (2) sufficient grounds appear to support a belief that
14 the independent executor has misapplied or embezzled, or is about
15 to misapply or embezzle, all or part of the property committed to
16 the independent executor's care.

17 Sec. 404.0035. REMOVAL OF INDEPENDENT EXECUTOR WITH NOTICE.

18 (a) The probate court, on the court's own motion, may remove an
19 independent executor appointed under this subtitle after providing
20 30 days' written notice of the court's intent to remove the
21 independent executor, by certified mail, return receipt requested,
22 to the independent executor's last known address and to the last
23 known address of the independent executor's attorney of record, if
24 the independent executor:

25 (1) neglects to qualify in the manner and time
26 required by law; or

27 (2) fails to return, before the 91st day after the date

1 the independent executor qualifies, either an inventory of the
2 estate property and a list of claims that have come to the
3 independent executor's knowledge or an affidavit in lieu of the
4 inventory, appraisement, and list of claims, unless that deadline
5 is extended by court order.

6 (b) The probate court, on its own motion or on motion of any
7 interested person, after the independent executor has been cited by
8 personal service to answer at a time and place fixed in the notice,
9 may remove an independent executor when:

10 (1) [~~the independent executor fails to return within~~
11 ~~90 days after qualification, unless such time is extended by order~~
12 ~~of the court, either an inventory of the property of the estate and~~
13 ~~list of claims that have come to the independent executor's~~
14 ~~knowledge or an affidavit in lieu of the inventory, appraisement,~~
15 ~~and list of claims,~~

16 [~~(2) sufficient grounds appear to support belief that~~
17 ~~the independent executor has misapplied or embezzled, or that the~~
18 ~~independent executor is about to misapply or embezzle, all or any~~
19 ~~part of the property committed to the independent executor's care,~~

20 [~~(3)~~] the independent executor fails to make an
21 accounting which is required by law to be made;

22 (2) [~~(4)~~] the independent executor fails to timely
23 file the affidavit or certificate required by Section 308.004;

24 (3) [~~(5)~~] the independent executor is proved to have
25 been guilty of gross misconduct or gross mismanagement in the
26 performance of the independent executor's duties;

27 (4) [~~(6)~~] the independent executor becomes an

1 incapacitated person, or is sentenced to the penitentiary, or from
2 any other cause becomes legally incapacitated from properly
3 performing the independent executor's fiduciary duties; or

4 (5) [~~(7)~~] the independent executor becomes incapable
5 of properly performing the independent executor's fiduciary duties
6 due to a material conflict of interest.

7 Sec. 404.0036. REMOVAL ORDER. (a) [~~(b)~~] The order of
8 removal of an independent executor shall state the cause of removal
9 and shall direct by order the disposition of the assets remaining in
10 the name or under the control of the removed independent
11 executor. The order of removal shall require that letters issued
12 to the removed independent executor shall be surrendered and that
13 all letters shall be canceled of record.

14 (b) If an independent executor is removed by the court under
15 Section 404.003 or 404.0035 [~~this section~~], the court may, on
16 application, appoint a successor independent executor as provided
17 by Section 404.005.

18 Sec. 404.0037. COSTS AND EXPENSES RELATED TO REMOVAL OF
19 INDEPENDENT EXECUTOR. (a) [~~(c)~~] An independent executor who
20 defends an action for the independent executor's removal in good
21 faith, whether successful or not, shall be allowed out of the estate
22 the independent executor's necessary expenses and disbursements,
23 including reasonable attorney's fees, in the removal proceedings.

24 (b) [~~(d)~~] Costs and expenses incurred by the party seeking
25 removal that are incident to removal of an independent executor
26 appointed without bond, including reasonable attorney's fees and
27 expenses, may be paid out of the estate.

