By: Strama H.B. No. 3095

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

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1	AN ACT
2	relating to a reduction in the mixed beverage tax for certain venues
3	that present live music; authorizing a fee.
4	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
5	SECTION 1. Subchapter A, Chapter 183, Tax Code, is amended
6	by adding Section 183.002 to read as follows:
7	Sec. 183.002. LIVE MUSIC PRESENTERS. (a) In this section:
8	(1) "Bar" means a retail business establishment the
9	primary purpose of which is the sale of alcoholic beverages for
10	on-premises consumption.
11	(2) "Nightclub" means a retail business establishment
12	the primary purpose of which is to provide a forum for dancing where
13	alcoholic beverages are sold for on-premises consumption. The term
14	includes a dance hall where alcoholic beverages are sold for
15	on-premises consumption.
16	(3) "Office" means the Texas Music Office in the
17	office of the governor.
18	(4) "Restaurant" means a place where food is sold for

on-premises consumption.

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submit an application to the comptroller to request to be

classified as a live music presenter. Concert halls, music halls,

opera halls, auditoriums, performing arts centers, and other venues

that are built primarily or exclusively for the performance of live

(b) A permittee that is a bar, nightclub, or restaurant may

- 1 music are not eligible to be classified as live music presenters for
- 2 purposes of this section.
- 3 (c) An initial application to be classified as a live music
- 4 presenter must include:
- 5 (1) an application fee in an amount to be determined by
- 6 the comptroller; and
- 7 (2) a detailed description of the live music events
- 8 hosted by the applicant in the year preceding the date of the
- 9 application.
- 10 (d) The comptroller, in conjunction with the office, shall
- 11 evaluate each initial application under this section by considering
- 12 any factors that the comptroller and office consider necessary and
- 13 that the comptroller prescribes by rule. The factors must include a
- 14 requirement that the applicant have hosted live music events open
- 15 to the general public at least four nights a week in at least 45 of
- 16 the 52 weeks preceding the date of the application.
- 17 <u>(e) An applicant that is classified as a live music</u>
- 18 presenter retains that classification until the first anniversary
- 19 of the date of classification.
- 20 (f) An applicant may apply to renew a classification as a
- 21 live music presenter. The application must include:
- 22 (1) the fee and information required under Subsection
- 23 <u>(c);</u>
- 24 (2) a description of the estimated tax savings
- 25 achieved by the applicant as a result of the reduced tax rate; and
- 26 (3) a description of expenditures made by the
- 27 applicant during the preceding 12-month period related to live

- 1 music events.
- 2 (g) The comptroller, in conjunction with the office, shall
- 3 evaluate each application to renew a classification as a live music
- 4 presenter. The comptroller may renew a classification only if the
- 5 comptroller determines that the applicant:
- 6 (1) continues to comply with the requirements to
- 7 receive that classification under Subsection (d); and
- 8 (2) has used its tax savings during the preceding 12
- 9 months under this section on expenditures related to expanding or
- 10 improving the applicant's ability to present live music.
- 11 (h) The comptroller by rule, after consulting with the
- 12 office, shall prescribe the manner in which an applicant must prove
- 13 compliance with Subsection (g)(2), including the manner in which
- 14 the applicant will estimate the amount of tax savings.
- 15 <u>(i)</u> A permittee that was classified as a live music
- 16 presenter at any time during the preceding 12-month period may not
- 17 file an initial application under Subsection (c) but may file a
- 18 renewal application under Subsection (f).
- 19 (j) For purposes of this section, expenditures related to
- 20 expanding or improving the ability to present live music include
- 21 <u>expenditures for:</u>
- 22 (1) items related to the performance of live music
- 23 that are eligible for the sales and use tax exemption authorized by
- 24 Section 151.3185(a)(2)(A) for producers of audio recordings;
- 25 (2) artist and technician compensation;
- 26 (3) sound and lighting system equipment and training;
- 27 (4) membership in live music-related trade

- 1 associations or groups;
- 2 (5) insurance on music-related equipment;
- 3 (6) labor related to music-related equipment or
- 4 materials, including construction related to sound mitigation; and
- 5 (7) any other expenditure prescribed by the
- 6 comptroller by rule after consulting with the office.
- 7 SECTION 2. Section 183.021, Tax Code, is amended to read as
- 8 follows:
- 9 Sec. 183.021. TAX IMPOSED ON MIXED BEVERAGES. (a) Except as
- 10 provided by Subsection (b), a [A] tax at the rate of 14 percent is
- 11 imposed on the gross receipts of a permittee received from the sale,
- 12 preparation, or service of mixed beverages or from the sale,
- 13 preparation, or service of ice or nonalcoholic beverages that are
- 14 sold, prepared, or served for the purpose of being mixed with an
- 15 alcoholic beverage and consumed on the premises of the permittee.
- 16 (b) A tax at the rate of seven percent is imposed on the
- 17 gross receipts of a permittee classified as a live music presenter
- 18 under Section 183.002 received from the sale, preparation, or
- 19 service of mixed beverages or from the sale, preparation, or
- 20 service of ice or nonalcoholic beverages that are sold, prepared,
- 21 or served for the purpose of being mixed with an alcoholic beverage
- 22 and consumed on the premises of the live music presenter.
- 23 SECTION 3. This Act takes effect September 1, 2013.