1 SECTION 57. Sections 404.005(b) and (c), Estates Code, as
2 effective January 1, 2014, are amended to read as follows:

3 (b) Except as otherwise provided by this subsection, if [~~If~~]
4 a distributee described in this section is an incapacitated person,
5 the guardian of the person of the distributee may sign the
6 application on behalf of the distributee. If the probate court
7 finds that either the continuing of independent administration or
8 the appointment of the person, firm, or corporation designated in
9 the application as successor independent executor would not be in
10 the best interest of the incapacitated person, then,
11 notwithstanding Subsection (a), the court may not enter an order
12 continuing independent administration of the estate. If the
13 distributee is an incapacitated person and has no guardian of the
14 person, the court may appoint a guardian ad litem to make
15 application on behalf of the incapacitated person if the probate
16 court considers such an appointment necessary to protect the
17 interest of that distributee. If a distributee described in this
18 section is a minor and has no guardian of the person, a natural
19 guardian of the minor may sign the application for the order
20 continuing independent administration on the minor's behalf unless
21 a conflict of interest exists between the minor and the natural
22 guardian.

23 (c) Except as otherwise provided by this subsection, if [~~If~~]
24 a trust is created in the decedent's will or if the decedent's will
25 devises property to a trustee as described by Section 254.001, the
26 person or class of persons entitled to receive property outright
27 from the trust on the decedent's death and those first eligible to

1 receive the income from the trust, determined as if the trust were
2 to be in existence on the date of the filing of the application for
3 an order continuing independent administration, shall, for the
4 purposes of this section, be considered to be the distributee or
5 distributees on behalf of the trust, and any other trust or trusts
6 coming into existence on the termination of the trust, and are
7 authorized to apply for an order continuing independent
8 administration on behalf of the trust without the consent or
9 agreement of the trustee or any other beneficiary of the trust, or
10 the trustee or any beneficiary of any other trust which may come
11 into existence on the termination of the trust. If a person
12 considered to be a distributee under this subsection is an
13 incapacitated person, the trustee or cotrustee may apply for the
14 order continuing independent administration or sign the
15 application on the incapacitated person's behalf if the trustee or
16 cotrustee is not the person proposed to serve as the independent
17 executor.

18 SECTION 58. Section 405.001(b), Estates Code, as effective
19 January 1, 2014, is amended to read as follows:

20 (b) On receipt of the accounting and, after notice to the
21 independent executor and a hearing, unless the court finds a
22 continued necessity for administration of the estate, the court
23 shall order its distribution by the independent executor to the
24 distributees entitled to the property. If the court finds there is
25 a continued necessity for administration of the estate, the court
26 shall order the distribution of any portion of the estate that the
27 court finds should not be subject to further administration by the

1 independent executor. If any portion of the estate that is ordered
2 to be distributed is incapable of distribution without prior
3 partition or sale, the court may:

4 (1) [shall] order partition and distribution, or sale,
5 in the manner provided for the partition and distribution of
6 property incapable of division in supervised estates; or

7 (2) order distribution of that portion of the estate
8 incapable of distribution without prior partition or sale in
9 undivided interests.

10 SECTION 59. Section 551.001(a), Estates Code, as effective
11 January 1, 2014, is amended to read as follows:

12 (a) The court, by written order, shall require the executor
13 or administrator of an estate to pay to the comptroller as provided
14 by this subchapter the share of that estate of a person entitled to
15 that share who does not demand the share, including any portion
16 deposited in an account in the court's registry under Section
17 362.011(c), from the executor or administrator within six months
18 after the date of, as applicable:

19 (1) a court order approving the report of the
20 commissioners of partition made under Section 360.154; or

21 (2) the settlement of the final account of the
22 executor or administrator.

23 SECTION 60. Section 122.057, Estates Code, as effective
24 January 1, 2014, is repealed.

25 SECTION 61. (a) The changes in law made by Section 111.051,
26 Estates Code, as amended by this Act, and Section 111.054, Estates
27 Code, as added by this Act, represent the fundamental policy of this

1 state for the protection of its residents and are intended to
2 prevail over the laws of another state or jurisdiction, to the
3 extent those laws are in conflict with Texas law.

4 (b) The changes in law made by Section 111.051, Estates
5 Code, as amended by this Act, and Section 111.054, Estates Code, as
6 added by this Act, apply to an account at a financial institution,
7 an insurance contract, an annuity contract, a retirement account, a
8 beneficiary designation, or another similar arrangement of a person
9 who dies on or after the effective date of this Act.

10 SECTION 62. (a) Section 21.005(b), Estates Code, as added
11 by this Act, applies only to a will executed on or after the
12 effective date of this Act. A will executed before the effective
13 date of this Act is governed by the law in effect on the date the
14 will was executed, and the former law is continued in effect for
15 that purpose.

16 (b) The changes in law made by this Act to Sections 204.151
17 and 204.152, Estates Code, apply only to a proceeding to declare
18 heirship commenced on or after January 1, 2014. A proceeding to
19 declare heirship commenced before that date is governed by the law
20 in effect on the date the proceeding was commenced, and the former
21 law is continued in effect for that purpose.

22 (c) The changes in law made by this Act to Section
23 304.001(c), Estates Code, apply only to an application for the
24 grant of letters testamentary or of administration of a decedent's
25 estate filed on or after January 1, 2014. An application for the
26 grant of letters testamentary or of administration of a decedent's
27 estate filed before that date is governed by the law in effect on

1 the date the application was filed, and the former law is continued
2 in effect for that purpose.

3 (d) The changes in law made by Sections 32.006, 256.052,
4 256.053, 256.054, 256.152(c), 256.153, 256.154, 256.155(a),
5 256.156, 256.203, 257.052, 257.053, 401.001(a), 401.004(d), and
6 401.006, Estates Code, as amended by this Act, and Section 53.107,
7 Estates Code, as added by this Act, apply only to an action filed or
8 other proceeding commenced on or after the effective date of this
9 Act. An action filed or other proceeding commenced before the
10 effective date of this Act is governed by the law in effect on the
11 date the action was filed or the proceeding was commenced, and the
12 former law is continued in effect for that purpose.

13 (e) The changes in law made by Sections 51.203(c), 53.104,
14 305.002(a), 305.003, 308.054(b), 309.051(a), 309.056, 309.103(a)
15 and (b), 355.060, 361.155(b), 362.005, 362.011, 362.013,
16 404.001(a), 404.003, 404.005(b) and (c), and 551.001(a), Estates
17 Code, as amended by this Act, and Sections 253.001(c), 301.155,
18 305.004, 309.057, 361.155(c), 404.0035, 404.0036, and 404.0037,
19 Estates Code, as added by this Act, apply to the administration of
20 the estate of a decedent that is pending or commenced on or after
21 the effective date of this Act.

22 (f) The changes in law made by Sections 102.004, 201.051,
23 201.052(b), 202.004, 202.009, 202.056, 202.151, 353.101(d),
24 403.055, 403.056(a), and 405.001(b), Estates Code, as amended by
25 this Act, and Sections 201.052(a-1), 202.0025, and 202.057, Estates
26 Code, as added by this Act, apply only to the estate of a decedent
27 who dies on or after the effective date of this Act. The estate of a

1 decedent who dies before the effective date of this Act is governed
2 by the law in effect on the date of the decedent's death, and the
3 former law is continued in effect for that purpose.

4 (g) Section 202.0025, Estates Code, as added by this Act, is
5 intended to clarify current law in regard to the commencement of
6 proceedings to declare heirship, and an inference may not be made
7 regarding the statute of limitations for a proceeding to declare
8 heirship filed before the effective date of this Act.

9 (h) An inference may not be made from the changes in law made
10 by this Act to Section 401.006, Estates Code, as to whether an
11 independent executor had the authority to sell personal property of
12 the estate in a probate proceeding filed before the effective date
13 of this Act.

14 SECTION 63. To the extent of any conflict, this Act prevails
15 over another Act of the 83rd Legislature, Regular Session, 2013,
16 relating to nonsubstantive additions to and corrections in enacted
17 codes.

18 SECTION 64. This Act takes effect January 1, 2014.

President of the Senate

Speaker of the House

I certify that H.B. No. 2912 was passed by the House on May 2, 2013, by the following vote: Yeas 147, Nays 0, 2 present, not voting; and that the House concurred in Senate amendments to H.B. No. 2912 on May 24, 2013, by the following vote: Yeas 145, Nays 0, 1 present, not voting.

Chief Clerk of the House

I certify that H.B. No. 2912 was passed by the Senate, with amendments, on May 21, 2013, by the following vote: Yeas 31, Nays 0.

Secretary of the Senate

APPROVED: _____

Date

Governor